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FIFTH

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONERS

FOR

ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR IN IRELAND:

WITH

APPENDICES.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

DUBLIN:
PRINTED BY ALEXANDER THOM, 87, ABBEY-STREET,
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1852.

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FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

FOR

ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR IN IRELAND.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY, ARCHIBALD HUGH, EARL OF EGLINTON AND WINTON,

Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland.

Dublin, 1st May, 1852.

May it please Your Excellency,

We, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, submit to your Excellency this our Fifth Annual Report.

2. The following Tables, prepared in the same form as that adopted in previous Reports, represent the number and classes of persons relieved both in the Workhouse and out of the Workhouse, for each of the fifty-two weeks of the past year, commencing with the week ended 3rd May, 1851, and terminating with the week ended 24th April, 1852.

SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland, from the 3rd May, 1851, to the 24th April, 1852, both inclusive; distinguishing the several Classes, the number of Sick and Deaths in each Week, and the Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000; also the Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per Head.

Week ended Saturday.	Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total No. in Workhouses.	Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per Head (exclusive of clothing.)		Deaths.	
	Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				No. in the Week.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
1851.															
May 3,	24,625	64,096	88,721	108,627	7,446	31,735	39,181	6,716	9,281	15,997	252,526	1	0¼	1,500	5·9
10,	24,973	65,434	90,407	110,565	7,693	31,723	39,416	6,796	9,234	16,030	256,418	1	0¼	1,397	5·4
17,	25,836	66,449	92,285	111,634	7,677	31,646	39,323	6,766	9,270	16,036	259,278	1	0¼	1,376	5·3
24,	26,380	67,250	93,630	112,675	7,599	31,586	39,185	6,812	9,383	16,195	261,685	1	0	1,313	5·0
31,	26,867	67,632	94,499	113,062	7,421	30,715	38,136	6,738	9,551	16,289	261,986	1	0	1,315	5·0
June 7,	27,662	68,159	95,821	112,792	7,327	31,333	38,660	6,666	9,458	16,124	263,397	1	0	1,264	4·8
14,	28,084	68,306	96,390	113,655	7,336	31,330	38,666	6,557	9,666	16,223	264,934	1	0	1,240	4·7
21,	28,350	68,405	96,755	114,037	7,260	30,817	38,077	6,578	9,723	16,301	265,170	1	0	1,182	4·5
28,	27,766	67,265	95,031	112,929	7,237	30,535	37,772	6,766	9,921	16,687	262,419	1	0	1,144	4·4
July 5,	27,193	65,347	92,540	111,395	7,158	30,358	37,516	6,724	9,577	16,301	257,752	1	0	981	3·8
12,	26,184	63,563	89,747	109,503	6,862	30,171	37,033	6,495	9,417	15,912	252,195	1	0	1,002	4·0
19,	25,131	61,385	86,516	106,966	6,567	29,642	36,209	6,321	9,439	15,760	245,451	1	0	987	4·0
26,	23,260	57,702	80,962	103,080	6,170	28,960	35,130	6,026	9,101	15,127	234,299	1	0	934	4·0
Aug. 2,	21,395	53,131	74,526	98,882	6,008	28,086	34,094	5,779	8,757	14,536	222,038	1	0¼	789	3·6
9,	18,354	47,138	65,492	92,941	5,611	26,096	31,707	5,518	8,349	13,867	204,007	1	0¼	750	3·7
16,	16,221	40,703	56,924	86,242	5,344	24,443	29,787	5,121	8,073	13,194	186,147	1	0¼	634	3·4
23,	14,091	34,829	48,920	80,001	5,098	22,736	27,834	4,883	7,656	12,539	169,294	1	0¼	596	3·5
30,	13,049	31,979	45,028	75,947	4,928	22,749	27,677	4,391	7,337	11,728	160,380	1	0¼	552	3·4
Sept. 6,	12,093	29,732	41,825	71,028	4,714	22,000	26,714	4,282	7,164	11,446	153,011	1	0¼	545	3·6
13,	11,044	27,950	38,994	70,454	4,564	21,213	25,777	4,217	7,186	11,403	146,628	1	0¼	486	3·3
20,	10,318	26,599	36,917	68,274	4,433	20,920	25,353	4,109	7,046	11,155	141,699	1	0¼	459	3·2
27,	10,087	26,345	36,432	67,386	4,247	20,851	25,098	4,120	6,995	11,115	140,031	1	0¼	411	2·9
Oct. 4,	10,430	26,253	36,683	67,747	4,075	20,768	24,843	4,031	7,154	11,185	140,458	1	0¼	386	2·8
11,	10,607	27,042	37,649	67,912	4,047	20,967	25,014	4,133	7,168	11,301	141,876	1	0¼	391	2·8
18,	10,940	27,437	38,377	67,958	4,101	20,868	24,969	4,082	7,245	11,327	142,631	1	0¼	350	2·5
25,	11,298	27,914	39,212	68,052	4,048	20,773	24,821	4,163	7,275	11,438	143,523	1	0¼	353	2·5
Nov. 1,	11,417	28,250	39,667	68,543	3,929	20,511	24,440	4,170	7,294	11,464	144,114	1	0¼	336	2·3
8,	11,918	29,484	41,402	69,552	3,907	20,639	24,546	4,321	7,272	11,593	147,093	1	0¼	378	2·6
15,	12,520	30,721	43,241	70,456	3,897	20,699	24,596	4,271	7,321	11,592	149,835	1	0¼	335	2·2
22,	13,143	32,161	45,304	71,552	3,852	21,274	25,126	4,363	7,375	11,738	153,720	1	0¼	342	2·2
29,	13,846	33,668	47,514	72,671	3,937	21,870	25,807	4,400	7,429	11,829	157,821	1	0¼	344	2·2
Dec. 6,	14,674	35,051	49,725	74,244	3,926	22,023	25,949	4,355	7,517	11,872	161,790	1	0¼	391	2·4
13,	15,120	35,802	50,922	74,879	3,958	22,015	25,973	4,411	7,481	11,892	163,666	1	0¼	388	2·4
20,	15,435	35,973	51,408	75,358	3,920	21,536	25,456	4,459	7,414	11,873	164,095	1	0¼	379	2·3
27,	15,322	35,740	51,062	75,158	3,904	21,229	25,133	4,435	7,334	11,769	163,122	1	1¼	364	2·2
1852.															
Jan. 3,	16,194	37,623	53 817	76,502	4,018	22,057	26,075	4,496	7,358	11,854	168,248	1	1	407	2·4
10,	17,199	39,875	57,074	78,502	4,079	22,955	27,034	4,761	7,448	12,209	174,819	1	0¼	391	2·2
17,	18,110	42,659	60,769	80,749	4,084	23,595	27,679	4,811	7,551	12,362	181,559	1	0¼	462	2·5
24,	18,820	44,549	63,369	82,436	4,104	24,114	28,218	4,779	7,648	12,427	186,450	1	0¼	433	2·3
31,	19,231	46,259	65,490	83,632	4,206	24,592	28,798	4,840	7,799	12,639	190,559	1	0¼	470	2·5
Feb. 7,	19,536	47,487	67,023	84,649	4,318	24,924	29,242	4,904	7,973	12,877	193,791	1	0¼	461	2·4
14,	19,607	48,194	67,801	85,103	4,437	25,359	29,796	4,999	8,114	13,113	195,813	1	0¼	548	2·8
21,	19,438	48,555	67,993	85,369	4,540	25,797	30,337	4,999	8,268	13,267	196,966	1	0¼	594	3·0
28,	18,765	47,736	66,501	84,957	4,549	26,049	30,598	4,971	8,297	13,268	195,324	1	0¼	708	3·6
Mar. 6,	18,457	47,565	66,022	84,861	4,626	26,292	30,918	4,877	8,207	13,084	194,888	1	0¼	687	3·5
13,	17,636	46,815	64,451	84,163	4,662	26,140	30,802	4,817	8,211	13,028	192,444	1	0¼	625	3·2
20,	17,107	46,022	63,129	83,445	4,708	26,655	31,363	4,754	8,144	12,898	190,835	1	0¼	738	3·9
27,	17,147	45,930	63,077	83,386	4,805	26,510	31,315	4,769	8,112	12,881	190,659	1	0¼	632	3·3
April 3,	17,076	45,641	62,717	83,452	4,747	26,233	30,980	4,867	8,072	12,939	190,088	1	0¼	729	3·8
10,	16,687	43,743	60,430	82,523	4,602	25,763	30,365	4,725	8,103	12,828	186,146	1	0¼	685	3·7
17,	16,549	43,759	60,308	82,337	4,658	25,334	29,992	4,814	8,236	13,050	185,687	1	1	708	3·8
24,	16,781	44,042	60,823	82,490	4,751	25,142	29,893	4,883	8,364	13,247	186,453	1	0¼	616	3·3

SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Destitute Persons Relieved out of the Workhouses in Ireland from the 3rd May, 1851, to the 24th April, 1852, both inclusive, distinguishing those relieved under Section 1 of 10 Vic., c. 31, from those not relievable under that Section, and distinguishing Relief in Money from that in Kind.

Week ended Saturday,	Relievable under Section 1.		Not Relievable under Section 1. *		Total Relieved out of the Workhouse.		Expenditure.					
							In Money.		In Kind.		Total.	
	No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.	No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.	No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.		£ s. d.	
1851.												
May 3,	5,084	11,145	7	7	5,091	11,152	47	18 2	220	19 2	268	17 4
10,	5,460	12,059	9	11	5,469	12,070	55	18 11	237	8 4	293	7 3
17,	6,146	13,397	1	1	6,147	13,398	73	18 10	250	3 7	324	2 5
24,	6,854	14,858	3	6	6,857	14,864	85	4 3	278	6 4	363	10 7
31,	8,052	17,667	3	5	8,055	17,672	105	17 3	339	5 5	445	2 8
June 7,	8,892	19,323	2	2	8,894	19,325	108	12 7	369	8 7	478	1 2
14,	9,124	19,953	26	26	9,150	19,979	105	19 5	387	0 11	493	0 4
21,	9,232	19,888	30	30	9,262	19,918	108	16 5	393	14 8	502	11 1
28,	9,202	19,768	19	23	9,221	19,791	109	3 1	382	16 3	491	19 4
July 5,	9,074	19,454	27	28	9,101	19,482	111	7 4	374	17 7	486	4 11
12,	8,760	18,879	14	14	8,774	18,893	112	7 11	359	2 5	471	10 4
19,	8,239	17,919	2	2	8,241	17,921	106	12 5	315	4 9	421	17 2
26,	7,541	16,297	22	22	7,563	16,319	105	4 6	297	8 4	402	12 10
Aug. 2,	5,624	12,442	–	–	5,624	12,442	104	10 4	207	12 7	312	2 11
9,	4,672	9,962	–	–	4,672	9,962	94	8 8	160	11 4	255	0 0
16,	3,988	8,369	–	–	3,988	8,369	70	14 3	135	15 7	206	9 10
23,	2,429	4,743	2	2	2,431	4,745	69	3 3	55	19 6	125	2 9
30,	2,136	4,168	2	2	2,138	4,170	65	10 7	43	16 2	109	6 9
Sept. 6,	1,884	3,479	–	–	1,884	3,479	64	10 6	34	0 9	98	11 3
13,	1,777	3,213	1	1	1,778	3,214	63	2 10	29	14 4	92	17 2
20,	1,744	3,190	–	–	1,744	3,190	61	16 4	31	2 10	92	19 2
27,	1,734	3,160	–	–	1,734	3,160	61	6 9	29	17 11	91	4 8
Oct. 4,	1,687	3,084	–	–	1,687	3,084	50	13 1	24	17 3	75	10 4
11,	1,686	3,075	–	–	1,686	3,075	59	12 11	26	14 9	86	7 8
18,	1,695	3,112	–	–	1,695	3,112	60	4 3	27	6 2	87	10 5
25,	1,665	3,055	–	–	1,665	3,055	53	19 9	26	0 8	80	0 5
Nov. 1,	1,622	2,992	–	–	1,622	2,992	58	8 11	25	3 3	83	12 2
8,	1,666	3,118	–	–	1,666	3,118	63	15 4	24	14 4	88	9 8
15,	1,702	3,209	1	1	1,703	3,210	63	7 1	25	13 5	89	0 6
22,	1,669	3,113	–	–	1,669	3,113	64	17 2	23	4 0	88	1 2
29,	1,652	3,112	–	–	1,652	3,112	65	13 1	22	18 4	88	11 5
Dec. 6,	1,668	3,174	–	–	1,668	3,174	64	5 3	24	7 8	88	12 11
13,	1,682	3,201	–	–	1,682	3,201	67	14 11	22	3 5	89	18 4
20,	1,600	3,074	–	–	1,600	3,074	65	14 9	19	14 5	85	9 2
27,	1,594	3,103	–	–	1,594	3,103	64	14 6	19	18 3	84	12 9
1852.												
Jan. 3,	1,644	3,170	–	–	1,644	3,170	69	1 8	19	4 7	88	6 3
10,	1,672	3,190	–	–	1,672	3,190	68	12 1	20	12 3	89	4 4
17,	1,697	3,282	–	–	1,697	3,282	71	7 2	20	10 8	91	17 10
24,	1,743	3,323	1	3	1,744	3,326	72	16 2	22	12 5	95	8 7
31,	1,789	3,360	–	–	1,789	3,360	74	16 0	21	17 6	96	12 6
Feb. 7,	1,794	3,332	1	1	1,795	3,333	75	13 5	23	2 10	98	16 3
14,	1,799	3,337	–	–	1,799	3,337	76	5 7	21	7 9	97	13 4
21,	1,798	3,473	–	–	1,798	3,473	74	12 0	23	19 7	98	11 7
28,	1,781	3,358	–	–	1,781	3,358	75	0 5	21	3 7	96	4 0
Mar. 6,	1,798	3,396	–	–	1,798	3,396	77	6 7	22	14 3	100	0 10
13,	1,830	3,468	–	–	1,830	3,468	79	4 10	20	19 9	100	4 7
20,	1,845	3,467	–	–	1,845	3,467	78	2 2	24	3 4	102	5 6
27,	1,800	3,385	–	–	1,800	3,385	75	19 5	20	14 6	96	13 11
April 3,	1,797	3,407	–	–	1,797	3,407	72	2 1	25	8 8	97	10 9
10,	1,778	3,400	–	–	1,778	3,400	73	0 10	23	6 11	96	7 9
17,	1,808	3,447	1	1	1,809	3,448	75	8 9	23	8 8	98	17 5
24,	1,835	3,495	3	3	1,838	3,498	74	8 1	24	8 9	98	16 10

There being no order in operation under section 2, the cases entered in this column, are therefore, cases provisionally relieved by Relieving Officers, assuming that none have been relieved by the Guardians without authority.

3. In the third and following paragraphs of the Fourth Annual Report it was shown that the Workhouse accommodation in Ireland had been increased from 114,129, its extent on 25th March, 1847, to 308,885, which was its extent on the 25th March, 1851; that the number of persons receiving out-door relief had decreased from 833,889, on the 1st July, 1848, to 10,935, the number on the 26th April, 1851. The number in the Workhouses at the latter date was 249,277; the extent of accommodation beyond the number relieved being about 60,000. Simultaneously with the increase of the Workhouse accommodation, and with the decrease in the out-door relief, the rate of Workhouse mortality, which in April, 1847, had at one time exceeded 25 per 1,000 weekly, had so far decreased that on the 15th March, 1851, it was about $6\frac{1}{2}$ per 1,000 weekly; the above rate being in each case the maximum rate of mortality in the year.

4. It is worthy of remark, that during the progress of this great change, the number relieved in the Workhouses increased considerably during the Spring and Summer of each year; whence it may be inferred, that although in a large number of cases, persons previously in receipt of out-door relief did not apply for admission to the Workhouse, there were nevertheless many really destitute persons, who were proper objects for relief, and who, finding ultimately no other resource, came into the Workhouses. A large majority of the persons so entering the Workhouse were preserved thereby from the last extremity of want, and subsequently left the Workhouses with restored health. A considerable number, more especially of the class of able-bodied females and children of both sexes, remained, and still remain inmates of the Workhouses. So long, however, as any expectation of the continuance or renewal of out-door relief prevailed in a district, the transition from out-door to in-door relief was occasionally attended by a considerable amount of disease and mortality among the applicants for relief, owing to the fatal perseverance with which really destitute persons clung to that expectation instead of availing themselves in due season of the opportunity of being admitted to the Workhouses. That period, however, having been once passed, and all hope of any relief otherwise than in the Workhouse removed, the sequel has invariably been a reduced number of applicants for relief, a decreased rate of Workhouse mortality, and an improved sanitary state of the population at large.

5. It is a remarkable circumstance, upon the causes of which we do not propose to enter in this Report, that in the Western Unions of the Province of Connaught, the transition

from out-door to in-door relief was completed about one year earlier than in the distressed Unions of the South-west of the Province of Munster. Thus, on the 23rd February, 1850, while the whole number receiving out-door relief in Ireland was 148,909, the Unions in the Province of Munster contained 101,803 of that number, and those in Connaught only 19,261; and again, on the 26th April, 1851, when the number on out-door relief was reduced to 10,935, the eight Unions in the County of Clare comprised 6,846, the 29 Unions in the Province of Connaught only 232. Accordingly in the eighth and following paragraphs of the Fourth Annual Report a favourable account was given of the statistics of pauperism in the Province of Connaught, which could not at that time be extended to several of the Unions in the West of Munster, especially the Unions in the County of Clare.

6. At the date of the present Report the transition from out-door to in-door relief may be said to be complete throughout all Ireland; and we are able at the same time to announce a very large reduction of the number of applicants for relief, as well as a most satisfactory decrease in the rate of mortality in the Workhouses.

7. The total number receiving out-door relief in Ireland in the week ending 24th ultimo, was 3,498; the total number in the Workhouses at the same date was 186,453; showing a decrease in comparison with the corresponding period last year, of no less than 70,261 paupers, or 27 per cent. The experience of former years leads us to expect that some increase of the number of inmates of Workhouses will take place during the months of May and June; and that from the end of June a decrease in the number will commence, and will continue until the beginning of the month of October; at which time, if the season be one of ordinary prosperity, the aggregate number in the Workhouses of Ireland is not likely to exceed 100,000 persons.

8. With regard to the rate of mortality in the Workhouses, the Weekly Tables published in the First, Second, Third, and Fourth Annual Reports, show in each year an ascending series from the close of Autumn in each year to the close of Spring in the succeeding year, and from that time a continually descending series to the close of the following Autumn. Thus, the maximum rate of mortality in 1847 occurred in April of that year, and amounted to 25 per 1,000 weekly, descending gradually from that time to 5 per 1,000 in November; from that date it rose to 11·8 in January, 1848, and continued nearly at that point until April, when it declined again to 2·6 in September; from that period it rose to 12·4 in May, 1849, and again declined to 2·4 in Novem-

ber; it then rose gradually to 6·1 in March, 1850, and declined to 2·4 in December ; whence it again rose to 6·4 in March, 1851. In these fluctuations it will be observed that the extreme rate of mortality has not prevailed either in the coldest or the warmest season of the year. The most favourable season to health has appeared to be that of the temperate months preceding the close of the year, and the most unfavourable to be that of the temperate months following the commencement of the year. It is further remarkable, that the beginning of improvement in each year has been simultaneous with the greatest amount of pressure on the Workhouse accommodation. This occurs invariably in the Summer months, when provisions are most scarce, and the harvest employment not yet begun. The inference which we are disposed to draw from the repeated experience of the last few years is, that the genial influence of the Summer months is most favourable to the health of a population which is peculiarly destitute of proper clothing, and of houses fitted for the habitation of human beings.

9. We are now at the period of the year 1852 when the experience of former years enables us to say, that if no unusual extent of epidemic disease should unexpectedly arise, the highest rate of mortality in the Workhouses in 1852 has been attained; and that limit appears to have been reached on the 20th March last, and amounted to 3·9 per 1,000 weekly, or 2·2 per 1,000 less than the lowest maximum rate in any year since the famine. The chief source of the difference between the average rate of mortality in 1851 and that in 1852, is the improvement in the Western Unions of Munster, and especially those of the County of Clare, where the transition from out-door to in-door relief has now been completely established. It is satisfactory to state, that the rate of mortality in the Unions in the County of Clare is at the present time less than the average rate throughout Ireland, and that the Workhouse accommodation in that county exceeds the actual number of inmates by 2,106.

10. The present large extent of Workhouse accommodation in Ireland has been obtained—

Firstly, by permanent additions to the Workhouses originally built.

Secondly, by the erection of new Workhouses in newly-formed Unions, a few only of which have as yet become available.

Thirdly, by the erection of a very cheap kind of temporary structure designed to meet the immediate pressure of the famine, and in some instances fitted up for use as a separate Workhouse.

Lastly, by the hiring of buildings to be used as Auxiliary Workhouses.

In some Unions the latter expedient has of necessity been resorted to, and used to a much greater extent than was found compatible with either economy or efficiency in Workhouse management. Many of the most unsuitable of these buildings have now been surrendered; others are merely held without being occupied, and will be surrendered so soon as the continued reduction of the number of inmates will admit of that step being taken with safety. In addition to the new Union Workhouses stated to have been occupied in the last Report, those of Skull, Clonakilty, Oughterard, Dromore West, Mount-Bellew, Newport, Killala and Claremorris, have been completed and occupied, or ready for immediate occupation by the Guardians. We give in the Appendix a Report of the Architect showing the progress of these operations to the present date.* A large proportion of the remaining new Workhouses will probably be finished by the 29th September next, and it is our anxious desire to commence the succeeding year with the Workhouse Establishment concentrated as far as practicable in each Union, so as to avoid the disadvantages of using Auxiliary Workhouses; since it is only by the most economical management, concurrently with a further reduction of the pressure of pauperism, that some of the distressed Unions in the West can reasonably be expected to become so far solvent as to support their own pauperism without further external aid. Ultimately, and indeed at no distant time, we trust that there will be no other Workhouse in each Union than the buildings expressly constructed with a view to the accommodation of the classes who are relieved in them, and admitting of suitable arrangement for discipline and employment of the inmates.

11. A comparative statement of the expenditure of Poor-rates in Ireland, during the years ended 29th September, 1848, 1849 and 1850, was given in the last Annual Report, showing a reduction of 34 per cent. in the last of those years, in comparison with the preceding one. We have now to report a further very considerable reduction of the expenditure during the year ended 29th September, 1851. The particular details thereof in each Union are set forth in the Tables† in the Appendix, numbered I. II. and III. respec-

* App. A., No. X.

† These Tables are now continued and given in the same form as that used in the Annual Reports made previously to the Fourth Report. They were necessarily omitted from that Report, in consequence of the change of Boundaries in Unions and Electoral Divisions which took place in the course of the year 1849–50. The two half-yearly periods of the year ended 29th September, 1851, are each unbroken by any change in the Boundaries of Unions; and this admits of the Union expenditure being again given as usual in detail.

tively. The total result, in comparison with that of the year ended 29th September, 1850, is as below :—

Year ended 29th September,	Poor-Rate Lodged.	Expenditure during the Year.					Number Relieved in the Year.	
		In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	All other Expenses.	Total.	In-door.	Out-door.
	£	£	£	£	£	£		
1850,	1,571,110	710,945	120,789	151,056	447,318	1,430,108	805,702	368,565
1851,	1,039,173*	692,914	11,399	137,249	300,085†	1,141,647†	707,443	47,914
Increase,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease,	531,937	18,031	109,390	13,807	147,233	288,461	98,259	320,651

12. Although the accounts of the half year which has intervened since the close of the year 1850–51 and the date of this Report are not yet audited, we already know enough by anticipatory Returns from the Clerks of the Unions to enable us to say, that a comparison of the six months ended at 31st March last, with the corresponding period of last year, shows a reduction of expenditure fully commensurate with the remarkable improvement mentioned in the earlier paragraphs of this Report, and in a ratio nearly equal to that of the decrease which took place in the preceding year. The comparison, obtained from the Clerks' Returns,‡ stands as follows :—

Six Months ended 31st March,	In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief.	Other Expenses.	Total.	Poor-Rate Lodged.
	£	£	£	£	£
1852, . .	272,835	2,381	164,276	439,492	727,277
1851, . .	334,656	3,377	213,820	551,853	616,848
Decrease, . .	61,821	996	49,544	112,361	—
Increase, .	—	—	—	—	110,429

* Including the sum of £108,974, lodged from Rates made before the change of Boundaries of Unions, which were altered in 1849 and 1850.

† Including payments, amounting to £38,875, made during the year on account of expenses incurred by certain Unions prior to their alteration in 1849 and 1850, and which were not previously brought into the Accounts. See Table I., Appendix B.

‡ These statements are made up from corresponding Returns furnished at each period, in anticipation of the audited accounts. The "other expenses" of the latter half year include about £5,000 expenditure under the Medical Charities Act.

13. It will be remarked, without doubt, that the cost of direct relief in food, clothing, and necessaries, amounts to less than two-thirds of the whole expenditure. On this point it must be borne in mind, that the proportion expended in direct relief will always be less under a system of in-door, than under one of out-door relief; as the chief expense attendant on the administration of the latter consists of the salaries of Relieving Officers, whereas relief in a well-managed Workhouse entails the cost of the rations and salaries of the various Officers necessary to afford the inmates the advantages of spiritual comfort, medical attendance, education, and employment, and to maintain general order and discipline in the establishment. To this must be added the cost of the continual repairs requisite to keep the buildings and premises in a proper state, and the cost of keeping up the supply of perishable articles, such as furniture, utensils, and the implements and materials for employment of the inmates. The present cheapness of provisions, and of the bedding and clothing, and other necessaries, is another element of the apparent disproportion between the cost of direct personal relief and the expenses attendant on providing it in the Workhouse. And it is further to be observed, that the manufactured products of the labour of the inmates, in many Workhouses, considerably reduce the expenditure under the head of in-maintenance, which includes both bedding and clothing. Again, a variety of objects, not directly connected with relief, are provided for at the expense of the Poor-rates: as the valuation of rateable property, collection of rates, vaccination contracts, emigration, and other charges, of which a particular detail for each Union will be found in the Appendix. We have dwelt somewhat at length on this subject, because erroneous views of policy are apt to be founded on the great proportion of what are usually termed establishment charges in a system of Workhouse relief; and the Guardians of Unions are sometimes led by such views to propose reductions of the salaries of Officers, and of other necessary incidental expenditure, to an extent, which would, if adopted, impair the efficiency of the Workhouse, both as a means of relief and as a check on the applications of persons not really destitute.

14. The amount of "Poor-rates lodged" during the six months ending 31st March last, considerably exceeds the expenditure of that period, and requires explanation. Some excess of rates over expenditure has usually occurred in that portion of each year, in consequence of the collection of the harvest rates; but in the present year a further lodgment of rates has arisen from provision having been made in

a large majority of the Unions in Ireland, for the payment of the first Annuity under the Consolidated Debts Act.

15. The operations under that statute were completed, subject to the amendment of errors, in September last, and have been reported in a letter from this department to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, which has been laid before Parliament. A minute was afterwards made by their Lordships in October last, authorizing us to direct the Treasurers of Unions to retain in their hands the whole Annuity payable by Electoral Divisions of which the expenditure in relief was ascertained to be 4*s.* in the pound or more, and directing so much only of the Annuity to be paid in other Divisions as might, together with the relief expenditure, amount to 4*s.* in the pound. A Bill to legalize this arrangement in respect of the Annuity payable during the current year, is now under the consideration of Parliament. The sum total of the Annuities charged on each Union, and likewise the effect of the proposed remission, are shown in a Table, which will be found, together with a copy of the Treasury Minute, in the Appendix.* The total amount of the year's Annuity actually received by the Paymaster of Civil Services at the date of this Report is £79,691.

16. The course to be taken regarding the payment of these Annuities in future years does not appear to be brought directly under consideration by the Bill now before Parliament, but we shall be excused for adverting to that subject as one which we have regarded with considerable anxiety, since the payment of the consolidated debts has been made a charge upon the Poor-rates in Ireland.

The remission, year after year, of these Annuities either in the whole or in part, according to the amount of the current expenditure on relief in each Electoral Division, has been objected to with some reason, on the ground that in many Unions on which this charge upon the Rates is at present a very serious incumbrance, any future reduction of the expenditure of Poor-rates which might be expected from the exertion of proprietors and occupiers in affording employment, or from a more efficient administration of the Poor Law, would result in benefit to the Imperial Treasury, and not to those whose duty and interest it ought to be locally to promote such improvement. On this ground, if the course of policy commenced by the Treasury Minute of October last be continued, we are disposed to regard some permanent alleviation of the very severe pressure now imposed on certain distressed districts as the most suitable and beneficial means of promoting their future prosperity and solvency,

* App. B., Nos. XVII., XVIII.

the more especially as a definite measure of relief would have the effect of removing that uncertainty as to the future extent of the public burthens, which is so likely to check the reviving spirit of enterprise, and to prevent the introduction of capital into such districts. The greatest extent of the future pressure of pauperism on any Electoral Division in Ireland, can now be calculated with some near approach to probability; and the poundage of the future expenditure under the Medical Charities Act may be ascertained, now that the districts are formed, with tolerable certainty; the amount of County Cess is liable to little fluctuation; and if a definite and final measure of relief in regard to the consolidated debts were adopted, the Rate-payers of each district would be enabled to form a true estimate of the extent of the liabilities which they must expect to provide for, and they would have the prospect of enjoying the exclusive benefit of any future improvement which might be effected in the fiscal condition of the District.

17. Another portion of the amount included at page 8, under the head of "Poor-rates lodged," which has no corresponding entry on the expenditure side of the Union account, consists of payments to the Rate-in-Aid Fund levied to assist distressed Unions, and to reimburse the Treasury for advances made on the security of that Act. The sum total of the two Rates-in-Aid imposed, that is to say of 6*d.* in the pound in 1849, and of 2*d.* in the pound in 1850, was £421,990, and of this amount £409,468 has already been remitted to the Paymaster of Civil Services, leaving the small balance of £12,522 still to be collected.

18. Emigration under the provisions of the Irish Poor Law Acts has been more extensive during the last than in any preceding year. In 1848–49, £16,564 was expended under this head, including the Emigration of Female Orphans to Australia; in 1849–50, the amount was £16,260, and in 1850–51, it was £21,075. In many of the Unions in which this means of alleviating general distress is most needed, the funds derived from Poor-rate have been insufficient to carry on the administration of direct relief to the destitute; and the Guardians have therefore of necessity been less active than those of some of the wealthier Unions in promoting emigration from the Workhouse. A considerable sum from the Rate-in-Aid Fund was applied by us in the course of last Summer, in relieving the overcrowded Workhouses of Unions in the Counties of Clare and Kerry; but recently the approaching exhaustion of that fund has prevented our being able to entertain many pressing applications which we have received for further assistance for this purpose.

The great reduction of the population in the distressed districts, as exhibited by the last Census; the decreasing number of applicants for relief, and the beginning of a more steady demand for labour, are circumstances which have tended to make us hesitate in applying to emigration the residue of the Rate-in-Aid, required as it is for more pressing purposes; but on the other hand, where the Guardians and Rate-payers of a District have wished to avail themselves of those provisions of the Poor-law Acts, which authorize special funds to be raised by Unions or Electoral Divisions for this purpose, we have not opposed ourselves to such propositions, but have exercised our authority to require that the parties assisted to emigrate shall be in every respect eligible for emigration, and that proper provision shall be made for sending them to their place of destination.

19. The industrial employment of inmates of Workhouses is a subject which, during the last two years, has excited much attention in consequence of the large number of able-bodied persons (now however much diminished) who were maintained in the Workhouses in Ireland during that period at the public cost. We think it right to observe, that we have seen no reason to change the views expressed on this point in paragraphs 20 and 21 of the Third Annual Report. While we recognise the value of regular and continuous employment as conducive to health, and as the means of maintaining order and discipline among a large assemblage of inmates, we do not entertain any sanguine views as to the practicability of deriving profit from the labour of persons employed in working, not for the benefit of themselves or their families, but for the purpose of diminishing the burthen caused by their maintenance from a public fund. Much is done in many Workhouses by a vigilant application of the Workhouse labour to the production of articles required for consumption in the Workhouse; and still more might be effected in this way, were it not for the absence of that stimulus to exertion which is felt by the independent labourer, when employed in working for his own immediate personal advantage. It has not unfrequently been proposed to remedy the absence of such a stimulus, by giving inmates who are most capable of working with profit to the establishment, either some share of such profit for themselves, or some advantages in diet or otherwise, so as to induce them to work with greater energy. To every such suggestion we have always strenuously opposed ourselves, because we were convinced that the object of the Legislature has been to provide asylums for the helpless, rather than places for the lodging and maintenance of persons

whose labour is capable of being profitably employed, and who might be induced by indulgences of the nature described, to prefer residence in the Workhouse, to seeking subsistence by work elsewhere. We consider, therefore, that success in the management of a Workhouse is evidenced rather by the absence of persons able to work profitably for the Rate-payers, than by a display of profitable results obtained from the labour of a large number of persons reconciled to a continuous residence in the Workhouse.

20. The important bearing of any measure, which may tend to make residence in the Workhouse less irksome to persons able to work, can be duly estimated only by considering the wide range of its influence on the minds of the indigent persons who stand next in position above the absolutely destitute, and who are so numerous a class in Ireland. Any success in the conduct of industrial employment in the Workhouse, which is obtained by diminishing the unattractiveness of a residence there, may admit of being represented as an immediate gain to the Rate-payers, but will in the long-run entail serious loss by an increase in the number of inmates; for even admitting that the same success can be obtained in employing the labour of an increased number, more buildings become necessary to accommodate them, and to contain the machinery to be purchased for their employment; more officers to superintend them; more establishment charges. In the meantime the effect of an increasing competition like this on the value of the labour of persons producing similar work, and on the means of their obtaining employment, must be looked at with serious apprehension, as tending to accumulate pauperism. Instances have been brought under our notice already of the entrance of inmates to the Workhouses, having been directly traced to the introduction of a particular manufacture there, on which the persons entering had previously been employed.

21. We have not permitted the principles advocated in the preceding paragraph to interfere with the due industrial training of children and young persons in Workhouses. The products obtained in the course of instruction are seldom in such quantity, or of so much value, as to interfere materially with the market; and the direct object, and very frequent result of such training is, that the persons taught may, when sufficiently skilled, leave the Workhouse and earn their own livelihood.

22. In carrying out those provisions of the statute 11 & 12 Vic., cap. 25, which permit farms to the extent of 25 acres to be taken for the instruction of children under 16 years of age in an improved system of agriculture, we have

endeavoured to guard as much as practicable against any evasion of the objects of the statute by substituting adult labour for that of the young persons for whose employment and instruction these provisions were enacted. We have, therefore, usually stipulated that such farms should be held in connexion with buildings wholly detached from the main Workhouse, and fitted for the reception and maintenance of young persons to be instructed in agriculture; and in most instances this arrangement has been effected.

23. The desire of Boards of Guardians to take farms under this statute has often been connected with an intention to obtain profit from the labour of the adult male inmates, by employing them on the farm. To such employment of adult Workhouse inmates we have objected, not only as going beyond the terms of the Act of Parliament, but as tending to make residence in the Workhouse less irksome to persons able to work, than it is when employment is found for them within the enclosed yards of the building; and since the number of this class of paupers has decreased, there has been less anxiety shown to take additional land beyond the 12 acres authorized by the original Act. In some Unions, as in those of Galway, Ballina, Clogheen, Dungarvan, New Ross, Gorey, Kilrush, and Ennis, the Guardians have carried out the precise object of the Legislature in giving young persons under sixteen the benefit of instruction in improved modes of agriculture, and these exertions have been reported to us by some of our Inspectors as productive of very useful and beneficial results. We give in the Appendix a few of the most interesting of the Reports which we have received on the working of this statute.*

24. In the 16th, 17th and 18th paragraphs of the Fourth Annual Report we pointed out the alarming spread of Ophthalmic disease in the Irish Workhouses, and the steps which we took to arrest its progress, especially in certain Workhouses in which it had prevailed most severely. We regret to say, that notwithstanding the publicity given by us to the recommendations of the most eminent Oculists in Ireland, the past year exhibits a considerable increase in the numbers attacked, in comparison with those of the previous year.

25. The Unions which have suffered most from Ophthalmia during the year 1851, are those of Clonmel, Cashel, Cork, Limerick, Kilrush, Kanturk, Kilmallock, Loughrea, Scariff, Millstreet, and Tipperary. The total number of cases in the Workhouses in Ireland, during 1851, was 45,947; followed by loss of both eyes in 263 cases; of one eye in 656 cases; by partial injury to the sight in 754 cases; 40,684 having

* App. A., No. IX.

been discharged cured, and about 1,200 continuing under treatment. In the Reports which we have received on this subject, much has transpired to show that a great many of the cases have arisen from malingering, especially on the part of the children, who in order to escape school, or to obtain the better description of diet generally given to Ophthalmic patients, have rubbed their eyes with urine, lime, or other irritating matters, in order to produce inflammation. Such patients sometimes take by infection in Hospital, the severest type of the disease. As to other natural causes originating Ophthalmia, we find from the present as from the previous Returns, that it has prevailed most in warm weather, that is to say in the months of June, July, August, and September, and that its appearance in a Workhouse has usually been concurrent with its appearance as an epidemic in the neighbourhood. There can be little doubt that Workhouses, like Barracks or other Institutions, in which numbers of persons are lodged together, and take exercise in spaces enclosed by walls, are peculiarly favourable to the spread of this disease when once introduced, and to the development of severer types than prevail among persons not subject to such confinement. We shall continue to urge upon our Inspectors, and upon Boards of Guardians and their Medical Officers, the adoption of those alleviatory measures which have been recommended by Dr. Jacob, and Mr. Wilde, and which are more particularly described in the Reports of those gentlemen, and in our Circular of the 1st March, 1851. See Appendix A., No. IX., of the last Annual Report.

26. Since the date of the last Report an Act was passed providing for the support of Dispensaries from the Poor-rates, in place of the previous system, by which those Establishments were dependent on private subscriptions, aided by presentments of County Cess, and altering the constitution of the Poor Law Commission, by abolishing the office of Assistant Commissioner, and by the appointment of two additional Commissioners, one of them under the title of Medical Commissioner. The appointment of Mr. Ball, as a Commissioner, and of Dr. M^{c}Donnell, as Medical Commissioner, was made by Her Majesty's warrant, bearing date 29th October, 1851. The organization of Dispensary Districts has since proceeded, and is now nearly complete throughout Ireland. The proceedings under the Medical Charities Act, will, however, be made the subject of a separate Report to your Excellency at the expiration of one year from the commencement of the operations, in conformity with the provisions of the 20th Section of the Act.

27. On the 19th January, 1852, the General Order pre-

viously in existence for regulating the proceedings of Boards of Guardians in Ireland, was rescinded, and an amended Order issued to all the Unions in Ireland in the Form which will be found in the Appendix.* A revision of the existing Order of Accounts has been for some time under consideration, and we shall probably issue an amended Order of Accounts in the course of the present year.

28. The operations requisite for the adjustment of the liabilities of Unions and Electoral Divisions, the Boundaries of which were altered in the years 1849 and 1850, are still in progress. It became necessary, as stated in the last Report, to suspend these operations in consequence of the necessity of first effecting a settlement of the debts due to Government under the Consolidated Debts and Annuities Act. The completion of that task has placed us at liberty to proceed with the adjustment of the internal liabilities arising between Townland and Townland, on the change of Boundaries; and we give in the Appendix a General Order, dated 11th December, 1851, showing the nature of the operations required in each case.† On finishing the calculations for any particular Union, a Special Order is issued setting forth the amount payable to or by each Townland, in a Form which will likewise be found in the Appendix.‡

29. Representations having been made of the expediency of promulgating some General Regulations for the guidance of the Governor and Medical Officers of the Hospitals of the Dublin House of Industry on certain points, we submit in the Appendix a Copy of a Sealed Order which was issued, prescribing such Regulations, on the 4th March, 1852.§

30. In the 26th paragraph of our Fourth Annual Report, we stated that, in addition to the changes previously effected in the Boundaries of Unions and Electoral Divisions, we contemplated the carrying out some further portion of the alterations recommended by the Boundary Commissioners. In considering the expediency of carrying those recommendations into effect in the Province of Ulster, where the Boundaries previously established did not appear to create any general inconvenience or dissatisfaction, we thought it expedient to regulate our proceedings to a great extent by the local opinion of each District, as expressed by the several Boards of Guardians; and at the same time we thought it expedient to retain the existing Boundaries of Unions, merely reducing the area of Electoral Divisions in accordance with the recommendations of the Boundary Commissioners, in those cases where it appeared that such an

* App. A., No. IV.
† App. A., No. III.
‡ App. A., No. VI.
§ App. A., No. V.

alteration was generally considered desirable. From a statement given in the Appendix,* it will be seen that these operations were concluded in the month of October last. The whole number of Electoral Divisions in Ireland, upon the completion of the changes of Boundaries commenced in the Autumn of 1849, has been increased from 2,050 to 3,439.

31. From the experience obtained during the last two years, we are disposed to believe that the considerable changes in the Boundaries of Unions and Electoral Divisions, recommended by the Boundary Commissioners, and in great part carried into operation by our orders, have been attended with useful results, and have been generally satisfactory to those locally interested in the administration of the law. In the larger number of cases in which objections have been made to the recent changes, the grounds of such objections relate not to any inconvenience practically affecting the administration of Relief to the Poor, but to the manner in which the existing arrangements affect the interests of certain proprietors or occupiers of rateable property. We are not in possession of all the considerations which may have affected the decisions of the Boundary Commissioners previous to the completion of their Reports; and we are aware that these decisions must have involved the various and complicated interests of the several parties affected by the new territorial arrangements. We are therefore convinced, that any attempt to adjust claims of this nature would involve a re-examination on our part of the same questions which were fully considered by the Commissioners appointed for that express object; and if attempted at all, should be accompanied by due notice to all the parties interested in the result. Considering these circumstances, and not feeling assured that any further changes which we might be led to adopt, would be altogether free from objections similar to those now presented to us, and having practical experience of the amount of temporary inconvenience which results from the necessity for re-adjusting the Accounts of Unions upon each change in the Boundaries of Electoral Divisions, we have thought it advisable to adhere to the arrangements already carried into effect by us, in pursuance of the recommendations of the Boundary Commissioners.

We have the honor to be,
Your Excellency's obedient, faithful Servants,

A. POWER.
NAAS.
JOHN WYNNE.
JOHN BALL.
J. M^{c}DONNELL, M.D.

* App. B., No. XV.

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX (A.)—ORDERS AND CIRCULARS OF INSTRUCTIONS ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONERS, REPORTS, ETC.

STATEMENT (IN PURSUANCE OF § 21 OF 10 & 11 VIC., CAP. 90,) OF ORDERS AND DIRECTIONS ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONERS IN RESPECT TO OUT-DOOR RELIEF,

In continuation of Statement in Appendix to Fourth Annual Report.

No. I.—Orders authorizing Out-Door Relief to other Classes than those specified in § 1 of 10 Vic. c. 31:—issued by the Commissioners from time to time to particular Unions, in pursuance of § 2 of that Act.

No such Orders have been issued since the date of the last Annual Report, the last of these Orders having been issued on the 5th of October, 1849, (*Third Annual Report, App.* A. *No.* I., *p.* 21.)

No. II.—Order under Section 5 of 10 Vic. c. 31, for affording Medical Relief out of the Workhouse, and for the appointment of a Medical Officer to attend and dispense Medicine.

Mitchelstown Union.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the Mitchelstown Union; to the Clerk to the said Guardians; to the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices of the Petty Sessions held for the Division or Divisions in which the Townlands and Places comprised within the said Union are situated, and to all others whom it may concern:

Whereas it appears to us, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, to be necessary and expedient that a Medical Officer should be appointed for the Electoral Divisions of Galbally, Duntryleague, Riversdale, and Anglesborough, of the Mitchelstown Union, for the purpose of affording Medical Relief out of the Workhouse of the said Union in the said Electoral Divisions; now therefore, We do hereby Order and Direct as follows, that is to say:—

Article I.—The Guardians of the Mitchelstown Union shall appoint a Medical Officer subject to our approval of such appointment; and shall proceed therein according to the Rules prescribing the mode of appointment of Officers, which are contained in Articles 28 and 29 of the General Order of the Poor Law Commissioners, bearing date the Fifth day of June, 1844, regulating the proceedings of Guardians, and the duties of Paid Officers in Ireland.

Article II.—The qualifications of such Medical Officer shall be as follows, that is to say:—

1. He shall be duly licensed to practise as a Medical man, and shall have obtained letters testimonial of his qualification to practise Surgery from the Royal College of Surgeons in Ire-

land, or the Diploma of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, or the degree or diploma of Surgery of some other College or Body in Great Britain or Ireland duly authorized to grant the same, and also a certificate from some recognised Hospital of his possessing a competent knowledge of Midwifery.

2. He shall have reached the age of 23 years.

Article III.—The duties of such Medical Officer shall be as follows, that is to say :—

1. He shall duly and punctually attend upon, and supply all requisite Medical and Surgical advice and assistance to every Destitute Poor Person, being sick, whom he shall be required to attend, as Medical Officer, by a direction of the Board of Guardians in the following Form :

Form of Direction.

—— *Union.*

Sir,—Attend ——, who is now sick and in want of Medical attendance at ——

By order of the Board of Guardians assembled —— this —— day of —— 18—

——— *Chairman.*

To ———, *Esq., Medical Officer.*

2. He shall duly and punctually attend upon, and supply all requisite Medical and Surgical advice and assistance to every Destitute Poor Person, being sick, whom he shall be required to attend, as in a case of sudden and urgent necessity, by a direction of the Relieving Officer acting for the Electoral Division in which such person shall be, in the following Form :

Form of Direction.

—— *Union.*

Sir,—Attend ——, who is now in immediate and urgent —— need of such attendance, at ——.

Dated this —— day of ——, 18—

——— *Relieving Officer.*

To ——— *Esq., Medical Officer.*

3. He shall duly and punctually dispense all requisite Medicines and Medical and Surgical appliances to every Destitute Poor Person whom he shall be required to attend in manner aforesaid.

4. He shall give a certificate under his hand to the Board of Guardians, or the Relieving Officer, when called upon to do so, of the state of health of any Destitute Poor Person whom he shall have been required to attend.

5. He shall make a Weekly Return to the Board of Guardians, in a book prepared according to the Form A hereunto annexed, and insert therein the date of every attendance ; and shall make an annual Index to the same, with the names arranged alphabetically, according to the Form B hereunto annexed, and deliver the same, when completed, to the Board of Guardians.

6. He shall give the Board of Guardians, or Relieving Officer, when required, any reasonable information respecting the case of any Destitute Poor Person under his care; and attend the Board of Guardians when summoned by them.

Article IV.—The places and limits within which the above duties shall be performed by such Medical Officer shall be the Electoral Divisions of Galbally, Duntryleague, Riversdale, and Anglesborough, in the said Union:

Article V.—The salary of the said Medical Officer to be appointed under this Order, shall be such as We shall from time to time direct or approve, and such salary, together with the cost of all Medicines and Medical and Surgical appliances supplied to any Destitute Poor Person under this Order, shall be chargeable to the said Electoral Divisions in the proportion of the net annual value of those Divisions respectively; and the payment of the said salary shall be made in conformity with the provisions contained in Article 37 of the above-recited General Order of the Fifth day of June, 1844.

Article VI.—The continuance in office of the said Medical Officer,—his suspension from Office,—and the filling up of every vacancy in the office, shall be conformable to the provisions contained in Articles 40, 41, 42, 43, and 45, of the above-recited General Order of the Fifth day of June, 1844; and the said provisions shall be alike applicable to such Medical Officer as to other Officers of Unions in Ireland.

Form A.

Week ending day of 18 .

Name.	Age.	Residence.	Nature of Disease.	Days when attended.							Present state or termination of the case.	Observations.
				S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.		

Form B.

INDEX.

Name of Patient.	Page of Form A, in which the name first appears.	Day of termination of disease, and event.

Sealed with our Seal, this Second day of June, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-one.

(Signed,)

(Countersigned,)

No. III.—Amended General Order for Adjustment of Liabilities and Indemnification for Loss or Exchange of Property, occasioned by alteration of Boundaries of Unions and Electoral Divisions.

To the Guardians of the Poor of each of the Unions named in the Schedules A and B to this Order annexed, and to all other Persons whom it may concern :

Whereas by certain Orders issued from time to time under our Seal, in pursuance of the provisions of an Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, Queen Victoria, intituled, "An Act to make further provision for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland," We, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, have altered the Boundaries of the several Unions named in the Schedule A hereunto annexed, or of the Electoral Divisions thereof, and from Townlands separated from certain of the said Unions We have, by other Orders issued from time to time under Seal, formed the Unions named in the Schedule B hereunto annexed :

And whereas by certain other Orders issued from time to time under our Seal, We have provided for the adjustment of the Liabilities of the Unions named in the Schedule A hereunto annexed, except the Unions of Armagh, Castlederg, Clogher, Clones, Lisnaskea, Lowtherstown, Lurgan, Milford, Monaghan, and Omagh, and of every Electoral Division thereof as existing at the time of the alteration of the Boundaries of the said Unions and Electoral Divisions, and of the proportionate share thereof to be borne by the Townlands affected by such change ; and likewise for indemnifying any Union, Electoral Division, or Townland, for any loss or exchange of property occasioned by the alteration of Boundaries :

And whereas, since the date of the said last recited Orders, the Liabilities of the several Unions named in the Schedules hereunto annexed, in respect of Advances made by the Public Works Loan Commissioners for the erection or enlargement of Workhouses, and in respect of Advances made under the authority of the Act passed in the Tenth Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled, "An Act for the Temporary Relief of Destitute Persons in Ireland," have been consolidated and converted into equivalent Annuities under the provisions of an Act passed in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled, "An Act to authorize a further Advance of Money to certain distressed Poor Law Unions, and to make provision for the Re-payment of Advances made and authorized to be made to Poor Law Unions and other Districts in Ireland," and it is expedient to make other provisions for the adjustment of the said Liabilities than are contained in the said recited Orders :

And whereas it is expedient to provide for the adjustment of the Liabilities of each of the above-mentioned Unions of Armagh, Castlederg, Clogher, Clones, Lisnaskea, Lowtherstown, Lurgan, Milford, Monaghan, and Omagh, and of the Electoral Divisions thereof as existing at the time of the alteration of the Boundaries thereof, and

of the proportionate share thereof to be borne by the Townlands affected by such change :

Now therefore, We do hereby rescind any Order or Orders heretofore issued under our Seal to any of the Unions named in the Schedules hereunto annexed, containing Rules and Regulations for the adjustment of Liabilities of such Unions, or of the Electoral Divisions thereof, and for the Indemnification of any such Union, Electoral Division, or Townland thereof, for any loss or exchange of property occasioned by the alteration of Boundaries, excepting nevertheless every Order issued under our Seal for the adjustment of Liabilities under our General Orders of the Thirteenth day of June, 1849, and the 23rd day of December, 1850, for a General Rate in Aid of distressed Unions and Electoral Divisions in Ireland, and with respect to each and every Union named in the Schedules hereunto annexed, We do hereby Order and Direct as follows, that is to say :—

Every Townland formerly comprised in an Union named in the Schedule A to this Order annexed shall be debited—

1stly. With its share, according to its net annual value at the time of change, of the balance, if any, standing against the Electoral Division in which such Townland was formerly included, such balance being in all cases the excess of the sums charged against such Electoral Division in its account with the Guardians over the sums placed to its credit from time to time in such account :

2ndly. With its share, according to its net annual value at the time of change, of the proportion chargeable on the Electoral Division in which such Townland was formerly situate, of all debts due by the Guardians at the time of change, and not already brought into account against the Electoral Divisions of the said Union ; excepting nevertheless such of the said debts as have been incurred in providing a supply of Clothing and Bedding, and Provisions and other articles of daily consumption in the administration of relief, such last-mentioned debts to be adjusted and charged as We shall specially direct by a separate order in the case of each Union.

And every such Townland shall be credited—

With its share, according to its net annual value at the time of change, of the balance, if any, standing in favour of the Electoral Division in which such Townland was formerly situate, such balance being the excess of the sums placed to the credit of such Electoral Division from time to time, over the sums charged against it in its account with the Guardians :

And, with respect to all Workhouses and auxiliary Workhouses which were situate in any Union named in Schedule A at the time of change, and which are still situate therein, We do hereby Order and Declare that every Townland separated from such Union shall be credited with its share, according to its net annual value at the time of change—

1stly. Of all sums paid by the Guardians of the said Union, or secured and charged on the Poor-rates thereof, on account of the purchase or building of the Workhouse and auxiliary

Workhouses still situate in the said Union, or any of them, or of any land adjoining to or connected with such Workhouses, or of any addition to or repairs of such buildings, or on account of any loans contracted for any of the purposes aforesaid, deducting, nevertheless, from the sums paid or secured to be paid on account of the purchase or erection of any such building, an abatement hereafter to be determined for the use thereof, from the time of such building being first used for or in connexion with the reception and maintenance of inmates until the time of change :

2ndly. Of the value of all moveable property and growing crops, if any, belonging to the Guardians of the said Union which were in possession of the said Guardians at the time of change, and which remained in the custody or possession of the Officers of the said Union, excepting such of the said moveable property as consists of Clothing and Bedding on hand unappropriated, and provisions and necessaries unconsumed, the value of such last-mentioned property to be adjusted and charged as We shall specially direct by a separate Order in the case of each Union.

And every Townland remaining in the said Union shall be debited with its proportion, according to its net annual value at the time of change, of the sums so credited to the Townlands separated from the said Union as aforesaid :

And with respect to all Workhouses or auxiliary Workhouses which, by reason of such alteration of the Boundaries of Unions named in Schedule A, are now situate in a different Union from that in which they were situate before the time of change, We do hereby Order and Direct as follows, that is to say :—

Every Townland, formerly comprised in the Union in which such Workhouses or auxiliary Workhouses were situate before the time of change, and now comprised either in that Union or in some Union other than the Union in which such Workhouses or auxiliary Workhouses are now situate, shall be credited with its share according to its net annual value at the time of change—

1stly. Of all sums paid by the Guardians of the Union in which such Workhouses or auxiliary Workhouses were situate before the time of change, or secured and charged on the Poor-rates of the said Union on account of the purchase or building of the said Workhouses, or of any land adjoining to or connected with such Workhouses, or of any addition to or repairs of such buildings, or on account of any loans contracted for any of the purposes aforesaid, deducting, nevertheless, from the sums paid or secured to be paid on account of the purchase or erection of any such building or land connected therewith, an abatement hereafter to be determined for the use thereof from the time of such building being first used for or in connexion with the reception and maintenance of inmates, until the time of change :

2ndly. Of the value of all moveable property and growing crops, if any, belonging to the Guardians of the Union in

which such Workhouses or auxiliary Workhouses were situate at the time of change, and which thereupon passed into the possession or custody of the Officers of the Union in which such Workhouses or auxiliary Workhouses are now situate.

And every Townland now comprised in the Union wherein such Workhouses or auxiliary Workhouses are now situate, shall be debited with its proportion according to its net annual value at the time of change, of the sums so to be credited as aforesaid to the Townlands which were formerly comprised in the Union wherein such Workhouses or auxiliary Workhouses were situate before the time of change, and which are now comprised in the said Union, or some Union other than the Union in which such Workhouses or auxiliary Workhouses are now situate ; excepting nevertheless such of the said debts as have been incurred in providing a supply of Bedding and Clothing, and Provisions and other articles of daily consumption in the administration of relief, such last-mentioned debts to be adjusted and charged as We shall hereafter direct.

The balance, if any, resulting from a comparison of such debits and credits in favour of each Townland, shall be payable to the credit of the said Townland by the Treasurer of the Union from which it shall have been separated, to the Treasurer of the Union in which such Townland is now situate, and the balance, if any, against such Townland, shall be payable on behalf of the said Townland by the Treasurer of the Union in which it is now situate, to the Treasurer of the Union from which it shall have been separated.

And We do hereby further Order and Direct as follows, that is to say :—

Every Townland separated from a Union named in Schedule A, and transferred to another Union, shall be debited with its proportion according to its net annual value at the time of change—

1stly. Of all sums paid by the Guardians of the Union to which such Townland has been added, or secured and charged on the Poor-rates thereof, on account of the purchase or building of the said Workhouse and auxiliary Workhouses, or any of them, or of any land adjoining to or connected with such Workhouses, or of any addition to or repairs of such buildings, or on account of any loans contracted for any of the purposes aforesaid, deducting, nevertheless, from the sums paid or secured to be paid on account of the purchase or erection of any such building, an abatement hereafter to be determined for the use thereof, from the time of such building being first used for or in connexion with the reception and maintenance of inmates until the time of change :

2ndly. Of the value of all moveable property, goods, and chattels, and growing crops, if any, belonging to the Guardians of the said Union which were in possession of the said Guardians at the time of change, except provisions and other articles of daily consumption, and except such articles chargeable as establishment charges as shall not have been paid for at the time of change.

Every Townland formerly comprised in the Union, to which such

before-mentioned Townlands have been transferred, and still comprised therein, shall be credited with its share according to its net annual value at the time of change, of the sums so debited to such last-mentioned Townlands as hereinbefore directed.

Provided always, and We do hereby except from the operation of this Order all such of the said debts and liabilities as have been consolidated and charged by way of Annuity under the provisions of the said recited Act of the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of her present Majesty.

And We do hereby further Order and Direct that all rates made and outstanding at the time of change on the several Electoral Divisions of any Union shall be collected from the parties liable by law to pay the same, by the persons authorized to collect and receive such rates, and shall be lodged with the Treasurer of the said Union as now constituted, to be placed to the credit of the Guardians on account of the Electoral Division from which such rates shall have been collected.

And We do hereby further Order and Direct that the Clerk of each of the said Unions in Schedule A, shall keep, in a form to be provided for that purpose, an account to be entitled "*The old Union Townlands Account*," in which he shall enter against or in favour of, as the case may be, each Townland formerly comprised in the said Union, the balance against or in favour of such Townland at the time of change, and shall credit each such Townland with its share, according to the proportion of its net annual value at the time of change, of the outstanding rates or other receipts lodged on account of the Electoral Division in which such Townland shall have been formerly situate, less the poundage payable to the Collector and any other expenses chargeable to such Electoral Division in respect of the recovery of such outstanding rates or of such other receipts as aforesaid, deducting likewise all such sums as the said Treasurer is bound by Law to reserve from such lodgments, and place to the account entitled "The General Rate-in-Aid Account;" and shall likewise credit such Townland with the Sums paid, from time to time on its behalf to the Treasurer of the said Union, as hereinbefore directed, and shall debit such Townland with its share, according to its net annual value at the time of change of such part of any expenses which shall be incurred in the settlement of the affairs of the said Union as constituted before the time of change, as We, the said Commissioners, shall from time to time direct.

And We do hereby further Order and Direct that the Clerk of each of the said Unions in Schedule A, shall furnish a statement of the debits and credits of each such Townland to the Board of Guardians of the Union in which it shall be hereafter situate from time to time, whenever he shall be required by us so to do, and if at any time the balance shall be in favour of such Townland, such balance shall be paid by the Treasurer of the said Union in Schedule A, to the Treasurer of the Union in which such Townland shall be situate, and placed to the credit of such Townland.

And We do hereby further Order and Direct that the Guardians of the Union now comprising any Townland formerly situate in

any Union named in Schedule A, shall, in the making of all rates on the Electoral Division thereof, containing such Townland, include in their estimates of the rates so to be made, the amount of the balance then standing against such Townland, and shall levy the same, together with the rates leviable for the relief of the Poor and for the other expenses chargeable on such Electoral Division; provided nevertheless, that the balance so standing against such Townland shall be leviable from such Townland separately, and shall be assessed thereon by an equal poundage rate on the rateable hereditaments situate in such Townland, in addition to the poundage rate leviable thereon for the relief of the Poor and for the other expenses chargeable on such Electoral Division, and such addition to the Rates shall be deemed to be part of the Rates made upon and belonging to the Electoral Division, and shall, when collected, be credited to the Electoral Division accordingly.

And We do hereby further Order and Direct that the Guardians of each of the Unions named in Schedules A and B shall, in respect of any balance paid or standing to the credit of any Townland in such Union, in the next rate thereafter to be made on the Electoral Division comprising such Townland, reduce the poundage leviable on the several rateable hereditaments situate in such Townland, by deducting from it the poundage of the sum so paid or standing to the credit of such Townland, and the sum so paid to the credit of such Townland, shall, after the making of such rate, be forthwith transferred to the credit of such Electoral Division.

And We do hereby further Order and Direct that the balance due from each Townland, if any, shall, from and after the making of a Rate with additional poundage sufficient to discharge the same, be chargeable on the Electoral Division in which such Townland shall be situate.

And We do hereby further Order and Direct that the Clerk of each of the said Unions named in Schedules A and B shall keep an account in a form to be provided for that purpose, entitled "*The Union Townland Account*," in which he shall enter, from time to time, the balances due to or from the several Townlands in the Union, and the sums, if any, which shall be paid, or which shall be standing to the credit of each of such Townlands, or the sums, if any, which shall be paid by and on behalf of such Townland, until all balances against or in favour of such Townlands shall have been liquidated.

Schedules referred to in the foregoing Order.

Schedule A.—Names of Unions.

Abbeyleix	Baltinglass	Cashel	Clones
Armagh	Bandon	Castlebar	Clonmel
Athlone	Bantry	Castleblayney	Cootehill
Athy	Boyle	Castlederg	Cork
Bailieborough	Caherciveen	Castlerea	Dingle
Ballina	Callan	Cavan	Donegal
Ballinasloe	Carlow	Clifden	Dungarvan
Ballinrobe	Carrick-on-Shan.	Clogheen	Dunmanway
Ballyshannon	Carrick-on-Suir	Clogher	Edenderry

Ennis	Kilmallock	Milford	Roscrea
Enniscorthy	Kilrush	Mohill	Scariff
Enniskillen	Kinsale	Monaghan	Shillelagh
Ennistymon	Limerick	Mountmelick	Skibbereen
Fermoy	Lismore	Mullingar	Sligo
Galway	Lisnaskea	Naas	Swineford
Glenties	Listowel	Nenagh	Thurles
Gorey	Longford	Newcastle	Tipperary
Gort	Loughrea	New Ross	Tralee
Granard	Lowtherstown	Oldcastle	Trim
Kanturk	Lurgan	Omagh	Tuam
Kells	Macroom	Parsonstown	Tullamore
Kenmare	Mallow	Rathdrum	Waterford
Kilkenny	Manorhamilton	Rathkeale	Westport
Killarney	Midleton	Roscommon	Wexford

Schedule B.—Names of Unions.

Ballymahon	Claremorris	Killadysert	Portumna
Ballyvaghan	Clonakilty	Killala	Skull
Bawnboy	Corrofin	Kilmacthomas	Strokestown
Belmullet	Croom	Millstreet	Thomastown
Borrisokane	Donaghmore	Mitchelstown	Tobercurry
Castlecomer	Dromore West	Mount Bellew	Tulla
Castletown	Glennamaddy	Newport	Urlingford
Castletowndelvin	Glin	Oughterard	Youghal

Sealed with our Seal, this Eleventh day of December, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-one.

(Signed,) A. Power,
Wm. M. Somerville,
John Ball.

Clarendon.

I, George William Frederick, Earl of Clarendon, Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By His Excellency's Command,
Wm. M. Somerville.

No. IV.—General Order of the 19th January, 1852, Regulating the Meetings and Proceedings of Boards of Guardians, and prescribing the Duties of Union Officers.

[The articles and portions of articles printed in Italics were not in the previous Orders.]

To the Guardians of the Poor of the several Unions named in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and the Officers of such Unions; To the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices of the Petty Sessions held for the Division or Divisions in which the Townlands and Places comprised within the said Unions are situate, and to all others whom it may concern:

We, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, in pursuance of the authorities vested in Us, by an Act passed in the Second Year of the Reign of Her

Majesty, Queen Victoria, intituled, "*An Act for the more effectual Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland,*" and by the other Acts in force for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, and amending the said Act, do hereby rescind so much of every Order heretofore issued by the Poor Law Commissioners, or the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, to the several Unions named in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and now in force, as is in any way affected or altered by the Regulations herein contained, except so far as the same may have authorized the making of any Contract not yet executed, or the appointment of any of the existing Officers, or the giving and receiving of securities for the performance of their duties :

And We do hereby Order, Direct, and Declare, with respect to each and every of the Unions named in the said Schedule, as follows :—

MEETINGS OF THE GUARDIANS.

ARTICLE I.—No Guardian shall act in virtue of his office, otherwise than as a member and at a meeting of the Board of Guardians, legally assembled.

Provided, however, that in cases where the consent of a majority of the total number of the Guardians of an Union, *or where the consent of the Guardian, or of a majority of Guardians, of any Electoral Division,* is required by the said Acts, it shall be lawful for any Guardian to give his consent otherwise than at a meeting of the Board of Guardians.

Provided, also, that this Article shall not be construed to apply to cases in which the said Acts, *or any orders of the Commissioners, may specially* authorize a Guardian to act otherwise than at a meeting of the Board of Guardians.

ARTICLE II.—The Guardians shall, upon the day of the week, and the hour of the day, and at the place already appointed for holding the Ordinary Meetings, hold an Ordinary Meeting, once at the least in every week, for the execution of their duties ; and may, when they think fit, change the period, time, and place, with the consent of the Commissioners previously had and obtained ;—*provided, however, that if they shall think fit, the Guardians may, with the previous consent of the Commissioners, appoint more than one day in each week for the transaction of the ordinary business of the Union.*

ARTICLE III.—The Guardians shall at the first meeting after every annual or general election of Guardians for the Union, elect out of the whole number of Guardians a Chairman, Vice-Chairman, and Deputy Vice-Chairman, who shall respectively continue *to hold their offices* until the next annual or general election of Guardians shall take place, *unless they shall previously die, resign, become incapable, or be disqualified by ceasing to be Guardians of the Union.*

ARTICLE IV.—If a Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or Deputy Vice-Chairman, *die,* resign his office, or become incapable or disqualified to act as Chairman, Vice-Chairman, or Deputy Vice-Chairman, before the expiration of the term of office, the Guardians shall, within one month after the occurrence of the *death,* resignation, incapacity, or

disqualification, elect some other Guardian to such office, as the case may require: *but no ex-officio Guardian shall be deemed to vacate such office at the period prescribed by law for the selection of ex-officio Guardians, if he continue to act as ex-officio Guardian at and after such period according to Law.*

Article V.—No act of any meeting of the Guardians shall be valid unless three Guardians *at least* be present, *and if no greater number of Guardians be present, unless they shall all of them concur therein.*

Article VI.—If three Guardians be not present at any Meeting, an entry of that fact shall be made in the Minute Book by the Clerk to the Guardians, and the time for holding such Meeting shall be deemed to have expired as soon as the said entry shall have been made. But one hour at least shall be allowed to elapse from the time fixed for the commencement of the Meeting, before such entry shall be made, and the Clerk to the Guardians shall report the fact of such failure of attendance to the Commissioners, on the following day.

Article VII.—If three or four or more Guardians be present at any Ordinary Meeting, such three, or the majority of such four or more Guardians, may adjourn the same, to the day of the next Ordinary Meeting, or to some other day previous to the next Ordinary Meeting.

Article VIII.—An Extraordinary Meeting of the Guardians may be summoned to be held at any time, upon the requisition of any two Guardians, addressed to the Clerk of the Guardians. Every such requisition shall be made in writing, according to the Form A hereunto annexed; and no business, other than the business specified in the said requisition, shall be transacted at such Extraordinary Meeting.

Article IX.—Notice of every such Extraordinary Meeting, and notice of every change in the period, time, or place of holding any Ordinary Meeting, and notice of the adjournment of any Meeting, shall be given in writing to every Guardian. Every such notice shall be respectively according to the Forms B, C, and D, hereunto annexed, and shall be given or sent by the Clerk to every Guardian; or left at his place of abode, two days, if practicable, before the day appointed for the meeting to which it relates: but if any case of emergency should arise, requiring that *an Extraordinary* Meeting of the Guardians should immediately take place, *notice shall nevertheless be given to as many of the Guardians as may be practicable, and* they, or any three of them, shall meet at the ordinary place of meeting, and take such case into consideration, and may make an order or orders thereon.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD.

Article X.—At every Meeting, the Chairman, or, in his absence, the Vice-Chairman, or in his absence, the Deputy Vice-Chairman, shall preside; and if at the commencement of any Meeting the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, and Deputy Vice-Chairman be absent, the Guardians present shall elect one of themselves to preside at such Meeting as Chairman thereof, until the Chairman, Vice-

Chairman, or Deputy Vice-Chairman (as the case may be) may take the chair.

Article XI.—Every question at any Meeting consisting of more than three Guardians, shall be determined by a majority of the votes of the Guardians present thereat and voting on the question; and when there shall be an equal number of votes on any question, such question shall be deemed to have been lost.

Article XII.—*The Presiding Chairman shall be entitled to give one vote upon each question that may be submitted to the Guardians; but he shall not, under any circumstances, be entitled to any additional vote or casting vote.*

Article XIII.—No resolution *previously* agreed to or adopted by the Board of Guardians shall be rescinded, altered, *or amended* (except in pursuance of an Order, Regulation, *or request* of the Commissioners) unless some Guardian shall have given to the Board fourteen days' notice of a motion to rescind or alter such resolution; and such notice shall be in writing, and shall be forthwith entered on the Minutes by the Clerk, who shall, within seven days after such entry, forward a copy of the same to each Guardian.

Provided always that this regulation shall not extend to any resolution which relates only to the admission into, or the discharge from, the Workhouse, of any destitute person, *or to any decision of the Guardians arising on their examination, approval, or correction of the Register of persons relieved.*

Article XIV.—The Guardians may, from time to time (as occasion may require), appoint a Committee to consider and report on any subject or matters referred to them, and the Guardians shall name one Member of every such Committee to be Chairman of the same: and such Committee may meet at such times and places as to them may seem convenient; but no act or decision of any such Committee shall be deemed to be the act of the Board of Guardians, unless the same shall have been reported to, and expressly adopted by, the said Board.

Article XV.—At every Ordinary Meeting of the Guardians, the business shall be conducted in the following order:—

1stly.—The Minutes of the last Ordinary Meeting, and of any other Meeting which may have been held since such Ordinary Meeting, shall be read to the Guardians and signed by the Chairman presiding at the Meeting at which such Minutes are read; and an entry of the same having been so read, shall be made in the Minutes of the day when read.

2ndly.—The Guardians shall examine, and approve or correct (if necessary), the Register Book of persons admitted into and relieved in the Workhouse, and the Out-door Relief Register; and such Register Books when so examined, and approved or corrected, shall be signed by the Chairman, and countersigned by the Clerk.

3rdly.—They shall receive and consider the Report of the Clerk or other Officer upon the execution of all Orders made

by the Board *at such previous Meeting, or any preceding Meeting; and shall give such further directions thereon as may appear necessary.*

4thly.—They shall examine the Clerk's Accounts, the Treasurer's Book of Receipts and Payments, the Accounts of the Collectors of Rates, *the Accounts and other Books of the Master of the Workhouse, the Medical Officers' Weekly Return Book, the several Relieving Officers' Accounts, and the Accounts which may be required to be kept by any other Officer in the Union;* and shall see that such of them as are required to be authenticated by the Clerk are duly authenticated and signed by him; *and they shall thereupon direct such cheques to be drawn on the Treasurer, and such orders to be made on Contractors, as may appear necessary to provide for the relief of the destitute Poor in the Workhouse, and by the Relieving Officers in their several districts; and every such cheque or order shall be signed by the presiding Chairman and two Guardians, and countersigned by the Clerk.*

5thly.—*They shall examine* the Reports of the several Officers, and the Report of the Visiting Committee of the Workhouse, and make such orders thereon, respectively, as may appear to them fitting and expedient.

6thly.—*They shall take into consideration all letters addressed by the Commissioners to the presiding Chairman, or to the Clerk of the Union, and all other correspondence relating to the business of the Union; and such directions as the Board may give thereon, shall be recorded on the Minutes.*

7thly.—They shall consider and decide upon, and give the necessary directions respecting all provisional admissions into the Workhouse, *since the last Ordinary Meeting of the Guardians.*

8thly.—*They shall take into consideration the Report of any District Committee of Guardians, appointed under an Order of the Commissioners to receive and examine applications for relief; and they shall further consider all applications for relief, and the particulars recorded in regard to each case in the Application and Report Book of each Relieving Officer, and shall decide whether any, and if so, what relief or further relief should be granted in each particular case, in pursuance of the laws for the relief of the poor; and the decision of the Board shall be forthwith recorded in the said Books, to be authorized by the signature or initials of the presiding Chairman in the columns respectively provided for that purpose.*

9thly.—They shall consider the Report of the Master of the Workhouse, and order the discharge of such persons as appear to be no longer proper objects of relief in the Workhouse of the Union.

10thly.—They shall, subject to the approval of the Commissioners, determine the kind of work to be performed by the persons admitted into the Workhouse, and give all needful directions concerning the management and discipline of the

Workhouse of the Union, and the providing of furniture and stores, and other articles.

11thly.—*They shall proceed to examine and select from amongst the candidates presenting themselves before them, competent persons to fill any vacancy or vacancies that may exist amongst the Officers, whom the Guardians are legally empowered to appoint, due notice having been previously given of such election, as hereinafter provided.*

12thly.—*They shall consider any resolution proposed by any Guardian, not having immediate reference to the business previously under their consideration, due notice having been given thereof, if necessary, as hereinbefore provided in Article* 13; *and their decision on such proposed resolution shall be recorded on the Minutes of their proceedings.*

13thly.—*The Presiding Chairman shall receive, and shall cause to be read aloud by the Clerk, and entered upon the Minutes, any notice for the election of an Union Officer, or any notice of any resolution relating to the administration of the laws for the relief of the poor, intended to be proposed at any future Meeting of the Guardians.*

Provided, however, that when it shall appear to them necessary, the Guardians shall be enabled to depart from the order of proceedings hereinbefore laid down.

And provided also, that whenever the Guardians shall have appointed more than one day in each week for their ordinary Meetings, they shall apportion the business to be transacted at each such Meeting, so far as such business may be connected with the attendance of any Officer of the Union or the performance of any particular duty by any such Officer, in such manner that the same business shall invariably be transacted upon one of the days fixed for the Meeting of the Guardians; and whenever it is herein provided that any act shall be performed at each ordinary Meeting of the Guardians, such provision shall be interpreted to mean such day of weekly Meeting as shall be appointed by the Guardians for that purpose.

CONTRACTS.

Article XVI.—All Contracts to be entered into on behalf of the Union, relating to the maintenance, clothing, lodging, employment, or relief of the poor, or for any other purpose relating to, or connected with the general management of the poor, shall be made and entered into by the Guardians.

Article XVII.—The Guardians shall require Tenders to be made in some sealed paper for the supply of all provisions, fuel, clothing, furniture, or other goods, or materials, the consumption of which may be estimated, one month with another, to exceed ten pounds per month, and also of all furniture, or materials, the cost of which may be reasonably estimated to exceed ten pounds in a single sum.

Article XVIII.—Any work or repairs to be executed in the Workhouse, or the premises connected with the Workhouse, or any fittings to be put up therein, which shall respectively be reasonably

estimated to exceed the cost of twenty pounds in one sum, shall be contracted for by the Guardians, on sealed Tenders, in the manner prescribed in Articles 16 and 17.

Article XIX.—Notice of the nature and conditions of the Contract to be entered into, of the last day and hour on which Tenders will be received, and the day on which the Tenders will be opened, shall be given in some newspaper circulating in the Union, *and in such other manner as the Guardians may direct*, not less than ten days previous to the last day on which such Tenders shall be received: and no Tender shall be opened by the Clerk, or any Guardian or other person, before the day specified in such notice, or otherwise than at a Meeting of the said Guardians.

Article XX.—When any Tender shall be accepted, the party making the Tender shall, in pursuance of these regulations, enter into a Contract, in writing, with the Guardians, containing the terms, conditions, and stipulations mutually agreed upon; and whenever the Guardians shall deem it advisable, the party contracting shall, in like manner, find one or more surety or sureties, who shall enter into a bond in such penalty as the Guardians shall think fit, conditioned for the due performance of the Contract.

Article XXI.—The Contracts shall be in such form as the Commissioners may, from time to time, prescribe or approve, if any form shall have been prescribed or approved for that purpose by the Commissioners.

Article XXII.—Provided always, that if from the peculiar nature of any furniture, provisions, goods, materials, or fittings to be supplied, or of any work or repairs to be executed, it shall appear to the Guardians desirable that a specific person or persons be employed to supply or execute the same, or that they should be purchased without requiring sealed Tenders, as hereinbefore directed, it shall be lawful for the Board of Guardians, with the consent of the Commissioners first had and obtained, to enter into a Contract with such person or persons as may be deemed best qualified to supply or execute the same, and to require such sureties and securities as are specified in Article 20, or to purchase such furniture, provisions, goods, materials, or fittings, *in such other manner* as the Commissioners may direct or sanction.

RELIEF BY WAY OF LOAN.

Article XXIII.—Any relief in the Workhouse, or the cost price thereof, which the Guardians shall, after due consideration of the circumstances of the case, think fit to give by way of Loan, shall be given by way of Loan, and shall be recoverable as such under the provisions of the said first-recited Act.

ORDERS FOR PAYMENT OF MONEY.

Article XXIV.—The Guardians shall pay every sum *amounting* to three pounds *or more*, by *a distinct and separate cheque or order*, which shall be drawn upon the Treasurer of the Union, and shall be signed by the presiding Chairman of the Meeting, and two other Guardians present thereat, and shall be countersigned by the Clerk to the Guardians.

APPOINTMENT OF PAID OFFICERS.

ARTICLE XXV.—The Board of Guardians shall, as soon as may be requisite, and from time to time hereafter upon the occurrence of any vacancy, appoint fit persons to perform respectively the duties specified by the Rules and Regulations of the Commissioners, in force at the time, to be the duties of the following Officers :—

1. Clerk of the Guardians.
2. Treasurer of the Union.
3. Medical Officer of the Workhouse.
4. Master of the Workhouse.
5. Matron.
6. Porter.
7. *Schoolmaster.*
8. *Schoolmistress.*

And shall appoint such Assistants as the Board of Guardians, with the consent of the Commissioners, shall deem necessary for the efficient performance of the duties of the said several Officers ;

And the Guardians shall further appoint so many Relieving Officers as the Commissioners shall from time to time require and approve ; and shall assign to such Relieving Officers such Electoral Division or Divisions, or such parts thereof, as the Commissioners may direct or approve ;

And in case any Collector of County Cess shall not offer to collect the Poor Rates in any Electoral Division or Divisions, in which or in any part whereof he is authorized to collect the County Cess, and be approved by the Commissioners as a fit person to collect Rates, or shall not give such security, or accept such salary or allowance as the Commissioners shall approve, the Guardians shall appoint one or more persons to act as Collectors of Poor Rates for such District or Districts as the Commissioners shall approve.

ARTICLE XXVI.—The Officers so appointed to or holding any of the said offices shall respectively perform such duties as may be required of them by the Rules and Regulations of the Commissioners, in force at the time, together with all such other duties, conformable with the nature of their respective offices, as the Board of Guardians may lawfully require them to perform.

ARTICLE XXVII.—The Board of Guardians shall, from time to time, *if they shall desire to make* any change in the division of the Union into Districts for the Collection of the Poor Rate, or in the assignment of Collectors to such Districts, *or in the Districts of Relieving Officers,* report every such change to the Commissioners for their approbation.

MODE OF APPOINTMENT.

ARTICLE XXVIII.—Every Officer and Assistant to be appointed under this Order, shall be appointed by a majority of the Guardians present at any Meeting of the Board, in the manner directed in Article 11 ; and every such appointment shall, as soon as the same shall have been made, be reported to the Commissioners by the Clerk to the Guardians.

ARTICLE XXIX.—No appointment of any Officer shall be made under this Order, unless notice that such appointment will be made

shall have been given and entered on the Minutes at one of the two Ordinary Meetings of the Board next preceding the Meeting at which the appointment shall be made, *and* unless an advertisement giving notice of such appointment, shall, by the direction of the Guardians, entered on their Minutes, have appeared in some public paper, at least seven days before the day on which such appointment shall be made.

QUALIFICATIONS OF OFFICERS.

Article XXX.—No person shall be appointed by the Guardians as a Collector of Poor Rates *or Relieving Officer* who is engaged in retail trade of any kind.

Article XXXI.—If the Master and Matron be respectively husband and wife, and one of them should be dismissed by order of the Commissioners, or should otherwise vacate his or her office, the other shall not be qualified to hold his or her office of Master or Matron, as the case may be, after such dismissal or vacating of office.

Article XXXII.—No person shall hold any office under this Order, who shall not have reached the age of twenty-one years.

Article XXXIII.—Provided always that the Guardians may, with the consent of the Commissioners previously obtained, but not otherwise, dispense with any of the conditions specified in Articles 30, 31, and 32.

Article XXXIV.—The qualifications of every Medical Officer hereafter to be appointed shall be as follows, that is to say :—

No 1.—He shall be duly licensed to practise as a Medical man, *and shall have obtained letters testimonial of his qualification to practise Surgery from the Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland, or the diploma of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, or the degree or diploma of Surgery of some other College or Body in Great Britain or Ireland, duly authorized to grant the same ; and also a certificate from some recognised Hospital, of his possessing a competent knowledge of Midwifery. Provided that where the number of Medical Officers to be appointed for the Workhouse of an Union shall be more than one, any part of the above qualification may be dispensed with which we, the said Commissioners, shall, under the circumstances of each case, deem it unnecessary to require.*

No. 2.—He shall have reached the age of 23 years.

Article XXXV.—No person shall be appointed to the office of Master, Matron, *Relieving Officer*, Schoolmaster, Schoolmistress, or Porter under this Order, who will not agree to give one month's notice previous to resigning the office, or to forfeit one month's amount of salary, to be deducted as liquidated damages from the amount of salary due at the time of such resignation.

SALARIES OF THE OFFICERS.

Article XXXVI.—The Board of Guardians shall pay to the several Officers and Assistants appointed to or holding any office or employment under this Order, such salaries or remuneration as the Commissioners may, from time to time, direct or approve.

Provided always that, if no such remuneration or salary be expressly assigned to the Treasurer, the payment for the ser-

vices of such Treasurer, shall be deemed to be the profit arising from the use of money from time to time left in his hands.

Article XXXVII.—*The salary to be paid to the Clerk to the Guardians on account of the several duties hereinafter prescribed to be performed by him, shall be deemed to include all remuneration heretofore allowed to such Clerk, on account of any Assistant who may from time to time be employed to aid in the performance of such duties, or on account of extra or additional labour which may from time to time be imposed upon him, excepting only such payment on account of travelling expenses actually incurred by such Clerk in attending at any Court of Justice held out of the Union upon the legal business of the Guardians as may from time to time be sanctioned by the Commissioners.*

Article XXXVIII.—The Salary of every Officer or Assistant appointed to or holding any office or employment under this Order, shall, subject to the regulations in Article 35, and to the obligation to account to the Auditor, be payable up to the day on which he ceases to hold such office or employment, and no longer; but no Officer having been suspended by the Board of Guardians, in pursuance of Article 42, and who shall, without the previous removal of such suspension be dismissed by the Commissioners, shall be entitled to any salary from the date of such suspension.

SECURITY OF OFFICERS.

Article XXXIX.—The Board of Guardians shall require every person appointed, or to be hereafter appointed, to the offices of Treasurer, Clerk, Master or Matron, of the Workhouse, *and every assistant employed therein in any office of trust, and every Relieving Officer and* Collector of Rates, to give a Bond in such penal sum as the Guardians shall think fit, with two sufficient Sureties, *not being Guardians of the Union*, conditioned for the due and faithful performance of the duties of the Office; and shall, from time to time, call upon such Officers to supply a fresh Surety, in place of any such Surety who may die, *or become a Guardian*, or become bankrupt or insolvent, or be released from his obligation: and every such Officer shall give immediate notice to the Board of Guardians of the death, insolvency, or bankruptcy of either of his Sureties, and shall, when required by the Guardians in pursuance of the above regulation, supply a fresh Surety in the place of any Surety previously supplied by him.

Provided that if it shall seem fit to the Board of Guardians, not to require that the Treasurer, being a Banker, or a partner of a firm engaged in Banking, should *execute a Bond with Sureties* as aforesaid, it shall be lawful for the Guardians *unless specially directed by the Commissioners to require such Security to dispense with the execution of such Bond by such Treasurer.*

Article XL.—The Board of Guardians shall provide for the safe custody of all Bonds given in pursuance of the Regulations of the Commissioners, and so always that no Bond given by any person shall remain in the custody of such person himself: and the Guardians shall, once in every year (that is to say, at the Audit next after the twenty-fifth day of March), cause every person having the custody of Bonds given by any Officer of the Union, *or by any Con-*

tractor for supplies, to produce such Bonds to the Auditor for his inspection; and the fact of such inspection and any defects apparent in the said Bonds, shall be reported by the Auditor to the Board of Guardians.

CONTINUANCE IN OFFICE AND SUSPENSION OF OFFICERS: SUPPLY OF VACANCIES.

Article XLI.—Every Officer appointed to or holding any Office under this Order, shall continue to hold the same until he die or resign, or be removed by the Commissioners, and every Porter or Assistant may be dismissed by the Board of Guardians without the consent of the Commissioners; and every such *death or resignation, and every such* dismissal, and the grounds thereof, shall be reported to the Commissioners:

Provided always that no Collector of Poor Rates, appointed in any district under the provisions of this Order, shall be deemed to continue to hold such Office after the Guardians shall have withdrawn the Warrant by which he was authorized to collect rates in such district.

Article XLII.—The Board of Guardians may, at their discretion, suspend from the discharge of his duties any Union Officer except the Clerk, Auditor, Chaplain, or Treasurer, and shall forthwith report such suspension, together with the cause thereof, to the Commissioners; and if the Commissioners shall remove such suspension, such Officer shall remain and continue to discharge his duties.

Article XLIII.—If any Officer or Assistant appointed to or holding any Office under this Order, be at any time prevented by sickness or accident, or other sufficient reason, from the performance of his duties, the Guardians may appoint a fit person to act as his temporary substitute, and may, *subject to the approval of the Commissioners*, pay him a reasonable compensation for his services; and every such appointment shall be reported to the Commissioners by the Clerk to the Guardians as soon as the same shall have been made.

Provided always that except under the provisions of this Article, or with the special permission of the Commissioners first had and obtained on the application of the Board of Guardians, every Officer shall perform his several duties in person, and shall, on no account, intrust the same to a Deputy.

Article XLIV.—If a Medical Officer be temporarily incapacitated from performing his duties, he shall recommend to the Guardians a Medical Practitioner, competent to perform his duties during such temporary incapacity.

Article XLV.—The Vice-Chairman, Deputy Vice-Chairman, or some Guardian to be appointed by the Board of Guardians, may perform any of the duties assigned to the Clerk until any vacancy in the office shall have been filled, or until a substitute be appointed in the case of the Clerk's absence through sickness, accident, or other sufficient reason, as provided for in Article 43.

Article XLVI.—No Workhouse Officer, who may have been dismissed by any Order of the Commissioners, shall, after such dismis-

sal, remain upon the Workhouse premises, or enter therein for the purpose of interfering in the management of such Workhouse, unless the said Commissioners shall consent to his subsequent appointment to an Office in such Workhouse, under the provisions of the said first-recited Act.

DUTIES OF THE CLERK TO THE GUARDIANS.

ARTICLE XLVII.—The duties of the Clerk to the Guardians shall be :—

No. 1.—To attend all Meetings of the Board of Guardians ; to keep punctually Minutes of the proceedings at every Meeting, *and to record therein all the particulars which are required by this or any other Order of the Commissioners to be so recorded ;* to enter the said Minutes in a Book, and to submit the same, so entered, to the presiding Chairman at the succeeding Meeting, to be confirmed by the Board, and authenticated by the signature of such Chairman, as a true record of the proceedings of the Board ; and also, if required by the Board of Guardians, to attend and assist in the proceedings of all Committees appointed by the Guardians, and to act as Clerk to such Committees.

No. 2.—To provide at the cost of the Union, all Forms or Books of Accounts, Minutes, or other Books, as required of him by the Regulations of the Commissioners, or relating to the business of the Board of Guardians, *and to keep the same, together with all Bills or Accounts, Letters, or other Documents relating to the business of the Union, in a place of safe keeping ; to have custody of the keys by which access to such Books and Documents is obtained ;* and from time to time to produce all such Books, documents, and vouchers for the same, together with the Bonds of any Officers *or Contractors* which may be in his custody, to the Auditor of the Union, at such place and time, and in such manner, as may be required *by such Auditor, or* by the Regulations of the Commissioners in force at the time.

No. 3.—To peruse and conduct the correspondence of the Board of Guardians according to their directions ; and to preserve the same, and all Orders of the Commissioners, and Letters received, together with copies of all Letters sent *by direction of the Guardians.*

No. 4.—To receive all requisitions of Guardians for Extraordinary Meetings, and to summon such Meetings accordingly, and to prepare, sign, and send all notices required to be given to the Guardians, by any Order of the Commissioners.

No. 5.—To keep, and punctually enter up, the Out-door Relief Register ; and at each ordinary Meeting of the Guardians, to produce such Out-door Relief Register, together with the Workhouse Register, for the examination, correction, or approval of the Guardians ; to submit the same, when so approved or corrected, to the Chairman for his signature, and thereupon to countersign the same.

No. 6. *To produce at each ordinary Meeting of the Guardians*

the Ledger Account of the Union, together with such other Accounts as he is required to keep, and also the Treasurer's Book of Receipts and Payments, and to submit the same to the Board of Guardians for their examination; such examination to be attested by the signature or initials of the presiding Chairman.

No. 7.—*Once at least in each fortnight, and, if the Guardians shall so require, once in each week, and at the hour, and on the day, not being the day of Meeting of the Guardians, which the Clerk shall appoint, to examine the Collecting Book, the Rate-Receipt Check Book, and Rate Receipt Abstracts, which shall then be produced to him by each Collector of Poor Rates appointed by the Guardians in the Union, and likewise the Treasurer's Receipts for all Lodgments made by such Collector since the last examination of his Accounts;* and in examining such Accounts, the Clerk shall compare each counterpart from which a receipt has been detached, with the corresponding entries in the Collecting Book and the Rate Receipt Abstract, and see that the sum for which the Receipt was issued has been duly brought to account in each of those Books; and he shall ascertain, and authenticate by his signature or initials, the correctness of the entries in those Books, as well as of the sums total carried forward into the Weekly Balance Sheet of Collector's Receipts and Lodgments.

No. 8.—*At the next Meeting of the Guardians, after every such examination of a Collector's Accounts,* to lay before the Board of Guardians a copy of the Weekly Balance Sheet of Collector's Receipts and Lodgments for each Electoral Division in the District of such Collector; *and in case any Collector shall neglect to attend for such examination, or fail to produce his Accounts as required, to record such omission on the Minutes of the Guardians at their next Meeting.*

No. 9.—*Previously to each ordinary Meeting of the Guardians, to examine the Accounts required to be kept by the Master of the Workhouse, or by the Assistant Master or other Officer appointed to keep the Accounts of any Auxiliary Workhouse or Fever Hospital in the Union; and also to examine the Clothing Accounts, the Medical Officer's Books, and the Out-door Relief List, and Weekly Receipt and Expenditure Book of each Relieving Officer in the Union; and to ascertain the correctness of the entries made in such Books, and to authenticate the same, if accurate, by his initials, and to report any inaccuracies which he may find in such Accounts to the Board of Guardians, and record such report on the Minutes of their proceedings.*

No. 10.—*To make up, and produce at each ordinary Meeting of the Board of Guardians, the Abstract of Out-door Relief Lists for the week then last concluded.*

No. 11.—*To prepare for signature by the Guardians all cheques lawfully drawn on the Treasurer of the Union, and all orders lawfully made on Contractors or other Tradesmen, and to record in the Minutes of proceedings of the Guardians the*

amount of each cheque on the Treasurer, and the name of the person in whose favour it has been drawn by the Guardians, and all orders given in favour of the Master of the Workhouse, and the Relieving Officers.

No. 12.—To communicate all orders and directions of the Commissioners, or of the Board of Guardians, to the Officers or other persons to whom they may be addressed; and so far as may be requisite, to give instructions for the prompt and correct execution of all such orders and directions, and to examine and report on such execution, or on any neglect or failure therein which may come to his knowledge.

No 13.—To prepare immediately after every ordinary Meeting of the Board of Guardians, a copy of the Minutes of such Meeting, and of every Meeting held since the last ordinary Meeting, and punctually to transmit the same to the Office of the Commissioners, or to the Inspector of the District, as he may be directed.

No. 14.—To prepare and transmit all answers or returns, as to any question or matter connected with, or relating to, the administration of the laws for the relief of the Poor in the Union, or to any other business of the Union, which the Commissioners, or any Inspector, may lawfully require from the Board of Guardians, or from himself.

No. 15.—To give such assistance as the Board of Guardians may properly require in making or copying any Valuation to be prepared or revised under lawful authority for the Assessment to the Relief of the Poor of Hereditaments within the said Union, and in making or copying the Rate to be made thereon.

No. 16.—From time to time, to provide, at the charge of the Union, all necessary rate books; and so far as he may be able, to fill up the same accurately, with the several particulars required by Law, in conformity with the Valuation in force at the time,; and to permit, at all reasonable times, any person affected by any Rate for the Relief of the Poor to inspect the *Rate Books and* Valuation on which such rate shall have been made, and to take copies or extracts therefrom, as provided by law.

No. 17.—To prepare all written Contracts and Agreements to be entered into by any parties with the Guardians, and to see that the same are duly executed; and to prepare all Bonds or other Securities to be given by any of the Officers of the Union, and to see that the same are duly executed by such Officers and their Sureties, and that they are, from time to time, renewed as occasion may require; *and in case of the failure of any such persons duly to complete such Bonds or Securities, to give notice to the Guardians, and record the fact on the Minutes of their proceedings.*

No. 18.—*Previously to the 29th of September in each year, to ascertain whether the number of Justices qualified under the first recited Act, to be Ex-officio Guardians in the Union and resident therein, does or does not equal the number of Elective*

Guardians eligible for the Union; and in case the number of such Justices exceeds or is less than the number of Elective Guardians, to take the necessary steps for the due selection or completion of the proper number of Ex-officio Guardians, according to the provisions of the law in that behalf, and according to any instructions that may have been, or may hereafter be, issued by the Commissioners for the purpose; and to furnish to the Commissioners from time to time, a List of the Ex-officio Guardians for each year. And if, in the preparation of such List, any question arises proper for the decision of a meeting of Justices to be held within fourteen days after the 29th of September in any year, in pursuance of the 24th Section of 1 & 2 Vic. c. 56, the Clerk shall give due notice in writing, to all Justices qualified to Act as Ex-officio Guardians resident in the Union, of the time and place appointed for them to meet for the purpose of deciding such question or appointing Ex-officio Guardians, if circumstances should render such appointment necessary.

No. 19.—To receive and preserve all Statements of Claim to vote in the Election of Guardians, and appointments of Proxies, made in pursuance of the 84th section of the said first-recited Act; and to enter the particulars of any such statements and appointments not already entered, into the Register Books of Statements and Claims directed to be provided for that purpose; and, if not appointed Returning Officer, to assist the said Officer, when appointed, in all matters relating to the Election of Guardians.

No. 20.—When appointed Returning Officer by the Commissioners, to conduct duly and impartially, and in strict conformity with the Regulations in force at the time, the annual or any other Election of Guardians.

No. 21.—To observe and execute all lawful orders and directions of the Board of Guardians applicable to his office.

DUTIES OF THE TREASURER.

Article XLVIII.—The duties of the Treasurer shall be:—

No. 1.—To receive all monies tendered to be paid to the Board of Guardians, and to place the same to their credit, and to give a receipt in the form *prescribed by the Commissioners*, to the Collectors of Rates, whenever any of them shall pay to the Treasurer money to the credit of the Board of Guardians.

No. 2.—To pay out of any monies for the time being in his hands belonging to the Board of Guardians, all orders for money which shall be drawn upon him, on behalf of such Guardians, and shall be signed by the presiding Chairman and two other of such Guardians, at a Meeting of the Board, and shall be countersigned by the Clerk, or the person for the time being acting as the Clerk, as and when the same shall be presented at the house or usual place of business of the Treasurer.

No. 3.—To keep in a Book to be provided for that purpose, entitled the Treasurer's Book of Receipts and Payments, an

account under the proper dates, of all monies received and paid respectively by him as such Treasurer, to be submitted to the Board of Guardians, at each ordinary Meeting.

No. 4.—To submit the above-mentioned account to the Auditor at the periods of Audit, duly notified, in pursuance of the Regulations of the Commissioners in force at the time.

DUTIES OF THE COLLECTORS OF RATES.

ARTICLE XLIX.—The following shall be the duties of the Collectors of Rates appointed by the Guardians, and also of any Collector of the County Cess, who, under the provisions of the said Act first-recited, shall levy the Rate made under the authority of the Acts for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, in the Union, or any part thereof.

No. 1.—From time to time to fill up and prepare a Collecting Book, or abstract of any Rate made for the District for which he is constituted or appointed Collector, or any part thereof; to fill up all receipts required to be given, and to keep all books required to be kept by the orders of the Commissioners, or other lawful authority, and make all returns which relate to the collection of the Rates for the relief of the Poor, within his District.

No. 2.—To collect, with due diligence, all monies payable on account of such Rates for the District for which he may be so constituted or appointed Collector, and to give receipts to all persons from whom he may receive any Rates *in the form prescribed by the Commissioners, which shall be supplied to him by the Clerk of the Union*, and to take all lawful and proper steps for enforcing the payment of any Rates not duly paid.

No. 3.—To give receipts for Poor Rates from the Receipt Check Books, as numbered and initialed and delivered to him by the Clerk of the Union, and to give no other receipts for Poor Rates whatever, on pain of dismissal from his Office, and prosecution for the penalties which he may incur by Statute for a breach of this regulation: and to issue such receipts in regular succession, and in the order of their respective numbers.

No. 4.—To pay over to the Treasurer of the Union, on account of the Board of Guardians, weekly, or oftener if required, and whenever the sum in his hands shall amount to £50, all monies collected by him, and to take a receipt from the said Treasurer for every such payment in the form *prescribed by the Commissioners.*

No. 5.—*To keep the Rate Receipt Check Books, and Rate Receipt Abstracts, in the form required by the Commissioners, and duly to fill up the entries required to be made therein, with regard to all sums collected by him.*

No. 6.—To attend the first Meeting of the Guardians, which shall be held in every month, with the several Books *which he is required to keep*, and to lay before them, in a book to be especially kept for the purpose, a summary of the state of his collection, together with the receipts of the Treasurer for all sums paid in during the preceding month.

No. 7.—To submit his Collecting Book, Rate Receipt Check Books, and Rate Receipt Abstracts, to the Clerk of the Union for examination, once at the least in every fortnight, and if the Guardians shall so require, once in every week, at the hour and on the day, not being the day of Meeting of the Guardians, which the Clerk shall appoint for that purpose; and at the same time to produce to the Clerk the Treasurer's Receipts for all Lodgments made by him since the last examination of his Accounts.

No. 8.—To return every receipt Check Book, from which all the receipts shall have been detached, to the Clerk of the Union forthwith.

No. 9.—To attend every Meeting of the Board of Guardians which he shall be specially required to attend.

No. 10.—To attend the Returning Officer on the days appointed for examining Nomination Papers and the Votes given at any Election of Guardians of the Union, with the Collecting Book, and to assist such Officer in examining the qualification of persons nominated for the office of Guardian, or making Nominations, and the validity of the Votes.

DUTIES OF THE OFFICERS OF THE WORKHOUSE.

Article L.—The Medical Officer, Master, Matron, Porter, Schoolmaster, and Schoolmistress, together with all Assistants appointed under this Order, shall perform all the duties set forth in any Order of the Commissioners in force at the time, regulating the management of the Workhouse of the Union, or prescribing in any way the duties of such Officers and Assistants as aforesaid.

DUTIES OF RELIEVING OFFICERS.

Article LI.—The duties of every Relieving Officer shall be—

No. 1.—To attend all ordinary Meetings of the Board of Guardians, and to attend all other Meetings when summoned by the Clerk.

No. 2.—To attend at such places in his District, at such times of the day, and on such days in the week, as the Board of Guardians shall, from time to time, direct, for the purpose of dispensing relief, and of receiving applications for relief.

No. 3.—To receive all applications for relief made to him within his District, and forthwith to examine into the circumstances of every case, by visiting the home of the applicant, and by making all necessary inquiries into the state of health, the ability to work, and the previous earnings and other means, of such applicant; and to report the result of such inquiries, in the prescribed form, entitled the Application and Report Book, to the Board of Guardians at their next ordinary Meeting.

No. 4.—In every case of sudden and urgent necessity, to afford such provisional relief to the destitute person as shall be requisite in the manner provided by law; that is to say, either by an order of admission to the Workhouse or Fever Hospital of the Union, provided there be room therein respectively, and by conveying any destitute poor person thereto, if necessary; or by affording such poor person

immediate and temporary relief in food, lodging, medicine, or medical attendance, until the next ordinary Meeting of the Board of Guardians.

No. 5.—To report to the Board of Guardians at their next ordinary Meeting, all cases in which he shall have given provisional relief, and the nature and cost of the relief so afforded, in the prescribed form, entitled the Application and Report Book; and to take the directions of the Board of Guardians regarding any further relief to be afforded in every case so reported.

No. 6.—Duly and punctually to dispense the weekly allowances of all poor persons belonging to his District; and to relieve all poor persons within his District, as directed by the Board of Guardians, and authorized by the signature and initials of the Chairman of the Meeting, in the columns provided for that purpose in the prescribed form, entitled the Application and Report Book.

No. 7.—To keep a separate, full, and true account of all sums and articles dispensed by him for or on account of the relief of each poor person in the District for which he shall be appointed to act, in the prescribed form, entitled the Out-door Relief List.

No. 8.—To keep a separate, full, and true account of all sums or articles received by him from the Board of Guardians, and expended or dispensed by him on the account of each Electoral Division in his District, or the Union at large, as the case may be, in the prescribed form, entitled the Weekly Receipt and Expenditure Book, and to balance the same weekly.

No. 9.—To present the prescribed Books of Accounts, severally entitled the Out-door Relief List, and Weekly Receipt and Expenditure Book, to the Clerk for his inspection and authentication, before every ordinary Meeting of the Board of Guardians, and to the Board of Guardians at such Meeting.

No. 10.—In no case to take credit in his Accounts, or enter as paid or given, any money or other articles which shall not have been paid or given previously to the taking of such credit, or the making of such entry.

No. 11.—To make out at the end of each half-year, Lists of all persons relieved at the charge of each Electoral Division, or the Union at large, in his District, in the form prescribed for that purpose, entitled List of Destitute Persons relieved out of the Workhouse; and to post, or cause to be posted, copies of the same in such public places as the Board of Guardians shall direct.

No. 12.—To submit to the Auditor of the Union all his Books, Accounts, and Vouchers at such place and time, and in such manner, as may be required by the Regulations of the Commissioners in force at the time.

No. 13.—To observe and execute all lawful orders and directions of the Board of Guardians applicable to his office.

DUTIES OF WARDEN.

Article LII.—Every Warden lawfully appointed by the Board of Guardians, in pursuance of the said recited Act, shall discharge the following duties with reference to the several Parishes, Townlands, or parts of Parishes for which he may have been so appointed:—

No. 1.—To attend the Board of Guardians at their Ordinary and Weekly Meetings whenever he may be so required; and so far as the said Guardians may lawfully require, to report to them on the state of the Poor within his Parish or District, on the increase or diminution of mendicancy therein, or on any other matters in relation to the condition of such Parish or District, on which the said Guardians may, from time to time, require information.

No. 2.—To collect and certify in writing to the Board of Guardians when required by them so to do, any information which he may be able to obtain respecting the fact or period of the residence of any applicant for relief, within the Parish or District for which he may act.

No. 3.—To receive all applications for admission into the Workhouse, which may be made to him, by or on behalf of any destitute poor persons usually resident, or being casually within any Parish or Townland comprised within his District, and to report to the Board of Guardians, at their weekly meeting, all such applications made to him during the preceding week, together with the particulars which, on examination into the merits of each case, he shall have been enabled to collect.

No. 4.—To provide, if necessary, for the conveyance of any destitute poor person, who may be unable, through old age, or infirmity of body or mind, to walk to the Workhouse, whom he shall have been directed to convey by the Board of Guardians.

DUTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE AUDIT OF ACCOUNTS.

Article LIII.—Every Officer acting under this Order, shall duly and punctually keep such books as may be prescribed in any Order of the Commissioners, in force at the time, for keeping and auditing the Accounts, and shall lay such Books, together with the vouchers and other necessary documents, before the Auditor, properly balanced and made up at the time fixed for the Audit or for any adjournment thereof; and every such Officer shall, when required so to do, furnish to the Auditor or to the Board of Guardians any abstract, statement, or explanation, verbally or in writing, respecting his Accounts and the items contained therein or the vouchers relating thereto.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS.

Article LIV.—Whenever in describing any person or party, matter or thing, the word importing the singular number or the

masculine gender only is used in this Order, the same shall be taken to include and shall be applied to several persons or parties as well as one person or party, and females as well as males, and several matters or things as well as one matter or thing, respectively, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction.

ARTICLE LV.—Whenever in this Order any Article is referred to by its number, the Article of this Order bearing that number shall be taken to be signified thereby.

FORM A.

To the Clerk to the Guardians of the——Union.

REQUISITION FOR AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF GUARDIANS.

We, the undersigned, being two of the Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union, do hereby require an Extraordinary Meeting of the Guardians of the said Union to be summoned, to be holden at——on——the——day of ——18—, at—o'clock in the forenoon, to take into consideration [*set out the motion.*]

Dated——of——185 .

——} *Guardians.*

FORM B.

NOTICE OF CLERK, CONVENING AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING OF GUARDIANS.

To *A. B.*, Guardian of the Poor of the——Union.

SIR,—*C. D.* and *E. F.* two of the Guardians of the Poor of the—— Union, have required that an Extraordinary Meeting of the Guardians of the Poor of the said Union, at——on——the——day of——18—, at—— o'clock in the forenoon, be summoned, to take into consideration [*set out the motion,*] and you are hereby requested to attend such Meeting, at the above-named time and place.

Dated——of——185–.

——*Clerk to the Guardians.*

FORM C.

NOTICE OF CHANGE OF PERIOD, TIME, OR PLACE OF MEETING.

To *A. B.*, Guardian of the Poor of the—— Union.

SIR,—You are hereby informed that the next Ordinary Meeting of the Guardians of the Poor of the——Union will take place at——on——the—— day of——18—, at——o'clock in the forenoon, for the transaction of business; and that Meetings of the said Guardians will henceforth be held [weekly *or otherwise, as the case may be*] at the same place, on——in every week at the same hour of——in the forenoon.

Dated——of——185–.

——*Clerk to the Guardians.*

FORM D.

NOTICE OF AN ADJOURNED MEETING OF GUARDIANS.

To *A. B.*, Guardian of the Poor of the——Union.

SIR,—This is to give you notice that an Adjourned Meeting of the Guardians of the Poor of the——Union will be held at——on——the—— day of——18—, to take into consideration [*set out the motion*], which Meeting you are hereby requested to attend.

Dated——of——185–.

——*Clerk to the Guardians.*

Schedule containing the Names of the Unions to which the present Order applies.

Abbeyleix
Antrim
Ardee
Armagh
Athlone
Athy
Bailieborough
Ballina
Ballinasloe
Ballinrobe
Ballycastle
Ballymahon
Ballymena
Ballymoney
Ballyshannon
Ballyvaghan
Balrothery
Baltinglass
Banbridge
Bandon
Bantry
Bawnboy
Belfast
Belmullet
Borrisokane
Boyle
Caherciveen
Callan
Carlow
Carrickmacross
Carrick-on-Shan.
Carrick-on-Suir
Cashel
Castlebar
Castleblayney
Castlecomer
Castlederg
Castlerea
Castletown
Castletowndelvin
Cavan
Celbridge
Claremorris
Clifden
Clogheen
Clogher
Clonakilty
Clones
Clonmel
Coleraine
Cookstown
Cootehill
Cork
Corrofin
Croom
Dingle
Donaghmore
Donegal
Downpatrick
Drogheda
Dromore West
Dublin, North
Dublin, South
Dundalk
Dunfanaghy
Dungannon
Dungarvan
Dunmanway
Dunshaughlin
Edenderry
Ennis
Enniscorthy
Enniskillen
Ennistymon
Fermoy
Galway
Glennamaddy
Glenties
Glin
Gorey
Gort
Gortin
Granard
Inishowen
Kanturk
Kells
Kenmare
Kilkeel
Kilkenny
Killadysert
Killala
Killarney
Kilmacthomas
Kilmallock
Kilrush
Kinsale
Larne
Letterkenny
Limerick
Lisburn
Lismore
Lisnaskea
Listowel
Londonderry
Longford
Loughrea
Lowtherstown
Lurgan
Macroom
Magherafelt
Mallow
Manorhamilton
Midleton
Milford
Millstreet
Mitchelstown
Mohill
Monaghan
Mount Bellew
Mountmellick
Mullingar
Naas
Navan
Nenagh
Newcastle
Newport
New Ross
Newry
Newtownards
N. Townlimavady
Oldcastle
Omagh
Oughterard
Parsonstown
Portumna
Rathdown
Rathdrum
Rathkeale
Roscommon
Roscrea
Scariff
Shillelagh
Skibbereen
Skull
Sligo
Strabane
Stranorlar
Strokestown
Swineford
Thomastown
Thurles
Tipperary
Tobercurry
Tralee
Trim
Tuam
Tulla
Tullamore
Urlingford
Waterford
Westport
Wexford
Youghal

Sealed with our Seal, this Nineteenth day of January, in the Year of our Lord One thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-two.

(Signed,) A. Power,
Wm. M. Somerville,
T. N. Redington,
John Ball,
J. McDonnell, M. D.

Clarendon,

I, George William Frederick, Earl of Clarendon, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By His Excellency's Command,

Wm. M. Somerville.

No. V.—Order of the 4th March, 1852, prescribing Regulations for the Guidance of the Governor and Medical Officers of the Hospitals of the Dublin House of Industry.

To the Governor of the Hospitals of the Dublin House of Industry; to the Physicians and Surgeons, Resident Pupils and Clinical Clerks thereof respectively; and to all others whom it may concern.

We, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, in exercise of the Powers vested in Us, by the Acts in force for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland, do hereby Order and Declare as follows:—

Article 1.—The Governor of the Hospitals of the House of Industry shall be responsible for the orderly and efficient management of the Hospitals, the due control of the several officers thereof, and the proper disbursement of the Funds appropriated by Parliament for the maintenance and support of the Institution; and to this end he shall have full and complete authority in all things over all the other officers, the pupils, the servants, and the inmates of the Hospitals, subject, nevertheless, to any direction which he may at any time receive from Us the said Commissioners, and subject, likewise, to the following regulations regarding the admission, discharge, maintenance, and treatment of the patients.

Article 2.—Patients shall be admitted into the Hospitals by a written Order of one of the Physicians or Surgeons, as the case may be, or by Resident Pupils and Clinical Clerks, under authority of the Physicians or Surgeons, and in no other manner.

Article 3.—Patients shall be discharged from the Hospitals by a written Order of one of the Physicians or Surgeons, as the case may be, or by Resident Pupils and Clinical Clerks, under authority of the Physicians or Surgeons, and in no other manner.

Article 4.—The dietaries of Patients in the Hospitals shall be in accordance with certain forms of dietary established for the several Classes of Patients by the Governor after consultation with the Physicians or Surgeons, as the case may be: provided that if at any time there shall be no suggestion or recommendation relating to the dietaries in which a majority of the Physicians or Surgeons, as the case may be, shall have concurred, and shall have signified such concurrence in writing, the dietaries shall be regulated by the Governor: provided also that if any suggestion or recommendation of a majority of the Physicians or Surgeons, shall be objected to by the Governor, he shall report the same, together with the grounds of his objection, to Us, the said Commissioners, for our decision thereon.

Article 5.—The Physicians or Surgeons shall respectively have authority to order such extra diet as they may think fit for any Patient under their care, and such extras shall at all times be allowed by the Governor, unless he shall consider the orders to be unreasonable, in which case he shall disallow them, or any part of them to which he shall object, and forthwith notify such disallowance, in

writing to the Physician or Surgeon in charge of the Patient, and record the fact of such disallowance and notice in a book to be kept for this and other purposes, to be entitled "The Governor's Order Book," together with his reasons for such disallowance, and report the same to Us, the said Commissioners, for our decision thereon.

Article 6.—All medicines, and medical and surgical appliances whatsoever, ordered by any Physician or Surgeon for the treatment of any patient under his care, shall be supplied without delay by the Apothecary of the Institution; and if at any time the Governor shall object to the use, or continuance of the use of any medicines, or to the purchase and supply of any medical or surgical appliance, he shall notify such objection in writing to the Physicians or Surgeons, as the case may be, and record the same in his Order Book, together with the grounds of his objection, and shall communicate the same to Us, the said Commissioners, for our decision thereon.

Article 7.—In making contracts for the supply of meat for the use of the patients and servants in the Hospitals, the Governor shall contract for such specific parts of the carcase as he deems suitable to the purpose for which they are required; and shall cause the meat to be examined and passed by the Steward or other officer deputed for the purpose, before its supply to any of the Hospitals.

Article 8.—The dietary of the servants of the Institution shall be exclusively under the direction of the Governor.

Article 9.—No post-mortem examination of a deceased patient shall take place, if it shall be objected to by any relative of the deceased who shall claim the body for the purpose of removing and burying it, unless such objection shall be withdrawn; and if the person so objecting shall apply to the Governor, the Governor shall give immediate information thereof to the Physician or Surgeon who had charge of the deceased patient, and shall desire the person so applying to confer with the Physician or Surgeon, as the case may be, and the Governor shall, on being satisfied that such objection no longer exists on the part of the person claiming the body, permit such post-mortem examination to be made.

Article 10.—A book, to be entitled the "Physician's Communication Book," shall be kept for the purpose of enabling every Physician to enter therein any observation which he may wish to address to the Governor on the subject of any existing arrangement, or any arrangement which it may be proposed to adopt, in reference to the care and treatment of patients in the Hospital; and the Governor shall, on reading any entry therein, subscribe his initials to such entry, and affix thereto the date of his so reading the same.

Article 11.—A similar book shall be kept for the use of the Surgeons of the Institution, and all entries therein shall be similarly subscribed by the Governor.

Article 12.—The Governor shall keep a book, to be entitled the "Governor's Order Book," in which he shall enter, from time to time, every order made by him, altering existing arrangements in the Hospitals, every order made by him in consequence of any requisition, suggestion, or observation, addressed to him by any Physician or Surgeon, and every special order given by him in con-

sequence of any occurrence in the Institution, which he shall consider to be of sufficient importance to be so recorded in the Order Book; and where the subject of such order bears allusion to any entry in the Physician's or Surgeon's Communication Book, reference shall be made to the date of such entry, or to the folio on which it shall have been entered; and the Physicians and Surgeons shall have access to the Governor's Order Book at all reasonable times.

Article 13.—All books and documents, and all articles of property whatsoever belonging to the Institution shall be deemed to be in the custody of the Governor; and no book, document, or article of property belonging to the Institution shall be at any time removed therefrom for any purpose by any Physician, Surgeon, or other officer or servant of the Institution, without the Governor's consent.

Sealed with our Seal, this Fourth day of March, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-two.

(Signed,) A. Power.
John Ball.
J. M^c^Donnell.

No. VI.—Order declaring the Balances found to be in favour of the Townlands in Listowel Union, on the Adjustments of their Liabilities at the time of the Alteration of the Boundaries of the Union.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the Listowel Union, and to all others whom it may concern.

Whereas, by a certain Order under our Seal, bearing date the Twenty-eighth day of March, 1850, We, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, did Order and Declare, that from and after the Thirtieth day of March then instant, certain Townlands should be separated from the Listowel Union, and that from and after the said date, the said Union should be divided into Thirty-two Electoral Divisions instead of Twenty-one, the number previously existing, and the limits of the Electoral Divisions of the said Union were thereby altered:

And whereas, by a subsequent Order bearing date the Twenty-third day of May, 1850, We did amend the said first-mentioned Order, in certain matters which, in the said Order of the Twenty-third day of May, 1850, are particularly set forth and declared:

And whereas in pursuance of the powers vested in Us in that behalf, We have ascertained the Liabilities of the several Electoral Divisions of the said Listowel Union as existing previously to the said Thirtieth day of March; and We have further ascertained the proportionate share of the said Liabilities to be borne by each of the several Townlands included in the Electoral Divisions of the said Union, and the amount of indemnification, if any, to which each such Townland is entitled for any loss or exchange of property occasioned by such alteration of boundaries as aforesaid:

And whereas We have compared the Debits against and the Credits in favour of such of the said Townlands as are now com-

prised in the said Listowel Union, including in such comparison the Debits and Credits to which such Townlands were respectively liable or entitled on the said Thirtieth day of March, as well as the proportionate shares of all Rates made on the Electoral Divisions in which such Townlands were respectively comprised before the said Thirtieth day of March, and collected between that date and the Eighth day of November, 1851:

And whereas from such comparison of the said Debits and Credits as aforesaid, the sums set forth in the Third Column of the Schedule hereunto annexed have been found to be the balances in favour of the Townlands opposite to the names of which they are respectively set.

Now therefore, We do hereby declare the sums set forth in the Third Column of the said Schedule to be the balances found as aforesaid in favour of the Townlands opposite to the names of which they are respectively set:

And for the purpose of indemnifying each such Townland for the balance due to it, We do hereby confirm the provisions made in that behalf in our General Order of the Eleventh day of December, 1851, and hereby authorize the same to be carried into effect in the next, and, if necessary, in any subsequent Rate to be made on the Electoral Divisions in the said Listowel Union:

And We do further Order and Direct, that from and after the making of a Rate in which, in pursuance of the provisions of the said last-mentioned Order, the poundage leviable on the rateable hereditaments in each Townland shall have been reduced by deducting from it the poundage of the sum standing to the credit of such Townland, the aggregate of the sums standing to the credit of the several Townlands included in each Electoral Division of the said Listowel Union, shall be transferred to the credit of such Electoral Division.

SCHEDULE.

Names of Townlands. 1	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland is now situated. 2	Balances In favour of Townland. 3	Balances Against Townland. 4	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland was formerly comprised. 5
		£ s. d.		
Ardagh,	Ardagh,	23 15 5¾		Drumkeen.
Ardoughter,		27 18 2¼		,,
Clashmelcon,		34 9 9¼		,,
Cloghane,		17 1 6		,,
Kilmore,		37 13 3		,,
Total,		140 18 2¼		
Astee, East,	Astee,	69 9 10¾		Ballylongford.
Astee, West,		45 15 9¾		,,
Ballynoneen,		24 15 9¼		,,
Carrigane,		1 8 5		,,
Cloonaman,		56 8 10¾		,,
Curraghderrig,		21 14 8¼		,,
Glenawillin,		17 2 4		,,
Kilcolman,		23 15 10¾		,,
Killelton,		26 17 10¾		,,

Names of Townlands. 1	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland is now situated. 2	Balances In favour of Townland. 3 £ s. d.	Balances Against Townland. 4	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland was formerly comprised. 5
Kylatallin,		9 6 1¼		Ballylongford.
Larha,		36 18 8		,,
Letter,		29 18 0½		,,
Sliss,		11 0 10¾		,,
Total,		374 13 3		
Aghacoora,	Ballincloher,	6 7 1½		Kiltomy.
Ballincloher,		11 8 4¾		,,
Ballincloher, East,		2 17 7¾		,,
Ballincloher, West,		5 7 6¼		,,
Ballyreehan, West,		4 15 1¾		Kilfeigny. [tomy.
Cloonsillagh,		3 8 5½		Kilfeigny and Kil-
Derryvrin,		3 5 5¾		Kiltomy.
Garrynagore,		8 19 11¼		,,
Gortadrislig,		4 18 8¼		,,
Granshagh,		7 16 4		,,
Killaspicktarvin,		7 3 10¾		,,
Tullacrimeen,		4 6 3		,,
Total,		70 14 10		
Ahascra,	Ballinconry,	3 3 4½		Lisselton.
Ballyconry,		4 6 0¾		,,
Ballydonohoe,		15 7 6		Gunsborough.
Gortagurrane, East,		2 5 1¾		Lisselton.
Gortagurrane, West,		2 3 0½		,,
Islandsack,		0 7 5		,,
Moybella, North,		9 15 5		,,
Moybella, South,		6 13 2½		,,
Mweevoo,		2 9 1½		,,
Mweevuck,		3 16 10		,,
Toohana,		1 14 7½		,,
Total,		52 1 9		
Ayle,	Ballyduff,	2 16 2¾		Rattoo.
Ardcullen,		11 18 11½		,,
Ardcullen Marshes,		4 12 5¾		,,
Ballyhorgan,		13 3 4		,,
Ballyhorgan Marshes,		10 10 8½		,,
Benmore,		10 1 7¾		,,
Bishopscourt, North,		6 8 4¾		,,
Bishopscourt, South,		5 7 0½		,,
Derryco,		6 4 8		,,
Derryrabeg,		1 10 0¼		Drumkeen.
Derryramore,		1 4 9½		,,
Farranedmond,		0 9 5¾		Rattoo.
Knocknacree,		3 19 9¾		,,
Knoppoge, North,		6 16 9½		,,
Knoppoge, South,		5 9 0		,,
Knoppoge,		14 18 3		Drumkeen.
Lacka, East,		1 12 10¼		Rattoo.
Lacka, West,		4 12 9¾		,,
Leagh,		0 2 9¼		,,
Leagh Marshes,		2 11 5¾		,,
Sheep Walk,		4 6 8¾		,,
One Island,				,,
Total,		118 18 3		

Names of Townlands. 1	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland is now situated. 2	Balances In favour of Townland. 3	Balances Against Townland. 4	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland was formerly comprised. 5
		£ s. d.		
Ballyegan,	Ballyegan,	6 19 1½		Gunsborough.
Ballyouneen,		9 13 7		,,
Dromalught,		3 3 7¼		,,
Killarida,		6 0 1½		,,
Kilteean,		4 0 8½		,,
Total,		29 17 1½		
Ballintogher,	Ballyhorgan,	7 16 9¾		Kiltomy.
Ballyhennessy,		10 7 2¼		,,
Ballyhorgan, East,		14 17 1½		,,
Ballyhorgan, South,		4 12 2¾		,,
Ballyhorgan, West,		6 11 5¾		,,
Clooncolla,		8 2 0		,,
Cloondouglas,		6 16 2		Kilfeigny.
Irramore,		11 11 1		,,
Kilshenane,		4 0 7¾		Kilshinane.
Knockaunacurraheen,		1 6 6¼		Kiltomy.
Knockburrane,		8 9 4¾		Kilfeigny.
Knockreagh,		1 19 6¼		,,
Knockreagh,		4 1 1½		Kilshinane.
Lissahane,		6 11 11		Kilfeigny.
Muckenagh,		7 18 8½		,,
Total,		105 1 10¾		
Aghanagran, Lower,	Carrig,	20 4 10¼		Ballylongford.
Aghanagran, Middle,		46 18 11½		,,
Aghanagran, Upper,		20 10 8		,,
Carrigafoyle,		27 11 1¼		,,
Carrig Island,		26 5 7		,,
Gortard,		8 3 4¼		,,
Martara,		8 1 11¼		,,
Rusheen,		21 14 11½		,,
Rusheen Park,		5 13 7¾		,,
One Island,				,,
Total,		185 5 0¾		
Cloonmackon,	Cloontubbrid,	5 9 7¾		Listowel.
Cloontubbrid, North,		5 7 9		,,
Cloontubbrid, South,		8 19 2½		,,
Coolaclarig,		18 17 7¾		,,
Derry,		8 6 5½		,,
Kylebwee,		12 8 3½		,,
Meen,		11 1 11¼		,,
Total,		70 10 11¼		
Ballyline, East,	Lislaughtin,	61 17 3¼		Ballylongford.
Ballyline, West,		16 12 5		,,
Ballymacasy,		68 13 0¾		,,
Bunnaruddee,		12 2 2¼		,,
Coolnagraigue,		12 2 11		,,
Dromalivaun,		8 10 5½		,,
Gurteenacloona,		11 15 10		,,
Leanamore,		31 7 6		,,
Lislaughtin,		65 15 9¾		,,
Shrone,		3 8 2¼		,,
Total,		292 5 7¾		

Names of Townlands. 1	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland is now situated. 2	Balances In favour of Townland. 3	Balances Against Townland. 4	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland was formerly comprised. 5
		£ s. d.		
Ballincrossig,	Causeway,	13 1 6¼		Rattoo.
Ballinglana,		25 19 5		Drumkeen.
Clooneen,		4 7 5½		Killahan.
Dromkeen, East,		52 8 10		Drumkeen.
Dromkeen, West,		26 14 7¼		,,
Dromroe,		2 15 6¾		Rattoo.
Farran,		5 19 1¼		Drumkeen.
Total,		131 6 6		
Addergown,	Drommartin,	11 11 2		Rattoo.
Ballinbranhig,		9 16 7		,,
Cloonlogher,		3 5 0½		,,
Clooneagh,		1 5 9		,,
Corbally,		7 4 7¾		,,
Drommartin,		12 6 6½		,,
Dysert Marshes,		3 10 5½		,,
Glenerdalliv,		12 19 3¼		,,
Knockananore,		4 1 7¾		,,
Knockavaghig,		2 9 1¼		,,
Knockercreeveen,		7 19 2½		,,
Lisnagoneeny,		8 14 1½		,,
Rahealy,		8 5 0½		,,
Rattoo,		26 1 8		,,
Sleveen,		14 6 7		,,
Slievawaddra,		2 3 6		,,
Tullaghna,		15 1 1¾		,,
Total,		151 1 5¾		
Coolvackagh,	Duagh,	1 11 2		Duagh.
Duagh,		7 19 0¾		,,
Foildarrig,		7 4 4¼		,,
Islandboy,		3 11 2		,,
Islandboy, West,		0 3 6¼		,,
Kilcarrabeg,		7 15 4½		,,
Kilcarramore,		5 14 6¼		,,
Knockaderreen,		6 5 4		,,
Knockundervaul,		6 2 6		,,
Knockavallig,		4 19 9		,,
Lisroe,		4 10 7½		,,
Lybes,		2 1 1½		,,
Scrahan,		5 3 0½		,,
Total,		63 1 6½		
Affouley,	Gunsborough,	1 18 8¾		Gunsborough.
Carhoonaknock, East,		1 8 0¼		,,
Carhoonaknock, West,		1 5 11½		,,
Coolard,		7 12 7¼		,,
Coolbeha,		2 9 0		,,
Derra, West,		1 8 3		,,
Garryard,		4 10 8		,,
Glouria,		8 11 8		,,
Inch, East,		4 5 7½		,,
Inch Moor,		1 14 7		,,
Inch, West,		2 2 4½		,,
Knockenagh, North,		6 16 9¼		,,
Knockenagh, South,		3 1 1¼		,,
Shrone, Middle,		1 8 9¾		,,
Shrone, West,		1 14 7		,,
Total,		50 8 8½		

Names of Townlands. 1	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland is now situated. 2	Balances In favour of Townland. £ s. d. 3	Balances Against Townland. 4	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland was formerly comprised. 5
Acres,	Beal,	21 18 8½		Kilconly.
Beal, East,		23 7 7¾		,,
Beal, Middle,		6 16 8½		,,
Beal, West,		6 11 4½		,,
Castle Quarter,		10 12 3¼		,,
Corcas and Sandhills,		0 14 7¼		,,
Kilconly, North,		4 17 9½		,,
Kilconly, South,		7 8 0		,,
Total,		82 7 1¼		
Bromore, East,	Gullane,	2 13 2¼		Kilconly.
Bromore, West,		8 14 3½		,,
Derra,		9 17 1¾		,,
Drom,		2 16 10½		,,
Faha,		8 13 7½		,,
Gullane, East,		11 8 2		,,
Gullane, Middle,		5 14 1		,,
Gullane, West,		3 19 10		,,
Leansaghane,		5 14 5		,,
Rahavanig,		4 14 5½		,,
Trippul, East,		5 12 7¾		,,
Trippul, West,		5 5 3½		,,
Tullabeg,		5 10 9		,,
Tullamore,		5 8 4		,,
One Island,				,,
Total,		86 3 0¾		
Ballincraheen,	Kilfeighny,	1 3 4¾		Kiltomy.
Ballyconnell,		1 10 4¾		Kilflyn.
Ballygarrett,		3 4 11¾		Kilfeigny.
Ballyreehan, East,		0 2 4½		,,
Banemore,		9 2 11¾		,,
Braumaddra,		4 15 6		Kilshinane.
Castletown,		3 1 1½		Kilflyn.
Cloghanenagleragh,		1 12 7¾		Kilfeigny.
Crotta,		0 9 9½		Kilflyn. [tomy.
Crotta,		12 2 5		Kilfeigny and Kil-
Drommakee,		5 0 6½		Kiltomy.
Glanoe,		4 3 9¾		Kilfeigny.
Gortacloghane,		9 8 2		Kilshinane.
Kilfeighny, North,		7 15 7½		Kilfeigny.
Kilfeighny, South,		7 0 9		,,
Knockaclare,		3 0 1½		Kilshinane.
Knocknakilly,		3 6 7½		Kilfeigny.
Leampreaghane,		5 12 11¼		,,
Pallas,		14 14 3		,,
Tullig,		14 6 7½		,,
Total,		111 15 1		
Ahimma,	Killehenny,	11 17 5½		Killahinny.
Ballybunnion,		92 0 1		,,
Ballyeagh,		52 2 10		,,
Barnadarrig,		15 7 4¼		,,
Doon, East,		31 10 6¼		,,
Doon, West,		25 17 3½		,,
Dromin,		33 10 7¼		,,
Farranpierce,		27 3 0½		,,
Gortnaskeha,		71 5 5½		,,
Gortnaskeha Commons,		8 6 7½		,,

Names of Townlands. 1	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland is now situated. 2	Balances In favour of Townland. £ s. d. 3	Against Townland. 4	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland was formerly comprised. 5
Islandsack, Little,		0 3 8¼		Lisselton.
Killehenny,		27 8 6		Killahinny.
Kilmulhane,		20 0 10		,,
Lahardane,		36 18 9		,,
Moohane,		10 10 8½		,,
Rahoonagh,		23 12 1½		,,
Two Islands,				,,
Total,		487 15 10½		
Ballinclemesig,	Killury,	13 3 3½		Drumkeen.
Ballynaskreena,		6 4 3		,,
Ballynoe,		13 9 7¾		,,
Castleshannon,		9 9 8		,,
Cleanderry,		18 17 10½		,,
Dromnacarra,		16 1 0½		,,
Feeans,		17 16 0¼		,,
Lisduff,		5 18 5		,,
Lissycurrig,		13 11 1¼		,,
Meenogahane,		23 17 4½		,,
Rathmorrel,		11 0 6¾		,,
Three Islands,				,,
Total,		154 9 3		
Bunagarha,	Kilmeany,	19 19 2¾		Listowel.
Carhoocaragh,		25 19 1¼		Knockanure.
Kilmeany,		24 9 1½		,,
Kingsland,		2 8 0¾		,,
Knocknacaheragh,		3 10 6		,,
Lacka, East,		3 9 5¼		,,
Pilgrim Hill,		9 4 2½		,,
Rathoran,		6 7 3		,,
Rea,		3 14 8¾		,,
Shronebeirne,		6 0 3		,,
Sluice Quarter,		7 9 5¾		,,
Shanacool,		3 0 11¾		,,
Trien,		3 7 6½		,,
Total,		118 19 10½		
Carrigcannon,	Kilshenane,	2 6 9		Kilfeigny.
Cloghboola,		1 10 2¼		Kilshinane.
Dromaddabeg,		1 8 9¼		,,
Dromaddamore,		3 15 11¼		,,
Glantaunyalkeen,		1 17 11½		,,
Glashanacree,		1 6 7¾		,,
Glashananoon,		3 3 10¾		,,
Knocknaglogh,		4 16 11		,,
Lyracrumpane,		2 5 8		Kilfeigny.
Total,		22 12 8¾		
Aghabeg, East,	Kiltomy,	8 17 8		Kiltomy.
Aghabeg, Middle,		3 8 8½		,,
Aghabeg, West,		3 5 8½		,,
Ballinvoher,		2 7 5¼		,,
Ballynagare,		14 16 5		,,
Curraghcroneen,		12 2 10¼		,,
Dysert,		4 12 1½		,,
Kiltomy,		6 8 1¾		,,
Muckenagh,		8 13 0¾		,,
Total,		64 12 1		

Names of Townlands. 1	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland is now situated. 2	Balances In favour of Townland. 3	Balances Against Townland. 4	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland was formerly comprised. 5
		£ s. d.		
Farranastack,	Lisselton,	4 1 5½		Lisselton.
Guhard, North,		4 13 4		,,
Guhard, South,		6 0 6		,,
Kilcock, Lower,		1 12 6		,,
Kilcock, Upper,		2 19 5¾		,,
Kilgarvan,		11 5 4		,,
Lyre,		4 0 6½		,,
Tullahennel, North,		37 4 7½		Ballylongford.
Tullahennel, South,		25 8 0		,,
Total,		97 5 9¼		
Ballaghadigue,	Listowel,	8 3 0¼		Listowel.
Ballygowloge,		21 12 6¼		,,
Ballygrenane,		16 10 3¼		,,
Ballinruddery,		11 6 11¼		,,
Bedford,		19 5 10¾		Gunsborough.
Billeragh,		13 5 2		Kilshinane.
Clievragh,		13 5 8		Listowel.
Coolatoosane,		4 6 0		,,
Coolnalaght,		1 9 11¾		Gunsborough.
Coolnaleen, Lower,		5 5 2		Kilshinane.
Coolnaleen, Upper,		5 4 2¾		,,
Curraghatoosane,		8 16 8¾		Listowel.
Derra, East,		1 0 9¾		Gunsborough.
Dromin,		13 13 6½		Listowel.
Dromin, Lower,		5 2 11		,,
Dromin, Upper,		9 14 3		,,
Garrantavally,		34 11 3½		,,
Gortcurreen,		13 17 1¾		,,
Grogeen,		14 19 10¾		,,
Islandganniv, North,		0 15 9¾		,,
Islandganniv, South,		7 17 0¼		,,
Islandmacloughry,		10 13 0¾		,,
Kilcreen,		3 6 7		,,
Knockamoohane,		9 15 10½		,,
Knockanasig,		0 7 2½		,,
Knockane,		20 11 2½		,,
Listowel,		115 8 1¾		,,
Shrone, East,		3 17 0¼		Gunsborough.
Skehanierin (Egan),		5 11 0¼		Listowel.
Skehanierin (Stokes),		5 1 9¾		,,
Skehanierin, Lower,		6 3 2¼		,,
Total,		410 19 4¾		
Bawnachaulig,	Ennismore,	4 3 2¾		Listowel.
Bealkelly,		10 9 8¾		,,
Beennameelane,		3 16 6¾		,,
Coolagowan,		6 13 2		,,
Dromclogh,		10 10 0¾		Kilshinane.
Dromloughra,		10 13 10¾		Listowel.
Drommurrin,		6 15 5½		Gunsborough.
Ennismore,		17 0 5		Listowel.
Finuge,		32 14 4½		,,
Gortacrossane,		9 9 9¼		,,
Gortnaminsha,		9 9 9¼		,,
Killacrim,		9 0 4		,,
Poulnahaha,		5 8 9		,,
Scartleigh,		4 14 0½		,,
Total,		140 19 6½		

Names of Townlands. 1	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland is now situated. 2	Balances In favour of Townland. 3	Balances Against Townland. 4	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland was formerly comprised. 5
		£ s. d.		
Ballynageragh,	Lixnaw,	11 16 4½		Kiltomy.
Clogher,		11 4 11¼		,,
Coolaruane,		2 16 8¾		,,
Cunnagare,		7 1 4¼		,,
Deerpark,		9 17 9		,,
Farrandeen,		1 19 8		,,
Gortaneare, Kiltomy Parish,		2 0 11		,,
Gortaneare, Kilcarah Parish,		5 15 0¾		,,
Irrabeg,		7 10 4¼		,,
Liscullane, Kiltomy Parish,		8 13 10¼		,,
Liscullane, Kilcarah Parish,		9 9 6½		,,
Lixnaw,		8 15 4¾		,,
Monument,		5 7 9¼		,,
Total,		92 9 8¼		
Ballymacjordan,	Moynsha,	6 15 7½		Duagh.
Ballynagraigue,		7 6 2¾		,,
Ballynamuddagh,		6 1 6½		,,
Coolaneelig,		9 8 11½		,,
Craggane,		4 19 10¼		,,
Curraghatouk,		4 13 1½		,,
Derk,		3 14 8¼		,,
Dromlegagh,		2 2 4¼		,,
Dromlegagh Demesne,		2 5 7½		,,
Foil,		1 7 1		,,
Islandboy, East,		2 11 7½		,,
Knockaneroe,		2 14 0½		,,
Knockmeal,		5 10 0¼		,,
Knocknacrohy,		2 5 7¼		,,
Meennahorna,		4 4 1¼		,,
Meenscovane,		5 17 3½		,,
Moynsha,		3 15 5¼		,,
Rylane,		4 13 9½		,,
Shanafona,		3 4 1		,,
Shanbally,		3 16 5¼		,,
Total,		87 7 6¼		
Ahalahana,	Newtownsandes,	17 17 11		Newtownsandes.
Beennanaspuck,		2 10 11		Knockanure.
Cloonbrane,		10 12 11½		Newtownsandes.
Cloonprohus,		6 0 4¾		,,
Cuss,		4 11 1		,,
Drommurhur,		8 3 9¾		,,
Gortdromagownagh,		29 15 0¼		Knockanure.
Gortdromasillahy,		25 14 3¾		Newtownsandes.
Kealid,		16 17 8		Knockanure.
Kilbaha, North,		12 3 6¼		Newtownsandes.
Kilbaha, Middle,		10 15 4		,,
Kilbaha, South,		10 2 4½		,,
Kilbaha, West,		7 5 10¼		,,
Lissaniska,		11 7 10¾		Knockanure.
Moyvane, North,		11 2 11		Newtownsandes.
Moyvane, South,		32 9 0¼		,,
Murher,		22 8 11¾		,,
Toberatooreen,		16 8 9¾		,,
Total,		256 8 8¾		

Names of Townlands. 1	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland is now situated. 2	Balances In favour of Townland. £ s. d. 3	Balances Against Townland. 4	Name of Electoral Division in which the Townland was formerly comprised. 5
Ballyduhig,	Rathea,	10 9 5¾		Kilshinane.
Bcheens, East,		4 3 11¼		,,
Beheens, West,		7 12 6¾		,,
Derrindaff,		16 18 9½		Duagh.
Furhane,		6 16 9¾		Kilshinane.
Glenaderhig,		2 10 2¾		,,
Mountcoal,		10 15 4¾		,,
Moyassa,		11 2 3¼		Listowel.
Rathea,		18 3 5¾		Kilshinane.
Toornageehy,		8 16 9½		,,
Total,		97 9 9		
Ardydonagan,	Trienearagh,	3 4 11		Duagh.
Ballygarret,		2 18 10¾		,,
Bunglasha,		1 18 3½		,,
Gortanimerisk,		1 12 7		,,
Inchymagilleragh, E.		1 0 0½		,,
Inchymagilleragh, W.		3 19 4		,,
Knockalougha,		5 14 4½		,,
Knockaunbrack,		2 1 4¼		,,
Knockaunnanoon,		1 17 4		,,
Lacka, West,		7 11 1½		,,
Meenanare,		4 7 8		,,
Muingwee,		0 11 0¼		,,
Patch,		3 0 10¾		,,
Toor,		4 11 7½		,,
Tooreen,		1 18 9¼		,,
Trieneragh,		40 10 7		,,
Total,		86 18 9¾		
Coolkeragh,	Shronowen,	14 6 2¾		Gunsborough.
Drombeg,		5 3 9¼		,,
Pollagh,		4 16 1½		,,
Tullamore,		17 6 11½		,,
Total,		41 13 1		
Ballingowan,	Urlee,	3 8 4		Lisselton.
Ballyloughran,		2 12 1		,,
Barraduff,		3 2 0¾		,,
Blackparks,		0 12 2¼		,,
Carraghweesha,		4 3 8		,,
Dunferris,		2 8 1½		,,
Killomeerhoe,		1 12 4		,,
Lackaboy,		4 2 0¼		,,
Lacka, East,		2 8 10½		,,
Lacka, West,		2 3 2½		,,
Lahesheragh, North,		3 7 7¼		,,
Lahesheragh, South,		3 15 7½		,,
Lisladraun,		1 6 2¾		,,
Loughanes,		8 11 0½		,,
Rathroe,		2 14 3¾		,,
Urlee,		3 9 9¾		,,
Total,		49 17 6¼		

Sealed with our Seal, this Nineteenth day of May, in the Year of our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-two.

(Signed,) John Ball.
J. McDonnell, M.D.

No. VII.—General Order of the 26th January, 1852, for Regulating the Election of Guardians.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the several Unions named in the Schedule hereunto annexed ; to the Returning Officer, and other Officers, in each of the said Unions respectively ; and to all other Persons whom it may concern.

Whereas the Poor Law Commissioners did heretofore, by Orders under their Seal, issue Rules and Regulations for conducting the Annual Election of Guardians of the Poor, in certain of the Unions mentioned in the Schedule hereunto annexed ; and did prescribe the mode and times for conducting the Election of Guardians in each of such Unions. And whereas the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, did, by a General Order dated the 27th of January, 1848, alter the dates on which the several proceedings for the Annual Election of Guardians had been, by the said Orders, directed to be taken in such Unions ; and have issued Orders for regulating the Annual Election of Guardians in the other Unions named in the said Schedule. And whereas We, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, deem it expedient to alter the Rules and Regulations contained in the said Orders for the conduct of Elections of Guardians, and to make further provision in that behalf.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the Powers vested in Us, We do hereby rescind so much of every such Order for Regulating the Annual Election of Guardians heretofore issued by the said Commissioners to any of the several Unions named in the Schedule hereunto annexed, as is in any way affected or altered by the Regulations herein contained, except so far as any past Election is concerned.

And We do hereby Order, Direct, and Declare, with respect to future Annual Elections in each and every of the Unions named in the said Schedule, as follows :—

Article 1.—The duties herein directed to be performed by the Returning Officer, and all other duties suitable to his Office, which it may be requisite for him to perform in conducting and completing the Election of Guardians from time to time in each of the Unions named in the Schedule hereunto annexed, shall be performed by the person already or hereafter appointed for the purpose by any Order of the Commissioners in force for the time being in such Union, and required or directed by such Order to perform the same : or by any person duly appointed to perform such duties in case of vacancy in the office of Returning Officer, or of his being prevented by sickness, accident, or other sufficient cause, from the performance of his duties.

Article 2.—The Police Force employed in the Union are hereby appointed to be Assistants to the Returning Officer for posting the Notice of Election, and for distributing and collecting Voting Papers where necessary, as hereinafter directed. Provided always, that if in any case the services of the Police Force should not be available or sufficient for the purpose, the Returning Officer shall, on receiving information thereof, appoint a competent number of fit and proper

persons to act as his Assistants instead of the Police, so far as shall duly appear to be necessary.

Article 3.—The respective Collectors of Poor Rates in each Union are hereby appointed to be Assistants to the Returning Officer for the purposes hereinafter specified; and shall attend the Returning Officer on the days appointed for examining Nomination Papers and the Votes given at any Election of Guardians of the Union, bringing with them their respective Collecting Books, and shall assist such Officer in examining the Qualification of persons nominated for the office of Guardian or making Nominations, and the validity of the Votes.

Article 4.—Persons liable to pay or contribute Rate in respect of any property not in their actual occupation, or in respect of any interest equivalent to Profit-rent arising out of property occupied by them, may, in making Statements of their Claim to Vote, follow the Form A 1, or A 2, hereunto annexed, as the case may require; but any Statement which contains the particulars required by the 1st and 2nd Vic., c. 56, section 84, will be sufficient.

Article 5.—Rate-payers in appointing Proxies, and Proxies in making Statements of their claims to Vote, may follow the Forms marked B 1 and B 2, hereunto annexed; but any Statement which contains the particulars required by the 1st and 2nd Vic. c. 56, section 84, will be sufficient.

Article 6.—All such Statements of Rate-payers claiming to Vote, and appointments and Statements of Proxies, shall be registered in Books to be kept for the purpose according to the Forms annexed to this Order, and marked C 1, C 2, or C 3, respectively, as the case may require; and the Clerk shall enter in such Books all such Statements and Appointments as may be given to the Guardians; and the Returning Officer shall Register therein all such Statements and Appointments received by him, and shall afterwards deposit the original Statements and Appointments with the Clerk, who shall carefully preserve all such Statements and Appointments as are received by him, together with the Registers thereof.

Article 7.—The Guardians and their Clerk shall permit the Returning Officer to have access, for the purposes of the Election of Guardians, at all reasonable times, to the Rates made for each Electoral Division of the Union, and to the Registers of Statements and Appointments heretofore required to be made, and hereinbefore required to be kept.

Article 8.—The Returning Officer, between the time of the receipt of this Order and the next Election of Guardians, and from time to time thereafter as occasion may arise, shall revise, amend, and perfect the several Registries of Claims, C 1, C 2, and C 3; and to this end, if he shall have reasonable cause to doubt the correctness of any claim to Vote, made by any person in respect of Rent received and retained by such person, he shall require such person to produce evidence of the amount of such Rent, to his satisfaction: and where such evidence shall have been given, he shall amend or affirm the entry of Net Annual Value of such Rent in the Register, according to his judgment; and shall record the same by a memoran-

dum on the margin of the Register, dated and signed, making reference therein to the documents upon which his opinion is founded; and in every case in which evidence of the amount of the Rent shall not have been produced to his satisfaction, or in which he shall be satisfied that the claim to Vote is fictitious, or otherwise invalid, he shall record the fact, together with his opinion thereon, in like manner, as is above directed, by a memorandum on the margin of the Register, dated and signed, making reference therein to the documents, if any, on which his opinion is founded.

Article 9.—The Returning Officer shall, on the 25th day of February in every year, issue a Notice, according to the Form marked D, hereunto annexed; and shall cause Copies thereof to be posted at, on, or near the principal entrance of every Church and other house of Worship, and at every Court House, Police Station, Market House, and other usual place for posting Public Notices, in the Union. He shall, moreover, transmit by Post, at the charge of the Union, a Copy of the Notice to each of the Justices of the Peace resident therein, and to each of the Justices qualified to be *ex-officio* Guardians of the Union.

Article 10.—Any person entitled, at the time of Nomination, to Vote in any Electoral Division of the Union, or in any Ward of an Electoral Division, may propose in the manner following, for the office of Guardian of such Division or Ward, himself, if legally qualified, or any other person or persons (not exceeding the number of Guardians to be elected for such Division or Ward), legally qualified to be elected for that office.

Article 11.—Every Nomination shall be in writing in the Form marked E 1, or E 2, hereunto annexed, as the case may be, and shall be signed by the Rate-payer nominating, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer, at such place as he shall appoint, or to such person as he may appoint to receive it, on any day from the date of the said Notice until the 4th day of March, both inclusive; but no Nomination delivered to the Returning Officer before the issue of such Notice, or after the hour of five o'clock in the afternoon of the said 4th day of March, shall be valid.

Article 12.—The Returning Officer shall carefully preserve all Nomination Papers received by him; and on the receipt of each shall mark thereon a number and date, according to the order and time of receipt of the same. He shall also compare each Nomination Paper with the Rate Book, or with the Registers of Statements and Appointments required to be kept; and, assisted by the respective Collectors with their Collecting Books, shall ascertain whether the several persons named in each Nomination Paper are in all respects duly qualified to nominate or be elected for the Office of Guardian respectively.

Article 13.—If any person put in nomination for the Office of Guardian, shall, at any time previous to the preparation or signature of the List of Candidates as hereinafter directed, die or tender to the Officer conducting the Election of Guardians, his Refusal, in writing, to serve such Office, the Returning Officer shall omit or strike out the name of such person from the List of Candidates.

Article 14.—The Returning Officer shall prepare and sign a List according to the Form marked F, hereunto annexed, of the several qualified Candidates duly nominated as aforesaid, and whose names have not been omitted or struck out under Article 13 up to the 8th of March, containing the names and residences of the Rate-payer or Rate-payers by whom they shall respectively have been proposed; but it shall not be necessary in any case to name in the List or in the Voting Papers hereinafter mentioned more than one Rate-payer as proposer of any Candidate.

Article 15.—The Returning Officer shall forward a Copy of such List on the 8th day of March to the said Commissioners; and shall cause a Copy thereof to be laid before the Board of Guardians by the Clerk of the Union, at their first Meeting after the List is so completed and forwarded: and the Guardians for the Electoral Divisions and Wards of the Union shall be chosen from the Candidates, being duly nominated and qualified, whose names are contained in such List.

Article 16.—If the Candidates for an Electoral Division or Ward shall not exceed the number of Guardians to be elected for the Division or Ward, such Candidates (excepting those who may in writing decline to act) shall be deemed to be the Elected Guardians for such Division or Ward, and shall be certified as such in the Return to be made by the Returning Officer, as hereinafter provided.

Article 17.—When the number of qualified Candidates duly nominated for any Electoral Division or Ward, shall exceed the number of Guardians to be elected for any such Division or Ward, the Returning Officer shall thereupon forthwith prepare Lists according to the annexed forms G 1 and G 2, of the Rate-payers of such Division or Ward, and of Proxies appointed; in which Lists, the several particulars specified in such forms shall be so stated, as to show the total annual value of the several parcels of rateable property occupied by the same Rate-payer, or in respect of which the same Rate-payer shall have made a valid claim to vote, in such Electoral Division or Ward; also the total amount of Net Rents, or of Tithe Rent-charges, set forth in Statements received, or in Appointments of Proxies, following the latest decision of any Returning Officer for the time being, in every case which shall have been dealt with under the provisions of Article 8: and the list of Rate-payers making such Statements, and of Proxies, shall be made up to one calendar month preceding the first day herein appointed for collecting Votes.

Article 18.—If at any time after the preparation and signature of the List of Candidates, and before the issue of Voting Papers as hereinafter directed, any of the persons put in Nomination shall tender to the Officer conducting the Election of Guardians, his or their refusal in writing to serve the office of Guardian, whereby the number of Candidates for any Electoral Division or Ward shall be reduced to or below the number of Guardians to be elected, then the remaining Candidates for such Division or Ward shall be certified, in the Return to be made as hereinafter provided, as Guardians,

and it will not be necessary to issue Voting Papers in any such case: but where the number of Candidates shall still exceed the number of Guardians to be elected, the Returning Officer shall cause Voting Papers in the form H 1, or H 2, as the case may require, to be printed for such Divisions or Wards; and he shall prepare Lists of the Voters for whom Papers are to be left by the persons who shall be employed to distribute them, in which Lists shall be stated the number of each Paper, and the name of the place at which it is to be left: and every Paper shall be folded and endorsed with its proper number: and the Voting Papers shall be arranged in parcels according to Townlands or Streets, or similar order, as far as practicable, and be delivered to the persons employed to distribute and collect the Papers, so arranged that they may distribute and collect them as nearly as possible in the order in which they receive them.

Article 19.—If at any time after the printing and before the issuing of the Voting Papers, any Person put in Nomination shall die or shall tender to the Officer conducting the Election of Guardians, his refusal in writing to serve the Office of Guardian, but the number of Candidates shall still exceed the number of Guardians to be elected, the Returning Officer shall, before issuing the Voting Papers, erase the name of such person therefrom, by drawing a line through such name in ink.

Article 20.—The Voting Papers shall be issued on the 18th day of March, and if the whole cannot be issued on that day, the remainder shall be issued on the following day; but it shall not be necessary to deliver Papers in any Electoral Division or Ward, for which the number of Candidates shall, before the said 18th day of March, be reduced to or below the number of Guardians to be elected; in which case each remaining Candidate for such Division or Ward, duly nominated and qualified, shall be certified in the Return as a Guardian.

Article 21.—Every Collector of Rates for any Electoral Division, or for any Ward thereof, in which a contest for the office of Guardian may occur, shall attend to assist the Returning Officer in issuing Voting Papers, and shall compare the list of Occupiers with his Collecting Books, and set a mark opposite to the name of every Occupier who shall have paid all Rates assessed on him, and against the name of every Occupier who shall have paid all such Rates, excepting such as may have been made within the six calendar months immediately preceding the first day appointed for issuing the Voting Papers; up to which day, if any Occupier shall tender payment of Rate due by him, the Collector shall receive the amount, and set a mark indicating payment of Rate opposite the name of such Occupier.

Article 22.—The Returning Officer shall cause one Voting Paper to be delivered by a person appointed for that purpose at the residence of every Occupier named in the List, according to Form G 1, specified in Article 17, who shall appear not to owe any Rate made six calendar months or more previously to the first day for issuing Voting Papers; and Voting Papers for all other Rate-payers and

for Proxies, shall be delivered at the respective places appointed by them in the Electoral Division or Ward.

Article 23.—Every Rate-payer entitled to Vote in more than one capacity in any Division or Ward shall be supplied with a Voting Paper for each capacity in which he is entitled to vote; and every Proxy shall receive a separate Voting Paper for each of the Rate-papers entitled to vote for whom he acts as Proxy in respect of each Division or Ward in which they may be entitled to vote.

Article 24.—The Voter, whether he be the Proxy of a Rate-payer or not, shall place his own initials opposite the name of every Candidate for whom he votes, and shall sign the Voting Paper; and every Proxy shall also state thereon the name of the person for whom he is Proxy: but if the Voter cannot write, he may procure a person to write the Voter's name on the Paper, in full, and such person shall then write the Voter's initials opposite to the name of each Candidate for whom the Voter intends to Vote, and afterwards affix his own signature to the Paper as witness to the mark of the Voter, which is to be affixed by the Voter to the Paper in place of signature.

Article 25.—If the initials of a Voter shall be written against the names of more persons than are to be elected Guardians for the Electoral Division or Ward, or if he shall not sign or affix his mark to the Voting Paper, or if his mark shall not be duly attested, the Voting Paper shall not be included in the casting up of the Votes.

Article 26.—No person, not being a Proxy or an Officer of a Corporation or Company duly appointed to vote, shall vote in the name of any other person.

Article 27.—On the 20th day of March, and if necessary on the following day, the Returning Officer shall cause the Voting Papers to be collected, but in no case, (excepting that provided for in Article 41,) shall a Voting Paper be allowed to remain more than one clear day with the Voter: and the persons employed in collecting the Voting Papers shall not examine or permit any person to have access to such papers while in their charge; and on completing the collection in any Electoral Division or Ward, they shall arrange the Voting Papers according to the numbers endorsed thereupon, in pursuance of Article 18, and enclose them in a parcel, which shall thereupon be delivered by one of the persons so employed in each Division or Ward, to the Returning Officer, as nearly as possible in the same order as that in which the Voting Papers had been received from him.

Article 28.—Every person entitled to vote, who shall not on the 18th or 19th day of March have received a Voting Paper, as aforesaid, shall, on application in person to the Returning Officer, on the days appointed for the collection of the Voting Papers, and between the hours of Ten in the forenoon and Five in the afternoon, be entitled to receive a Voting Paper, and to fill up the same in the presence of the Returning Officer, and then and there to deliver the same to him.

Article 29.—Any person who shall not, on the 18th or 19th day

of March, have received a Voting Paper, as aforesaid, by reason of his not having paid any Poor-rate made and assessed upon him six calendar months or more before the first day appointed for the issue of Voting Papers, shall nevertheless, if he pay all such Rate on any of the days appointed for the distribution and collection of Voting Papers, be entitled to receive a Voting Paper and to Vote in manner provided in Article 28, on personal application to the Returning Officer within the time therein mentioned, and on producing to him the Collector's receipt for the full amount of such Rate.

Article 30.—If in any case a Voting Paper duly issued, shall not have been collected through the default of any of the persons employed by the Returning Officer for the purpose, the Voter may in person deliver the Paper to the Returning Officer on the day immediately following the last day appointed for the collection of Voting Papers, and between the hours of Ten in the forenoon and Five in the afternoon.

Article 31.—The Returning Officer shall attend from the hour of Ten in the forenoon until the hour of Five in the afternoon, at the Board-room of the Workhouse, or other place appointed for the conduct of the Election and named in his notice of the Election, on the several days on which Voting Papers may be issued and filled up and delivered in his presence, as provided in Articles 28, 29, and 30 of this Order; and on all such other days as may be necessary for the due conduct of the Election in conformity with this Order.

Article 32.—If at any time after the issuing of the Voting Papers shall have commenced, and before the making of the Return hereinafter directed, any person put in nomination for the office of Guardian in any Electoral Division or Ward, shall die or tender to the Returning Officer conducting the Election of Guardians his refusal in writing to serve such office, the Votes which may be given for such person shall not be cast up, or continue to be cast up, as the case may be; and the Votes so given for such person will be lost: and if the number of Candidates for any Electoral Division or Ward shall thereby be reduced to or below the number of Guardians to be elected, the remaining Candidates for such Division or Ward, duly nominated and qualified, shall be certified in the Return as Guardians; but if the number of such remaining Candidates shall still exceed the number of Guardians to be elected, the Returning Officer shall proceed in the Election as hereinafter directed.

Article 33.—When the collection of the Voting Papers shall have been completed, the Returning Officer shall attend at the Board-room of the Guardians of the Union, and shall, assisted by the Collectors of Poor-rates, ascertain the validity of the Votes, and shall register the valid Votes duly given for each remaining Candidate, opposite to the name of each Rate-payer or Proxy; after which he shall cast up the Votes so registered, and ascertain and register the total number of such Votes for each Candidate. The Candidate or Candidates, to the number of Guardians to be elected for the Electoral Division or Ward, who shall have obtained the greatest number of Votes, shall be deemed to be the elected Guardian or Guardians for such Division or Ward.

Article 34.—The Returning Officer shall, on the 25th day of March, make a true Return to the said Commissioners, in writing under his hand and seal, in the Form marked J, hereto annexed, of the names of every Electoral Division and Ward of the Union, and the names of all the Candidates who shall have been duly nominated, together with (in the case of a contest) the number of Votes given for each, and the names of the persons elected as Guardians ; and in case there shall have been no Candidate, or in case the number of Candidates shall have been less than the number of Guardians to be elected for any Electoral Division or Ward, or in case any of the Candidates shall have died or refused to serve, the fact shall be so stated in the Return opposite to the name of such Division or Ward.

Article 35.—If the examination of Votes collected cannot be completed as aforesaid, on or before the 25th day of March, the Returning Officer shall forthwith proceed to complete the examination, and shall make a Return of the Election to the said Commissioners on one of the fourteen days (not being a Sunday) next following the said 25th day of March.

Article 36.—When the Return of the Election shall have been made to the Commissioners, the Returning Officer shall forthwith lay before the Board of Guardians, or deliver to the Clerk of the Union to be laid before the Board of Guardians, a certified copy of such Return : and the Clerk of the Union shall immediately on such Return of any Annual Election of Guardians for a Union being made, or on receipt of the certified copy thereof, forward to every member of the outgoing Board of Guardians, whether he shall have been re-elected or not, and including the *ex-officio* Guardians, a Notice, in the annexed Form K, containing a List of the Electoral Divisions and Wards in the Union, and of the names and addresses of the Guardians elected and returned for the same respectively.

Article 37.—The Clerk of the Union shall also notify to each person returned as elected at any Election of Guardians, the fact of his having been so elected, by delivering or sending, or causing to be delivered or sent to him, a Notice in the Form L, hereunto annexed.

Article 38.—Within seven days after the Return of the Election shall have been made, all papers relating to the Election shall be deposited with and remain in the custody of the Clerk to the Board of Guardians, by whom they shall be preserved ; and no person shall inspect such Papers without a resolution of the Board of Guardians authorizing him to inspect the same.

Article 39.—The Guardians shall pay to the Returning Officer for the conduct and management of the Election generally, such reasonable remuneration as the said Commissioners may allow ; and such remuneration, together with the cost of providing the requisite supplies of the several Forms hereunto annexed, with the exception of the Voting Papers, Forms H 1 and H 2, shall be defrayed by the Guardians out of the common fund of the said Union.

Article 40.—The Guardians shall pay to the Collectors of Poor-rates, and to the persons appointed to distribute and collect the Voting Papers, or to assist the Returning Officer in preparing Lists of Voters, for the duties arising out of any contested Election, such

reasonable remuneration as may be allowed by the said Commissioners ; and such remuneration, together with the cost of providing Voting Papers, where required, in the Forms marked H 1 and 2, shall be defrayed by the Guardians, and charged to the Electoral Divisions in respect of which such expenses may be incurred ; and where any expenses under this Article shall be incurred in respect of any two or more Electoral Divisions combined for the election of one Guardian, such expenses shall be charged in equal proportions to the Divisions so combined.

Article 41.—Whenever the day appointed in this Order for the performance of any act shall be a Sunday or Good Friday, such act shall be performed on the day next following.

Article 42.—Wherever two or more Electoral Divisions shall have been combined into a District for the election of one Guardian for such District, all the provisions in this Order contained which apply to a single Electoral Division, having a separate Guardian or Guardians, shall apply to such District of Electoral Divisions in like manner as if it were a single Electoral Division.

Article 43.—In case any Election of a Guardian or Guardians, other than the annual Election, shall be ordered by the said Commissioners, for the purpose of supplying a vacancy or vacancies in the Office of Guardian for any part of a Union, such Election shall be held at such time, and the several proceedings therein shall be taken on such dates as may be fixed by any Order issued by the Commissioners in that behalf; and such Election shall be conducted in accordance with the regulations in this Order contained, subject to the directions that may be contained in the Order for such Election.

THE FORMS REFERRED TO IN THE FOREGOING ORDER.

FORMS A 1 & 2.

FORMS A 1 & 2.

FORM A 1.—Statement of Claim to Vote for Guardians of the Poor, in respect of Rateable Property in actual Occupation of the Party Claiming.*

——— Union. ——— Electoral Division. [——— Ward.]

To the Board of Guardians [*or* to the Returning Officer] of the (*a*) ——— Union.

I, (*b*) ——— of (*c*) ——— (*d*) ——— claim [*or* The (*b*) ——— Company claims] to vote in the Election of Guardians, according to the provisions of the 1st and 2nd Victoria, chapter 56, being entitled thereto in respect of the property hereinafter described, which is situate within the (*e*) ——— Electoral Division of the (*a*) ——— Union, that is to say:—

Situation of Property.		Description of Property. (*f*)	Description of Interest.								
Parish.	Townland or Street, if in a Town, with No. of House, if any.		Net Annual Value at which Rated.			Annual Rent payable.			Value of Interest.		
			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
		Total,									

The place in the above Electoral Division at which a Voting Paper may be left and called for, is the house (*h*) ——— [(*i*) And the Officer directed by the said (*b*) ——— to vote on behalf of the said ——— (*b*) is ———.]

Given this —— day of ——— 18—.

——— *Signature.*

(*a*) Name of Union.
(*b*) Name, if an Individual; or title of Corporation or Joint Stock Company.
(*c*) Place of Abode, if an Individual.
(*d*) Title, Profession, Trade, or Employment, if an Individual.
(*e*) Name of Electoral Division, and Ward, when divided into Wards.
(*f*) Farm, House, or Warehouse, &c.
(*h*) Give the Name of the House, if not in a Town; in all other cases the name of the Street, and the No. of the House, or some certain reference to it. The House must be in the Division or Ward for which the claim to vote is made.
(*i*) This clause is only to be used in the case of Corporations or Joint Stock Companies, who are to name the Officer who is to vote.

* This form is adapted to the case of an occupier claiming to vote as owner also of the property, or in respect of excess of the net annual value of the property over the rent which he pays; and when corporations or joint stock companies claim as occupiers, this form may also be used: in the latter cases, when an interest beyond the net annual value upon which rate is paid does not exist, the 2nd and 3rd money columns are to be left blank. If *no rent* be payable, "ownership" should be written across these columns.

A rate-payer in actual occupation of the property, cannot appoint a proxy: and if the Electoral Division be subdivided into Wards, the votes can only be given in the Wards containing the property, and a separate statement for each Ward will be necessary; in such case, the name of the Ward must be written at the head of the statement, and the Returning Officer will issue a Voting Paper for each Ward.

FORM A 2.

FORM A 2.—Statement of Claim to Vote in Person, for Guardians of the Poor, by a Landlord entitled to Rents exceeding the Rents payable, or by an Owner of Tithe Rent-charges.

(*a*) Name of Union.
(*b*) Name of Landlord or Owner of Tithe Rent-charges, if an Individual; or title of Corporation or Joint Stock Company.
(*c*) Place of Abode, if an Individual.
(*d*) Title, Profession, Trade, or Employment, if an Individual.
(*e*) Name of Electoral Division, and of Ward, when divided into Wards.
(*f*) House, Farm, or Warehouse, &c., as the case may be; or Tithe Rent-charge.
(*g*) Landlords not subject to any Rent are to fill only the 1st and 3rd money columns. Owners of Tithe Rent-charge to fill up the 3rd column.
(*h*) Give the Name of the House, if not in a Town; in all other cases the name of the Street, and the No. of the House, or some certain reference to it. The House must be in the Division or Ward for which the claim to vote is made.
(*i*) This clause is only to be used in the case of Corporations or Joint Stock Companies, who are to name the Officer who is to vote.

——— Union. ——— Electoral Division. [——— Ward *]

To the Board of Guardians [*or* to the Returning Officer] of the (*a*) ——— Union.

I, (*b*) ———, of (*c*) ——— (*d*) ——— claim [*or* The (*b*) ——— Company claims] to vote in the Election of Guardians according to the provisions of the 1st and 2nd Victoria, chapter 56, being entitled thereto in respect of the property hereinafter described, which is situate within the (*e*) ——— Electoral Division of the (*a*) ——— Union, that is to say:—

Situation of Property.		Description of Property. (*f*)	Description of Interest. (*g*)								
Parish.	Townland or Street, if in a Town, with No. of House, if any.		Rent Receivable.			Rent Payable for the Property.			Annual Amount of Net Rent, or Net Tithe Rent-charge.		
			£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*
		Total Amount of Net Rent, or Net Tithe Rent-charge,									

The place in the above Electoral Division at which a Voting Paper may be left and called for, is the house (*h*) ——— [(*i*) And the Officer directed by the said (*b*) ——— to vote on behalf of the said ——— (*b*) is ———.]

Given this —— day of ——— 18—.

——————— *Signature.*

* If the Electoral Division be subdivided into Wards, it will be necessary to make a distinct statement for each Ward in which the property, in respect of which the claim is made, is situate; in each case naming the Ward at the head of the paper; and the Returning Officer will issue a Voting Paper for each Ward.

Forms B 1 & 2.

Form B 1.—Appointment of Proxy, to vote in respect of Property not in Landlord's actual Occupation, or in respect of Tithe Rent-charges.

——— Union. ——— Electoral Division. [——— Ward.*]

To the Board of Guardians [*or* to the Returning Officer] of the ——— Union.

I, ——— of——— , being a landlord entitled to appoint a proxy, in respect of the property hereinafter described, the same not being in my occupation, and being situate within the [——— Electoral Division of the ——— Union, (*a*)] do hereby appoint ——— of ——— to vote as my proxy in the Election of Guardians, until the present appointment shall be revoked, in all cases wherein he may lawfully do so, under the provisions of the 1st and 2nd Victoria, c. 56; and the property in respect of which I appoint the said ——— to vote as my proxy, is as follows, viz. :—

Situation of Property.		Description of Property. (*b*)	Description of Interest. (*c*)								
Parish.	Townland or Street, if in a Town, with No. of House, if any.		Rent Receivable.			Rent payable for the Property.			Annual Amount of Net Rent, or Net Tithe Rent-charge.		
			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
		Total Amount of Net Rent, or Net Tithe Rent-charge,									

Given this ——— day of ——— 18—. ——— (*Signature of Landlord.*) ——— (*Address.*)

(*a*) Or the —— Ward of the —— Electoral Division of —— Union.
(*b*) House, Farm, or Warehouse, &c., as the case may be, or Tithe Rent-charge.
(*c*) Landlords not subject to any rent, are to fill only the 1st and 3rd money columns. Owners of Tithe Rent-charge are to fill only the 3rd column.

Form B 2.—Application of Proxy thereupon.

To the Board of Guardians [*or* to the Returning Officer] of the ——— Union.

I, ——— of ——— , having been appointed by ——— of ——— to vote in the Election of Guardians as his proxy, under the provisions of the 1st and 2nd Victoria, c. 56, in respect of property situate within the [——— Electoral Division of ——— Union (*d*)] —— do hereby claim to be entitled to vote as such proxy. I hereby transmit to you such my appointment, signed by the said ———, setting forth the particulars required by law, of the property in respect of which the said ——— is entitled to vote, and in respect of which I do hereby claim to vote as his proxy; and I appoint as the place at which a voting paper for me may be left and called for, the house (*e*) ——

Given this ——— day of ——— 18—. ——— (*Signature of Proxy.*) ——— (*Address.*)

(*d*) Or the —— Ward of the —— Electoral Division of —— Union.
(*e*) Give the name of the House, if not in a Town; in all other cases the name of the Street, and the number of the House, or some certain reference to it. The house must be in the Division or Ward for which the claim to vote is made.

* If the Electoral Division be subdivided into Wards, it will be necessary to make a distinct statement for each Ward in which the property in respect of which the claim is made is situate: in each case naming the Ward in the paper; and the Returning Officer will issue a voting paper for each Ward. Where the same landlord is entitled to appoint a proxy, in respect of property situate in different Electoral Divisions or Wards, a separate appointment and application must be made for each of such Divisions or Wards; the same person may be appointed for all of such Divisions or Wards: but a place should be named within each Division or Ward, at which a voting paper may be left, according to the direction (*e*).

Forms C 1, 2, & 3.

Form C 1.—Register of Claims to vote in the Election of Guardians, in respect of Property in actual Occupation of the Party Claiming.*

——— Union. ——— Electoral Division.

No.	Date on which received.	Name and Address of Occupier.	Situation of Property.			Description of Property.	Net Annual Value of Interest, or of the Property if occupied by a Corporation or Joint Stock Company. £ s. d.	No. of Votes.	Place at which Voting Paper is to be left.	Officers appointed to Vote for Corporations or Joint Stock Companies.
			Parish.	Ward, if any.	Townland or Street, if in a Town, with No. of House, if any.					

* Statements of Claim, according to Form A 1, are to be registered in this Book.

Form C 2.

Form C 2.—Register of Statements of Claim to vote in Person in the Election of Guardians, made by Landlords entitled to Rents exceeding the Rents payable for the same Property, or by Owners of Tithe Rent-charges.*

——— Union.

——— Electoral Division.

No.	Date on which received.	Name and Address of Landlord, or Owner of Tithe Rent-charge.	Situation of Property.			Description of Property.	Annual Amount of *Net* Rents, or of *Net* Tithe Rent-charge. £ s. d.	No. of Votes.	Place at which Voting Paper is to be left.	Officers appointed to Vote for Corporations or Joint Stock Companies.
			Parish.	Ward, if any.	Townland or Street, if in a Town, with No. of House, if any.					

* Statements of Claim, according to Form A 2, are to be registered in this Book.

Form C 3.

Form C 3.—Register of Appointment of Proxies who have delivered Applications to Vote in respect of Landlord's Net Rent, or of Tithe Rent-charges.†

——— Union.

——— Electoral Division.

No.	Date on which received.	Name and Address of Landlord, or Owner of Tithe Rent-charge.	Name and Address of Proxy.	Situation of Property.			Description of Property.	Annual Amount of *Net* Rents, or *Net* Tithe Rent-charge. £ s. d.	No. of Votes.	Place at which Voting Paper is to be left.
				Parish.	Ward, if any.	Townland or Street, if in a Town, with No. of House, if any.				

† Forms B 1 & 2.

FORM D.—Notice.

——— UNION.

Election of Guardians for the Year ending 25th March, 185 .

I, ———, Returning Officer of the ——— Union, do hereby give Notice, that an Election of Guardians of the Poor of the above Union is to take place as follows:—

1. The number of Guardians of the Poor to be elected for the Electoral Divisions [and Wards, *where divided into Wards,*] in the said Union is as follows:—

For the Electoral Division of , Guardians.

[*The Names of the Electoral Divisions, and Wards where any Electoral Division is subdivided into Wards, and the number of Guardians, to be here inserted, as well as the amount of Qualification where it is different for different Divisions of the Union.*]

2. Any male person of full age, not expressly disqualified by Law, who is entitled, under the provisions of the Acts for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland, to vote at Elections of Guardians, in the said Union, and who shall have been liable under the last made Rate, to pay or contribute Rate in respect of property of the net annual value of not less than [Pounds, *or* the amounts above stated respectively,] in his occupation within the said Union, or who is entitled to vote in respect of net rent payable to his receipt in the said Union, of that amount, or who is entitled to vote in respect of Tithe Rent-charge payable to his receipt from property within the Union, of that amount, will be eligible as a Guardian for any Electoral Division [or Ward or District of Electoral Divisions, *as the case may be*] in the said Union. But no person being in Holy Orders, or being a regular Minister of any religious denomination, is eligible as a Guardian; and no person who has been convicted of felony, fraud, or perjury,—and no person who has been adjudged to be liable to any forfeiture for having provided, furnished, or supplied for his own profit any materials, goods, or provisions for the use of any Workhouse, or for having been concerned in furnishing or supplying the same, or in any Contract relating thereto,—is capable of being elected or appointed or of acting as a Guardian.

3. Any Person who has been a Guardian for any year is re-eligible for the ensuing or any subsequent year, provided he possesses the qualification prescribed and is duly nominated; and the same person may be elected Guardian for more than one Electoral Division.

4. No Occupier will be entitled to nominate, be nominated, or vote, in respect of any property for which he shall be liable to pay Rent to any Landlord, unless at the time of nomination or voting, respectively, he shall have paid all the Poor-rates previously made and assessed upon him in the Union, except such as shall have been made or become due within the six calendar months immediately preceding the time appointed for voting.

5. No Rate-payer will be entitled to vote, in respect of any property not in his actual occupation, or in respect of any interest equivalent to profit Rent arising out of property occupied by him, unless he shall, one calendar month at the least previous to the first day hereinafter named for collecting Votes, have delivered to the Board of Guardians of the Union, or to the person acting for the time being as Returning Officer, a statement in writing of his name and address, with a description of the property in respect of which he claims to be entitled to vote, and of his interest therein.

6. Any Rate-payer in respect of property not in his actual occupation, may, by writing under his hand, appoint any person to vote as his Proxy; but such Proxy must, one calendar month previous to the day on which he shall claim to vote, have given to the Board of Guardians or the Returning Officer, a statement in writing of his own name and address, and also the name and address of the Rate-payer appointing him such Proxy, and a de-

scription of the property in respect of which he claims to vote as Proxy; and also an original or attested copy of the writing appointing him such Proxy.

7. Nominations of Guardians for any Electoral Division [or Ward or District,] must be made by Rate-payers entitled to vote in the Division, [Ward or District,] according to the form prescribed by the Poor Law Commissioners, printed copies of which form may be had on application to me; and such nominations will be received by me at , and will be receivable on and after the date of this Notice, up to the hour of Five o'clock in the afternoon of the 4th day of March next; but no nomination received after that time, or before the issue of this Notice, will be valid.

8. If any person put in nomination for the Office of Guardian in any Electoral Division [or Ward or District of Electoral Divisions, *as the case may be*] shall tender to the Returning Officer his refusal, in writing, to serve such office, the Election of such person is to be no further proceeded with for such Division [or Ward or District]; and such writing will be received by me at the place above named.

9. If more than the above mentioned number of Guardians be duly nominated for any Electoral Division, [or Ward or District] I shall cause Voting Papers to be delivered on the 18th day of March, and if necessary on the following day, to the address in the Electoral Division, [or Ward or District] of each Rate-payer and Proxy qualified to vote, which Voting Papers will contain full instructions as to the mode of voting; and on the 20th day of March, and if necessary on the following day, I shall cause such Voting Papers to be collected.

10. On the 20th day of March and following days, I shall attend in the Board-room of the said Union, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon; and I shall thereafter proceed to ascertain the number of Votes given for each Candidate.

11. Every person entitled to vote, who shall not have received a Voting Paper, on either of the days appointed for delivering the same, may on application in person to the Returning Officer, on the days appointed for the collection of the Voting Papers, receive a Voting Paper, and fill up the same in the presence of the Returning Officer, and then and there deliver the same to him. And if in any case a Voting Paper duly issued shall not have been collected on the proper days through the default of any of the persons employed by the Returning Officer for the collection of Voting Papers, the Voter may in person deliver the paper to the Returning Officer on or before the 22nd day of March.

12. If any person knowingly and fraudulently, and with the intent of giving a greater number of Votes than he is by law entitled to give, tender or forward to the Returning Officer a false statement of the grounds on which he claims to vote or to give additional votes; or forge, falsify, or knowingly or fraudulently alter after signature, any Paper containing a statement of Claim to Vote, Proxy, Nomination, or Vote for the Election of Guardians, or Refusal to serve the Office of Guardian; or conspire to forge, falsify, or so alter any such Paper; or knowingly tender or forward to the proper Officer any such Paper forged, falsified, or so altered as aforesaid; or wilfully suppress, carry off, destroy, or deface any Statement of Claim to Vote, Proxy, or Nomination of a Candidate for the Office of Guardian, after the same has been duly signed: or in like manner suppress, carry off, destroy, or deface any Voting Paper, after the same has been issued by the Returning Officer: the person so offending is liable to a penalty of Ten Pounds, recoverable by distress and sale of the offender's goods, or to imprisonment for three months, on complaint and conviction before two Justices of the Peace.

(*Name of Returning Officer*) ——

February, 185 .

Returning Officer of the Union.

FORMS E 1 & 2.

(*a*) Enter name of Union.
(*b*) Name of Person nominating.
(*c*) Name the Electoral Division.
(*d*) Name the Union.
(*e*) Name Person or Persons nominated.
(*f*) Or Guardians.
(*g*) Insert the words "said Electoral Division;" or if the Division be combined with another or others, as a District, insert the words "District comprising the Electoral Divisions of ," stating the names of all the Divisions included in the District for which the nomination is made, as set forth in the Notice (Form D) of the Election.

(*a*) Enter name of Union.
(*b*) Name of Person nominating.
(*c*) Name of the Ward.
(*d*) Name the Electoral Division.
(*e*) Name the Union.
(*f*) Name Person or Persons nominated.
(*g*) Or Guardians.

FORMS E 1 & 2.

FORM E 1.—Nomination Paper for [an Electoral Division *or* a District of Electoral Divisions.]

To the Returning Officer of the (*a*) ——— Union.

Name of the Person or Persons nominated to be Guardian or Guardians.	Residence of the Person or Persons nominated.	Quality or Calling of the Person or Persons nominated.

I, (*b*) ———, being a rate-payer entitled to vote in the (*c*) ——— Electoral Division of the (*d*) ——— Union, nominate the above-named (*e*) ——— to be Guardian (*f*) for the (*g*) ———, this ——— day of ——— 18—.

(*Signature**) ——— (*Residence of Nominator*) ——— in the Parish of ———

* If the Nominator cannot write, he must make his Mark in place of Signature on the Paper, which may be filled up and signed with his Name by another person, who is to attest the same with his Signature, as Witness, thus:—

his
Patrick × O'Brien. Witness, Denis Leary.
mark.

FORM E 2.—Nomination Paper for a Ward.

To the Returning Officer of the (*a*) ——— Union.

Name of the Person or Persons nominated to be Guardian or Guardians.	Residence of the Person or Persons nominated.	Quality or Calling of the Person or Persons nominated.

I, (*b*) ———, being a rate-payer entitled to vote in the (*c*) ——— Ward of the (*d*) ——— Electoral Division of the (*e*) ——— Union, nominate the above-named (*f*) ——— to be Guardian (*g*) for the said Ward, this ——— day of ——— 18—.

(*Signature**) ——— (*Residence of Nominator*) ——— in the Parish of ———

* If the Nominator cannot write, he must make his Mark in place of Signature on the Paper, which may be filled up and signed with his Name by another person, who is to attest the same with his Signature, as Witness, thus:—

his
Patrick × O'Brien. Witness, Denis Leary.
mark.

Form F.

——— Union.

List of Qualified Candidates duly nominated for the Office of Guardian of the Poor, in the Union, for the Year ending 25th March, 185 .

Electoral Divisions.	Wards.	Number of Guardians to be elected.	Name of each Person nominated.	Residence.	Quality or Calling of each Candidate proposed.	Nominators.

I certify that the above is a true list of qualified persons duly nominated for the office of Guardian, for the year ending the 25th March, 185—, in the above Union.—Dated this 8th day of March 185—.

(*Signature*) ——————— Returning Officer.

Forms G 1 & 2.

Form G 1.—List of Occupiers who, according to the Rate last made in the Electoral Division, are entitled to Vote for Guardians of the Division or Ward above-named.

—— Union. —— Electoral Division. —— Ward.

Situation of the Property.			Occupiers.	Places of abode in the Division [*or* Ward] at which Voting Papers are to be left.	Aggregate Amount of the Net Annual Value of Property, with respect to which each Rate-payer is entitled to vote as Occupier. £ s. d.	Number of Votes to which each Person is entitled (*a*).	Record of Votes for each Candidate.
Parish.	Townland or Street.	Name of Place, or Number in Street.					

(*a*) When the occupier is also owner, not liable to pay any rent, the number of votes in respect of the annual value is to be doubled, provided he has duly made a statement of claim, in pursuance of 1 & 2 Vic., c. 56, sec. 84; and 6 & 7 Vic., c. 92, sec. 24.

Form G 2.—List of Landlords entitled to Net Rents, Owners of Tithe Rent-charge, and Occupiers, by whom Statements have been made; also of Proxies appointed to Vote for Landlords and for Owners of Tithe Rent-charge.

—— Union. —— Electoral Division. —— Ward.

Occupiers, Landlords, and Owners of Tithe Rent-charges, whether Individuals, Corporations, or Joint Stock Companies.	Proxies.	Officers appointed to Vote for Corporations or Joint Stock Companies.	Places at which Voting Papers are to be left.	Aggregate Amount of Net Rents, or Net Tithe Rent-charges, in respect of which Votes may be given in the Ward, or Division (*b*). £ s. d.	No. of Votes.	Record of Votes for each Candidate.

(*b*) This column the Returning Officer will make up from the money columns in Forms A & B, and the Registers C.

FORM H 1.

FORMS H 1 & 2.

FORM H 1.—Voting Paper for Divisions.

——— Union. ——— Electoral Division. (*a*) [No. —.

Voting Paper for (*b*) ——— [Guardian *or* Guardians, *as the case may be.*]

Initials of the Voter against the Name of the Person (*c*) for whom he intends to Vote.	Names of Persons nominated as Candidates for the office of Guardian.	Residence of each Person nominated.	Quality or Calling of each Person nominated.	Name of Nominator of each Candidate.	Residence of Nominator.

(*a*) Or District of the Electoral Divisions of (naming them) as the case may be.
(*b*) Insert number to be elected for the Division.
(*c*) Or Persons.

I vote for the person (*or* persons) in the above List, against whose name (*or* names) my initials are placed.

(*Signature or Mark of Voter*) ———, (*Residence of Voter*) ———.

If the Voter cannot write, he must make his Mark, and his name must be written in full by a Witness, whose signature must follow, and by whom the Voter's initials must be placed opposite to the Names of the Candidates for whom the Voter intends to vote. Where the Voter cannot write, and the Voting Paper is signed by a Mark, the place for the signature should be filled thus:— Michael × (his mark) Murdock. Witness, Lawrence M'Cormick.

When a Proxy votes, he is to state, under his signature, for whom he is proxy, as:—David O'Callaghan for Timothy Geoghegan.

(*d*) Or District, as the case may be.

If Initials be placed opposite to the names of *more Candidates* than the *Number of Guardians to be elected* for the Division (*d*), or if the Voting Paper be not signed, or be not attested when attestation is required, the votes will be lost.

This paper must be carefully preserved, as a second cannot, in any case, be issued; and it must be ready for delivery to the Collector of Votes who will leave it, and who will call for it on the day next but one after it is left. If the Voting Paper be not ready for the Collector of Votes when he so calls for it, the vote will be lost.

NO OTHER PERSON THAN THE COLLECTOR OF VOTES IS TO RECEIVE THE PAPER; and if tendered to the Collector at any other place than the house at which it was left by him, it must be rejected.

No other Voting Paper than that issued by the Returning Officer can be received by him.

If any person shall knowingly and fraudulently, and with the intent of giving a greater number of Votes than he is by Law entitled to give, tender or forward to the Returning Officer a false Statement of the grounds on which he claims to vote, or give additional Votes, or shall forge, falsify, or knowingly and fraudulently alter, after Signature, any paper containing a Statement of Claim to vote, Proxy, Nomination, or vote for the Election of Guardians, or Refusal to serve the Office of Guardian, or shall conspire to forge, falsify, or so alter any such Paper, or shall knowingly tender or forward to the proper Officer any such Paper forged, falsified, or so altered as aforesaid, or shall wilfully suppress, carry off, destroy, or deface any Statement of Claim to vote, Proxy, or Nomination of a Candidate for the Office of Guardian, after the same shall be duly signed, or shall in like manner suppress, carry off, destroy, or deface any Voting Paper after the same shall have been issued by the Returning Officer; the person so offending is liable to a Penalty of Ten Pounds, recoverable by distress and sale of the offender's goods, or to imprisonment for three months, on complaint and conviction before two Justices of the Peace.—(*6 & 7 Vic. c. 92, sec. 25, and 14 & 15 Vic., c. 93, sec. 22.*)

FORM H 2.

FORM H 2.—Voting Paper for Wards.

——— Union. ——— Ward of the ——— Electoral Division. [No. —.

Voting Paper for (*a*) ——— [Guardian *or* Guardians, *as the case may be.*]

(*a*) Insert number to be elected for the Ward.

(*b*) Or Persons.

Initials of the Voter against the Names of the Person (*b*) for whom he intends to Vote.	Names of Persons nominated as Candidates for the office of Guardian.	Residence of each Person nominated.	Quality or Calling of each Person nominated.	Name of Nominator of each Candidate.	Residence of Nominator.

I vote for the person (*or* persons) in the above List, against whose name (*or* names) my initials are placed.

(*Signature or Mark of Voter*) ———, (*Residence of Voter*) ———.

If the Voter cannot write, he must make his Mark, and his Name must be written in full by a Witness, whose Signature must follow, and by whom the Voter's Initials must be placed opposite to the names of the Candidates for whom the Voter intends to vote. Where the Voter cannot write, and the Voting Paper is signed by a Mark, the place for the Signature should be filled thus:— Michael his × mark Murdock. Witness, Lawrence M'Cormick.

When a Proxy votes, he is to state, under his Signature, for whom he is Proxy, as:—David O'Callaghan for Timothy Geoghegan.

If Initials be placed opposite to the Names of *more Candidates* than the *number of Guardians to be elected* for the Ward, or if the Voting Paper be not signed, or be not attested when attestation is required, the Votes will be lost

This Paper must be carefully preserved, as a second cannot, in any case be issued; and it must be ready for delivery to the Collector of Votes who will leave it, and who will call for it on the day next but one after it is left. If the Voting Paper be not ready for the Collector when he so calls for it, the Vote will be lost.

NO OTHER PERSON THAN THE COLLECTOR OF VOTES IS TO RECEIVE THE PAPER; and if tendered to the Collector at any other place than the house at which it was left by him, it must be rejected.

No other Voting Paper than that issued by the Returning Officer can be received by him.

If any person shall knowingly and fraudulently, and with the intent of giving a greater number of Votes than he is by Law entitled to give, tender or forward to the Returning Officer a false Statement of the grounds on which he claims to vote, or give additional Votes, or shall forge, falsify, or knowingly and fraudulently alter, after Signature, any paper containing a Statement of Claim to vote, Proxy, Nomination, or Vote for the Election of Guardians, or Refusal to serve the Office of Guardian, or shall conspire to forge, falsify, or so alter any such Paper, or shall knowingly tender or forward to the proper Officer any such Paper forged, falsified, or so altered as aforesaid, or shall wilfully suppress, carry off, destroy, or deface any Statement of Claim to vote, Proxy, or Nomination of a Candidate for the Office of Guardian, after the same shall be duly signed, or shall in like manner suppress, carry off, destroy, or deface any Voting Paper after the same shall have been issued by the Returning Officer; the person so offending is liable to a Penalty of Ten Pounds recoverable by distress and sale of the offender's goods, or to Imprisonment for three months, on complaint and conviction before two Justices of the Peace.—(6 & 7 *Vic., c.* 92, *sec.* 25, *and* 14 & 15 *Vic., c.* 93, *sec.* 22.)

Form J.

——— Union.

Election of Guardians of the Poor in the ——————— Union, for the Year ending 25th day of March, 185 .

Return of the Election, to the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, pursuant to the Acts of 1 & 2 *Vic., c.* 56, *sec.* 83, *and* 10 & 11 *Vic., c.* 90.

I do hereby certify, that I caused a Notice of the Election to be published in the manner required by the Order of the Commissioners; that the Election was conducted in conformity to the said Order; and that the entries contained in the Schedule hereunder are true.

Electoral Divisions and Wards thereof.	No. of Guardians to be elected for each.	Candidates duly nominated.	No. of Votes given for each Candidate.	Guardians elected.	Residence of each Guardian.

Given under my Hand and Seal, this —— day of ——— 18—.

(*Signature and Seal of*) ———————, Returning Officer.

FORM K.

FORM K.

Notice to be sent to each Member of the Out-going Board of Guardians, on the Return of the Annual Election being made.

——— Union.

Sir,—In pursuance of the provision contained in the Act 1 & 2 Vic., c. 56, that immediately upon the annual Election of Guardians in any Union in Ireland being completed, the Guardians previously elected shall go out of office, unless re-elected, and of the regulations for the conduct of the annual Elections of Guardians, I do hereby give you notice, that the Election of Guardians for the ——— Union for the year ending 25th March next, has been completed, and a return, dated —— inst., has been made by the Returning Officer; and annexed hereto is a list of the Electoral Divisions [and Wards, *as the case may be*,] in the Union, and of the Guardians who have been elected and returned for the same, for the said year.

Name of each Electoral Division in the Union.	Name of each Ward.	Name of each Guardian Elected and Returned.	Residence of such Guardian.

Dated at ———, this —— day of March, 185—.

(*Signature*) ———

To———— Clerk of ——— Union.

FORM L.

FORM L.

Notice to the Guardians Elected.

Sir,—In pursuance of an Order of the Poor Law Commissioners, I do hereby give you notice, that on the ——th day of ———, 18—, you were returned as having been duly elected a Guardian of the Poor for [the ——— Electoral Division, *or* the ——— Ward of the ——— Electoral Division, *or* the District comprising the Electoral Divisions of ———, *as the case may be*], in the ——— Union, for the year ending 25th March, 18—.

The next Meeting of the Board of Guardians will be held on ———day, the —— day of ———, 18—, at —— o'clock.

Signed this —— day of ——— 18—.

(*Signature*) ———

To———— Clerk to the Guardians of the Poor of the ——— Union.

Schedule containing the Names of the Unions to which the foregoing Order applies.

Abbeyleix	Celbridge	Granard	Nenagh
Antrim	Claremorris	Inishowen	Newcastle
Ardee	Clifden	Kanturk	Newport
Armagh	Clogheen	Kells	New Ross
Athlone	Clogher	Kenmare	Newry
Athy	Clonakilty	Kilkeel	Newtownards
Bailieborough	Clones	Kilkenny	N. Townlimavady
Ballina	Clonmel	Killadysert	Oldcastle
Ballinasloe	Coleraine	Killala	Omagh
Ballinrobe	Cookstown	Killarney	Oughterard
Ballycastle	Cootehill	Kilmacthomas	Parsonstown
Ballymahon	Cork	Kilmallock	Portumna
Ballymena	Corrofin	Kilrush	Rathdown
Ballymoney	Croom	Kinsale	Rathdrum
Ballyshannon	Dingle	Larne	Rathkeale
Ballyvaghan	Donaghmore	Letterkenny	Roscommon
Balrothery	Donegal	Limerick	Roscrea
Baltinglass	Downpatrick	Lisburn	Scariff
Banbridge	Drogheda	Lismore	Shillelagh
Bandon	Dromore West	Lisnaskea	Skibbereen
Bantry	Dublin, North	Listowel	Skull
Bawnboy	Dublin, South	Londonderry	Sligo
Belfast	Dundalk	Longford	Strabane
Belmullet	Dunfanaghy	Loughrea	Stranorlar
Borrisokane	Dungannon	Lowtherstown	Strokestown
Boyle	Dungarvan	Lurgan	Swineford
Cahirciveen	Dunmanway	Macroom	Thomastown
Callan	Dunshaughlin	Magherafelt	Thurles
Carlow	Edenderry	Mallow	Tipperary
Carrickmacross	Ennis	Manorhamilton	Tobercurry
Carrick-on Shan.	Enniscorthy	Midleton	Tralee
Carrick on Suir	Enniskillen	Milford	Trim
Cashel	Ennistymon	Millstreet	Tuam
Castlebar	Fermoy	Mitchelstown	Tulla
Castleblayney	Galway	Mohill	Tullamore
Castlecomer	Glennamaddy	Monaghan	Urlingford
Castlederg	Glenties	Mount Bellew	Waterford
Castlerea	Glin	Mountmellick	Westport
Castletown	Gorey	Mullingar	Wexford
Castletowndelvin	Gort	Naas	Youghal
Cavan	Gortin	Navan	

Sealed with our Seal, this Twenty-sixth day of January, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-two.

(L.S.) (Signed,) A. Power.
Wm. M. Somerville.
T. N. Redington.
J. M'Donnell, M.D.

Clarendon,

I, George William Frederick, Earl of Clarendon, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, do approve this Order.

By His Excellency's Command,

T. N. Redington.

The following Remarks are added by the Commissioners, for the guidance of the Returning Officer, and are not to be deemed part of the foregoing Order :—

QUALIFICATION OF GUARDIANS.

1. Any male person of full age, not expressly disqualified by Law, who is entitled under the provisions of the Acts for the Relief of the destitute Poor in Ireland, to vote at Elections of Guardians in the Union, and who shall have been liable under the last made Rate, to pay or contribute Rate in respect of property in his occupation within the said Union, of the net annual value of not less than the amount fixed by the Commissioners by any Order in force for the time being, or who shall be entitled to vote in respect of net rent payable to his receipt in the said Union, of that amount, or who shall be entitled to vote in respect of Tithe Rent-charge payable to his receipt from property within the Union of that amount, is eligible as a Guardian for any of the Electoral Divisions or Wards (as the case may be) of the said Union, provided that the value of the property in respect of which he is so entitled to vote in the Union, be not less than the amount fixed by the Commissioners for the qualification for the Division or Ward for which he may be elected. But no person being in Holy Orders, or being a regular Minister of any religious denomination, is eligible as a Guardian.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 19, *and* 12 & 13 *Vic. c.* 104, *sec.* 6.)

2. No person who has been convicted of Felony, Fraud, or Perjury, nor any person who has been adjudged to be liable to any forfeiture for having provided, furnished, or supplied for his own profit any Materials, Goods, or Provisions for the use of any Workhouse, or for having been concerned in furnishing or supplying the same, or in any Contract relating thereto, is capable of being elected or of acting as a Guardian.—(6 & 7 *Vic. c.* 92, *sec.* 22.)

3. Persons duly qualified who have been Guardians for any year are re-eligible for the ensuing or any subsequent year ; and the same person may be elected Guardian for more than one Electoral Division.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 21.)

4. If any person put in nomination for the Office of Guardian in any Electoral Division or Ward, tender to the Returning Officer his refusal, in writing, to serve such Office, the Election, so far as regards such person, is to be no further proceeded with in such Division or Ward.—(6 & 7 *Vic. c.* 92, *sec.* 20.)

QUALIFICATION OF VOTERS, AND SCALE OF VOTING.

5. Every Occupier paying Rate under the last Rate made, for property in the Union, and not entitled to deduct the whole Rate from Rent payable by him ; and every person receiving Rent in respect of Rateable property in the Union, exceeding all Rent payable by him in respect of such property ; and every owner of Rent-charge received in lieu of Tithes from property in the said Union, will be entitled to vote at the Election of a Guardian or Guardians for each Electoral Division in which such property is situate, according to

the following scale; that is to say, where the net annual value of the property occupied, or the net amount of Rent receivable, exceeding as aforesaid all Rent payable for the same property, or the amount of Rent-charge annually payable in lieu of Tithes as aforesaid, in any Electoral Division—

Shall not amount to 20*l.*, the Rate-payer will have	1	vote in such Division.
Shall amount to 20*l.* and not to 50*l.*, .	2	votes „
„ 50*l.* and not to 100*l.*,	3	„
„ 100*l.* and not to 150*l.*,	4	„
„ 150*l.* and not to 200*l.*,	5	„
„ 200*l.* and upwards, .	6	„

(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 80, 81, *and* 2 *Vic. c.* 1, *sec.* 5.)

6. If the Electoral Division be divided into Wards, every person entitled to Vote in such Division as aforesaid, will have a Vote or Votes in each Ward in which the property entitling him to Vote is situate, according to the foregoing scale; but so as that the whole number of Votes given *in the Electoral Division* by the same person shall not exceed the maximum number stated in such scale, except in the cases hereinafter mentioned.—(2 *Vic. c.* 1, *sec.* 2, 5.)

7. Any Occupier paying Rate, as aforesaid, who is not entitled to deduct any part thereof from Rent payable by him, will have double the number of Votes above mentioned, according to *the net annual value* of such property in the last Rate made.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 81.)

8. Where the *net annual value* of the Rateable property *shall exceed the Rent* paid by the Occupier, he will, in addition to his Votes as Occupier, have the same number of Votes in respect of such excess of *net annual value* as if it were Rent received and retained by him without deductions.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 81.)

9. The number of Votes to which an Occupier will be entitled in respect of detached parcels of Rateable property in the same Electoral Division or Ward, will be determined by the aggregate amount of the net annual value of such property, according to the last Rate made in the Division.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 81.)

10. The number of Votes to which a Rate-payer will be entitled in respect of net Rents, or of Interests equivalent to Profit rents, or of Rent-charges in lieu of Tithe, derived from property in the same Electoral Division or Ward, will be determined by the aggregate amount of such net Rents, or of such Interests, or of such Tithe Rent-charges, as the case may be, in the Division.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 81.)

11. Every person entitled to Vote in respect of more than one of the qualifications hereinbefore mentioned, will be entitled to give in respect of each such qualification, the number of Votes conferred by it, according to the scale set forth in paragraph 5.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 81.)

12. In case two or more Rate-payers shall be jointly liable to pay or contribute Rate in respect of any property, each of them will be

entitled to vote according to the proportion and amount of Rate which shall be borne by him. And where one only of the persons jointly liable shall claim to vote, he will be entitled to vote in respect of the whole of the property, in respect of which such Rate-payers may be jointly liable.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 82.)

CONDITIONS OF VOTING.

13. No Rate-payer will be entitled to vote in respect of any property not in his actual occupation, or in respect of any Interest equivalent to Profit Rent arising out of property occupied by him, unless he shall, one calendar month at the least previous to the day on which he shall claim to vote, deliver to the Board of Guardians of the Union, or to the person acting for the time as Returning Officer, a Statement in writing of his name and address, with a description of the property in respect of which he claims to be entitled to vote, and of his interest therein.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 84, *and* 6 & 7 *Vic. c.* 92, *sec.* 24.)

14. Every Rate-payer in respect of property not in the actual occupation of such Rate-payer, may from time to time, by writing under his hand appoint any person to vote as his Proxy in respect of such property; and the appointment will remain in force, if the person making the same continue in possession of the property described therein, until it be revoked, or until the Rate-payer or Proxy dies; but such Proxy must, one calendar month at the least previous to the day on which he shall claim to vote, deliver to the Board of Guardians, or to the person acting for the time as Returning Officer, the original or an attested copy of the writing appointing him as such Proxy, together with a statement of the name and address of his principal, and a description of the property in respect of which he is appointed Proxy.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 81, *and* 6 & 7 *Vic. c.* 92, *sec.* 24.)

15. No Member of a Corporation, or Proprietor of or interested in a Joint-stock Company, will be entitled to vote in respect of the property of such Corporation or Company; but such Officer thereof as shall be appointed for the purpose by the Governing Body of any Corporation or Company, stating their claim to vote in the same manner as Rate-payers claiming to vote in respect of property not in their actual occupation, will be entitled to vote in respect of the property in the same manner as if he were a Rate-payer thereof.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 86.)

16. It is the duty of the Board of Guardians of the Union, or of the person acting as Returning Officer, to enter every such Statement and Appointment as is described in paragraphs 13, 14, and 15, in a book to be from time to time provided for that purpose.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 84.)

17. If the Returning Officer have reasonable cause to doubt the correctness of any claim to vote made by any person in respect of Rent received and retained by such person, the Returning Officer is not to admit such person to vote in respect of such Rent, until such person shall have produced evidence to the satisfaction of the

Returning Officer of the amount of such Rent.—(6 & 7 *Vic. c.* 92, *sec.* 26.)

18. No Occupier will be entitled to vote in respect of any property for which he shall be liable to pay Rent to any Landlord, unless he shall have paid all the Poor-rates previously made and assessed upon him in the Union, except such as shall have been made or become due within the six calendar months immediately preceding such voting.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 85.)

19. The Votes must in all cases be given or taken *in writing*, in the manner directed by the Commissioners in their Order in that behalf; and *the majority* of the Votes actually collected and returned in each Electoral Division or Ward, will be binding.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 83.)

20. Every person returned by the Returning Officer will be deemed to be legally elected.—(1 & 2 *Vic. c.* 56, *sec.* 88.)

21. If any person knowingly and fraudulently, and with the intent of giving a greater number of Votes than he is by law entitled to give, tender or forward to the Returning Officer a false Statement of the grounds on which he claims to vote or give additional Votes; or forge, falsify, or knowingly and fraudulently alter after signature, any Paper containing a Statement of claim to vote, proxy, nomination, or vote for the Election of Guardians, or refusal to serve the Office of Guardian; or conspire to forge, falsify, or so alter any such Paper; or knowingly tender or forward to the proper Officer any such Paper forged, falsified, or so altered, as aforesaid; or wilfully suppress, carry off, destroy, or deface any Statement of claim to vote, proxy, or nomination of a Candidate for the Office of Guardian, after the same has been duly signed; or in like manner suppress, carry off, destroy, or deface any Voting Paper, after the same has been issued by the Returning Officer,—the person so offending is liable to a penalty of Ten Pounds, recoverable by distress and sale of the offender's goods, or to Imprisonment for three months, on complaint and conviction before two Justices of the Peace.—(6 & 7 *Vic. c.* 92, *sec.* 25, *and* 14 & 15 *Vic. c.* 93. *sec.* 22.)

No. VIII.—CIRCULARS.

1.—Election of Guardians:—Letter of Instructions to the Returning Officer, where he is Clerk of the Union.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
31st January, 1852.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland having deemed it expedient to revise and consolidate the Orders which have been from time to time issued for regulating the Election of Guardians, have issued a General Order, dated the 26th instant, for regulating the conduct of future Elections of Guardians in the several Unions in Ireland, a sealed Copy of which Order is herewith enclosed.*

2. This Order rescinds for the future all previous Orders for regulating such Elections, excepting the Regulation or Order fixing the amount of the Qualification for the Office of Guardian in the respective Unions, which remains as fixed by the last Order issued in that behalf to each Union; and excepting also any existing Regulation or Order appointing the Returning Officer, and providing for the performance of the duties of that Office. Under Article 1 of the General Order herewith enclosed, the Clerk of the Union for the time being will continue to be the Returning Officer, and the following Regulation in the Order heretofore issued continues in force, subject to the regulation in Article 1 of the General Order of the 26th instant:—

"Art. 1.—The Clerk for the time being to the Board of Guardians shall, at every future Election of Guardians of the said Union, be, and We, the said Commissioners, do hereby appoint such Clerk to be the Returning Officer: and such Clerk shall perform the duties herein directed to be performed by the Returning Officer, and all other duties suitable to his Office, which it may be requisite for him to perform in conducting and completing such Election. And in case the Office of Clerk shall be vacant at any time when any proceeding is to be taken under this Order, or in case the Clerk shall be prevented by sickness or accident, or other sufficient cause, from the performance of his duties, the Guardians of the said Union shall appoint some person to perform such of the duties imposed by this Order upon the Returning Officer as shall then remain to be performed, and the person so appointed shall perform such duties."

3. Under Articles 3, 12, 21, and 33, of the accompanying General Order, the Collectors are to assist the Returning Officer as heretofore in the Election, at the times and for the purposes therein indicated. These Regulations impose no fresh duties on the Collectors, but it will be proper for you to call the attention of each of them to those Regulations before the next Election takes place.

* No. VII., p. 61.

4. The Police, who may be employed as heretofore in posting the Notices of the Election, and in distributing and collecting Voting Papers, will receive their instructions from their own superior Officers; but in case their services should not in any instance be available in sufficient number for the latter duty, the Returning Officer should take care to furnish any other persons who may be employed by him, in pursuance of Article 2 of the General Order, for the distribution and collection of the Voting Papers, with proper lists and instructions for their guidance, in accordance with Articles 17, 18, 20, 22, 23, and 27, of the Order.

5. Where it has happened in previous Elections that the assistance of the Police has not been available, or has not been available to sufficient extent, for the distribution and collection of Voting Papers within the prescribed period, the Commissioners have in some instances received applications for their sanction to the employment of the Collectors of Poor Rates or their assistants, and of Relieving Officers, in this service, where it may be necessary to issue Voting Papers. It is desirable that, where practicable, this duty should be performed by responsible Officers; and as it will, according to the Regulations, occupy only two or at most four days, and will therefore not cause any material interruption of the ordinary duties of the Union Officers referred to, the Commissioners are prepared to sanction their being employed to assist in performing the duty in question, provided the Board of Guardians permit them to be so employed, for which permission it will be your duty, where necessary, to apply. If the services of the Police and Union Officers should not be available or sufficient, you will have to employ other trustworthy persons acquainted with the respective localities, as far as practicable, in accordance with the regulation contained in Article 2 of the General Election Order. But you will first take care to ascertain whether you can obtain the services of the Police in sufficient number or not, before you employ other persons; and you will only resort to the employment of the Officers of the Union or other persons, in case you cannot obtain the assistance of the Police in sufficient number.

6. Should some additional assistance be necessary for enabling you, in case of contests, to prepare the requisite Lists of Voters, and complete the proceedings in the Election at the times prescribed by the General Order, the Commissioners will be prepared to sanction such assistance for so long as may be absolutely requisite, on receiving a communication from you, setting forth the *circumstances which render the application necessary*, the *particular purposes* for which assistance is required, and *the extent* of assistance required.

7. One of your first duties will be to issue the Notice of the Election, which is to be posted on the 25th February (whenever that day is not a Sunday). The Notice is to set forth the Names of the Electoral Divisions, the qualification and number of Guardians to be elected for each, with other particulars prescribed in the General Order, according to the Form (D) annexed thereto. You should, in due time before the 25th February, give notice of application to the Constabulary for their assistance in posting the

Notices, as heretofore ; and you will afterwards forward the copies of the Notices to the proper Constabulary Stations. Due notice should likewise be given to the Constabulary, when it becomes necessary to apply for their services in the distribution and collection of Voting Papers, apprizing them of the probable extent of the duty to be performed.

8. The days fixed for the several proceedings in the Annual Election remain unaltered, and are as follows, namely :—

25th February—Issue of Notice of Election. (Art. 9.)
4th March—Last day for receiving Nomination Papers, which can be received up to 5 o'clock, p.m., on that day. (Art. 11.)
8th March—List of Candidates to be prepared and forwarded: (Art. 14.)—List of Voters to be prepared in case of contest.
The last day for receiving Statements of Claim to Vote, and Appointment of Proxics, (6 & 7 Vic. c 92, sec. 24,)—so as to be available in this Election, will be the 19th February; and in case of contests, the Lists of Rate-payers making Statements are to be made up to that day. (Art. 17.)
11th March—Application to be made to Constabulary for assistance in distributing Voting Papers, where necessary.
15th March—Voting Papers and Lists to be forwarded to Constabulary.
17th March—List of Occupying Tenants who are entitled to Vote, having paid Rates required to be paid, is to be made up to this day. (Art. 21.)
18th March—Day for issuing Voting Papers, and following day if needful. (Art. 20.)
20th March—Day for collecting Voting Papers, and following day* if necessary. (Art 27.)
21st March*—Time for applying for Voting Papers, where not duly received by persons entitled, expires. (Art. 28, 29.)
22nd March*—Time for delivering to Returning Officer Voting Papers that may not have been duly collected, expires. (Art. 30.)
25th March—Return of Guardians to be made, (Art. 34); or within 14 days thereof, (Art. 35.)
* The Order further provides, that whenever any of the prescribed days is a Sunday or Good Friday, the proceeding prescribed in the Regulations for that day is to be taken on the ensuing day. Art. 41.) In the cases marked with an asterisk above, the dates will accordingly be in the present year (1852), 22nd and 23rd instead of 21st and 22nd March, respectively.

9. Previously to the commencement of the Election, you should procure the requisite supply of the Forms prescribed for use in the Election. With regard to the Notice of the Election (Form D), the Commissioners have thought it advisable to direct that the copies of that Notice should be printed and transmitted to you from this Office, as usual, which will accordingly be done in due time, on your stating the number of copies that will be required for distribution, according to Article 9 of the Order ; and *you are requested to furnish the Commissioners with this information, in a separate letter, without delay*, in order that the requisite copies may be ordered for the Union.

10. With regard to the other Forms, steps should be taken in due time to provide a sufficient supply of those which may be required for carrying on the Election, as prescribed by the General Order. If any copies of the Forms similar to those marked A 1 and 2, or B 1 and 2, or of the Forms marked F, G 1 and 2, and I, in the present Order, remain on hand from previous Elections, they may

be used for the approaching Election ; and where Register Books (Forms C 1, 2, and 3), for the entry of Statements of Claims to Vote and Applications of Proxies, which have been already procured according to the Forms prescribed in previous Orders, are not yet filled up, they may continue to be used until they are filled up and fresh Books required. For any other of the Forms required, you should forward a requisition *direct to the Printer*, without delay (except the Notice, Form D, above referred to), specifying the number of copies of each which will be requisite. The forms can be procured from Mr. Thom, of 87, Abbey-street, Dublin ; but should you employ any other Printer, it will be necessary for you to compare the several Forms carefully with those prescribed in the Election Order, as you will be responsible for their accuracy. The charge for Voting Papers is not to *exceed* 2*s.* per hundred, at which they may be obtained in Dublin : and it is advisable that you should ascertain and compare the prices at which other Forms are procurable, before you order them.

11. A placard, containing a description of the Electoral Divisions in the Union as at present constituted, to be posted in case of contest, as heretofore, should be prepared, and a sufficient number of copies thereof for posting, obtained when necessary, in like manner with the Voting Papers.

12. The Forms (A 1, 2, and B 1, 2,) for Statements of Claims to Vote, and appointments of Proxies with their Applications, in pursuance of § 84 of 1 & 2 Vic. c. 56, and the Statements of Corporations and Joint Stock Companies, in pursuance of the 86th section of that Act, are to be supplied free of charge, (on application made to you,) to any Persons or Corporations, or Companies, respectively, who may require them for their own statements, or applications. It would not be expedient to make a more general distribution of these Forms.

13. With regard to the Registry of such Statements and Appointments in the proper Books (Forms C 1, 2, 3), the Commissioners request the special attention of the Clerk and Returning Officer to Articles 4 and 5 of the General Order, and to the duties assigned to those officers in respect to the same, under the provisions of the Statutes and under Articles 6 and 8 of the Order.

14. The provisions of the Acts relating to such statements and Registers are contained in § 84 of 1 & 2 Vic. c. 56, as amended by § 24 of 6 & 7 Vic. c. 92, to which your attention is requested, as well as to § 26 of the latter Act. The first-named section sets forth the particulars required to be stated in such Claims, which must be lodged one calendar month before the Owner or his Proxy can vote as such ; and requires that the Guardians, or the person acting as Returning Officer, should register such Claims in manner provided. If at any Election the Returning Officer have reasonable cause to doubt the correctness of a Claim to Vote, made by any person in respect of net rent, the Returning Officer is required by the last cited section not to admit such person to vote, until he shall have produced evidence, to the satisfaction of the Returning Officer, of the amount of such rent.

15. Inconvenience and irregularity, it is believed, have occurred in some instances from the discovery at the time of an Election of errors or defects in the Registry prescribed, from omission of claims therein, or from retaining on record the claims of persons deceased, or from other causes, where the original statements of claim, owing to changes of Officers or other circumstances, are not themselves forthcoming. The Commissioners therefore request, with a view to future Elections of Guardians, that you will see whether, in the Union for which you act, the prescribed Registers have been duly kept up to the present time ; and if not, that they be perfected before another Election takes place. Care should be taken also to revise the entries in any existing registers with a view to their proper correction where the original claimants have died, or other changes affecting the validity or continuance of the claims have taken place.

16. The Commissioners take this opportunity to observe, that although an Owner or Proxy is not entitled, under § 24 of 6 & 7 Vic. c. 92, to vote until one calendar month after he shall have made the prescribed statement or appointment and claim, it is not necessary that he should make or renew such statement, &c., a month before each Election. The statements of claim, &c., may be made at any time, and they continue effective as long as the parties remain in possession of the interests described therein, and in the case of a Proxy, until the appointment be revoked, or the Owner himself resume the exercise of his right to vote, or until either of the parties dies.

17. Any such statements, &c., should be duly preserved ; and in case there be reason to believe that any that may have been already lodged have not been handed over to you by any previous Officer, or not registered, you should make inquiry of such Officer, or otherwise endeavour to obtain them, and forthwith see that they be recorded in the proper Form of Register Book, and that the directions in the above mentioned Articles of the Election Order be duly complied with.

18. In reference to the alterations which have been made in the boundaries of some Unions or Electoral Divisions of Unions, the Commissioners desire to observe, that the alteration of boundaries in any Union has not the effect of preventing any person from exercising his right to vote, who would otherwise be entitled to vote in pursuance of a statement of claim made at any previous Election, or not less than one month before the time for voting in the approaching Election, in respect of property situated in any of the present Electoral Divisions of the Union ; and if you have not already received the statements and appointments that may have been made in regard to any properties now in the Union for which you act, but not heretofore in it, or the Registers thereof, you should apply to the Clerks of the respective Unions in which such properties were heretofore comprised, for the same ; and, in like manner, if you have any such statements relating to properties not now in the Union for which you act, you should hand them over to the Clerk of the Union in which the respective properties are now included.

19. The Returning Officer, however, is not bound under Article

22 of the Election Regulations to cause any Voting Papers to be delivered out of the Electoral Division or Ward for which it may be necessary to issue Voting Papers ; and if the places named for the reception of Voting Papers, by the Owners or Proxies who have made claims, be not in any case within the respective Divisions or Wards in which the properties are now situate, you should immediately communicate with such parties, and request them to name a place within the Division or Ward, and point out to them that otherwise they can only vote in manner provided in Article 28 of the Election Regulations, to which your attention is requested ; and you should apprize the parties concerned as above, of the substance of the Regulation contained in that Article.

20. The Returning Officer should take care to make himself well acquainted with the Regulations contained in the General Order of the 26th inst., before the next Election commences. With a view to general convenience and economy, the business of the Election is to be transacted, as far as possible, at the Board-Room of the Guardians, and within the hours of ten and five o'clock in the day. The Returning Officer is to attend daily, (except on Sundays,) at the place appointed, from the 25th of February, (the date for the issue of the Notice,) to the 4th March, the last day for receiving Nomination Papers, inclusive, to afford information to persons requiring it ; and also during the period from the 20th March, (the first day for the collection of Voting Papers,) to the 22nd March, and until the Examination of the Votes and the Return of the Guardians elected shall have been completed, (see Articles 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, and 35 ;) and also at all such other times during the progress of the Election, as may be necessary for the due performance of his duties as directed in Article 31.

21. Your special attention, as Clerk of the Union, is requested to your duties under the Regulations contained in Articles 36 and 37 of the General Order. Under the former of those Articles you are, immediately on the Return being completed, to transmit to each Member of the Board of Guardians for the previous year, including Ex-Officio Guardians and out-going Guardians, as well as any who may be re-elected, a Notice in the Form K, apprizing them of the Names of the several Guardians elected for the ensuing year. The object of this regulation being chiefly to obviate the inconvenience of any Guardian attending at any Meeting of the Board after his year of office has expired, you should take care that this Notice is transmitted without any delay on the completion of the Return. Under Article 37, you are likewise to transmit to every Guardian elected for the ensuing year, whether previously a Guardian or not, a Notice in the usual form, marked L in the present Order.

22. Immediately on the close of the Election, an account of the Expenses of the same is to be transmitted to the Commissioners for examination and sanction, in a Form which will be forwarded to you for the purpose.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of the ——— Union,
Returning Officer of the said Union.

2.—Election of Guardians:—Letter of Instructions to the Returning Officer, where he is not Clerk of the Union.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
February, 1852.

Sir,

1. I am directed by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland to acknowledge the Receipt of your Letter of the and to inform you that they have resolved to appoint you Returning Officer for the Election of Guardians to serve during the year ending 25th March, 1853, in the Union. The instrument of appointment will be transmitted to you in due course; and the Commissioners having deemed it expedient to revise and consolidate the Orders which have from time to time been issued for regulating the Election of Guardians, refer you to the accompanying Sealed Copy of a General Order, dated 26th January, 1852,* which they have issued for regulating the conduct of future Elections of Guardians in the several Unions in Ireland, and the duties of the Returning Officer.

2. This Order rescinds for the future all previous Orders for regulating the Election of Guardians in Union, excepting the Regulation or Order fixing the amount of the Qualification for the Office of Guardian in that Union, which remains as fixed by the last Order issued in that behalf.

3. Under Articles 3, 12, 21, and 33 of the accompanying General Order, the Collectors are to assist the Returning Officer as heretofore in the Election, at the times and for the purposes therein indicated. These regulations impose no fresh duties on the Collectors, but the Commissioners have requested the Clerk of the Union to call the attention of each of them to those regulations before the next Election takes place.

4. The Police who may be employed as heretofore, in posting the Notices of the Election, and in distributing and collecting Voting Papers, will receive their instructions from their own superior Officers; but in case their services should not in any instance be available in sufficient number for the latter duty, the Returning Officer should take care to furnish any other persons who may be employed by him in pursuance of Article 2 of the General Order, for the distribution and collection of the Voting Papers, with proper lists and instructions for their guidance, in accordance with Articles 17, 18, 20, 22, 23, and 27 of the Order.

5. Where it has happened in previous Elections that the assistance of the Police has not been available, or has not been available to sufficient extent, for the distribution of Voting Papers within the prescribed period, the Commissioners have in some instances received applications for their sanction to the employment of the Collectors of Poor Rates or their assistants, and of Relieving Officers in this service, where it may be necessary to issue Voting Papers. It is desirable that, where practicable, this duty should be performed by responsible officers; and as it will, according to the regulations, occupy only two or at most four days, and will therefore not cause any material interruption of

* No. VII., p. 61.

the ordinary duties of the Union Officers referred to, the Commissioners are prepared to sanction their being employed to assist in performing the duty in question, provided the Board of Guardians permit them to be so employed, for which permission it will be your duty, where necessary, to apply. If the services of the Police and Union Officers should not be available or sufficient, you will have to employ other trustworthy persons acquainted with the respective localities, as far as practicable, in accordance with the regulation contained in Article 2 of the General Election Order. But you will first take care to ascertain whether you can obtain the services of the Police in sufficient number or not, before you employ other persons; and you will only resort to the employment of the Officers of the Union or other persons, in case you cannot obtain the assistance of the Police in sufficient number.

6. Should some additional assistance be necessary for enabling you, in case of contests, to prepare the requisite List of Voters and complete the proceedings in the Election at the times prescribed by the General Order, the Commissioners will be prepared to sanction such assistance for so long as may be absolutely requisite, on receiving a communication from you, setting forth *the circumstances which render the application necessary, the particular purposes* for which assistance is required, and *the extent* of assistance required.

7. One of your first duties will be to issue the Notice of the Election, which is to be posted on the 25th February, (whenever that day is not a Sunday). The Notice is to set forth the names of the Electoral Divisions, the Qualification and Number of Guardians to be elected for each, with other particulars prescribed in the General Order, according to the Form (D) annexed thereto. You should in due time before the 25th February, give notice of application to the Constabulary for their assistance in posting the Notices, as heretofore; and you will afterwards forward the copies of the Notices to the proper Constabulary stations. Due notice should likewise be given to them when it becomes necessary to apply for their services in the distribution and collection of Voting Papers, apprizing them of the probable extent of the duty to be performed.

8. The days fixed for the several proceedings in the annual Election, remain unaltered, and are as follow: namely;—

25th February—Issue of Notice of Election. (Art. 9.)
4th March—Last day for receiving Nomination Papers, which can be received up to 5 o'clock, p.m., on that day. (Art. 11.)
8th March—List of Candidates to be prepared and forwarded: (Art. 14.)
—List of Voters to be prepared in case of contest.
The last day for receiving Statements of Claim to Vote, and Appointment of Proxies, (6 & 7 Vic. c. 92, sec. 24,) so as to be available in this Election, will be the 19th February; and in case of contests, the Lists of Rate-payers making Statements are to be made up to that day. (Art. 17.)
11th March—Application to be made to Constabulary for assistance in distributing Voting Papers, where necessary.
15th March—Voting Papers and Lists to be forwarded to Constabulary.
17th March—List of occupying Tenants who are entitled to Vote, having paid Rates required to be paid, is to be made up to this day. (Art. 21.)
18th March—Day for issuing Voting Papers, and following day if needful. (Art. 20.)

20th March—Day for collecting Voting Papers, and following day if necessary. (Art. 27.)
21st March*—Time for applying for Voting Papers, where not duly received by persons entitled, expires. (Art. 28, 29.)
22nd March*—Time for delivering to Returning Officer Voting Papers that may not have been duly collected, expires. (Art. 30.)
25th March—Return of Guardians to be made, (Art. 34); or within 14 days thereof. (Art. 35.)

* The Order further provides, that whenever any of the prescribed days is a Sunday or Good Friday, the proceeding prescribed by the Regulations for that day is to be taken on the ensuing day. (Art. 41.) In the cases marked with an asterisk above, the dates will accordingly be in the present year (1852,) 22nd and 23rd instead of 21st and 22nd March, respectively.

9. Previously to the commencement of the Election, you should procure the requisite supply of the Forms prescribed for use in the Election. With regard to the Notice of the Election (Form D), the Commissioners have thought it advisable to direct that the copies of that Notice should be printed and transmitted to you from this Office, as usual, which will accordingly be done in due time, on your stating the number of copies that will be required for distribution, according to Article 9 of the Order ; and *you are requested to furnish the Commissioners with this information, in a separate letter, without delay,* in order that the requisite copies may be ordered for the Union.

10. With regard to the other Forms, steps should be taken in due time to provide a sufficient supply of those which may be required for carrying on the Election, as prescribed by the General Order. If any copies of the Forms similar to those marked A 1 and 2, or B 1 and 2, or of the Forms marked F, G 1 and 2, and L, in the present Order, remain on hand from previous Elections, they may be used for the approaching Election : and where Register Books (Forms C 1, 2, and 3), for the entry of Statements of Claims to Vote and Appointments of Proxies, which have been already procured according to the Forms prescribed in previous Orders, are not yet filled up, they may continue to be used, until they are filled up and fresh Books required. For any other of the Forms required, you should forward a requisition *direct to the Printer*, without delay, (except the Notice, Form D, above referred to,) specifying the number of copies of each which will be requisite. The Forms can be procured from Mr. Thom, of 87, Abbey-street, Dublin ; but should you employ any other Printer, it will be necessary for you to compare the several Forms carefully with those prescribed in the Election Order, as you will be responsible for their accuracy. The charge for Voting Papers is not to *exceed* 2*s.* per hundred, at which they may be obtained in Dublin : and it is advisable that you should ascertain and compare the prices at which other forms are procurable, before you order them.

11. A Placard, containing a description of the Electoral Divisions in the Union as at present constituted, to be posted in case of contest, as heretofore, should be prepared, and a sufficient number of copies thereof for posting be obtained when necessary, in like manner with the Voting Papers.

12. The Forms (A 1, 2, and B 1, 2,) for Statements of Claims to

Vote, and Appointments of Proxies, with their applications, in pursuance of sec. 84 of 1 and 2 Vic. cap. 56, and the Statements of Corporations and Joint Stock Companies in pursuance of the 86th section of the Act, are to be supplied, free of charge, (on application made to you,) to any persons, or Corporations, or Companies respectively, who may require them for their own Statements or Applications. It would not be expedient to make a more general distribution of these forms.

13. With regard to the Registry of such Statements and Appointments in the proper Books (Forms C 1, 2, 3), the Commissioners request your special attention to Articles 4 and 5 of the General Order, and to your duties in respect to the same, under the provisions of the Statutes and under Articles 6 and 8 of the Order.

14. The provisions of the Acts relating to such Statements and Registers are contained in sec. 84 of 1 and 2 Vic. c. 56, as amended by sec. 24 of 6 and 7 Vic. c. 92, to which your attention is requested, as well as to sec. 26 of the latter Act. The first-named section sets forth the particulars required to be stated in such Claims, which must be lodged one calendar month before the Owner or his Proxy can vote as such ; and requires that the Guardians, or the person acting as Returning Officer, should register such Claims in manner provided. If at any Election the Returning Officer have reasonable cause to doubt the correctness of a Claim to vote, made by any person in respect of net rent, the Returning Officer is required by the last-cited section not to admit such person to vote, until he shall have produced evidence, to the satisfaction of the Returning Officer, of the amount of such rent.

15. Inconvenience and irregularity, it is believed, have occurred in some instances from the discovery at the time of an Election, of errors or defects in the Registry prescribed, from omission of claims therein, or from retaining on record the claims of persons deceased, or from other causes, where the original statements of claim, owing to changes of Officers or other circumstances, are not themselves forthcoming. The Commissioners therefore request, with a view to future Elections of Guardians, that you will see whether, in the Union for which you act, the prescribed Registers have been duly kept up to the present time ; and if not, that they be perfected before another Election takes place. Care should be taken also to revise the entries in any existing Registers with a view to their proper correction where the original claimants have died, or other changes affecting the validity or continuance of the claims have taken place.

16. The Commissioners take this opportunity to observe, that although an Owner or Proxy is not entitled, under sec. 24 of 6 and 7 Vic. c. 92, to vote until one calendar month after he shall have made the prescribed statement or appointment and claim, it is not necessary that he should make or renew such statement, &c., a month before each Election. The statements of claim, &c., may be made at any time, and they continue effective as long as the parties remain in possession of the interests described therein, and in the case of a Proxy, until the appointment be revoked, or the Owner himself resume the exercise of his right to vote, or until either of the parties dies.

17. Any such statements, &c., should be duly preserved; and in case there be reason to believe that any that may have been already lodged have not been handed over to you by any previous Officer, or not registered, you should make inquiry of such Officer, or otherwise endeavour to obtain them, and forthwith see that they be recorded in the proper Form of Register Book, and that the directions in the above-mentioned Articles of the Election Order be duly complied with.

18. In reference to the alterations which have been made in the boundaries of some Unions, or Electoral Divisions of Unions, the Commissioners desire to observe that the alteration of boundaries in any Union has not the effect of preventing any person from exercising his right to vote who would otherwise be entitled to vote in pursuance of a statement of claim made at any previous Election, or not less than one month before the time for voting in the approaching Election, in respect of property situated in any of the present Electoral Divisions of the Union; and if you have not already received the statements and appointments that may have been made in regard to any properties now in the Union for which you act, but not heretofore in it, or the Registers thereof, you should apply to the Clerks of the respective Unions in which such properties were heretofore comprised for the same; and in like manner, if you have any such statements relating to properties not now in the Union for which you act, you should hand them over to the Clerk of the Union in which the respective properties are now included.

19. The Returning Officer, however, is not bound, under Article 22 of the Election Regulations to cause any Voting Papers to be delivered out of the Electoral Division or Ward for which it may be necessary to issue Voting Papers; and if the places named for the reception of Voting Papers by the Owners or Proxies who have made claims, be not in any case within the respective Divisions or Wards in which the properties are now situate, you should immediately communicate with such parties, and request them to name a place within the Division or Ward, and point out to them that otherwise they can only vote in manner provided in Article 28 of the Election Regulations, to which your attention is requested; and you should apprize the parties concerned as above, of the substance of the Regulation contained in that Article.

20. The Returning Officer should take care to make himself well acquainted with the Regulations contained in the General Order of the 26th January, 1852, before the next Election commences. With a view to general convenience and economy, the business of the Election is to be transacted, as far as possible, at the Board-room of the Guardians, and within the hours of ten and five o'clock in the day. The Returning Officer is to attend daily (except on Sundays,) at the place appointed, from the 25th of February, (the date for the issue of the Notice,) to the 4th March, the last day for receiving nomination papers, inclusive, to afford information to persons requiring it; and likewise during the period from the 20th March (the first day for the collection of Voting Papers) to the 22nd March, and until the examination of the Votes and the Return of the Guardians

Elected, shall have been completed (see Articles 28, 29, 30, 33, 34, and 35); and also at all such other times during the progress of the Election as may be necessary for the due performance of his duties, as directed in Article 31.

21. The Commissioners enclose herewith for your information a copy of a Letter* which they have addressed to the Clerk of the Union in reference to the Election; and you should immediately communicate with him for the purpose of ascertaining whether any and what description and number of Election Forms, available for the present Election, remain on hand, with a view to your ordering any others that may be required.

22. Immediately on the close of the Election, an account of the Expenses of the same is to be transmitted to the Commissioners, for examination and sanction, in a form which will be forwarded to you for the purpose.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To ——, Esq., Returning Officer of —— Union.

No. 3.—Election of Guardians.—Letter of Instructions to the Clerk of the Union, where he is not appointed Returning Officer.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin, February, 1852.

Sir,

1. The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland having deemed it expedient to revise and consolidate the Orders which have from time to time been issued for regulating the Election of Guardians, have issued a General Order, dated the 26th ultimo,† for regulating the conduct of future Elections of Guardians in the several Unions in Ireland, a sealed copy of which Order is enclosed herewith.

2. This Order rescinds for the future all previous Orders for regulating Elections of Guardians in —— Union, excepting the Regulation or Order fixing the amount of the Qualification for the Office of Guardian in that Union, which remains as fixed by the last Order issued in that behalf.

3. Under Articles 3, 12, 21, and 33, of the accompanying General Order, the Collectors are to assist the Returning Officer, as heretofore, in the Election, at the times and for the purposes therein indicated. These regulations impose no fresh duties on the Collectors, but you should call the attention of each of them to those regulations before the next Election takes place.

4. You will receive herewith for the information of the Board of Guardians, and for your guidance, a copy of the Letter of Instructions‡ issued to the Returning Officer, Mr. —— of ——; and you will observe that with a view to general convenience and economy, all the business of the Election is to be transacted, as far as possible, at the Board-room of the Guardians, and between the hours of ten and five o'clock in the day.

* No 3, p. 100. † No. VII., p. 61. ‡ No. 2, p. 95.

5. You should *forthwith* apprize the Returning Officer of the number and description of Forms remaining on hand from previous Elections ; and your attention is requested to paragraphs 9 and 10 of the enclosed Letter of Instructions to the Returning Officer,* for your guidance in this respect. You will likewise furnish to the Returning Officer, before the 25th of February, a list of the names and addresses of all the Ex-Officio Guardians of the Union, and of the Justices of the Peace resident within the Union or qualified to be Ex-Officio Guardians, to enable him to forward to them a Notice of the Election, in accordance with Article 9 of the Order. You will also supply him with the Stationery necessary for the Election ; and afford him access to such of the books and documents of the Union, and such other facilities as may be requisite to enable him to discharge the duties imposed upon him by the Order.

6. The Commissioners request your attention to those parts of the enclosed Circular, which relate to Owners' statements of claims to vote, and of appointments of Proxies and their claims, and the Registers thereof, especially to paragraphs 14 to 18 of that Circular ; and to your duties as Clerk of the Union, in reference thereto, as prescribed in Articles 6 and 7 of the General Order of the 26th ultimo, to which your attention is also requested, as well as to Articles 4 and 5 of that Order.

7. Your special attention is likewise requested to your duties as Clerk of the Union, under the regulations contained in Articles 36 and 37 of the General Order. Under the former of those Articles, you are, immediately on the Return of Guardians being completed, to transmit *to each member of the Board of Guardians for the previous year*, including Ex-Officio Guardians and out-going Guardians, as well as any who may be re-elected, a Notice in the Form K, apprizing them of the names of the several Guardians elected for the ensuing year. The object of this regulation being chiefly to obviate the inconvenience of any Guardian attending at any meeting of the Board after his year of office has expired, you should take care that this Notice is transmitted without any delay, on the completion of the Return. Under Article 37, you are also to transmit to every Guardian *elected for the ensuing year*, whether previously a Guardian or not, a Notice in the usual Form, marked L, in the present Order.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of the Board of Guardians of —— Union.

No. 4.—Remuneration of Returning Officer for his Services in the Election of Guardians.—Circular to Boards of Guardians of Unions concerned.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
10th February, 1852.

Sir,

1. The Commissioners for adminstering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, having issued a General Order for regulating

* No. 2, p. 95.

future Elections of Guardians in the Unions in Ireland, have had under consideration the Form of Account of Expenses of the same, and the mode of remunerating the Returning Officer for his services in the conduct of such Elections.

2. In some Unions, the Returning Officer's Remuneration has been included in, and paid at the same periods with, his Salary as Clerk of the Union, his remuneration as Returning Officer not being included, in that case, in the Returning Officer's Accounts of the Election Expenses. In other Unions, the annual allowance to the Returning Officer, for conducting any Election which may occur during the year has been included in his Account for the Annual Election in March, and has been paid in advance for the whole year in the payment of that Account.

3. The latter course is open to objection, inasmuch as in the event of the person who fills the office of Clerk, and performs the duties of Returning Officer at the Annual Election in March, ceasing to hold the office, and another person being appointed, before the close of the year commencing 25th March, the former may have received the Returning Officer's Remuneration for the entire year, and the latter may be required to conduct Elections to supply vacancies in the number of Guardians that may occur during the year; and in this case, the Guardians would be liable to be called upon to pay the Remuneration of the latter for his services as Returning Officer, in addition to the Amount paid to the previous Returning Officer for the year.

4. Under these circumstances, the Commissioners think it would be preferable that the Remuneration of the Clerk for his services as Returning Officer should be paid, not in one sum in advance included in his Account of the Expenses of the Annual Election, but in periodical payments from time to time, in like manner with his Salary as Clerk, and in like manner with the Salaries of other Officers of the Union.

5. The Commissioners do not propose to make any alteration in the Amount of the Remuneration hitherto allowed to the Returning Officer of the Union, namely, £—— per Annum; and they request that the Guardians will cause him to be paid at that rate, from time to time, at the respective periods when the Officers' Salaries are payable.

6. Under this arrangement, the Returning Officer is not to include any charge for his own Remuneration in the Account which he is required to make out of the Expenses of the Election, his Salary being paid independently of that Account.

I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient Servant,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Presiding Chairman of the Board of Guardians.

No. 5.—Returning Officer's Account of Election Expenses:—Circular of Instructions to Returning Officer of every Union.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
10th February, 1852.

Sir,

1. Adverting to paragraph 22 of the Commissioners' recent Circular, which stated, in reference to the Election of Guardians, that immediately on the close of the Election, an Account of the Expenses of the same is to be transmitted to the Commissioners for examination and sanction, in a Form to be forwarded for the purpose, I am directed by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, now to enclose to you a copy of the Form* in which such Account is to be made out.

2. You are requested immediately after the return of the Election is made, to obtain the Accounts of any persons employed in the same, which should specify the dates and nature of the particular duty on which each was employed, the length of time during which he was employed, and the rate of payment proposed; and to obtain also the Account of the Printer for the Election Forms and Placards which you procure from him, including the copies of the Notice of the Election transmitted through this office. Your attention is requested to Articles 39 and 40 of the General Order of the 26th ultimo, as to the Expenses which are chargeable to the Union at large, and to Electoral Divisions in case of contests, respectively; and you will proceed to make up your Account of the Expenses of the Election accordingly, and forward it for examination to the Commissioners, who will transmit it, if approved, to the Board of Guardians for payment.

3. Your Account, when sent to the Commissioners, should be accompanied by the Bills or Accounts of the parties above referred to, as *Vouchers, which are to be numbered consecutively* (each Voucher having a separate number); *and corresponding references should be inserted in the column* left in the Form of Account for the purpose. The Vouchers should be sent at the same time as the Returning Officer's Account, so as to prevent delay in the settlement of it from any omission in this respect.

4. The Constabulary post the Notices of the Election without charge. The Constabulary are to be allowed 1*s.* a day each, while employed for the purpose of distributing and collecting Voting Papers; and they are to be allowed pay for *one man for one day* for attending to receive the Voting Papers from the Returning Officer, and for *another day* to return them to him, *for each contested Division or Head-quarters concerned.* But when the services of the Constabulary cannot be procured for distributing and collecting the Voting Papers, the Form of the Account is to be altered accordingly in the items relating to that service: and where it may be necessary specially to employ persons other than the Constabulary for the distribution and collection of the Voting Papers, 2*s.* a day is the usual allowance. The *dates* on which the respective parties are

* Form 1, No. 6, p. 105.

employed, and other particulars indicated in the above paragraph 2, should be specified in the Accounts of the parties, which are to be forwarded as Vouchers; and it is desirable either that these Accounts for the several Electoral Divisions or Wards should be separate, or that the particulars as to each Division or Ward should be distinguished from those as to other Divisions or Wards in the respective Vouchers.

5. The several Collectors are to attend the Returning Officer, in pursuance of Articles 3, 12, 21, and 33, of the General Election Order of the 26th ultimo, at certain periods of the Election. They are to assist him in examining the qualifications of persons to nominate or be elected for the office of Guardian, without charge for this duty, which may be performed on the day of the Collectors' attendance for the examination of their Accounts, or on a day to be named for the purpose in the case of each Collector. A moderate allowance may be made for the attendance of the Collectors, where necessary, under Articles 21 and 33 of the Order.

6. The Election is to be conducted with due regard to economy; and until you shall have to prepare Lists of Voters for the Constabulary, you will not require assistance in the performance of your duties; and no allowance can be made for any Expenses incurred by employing any person without authority. But if the number of Voters in contested Divisions or Wards should be so great as to render assistance necessary for preparing the Lists, the Commissioners, on receiving a report from you to that effect, stating *the circumstances which render the application for assistance necessary*, and the *particular purposes* for which it is required, with the *probable number of Voters*, and the *extent of assistance required*, will be prepared to authorize the employment of such assistance, and for such time as may be absolutely necessary. No charge for other assistance than that referred to in the preceding paragraphs is to be inserted without the previous authority of the Commissioners for the employment of such assistance; and *the number and date of the letter giving their authority or sanction are to be quoted on the face of the Account.* Wherever assistance is charged for, the names of the parties employed, as well as the *dates* and nature of their employment, are to be specified in their Accounts, which are to be forwarded as Vouchers, as already directed (paragraph 3); and this Instruction applies to the assistance of the Collectors above referred to, as well as of other parties.

7. The Charge for Voting Papers, where they are required, is not to *exceed*, in any case, 2*s.* per 100, at which rate they may be obtained in Dublin. If you cannot obtain them at that rate in the Union or elsewhere, Mr. Thom, Printer, Abbey-street, Dublin, will furnish them at the price here stated, on your transmitting to him a Form of Voting Paper, properly filled, for each Division, District, or Ward, in which a contest shall occur, taking care to mark on each paper the number of copies required. The *number* of Voting Papers required and obtained for any Electoral Division, District, or Ward, should be stated on the face of your Account.

8. The Account of Expenses of any Supplemental Election that

may take place during the year, is to be made up and sent in, in like manner, immediately after such Election, in the proper Form, which will be supplied for the purpose. The Account of Expenses of *each* Election should be separate and distinct from any other.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Returning Officer of each Union.

No. 6.—Form of Returning Officer's Account of Expenses of Election of Guardians for any Union.

Form 1. ———Union.

Returning Officer's Account of Expenses of the General Election of Guardians in the above Union, in the Month of———, 185 : with* Vouchers.

Charges against Union at large.	No. of Voucher.	£	s.	d.
Returning Officer's Fee for Annual Election and any Supplemental Elections during the year (*paid with his Salary as Clerk of the Union,*)				
Printed Forms under Article 39 of Election Regulations,				
Postage paid on Letters or Carriage of Packets relating to the Election generally, ...				
Total for Union at large, .	£			

Charges against particular Electoral Divisions, or Districts of Electoral Divisions.	£	s.	d.
——— Division.			
Printing† Voting Papers, . . .			
Assistant for making Lists of Voters in Forms G 1 and 2, (*where such assistance shall have been previously authorized; and state in margin, number and date of Commissioners' Letter authorizing it;*) ——— days at ——— per day,			
Distribution and Collection of Voting Papers, by Constabulary :—			
——— ‡Men Distributing the Voting Papers, ——— day ,§ at 1s. each per day, . .			
——— ‡Men Collecting Voting Papers ——— day ,§ at 1s. each per day, ...			
Allowance to Constable fetching the Voting Papers for the Division from the Returning Officer for the Constabulary, and returning them to the Returning Officer; two days, at 1s. per day, ...			

continued.

* The number of Vouchers for the Account to be stated.
† State number of Voting Papers.
‡ State number of men.
§ One day, or where absolutely necessary, *two days,* as the case may be.

	£	s.	d.	No. of Voucher.	£	s.	d.
Allowance to Collector when attending to assist in issuing Voting Papers, &c., under Article 21 of Election Regulations, ——— day , at —— per day, ...							
Collector's Attendance where required to assist in ascertaining the validity of the Votes, under Art. 33 of Election Regulations, —— day , at —— per day, ...							
Postage on Account of the Division, or Carriage of Voting Papers, ...							
Total for the above Division, . .				£			

Similar particulars to be repeated according to the circumstances, in regard to each Division or District of Divisions, which is contested.

Total (A), . . £

Summary.

	£	s.	d.
Union at Large, ...			
Electoral Division of			
,, ,, ...			
,, ,, ...			
,, ,, ...			
Total of Election Expenses (B), ... £			

List of Persons whose Accounts are included herein and sent as Vouchers herewith.

Name of Person.	Office or Business.	For what Incurred.	Number of Voucher	Amount. £	s.	d.
	Returning Officer,	Postage, &c., .				
	Printer, . .	Notice and other Forms, . .				
	Assistant, . .	Making Lists of Voters, . .				
	Constabulary, .	Distribution and Collection of Voting Papers,				
	Collectors, . .	Issuing and Examination of Voting Papers,				
		Total (C), . . £				

Signature: _____

Returning Officer.

Date:

[Note.—The Totals (A, B, and C) will of course be of the same amount.]

No. 7.—Form of Letter Transmitting the Returning Officer's Account of Election Expenses for Payment.

——————— Union.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
—— 1852.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland having received the Returning Officer's Account of Expenses attending the General Election of Guardians in the above Union, in —— last, the same has been examined and passed as enclosed; and the Commissioners now forward the Account, amounting to ——, for payment, by the Board of Guardians, of the sums due to the respective parties concerned.

You are requested to lay this communication before the Guardians, at the same time with the Account.

The sums due should be paid to the respective parties concerned, in the ordinary manner in which payments are required to be made by the Board of Guardians; and after such payment has been made, the receipts of the parties attached to the Bills as vouchers, should be laid before the Guardians for their inspection, and be afterwards submitted to the Auditor at his next audit of the Accounts of the Union. Such Bills and receipts should be laid before the Guardians at the meeting next after payment is directed by them to be made; and an entry should be made accordingly in the Guardians' Minutes when this shall have been done.

By Order of the Commissioners,

———————, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of the —— Union.

No. 8.—Proceedings for Poor-Rate :—Instructions to Boards of Guardians, with reference to 19th section of 12 and 13 Vic. c. 104.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
24th May, 1851.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, desire to call the immediate attention of the Board of Guardians to the 19th section of the 12th and 13th Vic. cap. 104, with respect to the Rates made after the 1st August, 1849, the date of the passing of the Act, which provides "that when any Rate for the Relief of the Poor shall be made after the passing of this Act, it shall not be lawful to commence any proceeding for the recovery of any arrear thereof against any person not primarily liable to pay the same, unless within the period of two years next after the making and publishing of the said Rate."

In order to secure the recovery of the remaining arrears of the Rates made next after the passing of that Act, it will be necessary that the Guardians should direct that such legal proceedings should be taken as the circumstances of each case may require.

With a view to assist the Guardians in the consideration of this subject, the Commissioners request their special attention to the following observations in respect to the principal classes of cases in which such arrears remain due at the present time.

Where the arrears due were originally assessed upon the occupier of the rated Tenements, the eligible mode of securing payment will in general be that authorized by the 17th Section of the above-quoted Act; and in all cases where other effectual proceedings may not have been already resorted to, or may not, by reason of special circumstances, be rendered necessary, the Guardians should direct that proceedings by Civil Bill should be instituted at the next ensuing Quarter Sessions, and with regard to cases in which the arrears are due from lands as to which proceedings are pending in the Courts for the Sale of Encumbered Estates, the Commissioners desire to observe, that they think the filing in that Court of a statement or claim for Rates due to the Guardians of the Union, cannot be deemed a sufficient compliance with the 19th Section of the Act above quoted, and they think that in such cases the Guardians should not forego the more complete and effectual security afforded by the provisions of the 17th and 18th Sections of the same Act.

In cases in which proceedings in the Superior Courts may have already been resorted to, or may be now considered necessary, the Commissioners think that unless the Rates shall have previously been paid, the Guardians should direct that such proceedings be carried on so as to obtain a Judgment of such Superior Court, which Judgment should be registered in the manner prescribed in the 18th Section; and as difficulties have sometimes occurred in regard to the service of a Writ of Summons upon the Defendants, in such cases the Commissioners direct the attention of the Guardians to the 9th Section of the 13th and 14th Vic. cap. 18, which provides a mode of service in such cases.

Where the Arrears were originally assessed upon the Immediate Lessor of the premises rated, the Commissioners think that it will be expedient for the Guardians in all cases where effectual proceedings shall not have previously been taken for that purpose, to secure the registration of Judgment against the parties liable for the amount; and in reference thereto, the Commissioners have to point out the additional facilities for effecting this object by Civil Bill before the Assistant-Barrister, which are afforded by the provisions of the 30th Section of the 12th and 13th Vic. cap. 104.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of the —— Union.

No. 9.—Proceedings for Poor-Rate:—Extension of the Time for proceeding before Magistrates in Civil Bill cases. Circular to Clerks of Unions.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
16th September, 1851.

Sir,

I am directed by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, to inform you, for the information of the Board of Guardians, and the guidance of the Poor-Rate Collectors, that by the Act 14 and 15 Vic. cap. 93, sec. 10, for regulating proceedings at Petty Sessions, which will come fully into operation on the 1st November next, the existing general limitation of the time for proceeding before Magistrates in Civil Cases, to Six Months, will cease, and in Poor-Rate Cases the Collectors may then proceed for recovery of Rates before Magistrates "at any time after the date of the Warrant authorizing the Collection." This extension is necessarily subject to the limitations in the Acts for Relief of the Poor, 1 and 2 Vic. cap. 56, and 12 and 13 Vic. cap. 104.

The expiration of the Six Months now allowed for proceeding before Magistrates in Poor-Rate Cases, does not affect the Collectors' power to proceed by Distress under their own Warrants, or prevent proceedings by Civil Bill; and such modes of recovering Rates may therefore be resorted to where necessary before the 1st of November next, when the Magistrates' power will be extended.

By Order,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 10.—Notice of Rate:—Form of Notice to be given when a Rate is Prepared, and before it is Signed; and Form of Notice of a Rate having been Made:—Circular to Unions forwarding Revised Forms.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
8th August, 1851.

Sir,

Adverting to the Commissioners' Circular Letters of the 17th of August, and the 7th of November, 1849, on the subject of the Notice to be given when a Rate is about to be made, and the subsequent Notice when the Rate has been actually signed, I am directed by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland to state, that having had occasion to reconsider the Forms of the Notices referred to, with a view to the provisions of the Repayment of Advances Act, (13 Vic. c. 14,) they have revised both Forms of Notice, and I am to transmit copies of the revised Forms for your information and guidance, and to request that the Notices to be given in regard to future Rates may be in accordance with the Forms now transmitted.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

Enclosure in foregoing Circular of 8th August, 1851.

Form of Notice to be given when a Rate is Prepared, and before it is Signed.

———— Union.

Notice that Rate Books are Open for Inspection of Rate-payers.

Notice is hereby given, that Rates as hereinunder mentioned are about to be made on the property situated in the undermentioned Electoral Divisions in the above Union, rateable under the provisions of the Acts for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland, namely :—

Electoral Division of ——, a Rate of —— in the pound.
Electoral Division of ——, a Rate of —— in the pound.

And whereas Annuities have been charged upon certain Electoral Divisions, Townlands, Denominations or Places, comprised in the said Union, under the provisions of the Act 13 Vic. c. 14 ; additions to the above-mentioned Rates will be made for the purpose of providing for the payment of such Annuities, in accordance with the provisions of the 4th § of the said last-mentioned Act.

The Rate Books are deposited for the inspection of any Rate-payer at ——, and will be there open for such inspection, between the hours of *Ten* in the forenoon and *Four* in the afternoon, during the fourteen days next ensuing the date hereof, exclusive of Sundays.

Signed this —— day of ——, 18 .
————, *Clerk of the Union.*

Form G.

Notice of Rates having been made for the purposes of the Irish Poor Relief Acts.

———— Union.

Notice is hereby given, that Rates have been duly made on the property situated in the undermentioned Electoral Divisions of the above Union, rateable under the provisions of the Acts for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland, namely :—

Electoral Division of ——, a Rate of —— in the pound.
Electoral Division of ——, a Rate of —— in the pound.

And whereas Annuities have been charged upon certain Electoral Divisions, Townlands, Denominations or Places, comprised in the said Union, under the provisions of the Act 13 Vic. c. 14 ; additions to the above-mentioned Rates have been made for the purpose of providing for the payment of such Annuities, in accordance with the provisions of the 4th § of the said last-mentioned Act.

And the Rate Books are now in my custody, and may be inspected by any Person affected thereby, at ——, on any day, except Sunday, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon : and the said Rates will be payable from and after the publication of this Notice.

Signed this —— day of ——, 18 .
————, *Clerk of the —— Union.*

No. 11.—Apprenticeship of Boys to the Merchant Sea Service :—Circular to Unions, forwarding Copy of the Act, 14 and 15 Vic. c. 35.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
4th August, 1851.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland forward herewith, for the information of the Board of Guardians, a Copy of the Apprentices to the Sea Service Act, 14 and 15 Vic. c. 35, passed on the 24th ultimo.

This Act empowers Boards of Guardians in Ireland to apprentice Boys, between the Ages of 12 and 17 years, to the Merchant Sea Service, in manner described in the Act, and to provide an Outfit and defray certain other Expenses, as specified in § 2, charging the same on the Rates of the Union or Division to which such Boys are chargeable, as the case may be.

The Act also, in § 10, empowers the Boards of Guardians to allow Boys to enter into the Royal Navy, and to pay out of the Rates in like manner such sum as may be required by the Regulations of the Naval Service, for providing Outfit or otherwise, and also the Expense of conveying the Boy in charge of a proper person to the place of entry into the Service.

It will be observed that the powers conferred by this Act apply only to Boys already receiving Relief, or whose Parents, where living, are receiving Relief, and to Boys who are willing or desirous to enter the Merchant Service or the Navy : and the Act gives no power to Boards of Guardians to put out as Apprentices any other class than that specified in the Act, or to Apprentice such Boys to any other occupation, or in any other manner than as described therein.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of the Guardians of each Union.

No. 12.—Apprenticeship of Boys to the Merchant Sea Service :—Circular to Unions, forwarding Copy of Instructions of the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade, to Shipping Masters appointed under the Mercantile Marine Act.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
23rd August, 1851.

Sir,

With reference to their Circular of the 4th instant, relative to the "Apprentices to the Sea Service Act," 14 and 15 Vic. cap. 35, I am directed by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, to forward for the information of the Board of Guardians the annexed copy of a communication containing instructions which the Lords of the Committee of Privy Coun-

cil for Trade are about to transmit to Shipping Masters appointed under the Mercantile Marine Act, with the view of rendering the services of those Officers available for facilitating the binding of such Apprentices.

The Commissioners have been informed, that at any of those Ports of Ireland where a Shipping Master has not been appointed, the Collectors of Customs thereat will act ex-officio, in the capacity of Shipping Masters.

It is however to be observed that at Ports where there are Local Marine Boards the accompanying instructions are to apply only if approved of by such Board.

By Order of the Commissioners,
W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

Copy of Communication referred to in foregoing Circular.

Every Shipping Master is, if applied to for the purpose, by the Guardians of any Union or Parish, or by Overseers of the Poor, or persons having the authority of Overseers, to keep in some conspicuous place in the Shipping Office, in such form as may be considered most convenient, a List containing the names of any Parish Boys whom such Guardians or Overseers may wish to have apprenticed to the Sea Service, with such information concerning them as may be thought desirable; and shall allow such List to be inspected by any Masters or Owners who may want Apprentices; and he is, so far as he conveniently can, to act as a channel of communication between the Guardians or Overseers and any Masters or Owners requiring Apprentices; and he is to give to both parties any information or assistance in his power, for the purpose of facilitating the making of apprenticeships to the Sea Service, in such a manner as to be satisfactory and beneficial to all the parties concerned.

No. 13.—Ophthalmia: Circular to Medical Officers of Workhouses, accompanying a copy of Fourth Annual Report.

Poor-Law Commission Office, Dublin,
25th June, 1851.

Sir,

In forwarding you a Copy of the Fourth Annual Report of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, I am directed by the Commissioners to call your attention to the Tables and Circular referred to in paragraphs 16 to 18 of the Report,* relating to Ophthalmic Disease in Workhouses.

From the first of those Tables, showing the number of cases of such disease which occurred in each Month of the last two years, it will be perceived that they were most prevalent in the Months of July, August, and September; and as disease of this character has prevailed more or less during the above period in most of the Workhouses in Ireland, the Commissioners request your attention to the Circular referred to, and recommend, in case you deem it

* Fourth Annual Report (1851), pp. 8, 127, 195, 196.

necessary that any immediate provision should be made by the Guardians by way of precaution against the prevalence of such disease, that you should report your views to the Board of Guardians, in order that the subject may be brought under their consideration without delay.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Medical Officer of the Workhouse of each Union.

No. 14.—Ophthalmia:—Sore Eyes artificially produced by Children:—Circular to each Poor-Law Inspector.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin, 5th August, 1851.

Sir,

I am directed by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland to forward herewith for your information a Copy of a Report which they have received from Captain Huband, Poor-Law Inspector, relating to the means used by the Children in the Workhouses of Cork Union, in order to produce Inflammation of the Eyes.

The Commissioners have reason to suppose that similar means have been used to produce Inflammation of the Eyes in other Workhouses, though not perhaps to such extent as in the Cork Union Workhouse; and they think that the special attention of the Guardians and Medical Officers of Unions should be called to the possibility of such means being used by the inmates of the Workhouses in which Ophthalmia prevails.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To each Poor-Law Inspector.

Enclosure referred to in foregoing Circular:—

CORK UNION.

Artificially produced Sore Eyes mistaken for Ophthalmia.

Cork, 20th July, 1851.

Gentlemen,

Upon the Minutes of the Cork Board of Guardians upon Wednesday last you will see by the Report of the Visiting Committee and the Master that the younger inmates of the Workhouse have been detected in putting the juice of a weed (popularly termed "birds' milk" or "milk weed," but properly, I believe, named "Euphorbium,") into their eyes, so as to produce an appearance so closely resembling Ophthalmia, that the Medical Officers have had them under treatment, for how long it cannot now be discovered, for that disease.

You will see by the House Committee's Report that, upon being informed by the Workhouse Master, Mr. Carr, that he had made

the discovery referred to, I called several of the boys before me and examined them, and subsequently the Schoolmistress and some girls.

The boys were those through whom the Master was enabled to detect the imposition which was being practised by the younger classes, both male and female; the names of these boys are, Jerry Lynch, aged twelve, Tim Byrne, aged ten. Both of these boys appear to labour under Ophthalmia. Byrne's eyes would deceive anybody; the lids are much swollen, and matter in considerable quantity running down his cheek. John Fleming, aged twelve; Michael Connell, aged ten; and James Curtayne, aged twelve, had, I was informed, eyes looking equally bad as the others some days before I saw them, but even then they appeared to be afflicted with Ophthalmia, although not of so severe a character as the first two whom I have mentioned.

I learned from these boys that the inducement for tampering with their eyes was the dietary of the Hospital, in which white bread is used, and the avoidance of going to school, and they informed me that the practice of making their eyes sore with various substances introduced into them, or under the lids, was of considerable extent amongst the inmates attending the Schools.

These boys informed me that two others, by name Daniel Sullivan, aged fourteen, and John Fahy, aged twelve, had very nearly lost their sight altogether, by introducing lime into their eyes; they were under treatment in Hospital for Ophthalmia.

I called the Schoolmistress before me and questioned her as to the result of the inquiries made by her amongst the female children. She informed me that the school girls had confessed to her that they also had been in the habit of tampering with their eyes, not only by introducing the juice of the "Euphorbium," but likewise by unravelling the threads of their aprons in that part striped with blue, in which the indigo used to dye them is contained, and introducing the thread under the eyelids; an appearance of Ophthalmia is quickly produced from the irritation caused by the indigo threads.

The Schoolmistress further informed me that she herself had caught children tearing off the corners of the leaves of their books, rolling them up and thrusting them under their eyelids.

Two girls, Margaret Callaghan, and Julia Nugent, have become nearly blind, the soreness of their eyes having been originally artificially produced by themselves. The girls give a similar reason to that which the boys do for tampering with their eyes, namely, to get the white bread used in Hospital, and avoid going to School.

I have long since heard that amongst the adult paupers in the Workhouses the practice of producing, artificially, sore eyes closely resembling Ophthalmia, but I had not been able to bring it home to any of them with certainty; the means by which, I was repeatedly informed, they made their eyes sore, were lime and wool plucked either from a blanket or from their frieze clothing; this they placed under their eyelids, and the irritation produced thereby rendered their eyes sore. I did not however detect the use of "Euphorbium" until in the Cork Workhouse. It grows plentifully about the Workhouse grounds; all the boys appeared to know it; they were all out

walking when I went out to look over the grounds for some specimens of this weed ; numbers of the boys cried out, you will find it in such places, mentioning them. In fact all the boys appeared to be well acquainted with it. The milk of this weed, which runs out when the stem is broken across, is a very acrid liquid, and is frequently used by poachers to poison fish in rivers for the purpose of taking them clandestinely.

I enclose for your inspection a specimen of "Euphorbium," in case you should not be acquainted with its appearance.

If you will break across one of the stems you will see the milky liquor exude.

Some of the boys informed me that so painful does this milk become when put into the eyes, that they have been kept awake at night by these boys who had used it before going to bed, in preparation to appear before the Medical Officers in the morning.

One of the Physicians of the Union stated to me, what appears to be perfectly conformable with reason, namely, that he has no doubt whatever that these children who have entered the Ophthalmic Wards with sore eyes, artificially produced, have caught genuine Ophthalmia from the Patients who had been under treatment for that disease, and with whom they became mixed up in the Wards.

Both of the Medical Officers made a minute examination of the children in the Ophthalmic Wards immediately after they were informed of the discovery which had been made.

Of 161 boys, Dr. O'Connor, the senior Medical Officer, placed 140 upon the House diet ; these Dr. O'Connor, after he had heard of the practices amongst the children deemed to be suspicious cases. Dr. Popham, who has under his charge 91 cases of Ophthalmia amongst the girls, made a similar examination of these cases, but I am not informed of the steps which he subsequently took.

I have, &c.,

GEORGE HUBAND, *Poor-Law Inspector.*

To the Poor-Law Commissioners, Dublin.

No. 15.—SANITARY CONDITION OF WORKHOUSE INMATES :—Circular to each Union, containing Suggestions as to Diet, and Drainage and Ventilation of Workhouses.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
28th October, 1851.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire to call the attention of the Guardians to the following observations and suggestions in reference to the Sanitary condition of the Inmates of the Workhouse.

At this season of the year there is usually a less degree of pressure of applications for relief than at any other time, and the disposition to leave the Workhouse by way of voluntary discharge having prevailed throughout the period of harvest, has brought the number of inmates to a comparatively low amount.

This is therefore a convenient time for the Guardians to consider and carry into effect any improvements which may be thought requisite in the ventilation or sewerage of the buildings, and as a gradual but continuous increase of the number of inmates may soon be expected to begin, any defect in the above respect which admits of remedy should receive the immediate attention of the Guardians, the Visiting Committee, and the Medical Officer.

By Article 59 of the Workhouse Regulations, it is the duty of the Visiting Committee to report weekly to the Guardians "whether the Workhouse, with its wards, offices, yards, and appurtenances are clean, and well ventilated in every part, and if not, to state the defect or omission."

By Article 68, No. 5, it is a duty of the Medical Officer "to report *in writing* to the Board of Guardians any defect in the diet, drainage, ventilation, warmth, or other arrangement of the Workhouse, or any excess in the number of any class of inmates, which he may deem to be detrimental to the health of the inmates."

The regular and careful performance of these duties, followed by a prompt attention on the part of the Board of Guardians to the reports placed before it from time to time, affords the surest protection to the inmates against any injurious effects upon their health arising from neglected sewerage, imperfect ventilation, or other circumstances over which the Guardians can exercise a remedial control.

As regards the Visiting Committee, the above reflection should be sufficient in itself to determine them to regularity in the discharge of their duty; but, as that body is charged with a general supervision over the Paid Officers of the Workhouse, they ought further to bear in mind, that the degree of care and attention which they may exhibit in carrying out the regulations prescribed for their guidance, must have an important effect by way of example on the Officers of the Workhouse.

The responsibility which rests on the Medical Officer, in respect of matters affecting the sanitary condition of the inmates, is second in degree only to that of the Board of Guardians, in whose hands all local executive authority in the administration of relief is vested by law. It is required of him by the Regulation above quoted, to discharge himself of this responsibility, not by verbal representations of his views, but by formally reporting them "*in writing*" to the Board of Guardians. The latter are to a certain extent dependent on his opinion and suggestions on sanitary points; and when he is silent on the subject of any cause, detrimental to health, the natural inference in the minds of the Guardians is that such causes do not exist in their establishment.

Two of the most important circumstances affecting the health of the inmates of Workhouses, over which the Guardians can exercise an effective remedial control, are the dietaries for sick and healthy inmates, and the extent of dormitory and day-room accommodation; and on both these points much responsibility rests on the Medical Officer if any defective arrangement prejudicial to health should exist, without his reporting his opinion on the subject.

The Rules furnished by the Commissioners for framing the dietaries of Workhouses, lay down a minimum amount of nutriment, according to a standard therein set forth, and they provide for the substitution of other articles of diet in certain equivalent proportions therein specified. In issuing this Regulation, the Commissioners have not restrained the Guardians from using other articles of diet besides those enumerated, or from using greater quantities than those set forth in the standard. On the contrary, it is expressly provided, that the Board of Guardians may, under the advice of the Medical Officer, use other articles instead of any of the above, and the same or other articles in other proportions than the above, whenever the scarcity of any article, the season of the year, or any circumstance affecting the sanitary condition of the inmates shall be deemed to justify such changes or departures from the authorized articles and quantities; such changes and departures being subject at all times, both as to their adoption and continuance, to the approval of the Commissioners.

Again, by Article 19, it is provided—

1stly.—That the Medical Officer may direct, in writing, such diet for any individual Pauper in the Sick or Lunatic Wards, as he shall deem necessary.

2ndly.—That if the Medical Officer shall at any time certify that he deems a temporary change in the diet essential to the health of the Paupers in the Workhouse, or of any class or classes thereof, the Guardians shall cause a copy of such certificate to be entered on the Minutes of their proceedings, and shall be empowered forthwith to order, by a resolution, the said diet to be temporarily changed, according to the recommendation of the Medical Officer, and shall forthwith transmit a copy of such certificate and resolution to the Commissioners.

By Article 13, No. 12, it is declared that—

The dietaries for patients in the Workhouse Infirmary and Fever Hospital, shall be at all times such as the Board of Guardians, under the advice of the Medical Officer, or Medical Officers, shall adopt, subject to the approval of the Commissioners.

These regulations have been designed to secure a careful supervision of the dietaries both of sick and healthy inmates by the Medical Officer; and the Guardians will naturally infer from the absence of any objection on the part of the Medical Officer to the dietaries in use, that he is satisfied with the wholesomeness and sufficiency of the ordinary diet of the inmates, and with the propriety of the dietaries in use for the sick.

The sufficiency of the Hospital accommodation is a matter constantly and peculiarly under the observation of the Medical Officer; and if at any time evil consequences should arise from a deficiency in that respect, the Medical Officer will not clear himself from responsibility unless he shall appear to have pointed out, in due time, the actual deficiency, or the probability of its taking place.

In like manner, any excess in the number of inmates in any

building, or department of a building, used for the accommodation of healthy inmates, should be made the subject of a *written* report by him to the Guardians, according to his prescribed duty, as set forth in paragraph five of Article 68—already quoted.

The scaled orders of the Commissioners, limiting the number to be accommodated in any Workhouse, or Auxiliary Workhouse, have been issued generally in accordance with the Medical Officer's previously expressed views on that important point; and the Commissioners take this opportunity of observing, that they will be prepared at all times to consider the propriety of a revision of those orders, on a representation from the Medical Officer of a Union that he thinks such a revision is called for.

It has always been the desire of the Commissioners, that the Medical Officers should express themselves unreservedly on the points above mentioned, and likewise on all arrangements which appear to them to concern the general health of the inmates under their care.

The reports made by them to the Guardians will, in ordinary routine, appear upon the minutes of the Board, and thus become known to the Commissioners, together with such steps as the Guardians may think fit to take in connexion with those reports.

Although the Guardians may not on all occasions adopt the recommendations of their Medical Officer, it will be proper and necessary that his opinion should, in any event, appear recorded in pursuance of the regulations framed by the Commissioners in that behalf.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 16.—Dietary:—Circular to Unions relating to the use of Vegetables in Soup.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
10*th December*, 1851.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland having been informed that, in some instances, the Soup which forms an article of the Workhouse Dietary is made during some seasons of the year, without any admixture of vegetables, they desire to call the attention of the Board of Guardians to Article 13, No. 6, of the Workhouse Rules, which requires that the Soup shall at all times be well seasoned with onions, pepper, and salt; and thickened at all convenient seasons with turnips, parsnips, and carrots, or such other vegetables as the Medical Officer shall approve.

It will be observed that this regulation contemplates the use of onions in the Soup at all seasons of the year, and the Commissioners desire to call the attention of the Board of Guardians to the im-

portance of taking such steps as may be best calculated to insure a regular supply of onions throughout the year, and of other vegetables whenever practicable.

The use of vegetables, especially onions, in the rations issued by the Relief Committees under the Temporary Relief Act was strongly recommended by the late Board of Health in a letter addressed to the Relief Commissioners on the 21st June, 1847, of which the following is an extract:—

"The Board of Health, as the season of the year now gives facilities for it, strongly recommend the admixture of onions, leeks, scallions, or shallots, in cooked meal rations or stirabout, which will both act as condiments and will also furnish some of the elements of nutrition essential for forming healthy blood. Onions are so rich in nutritive qualities that, as a mere article of food, one ounce and a half may be considered as equivalent to about one ounce of meal. On every opportunity the importance to health of using vegetables, such as carrots, parsnips, turnips, and cabbage, along with meal, should be impressed upon the people."

From inquiries which the Commissioners have made on the subject, they are of opinion that in those Unions where land has been taken under the provisions of the Act 11 and 12 Vic. c. 25, a supply of vegetables may, by proper arrangements, be obtained without difficulty throughout the year, and the Commissioners desire to draw the attention of the Guardians to the expediency of cultivating the various descriptions of vegetables most suited for use in making Soup, in preference to other crops.

Where the Guardians do not occupy land which can be used for raising vegetables, efforts should be made to obtain contracts, and in order to guard against any failure in the supply under such contracts, they should be entered into some time before the period for supplying commences, so as to allow the parties contracting an opportunity of making the requisite preliminary arrangements for providing a succession of crops to enable them to supply the different varieties of vegetables at the respective periods at which they come in season, and onions, scallions, or leeks, all the year round.

If, however, the Guardians should not be able to obtain a contract for the supply of vegetables throughout the year, they may, no doubt, obtain one for the principal part of the year, and during the period to which the contract does not apply, potatoes may probably be used with advantage in the Soup, and there is no doubt that by making proper arrangements with some respectable merchant in any of the larger towns, a supply of onions, of either foreign or home growth, may at all times be obtained. In this case it would probably be necessary for the Guardians to purchase large quantities at once, and particular attention should be given to the mode of storing the supply of onions thus obtained, so as to insure their keeping good until required for use.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 17.—Form of Contract for Workhouse Supplies:—Circular forwarding amended Form.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
14th May, 1851.

Sir,

Considerable inconvenience and loss having been suffered in several Unions, in consequence of the Contractors for the supply of Milk to the Workhouses of such Unions failing to supply the quantities of Milk required for consumption in the Workhouses, particularly during the winter season when new Contracts cannot always be obtained, and supplies are not available for purchase; in consequence of which, substitutes have to be provided, and the Contractors, under the form of Contract now in use, are not subject to the expenses so incurred, being chargeable only with the cost of the same articles as contracted for, beyond the price set forth in the Contract:

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, with a view of obviating, as far as possible, such inconvenience and loss, have had prepared a new form of Contract for Workhouse supplies, into which there has been introduced a Covenant enabling the Guardians to charge to the Contractor, failing to supply the necessary quantity of any article or articles contracted for, the cost of any substitute for such article or articles which the Guardians may be obliged to resort to, to make good the deficiency; and the Commissioners recommend that the new form may be used in future.

A copy of the amended form is sent herewith, a supply of which should be obtained, when required, in the usual way.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

Form of Contract referred to in foregoing Circular.

No. 2.—Contract for Supplies to be delivered from the —— day of —— to the —— day of ——.

Memorandum of Agreement, made the —— day of ——, One Thousand Eight Hundred and ——, between —— of the one part, and the Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union, of the other part.

It is hereby agreed by and between the said parties hereto; and the said —— do , in consideration of the Payments to be made to —— as hereinafter mentioned, hereby contract with the Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union, that —— the said —— shall and will, from the —— day of —— until the —— day of —— next inclusive, serve, supply, and deliver, or cause to be delivered, free of all expense, at —— in the said Union, at such times, and in such manner as the said Guardians, or their Clerk, or other Officer of the said Union, duly authorized by them, shall from time

to time direct, such quantities of —— as shall from time to time be required by the said Guardians, at and after the rates or prices following; that is to say, ——. And they the said Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union aforesaid, do hereby agree, that in case the said —— shall well and truly serve, supply, and deliver the Articles aforesaid, upon the terms and in manner aforesaid, according to —— said agreement, they, the said Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union, shall and will well and truly pay or cause to be paid to the said —— within —— days after each and every such delivery during said term, at the rates and prices aforesaid, for such quantity of the said Articles as shall have been ordered, served, supplied, and delivered, during said period of ——, and of which a Bill of particulars shall have been sent at the time of the delivery of said articles. Provided always, and it is hereby expressly agreed, and particularly by and on the part of the said ——, that in case such articles shall not be duly served, supplied, and delivered by —— when and as directed by the said Guardians, or their Clerk, or other Officer duly authorized by them, or when delivered shall not in every respect be of the quality and sort contracted for, or shall be deficient in the weight, size, measure, or quantity, stated and charged for in such Bill of particulars, or if the same shall be delivered without such Bill of particulars, they, the said Guardians, or their Clerk, or other Officer so authorized by them, shall be at liberty to return the same at the expense of the said Contractor, or give notice for the same to be sent for and fetched away by ——; And that in every such case it shall be lawful for the said Guardians, or their Clerk, or other Officer so authorized by them as aforesaid, to purchase a fresh supply of such Articles, or of such other Articles in lieu thereof, as the said Guardians, or their Clerk, or other Officer so authorized as aforesaid, shall think fit, or to employ any other person or persons to furnish a fresh supply of such first-mentioned Articles or of such other Articles in lieu thereof, as aforesaid, in such a manner as may be required during the period of the said Contract, or any part of such period in the place of the said ——. And it is hereby further agreed that in case such first-mentioned Articles shall not be duly served, supplied, and delivered in such quantities as shall from time to time be required by the said Guardians, then, in every such case, and as often as it shall so happen, it shall be lawful for said Guardians, or their Clerk, or other Officer so authorized as aforesaid, to purchase from any other person or persons other than —— such a supply of the said first-mentioned Articles, as shall be necessary to complete the quantity required, or to purchase and provide such quantity or quantities of any other Article or Articles, directed by the said Guardians to be used instead of the said first-mentioned Articles, as shall be considered necessary by the said Guardians to supply such deficiency, and that in any and every of such cases the said ——, his Executors and Administrators, shall bear and make good all charges and expenses of such articles so to be provided, over and above the price at which such first-mentioned Articles are hereinbefore contracted to be supplied and delivered by the said ——.

And also that it shall be lawful for the said Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union, to retain and apply any sum of money which may be due to the said —— under and by virtue of this Agreement, at the time of any failure in the performance hereof, to the payment of such charges and expenses, as the said Guardians may incur, or be put to by reason thereof. And that, notwithstanding the Agreement hereinbefore contained for making good the Articles which shall not be served, supplied, and delivered according to the terms hereinbefore agreed on and in pursuance of this Contract, it shall be lawful for the said Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union, to put in suit the Bond to be given for the performance of this Contract, of even date herewith, against the said —— and —— Sureties, their and each of their Executors or Administrators. Provided also, and it is hereby agreed, that if the said Guardians, with the consent or by direction of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, shall at any time during the term of the said Contract, be desirous to put an end to the same, and shall give —— days' notice thereof in writing to the said ——, or leave such notice at —— usual place of abode, or of carrying on business, or if in consequence of any rule, order, or regulation of the said Commissioners, which may come into effect during the period of such Contract and may affect the performance of the same, the said —— shall be desirous to put an end to the same, and shall give —— days' notice thereof, in writing, to the said Guardians or their Clerk, then this present Contract or Agreement shall thereupon in all respects cease and determine, any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

As Witness the seal of the said Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union, and the hand of the said —— the day and year first hereinbefore written.

[*Bond.*]

Know all Men *by these Presents, that We, ——, are jointly and severally held and firmly bound to the Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union, in the Sum of —— of good and lawful Money of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, to be paid to the said Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union, or their certain Attorney, Successors, or Assigns, for which payment to be well and faithfully made, we bind ourselves jointly, and each of us bindeth himself severally, our and each and every of our Heirs, Executors, and Administrators, and every of them, firmly by these Presents. Sealed with our Seals. Dated this —— day of ——, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and ——.*

Whereas, by a certain Contract or Agreement, bearing even date with this Obligation, and contained on the two first sides of this sheet, and made between the above-bounden —— of the one part, and the above-named Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union, of the other part, the said —— hath contracted with the said Guardians of the Poor of the —— Union aforesaid, to serve, supply, and

deliver, free of all expense at —— in the said Union, from the —— day of —— to the —— day of —— then next inclusive, (determinable nevertheless as in the said Contract or Agreement is mentioned) such quantity of the several Articles therein specified as shall be required, of such quality, at such times, and after the rate and price, and subject to the terms, provisions, and stipulations, as in the said Contract or Agreement are particularly mentioned and set forth, and as on reference thereto will more fully appear.

Now the Condition of this Obligation is such, that if the above-bounden ——, Executors or Administrators, do and shall well and truly perform, fulfil, and keep all and every the covenants, clauses, provisoes, terms, and stipulations, in the said recited Contract or Agreement mentioned or contained, and on —— and their part to be observed, performed, fulfilled, and kept, according to the true purport, intent, and meaning thereof, then this Bond or Obligation shall be void, or else shall be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered
by the above-bounden ——,
in presence of ——. (Seal.)
(Seal.)
(Seal.)

No. 18.—Pauper Clothing:—Circular to Guardians relative to Paupers released from Gaol, and still retaining the Union Dress.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
20th August, 1851.

Sir,

The attention of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland has been drawn to the fact, that cases occur where Pauper Inmates of Workhouses who have been committed to Gaol for offences under the Poor Relief Acts are subsequently liable to be again arrested by the Constabulary, on suspicion of having absconded from the Workhouse, in consequence of their still wearing the Union Dress.

In order to avoid the recurrence of such cases, which not only entail additional duty unnecessarily on the Constabulary, but inflict great hardship on the Prisoners, the Commissioners suggest that the Guardians should make arrangements by which, whenever an Inmate of the Workhouse is committed to Gaol, the Union Clothing which he wore at the time of his committal should be obtained from the Prison Authorities, and his own Clothing substituted, so that on his discharge from Prison, he may go out dressed in his own Clothing, as he would do if he were discharged direct from the Workhouse.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 19.—State of Workhouse Buildings:—Circular to Unions on necessity for Painting External Woodwork.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
24th May, 1851.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland having received a Report from their Architect, Mr. Wilkinson, pointing out the neglected state of the Painting of the Woodwork of the Workhouses of some of the Unions in Ireland, desire to call the attention of the Guardians to the subject, with a view to the neccssary steps being taken for Painting the Workhouse where required.

Mr. Wilkinson states that in some houses he has observed the external Woodwork to be rapidly decaying, and that the sills of the windows and other exposed Woodwork will, therefore, require extensive renewal unless speedily attended to, and he suggests that the external Woodwork of the Workhouses should receive a good coat of Paint at least once a year.

Mr. Wilkinson also advises that where Contracts for Painting are made, sufficient precautions should be adopted by the Guardians to insure the use of good White Lead and other ingredients; and he suggests that it may be expedient, with this view, that the Guardians should purchase the materials and contract for the labour only.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 20.—Accidents in Workhouses:—Circular to Unions recommending a Protecting Iron Rail above the rim of each Boiler.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
6th December, 1851.

Sir,

An accident having recently occurred at one of the Union Workhouses, by which one of the Female Paupers fell into a Stir-about Boiler, the Commissioners desire to draw the attention of the Board of Guardians to the propriety of taking such steps as may appear best calculated to prevent the recurrence of such an accident.

It has been suggested to the Commissioners that this object may be effected by placing a circular fixed rail or bar of iron above the inner rim of each Boiler, at such a height as may prevent the person who superintends it from stooping too much over the open part of the Boiler.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, *Secretary.*

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. IX.—Reports of Inspectors on Agricultural Training on Workhouse Farms, taken in pursuance of the provisions of the 11th and 12th Vic. c. 25.

1.—Report by Joseph Burke, Esq., Poor-Law Inspector.

Carrick-on-Suir, 20th April, 1852.

Gentlemen,

I have to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 16th instant, No. 564, M/52, requesting me to furnish you with a Report on the operation, in the several Unions in my District, of the 1st section of the Act 11 and 12 Victoria, cap. 25, which empowers you on the receipt of a Memorial from a majority of a Board of Guardians, to hire or purchase such quantity of land not exceeding 25 Statute Acres, as may be deemed necessary for the instruction of children in Workhouses in an improved system of agriculture; and in reply I have to inform you that in the Unions in my District in which this provision has been brought into operation, much benefit is already apparent in the progress which the boys under sixteen years of age make in becoming useful and skilled labourers. Some of them after a while leave the Workhouse to go to service. But sufficient time has not elapsed to enable me to judge to what extent this practice may go; and as to whether it will, as it may be hoped, be the means of having the places of the labourers now emigrating filled up by the boys receiving an Agricultural Education on Workhouse Farms.

I have to remark particularly on the successful progress which has been made on the Workhouse Farms in the Unions of Enniscorthy, Clogheen, Gorey, Dungarvan and Lismore, and at Clonmel, which has been just commenced. At Carrick-on-Suir the progress has not been so favourable, owing to disappointment in procuring a competent Agriculturist, which the Guardians have at length succeeded in getting.

I am, &c.,

Joseph Burke, *Poor-Law Inspector.*

To the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland.

2.—Report by R. A. Duncan, Esq., Temporary Poor-Law Inspector.

Newcastle, 24th April, 1852.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of 16th instant (No. 564, M/52), requesting a Report on the operation of the system of training children in the Workhouses in an improved mode of agriculture upon land provided by the

Guardians, under 11 and 12 Vic. cap. 25, for the purpose, in the several Unions in my District.

In accordance with this direction I have to report that training farms have been provided in the

Newcastle Union, containing about 20 acres,
Listowel „ full quantity, authorized by statute,
Rathkeale „ same.

Some time about the commencement of the year 1851, operations were properly commenced on the Newcastle farm. The land was then in a most impoverished condition, many parts being covered with water. It had been a commonage for two or three years, having been given up by cottier tenants—who held it until the potato failure—in a most worn out state. The entire of the farm almost has since been *thorough* drained, and very extensive main drains constructed; five acres have been well subsoiled, unnecessary fences removed, and extensive work done in straightening and making good the old boundary fences, preparing roadways, and levelling the surface of the land. The outlay on the farm up to the end of this season will probably be about £120, and I expect the value of the produce up to that time will reach £200. The entire land will be under crop this year, which I think, considering the difficulties that had to be encountered, is a creditable result. The crops already planted consist of 4 acres barley, with grass seeds, &c., $1\frac{1}{3}$ acres onions, $1\frac{1}{3}$ acres carrots, and $1\frac{1}{3}$ acres parsnips. Those yet to be put in are 5 acres of sugar beet, $4\frac{1}{2}$ acres of Swedish turnips, and $2\frac{1}{2}$ acres of flax. It thus appears that the return the farm is likely to bring will be tolerably certain to exceed considerably the outlay; but this result, although satisfactory and likely to disarm any short-sighted opposition to the principle, appears to me one of the least advantages to be derived from it.

There are about 80 persons employed at the farm at present, 60 of whom are under 16 years of age; the remainder are more advanced, and their assistance has been necessary in some of the primary operations of the farm, at work which the smaller boys could not accomplish. But the discontinuance of their employment at the farm will ensue as soon as possible, for it is found they work with less zeal than the boys, and I believe labour where there can be greater restrictions necessary to sustain a proper test as regards this class.

The influence of the farm training and employment upon the boys generally, in effecting improvement in their conduct and habits, is quite apparent. At first, it was with the utmost difficulty they could be got to work, and there were frequent recurrences of insubordination; but this has in a great measure ceased, and they now generally appear pleased with the work—an improvement that I am satisfied will be progressive. They show considerable aptitude to acquire skill in the use of the various implements. These are of the improved kinds used in England and the North of Ireland, and are now preferred by the boys to any other. The health of the boys is exceedingly good, and their physical powers appear to be developed greatly by the work. Their dietary is a

shade better than that of the other boys. They receive some instruction; but the arrangements for this important part of the training are scarcely adequate; however as the Union is rather in a transition state just now as regards the location of the classes in the permanent and auxiliary buildings, I do not wish to press the Guardians to employment of additional teachers, as the staff at present will probably be sufficient when the inmates are more centralized. The Guardians give little personal attention to the farm, though they refuse nothing for it; but when its good results become more apparent, I expect to see amongst them the growth of a feeling of greater interest in its management. The person employed as Agriculturist is a steady attentive man, who seems to suit now very well; but he is scarcely fitted to convey that amount of instruction which the Guardians may hereafter aim at. The farm is only just now being brought under the National Board of Education, from which I anticipate the best results.

From my experience of the working of the Newcastle Union farm, as I have described, I look upon this kind of training as the most successful which can be given to the boys. I doubt not that many of those employed at the farm, who have left the Workhouse, may have been able to do so in consequence of being better fitted for service. That a supply of labourers who know something of proper farming, and can use improved implements, may be procured from amongst these boys hereafter to meet the demand for male labour that is likely to exist, must be of great advantage to the country; and tend to lessen the prejudices against improvements in cultivation hitherto held by the farming classes. The experiment, so far as it has gone in the Newcastle Union, has, I think, fully succeeded; but there is yet much to be done. The training should be extended to a greater number of boys, and be more comprehensive, and, probably, increased land—if possible even beyond that authorized by the legislature—farm buildings and stock ought to be provided; further provision ought also to be made for the boys' educational instruction. These points, from the spirit I have observed in the Newcastle Board of Guardians, will, I doubt not, receive attention when the pressure of destitution, which for some years has weighed so heavily, shall lighten; and the farm may yet, independent of its influence on the Workhouse inmates, be made a model for the farmers of the district.

Although the Training Farms attached to the Rathkeale and Listowel Unions have not progressed quite so successfully as that of Newcastle, yet this want of success has arisen from local causes that may not hereafter exist, and which do not affect the principle. I think the results in the Newcastle Union may fairly be taken to illustrate, generally, the operation of the system.

At Rathkeale, the quantity of land, up to a recent time (when it has been increased to twenty-five acres), has been but nine acres; and a large portion of the Board of Guardians being opposed to the site adopted for the farm, have given it little encouragement. The Guardians have been unwilling also to introduce new implements. The class of boys in this Union have been particularly difficult to

manage; and the person in charge of the farm seems scarcely to possess sufficient powers of control, or capable of communicating instruction to the extent it might be desirable to attain. Yet very creditable work has been done at this farm. The nine acres will this year be well cultivated, and at present it appears in a satisfactory state. I hope, for the future, the Guardians will take a greater interest in this department, and the subject is to come shortly under their consideration.

At Listowel the progress was at first very slow; for a long time after the taking of the farm it was much neglected by the Guardians. This is the first year at which any thing of importance has been done to it. The boys, when put to this work, were in a low physical condition; they are now improving; the Guardians are giving more attention to the management of the farm, and I have strong hopes that the results for the future will be more satisfactory. Ten or twelve acres will be cropped this year, and next year the rotation system will probably be tolerably well introduced.

From all my observation, therefore, of farm training of the youths in the Workhouses, I am satisfied that it is the most advantageous mode of training with which I am acquainted; and that, with attention, it must prove successful. Where failure ensues, I am inclined to think it must be the consequence of mismanagement. But in this, as in respect of all other educational advancement, the progress must depend, to a great extent, upon the views held by the Boards of Guardians. A higher standard is not likely to be attained than they may be satisfied with, and there may perhaps be room for the growth of more enlarged opinions on such subjects amongst the members of the Boards generally.

I have, &c.,

R. A. Duncan, *Temporary Poor Law Inspector.*

To The Poor Law Commissioners,
Poor Law Office, Dublin.

3.—Report by John Hall, Esq., Temporary Poor Law Inspector.

Galway, 7th May, 1852.

Sir,

In conformity with the instructions contained in your letter of the 16th ultimo, No. 564, M, in which you request me to report as to the operation in the several Unions in my district, of the Act 11 and 12 Vic. cap. 25, which empowers Boards of Guardians to hire or purchase land for the instruction of the children in the Workhouse in an improved system of agriculture, I beg to forward for the information of the Commissioners, the following observations in reference to the operation of the above Statute in the Galway Union, in which only, of the three Unions under my charge, it has been acted upon.

My Report of the 19th April, 1851, will have informed the Commissioners of the working of the Dangan Agricultural School in the Galway Union, up to the 25th March preceding, and I purpose that the present Report shall embrace the period from that date up to the 25th March last.

The general system of management at Dangan has not been altered since my former Report; but the cropping of the land has been more diversified, the production of corn, and the growth and preparation of flax, having been introduced into the course of instruction. By an increased quantity of land having this year been used for purposes of agriculture, these desirable objects have been attained without omitting the cultivation of any of the useful green crops, a thorough knowledge of which it is of so much importance to inculcate.

The expediency of keeping live stock at the Dangan Farm was early brought under the notice of the Guardians, and the project was favourably entertained by several members of the Board. A considerable portion of the vegetable products of the farm could not be used for human food; and they were, in consequence, either placed in the manure pit, or altogether lost. The importance of showing the boys employed on the farm that no part of the plants or roots they were taught to cultivate need be wasted, and that nearly all could be rendered available as food, either for man or for cattle, was strongly impressed on the minds of those who took the most active interest in the working of the Institution; and to carry out these views to some extent, at least, two cows were purchased about the middle of last December, and kept at the farm until a recent period, when, from peculiar circumstances, not affecting the principle on which the Guardians acted in providing live stock, it was determined that the cows should be disposed of, and they were accordingly sold a few days since.

Reverting now to those agricultural operations, which were carried on continuously during the period included in this Report, namely, from the 25th March, 1851, to the 25th March, 1852, I have to observe that the total quantity of land under cultivation was 18 acres, 1 rood, and 4 perches, being an increase of three acres over the quantity in use during the preceding year. The additional quantity was obtained principally by tilling some grass land lying contiguous to the river Corrib, and which had previously been flooded, and rendered of little value by the generally high state of the water in the river, the flow of the latter in its ordinary course being interrupted by the Lough Corrib Drainage Works, then and still in progress. The extent of the cultivated land appropriated to the several descriptions of crop was as follows:—

	A.	R.	P.
Swedish Turnips, ...	3	2	6
Norfolk, do.	0	2	0
Early Green, do.	0	0	24

Note.—These were succeeded by Swedish Turnips, transplanted.

	A.	R.	P.
Cabbages,	2	1	10
Note.—About an acre of these were succeeded by Swedish Turnips.			
Onions,	0	1	8
Rape,	0	1	27
Potatoes,	0	3	7
Mangold Wurzell,	0	3	25
Carrots,	0	3	27
Parsnips,	0	2	30
Flax,	2	0	0
Note.—This crop was succeeded by cabbages.			
Wheat,	1	2	0
Barley, Chevalier,	1	2	0
Oats, White Holland,	0	3	0
Note.—When these white crops were taken off the ground, three acres of the land occupied by them was planted with Rape.			
Oats, Winter don,	1	0	0
Barley, Black,	1	0	0
Note.—This crop was succeeded by Savoy Cabbages.			
	18	1	4

The crops were generally good, the principal exception being the crop of turnips grown in the low swampy field already adverted to, which was this year brought into cultivation for the first time. These were not satisfactory, the tubers being small, and decay becoming apparent among them at an early period. This result was, however, owing to circumstances over which the person having the management of the farm had no control—namely, the high state of the river Corrib, from which cause the crop was frequently flooded.

I regret to say that, notwithstanding specific directions repeatedly given to the Agricultural Instructor to keep an accurate and detailed account of the produce of the farm after the crops were taken from the ground last harvest, he has neglected his duty in this respect, for which, in addition to other causes, his services have recently been dispensed with. Under these circumstances, I have no reliable data on which I could ground a statement of the results of the past year's farming operations as regards the quantity of the produce. There are, however, materials available which enable me to show the value of the articles taken from the farm, either for general use in the workhouse or for sale. The following statement, or balance-sheet, will show the financial results of the working of the institution for the last twelve months, it being understood that the price of the vegetables supplied for consumption in the Workhouse is put down at the ordinary rate of the public market :—

[Balance Sheet.

GALWAY UNION.

Balance Sheet of the Farm Accounts of Dangan Agricultural School, for the Year ended 25th of March, 1852.

Dr. *Cr.*

Date.	Items.	Amount. £ s. d.	Total. £ s. d.	Date.	Items.	Amount. £ s. d.	Total. £ s. d.
1851.				1852.			
March 25.	To value of Stock on hands, viz. :—			March 25.	By articles supplied to Workhouse, viz. :—		
	Horse and Mule, with Carts & Harness,	16 10 0			2,667 cwt. Turnips,	79 19 10	
	Farming Implements,	12 0 0			399 „ Parsnips,	38 14 6	
	Turnips, Parsnips, and Onions,	12 10 0			191 „ Carrots,	19 2 0	
			41 0 0		386 stones, Onions,	19 6 0	
„	To value of growing Crops, estimated,	—	29 10 0		47½ „ Flax,	13 13 9	
1852.					Cabbages,	106 17 0	
March 25.	To Expenditure incurred during the year, viz. :—				Milk,	7 6 4	
							285 4 5
	Cash outlay for Implements purchased,	4 16 0		„	By articles sold, viz. :—		
	Do. for repairs of ditto,	0 5 0			80 cwt. Turnips,	2 8 0	
	Do. for 2 Cows purchased,	19 10 0			230 „ Mangels,	6 12 3	
	Do. for Shoeing Horse & Mule,	1 3 11			15 „ Carrots,	1 10 0	
	Do. for Seeds,	10 15 0			Corn sold,	23 7 11	
	Salary and Rations of Agriculturist,	50 0 0					33 18 2
	Estimated Rent of Land cultivated,	50 0 0		„	By value of Stock on hand, viz. :—		
	Amount of Cash Payments for Food for Horse,	2 3 8			2 Cows,	15 0 0	
					Horse, Mule, with Carts and Harness,	14 10 0	
			138 13 7		Farming Implements,	10 10 0	
					Turnips, Potatoes, Carrots, Mangels, Flax-seed, and Flax-straw, on hands,	33 6 8	
							73 6 8
„	To Balance in favour of the Farm,	—	219 5 8	„	By value of Crops in ground, of Cabbages, Black Barley, Oats, and Wheat,	—	36 0 0
			428 9 3				428 9 3

The foregoing statement does not show the quantity and value of that portion of the produce of the farm which was consumed by the cows, horse, and mule, kept at Dangan, nor the quantity of corn and potatoes used as seed for the crops now in the ground. Not being able to obtain any correct return of these particulars, I considered it better not to include them in the items contained in the statement. I may, however, observe that a considerable quantity of mangold wurzel, rape, &c., was consumed by the cows, and that the horse and mule were supplied with green feeding from the farm, and also that a large portion of the straw of the cereal crops was used for litter. It should be noted that although in other respects it would be desirable that particular information on these matters should be given, the omission of the articles consumed as above-mentioned does not affect the balance appearing in favour of the farm.

As mentioned in a former part of this communication, the production and harvesting of cereal crops, and the growth and management of flax were fully introduced into the system of Agricultural Instruction pursued at Dangan during the past year, together with the preparation of the former for market, and of the latter for the more advanced stages of manufacture. The most modern and approved modes of cultivation and manipulation were adopted in every instance ; and the importance of keeping the ground clean, in good tilth, and free from stones and weeds, was strongly impressed on the minds of the boys, both by precept and example. Diligence while engaged on the labour of the farm was insisted on, and soon became habitual with most of those who had been for some time members of the Agricultural class.

The number of boys employed in farm work varied at different periods of the year, from 100 to 150. Besides those actually engaged on the land, there were several others employed in tailoring, shoe-making, and jobbing at carpentry work for the establishment. A few were generally occupied in whitewashing, cleansing the premises, and as watchmen and messengers. Their conduct was in general good, though in a few instances the refusal to work on the part of one or more of the boys has led to his or their removal to the principal Workhouse ; and there, under the superintendence of the Master, they have been employed in cultivating the land adjoining the Workhouse, and in general have conducted themselves properly. Of course, in so large a number, many of whom have been brought up as wandering mendicants, with little moral restraint and with very loose ideas regarding the rights of property or as to their social duties, some will be found exceedingly difficult of control, and who are not only guilty of misconduct themselves, but use every effort to induce others to follow their example. The superintendence and management of this class of cases, so as to prevent them from corrupting the other boys, and to bring them to a better state of feeling, are among the most important duties devolving on the person having charge of the institution.

During the past year, many of the boys who had been for some time engaged on the farm, have voluntarily left the Workhouse and

obtained independent support outside. Twelve of these are now in private employment in and about Galway, and several others are spread through the country. The importance of early habituating the juvenile inmates of the Workhouse to manual labour, especially in connexion with Agricultural employment, is fully exemplified in the readiness with which Workhouse inmates of this class, when arrived at a proper age, can obtain engagements, as contrasted with inmates of similar years who have not been accustomed to regular work, and cannot be brought to apply themselves steadily to ordinary labour.

The boys employed on the farm have been healthy, and few of them have suffered from sore eyes—a disease which was prevalent at Dangan during a portion of the period under consideration.

Speaking generally, I would say that a degree of improvement is observable in the habits and conduct of the Agricultural Class since my last Yearly Report. The most general complaint at present is, that some of the boys occasionally absent themselves from the establishment, without permission, for a portion of the day. These irregularities generally occur on Sundays and holidays, and are probably occasioned by a desire to visit their friends or former acquaintances. Were some mode of harmless recreation provided at Dangan, such acts of misconduct would, I think, become less frequent.

I may state, on the whole, that the result of last year's proceedings, at the Dangan Farm, has not been unsatisfactory or discouraging, with regard to the establishment of Agricultural Schools in connexion with Workhouses. The acts of misconduct on the part of the Agricultural Instructor, which led to his removal from office, though causing some interruption to the progressive improvement of the institution, do not in any way militate against the soundness of the principle on which it was founded.

The advantages arising from the Dangan Establishment may be said to consist in the inculcation of a practical knowledge of the most improved system of tillage farming into the minds of a class of persons who carry with them, when leaving the Workhouses, the skill thus acquired, and extend its benefits to the districts in which they may fix their residence. From the operation of this cause, it may not unreasonably be hoped that the antiquated, slovenly, and wasteful method of farming pursued by the poorer class of landholders, in the remote country districts, will gradually disappear, and be succeeded by a system free from these defects, and possessing the recommendation of being practicable with the implements of Agriculture which are ordinarily found in the house of every labourer. Secondly, in the means which the institution affords for employing, in a manner calculated to improve their health and enlarge their understanding, a portion of the Workhouse inmates, who have arrived at that period of life in which character begins to be formed, and when a bias for good or for evil will have a material effect on its future development. Thirdly, in providing at all seasons an ample supply of vegetables for the use of the inmates of the Workhouse, whereby the injurious effects which have been found to arise from the continued and exclusive use of farinaceous

food are counteracted. And, finally, in the fact which the past year's accounts demonstrate, that the institution can be properly worked, not only without loss to the Union, but with some pecuniary benefit.

It may not be out of place here, with a view to the more beneficial operation of the Dangan Agricultural School, to advert to some matters which the experience of the past year has enabled me to speak of with more confidence than I could have done at an earlier period of my connexion with the establishment. In the first place, it appears to me to be essentially necessary that the person having the superintendence of the Agricultural class, and the management of the farm, should possess a thorough knowledge, both practical and theoretical, of the most improved systems of farming; and that he should be able to impart this knowledge to the boys under his charge, not only by actual working on the ground, but orally, by frequent lectures in plain language adapted to the understanding of his hearers. He should be active, diligent, and watchful, and possess the requisite physical ability to enable him to develope these qualities fully. In addition to a sufficient knowledge of accounts, to enable him to show at all times in a clear and concise manner, all matters relating to the management of the farm, its expenditure, produce, &c., he should be able, when called on, to embody these particulars in a Report, for the information of the Board of Guardians or other persons feeling an interest in the institution. Again, I consider, that the carrying into effect of a suggestion made by Mr. R. Bourke, Poor Law Inspector, that cows, swine, and domestic fowl, should be kept at the farm, would render the institution more complete, and materially improve the efficiency of its working. Under the present arrangements a considerable portion of the vegetable produce of the farm, including the stalks and leaves of several of the plants, together with imperfect or partially damaged roots, are either altogether lost, or at best placed in the manure pit. Were the above-mentioned suggestion acted upon, all these would be available as food for the animals kept at the farm, and the boys would thereby acquire the knowledge of applying the produce of the land to the most advantageous purposes. Besides, under this arrangement, no objection could be made to the raising of crops of those vegetable products which are used exclusively as food for cattle, and which, if now grown, must either be sold or converted into manure. The management of a dairy, and the breeding and rearing of domestic fowl, would necessarily require some female assistance; and by means of the opportunity thus afforded, a limited number of the school girls, placed under the superintendence of a proper matron, at Dangan, might acquire such a practical knowledge of these matters as would render them more likely to obtain employment when leaving the Workhouse. The circumstances connected with the sale of the two cows, kept for a short time at the Dangan farm, do not militate against this view, but rather show the necessity for great caution in selecting a person to superintend the establishment, and of proper arrangements being made for the reception and management of the live stock, and treatment of its produce, before any portion of the stock is obtained. Moreover, the manufacture of

the most approved descriptions of the ordinary implements of agriculture might also be introduced with advantage, for which purpose the construction of a forge and a carpenter's shop would be necessary. At present the carpenter work executed at Dangan is performed in the day-room, a course of proceeding attended with much inconvenience. The erection of detached sheds, and the provision of a proper supply of tools for carrying on these trades, would not be attended with much expense, and a saving of the continued outlay, which is now necessary for the repairs of implements and ironwork, would be effected thereby. Furthermore, I think the boys should be permitted to amuse themselves, during leisure hours, with harmless recreative exercises. By granting this indulgence, employment on the farm would be looked on as a privilege, and become an incentive to diligence, industry, and good conduct.

A careful consideration of the circumstances of the Union, as affecting the Workhouse, leads me to believe that these improvements may now be carried into effect with more facility, than if undertaken at an earlier period. The number of Workhouse inmates eligible for employment on the farm will, probably, henceforward be permanently diminished, and the reduced numbers in the class will be thereby brought more immediately under the control of the Superintendent, who, from this cause, and from the changes of individuals becoming less frequent, will obtain increased facilities for imparting instruction, while to the pupils under his charge will result a more speedy and certain acquisition of knowledge than could be hoped for, were the labours of the teacher spread over too great a number, or interrupted from time to time by the absence of the boys from the Workhouse. Moreover, as I have already mentioned, a gradual improvement has taken place in the conduct and behaviour of the junior inmates of the Workhouse, which renders them more amenable to discipline, and more willing to receive instruction, and affords a good opportunity for introducing beneficial alterations.

In conclusion, I may remark, that there are evidences clearly manifesting themselves, which indicate that, by a proper system of management, the Union Workhouse may become a powerful agent in effecting a permanent improvement in the habits and social condition of the labouring population in this part of Ireland.

I have, &c.,

Jno. Hall, *Temporary Inspector.*

W. Stanley, Esq., Secretary,
Poor Law Commission Office.

4.—Report by Captain Hamilton, Temporary Poor Law Inspector.

Sir, *April* 19, 1852.

I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 16th inst., No. 564, M/52, requesting me to furnish the Poor Law Commissioners with a Report on the operation of any Workhouse Farms for the instruction of children in my district.

Ballina Union is the only Union under my charge where the Guardians have taken land under the provisions of the 1st sec. of the Act 11 & 12 Vic. cap. 25.

I do not consider that the circumstances of either Killala or Belmullet Unions would at present justify the Guardians of those Unions in incurring the expenses which necessarily attend the commencement of the system; moreover, there are few boys in those Unions of an age to undergo much work; and it appears to me questionable whether the land at present attached to the Workhouses of those Unions may not suffice, under proper superintendence, to enable the Guardians to train all of the boys, whose ages will admit, to labour, and acquire habits of industry.

In Ballina Union the system was tried before the Guardians were well out of their difficulties, and, consequently, under great disadvantages. Some of the Guardians, who were most anxious to have it commenced, were, to a great extent, influenced by a desire to turn the boys' labour to account—they were warned at the time that the probability was, that, *directly*, it would hardly pay its own expenses, and when, after the first year's trial, it was found that the outlay was large, and the returns small, they were just as great opponents of the system as they had formerly been in favour of it. However, I am happy to say, that a large and most influential majority of the Board of Guardians of Ballina Union now view the matter in what I have always urged as the correct light, viz., not as a matter of profit, but to do all in their power to fit the poor children committed to their guardianship for that station in life in which it has pleased God to place them. The Ballina Workhouse Farm consists of 25 statute acres, situated about 200 yards from the Auxiliary Workhouse in Ardnaree, which is now exclusively occupied by the Agricultural Class.

This building, as you are aware, principally consists of thatched sheds, which were erected in 1848, about £1,400 having been expended on them, of which sum the British Relief Association contributed £1,000. The premises, as well as the farm, are held on a 21 years' lease; the rent agreed to be paid for the farm (in addition to the ground-rent of the Auxiliary) is £37 10*s.* per annum, being at the rate of 30*s.* per statute acre; and the Guardians have likewise agreed to pay £8 4*s.* 9*d.* per annum, being the interest of the money expended under the Land Improvement Act for Fencing. There is an Agriculturist, who is paid at the rate of £35 per annum, with a house, but no rations. He resides in the Auxiliary Workhouse, and has entire charge of the Agricultural Class, which at present numbers only 39 boys, between 14 and 16 years of age, and 14 boys under 14 years of age. The latter have only been under instruction for one week, having been sent to fill vacancies. There are 16 acres prepared for crops, which will consist this year of oats, turnips, flax, parsnips, carrots, onions, &c. I cannot, perhaps, convey a better idea of the success of the system than by repeating what the Agriculturist complained to me of—"Why, Sir, I no sooner teach a boy any thing, and make him useful, than I lose him."

The farm may be said to have been only fairly in operation this year, and already twenty-eight boys, most of whom were orphans, and who had been for years inmates of the house, have found employment out of the house, and have, I am led to believe, given satisfaction to their employers.

The greater number of boys who have been instructed, or are at present under instruction at the farm, are orphans; they look very healthy and are well behaved. *Indirectly* the farm has hitherto paid. For, if the cost of maintenance and clothing the boys, who have through its means ceased to be a burden on the Rates of the Union, be taken into consideration, there is a present saving of at least £120 per annum, not taking into account the difference of cost between turning out useful members of society, and those whose training entirely unfit them for any thing but crime and misery,—in either of which courses, I need hardly remark, they would prove a heavy and constant burden on the industrious classes.

I regard the system (slight as has been my experience of it), when commenced with caution and under favourable circumstances, as one of the chief means of remedying the lamentable effects of the last few years, which have made the workhouses of some Unions the only, at present, ostensible home of many hundreds of orphan children.

I have, &c.,

W. J. Hamilton, *Temporary Poor Law Inspector.*

W. Stanley, Esq., Secretary,
Poor Law Commission Office.

5.—Report by Samuel Horsley, Esq., Temporary Poor Law Inspector.

April 19th, 1852.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of the Commissioners' Circular of the 16th inst., and with reference to the subject thereof beg to submit the following Report:—

In two Unions only out of the four comprising my district, viz., in Killarney and Tralee, has any attempt been made to carry out the provisions of the 1st sec. of 11 and 12 Vic. cap. 25, whereby the Commissioners are empowered to hire or purchase land to such extent, not exceeding twenty-five acres, as may be deemed necessary for the instruction of children in Workhouses in an improved system of agriculture.

In the case of the Killarney Union, the Guardians, after occupying a farm of about 21 acres in extent for less than two years, surrendered it to the proprietor in February last, as they considered the experiment of working it, in so far as it related to the instruction of the children, had failed, and had not tended to promote among them the development of *energetic or industrious habits.* In this opinion I coincided with the majority of the Guardians; not, however, upon the ground of the system, abstractedly, being one which

could not be made conducive to the ends designed by the Legislature, but because I considered the Guardians in taking the farm they did, had not chosen a favourable locality for the purpose, and had not made such arrangements with respect to working details as were calculated to insure success.

In the first place, the farm in question was in close proximity to the main Workhouse, and was also within less than quarter of a mile of the town of Killarney, whilst, at the same time, it was bounded by the main road from Tralee to that place.

2ndly.—There were no farm or other buildings of any kind on the land, and the boys to be employed in tilling it were located in an Auxiliary Workhouse in the town, instead of being near their work.

3rdly.—The Agricultural Instructor appointed by the Guardians, though a tolerably good practical farmer, was not in my opinion suited for imparting a theoretical knowledge of farming to the boys under his charge. He knew little or nothing of Agricultural Chemistry; and although he knew that certain results, under certain circumstances, would follow certain operations, he could not assign the reasons for its being so.

4thly.—The boys appeared to me to take but little interest in learning their business, and seized every opportunity of lounging and skulking work; and on some occasions adult paupers were permitted to do work which should have been performed by the boys.

As regards the Tralee Union, I regret to say, that in my humble opinion, the farm taken for the boys here has not been productive of any very beneficial result to them, owing to causes precisely similar to those which operated against the success of the experiment in the Killarney Union.

I have no doubt that were farms for the instruction of Workhouse children taken in favourable situations, and converted into establishments totally separate, and at a distance from the Workhouse, with proper buildings thereon, and were properly qualified Agricultural Instructors appointed to teach the children, the system would ultimately be found to work beneficially for the interest of the parties instructed, and of the persons who might take them into their employment. But, at the same time, I think the number of children selected for this kind of high Agricultural Education should be very limited in number in each Union, inasmuch as the demand for their services as stewards and bailiffs outside the Workhouses could not be expected to be great, and if a very large number of boys are to be employed in tilling a small Workhouse farm, there is danger of their becoming mere fancy gardeners, and unfitted, both by inclination and habit, for the harder and more continuous description of labour which they would have to perform before they could earn their bread by the use of their spades alone.

It is notorious, that in consequence of the impossibility of exacting, on the small portions of land attached to Workhouses, *really* hard and continuous work from the able-bodied paupers, employers outside will look anywhere for labourers sooner than take them

from the Workhouse if they have been inmates of it for any considerable period.

I have, &c.,

S. Horsley.

To the Poor Law Commissioners,
Poor Law Office, Dublin.

6.—Report by W. H. Lucas, Esq., Temporary Poor Law Inspector.

Gentlemen, *Ennis, 23rd April, 1852.*

With reference to your communication of the 16th instant, No. 564, M/52, relative to the instruction of children in Workhouses in an improved system of Agriculture under the provisions of the Act 11 and 12 Vic. c. 25, I have the honour to submit the following Report on the operation of the system in the Unions of Ennis and Kilrush, being the only Unions in my district where land has been taken for the purpose.

The Ennis Agricultural Farm contains about 25 statute acres of land, and is situate immediately to the rere of the Workhouse. There is a large dwelling-house and offices attached, which is used as an Auxiliary Workhouse, affording accommodation for 400 school boys. The offices are used as workshops, in which there are thirteen looms on an improved system in active operation, in manufacturing friezes, tweeds, linen, &c., for the use of the inmates of the Workhouses. This department is worked solely by pauper boys, under the superintendence of a master weaver.

The Agriculturist resides on the Farm, and receives a salary of £15 per annum, with apartments and rations. His qualifications appear to be of the medium order; previous to his present appointment he was employed as a gardener in a gentleman's establishment in the county. There are at the present time fifty-one paupers under his charge, varying from 15 to 18 years of age, the majority of whom are orphans, whose parents are both dead. A few of these youths are capable of being instructed in the theory of Agriculture, and have received lessons from the Agriculturist accordingly from the Agricultural Class Book, published under the authority of the Commissioners of National Education. This instruction, however, has been of a most limited nature. Of the fifty-one youths now employed, I find 13 can both read and write, 12 can read only, and the remaining 26 can neither read nor write. The farm has been cultivated solely by manual labour, and has yielded good crops of vegetables and corn; the whole of the produce, with the exception of the potato and flax crops, has been consumed in the dietary of the Workhouse, principally in forming ingredients for the soup. The inmates using this class of dietary number about 3,000, and I consider it would not have been found practicable to have obtained a corresponding supply of vegetables from the market. I am aware that this was not the object con-

templated by the Legislature, but it appears to me to have been an important matter in regard to the sanatory state of the inmates generally, that the supply of this most necessary article of diet has been ample and has been obtained at a small cost to the Union, at the same time that these youths have been taught, at least practically, to till the soil.

I enclose herewith a Return, prepared by the Agriculturist, of the produce of the farm for the past year, for the Commissioners' information. With regard to the amount of rent debited in the account, I have to observe, that the rent paid for the Auxiliary, and the land, is £300 per annum. The land is estimated by the Agriculturist to be worth about £2 per statute acre. I may here mention that the Guardians contemplate the surrender of the premises and land at the expiration of the present year, in consequence of the high rent demanded.

The farm has been in operation three years, and during that period, 25 youths employed on it have left the Workhouse, and become independent members of society.

The Kilrush Agricultural Farm contains 24 acres, 1 rood, and 11 perches, statute measure. It adjoins the Workhouse site. Its original extent was 14 acres, 3 roods, 19 perches, but it was increased by a subsequent hiring to its present extent. Attached to the farm is a good-sized dwelling-house, in which the youths employed sleep. The Agriculturist also resides in the house, and has the sole care of the establishment. His salary is £23 8*s.* per annum ; his literary qualifications for the office are meagre, and little or no attempt is made to instruct the boys beyond the practical tilling of the land. In this respect the Agriculturist performs his duty. There are 46 youths employed on the farm, whose ages vary from 15 to 19 years; of this number 14 can both read and write, 6 can read only, and the remaining 26 can neither read nor write ; the majority are orphans, whose parents are both dead.

The produce of the farm during the past year has been abundant. I annex a Return for the Commissioners' information. It has been consumed principally in the dietary of the inmates of the Workhouse. The very plentiful supply of vegetables has enabled the standard dietary to be strictly adhered to in every particular, the soup at all times containing a due admixture of vegetables. Apart from this consideration, employment and practical instruction has been afforded, of a useful description, to a class whose peculiar case demands the attention of the Guardians ; and it is somewhat satisfactory to know, that 17 of the youths employed on the farm have been enabled to become independent labourers. I find a great disposition on the part of the Boards of Guardians to the employment on the farm of persons over the age authorized by the provisions of the 11 & 12 Vic. cap. 25 ; and at the present time there are several persons employed, both at Kilrush and Ennis, whose ages vary from 16 to 18 years.

I have, &c.,

W. H. Lucas, *Poor Law Inspector.*

To the Poor Law Commissioners,
Poor Law Office, Dublin.

ENCLOSURE I. to the foregoing Report.

ENNIS UNION.—A Return of the Produce of the Ennis Agricultural Farm, for the Year ending 1851.

DR.	£	s.	d.
Amount of Rent of 25 Acres of Land, statute measure, at £2 per Acre,	50	0	0
,, Salary and Rations of Agriculturist,	25	0	0
,, Cost of Seeds,	4	0	0
,, Cost of New Implements,	1	0	0
,, Estimated gain (the support of the youths employed not being considered),	194	12	8
	£274	12	8

CR.	£	s.	d.
By Value of 2,005 doz. of Cabbages, at 6*d.* per doz.,	50	2	6
,, 702⅛ cwts. of Turnips, at 6*d.* per cwt.,	17	11	0
,, 186¾ cwts. of Parsnips and Carrots, at 2*s.* per cwt.,	18	7	6
,, 683⅓ stones of Onions, at 11*d.* per stone,	31	6	6
,, 46 doz. of Heads of Celery, at 1*s.* per doz.,	2	6	0
,, 213½ stones of Leeks, at 8*d.* per stone,	7	2	4
,, 3 ricks of Barley,	12	15	0
,, 1 rick of Flax, 3½ tons, at £3 10*s.*,	12	5	0
,, 3,320 stones of Potatoes, at 5*d.* per stone,	69	3	4
,, 10 tons 18 cwts. of Mangel Wurzel,	6	10	0
,, Support of Union Horse, (not employed on farm,) at 1*s.* per day,	18	5	0
,, Permanent Improvements,	28	18	6
	£274	12	8

ENCLOSURE II. to the foregoing Report.

KILRUSH UNION.—A Return of the Produce of the Kilrush Agricultural Farm, for the Year ending 1851.

DR.	£	s.	d.
To Amount paid for Seeds, &c.	5	13	11
,, for Manure and Carriage thereof,	13	9	6
,, for Rent of Farm,	50	0	0
,, for Farming Implements,	4	10	0
,, for Agriculturist's Salary,	23	8	0
Estimated gain, the maintenance of the boys employed not being considered,	228	2	3
	£325	3	8

CR.	£	s.	d.
By Value of 175 tons of Turnips, at 10*s.* per ton,	87	10	0
,, 36 tons of Parsnips, at £2 5*s.* per ton,	81	0	0
,, 10 tons of Carrots, at £2 5*s.* per ton,	22	10	0
,, 744 stones of Barley, at 9*d.* per stone,	27	18	0
,, 14 tons of Flax, at £3 per ton,	42	0	0
,, 5,300 Early York Cabbage Heads, at 3*s.* 4*d.* per 100,	8	16	8
,, 5,300 Flat Dutch Cabbage Heads, at 3*s.* per 100,	7	19	0
,, 400 stones of Onions, at 1*s.* per stone,	20	0	0
,, 2,400 doz. of Leeks, at 2*d.* per doz.,	20	0	0
,, 3,000 Cabbage Plants, at 4*d.* per 100,	0	10	0
,, 4 tons of Mangel Wurzel, at 10*s.* per ton,	2	0	0
,, 10 tons of Straw, at 10*s.* per ton,	5	0	0
	£325	3	8

7.—Report by Captain Spark, Temporary Poor Law Inspector.

Dingle, April 20, 1852.

Sir,

In accordance with the request of the Commissioners, contained in your letter, No. 564, M/52, dated the 16th instant, to report on the operation of the system of instruction in Agriculture of children in the Workhouse under my inspection, under 1st section of the Act 11 & 12 Vic. cap. 25, I have the honour to state that the Guardians of the Dingle Union have, since October, 1850, employed a Steward, or Superintendent of pauper labour, who is an experienced agriculturalist and gardener; and that under his instruction, boys, not above 16 years of age, have become expert in the use of the spade, and in the proper cultivation of green crops, flax, and corn raised on the Workhouse grounds, consisting of about eleven acres, together with a portion enclosed of the commons adjoining the Workhouse site, comprising about three acres more.

Many of these boys who have left the Workhouse have been sought for, and employed by the farmers, and found useful labourers; and no doubt the system will prove most advantageous to this Union, and to the country generally, as the boys so taught, having become active, healthy, and strong, will soon be able to fill well the places of able-bodied men, who have emigrated, and are still emigrating from the land.

I have, &c.,

Thomas Spark, *Temporary Poor Law Inspector.*

W. Stanley, Esq., Secretary,
Poor Law Commission Office.

No. X.—Report on Building Operations and Erection of Workhouses in New Unions, by George Wilkinson, Esq., Architect to the Commissioners.

Architect's Department,
Poor Law Commission Office,
May 1st, 1852.

Gentlemen,

The following statement exhibits the progress made up to this date in providing the Poorhouses for the new Unions, formed in pursuance of the Report of the Poor Law Boundary Commissioners :

Name of Union.	Particulars relating to the Progress of the New Buildings.
Ballymahon,	Works actively in progress ; part of the buildings roofed.
Ballyvaghan,	Plans prepared some time since, but tenders not yet invited.
Bawnboy,	Works actively in progress.
Borrisokane,	Works in progress, but only recently commenced, from delay attending possession of the site.
Castlecomer,	Works actively in progress, but commenced only in February last, owing to delay attending possession of site.
Castletowndelvin,	Works in progress.
Claremorris,	Works in progress, and near completion ; that part of buildings provided for children being prepared for immediate occupation.
Clonakilty,	Building occupied.
Corrofin,	Works in progress, and near to completion.
Croom,	Works actively progressing, and a great part roofed in.
Donaghmore,	Works in progress since April last.
Dromore West,	Building ready for occupation, if not yet occupied.
Glennamaddy,	Building in progress ; part roofed in.
Glin,	Building advancing near to completion.
Killadysert,	Works in progress ; partly roofed.
Killala,	Building occupied.
Kilmacthomas,	Works in progress, and in very advanced state.
Millstreet,	Do. Do.
Mitchelstown,	Works in progress, and partly roofed in.
Mount Bellew,	Building just ready for occupation.
Newport,	Building just ready for occupation.
Oughterard,	Occupied.
Portumna,	Works in progress ; buildings partly roofed in.
Skull,	Occupied.
Strokestown,	Nearly finished.
Thomastown,	Works in active progress.
Tobercurry,	Works in progress since March ; want of possession of site has been cause of delay.
Tulla,	Works in progress, and advancing near to completion.
Urlingford,	Works actively in progress, and buildings roofed in.
Youghal,	Buildings contracted for, but not yet commenced ; works intended to be commenced immediately.

In addition to the above-mentioned new Unions, a building designed to contain 2,000 inmates is in progress at Clonmel, where the works are progressing rapidly.

At the present time, additional works are in progress at some of the new Unions, as at Oughterard, where buildings additional to those contained in the original plans are being erected to increase the accommodation.

At Skull, a boundary wall to the site is in progress. At Clonakilty plans have been made for stable buildings, a bakery, and weaving shops, as additional works desired by the Guardians.

In some of the new Unions, boundary walls have been considered by the Guardians indispensable, and are in progress, or about to be built. This work, however, is independent of that provided for by the loans obtained for the new Poorhouses, which have been kept at a low estimate, and calculated to include only what was considered necessary for the site, the contract for the building, and the execution of the fixtures and minor contingencies. In the accounts which have been closed in the Unions where the houses are now occupied, the estimates on which the loans were obtained have been found equal to what was intended to be performed for the money.

With regard to the execution of the works, there has been scarcely any complaint. In the Tulla Union alone, I believe, have the Guardians expressed dissatisfaction, both against the Contractor and Clerk of Works. The latter was discontinued, and the Guardians confine their complaint, I believe, to what was done during his superintendence.

At Skull, Clonakilty, and Dromore West, the Guardians have done what is not usual, in passing resolutions expressive of their satisfaction, highly creditable to the respective Clerks of Works employed at those Unions; and at the other Unions, where the Clerks of Works' services have terminated, they have left, I believe, in each case, with the satisfaction of the Board of Guardians. At Killala, the Clerk of Works has been acting from the first in the capacity of builder, by directing the works under weekly payments; and the same has been done for the past year, in bringing the Newport Poorhouse to a completion.

In several Unions there are still extensive additional buildings in progress, in order to increase the accommodation at the main building, and with a view chiefly to avoid the necessity for maintaining inconvenient auxiliary establishments elsewhere.

I have, &c.,

Geo. Wilkinson.

The Poor Law Commissioners, &c., &c.

APPENDIX B.—TABLES.

No. I.—A Return (in pursuance of the 29th Section of the Act 10 Vic., c. 31) of the Expenditure on the Relief of the Poor in each Union in Ireland, for the Year ended 29th September, 1851; and of the Total Numbers Relieved In and Out of the Workhouse in each Union during the same period.

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Abbeyleix,	3,577	15	7¼	84	12	2½	1,045	11	4	1,789	19	10	6,497	18	11¾	3,016	1,106
Antrim,	1,225	0	11	–			597	5	4	1,044	7	6	2 866	13	9	754	–
Ardee,	2,383	3	1	0	2	5	784	11	5	861	6	7	4,029	3	6	2,613	5
Armagh,	1,335	10	5	–			712	10	8	846	0	10	2,894	1	11	1,156	–
Athlone,	4,964	8	3¾	–			1,132	15	4½	1,113	17	9¾	7,211	1	5½	3,634	–
Athy,	3,045	17	3¾	19	3	11	1,012	1	8	569	11	8	4,646	14	6¾	2,753	114
Bailieborough,	2,557	14	11	0	8	7	443	2	8	1,221	10	9	4,222	16	11	2,476	2
Ballina,	3,982	1	3¾	5	16	9½	1,021	2	10½	1,668	3	7¾	6,677	4	7½	3,390	20
Ballinasloe,	3,100	11	7	5	7	3	759	9	4	1,020	12	5	4,886	0	7	2,532	128
Ballinrobe,	5,552	0	0¼	10	7	8¾	1,046	13	10	1,714	4	1¼	8,323	5	8¼	5,865	166
Ballycastle,	826	8	1	–			415	8	3	236	10	1	1,478	6	5	624	–
Ballymahon,	2,885	1	9¼	11	6	1½	771	17	11¼	1,452	4	7¾	5,120	10	5¾	2,107	71
Ballymeena,	847	1	10	–			710	6	8	697	11	9	2,255	0	3	899	–
Ballymoney,	1,086	3	9	2	12	0	530	10	9	603	6	11	2,222	13	5	655	2
Ballyshannon,	952	13	11	–			384	2	0	479	7	1	1,816	3	0	1,235	–
Ballyvaghan,	2,635	18	0¾	453	5	4	326	2	11	1,910	0	7¼	5,325	6	11	3,193	2,223
Balrothery,	2,180	15	8¾	–			680	10	7½	1,126	5	3¼	3,987	11	7½	1,519	–
Baltinglass,	3,084	14	11½	10	14	3	928	19	6	1,195	17	0¾	5,220	5	9½	2,582	39
Banbridge,	1,482	5	5	–			598	15	7¾	662	12	11	2,743	13	11¾	1,032	–
Bandon,	2,924	13	2¼	–			772	18	0½	443	11	6¼	4,141	2	9	3,013	–

[continued.

No. I.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved in Year ended 29th September, 1851—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Bantry,	3,672	19	9	0	1	10	663	11	7¾	659	1	10	4,995	15	0¾	5,563	4
Bawnboy,	884	0	8	1	12	0	289	17	3	231	19	10	1,407	9	9	720	3
Belfast,	7,254	10	2	–			1,937	11	10	2,969	8	3	11,961	10	3	6,671	–
Belmullet,	3,222	8	1¼	–			613	0	7	956	16	6¼	4,792	5	2½	3,144	–
Borrisokane,	3,368	7	8¼	–			427	14	0½	867	1	4½	4,663	3	1	2,876	–
Boyle,	2,484	16	6	9	1	6¾	872	6	6	1,108	19	11⅓	4,475	4	6¼	1,799	95
Caherciveen,	6,901	3	11½	7	13	9½	992	6	4¼	3,500	10	7½	11,491	14	8½	7,220	227
Callan,	5,655	1	5¼	1,077	4	10¾	750	8	3½	1,892	2	0	9,374	16	7½	6,954	2,166
Carlow,	8,376	14	6¼	16	14	7½	2,106	7	11	3,123	9	5½	13,623	6	6½	7,500	126
Carrickmacross,	4,637	7	5¼	5	14	0	787	8	3	1,619	9	6¼	7,049	19	2½	2,680	30
Carrick-on-Shannon,	2,342	8	11	–			539	17	9	855	13	5	3,738	0	1	1,741	–
Carrick-on-Suir,	3,953	10	3	46	18	4	1,432	0	10	2,646	0	4¾	8,078	9	9¾	5,458	520
Cashel,	12,991	0	5½	–			1,428	16	8½	4,108	4	8¼	18,528	1	10	11,021	–
Castlebar,	5,121	10	5½	–			1,024	19	3	2,446	12	6½	8,593	2	3	5,377	–
Castleblayney,	2,325	12	10¼	–			414	1	1	818	8	4¾	3,558	2	4	1,736	–
Castlecomer,	1,152	4	8	875	4	11	437	1	6¼	391	1	9½	2,855	12	10¾	1,216	1,506
Castlederg,	355	9	8	–			342	18	11	89	8	3	787	16	10	428	–
Castlerea,	3,445	16	4	16	4	8	859	19	11½	1,096	5	9¼	5,418	6	8¾	3,270	240
Castletown,	2,018	19	2¼	5	11	6	549	3	2¼	658	6	7¾	3,232	0	6¼	2,352	57
Castletowndelvin,	755	7	4	–			252	15	1½	246	17	3½	1,254	19	9	588	–
Cavan,	3,461	11	7½	23	16	0¼	845	2	10	567	2	10¼	4,897	13	4	2,366	83
Celbridge,	1,984	6	6¼	3	10	8	507	14	8	1,012	1	10	3,507	13	8½	1,189	75
Claremorris,	2,984	17	8¼	75	4	7¼	1,066	5	8¾	1,415	6	4½	5,541	14	4¾	3,450	529
Clifden,	6,847	5	5	20	13	7	922	12	11	3,519	0	3½	11,309	12	2½	6,774	446
Clogheen,	4,234	5	4½	–			1,262	5	9½	2,126	12	3¾	7,623	3	5½	7,563	–
Clogher,	1,392	16	10¾	2	0	1¼	502	7	7¾	420	4	2	2,317	8	9¼	1,089	3
Clonakilty,	1,644	19	10½	–			542	13	7¾	585	14	7¾	2,773	8	2	1,307	–

Clones,	1,425	16	4	–			464	17	1	491	14	$11\frac{1}{4}$	2,382	8	$4\frac{1}{4}$	1,065	–	
Clonmel,	9,533	15	$0\frac{3}{4}$	–			1,289	15	$10\frac{1}{2}$	4,029	5	0	14,852	15	$11\frac{1}{4}$	8,964	–	
Coleraine,	1,116	5	1	–			575	4	7	224	1	10	1,915	11	6	1,060	–	
Cookstown,	802	17	$8\frac{1}{4}$	–			617	9	1	300	15	4	1,721	2	$1\frac{1}{4}$	617	–	
Cootehill,	2,577	3	9	–			620	0	10	660	12	9	3,857	17	4	2,167	–	
Cork,	13,898	19	0	–			2,448	5	$6\frac{1}{2}$	8,323	2	$5\frac{1}{4}$	24,670	6	$11\frac{3}{4}$	24,023	–	
Corrofin,	2,538	3	$2\frac{1}{2}$	273	15	8	370	3	9	1,806	10	4	4,988	12	$11\frac{1}{2}$	3,315	1,031	
Croom,	5,588	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	–			899	5	$5\frac{1}{2}$	2,325	18	$1\frac{1}{4}$	8,813	3	8	4,666	–	
Dingle,	9,531	4	8	318	11	7	937	17	$2\frac{1}{2}$	3,831	3	$5\frac{3}{4}$	14,618	16	$11\frac{1}{4}$	11,282	1,897	
Donaghmore,	1,331	9	7	2	12	3	292	17	$4\frac{1}{4}$	1,102	10	$10\frac{3}{4}$	2,729	10	1	1,023	172	
Donegal,	1,095	16	4	1	17	8	358	7	$7\frac{1}{2}$	552	17	11	2,008	19	$6\frac{1}{2}$	883	29	
Downpatrick,	1,696	17	$8\frac{1}{2}$	9	2	7	644	18	10	709	13	9	3,060	12	$10\frac{1}{2}$	1,432	20	
Drogheda,	2,35[illegible]	18	$5\frac{1}{4}$	179	4	$1\frac{3}{4}$	762	6	1	737	3	$1\frac{1}{2}$	4,033	11	$9\frac{1}{2}$	2,640	1,762	
Dromore West,	895	18	2	8	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	286	9	0	402	6	$10\frac{1}{2}$	1,592	15	4	631	52	
Dublin, North,	10,720	18	$11\frac{1}{2}$	–			2,360	5	11	3,234	7	$10\frac{3}{4}$	16,515	12	$9\frac{1}{4}$	7,183	–	
Dublin, South,	14,910	12	$3\frac{1}{4}$	223	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$	2,718	10	10	5,506	16	1	23,359	0	7	9,483	342	
Dundalk,	2,775	3	11	1	3	$7\frac{1}{2}$	635	12	4	1,385	7	$6\frac{1}{4}$	4,797	7	$4\frac{3}{4}$	1,963	26	
Dunfanaghy,	367	17	6	–			246	9	2	156	18	11	771	5	7	431	–	
Dungannon,	799	15	$10\frac{3}{4}$				535	4	4	663	18	7	1,998	18	$9\frac{3}{4}$	829	–	
Dungarvan,	3,316	11	$9\frac{1}{2}$	–			898	1	8	1,282	1	6	5,496	14	$11\frac{1}{2}$	4,656	–	
Dunmanway,	1,295	12	$1\frac{3}{4}$	–			497	19	$3\frac{1}{2}$	241	3	3	2,034	14	$8\frac{1}{4}$	2,636	–	
Dunshaughlin,	2,138	8	$9\frac{3}{4}$	356	8	$5\frac{1}{2}$	786	6	4	1,370	14	0	4,651	17	$7\frac{1}{4}$	1,802	880	
Edenderry,	3,161	13	$8\frac{1}{2}$	31	4	$6\frac{3}{4}$	569	14	9	962	17	$6\frac{1}{2}$	4,725	10	$6\frac{3}{4}$	2,581	204	
Ennis,	10,042	8	$2\frac{1}{2}$	234	4	10	1,401	13	9	4,117	11	0	15,795	17	$9\frac{1}{2}$	8,962	1,660	
Enniscorthy,	5,333	5	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	6	0	792	15	4	4,266	2	$10\frac{1}{2}$	10,392	10	$2\frac{1}{4}$	5,357	5	
Enniskillen,	1,973	16	$3\frac{3}{4}$	–			677	1	7	562	16	4	3,213	14	$2\frac{3}{4}$	1,466	–	
Ennistymon,	9,881	15	4	1,877	19	$9\frac{3}{4}$	1,259	5	11	4,995	5	0	18,014	6	$0\frac{1}{4}$	9,106	4,858	
Fermoy,	4,670	16	$0\frac{1}{4}$	–			877	17	$11\frac{1}{2}$	1,824	11	$7\frac{1}{2}$	7,373	5	$7\frac{1}{4}$	6,421	–	
Galway,	8,465	5	$8\frac{1}{4}$	6	3	7	1,166	15	$3\frac{3}{4}$	2,223	8	$9\frac{1}{2}$	11,861	13	$4\frac{1}{2}$	9,123	120	
Glennamaddy,	2,470	17	$2\frac{3}{4}$	520	15	$2\frac{3}{4}$	844	8	3	1,132	9	$10\frac{1}{4}$	4,968	10	$6\frac{3}{4}$	3,997	3,757	
Glenties,	649	6	1	–			357	8	11	293	4	7	1,299	19	7	1,113	–	
Glin,	3,977	10	$2\frac{1}{2}$	–			524	18	$2\frac{1}{4}$	1,119	13	$1\frac{1}{2}$	5,622	1	$6\frac{1}{4}$	3,548	–	
Gorey,	4,598	19	$10\frac{1}{2}$	4	0	1	925	9	11	2,017	11	5	7,546	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	3,589	27	
Gort,	5,487	5	$6\frac{1}{2}$	–			954	7	8	2,042	12	$4\frac{1}{2}$	8,484	5	7	6,647	–	

[continued.

No. I.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved in Year ended 29th September, 1851—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Gortin,	579	6	1	–			146	15	8	223	1	7	949	3	4	596	–
Granard,	5,046	6	11¾	15	12	11¾	1,027	15	2	1,080	15	7	7,170	10	8½	4,051	196
Inishowen,	1,229	19	11	0	12	10	379	14	4	116	12	1	1,726	19	2	1,605	4
Kanturk,	9,278	17	7	–			1,889	2	0¼	1,655	7	0¾	12,823	6	8	9,593	–
Kells,	3,894	11	11	84	12	8¼	774	4	7¼	967	3	1¾	5,720	12	4¼	3,475	598
Kenmare,	9,278	19	3⅓	36	13	9¼	1,030	11	8¾	3,543	11	2¼	13,889	15	11¾	8,660	102
Kilkeel,	490	2	8¼	0	2	6	318	12	1	182	3	1¾	991	0	5	547	1
Kilkenny,	7,828	13	0	4	12	2	1,150	10	6	1,488	14	4½	10,472	10	0½	8,398	127
Killadysert,	6,327	4	4½	166	9	11½	631	14	11	3,355	16	4¾	10,481	5	7¾	6,023	1,484
Killala,	3,755	10	8½	–			518	13	2½	1,009	12	1½	5,283	16	0½	2,570	–
Killarney,	10,063	12	9¾	2	8	2¾	1,487	14	9¼	3,169	13	2½	14,723	9	0¼	13,656	115
Kilmacthomas,	1,215	12	11	–			402	6	10	579	18	11½	2,197	18	8½	1,520	–
Kilmallock,	13,133	1	4	15	15	7	1,065	13	10	4,289	6	9	18,503	17	6	11,699	331
Kilrush,	9,878	19	8	2,068	11	2¾	891	15	4	5,103	3	3	17,942	9	5¾	13,047	7,645
Kinsale,	1,923	11	9	–			633	14	11¼	512	15	0½	3,070	1	8¾	3,342	–
Larne,	1,062	17	10	–			533	12	11	334	8	9	1,930	19	6	716	–
Letterkenny,	600	17	10	–			330	17	2	395	11	11	1,327	6	11	587	–
Limerick,	21,249	11	4½	12	12	5½	2,230	14	10¼	7,542	8	10¾	31,035	7	7	17,855	502
Lisburn,	1,194	11	3¾	–			692	5	11	652	1	3½	2,538	18	6¼	916	–
Lismore,	3,595	1	9	–			1,356	9	3¾	1,563	9	8½	6,515	0	9¼	3,656	–
Lisnaskea,	1,192	6	7¾	–			438	19	3	579	1	3	2,210	7	1¾	1,001	–
Listowel,	12,391	16	2	12	3	2	1,289	5	4	4,169	2	6	17,862	7	2	12,353	–
Londonderry,	1,951	10	8	–			634	17	3	1,602	9	4	4,188	17	3	2,602	–
Longford,	5,165	17	10¼	43	7	6¾	779	16	0	1,559	1	2¾	7,548	2	7¾	3,913	297
Loughrea,	4,446	0	2½	–			840	7	2¾	962	11	0¾	6,248	18	6	4,492	–
Lowtherstown,	540	0	0	–			328	7	2	210	0	2	1,078	7	4	726	–
Lurgan,	1,401	2	1	–			577	12	5	2,371	9	1	4,350	3	7	1,781	–

Macroom,	3,801	18	2	–			617	16	2	414	14	5	4,834	8	9	5,611	–
Magherafelt,	1,049	6	11½	–			477	17	8	755	6	2½	2,282	10	10	760	–
Mallow,	4,937	19	8¾	–			1,022	15	10	1,541	2	8½	7,501	18	3¼	7,978	–
Manorhamilton,	1,265	13	2¾	–			529	7	1	365	10	10½	2,160	11	2¼	1,376	–
Midleton,	5,290	8	10¾	–			1,203	4	0	1,168	4	8	7,661	17	6¾	8,207	–
Milford,	1,083	4	2	0	7	5	375	16	3	239	17	7	1,699	5	5	779	4
Millstreet,	5,488	12	11	–			574	18	8	1,456	5	10	7,519	17	5	6,863	–
Mitchelstown,	5,273	13	7½	–			986	5	10½	3,389	2	0¼	9,649	1	6¼	7,177	–
Mohill,	2,796	6	3¼	–			752	16	10¼	880	6	3½	4,429	9	5	2,010	–
Monaghan,	1,551	8	7	–			734	15	5	89	11	2	2,375	15	2	1,228	–
Mount Bellew,	2,226	11	11	27	14	10½	590	3	2	730	7	4¼	3,574	17	3¾	1,989	320
Mountmelick,	4,395	10	10½	13	7	11	1,087	7	4½	1,576	19	4¾	7,073	5	6¾	5,002	447
Mullingar,	4,789	9	5½	–			1,096	9	5¾	1,403	1	6¾	7,289	0	6¼	3,323	–
Naas,	4,382	16	4	17	18	9	752	16	9¾	1,981	17	0½	7,135	8	11¼	3,118	100
Navan,	3,597	15	0	414	6	8	748	10	2	1,946	16	7¼	6,707	8	5¼	3,133	1,387
Nenagh,	8,565	2	6¾	18	5	5½	842	14	1¼	2,103	14	2½	11,529	16	4	11,015	401
Newcastle,	12,686	8	5⅓	586	1	3½	1,647	1	10¼	4,209	19	2¼	19,129	10	9⅓	12,251	1,331
Newport,	3,613	8	0¾	36	3	2	670	6	9½	1,365	15	2½	5,685	13	2¾	4,634	139
New Ross,	7,515	3	3½	185	4	7	1,212	10	4¼	2,023	4	1½	10,936	2	4¼	7,076	551
Newry,	2,003	13	10	4	10	11	924	4	6	924	16	11	3,857	6	2	2,018	12
Newtownards,	1,629	18	4½	–			641	10	11¾	551	15	11¾	2,823	5	4	1,385	–
Newtownlimavady,	1,136	10	5	–			563	10	10	217	3	6	1,917	4	9	1,135	–
Oldcastle,	3,506	13	5¾	–			597	14	5	745	17	4	4,850	5	2¾	3,104	–
Omagh,	1,925	8	5	4	10	0	604	13	11	927	4	2	3,461	16	6	2,169	9
Oughterard,	4,512	10	5½	15	12	4½	595	2	8	758	18	0½	5,882	3	6½	4,525	726
Parsonstown,	4,183	17	2¾	–			720	2	8¾	841	19	6½	5,745	19	6	4,646	–
Portumna,	2,100	8	8	25	17	11½	651	4	4¾	1,213	10	5	3,991	1	5¼	2,271	493
Rathdown,	2,309	5	7¾	3	13	3¼	991	0	9	1,239	7	8¾	4,543	7	5¼	1,982	59
Rathdrum,	3,259	4	6½	34	5	0½	1,020	5	0	1,675	15	3½	5,989	9	10½	2,750	231
Rathkeale,	6,339	5	9½	0	4	11¾	1,063	4	6½	2,022	15	3	9,425	10	6¼	4,970	12
Roscommon,	6,223	6	3½	29	0	1½	1,060	12	3½	1,775	12	11½	9,088	11	8	5,364	239
Roscrea,	4,379	15	3¾	7	14	3	750	6	10¾	2,543	8	9¾	7,681	5	3¼	3,609	62
Scariff,	8,106	17	6	5	19	5½	749	11	1½	4,979	0	11	13,841	9	0	5,331	114
Shillelagh,	2,232	0	8½	–			672	12	4½	1,161	14	6½	4,066	7	7½	2,017	–

[*continued.*

No. I.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved in Year ended 29th September, 1851—*continued*.

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Skibbereen,	6,076	4	2	–			1,100	9	1½	1,497	4	11¼	8,673	18	2¾	7,499	–
Skull,	2,458	11	11¾	–			451	12	2½	941	8	11	3,851	13	1¼	3,048	–
Sligo,	5,543	19	6	6	2	7	1,180	11	6	2,281	5	5	9,011	19	0	5,962	9
Strabane,	1,681	7	7	2	10	10	570	12	8	970	15	4	3,225	6	5	1,708	16
Stranorlar,	566	18	11½	–			424	10	6	253	16	10	1,245	6	3½	789	–
Strokestown,	3,833	2	11½	6	18	7¼	1,003	4	4½	2,684	0	2	7,527	6	1¼	3,445	162
Swineford,	2,397	11	4¾	17	2	2½	803	1	7½	819	4	9½	4,037	0	0¼	2,322	123
Thomastown,	3,840	2	1¾	111	6	9½	721	4	9	1,242	15	10¾	5,915	9	7	3,530	433
Thurles,	8,159	9	5	–			1,128	8	3	1,333	10	6	10,621	8	2	10,154	–
Tipperary,	12,363	12	6	–			1,282	13	6	3,279	0	4½	16,925	6	4½	12,113	–
Tobercurry,	1,020	18	0¼	11	1	5	259	2	2½	543	1	2	1,834	2	9¾	874	60
Tralee,	14,107	5	11½	–			2,045	12	11	3,253	15	1	19,406	13	11½	14,050	–
Trim,	2,374	2	0¾	76	16	6½	686	18	4	1,942	15	0½	5,080	11	11¾	4,420	273
Tuam,	6,763	10	8¼	11	12	11	1,099	17	1½	1,804	11	9½	9,679	12	6¼	6,433	207
Tulla,	6,498	9	8½	7	16	10¼	801	9	5¾	2,823	12	0½	10,131	8	1	5,869	305
Tullamore,	5,978	15	11	289	0	10	1,502	8	5½	1,762	5	10	9,532	11	0½	5,878	626
Urlingford,	3,652	6	1½	64	18	8	709	1	1½	863	15	7½	5,281	1	6½	3,037	632
Waterford,	8,189	15	11¼	4	5	9½	1,490	13	7	2,506	6	6¼	12,191	1	10	13,550	144
Westport,	6,186	11	3¼	50	17	2	1,088	3	9¾	2,721	19	6½	10,047	11	9½	6,895	116
Wexford,	4,710	10	0¾	3	18	0	1,288	0	0	1,524	4	11½	7,526	13	0¼	5,778	1
Youghal,	4,109	11	3	–			1,063	12	1	2,233	13	10½	7,406	17	2½	7,551	–
Total, (163 Unions,)	692,913	18	0¾	11,398	19	3¾	137,248	16	5½	231,210	4	7½	1,102,771	18	5½*	707,443	47,914

* This sum of £1,102,771 18*s.* 5½*d.* is the total expenditure for the relief of the poor, during the year ended 29th September, 1851, by the Poor Law Unions of Ireland, as now constituted. Payments were, however, made during the year, on account of expenses incurred by certain Unions previously to the alteration of their boundaries in the years 1849 and 1850, and which had not been previously brought into the accounts, amounting, according to the Clerks of Unions' Returns, to £38,874 16*s.* 11½*d.*, making a total expenditure during the year ended 29th September, 1851, of £1,141,646 15*s.* 5*d.*

No. II.—Summary of Audited Union Accounts, for

| Names of Unions. | CHARGE. | | |

the Half-year ended 25th March, 1851.

DISCHARGE.

Account of tenance or Relief, Medical d Relief f Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Paid to Relief Committees for support of Fever Hospitals.	Total Expenditure in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate in Aid.	Amount repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Balances in favor of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.															
s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
9 5½	694 13 3	–	15 3 6	15 17 10	97 6 10	–	–	35 16 5	–	2,589 7 3½	–	–	82 17 4	4,393 17 11¼	Abbeyleix.
4 8	508 18 11	418 13 9	18 8 10	–	91 13 8	–	–	13 3 9	–	1,667 3 7	27 5 0	752 9 8	2,931 18 5	5,378 16 8	Antrim.
9 7	677 8 5	–	4 0 0	– .	31 11 11	–	–	40 8 11	–	1,971 18 10	677 6 7	–	895 7 4	3,689 3 9¼	Ardee.
16 6	593 16 0	–	14 19 0	–	314 10 2	–	–	67 2 9	–	1,669 4 5	–	–	3,564 1 1	5,565 13 11	Armagh.
8 10½	963 1 8	–	15 18 0	–	16 3 6	–	–	200 6 2	–	3,633 18 2¼	252 2 8	–	1,452 1 7¾	6,906 3 6½	Athlone.
5 10½	632 3 5	–	–	75 0 0	–	–	–	23 8 5	–	2,346 17 8½	–	–	–	2,867 15 8¾	Athy.
8 7	859 7 7	–	–	25 0 0	–	–	–	41 10 9	135 9 5	2,178 16 4	–	–	–	2,734 2 4	Bailieborough.
9 11½	1,105 15 9	–	–	75 0 0	85 13 1	–	–	182 14 7	331 6 0	3,676 19 4½	–	–	537 7 8¾	7,168 18 3¼	Ballina.
4 0	647 4 1	–	–	140 0 0	9 6 8	–	–	19 19 8	–	2,187 14 5	126 7 0	–	–	4,935 1 8	Ballinasloe.
18 10¾	1,236 6 6¼	–	–	–	151 3 10	–	–	29 0 5	–	3,445 9 8	–	–	–	11,839 19 10¼	Ballinrobe.
2 9	287 0 0	–	–	17 4 6	–	–	–	25 9 1	–	749 16 4	–	–	1,284 15 4	2,090 5 2	Ballycastle.
11 11¼	1,298 12 1	–	–	62 0 0	2 1 8	–	–	6 10 6	–	2,663 16 2¼	248 2 1	–	–	4,993 4 3¼	Ballymahon.
9 8	540 16 8	–	13 12 6	–	86 6 5	–	–	13 4 3	–	1,112 9 6	–	–	3,793 8 5	4,905 17 11	Ballymena.
3 6	394 17 4	–	4 6 0	6 5 0	94 7 6	–	–	17 17 10	–	1,082 17 2	81 6 5	–	1,625 6 10	2,791 18 0½	Balymoney.
4 1	303 1 8	–	–	30 0 0	42 19 2	–	–	41 3 4	–	881 8 3	539 16 3	–	136 11 0	1,895 4 3	Ballyshannon.
10 10¾	835 15 11¾	–	–	–	–	–	–	25 15 6	–	1,898 2 4	–	–	–	3,921 12 0¾	Ballyvaghan.
1 2¾	506 17 6	–	–	–	190 0 0	–	–	18 11 1½	–	1,784 9 10½	505 9 3	–	540 3 6¾	3,389 1 11¼	Balrothery.
0 4¾	1,008 6 1	–	–	100 0 0	55 9 3	2 0 6	–	19 17 7	–	2,681 13 9¾	605 18 7	–	–	3,999 1 7	Baltinglass.
18 6½	648 11 7¼	–	7 2 6	50 0 0	50 3 8	–	–	83 0 8½	–	1,617 17 0	199 19 7	–	3,793 13 11¼	6,013 11 1¾	Banbridge.
8 6½	568 4 11	–	–	–	–	–	–	5 17 9	–	2,245 11 2¼	–	–	–	7,878 6 4½	Bandon.
16 6½	719 2 7¼	–	–	30 0 0	83 16 10	–	–	65 9 4½	–	2,485 5 4	–	–	1 8 3¾	5,076 13 1½	Bantry.
14 9	287 19 9	–	–	–	–	6 0 0	–	53 3 2	–	800 17 8	–	–	–	1,392 0 6¼	Bawnboy.
16 7	1,799 8 7	–	41 14 6	69 12 6	–	–	–	205 7 1	–	5,762 19 3	1,173 18 0	1,773 2 7	3,584 2 3	12,761 7 0	Belfast.
11 5½	579 16 2¼	–	–	60 0 0	43 13 11	–	–	29 13 6	–	1,907 15 0½	–	–	–	2,544 5 2	Belmullet.
10 10½	619 14 3¾	–	–	15 0 0	–	–	–	21 5 4	–	2,242 10 6¾	–	–	–	3,573 17 8½	Borrisokane.
14 8	778 8 10½	–	5 12 0	166 4 5	–	–	–	48 4 4	–	2,219 4 3½	–	–	–	6,272 2 1½	Boyle.
3 1	797 9 11½	–	–	15 0 0	–	8 0 0	–	75 19 11	–	4,203 12 11½	111 16 8	–	53 12 0	5,506 19 9¼	Caherciveen.
14 7	1,312 9 9	–	–	50 0 0	–	–	–	67 14 10½	17 15 3	5,069 14 5½	–	–	922 15 2	7,404 3 5½	Callan.
10 11½	2,205 4 7¼	–	–	20 0 0	276 2 4½	24 14 0	–	79 12 11	–	6,615 4 10¼	–	–	5,806 10 8¼	13,024 14 9¾	Carlow.
9 5¼	1,305 2 8	–	1 5 0	–	–	51 5 0	–	53 16 1	–	3,883 18 2¼	–	–	1,060 4 7¼	6,451 11 0½	Carrickmacross.
4 1	459 11 3	–	1 8 0	80 0 0	–	–	–	4 2 6	–	1,716 5 10	–	–	–	3,721 7 6¼	Carrick-on-Shan.
9 11½	1,707 18 0¼	–	11 7 0	–	–	–	–	123 7 8	–	3,933 2 7¾	–	–	2,027 15 11¾	8,218 3 6½	Carrick-on-Suir.
19 11½	2,290 3 0	–	–	–	–	17 10 0	–	204 5 2	223 3 10	8,463 1 11½	–	–	–	13,341 12 9¼	Cashel.
3 11½	1,609 17 5¼	–	–	–	168 19 3	–	–	110 1 0	–	4,152 1 8	–	–	–	10,788 18 10½	Castlebar.
7 9½	572 11 6	–	19 0 0	2 14 9	–	3 0 0	–	145 9 10	–	1,910 3 10½	–	–	494 11 3	2,710 4 0	Castleblayney.
8 5	335 6 6¾	–	–	–	85 4 0	–	–	8 19 5	–	1,352 18 4¾	–	–	705 7 1¾	2,921 12 11	Castlecomer.
2 4	158 3 7	–	–	35 7 7	–	19 0 0	–	3 13 1	–	403 6 7	–	–	610 14 5	1,028 15 9	Castlederg.
10 8½	752 19 2¾	–	–	77 0 0	89 13 2	–	–	18 13 9	–	2,655 16 10½	867 19 11	–	522 1 4½	5,036 6 1¼	Castlerea.
17 6¼	711 3 7	–	–	8 0 0	12 0 0	–	–	24 7 5½	–	1,599 8 6¾	–	–	326 11 9¾	2,998 16 0½	Castletown.
15 6	220 8 5	–	–	–	–	2 0 0	–	12 6 7	–	617 10 6	–	–	–	776 19 11½	Castletowndelvin.
7 5¼	712 14 2	–	8 18 0	15 0 0	–	–	–	17 13 10	–	2,476 13 5¼	–	–	–	5,061 14 8½	Cavan.
17 8¾	324 4 1	–	10 10 0	–	155 0 0	42 5 9	–	30 15 9	–	1,569 13 3¾	–	–	2,642 12 8½	4,415 7 1¼	Celbridge.
14 4¾	1,196 5 8	–	–	57 10 0	93 12 0	–	–	6 13 3½	–	2,290 15 4¼	343 17 3½	–	–	5,245 10 6½	Claremorris.
13 2½	917 7 2	–	–	58 0 0	75 1 6	–	–	35 1 9	–	3,336 3 7½	–	–	–	11,532 15 11	Clifden.
9 11¼	1,576 4 1	–	–	–	–	–	–	28 13 2¼	70 3 4	3,687 10 6⅓	227 12 0	–	–	7,999 0 3½	Clogheen.
5 6½	378 11 10½	–	–	–	76 12 6	–	–	20 16 8	–	1,231 6 7	–	–	2,117 3 1½	3,828 15 3¼	Clogher.
14 6	447 4 5½	–	–	18 6 8	9 2 3	7 17 6¾	–	8 2 11	10 10 9	1,414 19 1¾	171 1 9	–	100 0 0	5,098 4 1½	Clonakilty.
0 4	453 4 9	–	–	–	112 7 11	–	–	4 12 9¼	–	1,308 5 9¼	–	–	649 10 11¾	2,258 6 10½	Clones.
15 8½	1,708 8 0	–	6 4 6	116 3 0	39 0 0	–	–	90 17 11	–	7,009 9 1½	563 18 7	–	797 18 10⅓	11,558 4 5	Clonmel.
16 10	118 1 1	–	36 7 0	23 17 0	38 8 5	2 4 0	–	47 16 0	–	847 10 4	63 16 7	–	1,537 12 5	2,448 19 4	Coleraine.
10 2¼	526 16 11	–	–	–	55 13 4	–	–	11 2 7	–	995 3 0¼	–	–	1,088 3 3	2,096 17 5¼	Cookstown
7 8	476 5 10	–	–	15 17 0	5 0 0	–	–	14 0 9	–	1,751 11 3	–	–	2,590 5 0	4,811 11 9	Cootehill.
18 0	2,340 0 8½	–	51 17 0	50 0 0	50 16 10	977 1 3	–	207 0 11	100 13 0	10,807 7 8½	57 3 8	–	1,510 3 2½	17,013 14 2½	Cork.
9 8	842 5 1¼	–	–	30 0 0	–	–	–	22 7 10½	–	2,070 2 7½	–	–	–	4,958 18 7½	Corrofin.
16 6	1,781 11 2¾	–	–	50 0 0	–	–	–	27 18 1	–	5,189 5 9¾	–	–	–	8,203 11 4½	Croom.

[continued.

| Names of Unions. | CHARGE. | | |

, for the Half-year ended 25th March, 1851.—*continued.*

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

by way am.	Total on account of In-Maintenance and Out-door Relief, including Medical Relief, and Relief by way of Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Paid to Relief Committees for support of Fever Hospitals.	Total Expenditure in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate in Aid.	Amount repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Balances in favor of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
–	3,898 17 2	1,500 15 5½	–	–	–	13 18 8	–	–	77 14 1	–	5,491 5 4½	–	–	–	11,227 17 1	Dingle.
–	713 8 6	301 6 0¾	–	–	–	–	–	–	37 15 9	–	1,052 10 3¾	–	–	17 4 11½	1,886 7 8¾	Donaghmore.
–	533 1 10½	430 2 7½	–	–	5 0 0	–	–	–	31 9 7	–	999 14 1	–	–	–	2,620 9 5¾	Donegal.
–	878 18 9	477 15 1	–	31 3 0	–	175 11 6	–	–	54 13 7	–	1,618 1 11	372 11 6	–	3,373 17 3	6,373 16 11¼	Downpatrick.
–	1,368 8 9¾	657 15 5	–	–	–	55 3 5	–	–	40 12 11	–	2,122 0 6¾	–	–	1,797 19 11½	3,969 10 0½	Drogheda.
–	471 9 10¼	278 17 3	–	–	–	79 3 3	–	–	27 16 5	–	857 6 9¼	–	–	833 13 0½	2,136 9 5¾	Dromore, West.
–	5,101 9 9¼	2,381 14 5½	–	23 3 0	108 10 0	371 13 11	5 0 0	–	164 3 4	–	8,155 14 5¾	–	–	740 19 5¼	9,322 3 1¼	Dublin, North.
–	7,386 9 9¼	3,259 10 9	–	55 13 0	141 10 0	628 16 0	–	–	66 15 0	33 12 0	11,572 6 6¼	1,062 10 0	–	1,965 9 1½	17,157 11 10	Dublin, South.
–	1,342 17 5½	570 6 7½	–	2 6 0	16 6 8	126 13 11	–	–	73 19 3	–	2,132 9 11	–	–	869 10 0	3,150 2 1¾	Dundalk.
–	162 13 2	182 17 4	–	–	–	36 17 10	–	–	3 6 0	–	385 14 4	–	–	637 19 3	1,214 10 8	Dunfanaghy.
–	429 10 3¼	433 11 6	–	–	–	–	–	–	12 6 9	–	875 8 6¼	1,269 12 7	–	821 0 9¾	3,499 5 0	Dungannon.
–	1,329 11 4	863 0 4½	–	3 4 10	19 12 0	74 0 7	–	–	24 7 4	67 2 6	2,380 18 11½	–	–	761 10 5¼	4,700 11 3½	Dungarvan.
–	603 7 6½	336 15 2½	–	6 5 0	7 10 0	–	–	–	41 9 1	–	995 6 10	–	–	–	3,885 6 10¾	Dunmanway.
–	1,312 19 3¾	957 9 3	–	2 13 0	80 0 0	58 2 3	–	–	22 6 11	–	2,433 10 8¾	438 3 4	–	574 1 9½	3,939 4 4	Dunshaughlin.
–	1,638 14 0½	787 8 0½	–	–	–	–	–	–	26 18 0	–	2,453 0 1	–	–	–	2,855 7 5¼	Edenderry.
–	4,532 16 11	2,155 0 5¾	–	–	197 3 2	214 6 1	2 0 0	–	74 13 6	–	7,176 0 1¾	–	–	–	16,518 15 6	Ennis.
–	2,725 13 11	2,644 1 2	–	–	100 0 0	–	13 5 7	–	43 7 10½	–	5,526 8 6¾	662 6 9	–	–	6,737 10 8	Enniscorthy.
–	1,017 17 6¾	638 0 2	–	8 4 0	–	–	–	–	11 12 8	–	1,675 14 4¾	–	–	–	3,059 15 6¼	Enniskillen.
–	4,847 19 3¾	1,079 0 0¼	–	–	–	–	–	–	83 17 0	192 12 9¾	6,203 9 1¾	–	–	–	12,916 4 9	Ennistymon.
–	2,163 17 10	1,551 9 7	–	–	80 0 0	–	–	–	44 19 5½	–	3,840 6 10½	–	–	407 8 1¾	8,334 1 2½	Fermoy.
–	3,328 1 11½	1,143 18 7	–	–	30 0 0	220 18 5	–	–	57 9 4	–	4,780 8 3½	–	–	–	10,128 9 0¾	Galway.
–	1,167 9 1¾	1,110 3 2	–	–	–	63 18 5½	–	–	10 3 8	–	2,351 14 5¼	649 0 2	–	–	5,805 4 10½	Glennamaddy.
–	329 16 8	279 5 4	–	–	–	–	–	–	6 18 6	–	616 0 6	91 15 11	–	17 1 10½	1,465 12 4¾	Glenties.
–	1,819 12 7	970 5 9	–	–	–	76 11 1½	–	–	34 0 2½	–	2,900 9 8	–	–	–	6,383 7 8	Glin.
–	2,068 6 2½	1,221 9 3	–	–	–	100 0 0	–	–	89 10 6	25 14 6	3,505 0 5½	–	–	–	4,197 10 10	Gorey.
–	2,468 9 10	1,281 12 8	–	–	52 0 0	85 4 1	–	–	49 19 1	–	3,937 5 8	–	–	–	9,495 1 9¼	Gort.
–	301 12 9	68 13 6	–	–	3 0 0	41 14 7	–	–	58 14 8	–	473 15 6	–	–	359 1 6	1,317 16 8½	Gortin.
–	2,361 2 0¼	981 17 9	–	10 4 6	100 0 0	137 15 0	6 10 11	–	32 11 9	–	3,630 1 11¼	–	–	11 4 7¾	7,200 14 5½	Granard.
–	618 8 5	338 17 6	–	28 4 0	–	–	–	–	10 0 0	–	995 9 11	804 16 1	–	981 0 2	3,465 19 4	Inishowen.
–	4,172 19 0¾	1,243 8 9	–	1 1 0	–	37 8 0	2 0 0	–	85 11 2½	–	5,542 8 0¼	–	–	–	15,315 2 3½	Kanturk.
–	2,116 11 1	816 5 6½	–	–	14 11 8	63 2 8	–	–	27 17 8½	–	3,038 8 8	–	–	105 7 1¾	3,850 19 11	Kells.
–	4,649 3 8¼	1,081 11 6	–	–	–	13 11 7	342 4 6	–	59 3 0	–	6,145 14 3½	120 4 1	–	–	10,611 5 10	Kenmare.
–	256 2 7	186 15 3¾	–	0 6 0	–	24 17 2	–	–	49 19 8	–	518 0 8¾	–	–	525 14 0½	1,103 1 10½	Kilkeel.
–	3,697 19 6½	999 15 6	–	–	–	268 4 4	5 0 0	–	92 15 7	–	5,063 14 11½	–	–	2,585 10 3¾	10,548 1 8	Kilkenny.
–	2,557 4 4½	1,379 12 0¾	–	–	–	69 3 1	1 10 0	–	42 7 1½	–	4,049 16 7¾	120 8 10	–	–	8,175 1 7	Killadysert.
–	1,462 13 4¼	746 1 6	–	–	–	90 0 0	–	–	46 12 11	–	2,345 7 9¼	–	–	–	6,002 13 1½	Killala.
–	5,110 8 7¼	2,249 5 2½	–	–	25 0 0	–	11 0 0	–	91 12 7	–	7,487 6 4½	–	–	255 10 8	14,390 10 1½	Killarney.
–	578 2 6	421 13 2½	–	0 8 5	2 16 0	–	–	–	29 15 6	13 5 0	1,046 0 7½	–	–	951 0 7	2,595 8 10½	Kilmacthomas.
–	6,984 12 1½	2,829 7 3	–	–	7 10 0	231 15 2	6 0 0	–	115 11 10	–	10,174 16 4½	–	–	–	20,082 11 8	Kilmallock.
–	4,339 19 8¾	993 15 2	–	–	10 0 0	150 10 1	–	–	104 12 10	9 3 2	5,608 0 11¾	56 15 9	–	–	16,704 9 11	Kilrush.
–	881 12 7½	576 5 7	–	–	37 0 0	51 17 9	–	–	15 2 9	–	1,561 18 8½	–	–	347 16 6¼	2,909 14 3	Kinsale.
–	595 12 5	294 0 0	–	–	–	–	–	–	28 1 10	–	917 14 3	–	–	202 17 10	1,128 7 5	Larne.
–	281 18 3	335 13 9	–	5 2 0	–	74 9 3	1 15 0	–	16 5 0	–	715 3 3	10 8 9	–	238 3 7	1,219 4 2¾	Letterkenny.
–	11,237 3 2	5,015 12 6½	–	–	–	–	–	–	169 5 7	–	16,422 1 3½	–	–	–	31,884 12 3	Limerick.
–	583 15 1	473 5 6	–	9 1 4	22 1 0	–	–	–	131 10 8	–	1,219 13 7	492 3 5	–	182 10 9	2,761 4 8¼	Lisburn.
–	1,599 3 6¾	1,429 4 8½	–	–	20 0 0	0 18 4	–	–	34 10 9½	–	3,083 17 4¾	–	–	941 16 10¼	5,610 7 10½	Lismore.
–	667 2 4¾	333 2 7	–	–	–	–	6 15 0	–	7 19 7	133 18 2	1,148 17 8¾	85 13 6	–	1,212 0 2	3,307 13 1¼	Lisnaskea.
–	4,691 8 9	1,880 16 10	–	–	–	229 15 5	–	–	144 12 3	–	6,946 13 3	540 13 4	–	–	15,406 16 5	Listowel.
–	1,042 1 1	487 13 6	–	–	16 11 3	122 18 2	–	–	869 4 0	–	2,538 8 0	287 4 11	–	1,061 18 5	4,317 5 10	Londonderry.
–	2,481 4 3	1,374 11 4½	–	28 0 6	38 0 0	91 0 8	–	–	21 0 3	–	4,033 17 0½	–	–	–	8,068 16 10½	Longford.
–	1,883 16 0	765 0 0½	–	–	–	68 0 6	–	–	52 8 6	–	2,769 5 0½	22 0 8	–	42 3 7¾	7,147 18 6¾	Loughrea.
–	290 0 0	246 0 0	–	–	–	58 10 0	–	–	1 15 5	–	596 5 5	–	–	305 3 1½	969 12 6	Lowtherstown.
–	682 11 6	510 5 3	400 0 0	–	19 13 6	185 10 3	–	–	118 18 2	–	1,916 18 8	–	–	1,275 3 7	3,322 0 4	Lurgan.
–	1,855 18 4	376 17 4	–	–	20 0 0	–	–	–	10 7 0	–	2,263 2 8	–	–	–	4,773 5 11¼	Macroom.
–	565 9 1½	592 1 2½	–	–	–	140 14 6	–	–	33 12 5	–	1,331 17 3	33 8 11	–	1,114 10 1½	2,607 6 3	Magherafelt.

[continued

CHARGE.

Names of Unions.	Balances in favor of Electoral Divisions at the close of last Half-year.	Receipts on Account of Electoral Divisions.				Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of last Half-year.	In-Maintenance and Clothing.		Out-Relief in Money and in Kind.		Medical Relief.	Relief of D
		Amount of Poor Rate Lodged.	Repayment of Relief by way of Loan.	Amount raised by Rate, or borrowed for Emigration Purposes.	Other Receipts, if any.				On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	On account of Union Paupers.	On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	On account of Union Paupers.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£
Abbeyleix,	82 17 4	215 18 3	–	–	1 17 6	217 15 9	4,107 11 9½	4,408 4 10½	499 13 2¼	1,752 1 0¼	139 14 7½	32 12 4	7 10 4½	2 2 0	
Antrim,	2,931 18 5	–	–	–	2 5 7	2 5 7	–	2,934 4 0	–	529 8 2	79 8 1	–	–	–	3
Ardee,	895 7 4	2,752 9 11	–	–	–	2,752 9 11	–	3,647 17 3	53 1 1	886 4 10	278 10 8	–	0 0 5	–	
Armagh,	3,564 1 1	158 5 9	–	–	–	158 5 9	439 5 4	4,161 12 2	76 3 4	532 17 1	123 16 10	–	–	–	
Athlone,	1,452 1 7¾	688 17 6	–	–	–	688 17 6	1,706 0 4¼	3,846 19 6	157 6 7	2,366 5 0¼	159 14 5¼	–	–	–	
Athy,	–	3,564 10 5	–	–	1 9 6	3,565 19 11	2,427 5 2¼	5,993 5 1¼	2,867 15 8¾	1,187 10 6½	254 2 0	5 15 0	1 7 10	–	
Bailieborough,	–	2,937 17 3	–	–	–	2,937 17 3	2,160 0 1	5,097 17 4	2,734 2 4	1,294 14 11	146 0 0	–	–	–	
Ballina,	537 7 8¾	2,322 0 1	–	–	–	2,322 0 1	715 11 9½	3,574 19 7¼	73 17 5¼	1,963 0 5¼	124 10 8	3 17 0½	–	–	
Ballinasloe,	–	2 233 17 6½	–	–	–	2,233 17 6½	5,180 4 3	7,414 1 9½	4,616 4 1½	1,560 6 4	171 11 7	1 19 4½	0 17 6½	–	
Ballinrobe,	–	1,828 18 5¾	–	–	0 13 0	1,829 11 5¾	7,818 18 9½	9,648 10 3¼	4,770 14 3	3,364 5 5¾	164 0 3¼	4 19 10¼	0 3 3	–	
Ballycastle,	1,284 15 4	562 14 9	–	–	0 10 10	563 5 7	–	1,848 0 11	–	333 18 6	73 6 8	–	–	–	
Ballymahon,	–	800 17 7	–	–	–	800 17 7	4,307 9 7¾	5,108 7 2¾	2,534 4 1¼	1,553 17 1¼	47 19 0	1 1 1¼	–	–	
Ballymena,	3,793 8 5	–	–	–	0 3 8	0 3 8	–	3,793 12 1	–	380 6 0	64 6 0	–	–	55 0 0	
Ballymoney,	1,625 6 10	802 13 8	–	–	–	802 13 8	17 11 3	2,445 11 9	–	437 14 5	84 10 10	1 7 0	–	–	
Ballyshannon,	136 11 0	1,662 12 7	–	–	–	1,662 12 7	352 1 4	2,151 4 11	595 0 2	444 13 3	43 16 7	–	–	–	
Ballyvaghan,	–	1,513 5 9	–	–	–	1,513 5 9	3,022 17 10¾	4,536 3 7¾	1,004 5 4¾	1,605 5 6¾	56 18 2	385 14 5¼	4 14 4½	–	
Balrothery,	540 3 6¾	2,051 1 5¼	–	–	–	2,051 1 5¼	620 12 6¾	3,211 17 6¾	354 7 5½	860 9 6	251 5 0	–	–	–	
Baltinglass,	–	3,079 16 3	–	–	–	3,079 16 3	1,483 5 3¼	4,563 1 6¼	1,992 1 7	1,389 3 0	205 2 9	5 3 0¾	–	0 5 0	
Banbridge,	3,793 13 11¼	1,287 15 6	0 3 7	–	–	1,287 19 1	–	5,081 13 0¼	272 3 11	576 2 3	127 4 7¾	–	–	4 10 9	
Bandon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	9,773 17 11¼	9,773 17 11¼	7,878 6 4½	1,115 17 4	137 7 4	–	–	–	
Bantry,	1 8 3¾	719 17 9	–	–	–	719 17 9	4,397 14 10¾	5,119 0 11½	2,577 13 0¾	1,939 10 4¼	144 14 8½	–	–	–	
Bawnboy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	1,998 12 7¼	1,998 12 7¼	1,392 0 6¼	429 4 10	1 1 1	1 12 0	–	–	
Belfast,	3,584 2 3	7,589 18 6	–	–	1 13 4	7,591 11 10	490 19 5	11,666 13 6	391 17 7	2,785 5 1	822 8 6	–	–	–	
Belmullet,	–	873 15 3	–	–	–	873 15 3	2,857 3 0	3,730 18 3	785 11 6	1,982 18 0	44 18 8	–	–	–	
Borrisokane,	–	2,395 3 1	–	–	–	2,395 3 1	3,936 17 2	6,332 0 3	3,573 17 8¼	1,747 17 1	33 19 8½	–	–	–	
Boyle,	–	3,293 0 1	–	–	–	3,293 0 1	5,877 17 1¼	9,170 17 2¼	6,272 2 1½	1,202 17 2	66 8 5	3 14 10¾	0 2 11	–	
Caherciveen,	53 12 0	2,495 13 11	2 2 11	–	409 1 5	2,906 18 3	7,042 12 1¾	10,003 2 4¾	2,711 0 10	3,441 15 2¾	176 4 3½	3 5 2	–	–	
Callan,	922 15 2	1,087 14 7	–	–	512 0 0	1,599 14 7	3,072 13 4¾	5,595 3 1¾	955 7 0½	2,300 19 1½	291 0 1¾	500 3 6¾	18 8 11	–	
Carlow,	5,806 10 8½	1,560 8 8	–	–	–	1,560 8 8	2,779 16 1¾	10,146 15 6	473 17 3	4,067 18 4½	308 9 7¾	7 12 0	0 14 8	0 15 0	
Carrickmacross,	1,060 4 7¾	1,551 15 10	–	–	8 18 0	1,560 13 10	1,721 14 5½	4,342 12 10½	500 9 5	1,975 8 3	193 9 4	1 2 11	0 11 6	–	
Carrick-on Shan.,	–	2,258 14 5	–	–	–	2,258 14 5	3,881 12 0¼	6,140 6 5¼	3,721 7 6¼	1,112 12 6	58 12 4	–	–	–	
Carrick-on-Suir,	2,027 15 11¾	1,216 14 0¼	–	–	6 2 5	1,222 16 5¼	1,467 6 2¾	4,717 18 7¾	352 14 0½	1,580 10 1½	314 9 2½	14 19 3½	–	–	
Cashel,	–	7,678 3 10	–	–	–	7,678 3 10	7,310 17 2¾	14,989 1 0¾	4,031 8 3¾	6,967 17 5	295 3 1	–	–	–	
Castlebar,	–	1,446 10 8¼	–	–	–	1,446 10 8¼	9,356 15 8	10,803 6 4¼	6,358 4 1¼	2,702 16 6	155 10 0	–	–	–	
Castleblayney,	494 11 3	1,431 19 5	–	–	–	1,431 19 5	405 0 3	2,331 10 11	297 16 0	775 3 5	383 1 7¾	–	–	–	
Castlecomer,	705 7 1¾	207 6 3	1 10 0	–	–	208 16 3	588 11 1¼	1,502 14 6	–	538 9 7¾	54 9 10	506 18 10	4 2 11	–	
Castlederg,	610 14 5	182 9 1	–	–	–	182 9 1	0 7 7	793 11 1	–	144 19 10	23 7 6	–	–	–	
Castlerea,	522 1 4½	3,971 18 7	–	–	0 7 10	3,972 6 5	1,245 7 5¾	5,739 15 3¼	1,844 13 2	1,684 12 2	47 19 9	9 9 9½	2 8 7	–	
Castletown,	326 11 9¾	1,340 14 7	0 5 8½	–	–	1,341 0 3½	396 1 10¼	2,063 13 11½	52 0 6¼	1,166 18 8	11 12 0	2 2 6	–	–	
Castletowndelvin,	–	1,519 3 3	–	–	–	1,519 3 3	261 9 9	1,780 13 0	770 16 2½	335 12 3	36 19 7	–	–	–	
Cavan,	–	–	0 15 5	–	–	0 15 5	7,474 15 9	7,475 11 2	5,054 11 3¼	1,666 14 8¾	84 0 0	11 16 4	0 9 2	–	0
Celbridge,	2,642 12 8½	35 19 5	–	–	–	35 19 5	146 5 5	2,824 17 6½	–	846 4 0½	133 8 3	1 5 6	0 1 8	–	
Claremorris,	–	1,195 7 6	–	–	–	1,195 7 6	4,860 11 10½	6,055 19 4½	2,805 0 4	2,021 1 10	42 6 5½	58 16 4¾	1 3 2½	–	
Clifden,	–	819 10 4	–	–	5,627 9 10	6,447 0 2	10,874 16 11½	17,321 17 1½	9,284 9 9½	4,535 1 7	67 11 6	13 18 8½	0 14 0	–	
Clogheen,	–	5,025 11 11	–	–	–	5,025 11 11	5,410 16 10½	10,436 8 9½	6,262 14 10½	2,100 19 1	120 16 4	–	–	–	
Clogher,	2,117 3 1½	–	–	–	11 2 6	11 2 6	65 14 11¾	2,194 0 7¼	–	514 14 0	123 18 2	0 19 3½	–	–	
Clonakilty,	100 0 0	1,120 18 7	–	–	–	1,120 18 7	3,039 12 7¾	4,260 11 2¼	2,512 18 3½	681 2 1¼	50 3 3	–	–	–	
Clones,	649 10 11¾	1,110 1 0	–	–	–	1,110 1 0	100 9 2¼	1,860 1 2	95 5 0¼	618 14 9	69 1 3	–	–	–	
Clonmel,	797 18 10½	6,567 2 1	–	–	–	6,567 2 1	1,361 1 7	8,726 2 6½	675 13 2	3,314 15 8	1,394 7 8¼	–	–	451 8 0	
Coleraine,	1,537 12 5	1,055 16 1	2 5 0	–	1 7 6	1,059 8 7	–	2,597 1 0	–	433 13 3	101 15 0	–	–	–	
Cookstown,	1,088 3 3	–	–	–	–	–	106 4 6	1,194 7 9	–	308 10 8	92 16 10	–	–	–	
Cootehill,	2,590 5 0	1,743 0 6	–	–	–	1,743 0 6	17 9 3	4,350 14 9	23 1 1	1,304 13 6	32 2 7	–	–	–	
Cork,	1,510 3 2½	13,761 3 4	–	–	–	13,761 3 4	7,775 17 1¾	23,047 3 8¼	7,619 1 3½	4,048 3 0	2,820 18 0	–	–	–	
Corrofin,	–	2,124 12 8	–	–	–	2,124 12 8	1,844 0 4½	3,968 13 0½	948 18 6½	1,304 19 10½	70 6 9	254 15 5¼	6 7 1½	–	
Croom,	–	3,200 1 9	–	–	1,900 0 0	5,100 1 9	3,715 7 6¾	8,815 9 3¾	4,538 14 11½	2,119 13 7	138 10 0¼	–	–	–	

counts, for the Half-year ended 29th September, 1851.

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

by way oan.	Total on account of In-Maintenance and Out-door Relief, including Medical Relief, and Relief by way of Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Paid to Relief Committees for support of Fever Hospitals.	Total Expenditure in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate in Aid.	Amount Repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Balances in favor of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
–	1,934 0 4¼	1,221 5 11	–	–	10 0 0	5 7 10	693 0 8	–	44 16 11	–	3,908 11 8¼	–	–	–	4,408 4 10½	Abbeyleix.
4 10	612 1 1	494 19 2	–	13 2 6	2 10 0	–	–	–	76 17 5	–	1,199 10 2	–	–	1,734 13 10	2,934 4 0	Antrim.
–	1,164 15 11	778 0 0	–	21 3 0	10 0 0	45 17 5	–	–	37 8 4	–	2,057 4 8	100 9 1	–	1,437 2 5	3,647 17 3	Ardee.
–	656 13 11	463 15 6	–	–	–	72 12 1	–	–	31 16 0	–	1,224 17 6	–	1,706 18 2	1,153 13 2	4,161 12 2	Armagh.
–	2,525 19 5½	793 7 4	–	37 13 0	–	102 4 1	–	–	117 19 4¾	–	3,577 3 3¼	67 17 4	–	44 12 3¾	3,846 19 6	Athlone.
–	1,448 15 4½	719 13 7	–	–	75 0 0	23 19 0	0 12 0	–	31 16 11	–	2,299 16 10½	817 19 1½	–	7 13 4½	5,993 5 1¼	Athy.
–	1,440 14 11	468 15 9	–	7 9 0	–	19 4 2	–	–	107 16 9	–	2,044 0 7	319 14 5	–	–	5,097 17 4	Bailieborough.
–	2,091 8 1¾	782 6 1¼	–	–	15 0 0	56 17 2	–	–	54 13 10	–	3,000 5 3	281 13 8½	–	219 3 2¼	3,574 19 7¼	Ballina.
–	1,734 14 10	832 6 10	–	–	–	53 17 1	2 0 0	–	75 7 5	–	2,698 6 2	99 11 6	–	–	7,414 1 9½	Ballinasloe.
–	3,533 8 10¼	1,239 10 6¼	–	–	–	52 15 1¾	–	–	52 1 6	–	4,877 16 0¼	–	–	–	9,648 10 3¼	Ballinrobe.
–	407 5 2	225 11 1	–	10 4 6	–	61 7 4	4 14 1	–	19 7 11	–	728 10 1	–	–	1,119 10 10	1,848 0 11	Ballycastle.
–	1,602 17 2½	722 2 11½	–	2 1 8	–	81 9 11½	4 7 6	–	43 15 0	–	2,456 14 3½	117 8 10	–	–	5,108 7 2¾	Ballymahon.
–	499 12 0	573 19 2	–	18 4 6	–	–	–	–	50 15 1	–	1,142 10 9	–	–	2,651 1 4	3,793 12 1	Ballymena.
–	523 12 3	369 7 1	–	4 14 0	–	46 0 9	21 3 7	–	174 18 7	–	1,139 16 3	–	–	1,305 15 6	2,445 11 9	Ballymoney.
–	488 9 10	370 0 3	–	–	–	40 8 10	–	–	35 15 10	–	934 14 9	205 16 3	–	415 13 9	2,151 4 11	Ballyshannon.
–	2,052 12 6½	1,261 16 7½	–	–	13 0 0	25 4 0	14 15 8	–	59 15 9	–	3,427 4 7	104 13 8	–	–	4,536 3 7⅝	Ballyvaghan.
–	1,111 14 6	847 15 5½	–	–	–	160 1 11	44 4 0	–	39 5 11	–	2,203 1 9½	419 0 7¼	–	235 7 8¾	3,211 17 6⅝	Balrothery.
–	1,599 13 9¾	704 18 7¾	–	26 16 0	12 10 0	82 7 0	27 17 0	–	84 9 6	–	2,538 11 11½	25 6 8	–	7 1 3¾	4,563 1 6¼	Baltinglass.
–	707 17 7¾	314 6 2	–	7 0 0	–	66 15 1	–	–	29 18 1	–	1,125 16 11⅝	104 17 6	109 8 1	3,469 6 6½	5,081 13 0¼	Banbridge.
–	1,253 4 8	608 10 6¾	–	–	–	–	–	–	33 16 4	–	1,895 11 6¾	–	–	–	9,773 17 11¼	Bandon.
–	2,084 5 0¾	386 15 7	–	–	5 0 0	2 3 1	–	–	32 6 0	–	2,510 9 8¾	30 18 2	–	–	5,119 0 11½	Bantry.
–	431 17 11	153 15 5	–	–	–	–	–	–	20 18 9	–	606 12 1	–	–	–	1,998 12 7¼	Bawnboy.
–	3,607 13 7	2,137 7 5	–	31 16 0	42 16 0	152 18 9	–	–	225 19 3	–	6,198 11 0	468 7 7	–	4,607 17 4	11,666 13 6	Belfast.
–	2,027 16 8	722 7 6	–	–	60 0 0	50 14 2	–	–	23 11 10	–	2,884 10 2	60 16 7	–	–	3,730 18 3	Belmullet.
–	1,781 16 9½	440 14 7¾	–	–	–	60 15 6	5 0 0	–	132 5 7½	–	2,420 12 6⅝	337 10 0	–	–	6,332 0 3	Borrisokane.
–	1,273 3 4¾	659 5 5	–	3 6 0	123 9 2	123 9 9	–	–	73 6 6	–	2,256 0 2¾	642 14 10	–	–	9,170 17 2¼	Boyle.
–	3,621 4 8	1,329 16 8¼	–	–	5 0 0	116 15 8	1,977 12 8	–	147 12 1	–	7,198 1 9¼	89 11 10	–	4 7 11½	10,003 2 4⅜	Caherciveen.
–	3,110 11 9	786 1 11½	46 2 2	–	–	259 4 10	–	–	83 1 5½	–	4,305 2 2	–	–	334 13 11½	5,595 3 1¼	Callan.
–	4,385 9 8½	2,530 14 9⅝	–	20 12 0	13 2 0	–	–	–	58 3 2	–	7,008 1 8	–	–	2,664 16 7½	10,146 15 6	Carlow.
–	2,170 12 0	724 17 8¼	–	8 14 0	–	182 12 0	17 8 0	–	61 17 4	–	3,166 1 0¼	114 18 0	–	561 4 5¾	4,342 12 10½	Carrickmacross.
–	1,171 4 10	664 8 0	–	–	40 0 0	80 9 9	–	–	65 11 8	–	2,021 14 3	397 4 8	–	–	6,140 6 5½	Carrick-on-Shan.
–	1,909 18 7½	1,950 13 7¾	–	5 10 0	–	141 14 6	40 0 0	–	97 10 5¼	–	4,145 7 2	–	–	219 17 5½	4,717 18 7½	Carrick-on-Suir.
–	7,263 0 6	2,355 16 1½	–	6 11 0	2 2 0	215 4 5	24 12 3	–	197 13 7	–	10,064 19 10½	892 12 11	–	–	14,989 1 0⅝	Cashel.
–	2,858 6 6	1,332 9 7	–	–	30 0 0	59 5 9	–	–	160 18 9	–	4,441 0 7	4 1 8	–	–	10,803 6 4¼	Castlebar.
–	1,158 5 0¾	215 17 8¾	–	13 3 6	15 0 0	113 2 9	19 12 0	–	112 17 5	–	1,647 18 5½	–	–	385 16 5½	2,331 10 11	Castleblayney.
–	1,104 1 2¾	357 19 9¼	–	–	–	6 0 9	–	–	34 12 9	–	1,502 14 6	–	–	–	1,502 14 6	Castlecomer.
–	168 7 4	150 1 0	–	7 4 0	–	18 5 9	27 3 4	–	13 8 10	–	384 10 3	–	–	409 0 10	793 11 1	Castlederg.
–	1,744 10 3½	827 9 1½	–	–	18 0 0	127 17 8½	–	–	44 12 9	–	2,762 9 10½	953 12 1	–	179 0 1¾	5,739 15 3¼	Castlerea.
–	1,180 13 2	381 5 1½	–	–	–	33 18 7	–	–	36 15 1	–	1,632 11 11½	111 9 2	–	267 12 3¾	2,063 13 11½	Castletown.
–	372 11 10	198 9 4	–	4 4 6	–	24 14 0	–	–	37 9 7	–	637 9 3	372 7 6½	–	–	1,780 13 0	Castletowndelvin
5 5	1,763 15 7¾	574 7 2	–	5 15 0	15 0 0	–	11 10 0	–	50 12 1	–	2,420 19 10¾	–	–	–	7,475 11 2	Cavan.
–	980 19 5½	862 11 2	–	17 4 0	–	29 19 5	24 11 1	–	22 15 3	–	1,938 0 4½	–	–	886 17 2	2,824 17 6½	Celbridge.
–	2,123 7 10¾	996 7 9¾	–	–	25 0 0	43 6 10	9 0 0	–	53 16 6	–	3,250 19 0½	–	–	–	6,055 19 4⅜	Claremorris.
–	4,617 5 9½	1,131 11 1½	–	–	–	34 7 0	1,999 12 9	–	190 11 11	–	7,973 8 7	63 18 9	–	–	17,321 17 1½	Clifden.
–	2,221 15 5	1,361 12 4	–	–	150 0 0	118 8 7	–	–	83 16 7	–	3,935 12 11	238 1 0	–	–	10,436 8 9½	Clogheen.
–	639 11 5½	423 9 8¼	–	–	–	–	–	–	23 1 1	–	1,086 2 2¾	–	–	1,107 18 4½	2,194 0 7¼	Clogher.
–	731 5 4¼	453 5 4½	–	–	15 14 5	22 18 1	–	–	135 5 10	–	1,358 9 0¾	389 3 10	–	–	4,260 11 2¼	Clonakilty.
–	687 16 0	340 15 3	–	3 13 0	–	9 0 0	–	–	32 18 4	–	1,074 2 7	–	–	690 13 6¾	1,860 1 2	Clones.
–	5,160 11 4¼	1,619 18 6	–	9 0 0	17 0 0	276 11 0	–	–	760 5 11½	–	7,843 6 9¾	191 6 1	–	15 16 5¼	8,726 2 6½	Clonmel.
–	535 8 3	408 18 5	–	–	–	80 18 10	–	–	42 15 8	–	1,068 1 2	26 17 2	–	1,502 2 8	2,597 1 0	Coleraine.
–	401 7 6	310 17 0	–	–	–	–	–	–	13 14 7	–	725 19 1	–	–	468 8 8	1,194 7 9	Cookstown.
–	1,336 16 1	654 14 10	–	15 3 0	12 10 0	–	16 0 0	–	71 2 2	–	2,106 6 1	–	–	2,221 7 7	4,350 14 9	Cootehill.
–	6,869 1 0	5,914 10 7¼	–	12 8 6	50 0 0	914 13 10	–	–	102 5 4	–	13,862 19 3¼	1,532 8 8	–	32 14 5½	23,047 3 8¼	Cork.
–	1,636 9 2¼	1,030 3 3¾	–	–	11 0 0	58 13 1	126 11 3	–	55 13 6	–	2,918 10 4	101 4 2	–	–	3,968 13 0½	Corrofin.
–	2,258 3 7¼	1,200 9 0	–	–	–	113 14 11	3 10 0	–	48 0 4	–	3,623 17 10¼	652 16 6	–	–	8,815 9 3½	Croom.

No. II.—Summary of Audited Accounts, for the Half-

CHARGE.

Names of Unions.	Balances in favor of Electoral Divisions at the close of last Half-year.	Receipts on Account of Electoral Divisions. Amount of Poor Rate received.	Repayments of Relief by way of Loan.	Amount raised by Rate, or borrowed for Emigration Purposes.	Other Receipts, if any.	Total Receipts in the Half-year.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of last Half-year.	In-Maintenance and Clothing. On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	In-Maintenance and Clothing. On account of Union Paupers.	Out-Relief in Money and in Kind. On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	Out-Relief in Money and in Kind. On account of Union Paupers.	Medical Relief.	Relief by way of Loan.	Tot... In... and... ins... Rel... by
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Mallow,	–	–	–	–	0 9 6	0 9 6	8,386 19 7½	8,387 9 1½	4,216 9 4	1,939 4 11½	495 6 3	–	–	–	–	
Manorhamilton,	–	1,210 9 4	–	–	–	1,210 9 4	806 17 0½	2,017 6 4½	784 6 10½	639 11 3½	78 3 4	–	–	–	–	
Midleton,	–	4,589 19 0	–	–	97 5 5	4,687 4 5	3,044 9 4½	7,731 13 9½	1,796 6 5¾	2,023 18 3½	497 1 1	–	–	–	–	
Milford,	443 19 10	1,104 14 2	–	–	–	1,104 14 2	1 17 11	1,550 11 11	37 11 4	347 18 2	129 1 0	0 3 1	–	–	–	
Millstreet,	–	2,869 2 2	–	–	–	2,869 2 2	3,074 5 2½	5,943 7 4½	2,267 8 0½	2,630 10 0	180 2 1	–	–	–	–	
Mitchelstown,	–	2,632 5 1	–	–	287 0 0	2,919 5 1	5,771 13 8¾	8,690 18 9¾	3,786 0 11	2,267 19 0¾	274 0 2½	–	–	–	–	
Mohill,	–	–	–	–	–	–	4,967 18 10½	4,967 18 10½	2,180 3 3¾	1,571 6 2⅛	86 2 9	–	–	–	–	
Monaghan,	2,423 3 10	3,208 7 2	–	–	–	3,208 7 2	–	5,631 11 0	47 12 8	571 2 1	198 17 8	–	–	–	–	
Mount Bellew,	–	771 9 0	–	–	–	771 9 0	3,303 18 5½	4,075 7 5½	2,122 8 6¾	873 8 11	45 16 9¼	11 10 8½	1 12 7	–	–	
Mountmelick,	–	2,378 1 3	–	–	0 8 9	2,378 10 0	2,857 1 6¾	5,235 11 6¾	1,885 0 3¼	2,025 10 9½	68 11 4	4 18 10½	2 3 9½	–	–	
Mullingar,	–	46 0 0	–	–	–	46 0 0	6,004 13 5½	6,050 13 5½	2,619 1 2½	2,093 17 0⅓	242 1 2¾	–	–	–	–	
Naas,	–	–	–	–	–	–	4,136 6 4¼	4,136 6 4¼	695 8 0½	1,783 19 3½	351 13 4½	7 8 9	1 7 6	–	–	
Navan,	777 3 3½	2,115 3 1	0 4 0	–	–	2,119 7 1	1,826 18 11¾	4,729 9 4	1,039 8 7½	1,781 11 7½	147 5 5	199 10 1	4 18 6	–	0 4 0	
Nenagh,	–	3,344 13 11	–	–	16 7 9	3,361 1 8	6,663 3 11¾	10,024 5 7¾	3,970 14 11¾	3,826 5 3	268 11 2	10 9 1½	0 19 1	–	–	
Newcastle,	–	8,576 1 10	–	–	2 9 2½	8,578 11 0½	8,248 19 0	16,827 10 0½	7,206 12 4	6,165 2 9¾	218 9 3½	–	–	–	–	
Newport,	–	1,666 9 7	–	–	4,632 7 2	6,278 16 9	1,311 6 10	7,590 3 7	5,433 7 7½	1,174 0 1¾	3 3 10½	17 8 8½	–	–	–	
New Ross,	–	6,923 1 6	–	–	–	6,923 1 6	1,358 5 10¾	8,281 7 4½	3,261 7 9	2,676 11 1¾	660 16 10½	49 5 7	1 11 0	–	–	
Newry,	7,451 18 9	786 11 10	1 7 0	–	–	787 18 10	8 12 9	8,248 10 4	–	870 0 4	186 1 10	–	–	0 8 6	–	
Newtownards,	1,145 15 0¾	3,345 9 3	–	–	0 18 0	3,346 7 3	–	4,492 2 3¾	22 18 8	502 12 10½	265 15 2	–	–	30 0 0	–	
Newtownlimavady,	927 3 2	873 6 10	–	–	–	873 6 10	2 15 3	1,803 5 3	12 5 0	470 14 10	109 13 4	–	–	–	–	
Oldcastle,	–	3,212 19 3½	–	–	–	3,212 19 3½	223 13 9½	3,436 13 1	617 12 11¼	1,647 16 9¼	124 7 5¾	–	–	–	–	
Omagh,	1,313 16 10	1,241 2 11	–	–	–	1,241 2 11	940 15 1	3,495 14 10	562 14 11	848 5 6	281 16 2	1 15 0	0 0 9	–	–	
Oughterard,	–	1,128 18 5¾	–	–	3,144 0 0	4,272 18 5¾	2,766 14 3¾	7,039 12 9½	4,638 1 3½	1,581 18 5¾	20 4 1	6 0 11½	0 16 2	–	–	
Parsonstown,	–	–	–	–	0 8 0	0 8 0	4,436 7 9¾	4,436 15 9¾	1,804 17 2¼	1,636 15 3½	288 19 7	–	–	104 5 0	–	
Portumna,	–	2,576 8 0	–	–	82 4 0	2,658 12 0	1,676 2 9½	4,334 14 9½	2,371 11 10	894 1 4	14 14 9	10 0 6	1 15 1½	0 6 0	–	
Rathdrum,	132 16 1	4,009 16 7	–	–	–	4,009 16 7	–	4,532 12 8	308 3 5	746 3 8	421 18 8½	0 8 0	0 16 10½	–	–	
Rathdrum,	–	475 9 6	–	–	2 10 0	477 19 6	2,446 19 2½	2,924 18 8½	577 9 4¼	1,580 3 7½	215 15 6	7 16 6½	0 2 3	–	–	
Rathkeale,	21 0 5½	4,758 10 10	–	–	–	4,758 10 10	3,394 18 11½	8,164 10 2½	3,500 14 3½	2,530 14 3½	326 15 2½	–	0 4 0½	–	–	
Roscommon,	109 13 0½	3,168 12 2	–	–	23 5 2	3,191 17 4	4,258 18 7¾	7,551 9 0¼	3,292 17 11½	3,044 4 2½	76 5 3½	11 16 9	–	–	1 19 4½	
Roscrea,	–	4,033 8 5	–	–	–	4,033 8 5	2,047 16 7½	6,081 5 0½	2,095 3 0½	1,794 2 6½	252 15 3	3 11 6	0 4 0	394 1 5½	–	
Scariff,	–	3,832 6 7½	–	–	–	3,832 6 7½	6,694 2 5¼	10,526 9 0¾	4,741 4 1¾	3,856 2 3	99 2 5½	5 2 1½	0 17 4	–	–	
Shillelagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	2,469 0 10½	2,469 0 10½	514 16 0	959 12 7	139 18 4	–	–	–	–	
Skibbereen,	125 19 11½	2,459 9 4½	–	–	2 15 0	2,462 4 4½	3,094 1 6	5,682 5 10½	1,447 5 3½	2,701 4 8½	86 17 0½	–	–	–	–	
Skull,	0 19 5½	947 4 1	0 2 8	–	1,355 4 5	2,303 11 2	878 11 8	3,183 2 3½	1,293 18 2	1,043 19 3	22 15 0½	–	–	–	–	
Sligo,	265 12 9	4,812 14 3	–	–	–	4,812 14 3	4,222 18 9	9,302 5 9	3,705 7 0	2,514 2 8	332 4 3	–	–	–	–	
Strabane,	1,884 10 6	1,774 8 2	–	–	40 6 6	1,814 8 2	30 17 3½	3,779 15 6	84 8 11½	657 0 3	275 10 3	0 12 11	0 1 7	–	–	
Stranorlar,	347 3 10	688 15 6	–	–	6 17 7	705 13 1	317 1 4	1,369 18 3¾	360 14 2½	240 2 9	45 9 3½	–	–	–	–	
Strokestown,	–	4,222 13 4	–	–	–	4,222 13 4	4,507 6 0¼	8,729 19 4¼	4,128 13 9½	1,687 15 7	35 3 1	4 7 6½	0 2 6½	–	–	
Swinford,	–	1,487 14 11	–	–	–	1,487 14 11	2,529 5 11½	4,017 0 10½	1,724 7 1	911 15 4	71 5 6½	7 11 5½	0 6 11½	–	–	
Thomastown,	–	6,720 4 11	–	–	–	6,720 4 11	–	6,720 4 11	1,515 8 8½	1,517 16 5½	109 7 5	51 6 0½	2 0 6½	–	–	
Thurles,	–	6,495 5 4	1 6 3	–	2 13 3	6,498 4 10	2,794 12 6	9,292 17 4	3,671 2 3	3,495 1 8½	237 6 5½	–	–	–	1 6 3	
Tipperary,	69 17 8	5,078 6 0	–	–	–	5,078 6 0	6,475 0 4	11,623 4 0	4,260 2 11½	5,195 3 11	596 16 9	–	–	–	–	
Tobercurry,	–	2,001 14 2	–	–	100 3 9	2,101 17 11	436 17 6	2,538 15 5	1,348 2 2½	791 19 7	3 13 8	5 17 4	–	–	–	
Tralee,	257 13 7½	7,263 10 8	–	–	–	7,263 10 8	4,285 14 7¾	11,806 18 11½	3,097 12 0	6,235 15 5½	223 5 11¼	–	–	–	–	
Trim,	–	3,285 13 11	–	–	–	3,285 13 11	244 15 11	3,530 9 10	474 6 2½	1,001 0 6½	118 4 1	26 3 5½	0 11 3	–	–	
Tuam,	–	5,267 1 11	–	–	–	5,267 1 11	6,965 11 7½	12,232 13 6½	7,493 17 1½	2,982 14 7½	131 17 11½	3 8 4	0 9 5	–	–	
Tuam,	–	3,727 13 0	–	–	2,870 15 5	6,598 8 5	2,401 12 7½	8,597 1 0½	4,118 13 9	2,755 13 9	119 16 10	4 2 9½	0 9 9	–	–	
Tullamore,	–	3,202 1 7	–	–	–	3,202 1 7	4,106 17 7½	7,308 19 2½	2,517 2 2½	2,643 9 3½	315 15 11	107 17 7	4 17 9	–	–	
Urlingford,	–	5,287 12 8	1 11 2	–	–	5,289 4 10	14 9 7	5,303 14 5	1,775 18 1	1,501 17 11	151 0 5	26 13 5	3 18 10	–	–	
Waterford,	–	12,162 19 1	–	–	–	12,162 19 1	1,751 15 1	13,914 14 2	3,594 6 1½	2,829 19 10	960 18 7	2 2 1½	0 5 7½	–	–	
Westport,	–	3,641 19 3	–	–	5,522 15 6	9,164 14 9	8,396 17 2½	17,564 12 11½	13,200 18 10	2,356 5 10¼	33 18 1	23 9 10	–	–	–	
Wexford,	30 5 1½	10,584 11 11	1 0 0	–	–	10,585 11 11	94 17 7¾	10,710 14 8½	1,692 1 0¾	1,597 11 5	598 3 8¾	1 19 0	–	–	–	
Youghal,	–	6,670 11 5½	–	–	200 0 0	6,870 11 5½	562 13 10	7,433 5 3½	1,740 11 5¾	1,580 6 7½	158 12 4	–	–	–	–	
Total (168 Unions,	61,462 7 3½	519,842 6 7½	54 10 1	–	15,754 1 11	585,659 16 7½	417,784 5 4¾	1,044,997 11 6¼	389,389 19 5½	290,126 12 3¾	35,677 0 9¾	3,115 19 0½	194 12 10¾	1,496 4 6½	3 9 7	

ar ended 25th March, 1851.—*continued.*

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

account of intenance loor Relief, g Medical nd Relief of Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Paid to Relief Committees for support of Fever Hospitals.	Total Expenditure in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate in Aid.	Amount repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Balances in favor of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
11 2½	1,601 16 11	–	–	100 0 0	–	0 15 2	–	33 16 6	–	4,170 19 9½	–	–	–	8,387 9 1½	Mallow.
14 7¾	391 13 9½	–	42 9 0	–	–	–	–	4 1 3	–	1,155 18 8¼	–	–	77 0 10	2,017 6 4¾	Manorhamilton.
19 4	1,039 1 7	–	–	105 0 0	48 9 3	–	–	30 1 10	–	3,743 12 0	2,093 1 1	–	98 14 2¾	7,731 13 9½	Midleton.
2 3	265 16 3	–	3 0 6	–	33 18 11	–	–	32 18 9	–	812 16 8	–	–	700 3 11	1,550 11 11	Milford.
12 1	776 8 2	–	–	–	56 15 9	–	–	32 3 4	–	3,675 19 4	–	–	–	5,943 7 4½	Millstreet.
19 3¼	2,267 19 7	–	–	15 0 0	–	–	–	74 18 10½	5 0 2	4,904 17 10¾	–	–	–	8,690 18 9¾	Mitchelstown.
8 11½	1,022 3 6¼	–	–	30 0 0	–	–	–	78 3 1	–	2,787 15 6¾	–	–	–	4,967 18 10½	Mohill.
19 9	259 6 5	–	13 2 6	30 0 0	285 15 8	–	–	6 9 7	–	1,364 13 11	596 0 9	–	3,623 3 8	5,631 11 0	Monaghan.
8 11¾	501 4 3	–	–	50 0 0	32 3 1	5 0 0	–	9 11 8	–	1,530 7 11¾	151 1 11	–	–	3,803 18 5½	Mount Bellew.
4 9½	1,115 14 4½	–	4 4 0	19 4 4	79 4 0½	–	–	30 19 9	–	3,350 11 3½	–	–	–	5,235 11 6¾	Mountmelick.
18 3¼	1,006 3 0¾	–	32 0 6	–	–	–	–	57 10 4¾	–	3,431 12 2¾	–	–	–	6,050 13 5½	Mullingar.
8 10¾	1,202 6 9	–	51 4 6	–	–	5 10 0	–	37 8 2	–	3,440 18 3¾	–	–	–	4,136 6 4¼	Naas.
9 7½	1,025 13 7¼	–	2 1 0	–	47 16 3	–	–	23 11 7	–	3,232 12 0¾	–	–	457 8 7½	4,729 9 4	Navan.
4 7½	1,684 12 1½	–	–	–	83 11 4	32 1 7	–	147 0 11½	–	6,053 10 7½	–	–	–	10,024 5 7¾	Nenagh.
12 1¼	2,583 1 1¼	–	–	–	146 18 1	–	–	484 13 4	22 13 2	9,620 17 9¾	–	–	–	16,827 10 0½	Newcastle.
12 8¾	771 10 5¾	–	–	100 0 0	81 16 3	–	–	8 16 6	–	2,156 15 11½	–	–	–	7,590 3 7	Newport.
4 7¼	1,251 19 5¼	–	15 17 6	–	201 18 5	–	–	99 1 10	–	4,957 1 9½	12 2 4	–	50 15 5¾	8,281 7 4¼	New Ross.
10 8	797 2 8	–	2 8 0	–	58 16 5	5 0 0	–	32 17 8	–	1,952 15 5	–	–	6,295 14 11	8,248 10 4	Newry.
8 0½	415 14 2¾	–	–	–	71 3 2	–	–	37 16 5½	–	1,323 1 10¾	693 1 11	568 10 8	1,884 9 2	4,492 2 3¾	Newtownards.
8 2	268 0 10	–	–	–	115 8 2	17 13 6	–	8 17 2	–	990 7 10	175 11 11	–	625 0 6	1,803 5 3	Newtownlimavady.
4 3	526 11 2¾	–	–	10 0 0	76 4 8¾	–	–	33 1 2	–	2,418 1 4½	–	–	400 18 9¼	3,436 13 1	Oldcastle.
17 5	507 7 6	–	25 14 6	–	162 6 3	–	–	9 12 5	–	1,836 18 1	56 1 3	–	1,040 0 7	3,495 14 10	Omagh.
19 8¼	756 7 4	–	–	–	–	–	–	18 3 2	–	2,383 10 2¼	–	–	18 1 3½	7,039 12 9½	Oughterard.
19 10½	580 10 6½	–	–	–	–	–	–	21 8 2	–	2,631 18 7	–	–	–	4,436 15 9¾	Parsonstown.
17 8½	772 4 1¾	–	–	95 0 0	30 0 0	–	–	28 18 5	75 0 0	1,922 0 3¼	41 2 8	–	–	4,334 14 9¼	Portumna.
7 3½	1,162 7 0¾	–	38 2 0	–	122 14 1½	–	–	64 11 4½	–	2,557 1 10¼	–	–	1,667 7 4¾	4,532 12 8	Rathdown.
17 11	701 6 0	–	20 16 0	–	–	–	–	21 9 5	–	2,347 9 4	–	–	–	2,924 18 8¼	Rathdrum.
13 6¼	1,398 18 0	–	–	–	–	–	–	31 7 3¼	–	4,287 18 9½	–	–	375 17 2	8,164 10 2¾	Rathkeale.
5 7½	840 16 6	–	–	–	79 11 0	–	–	12 3 6	–	4,066 16 7½	120 19 5	–	70 15 0½	7,551 9 0¼	Roscommon.
14 8¾	1,472 10 9¼	–	–	–	–	–	–	68 16 6	–	3,986 2 0	–	–	–	6,081 5 0¼	Roscrea.
4 2	1,555 4 7	–	10 1 0	–	47 9 4	–	–	92 6 2	118 19 8	5,785 4 11	–	–	–	10,526 9 0¾	Scariff.
10 11	834 10 0½	–	–	–	–	–	–	20 3 11	–	1,954 4 10½	–	–	–	2,469 0 10½	Shillelagh.
1 9	1,181 5 2¼	–	–	–	74 19 5	26 0 7¾	–	99 18 5	42 3 0	4,212 8 5¼	–	–	22 12 1½	5,682 5 10¼	Skibbereen.
14 3¾	714 15 11	–	–	–	34 16 6	9 13 8½	–	51 11 8	–	1,877 12 1¾	–	–	11 12 0¼	3,183 2 3½	Skull.
6 11	1,383 15 9	–	28 13 6	130 0 0	69 12 3	7 0 0	–	115 5 8	–	4,580 14 1	356 11 10	–	659 12 10	9,302 5 9	Sligo.
5 0	523 0 8	–	–	15 0 0	95 9 3	1 7 7	–	40 13 7	–	1,608 16 1	–	–	2,086 10 5½	3,779 15 6	Strabane.
12 0½	245 9 0	–	–	4 0 0	49 16 3	–	–	5 4 4	–	590 1 7½	41 11 6	–	377 11 0	1,369 18 3¾	Stranorlar.
8 9	2,081 14 8	–	–	8 15 0	102 10 6	–	–	18 16 6	–	3,939 5 5	662 0 11	–	–	8,729 19 4¼	Strokestown.
19 3½	797 3 4	–	–	180 0 0	74 7 0	–	–	15 12 3	–	2,058 1 10½	234 11 10	–	–	4,017 0 10¼	Swineford.
10 5¾	592 11 9½	–	–	–	212 9 7	–	–	33 3 1	5 0 1	2,613 15 0¼	–	–	2,591 1 2½	6,720 4 11	Thomastown.
14 5	1,692 17 9	–	4 6 0	–	162 6 2	4 0 0	–	54 10 9	–	5,621 15 1	–	–	–	9,292 17 4	Thurles.
0 8	1,232 15 0½	–	–	30 0 0	145 8 6	16 0 0	–	132 10 2	–	7,348 14 4½	–	–	14 6 8	11,623 4 0	Tipperary.
0 7	310 18 1½	–	–	45 0 0	1 10 6	–	–	18 15 9	–	877 14 11½	181 12 5	–	131 5 10	2,538 15 5	Tobercurry.
1 4¾	1,741 10 2½	–	–	55 0 0	49 1 1	–	–	86 3 2	–	8,390 15 10¼	212 17 4	–	105 13 9½	11,806 18 11½	Tralee.
9 4	1,506 5 3½	–	26 10 6	17 10 0	–	10 0 0	–	28 16 3	–	2,735 1 4½	–	–	321 2 3¼	3,530 9 10	Trim.
0 4	1,347 2 4	–	3 10 0	–	129 10 11	–	–	70 7 4	–	4,669 0 11	69 15 6	–	–	12,232 13 6½	Tuam.
3 1¾	1,525 4 8¾	–	–	–	–	–	–	64 3 8	–	4,469 11 6½	8 15 9	–	–	8,597 1 0½	Tulla.
0 6½	1,551 19 4¾	–	3 18 0	–	79 19 10	–	–	66 11 5	–	4,774 9 2¼	–	–	17 7 9¾	7,308 19 2½	Tullamore.
0 7	628 16 0	–	–	–	110 2 7	–	–	46 12 0	42 10 3	2,511 11 5	–	–	1,014 12 9	5,302 2 3	Urlingford.
6 2	1,431 11 11¼	–	–	25 0 0	391 7 11	8 13 11	–	119 12 5	–	5,769 12 4¼	4,101 4 5¾	–	449 11 2½	13,914 14 2	Waterford.
3 9¼	1,481 17 9¼	–	–	–	246 17 3	–	–	221 5 4	–	4,363 14 1½	–	–	–	17,564 12 11½	Westport.
4 1¾	1,101 12 8½	–	27 11 0	12 10 0	294 17 0	–	–	57 14 10	–	3,691 19 8¼	2,527 8 0	–	2,799 5 11¼	10,710 14 8¼	Wexford.
8 11½	1,326 8 1½	–	5 2 9	5 12 0	60 0 0	–	–	551 4 8	189 5 11	3,876 12 5	1,179 18 6	–	636 2 10¾	7,433 5 3½	Youghal.
9 2½	159,609 4 6¾	818 13 9	363 5 3	3,916 6 10	11,560 0 4½	1,714 15 2	–	10,144 6 7¼	1,865 1 11¾	521,105 14 1½	27,480 7 8¼	3,094 2 11	103,927 7 4	1,044,997 11 6¼	Total (163 Unions).

L 4

No. III.—Summary of Audited Union Accounts for the Half

| Names of Unions. | CHARGE. | | |

ear ended 29th September, 1851—*continued.*

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

n account of ne-door Relief, ing Medical and Relief y of Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Paid to Relief Committees for support of Fever Hospitals.	Total Expenditure in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate in Aid.	Amount repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Balances in favor of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
50 19 0½	988 10 4½	–	7 0 0	–	52 6 7	2,002 5 0	–	126 10 6¾	–	9,127 11 6¾	179 2 3	–	–	17,398 12 0½	Dingle.
28 5 3½	366 15 3	–	–	–	33 5 4	503 12 3	–	45 1 8	–	1,676 19 9½	–	–	–	2,283 9 8	Donaghmore.
55 7 1½	413 15 7	–	–	5 0 6	–	–	–	25 2 9	–	1,009 5 5½	57 11 1	–	–	3,687 6 0¼	Donegal.
29 12 7½	408 5 11	–	7 12 6	25 0 0	83 13 8	–	–	88 6 3	–	1,442 10 11½	–	–	2,094 3 11¼	3,536 14 10¾	Downpatrick.
73 1 7¼	569 15 7	–	–	100 0 0	11 2 10	–	–	57 11 2½	–	1,911 11 2¼	26 9 10	–	500 14 10½	2,543 10 1	Drogheda.
32 9 7½	272 13 2½	–	–	–	8 13 2	–	–	21 12 7	–	735 8 6¾	–	–	593 1 2	1,950 9 3¼	Dromore, West.
19 9 2½	2,347 15 7	–	28 18 0	131 13 6	78 17 3½	5 0 0	–	148 4 9	–	8,359 18 3½	2,702 2 7¾	–	356 18 10¾	13,494 11 3¼	Dublin, North.
47 3 10¾	3,405 4 9	–	46 4 6	168 6 4	176 3 10	6 0 0	–	237 10 9	–	11,786 14 0¾	4,714 19 2	–	1,627 17 10¾	18,148 10 11¾	Dublin, South.
33 10 1	1,091 7 4¾	–	33 19 0	–	26 13 5	4 0 0	–	75 7 7	–	2,664 17 5¼	531 3 4	398 11 8	492 8 1½	4,221 3 5	Dundalk.
05 4 4	166 13 1	–	–	–	–	–	–	13 13 10	–	385 11 3	–	–	473 17 6	987 16 6	Dunfanaghy.
70 5 7½	476 11 0		0 13 0	40 0 0	194 6 10	5 0 0	–	36 13 10	–	1,123 10 3½	–	–	308 11 1¼	1,499 17 1¾	Dungannon.
87 0 5½	914 11 1½	–	18 0 0	–	46 13 6	–	–	95 19 7	53 11 4	3,115 16 0	–	–	35 17 1½	3,344 17 7	Dungarvan.
92 4 7¼	318 1 10	–	6 5 0	3 15 0	–	–	–	19 1 5	–	1,039 7 10¼	156 7 8	–	–	5,078 8 7	Dunmanway.
82 17 11½	929 2 10	–	2 10 0	–	61 1 7	8 0 0	–	34 14 6	–	2,218 6 10½	523 8 11	–	42 2 2¾	2,783 18 0¼	Dunshaughlin.
54 4 2¾	641 15 7	–	–	–	28 14 8	–	–	47 16 0	–	2,272 10 5¾	809 18 2	–	–	5,937 16 1	Edenderry.
43 16 1½	2,402 5 11¼	–	–	–	–	347 8 9	–	126 6 10	–	8,619 17 7¾	409 7 5¾	–	–	16,776 18 7½	Ennis.
07 18 0¾	1,910 6 4	–	22 13 6	15 0 0	175 5 0	27 10 0	–	107 8 9	–	4,866 1 7¾	94 6 2	–	17 16 1	9,091 10 3¾	Enniscorthy.
55 18 9	545 3 3	–	2 0 0	–	–	–	–	34 17 10	–	1,537 19 10	–	–	–	4,597 15 4¼	Enniskillen.
11 15 10	2,381 12 8	–	–	78 10 0	108 10 9	2,138 16 7	–	142 4 4	49 6 9	11,810 16 11	188 10 10	–	–	15,357 16 4½	Ennistymon.
06 18 2½	985 14 8½	–	–	–	–	–	–	40 5 10	–	3,532 18 8¾	–	–	5 1 3¼	4,202 17 11½	Fermoy.
43 7 3¾	1,329 7 6¼	–	–	30 0 0	29 5 1	–	–	549 5 2	–	7,081 5 1	–	–	–	12,519 13 0¼	Galway.
24 3 3¾	707 12 9¾	–	–	–	56 19 0	–	–	28 1 0	–	2,616 16 1½	224 14 10	–	–	6,091 18 5	Glennamaddy.
19 9 5	310 6 1	–	–	1 10 0	–	–	–	52 13 7	–	683 19 1	39 17 11	–	0 8 7	1,660 16 0½	Glenties.
57 17 7½	491 15 3¾	–	–	–	25 0 0	–	–	46 18 11	–	2,721 11 10¼	186 3 5	–	–	5,254 9 10¾	Glin.
35 14 9	1,293 10 7	–	59 18 0	–	76 3 0	–	–	75 14 6	–	4,041 0 10	–	–	–	7,437 1 8	Gorey.
91 9 10½	1,215 7 5½	–	–	20 0 0	39 6 9	6 2 0	–	174 13 10	–	4,546 19 11	–	–	–	10,005 7 4	Gort.
77 13 4	150 4 7	–	–	–	35 13 5	4 0 0	–	7 16 6	–	475 7 10	131 3 9	14 4 10	313 13 6	1,303 13 4½	Gortin.
05 6 8¾	741 5 4	–	–	–	32 1 10½	2 12 0	–	59 2 10	–	3,540 8 9¼	–	–	–	5,652 6 1¾	Granard.
2 4 4	84 3 0	–	–	–	–	–	–	35 1 11	–	731 9 3	25 0 6	–	724 8 7	1,929 2 8	Inishowen.
05 18 6½	1,883 3 0½	–	–	20 0 0	119 2 9	15 0 0	–	137 14 4	–	7,280 18 7¾	635 15 3	–	–	16,395 16 1¼	Kanturk.
32 13 6¼	691 1 4	–	–	10 0 0	83 5 5	1 1 11	–	34 1 6	–	2,682 3 8¼	816 10 4	720 8 0	6 13 8½	5,097 10 3½	Kells.
56 9 4½	1,181 5 4	–	41 10 0	–	156 7 3	1,590 16 0	–	107 13 9	–	7,744 1 8½	65 4 4	–	–	13,167 1 8½	Kenmare.
54 2 7¼	177 19 3½	–	15 10 6	7 8 0	11 0 5	–	–	26 19 5	–	472 19 8¾	–	–	494 12 0¾	967 11 9½	Kilkeel.
55 5 7½	1,153 16 2½	–	–	–	30 11 5	9 0 0	–	80 1 10	–	5,408 15 1	–	–	88 8 7½	5,729 17 2	Kilkenny.
56 9 11½	2,000 1 9½	–	–	60 0 0	91 2 1	199 5 7	–	144 9 7	–	6,431 9 0	47 8 8	–	–	10,792 9 9	Killadysert.
92 17 4¼	483 9 5	–	–	54 10 0	67 9 3	–	–	40 2 3	–	2,938 8 3½	130 12 5	–	–	6,044 17 6¾	Killala.
55 12 5¼	1,660 7 9¾	–	–	100 0 0	260 16 6	86 5 0	–	173 0 10¾	–	7,236 2 7¾	564 13 8	–	56 3 3¾	12,847 8 1	Killarney.
7 10 5	343 9 10	–	–	20 0 0	66 18 0	–	–	61 7 6	22 12 4	1,151 18 1	437 0 6	–	142 12 4	1,738 9 9½	Kilmacthomas.
4 4 9½	2,023 16 1	–	15 12 0	–	–	15 5 0	–	102 8 1	7 15 2	8,329 1 1½	1,206 17 9	–	32 15 1½	21,043 12 4	Kilmallock.
7 11 2	2,359 18 6	–	–	10 0 0	105 14 2	2,012 10 11	–	178 13 9	–	12,334 8 6	222 16 4	–	–	19,041 6 9	Kilrush.
1 19 1½	430 13 6¾	–	–	6 5 0	–	–	–	29 5 4	–	1,508 3 0¼	–	–	–	2,038 1 7¾	Kinsale.
0 6 11	351 6 3	–	9 13 0	26 0 0	35 8 1	6 0 0	–	44 11 0	–	1,013 5 3	2,189 4 4	–	852 4 3	4,588 0 5	Larne.
8 19 7	218 3 8	–	–	–	24 0 0	30 0 0	–	21 0 5	–	612 3 8	2 11 9	–	192 9 10	916 3 10½	Letterkenny.
7 1 11½	3,651 13 9	–	–	–	–	7 0 0	–	237 10 7	–	14,613 6 3½	6,202 15 4	–	–	52,700 7 10½	Limerick.
0 16 2¾	498 5 9¾	–	6 10 0	8 2 0	121 2 0	–	–	74 8 10¾	–	1,319 4 11¼	1,158 18 0	844 8 1	170 9 2	4,461 0 2¾	Lisburn.
5 18 2¼	1,209 8 9	–	–	–	126 9 8	6 16 4	–	92 10 5¼	–	3,431 3 4½	–	–	183 13 3½	4,023 13 7½	Lismore.
5 4 3	335 16 0	–	8 13 0	–	73 1 3	–	–	17 7 7	101 7 4	1,061 9 5	–	–	667 13 3	1,729 2 8	Lisnaskea.
2 10 7	2,347 11 1	–	–	–	93 9 3	608 10 0	–	153 13 0	–	10,915 13 11	–	–	–	16,883 1 10	Listowel.
9 9 7	423 15 0	–	34 18 0	3 3 0	79 16 1	147 15 6	–	51 12 1	–	1,650 9 3	75 14 5	–	474 14 8	3,067 9 2	Londonderry.
1 2 2	741 8 5¼	–	–	–	29 6 10	5 0 0	–	7 8 2	–	3,514 5 7¼	–	–	–	7,940 16 3¾	Longford.
2 4 2½	773 2 8¾	–	–	–	40 17 4	–	–	103 9 2¼	–	3,479 13 5¾	–	–	–	7,439 0 6¾	Loughrea.
0 0 0	204 0 0	–	4 17 0	–	–	–	–	23 4 11	–	482 1 11	–	–	145 13 8½	791 5 11	Lowtherstown.
8 10 7	497 4 8	1,005 4 0	19 1 6	–	93 17 3	–	–	99 6 11	–	2,433 4 11	–	726 16 6	177 11 3	3,550 3 5	Lurgan.
7 13 2	514 2 6	–	–	–	42 1 6	–	–	27 8 11	–	2,571 6 1	–	–	6 7 8¾	6,601 9 7	Macroom.
3 17 10	288 17 6		–	15 0 0	119 13 4	2 5 0	–	40 19 11	–	950 13 7	–	–	688 15 2	1,724 19 6	Magherafelt.

[*continued.*

No. III.—Summary of Audited Union

Names of Unions.	CHARGE.																							
	Balances in favor of Electoral Divisions at the close of last Half-year.	Receipts on Account of Electoral Divisions.						Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of last Half-year.	In-Maintenance and Clothing.		Out-Relief in Money and in Kind.		Medical Relief.	Relief of
		Amount of Poor Rate Lodged.	Repayment of Relief by way of Loan.	Amount raised by Rate, or borrowed for Emigration Purposes.	Other Receipts, if any.	Total Receipts in the Half-year.				On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	On account of Union Paupers.	On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	On account of Union Paupers.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Mallow,	–	–	–	–	–	–	11,717 18 1¼	11,717 18 1¼	8,386 19 7½	1,987 0 11¾	516 7 6½	–	–	–	
Manorhamilton,	77 0 10	520 15 0	–	–	–	520 15 0	1,245 3 5¾	1,842 19 3¾	806 17 0¾	498 15 5	49 3 2	–	–	–	
Midleton,	98 14 2¾	5,557 0 11	1 16 5	–	1 0 11	5,559 18 3	2,890 19 8½	8,549 12 2¼	3,044 9 4½	2,231 19 5	537 10 1¾	–	–	–	
Milford,	700 3 11	567 4 8	–	–	0 5 2	567 9 10	86 16 10	1,354 10 7	1 17 11	460 9 8	145 15 4	0 4 4	–	–	
Millstreet,	–	5,426 12 8	–	–	–	5,426 12 8	1,722 17 0¾	7,149 9 8¾	3,074 5 2½	2,498 11 11	179 8 11	–	–	–	
Mitchelstown,	–	5,196 11 5	–	–	–	5,196 11 5	5,800 12 7¼	10,997 4 0½	5,771 13 8¾	2,384 1 11	347 12 5¼	–	–	46 5 10	
Mohill,	–	–	–	–	–	–	6,596 13 10¾	6,596 13 10¾	4,955 0 0½	1,065 6 11¾	73 10 4	–	–	–	
Monaghan,	3,623 3 8	2,090 18 10	–	–	17 19 8	2,108 18 6	–	5,732 2 2	–	569 8 6	212 0 4	–	–	–	
Mount Bellew,	–	1,787 2 1	–	–	–	1,787 2 1	3,408 1 4½	5,195 3 5½	3,032 9 5½	1,242 11 0	51 11 2	13 13 10½	0 17 8½	10 0 0	
Mountmelick,	–	3,463 12 4	–	–	45 14 2	3,509 6 6	3,689 12 7¾	7,198 19 1¾	2,857 1 6¾	2,224 6 7	77 2 2	4 9 3	1 16 0	–	
Mullingar,	–	5,145 3 9	–	–	0 12 5	5,145 16 2	5,796 17 9	10,942 13 11	6,004 13 5¾	2,209 7 2½	244 4 0½	–	–	–	
Naas,	–	–	–	–	–	–	7,830 16 11¾	7,830 16 11¾	4,136 6 4½	1,913 18 8½	333 4 11¾	7 15 7	1 6 11	–	
Navan,	457 8 7½	3,853 17 0	–	–	–	3,853 17 0	2,059 13 6	6,370 19 1½	1,823 18 11¾	1,532 6 1¾	136 11 9¾	205 15 5	4 2 8	–	
Nenagh,	–	5,572 3 4½	–	–	0 12 0	5,572 15 4½	6,968 17 2	12,541 12 6½	6,663 3 11	4,166 1 0¾	304 5 1	4 16 5	2 0 10	–	
Newcastle,	–	9,261 9 4	–	–	3 0 0	9,264 9 4	8,920 6 11	18,184 16 3	8,210 10 6¾	6,057 11 10½	245 4 5½	563 0 5	23 0 10½	–	
Newport,	–	96 19 7	–	–	0 15 6	97 15 1	4,742 9 0¼	4,840 4 1¼	1,311 6 10	2,430 18 3	5 5 9½	18 14 5½	–	–	
New Ross,	50 15 5¾	2,909 17 10	–	–	–	2,909 17 10	4,916 14 0¼	7,877 7 4	1,358 5 10¼	3,296 12 2¾	881 3 0½	128 6 6	6 1 6	–	
Newry,	6,295 14 11	115 17 3	1 2 9	–	–	117 0 0	51 19 10	6,464 14 9	8 12 9	779 10 2	168 1 6	3 18 5	0 12 6	–	
Newtownards,	1,884 9 2	2,300 13 2	–	–	–	2,300 13 2	–	4,185 2 4	–	566 16 1½	294 14 2½	–	–	30 0 0	
Newtownlimavady,	625 0 6	1,624 13 7	–	–	–	1,624 13 7	246 3 5	2,495 17 6	2 15 3	472 12 9	83 9 6	–	–	–	
Oldcastle,	400 18 9½	2,246 10 4	–	–	2 18 1	2,249 8 5	719 8 11½	3,369 16 1½	223 13 9½	1,615 5 7½	119 3 7¼	–	–	–	
Omagh,	1,040 0 7	930 1 5	–	–	397 0 0	1,327 1 5	1,182 5 5	3,549 7 5	940 15 1	588 16 0	206 10 9	2 14 3	–	–	
Oughterard,	18 1 3¾	795 9 5	–	–	–	795 9 5	5,530 11 5½	6,344 2 2	2,766 14 3¾	2,847 6 4¾	63 1 6	7 14 6½	1 0 8½	–	
Parsonstown,	–	–	–	–	0 7 6	0 7 6	7,550 1 2¾	7,550 8 8¾	4,436 7 9¾	1,924 15 6¾	333 6 9½	–	–	130 3 4	
Portumna,	–	218 3 5	–	–	117 16 0	335 19 5	3,409 4 6½	3,745 3 11¼	1,676 2 9¼	1,169 3 6	22 9 1	12 9 7	1 12 9	–	
Rathdown,	1,667 7 4¾	615 0 5	–	–	–	615 0 5	348 18 9¾	2,631 6 7½	–	740 1 3½	401 1 11½	0 3 6	2 4 11	–	
Rathdrum,	–	4,836 14 0	–	–	0 1 4	4,836 15 4	2,110 4 1¾	6,946 19 5¾	2,446 19 2¼	1,448 1 6½	215 3 10½	24 6 9½	1 19 5½	–	
Rathkeale,	375 17 2	4,574 10 0½	–	–	–	4,574 10 0½	4,135 12 9¾	9,086 0 0¼	3,394 18 11¼	3,089 5 8	392 10 7½	0 0 11	–	–	
Roscommon,	70 15 0½	4,316 10 6	–	–	–	4,316 10 6	5,308 16 2¾	9,696 1 9¼	4,258 18 7¾	3,074 2 10½	68 19 5	17 3 4½	–	–	
Roscrea,	–	1,828 8 3	–	–	–	1,828 8 3	3,958 6 4½	5,786 14 7½	2,035 8 5½	2,086 6 5½	246 11 1	3 9 1	0 9 8	229 19 7¾	
Scariff,	–	3,609 7 2	–	–	–	3,609 7 2	11,319 5 7¼	14,928 12 9½	6,694 2 5½	4,036 7 2	115 5 7½	–	–	–	
Shillelagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	4,581 3 7½	4,581 3 7½	2,469 0 10½	1,000 14 7½	131 15 2	–	–	–	
Skibbereen,	22 12 1½	4,872 8 2	–	–	20 10 6	4,892 18 8	2,984 16 2	7,900 6 11½	3,094 1 6	3,183 15 0	104 7 5	–	–	–	
Skull,	11 12 0½	1,359 10 3	–	–	506 17 0	1,866 7 3	1,079 19 7¾	2,957 18 11	878 11 8	1,372 8 3½	19 9 4½	–	–	–	
Sligo,	512 2 1	3,540 19 1	–	–	–	3,540 19 1	5,568 3 7	9,621 4 9	4,219 1 0	2,379 11 10	318 0 9	3 9 4	2 13 3	–	
Strabane,	2,086 10 5½	1,172 2 5	–	–	–	1,172 2 5	–	3,258 12 10½	30 17 3½	530 15 6	218 1 7	0 17 0	0 19 4	–	
Stranorlar,	377 11 0	834 17 4	–	–	5 11 0	840 8 4	180 1 6	1,398 0 10	317 1 4	241 14 3	39 12 8	–	–	–	
Strokestown,	–	3,897 0 2	–	–	–	3,897 0 2	4,503 5 7½	8,400 5 9½	4,507 6 0¼	2,037 9 8	72 14 7½	1 16 0¼	0 12 6	–	
Swineford,	–	887 17 9	–	–	–	887 17 9	3,644 5 0	4,532 2 9	2,529 5 11¼	1,345 0 5½	69 10 1	8 8 7	0 15 2½	–	
Thomastown,	2,591 1 2½	473 6 10	–	–	–	473 6 10	680 10 8	3,744 18 8½	–	1,821 11 5½	301 6 9½	55 10 2½	2 10 0	–	
Thurles,	–	5,007 10 4	–	–	–	5,007 10 4	3,308 16 3	8,316 6 7	2,794 12 6	4,172 13 2	283 1 10	–	–	–	
Tipperary,	14 6 8	10,189 19 3	–	–	0 4 6	10,190 3 9	7,005 11 5	17,210 1 10	6,475 0 4	5,841 10 4	730 1 6	–	–	–	
Tobercurry,	131 5 10	742 8 2	–	–	–	742 8 2	600 0 8¼	1,473 14 8¼	436 17 6	517 5 5¼	7 19 4	5 4 1	–	–	
Tralee,	105 13 9¼	8,733 16 10½	–	–	1 0 0	8,734 16 10½	7,107 7 0¼	15,947 17 8	4,285 14 7¾	7,370 4 7½	277 19 11¼	–	–	32 4 4	
Trim,	321 2 3¼	914 10 11	–	–	–	914 10 11	1,568 12 10½	2,804 6 0½	244 15 11	1,130 17 4	124 0 1	49 10 3¾	0 11 6½	–	
Tuam,	–	2,210 6 8	–	–	–	2,210 6 8	9,765 16 6¾	11,976 3 2¾	6,965 11 7½	3,482 15 4½	166 2 9	6 10 9	1 4 5	–	
Tulla,	–	2,618 16 8	–	–	–	2,618 16 8	5,646 15 11	8,265 12 7	2,401 12 7½	3,440 14 7½	182 4 6	2 5 2	0 19 1½	–	
Tullamore,	17 7 9¾	5,112 11 11½	–	–	15 0 8	5,127 12 7½	4,373 6 11½	9,518 6 6¾	4,106 17 7½	2,711 1 8½	308 9 0	171 9 7	4 15 11	–	
Urlingford,	1,014 12 9	540 8 2	1 17 1	–	–	542 5 3	1,231 16 7	2,788 14 7	14 9 7	1,829 2 3	170 5 6½	30 10 8	3 15 9	1 0 0	
Waterford,	449 11 2½	4,137 17 10	0 14 8	–	–	4,138 12 6	4,695 5 7½	9,283 9 4	1,751 15 1	3,069 3 2½	1,329 14 1¾	1 3 0	0 15 0½	–	
Westport,	–	333 16 0	–	–	0 8 11	334 4 11	13,746 9 11½	14,080 14 10½	8,396 17 2½	3,766 13 4	29 14 0	27 7 4	–	–	
Wexford,	2,709 5 11¼	2,461 17 3	5 5 5	–	–	2,467 2 8	173 12 2¾	5,440 0 10	94 17 7¾	1,887 14 8½	627 0 2½	1 19 0	–	–	
Youghal,	636 2 10½	1,878 10 3	–	–	100 0 0	1,978 10 3	1,807 13 8	4,422 6 9¾	562 13 10	2,116 3 9½	254 8 6	–	–	–	
Total (163 Unions).	103,779 16 7	413,356 11 1½	25 19 4½	600 0 0	17,268 5 5	431,250 15 11	582,033 5 6	1,117,063 18 0	417,685 7 0¾	328,587 13 7¾	38,549 6 2¼	7,821 12 0	266 15 4½	1,344 8 9½	

ounts for the Half-year ended 29th September, 1851—*continued.*

DISCHARGE.

Expenses on Account of Electoral Divisions.

way	Total on account of In-Maintenance and Outdoor Relief, including Medical Relief, and Relief by way of Loan.	[illegible] Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expenses of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundages and other Remuneration.	Amount [illegible] on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law and other Expenses.	Paid to Relief Committees for support of Fever Hospitals.	Total Expenditure in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate in Aid.	Amount Repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 V. [illegible] cap. 11.	Balances in favor of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
	2,503 8 6¼	748 17 8½	–	–	4 14 0	–	–	–	73 18 3	–	3,330 18 5¾	–	–	–	11,717 18 1½	Mallow.
	547 18 7	412 4 3	–	9 1 0	–	20 7 4	–	–	15 1 4	–	1,004 12 6	–	–	31 9 9	1,842 19 3¾	Manorhamilton.
5	2,771 5 11¾	951 19 7	–	11 17 6	15 0 0	129 2 0	–	–	39 0 6	–	3,918 5 6¾	1,586 17 3	–	–	8,549 12 2½	Midleton.
	606 9 4	248 1 2	–	4 15 0	–	17 6 10	–	–	7 7 5	–	886 8 9	–	–	466 3 11	1,354 10 7	Milford.
	2,678 0 10	1,065 17 10	–	–	–	40 0 0	–	–	59 19 5	–	3,843 18 1	196 0 7	–	35 5 10¼	7,149 9 8¾	Millstreet.
	2,778 0 2¼	1,647 1 8¼	–	–	100 0 0	103 12 0	–	–	70 10 7	44 19 2	4,744 3 7½	481 6 8	–	–	10,997 4 0¼	Mitchelstown.
	1,138 17 3¾	425 14 1	–	10 0 0	–	–	6 0 0	–	61 2 5½	–	1,641 13 10¼	–	–	–	6,596 13 10½	Mohill.
	781 8 10	140 4 4	–	30 12 0	–	–	–	–	58 16 1	–	1,011 1 3	157 9 8	–	4,563 11 3	5,732 2 2	Monaghan.
	1,318 13 9	532 2 8	–	–	80 0 0	73 6 11	4 10 0	–	35 16 0	–	2,044 9 4	118 4 8	–	–	5,195 3 5½	Mount Bellew.
	2,307 14 0	1,205 11 9¼	–	18 14 6	15 8 0	116 17 3	–	–	58 8 9	–	3,722 14 3¼	410 16 1	–	208 7 2¾	7,198 19 1¾	Mountmelick.
	2,453 11 2½	1,077 13 8	–	15 19 0	7 2 6	194 15 2½	–	–	108 6 8½	–	3,857 8 3½	1,080 12 1¾	–	–	10,942 13 11	Mullingar.
	2,256 6 2¼	1,351 4 4¼	–	43 11 0	–	–	–	–	43 9 1	–	3,694 10 7½	–	–	–	7,830 16 11¾	Naas.
	1,878 16 0½	1,261 10 11	–	15 9 0	160 0 0	96 6 8	7 0 0	–	55 13 9	–	3,474 16 4½	825 0 2	–	247 3 7¼	6,370 19 1½	Navan.
	4,477 3 4¾	309 11 11¾	–	–	120 0 0	–	–	–	569 10 4	–	5,476 5 8½	402 2 11	–	–	12,541 12 6½	Nenagh.
	6,888 17 7¾	2,335 2 8½	–	–	7 0 0	154 3 4¾	–	–	123 9 3	–	9,508 13 0	465 12 8¼	–	–	18,184 16 3	Newcastle.
	2,454 18 6	1,032 14 4¾	–	–	–	6 14 8½	–	–	34 9 8	–	3,528 17 3½	–	–	–	4,840 4 1¼	Newport.
	4,312 3 3¼	1,476 10 4½	–	15 6 0	–	84 17 5	–	–	90 3 6	–	5,979 0 6¾	540 0 11	–	–	7,877 7 4	New Ross.
	952 2 7	782 16 11	–	43 4 6	–	72 0 0	–	–	54 6 9	–	1,904 10 9	–	–	4,551 11 3	6,464 14 9	Newry.
	891 10 4	419 16 6	–	48 11 0	–	97 9 2	–	–	42 16 5½	–	1,500 3 5¼	140 12 2	–	2,544 6 8¾	4,185 2 4	Newtownards.
	556 2 3	292 10 6	–	–	6 17 6	–	24 11 2	–	46 15 6	–	926 16 11	558 9 10	915 3 9	92 11 9	2,495 17 6	Newtownlimavady.
	1,734 9 2¾	566 5 8	–	1 13 0	11 0 7	53 2 9½	–	–	65 12 7	–	2,432 3 10½	432 16 11	–	281 1 6¾	3,369 16 1½	Oldcastle.
	798 1 0	784 18 6	–	10 10 0	1 10 0	–	–	–	29 18 11	–	1,624 18 5	379 14 11	–	603 19 0	3,549 7 5	Omagh.
	2,919 3 1¾	529 0 8½	–	–	–	–	–	–	50 9 6	–	3,498 13 4¼	78 14 6	–	–	6,344 2 2	Oughterard.
	2,388 5 8¼	661 6 11⅜	–	3 18 0	–	–	–	–	60 10 3	–	3,114 0 11	–	–	–	7,550 8 8¾	Parsonstown.
	1,205 14 11	512 7 9	–	–	–	35 1 9	–	–	36 4 3	279 12 6	2,069 1 2	–	–	–	3,745 3 11¼	Portumna.
	1,143 11 8	716 3 10	–	–	40 0 0	17 13 10	30 1 10	–	38 14 5	–	1,986 5 7	–	–	645 1 0½	2,631 6 7½	Rathdown.
	1,689 11 8	1,014 7 0½	–	28 3 6	–	10 19 1	824 16 8	–	74 2 7	–	3,642 0 6½	857 15 1	–	0 4 8	6,946 19 5¾	Rathdrum.
	3,481 17 2½	1,463 9 9½	–	–	37 10 0	62 2 5	–	–	92 12 4	–	5,137 11 8¾	444 7 6	–	109 1 10¼	9,086 0 0½	Rathkeale.
	3,160 5 8	1,032 1 11½	–	32 5 6	–	107 18 0	–	–	89 3 11	–	5,021 15 0½	380 9 3	–	34 18 10	9,696 1 9½	Roscommon.
	2,566 15 11½	917 3 8	–	–	–	105 1 0	–	–	106 2 8	–	3,695 3 3¼	56 2 11	–	–	5,786 14 7½	Roscrea.
	4,151 12 9½	1,461 15 4	–	–	6 17 0	67 0 3	2,310 6 5½	–	79 11 5	9 0 10	8,056 4 1	178 6 3	–	–	14,928 12 9¾	Scariff.
	1,132 9 9½	642 2 5½	–	–	–	–	283 12 1	–	53 18 5	–	2,112 2 9	–	–	–	4,581 3 7½	Shillelagh.
	3,288 2 5	1,080 9 0½	–	–	–	40 19 9	–	–	51 18 7	–	4,461 9 9½	344 15 8	–	–	7,900 6 11½	Skibbereen.
	1,391 17 8	536 15 10	–	–	–	–	–	–	45 7 6	–	1,974 1 0	105 6 3	–	–	2,957 18 11	Skull.
	2,703 15 2	1,325 4 9	–	20 9 6	50 0 0	113 5 2	–	–	218 10 4	–	4,431 4 11	565 0 6	36 5 8	369 12 8	9,621 4 9	Sligo.
	750 13 5	370 8 7	–	–	22 1 0	92 14 8	344 0 6	–	36 12 2	–	1,616 10 4	–	–	1,611 5 3	3,258 12 10½	Strabane.
	281 6 11	286 12 4	–	–	–	–	65 0 10	–	22 4 7	–	655 4 8	72 19 9	–	352 15 1	1,398 0 10	Stranorlar.
	2,112 12 9¾	1,313 15 1	–	–	17 10 0	98 9 5	2 16 9	–	42 16 7½	–	3,588 0 8¼	304 19 1	–	–	8,400 5 9½	Strokestown.
	1,423 14 3¾	462 19 10½	–	–	–	44 7 3	–	–	47 16 8½	–	1,978 18 1¾	23 18 8	–	–	4,532 2 9	Swineford.
	2,180 18 5½	1,015 0 6¼	–	–	20 0 0	14 19 3	–	–	70 16 4	–	3,301 14 6¾	–	–	443 4 1¾	3,744 18 8½	Thomastown.
4	4,457 10 4	448 5 9	–	–	–	–	2 0 0	–	91 17 0	–	4,999 13 1	519 3 2	–	2 17 10	8,316 6 7	Thurles.
	6,571 11 10	2,395 10 9	–	6 0 9	110 0 0	271 12 8	4 5 0	–	217 11 0	–	9,576 12 0	1,142 9 7	–	15 19 11	17,210 1 10	Tipperary.
	530 8 10¼	307 10 1	–	–	61 0 0	34 6 7	–	–	23 2 4	–	956 7 10½	50 14 5	–	29 14 11	1,473 14 8¼	Tobercurry.
	7,680 8 10¾	2,311 14 0½	–	–	201 0 0	282 19 9	355 15 4	–	184 0 1	–	11,015 18 1¼	646 4 11	–	–	15,947 17 8	Tralee.
	1,304 19 3¼	860 11 3½	–	–	17 10 0	92 18 2½	–	–	69 11 10	–	2,345 10 7¼	213 5 6	–	0 14 0½	2,804 6 0½	Trim.
	3,656 13 3¼	1,202 19 5¼	–	2 18 0	–	55 4 8¾	–	–	92 16 2	–	5,010 11 7¼	–	–	–	11,976 3 2¾	Tuam.
	3,626 3 5	1,726 16 6	–	–	11 9 6	58 8 10	174 3 2	–	64 15 1½	–	5,661 16 6½	202 3 5	–	–	8,265 12 7	Tulla.
	3,195 16 2½	1,350 5 10¾	–	–	–	127 16 4	–	–	84 3 5	–	4,758 1 10½	640 5 4	–	13 1 9	9,518 6 6¾	Tullamore.
	2,034 14 2½	651 13 2	–	–	28 18 8	11 5 4	–	–	42 18 9	–	2,769 10 1¾	–	–	4 14 10½	2,788 14 7	Urlingford.
	4,400 15 4¾	1,740 19 5	–	32 16 0	56 17 6	113 10 3	1 10 0	6 3 6	68 17 5	–	6,421 9 5¾	986 18 10	–	123 5 11¼	9,283 9 4	Waterford.
	3,823 14 8	1,513 10 2	–	–	50 0 0	25 7 4	–	–	271 5 6	–	5,683 17 8	–	–	–	14,080 14 10½	Westport.
	2,516 13 11	1,152 1 5	–	40 3 0	18 10 0	65 7 7	–	–	61 17 5	–	3,854 13 4	–	–	1,510 9 10¼	5,440 0 10	Wexford.
	2,370 12 3½	873 9 9	–	14 17 0	–	53 0 4	–	–	99 2 11	119 2 6	3,550 4 9½	323 12 4	–	5 15 10¼	4,422 6 9¾	Youghal.
0	376,577 8 0	155,181 4 7	1,071 6 2	1,165 5 5	3,025 12 8	11,042 7 0	19,360 14 5½	6 3 6	13,548 14 7½	687 7 11	581,666 4 4	51,006 11 5¾	5,472 4 9	61,233 10 5	1,117,063 18 0	Total,(163 Unions.)

No. IV.—Summaries of Tables Nos. II. and III., showing the Total Receipts, Expenditure, and Balances, for the Half-years ended 25th March and 29th September, 1851, respectively.

1.—Summary of Table No. II.:—Half-year ended 25th March, 1851:—163 Unions.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	*Cr.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	61,492 7 5¾	By balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	330,389 19 5½
„ Amount of poor-rate collected and lodged during the half-year ended 25th March, 1851,	516,842 6 7¾		„ In-maintenance and Clothing of Electoral Division Paupers during half-year ended 25th March, 1851,	290,126 12 2¾	
„ Amount of repayment of relief by way of loan,	54 10 1		„ Ditto, of Union Paupers,	35,978 0 9½	
„ Amount of other receipts,	48,754 1 11		„ Out-door relief, maintenance of Electoral Division Paupers, during the above period,	3,115 2 0¾	
			„ Ditto, of Union Paupers,	194 9 10¾	
			„ Amount expended for Medical Relief, on Out-door Paupers,	1,196 4 6¾	
			„ Relief by way of Loan,	3 9 7½	
		565,650 18 7¾			330,613 19 2½
			„ Establishment expenses,	159,609 4 6¾	
			„ Repayment of workhouse loans,	818 13 9	
			„ Vaccination expenses,	883 5 8	
			„ Valuation expenses,	3,916 6 10	
			„ Amount of Collectors' poundage,	11,560 0 4½	
			„ Emigration expenses,	1,714 15 2	
			„ Funerals, election, law, and other expenses,	10,144 6 7½	
			„ Amount paid to Relief Committees for support of Fever Hospitals,	1,865 1 11¾	
					190,491 14 11
			„ Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid,	27,480 7 8¾	
			„ Amount of Annuities paid during the half-year,	3,094 2 11	
					30,574 10 7½
„ Balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	417,854 5 4½	„ Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	103,927 7 4
Total,	—	1,044,997 11 6	Total,	—	1,044,997 11 6

2.—Summary of Table No. III.:—Half-year ended 29th Sept., 1851:—163 Unions.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	*Cr.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	103,779 16 7	By balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	417,695 7 0¾
„ Amount of poor-rate collected and lodged during the half-year ended 29th September, 1851,	413,356 11 1½		„ In-maintenance and Clothing of Electoral Division Paupers during half-year ended 29th September, 1851,	328,697 13 7¾	
„ Amount of repayment of relief by way of loan,	25 19 4½		„ Ditto of Union Paupers,	35,959 6 2¾	
„ Amount borrowed for emigration purposes,	600 0 0		„ Out-door relief, maintenance of Electoral Division Paupers during the above period,	7,921 12 0	
„ Amount of other receipts,	17,268 5 5		„ Ditto of Union Paupers,	266 15 4½	
			„ Amount expended for Medical Relief on Out-door Paupers,	1,344 8 9½	
			„ Relief by way of Loan,	7 12 6	
		431,250 15 11			376,577 8 0
			„ Establishment expenses,	135,181 4 7	
			„ Repayment of workhouse loans,	1,971 6 2	
			„ Vaccination expenses,	1,165 5 5	
			„ Valuation expenses,	3,925 12 8	
			„ Amount of Collectors' poundage	11,042 7 0	
			„ Emigration expenses,	19,360 14 5½	
			„ Ditto Loan repaid,	6 3 6	
			„ Funerals, election, law, and other expenses,	13,543 14 7½	
			„ Amount paid to Relief Committees for support of Fever Hospitals,	637 7 11	
					205,038 16 4
			„ Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid,	31,096 11 5½	
			„ Amount of Annuities paid during the half-year,	5,472 4 9	
					56,478 16 2¼
„ Balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	[illegible] 5 6	„ Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this half-year,	—	61,223 10 5
Total,	—	[illegible]	Total,	—	1,117,003 18 0

No. V.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish-
Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	347	0	9	129	0	2	84	13	4	18	14	3	24	11	4
Antrim,	293	15	4	119	1	1	20	3	8	23	16	0	36	12	7
Ardee,	417	12	0	65	10	10	35	11	3	27	0	0	50	3	1
Armagh,	370	10	5	135	6	6	9	14	4	23	0	0	58	12	3
Athlone,	608	13	6½	91	4	9	32	5	11	17	5	9½	76	2	8
Athy,	492	16	5	28	14	6	54	11	6	4	0	0	50	9	2
Bailieborough,	346	16	4	150	12	6	24	11	0	58	7	7	96	6	4
Ballina,	627	10	8	120	2	8½	125	16	6¼	5	0	0	78	14	5¾
Ballinasloe,	354	6	2	44	16	2	87	4	0	15	11	9	21	2	11
Ballinrobe,	523	19	2¼	430	13	11½	90	7	10½		–		69	4	6½
Ballycastle,	203	9	1	51	6	2	10	17	8	6	10	3	18	14	10
Ballymahon,	405	6	2½	409	19	6	155	3	0¾	9	5	5	96	9	10½
Ballymena,	352	15	3	150	16	8	49	15	7	20	8	6	34	11	4
Ballymoney,	253	3	7	130	19	10	31	9	2	12	5	6	21	9	3
Ballyshannon,	190	1	11	43	12	4	29	10	10	2	0	11	14	18	5
Ballyvaghan,	135	15	9	354	0	10	246	16	0	6	6	10¾	23	2	6
Balrothery,	323	16	0½	31	6	0	46	12	3	7	5	2	46	19	4½
Baltinglass,	468	1	3	313	10	8	79	17	8	15	17	6	42	5	8
Banbridge,	299	7	9¾	244	14	11	19	15	10	14	0	0	35	12	0
Bandon,	338	5	1¼	43	8	3	36	2	9	3	18	1	10	0	2¾
Bantry,	430	4	7¾	123	15	8½	90	13	5¼	11	1	6¾	15	16	2½
Bawnboy,	185	11	9	20	18	4	15	5	7	4	7	10	18	4	11
Belfast,	864	13	8	418	13	8	221	16	1	33	9	4	81	5	10
Belmullet,	266	17	5	30	15	0	30	3	2	5	4	1⅜	59	15	5
Borrisokane,	238	3	10¼	120	9	3	84	15	10½	8	5	4½	43	15	1½
Boyle,	429	5	3	158	18	5	29	9	8	21	13	10	79	2	4
Caherciveen,	418	10	10	176	2	0½	65	9	4	14	18	3	11	19	0
Callan,	338	5	9½	769	3	2	53	1	4½	15	16	1½	16	13	6
Carlow,	910	14	9	310	10	4	477	7	9¼	41	10	0	243	3	4
Carrickmacross,	379	14	10	642	13	7	164	8	10	11	6	5	35	5	2
Carrick-on-Shannon,	97	5	8	102	19	0	169	8	3	7	3	3	47	6	3
Carrick-on-Suir,	744	4	7½	295	18	3	141	10	10	27	2	7¾	109	11	2
Cashel,	587	18	11	716	10	9	327	18	2	74	10	9	144	19	4
Castlebar,	504	8	3	582	16	8	182	14	6	11	13	10	57	18	10
Castleblayney,	355	3	6	143	4	10	42	7	8	10	0	0	45	14	9
Castlecomer,	209	5	11½	11	10	1	25	6	8	5	17	3	24	14	8
Castlederg,	167	4	5	5	13	4	4	13	5	3	2	0	13	8	2
Castlerea,	437	19	2½	79	6	7	78	13	3½	11	1	7½	51	16	4¾
Castletown,	358	2	4½	45	19	5	179	5	8¼	8	2	3½	71	18	0½
Castletowndelvin,	135	3	11¾	16	0	4¾	13	7	0½	2	6	1¼	32	8	1¼
Cavan,	459	0	10	109	13	8	35	4	6	3	3	5	42	1	2
Celbridge,	248	1	5	7	8	1	45	10	5		–		14	16	9
Claremorris,	511	7	1½	540	11	10½	88	14	1		–		27	7	3
Clifden,	449	17	0	48	13	11	117	18	7	5	16	8	53	6	10
Clogheen,	621	14	3¾	737	17	6	64	4	0¼	28	1	6	36	11	4½
Clogher,	247	16	0	68	9	4	35	8	6½		–		50	2	0
Clonakilty,	229	12	5¼	32	3	3½	39	18	9	3	18	10½	47	13	9¾
Clones,	225	8	7	96	13	10	70	18	4	1	3	9	37	0	2
Clonmel,	620	11	4	282	0	9½	157	6	2	34	17	5½	79	13	5
Coleraine,	287	19	5	68	0	1	15	1	8	18	4	9	33	18	6
Cookstown,	355	18	2	81	11	0	15	14	1	13	6	7	20	13	7
Cootehill,	324	7	2	93	0	11	8	12	2	40	2	0	24	2	7
Cork,	1,253	3	1½	457	11	3	101	15	4	4	9	10	108	15	8
Corrofin,	172	2	5¼	405	1	0¼	166	7	9	4	4	0	29	9	3
Croom,	437	12	7¾	917	9	0½	46	14	6½	32	8	4¼	105	9	8

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. II.) of the Audited Accounts of 25th MARCH, 1851.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
26	16	6	105	18	2	11	3	0	12	2	10	760	0	4	65	7	1	694	13	3
24	13	9	38	15	2	5	15	6	42	15	1	605	8	2	96	9	3	508	18	11
39	4	8	24	2	2	13	13	4	13	11	1	686	8	5	9	0	0	677	8	5
1	6	6	5	0	0		–		12	18	7	616	8	7	22	12	7	593	16	0
	–		132	0	0	8	0	0	7	13	9	973	6	5	10	4	9	963	1	8
48	0	3	34	7	10		–		27	5	4	740	5	0	108	1	7	632	3	5
1	11	2	181	18	9		–		4	12	11	864	16	7	5	9	0	859	7	7
21	4	6½	126	2	1		–		20	2	10	1,124	13	10	18	18	1	1,105	15	9
52	1	10	59	4	0	7	8	5	18	0	1	659	15	4	12	11	3	647	4	1
21	7	4	98	7	1	5	13	10	9	0	0½	1,248	13	10¼	12	7	4	1,236	6	6¼
23	5	6	15	4	6		–		3	2	3	332	10	3	45	10	3	287	0	0
66	7	1½	143	15	1¾	1	13	5	10	12	4	1,298	12	1		–		1,298	12	1
28	13	6		–		6	0	0	1	19	0	644	19	10	104	3	2	540	16	8
14	8	2	2	0	0	7	10	0		–		473	5	6	78	8	2	394	17	4
23	1	0		–			–		4	17	3	308	2	8	5	1	0	303	1	8
11	11	10	24	9	4		–		33	12	10	835	15	11¾		–		835	15	11¾
42	12	4		–		5	12	6	2	13	10	506	17	6		–		506	17	6
44	11	7	36	12	9	9	6	0	22	1	6	1,032	4	7	23	18	6	1,008	6	1
28	10	5	13	7	8	1	15	6	40	9	5	697	13	6¾	49	1	11½	648	11	7¼
67	17	0	38	10	3	2	9	3	14	13	10	605	4	9	36	19	10	568	4	11
9	8	5¼	35	6	7	2	0	6	27	5	5¼	745	12	6¼	26	9	11	719	2	7¼
20	13	7	14	17	11	1	15	8	15	16	2	297	11	9	9	12	0	287	19	9
186	7	7	37	3	11	5	10	0	77	0	2	1,926	0	3	126	11	8	1,799	8	7
12	7	6	173	6	11		–		1	15	9½	580	5	4¼	0	9	2	579	16	2¼
47	4	11	67	11	2		–		9	8	9	619	14	3¾		–		619	14	3¾
7	16	4	71	8	6	9	18	9	42	15	8	850	8	9	71	19	10½	778	8	10½
7	12	1	56	11	0	10	0	0	48	6	6	809	9	0½	11	19	1	797	9	11½
31	3	2½	115	14	8	1	12	2½	1	2	6½	1,342	12	7	30	2	10	1,312	9	9
34	13	6	144	2	11	16	2	6	26	19	6	2,205	4	7¼		–		2,205	4	7¼
16	13	10	60	14	6	8	10	9	12	8	11	1,331	16	10	26	14	2	1,305	2	8
	–		44	0	0	5	14	0	6	11	5	480	7	10	20	16	7	459	11	3
81	3	2	320	17	9	19	10	0	14	1	0	1,753	19	5¼	46	1	5	1,707	18	0¼
62	2	8	272	17	5	15	0	0	102	4	3	2,304	2	3	13	19	3	2,290	3	0
29	18	6	185	12	10	12	14	3	45	11	6½	1,613	9	2½	3	11	9	1,609	17	5½
35	6	11		–		3	7	2	7	9	0	642	13	10	70	2	4	572	11	6
10	19	7	31	16	6	2	2	10	16	17	9¼	338	11	3¾	3	4	9	335	6	6¾
12	2	11	3	9	6	2	5	0	37	15	3	249	14	0	91	10	5	158	3	7
26	15	3¼	59	6	9	4	9	8¼	3	10	5	752	19	2¾		–		752	19	2¾
3	0	1¾	29	6	10	7	2	0	8	6	9¾	711	3	7		–		711	3	7
8	19	5½	7	4	7¾	1	7	4¼	3	16	4¼	220	13	5½	0	5	0½	220	8	5
30	3	8	80	8	9	1	9	11	46	17	7	808	3	6	95	9	4	712	14	2
1	1	0		–		4	7	6	2	18	11	324	4	1		–		324	4	1
	–		33	19	4		–		11	17	1½	1,213	16	9½	17	11	1½	1,196	5	8
39	0	7	179	14	4		–		23	14	3	918	2	2	0	15	0	917	7	2
4	10	4½	47	18	0	2	12	6	64	3	7¾	1,607	13	2¾	31	9	1¾	1,576	4	1
5	4	9	1	18	7	3	15	0	15	16	9	428	10	11½	49	19	1	378	11	10½
22	18	10	87	2	8	1	10	5	14	4	1½	479	3	2½	31	18	9	447	4	5½
26	11	7	55	4	8	5	0	0	41	17	8	559	18	7	106	13	10	453	4	9
47	16	6	456	11	5	14	2	11	15	8	0	1,708	8	0		–		1,708	8	0
25	17	6	27	10	0		–		8	9	9	485	1	8	367	0	7	118	1	1
	–		60	16	11	1	1	0	3	11	0	552	12	4	25	15	5	526	16	11
	–		11	17	9		–		5	7	0	507	9	7	31	3	9	476	5	10
0	10	6	357	0	11	26	18	9	32	6	6	2,342	11	10½	2	11	2	2,340	0	8½
16	0	10½	51	14	0½	3	6	8	9	19	0¾	858	5	1¼	16	0	0	842	5	1
35	3	10¾	132	1	9	0	4	6½	74	6	9½	1,781	11	2¾		–		1,781	11	2¾

[*continued.*

No. V.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish-
Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Dingle,	519	15	8½	479	0	6½	116	16	4½	2	12	0	75	3	7
Donaghmore,	119	8	8½	54	0	8	5	2	0¼	5	13	7	42	9	10¾
Donegal,	195	1	2½	111	15	11	11	3	3		–		14	18	2
Downpatrick,	323	8	10	25	8	8	34	1	7		–		44	17	8
Drogheda,	380	5	1	150	5	1	25	4	3	13	6	6	32	9	8
Dromore, West,	134	17	1	18	2	3	16	3	5¾	2	0	5	24	11	11¾
Dublin, North,	1,270	3	4	519	6	2	203	7	5	98	1	3	187	10	6
Dublin, South,	1,252	4	2	725	6	8	365	10	10	20	7	7	277	1	9
Dundalk,	297	16	2½	171	4	7	20	12	3	7	15	1½	76	11	2
Dunfanaghy,	119	19	7	26	1	9	17	14	11	11	17	7	18	9	6
Dungannon,	271	17	0	77	18	6	37	16	11	7	10	0	39	15	11
Dungarvan,	397	17	1	141	14	0½	55	19	2	19	18	8	60	5	7
Dunmanway,	256	5	8	28	4	9	35	7	5	5	15	5½	12	13	0
Dunshaughlin,	373	13	0	483	5	4	15	8	1	13	10	0	36	18	9
Edenderry,	372	11	2	285	18	2	68	0	6		–		51	1	1
Ennis,	520	3	8	947	13	5¼	135	17	10¾		–		164	17	2½
Enniscorthy,	345	4	10	1,440	9	5	247	16	10	3	1	7½	91	19	8
Enniskillen,	307	5	6	181	1	7	76	2	11	22	9	10	38	15	6
Ennistymon,	365	16	3	494	19	8	93	3	3¼	2	3	0	25	18	2
Fermoy,	428	6	2	490	7	1	172	17	6½	11	9	8	155	12	5
Galway,	532	12	4	240	0	9	115	1	7	29	1	3	94	14	4
Glennamaddy,	513	2	2½	99	14	0½	107	14	1½	14	4	5	227	4	5½
Glenties,	164	10	0	31	3	1	18	16	9	3	14	6	29	7	1
Glin,	364	18	8½	229	4	6½	94	16	8½	18	9	7¼	46	1	0½
Gorey,	440	10	3	392	6	10	169	10	8	27	1	9	79	18	4
Gort,	479	15	11¾	277	0	2	133	19	11½	38	15	0	108	9	2
Gortin,	21	6	8	10	2	3	9	13	6	3	0	7	10	3	4
Granard,	600	18	6	103	10	8	75	3	4	3	15	0	145	1	4
Inishowen,	353	6	2	222	17	6	44	5	0	11	9	3	20	6	0
Kanturk,	791	3	1	241	16	6	41	4	8½	3	15	0	17	6	2
Kells,	370	17	6	174	6	10	71	9	5	15	3	10	73	6	1
Kenmare,	335	5	1½	537	8	11	52	16	1½	2	0	1	39	13	5
Kilkeel,	150	13	7	20	9	7	16	15	3½	6	12	6	22	0	6
Kilkenny,	565	12	10	47	14	1	80	12	3	19	0	7	31	19	2
Killadysert,	194	15	1½	849	1	9½	158	12	11½		–		82	6	7¼
Killala,	280	0	6	235	7	10	70	4	4		–		33	5	3
Killarney,	858	2	6¼	929	16	9	155	14	3	2	16	0	85	2	6
Kilmacthomas,	215	12	5	39	19	3½	22	17	2	5	9	1	67	6	5
Kilmallock,	754	16	10	959	13	6	302	4	2	38	13	5	233	4	5
Kilrush,	258	17	5	628	16	9	68	10	10		–		54	19	7
Kinsale,	313	11	1	35	9	5	35	14	10	1	6	6	52	2	7
Larne,	268	8	6	27	11	2	19	4	9	2	12	2	35	2	6
Letterkenny,	204	1	10	31	19	9	3	9	9	12	18	9	63	12	1
Limerick,	1,124	11	3½	2,950	12	4	272	19	3	31	0	0	268	17	5
Lisburn,	354	6	1	19	5	5	11	2	5	17	7	1	86	10	6
Lismore,	809	13	4¾	248	15	1½	186	14	3½	14	3	3	83	12	6
Lisnaskea,	222	2	9	58	16	0	14	8	2	2	10	0	3	16	1
Listowel,	589	3	7	740	5	11	83	2	0	27	9	1	127	3	9
Londonderry,	310	18	9	105	19	2	41	4	0	9	10	0	37	12	9
Longford,	458	1	7¾	472	17	7¼	124	0	8	7	4	6	57	6	3½
Loughrea,	415	9	11¾	29	9	3	78	19	4	6	5	3	45	17	2
Lowtherstown,	166	0	4	14	13	4	1	12	9	23	14	4	13	15	6
Lurgan,	200	3	1	57	6	1	20	10	11	14	9	6	45	1	11
Macroom,	293	3	2	49	11	2	13	0	6	1	5	0	22	8	7
Magherafelt,	236	8	8	82	7	0	242	7	0	27	5	3	15	7	8

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. II.) of the Audited Accounts of 25th MARCH, 1851—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
37	3	10	214	9	1	35	15	4	19	19	0	1,500	15	5½		–		1,500	15	5½
10	2	3½	54	13	6	1	17	2½	10	8	5¼	303	16	3½	2	10	2½	301	6	0¾
38	17	3	41	9	4	7	17	3	22	6	9	443	9	1½	13	6	6	430	2	7½
67	18	0		–		12	2	6	8	6	3	516	3	6	38	8	5	477	15	1
41	11	10	19	4	9	6	18	0	5	6	2	674	11	4	16	15	11	657	15	5
10	15	2½	61	10	0	0	4	8	12	2	1	280	7	2	1	9	11	278	17	3
101	2	8	84	2	0	2	6	0	45	5	0½	2,511	4	4½	129	9	11	2,381	14	5½
257	3	5	370	14	1		–		5	8	4	3,273	16	10	14	6	1	3,259	10	9
	–		70	10	0	0	19	6	25	15	0½	671	3	10½	100	17	3	570	6	7½
7	14	2	0	8	0		–			–		202	5	6	19	8	2	182	17	4
6	12	10	8	8	6	0	7	6	3	19	9	454	6	11	20	15	5	433	11	6
16	1	9	158	7	9	3	9	9	16	6	7	870	0	4½	7	0	0	863	0	4½
	–		18	10	0	8	15	0	9	0	8	374	11	11½	37	16	9	336	15	2½
9	10	7	20	0	0	5	9	0	6	12	0	964	6	9	6	17	6	957	9	3
20	6	11	2	0	0	4	6	3	12	6	6	816	10	7	29	2	6½	787	8	0½
55	5	0¼	376	13	4½	14	16	10	3	0	0	2,218	7	5¼	63	6	11½	2,155	0	5¾
48	18	6	333	0	6	11	13	8	294	12	7½	2,816	17	8	172	16	6	2,644	1	2
15	15	0	14	16	11	11	2	4	54	7	1	721	16	8	83	16	6	638	0	2
2	14	1	95	0	11		–			–		1,079	15	4¼	0	15	4	1,079	0	0¼
64	12	0½	203	16	0	8	17	11	20	17	11	1,556	16	9	5	7	2	1,551	9	7
62	4	8	208	15	7	14	8	0	1	13	4	1,298	11	10	154	13	3	1,143	18	7
42	18	0	75	16	1	4	15	7	28	9	10¼	1,113	18	9	3	15	7	1,110	3	2
1	5	8		–		9	5	0	22	16	4	280	18	5	1	13	1	279	5	4
36	17	5½	186	1	3½	0	12	0½	17	6	0½	994	7	5	24	1	8	970	5	9
31	18	4	52	19	6	10	8	6	38	10	2	1,243	4	4	21	15	1	1,221	9	3
38	16	1	138	7	1	21	0	2	88	4	9	1,324	8	4¼	42	15	8¼	1,281	12	8
15	19	0		–			–		1	10	8	71	16	0	3	2	6	68	13	6
1	1	6	44	18	6	10	6	0	5	10	6	990	5	4	8	7	7	981	17	9
1	7	0	12	9	11	4	0	0	10	17	9	680	18	7	342	1	1	338	17	6
0	2	4	121	4	1	12	18	6	18	16	0½	1,248	6	5	4	17	8	1,243	8	9
107	3	1	11	17	10		–		4	9	9	828	14	4	12	8	9½	816	5	6½
3	6	4	96	18	6	7	11	3	7	8	11	1,082	8	8	0	17	2	1,081	11	6
0	5	8	3	1	9	3	15	0	29	2	8	252	16	6½	66	1	3¼	186	15	3¼
61	0	5	114	4	7	11	4	9	80	9	6½	1,011	18	2½	12	2	8½	999	15	6
11	8	4¾	68	8	3½	4	11	11¾	12	10	11	1,381	16	0¾	2	4	0	1,379	12	0¾
67	16	3	63	15	11		–			–		750	10	1	4	8	7	746	1	6
	–		258	6	1	11	1	6	29	12	0½	2,330	11	7¾	81	6	5½	2,249	5	2¼
13	7	4	40	16	1	0	17	3	16	8	2	422	13	2½	1	0	0	421	13	2½
61	17	9	488	5	10	6	0	9	55	4	9	2,900	1	5	70	14	2	2,829	7	3
	–		3	3	4	12	19	2	12	12	5	1,039	19	6	46	4	4	993	15	2
10	16	10	93	6	11	8	17	9	27	3	11	581	9	10	5	4	3	576	5	7
1	2	6	24	8	2	6	19	0	16	2	5	401	11	2	107	11	2	294	0	0
	–		1	11	4		–		22	15	2	340	8	8	4	14	11	335	13	9
116	7	7	269	0	0		–		174	12	0½	5,207	19	11	192	7	4½	5,015	12	6½
17	1	9		–		8	16	6	60	3	5	574	13	2	101	7	8	473	5	6
28	6	10	97	18	4	1	17	6	14	18	5	1,485	19	7⅜	56	14	11¼	1,429	4	8½
	–		22	3	10	7	17	6	1	8	3	333	2	7		–		333	2	7
5	3	9	271	18	7	21	1	5	37	13	2	1,903	1	3	22	4	5	1,880	16	10
37	16	1		–			–		22	2	10	565	3	7	77	10	1	487	13	6
79	4	9	175	19	4	5	11	7	4	7	7	1,384	13	11½	10	2	7	1,374	11	4½
43	18	6	189	11	7½		–		12	10	10½	813	1	11½	48	1	11	765	0	0½
8	7	3	0	7	6	6	9	3	19	2	8	254	2	11	8	2	11	246	0	0
25	14	2	21	12	8		–		56	0	9	530	19	1	20	13	10	510	5	3
0	11	4	35	18	1	4	12	6	0	2	6	420	12	10	43	15	6	376	17	4
64	7	7	7	8	5	0	9	9	8	15	3	684	16	7	92	15	4½	592	1	2½

[*continued.*

No. V.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish- Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Mallow,	495	17	7	873	3	9	62	17	5½	9	1	9½	38	5	10
Manorhamilton,	246	12	3	41	15	1½	35	10	0	18	10	0	41	3	6
Midleton,	471	16	8	112	17	1	54	1	0	1	0	0	30	9	10
Milford,	195	10	4	15	13	11	16	1	6	12	5	0	19	14	9
Millstreet,	285	3	11	275	2	5	17	7	6	7	0	9	37	1	0
Mitchelstown,	468	15	4	1,137	0	9¾	177	17	9¾	16	6	8	216	16	4½
Mohill,	499	16	11¼	96	12	5	68	9	6	21	5	10	80	8	3
Monaghan,	381	6	0	38	0	10	84	8	6	19	11	4	52	11	0
Mount Bellew,	295	1	7	18	3	0	59	12	1	9	9	8	42	11	2
Mountmelick,	542	9	10½	298	17	11	106	10	7	3	0	0	82	3	4
Mullingar,	525	14	4¾	115	1	7	155	12	4	20	13	6	89	4	9
Naas,	351	7	10	722	3	7	28	18	3	12	16	9	24	14	7
Navan,	382	11	9	475	6	0	62	4	6	11	10	11½	34	13	0
Nenagh,	660	8	4	214	14	2	167	9	5	38	4	7½	251	14	2
Newcastle,	740	13	8½	1,047	6	5	228	18	0	6	10	8	111	8	4¾
Newport,	314	3	6¾	288	1	7½	27	17	10½	0	14	7	40	13	1
New Ross,	580	13	1¾	296	7	4½	91	2	0	22	14	0	107	10	10½
Newry,	368	6	0	327	3	4	109	5	2	18	14	0	39	15	3
Newtownards,	329	8	1½	43	10	1½	21	15	8	10	0	0	49	18	10
Newtownlimavady,	279	8	11	12	1	4	27	1	7	13	12	11	22	6	7
Oldcastle,	286	19	3	52	5	4½	44	16	10½	4	12	3¼	42	1	4¼
Omagh,	301	16	8	96	4	9	54	14	10	22	1	8	33	5	6
Oughterard,	369	5	1½	41	3	0	133	19	11½	12	10	9½	99	7	0
Parsonstown,	288	14	2½	133	7	11	42	14	0	22	0	0	50	7	7
Portumna,	349	15	10¾	153	11	7	82	12	0	9	16	3	50	5	1
Rathdown,	495	13	1	110	8	2	93	12	5	6	0	0	63	18	2
Rathdrum,	501	19	11	49	11	1	26	10	9	3	15	6	38	16	9
Rathkeale,	523	12	8½	425	18	4	138	7	1	34	3	8¾	53	1	1½
Roscommon,	439	6	2	79	9	2½	97	8	5	1	11	1	78	10	8
Roscrea,	394	17	9¾	834	14	4	9	13	9¾	13	2	6	41	5	6¾
Scariff,	346	1	8	721	9	3	45	17	2	14	17	6	61	18	0
Shillelagh,	344	2	3½	370	13	4	62	1	4	14	4	0	16	9	1
Skibbereen,	370	2	10½	295	5	8½	151	4	6	8	16	0	72	17	7½
Skull,	279	14	8	193	19	10	29	15	11	2	12	0	48	1	2
Sligo,	705	4	5	132	6	11	73	19	11	16	17	1	65	18	10
Strabane,	285	16	11	113	11	0	26	4	4	6	13	8	36	13	4
Stranorlar,	209	18	10	13	4	8	13	11	9		–		19	4	7
Strokestown,	523	11	9½	824	16	6	324	11	4½	5	18	7	179	15	9½
Swineford,	450	18	7½	48	1	5	120	13	3½	11	4	5	69	8	4
Thomastown,	344	8	0½	27	0	5	53	11	11	14	10	6	53	4	0½
Thurles,	762	4	10	461	11	1	171	9	9	18	6	2	127	5	1
Tipperary,	427	9	11	509	12	5	105	14	11	25	16	2	6	5	2
Tobercurry,	126	3	8½	16	7	4	8	10	0	2	15	4	82	9	6
Tralee,	803	0	3	431	14	1	94	0	5	2	0	0	69	12	0
Trim,	339	11	6½	994	18	0	57	7	1	27	11	5	34	14	11
Tuam,	518	10	9½	294	4	1	165	10	4½	23	6	4	150	6	9
Tulla,	343	8	0¾	494	1	3½	125	7	9¾	8	7	6	177	19	9¾
Tullamore,	714	16	5½	475	12	1½	45	7	4½		–		114	2	4
Urlingford,	344	15	10	43	7	4	50	13	2	14	7	5½	45	5	9
Waterford,	713	12	10	287	9	11	111	7	0	10	18	9	124	12	1
Westport,	568	4	7¾	227	16	11	119	15	9	9	5	0	159	7	7
Wexford,	608	1	2⅓	176	4	6	108	5	2	15	0	5⅓	73	12	5
Youghal,	506	6	2	341	8	8	171	10	4	1	3	3	128	14	3
Total (163 Unions),	67,415	9	11¼	45,775	10	9	13,955	7	11¾	2,156	6	7½	10,686	6	9¾

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. II.) of the Audited Accounts of 25th MARCH, 1851—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
29	15	7	97	10	0	11	15	3	27	11	2	1,645	18	5	44	1	6	1,601	16	11
	–			–		3	15	0	4	7	11	391	13	9½		–		391	13	9½
1	6	10	304	3	11	2	12	6	96	12	2	1,075	0	0	35	18	5	1,039	1	7
	–			–		0	16	0	9	8	0	269	9	6	3	13	3	265	16	3
10	7	11	149	15	10	1	7	0	18	18	11	802	5	3	25	17	1	776	8	2
30	7	1	184	18	1	13	8	3	37	12	6¼	2,283	2	11	15	3	4	2,267	19	7
203	0	2	67	0	6	7	17	1	17	18	10	1,062	9	6¼	40	6	0	1,022	3	6¼
28	4	9	2	12	0	5	18	3	268	0	5	880	13	1	621	6	8	259	6	5
29	15	8	41	6	11	4	4	10	9	6	11	509	11	10	8	7	7	501	4	3
2	18	7	103	12	2		–		4	18	3	1,144	10	8⅓	28	16	4	1,115	14	4⅓
10	6	3	73	4	10	10	19	10	5	5	7	1,006	3	0¾		–		1,006	3	0¾
33	10	9	34	6	10		–		14	18	3	1,222	16	10	20	10	1	1,202	6	9
13	6	2	43	0	0		–		15	6	2	1,037	18	6¼	12	4	11	1,025	13	7¼
6	12	9	277	15	8	12	0	0	207	19	11	1,836	19	0½	152	6	11	1,684	12	1½
60	11	3	306	7	5¾		–		81	5	2½	2,583	1	1¼		–		2,583	1	1¼
14	6	9	152	15	2½		–		34	4	9	872	17	4⅜	101	6	11	771	10	5½
19	5	9	154	6	6⅓	10	0	7½	47	16	6	1,329	16	9¾	77	17	4½	1,251	19	5¼
8	11	7	34	16	2	1	11	10	41	5	5	949	8	9	152	6	1	797	2	8
0	10	6	12	2	10	9	19	1	6	12	0½	483	17	2⅓	68	2	11½	415	14	2⅔
0	15	0	40	11	7	0	7	6	105	12	7	501	18	0	233	17	2	268	0	10
23	17	0½	39	19	0¼	9	2	10½	25	12	8¾	529	6	9¼	2	15	6½	526	11	2¾
23	7	11	59	5	8	8	6	6	11	12	6	610	16	0	103	8	6	507	7	6
15	11	1	51	19	5	4	16	10	32	14	1⅓	761	7	4	5	0	0	756	7	4
11	11	3	15	5	0	11	1	9	6	11	10	581	13	6⅓	1	3	0	580	10	6⅓
20	4	6	79	7	4	2	5	6	29	6	1	777	4	2¾	5	0	1	772	4	1¾
81	5	0	3	6	2	0	18	0	313	17	3¾	1,168	18	3¾	6	11	3	1,162	7	0¾
21	1	8	49	8	11	4	0	6	8	10	11	703	16	0	2	10	0	701	6	0
86	0	0¾	124	6	1½	1	17	8	17	13	4	1,405	0	2	6	2	2	1,398	18	0
6	18	6	115	2	5½		–		22	10	0	840	16	6		–		840	16	6
30	6	9¾	121	17	6	5	11	7½	28	11	5¼	1,480	1	4¾	7	10	7½	1,472	10	9¼
	–		316	18	7		–		52	15	3	1,559	17	5	4	12	10	1,555	4	7
31	2	11	15	7	9	1	12	6	7	6	9	852	19	11½	28	9	11	834	10	0½
1	6	1	285	6	1	0	2	5	35	3	11	1,220	5	2½	39	0	0	1,181	5	2½
24	15	10	121	4	7	1	7	0	13	4	11	714	15	11		–		714	15	11
54	15	1	226	2	0	2	7	2	120	18	3	1,398	9	8	14	13	11	1,383	15	9
21	0	7	54	7	1	11	18	3	9	17	3	566	2	5	43	1	9	523	0	8
1	3	6	0	8	1		–		12	14	8	270	6	1	24	17	1	245	9	0
60	5	10½	204	8	9½	3	7	2	44	4	8½	2,171	0	7	89	5	11	2,081	14	8
	–		101	6	8	8	12	3	4	5	10	814	10	10	17	7	6	797	3	4
18	18	6½	64	19	11½	4	15	11	33	5	2	614	14	6	22	2	8½	592	11	9½
23	16	7	165	5	2	8	19	2	25	18	2½	1,764	16	0½	71	18	3½	1,692	17	9
28	3	9	76	13	11	3	3	9	60	16	1½	1,243	16	1½	11	1	1	1,232	15	0½
6	6	8	39	11	3	0	5	2	32	3	8	314	12	7½	3	14	6	310	18	1½
1	13	8	316	10	1	34	4	0	1	15	2	1,754	9	8	12	19	5½	1,741	10	2½
10	17	6	23	8	3	8	11	6	12	11	1	1,509	11	3½	3	6	0	1,506	5	3½
42	17	0	186	2	9	11	15	3	11	2	11	1,403	16	3	56	13	11	1,347	2	4
62	10	8	216	12	9¾	2	10	2¼	93	6	7	1,527	4	8¾	2	0	0	1,525	4	8¾
38	10	8	79	3	5	7	17	3	89	10	9¼	1,565	0	4⅜	13	1	0	1,551	19	4⅜
35	10	0	53	15	2	5	19	10	44	11	8	638	6	2½	9	10	2½	628	16	0
81	1	0	111	8	8	3	6	7	43	14	5	1,487	11	3	55	19	3¾	1,431	11	11¼
23	9	3	332	17	3	4	14	0	36	7	4½	1,481	17	9½		–		1,481	17	9½
75	8	6	39	3	2	3	5	0	18	3	3¾	1,117	3	8¾	15	11	0¼	1,101	12	8½
14	5	9	131	7	6	5	11	2	32	5	9½	1,332	12	10½	6	4	9	1,326	8	1½
4,778	10	9¾	15,640	7	2½	913	19	4½	5,109	5	10½	166,431	5	4½	6,822	0	9½	159,609	4	6¾

No. VI.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish- Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	698	10	7	238	3	2	74	18	5	13	14	1	37	2	11
Antrim,	303	10	0	102	14	9	15	0	1	14	15	0	43	0	7
Ardee,	366	19	5	223	10	11	48	11	4	26	0	0	26	5	4
Armagh,	342	0	3	79	2	8	7	6	6	22	1	4	24	10	4
Athlone,	524	1	10	90	11	4	18	5	11	11	2	4	57	8	7
Athy,	519	5	3	42	10	7	53	17	4		–		19	3	8
Bailieborough,	96	6	4	61	12	11	19	4	3	68	15	9	92	1	2
Ballina,	393	12	2½	97	14	2¾	59	18	5½	2	10	0	22	14	1
Ballinasloe,	405	3	2	146	18	10	138	17	0	15	11	4	35	10	6
Ballinrobe,	522	14	7¾	378	2	1	83	8	5		–		77	3	5
Ballycastle,	211	19	2	44	4	6	6	0	10	4	8	1	27	14	5
Ballymahon,	366	11	8¾	90	14	2½	56	12	8¾	8	7	8¾	69	12	6½
Ballymena,	357	11	5	106	10	0	93	7	1	16	10	0	23	16	1
Ballymoney,	277	7	2	112	9	10	18	3	5	12	8	5	16	10	2
Ballyshannon,	194	0	1	31	15	6	21	14	2	1	0	8	62	0	9
Ballyvaghan,	190	7	2	843	16	5	76	11	3	0	6	0	16	1	3
Balrothery,	356	14	7	64	18	11	101	6	3	6	3	3½	60	19	9
Baltinglass,	460	18	3	90	6	2	33	9	11	1	13	11¾	51	7	2
Banbridge,	299	7	10	66	14	8	13	7	1	10	0	0	25	17	0
Bandon,	434	12	11¼	85	13	10	22	1	2½	2	17	4½	53	19	11½
Bantry,	233	7	0	95	13	5½	33	0	1½	10	18	4½	5	17	3
Bawnboy,	104	5	6	17	3	10	11	10	5	4	9	0	7	13	9
Belfast,	872	18	2	783	10	10	153	15	6	38	12	6	116	17	6
Belmullet,	346	3	2	49	4	9	196	13	0	6	4	2	34	1	8
Borrisokane,	189	10	2	48	16	11	34	18	1	10	4	2¾	83	11	2
Boyle,	443	1	3	151	6	8	23	16	1	2	8	4	63	6	3
Caherciveen,	573	15	6¼	388	4	9	68	6	4	2	2	11	26	11	8
Callan,	412	2	6	83	14	3	93	14	11½	9	14	10	75	9	8½
Carlow,	1,195	13	2	439	17	9	149	19	1¾	35	0	0	224	4	0
Carrickmacross,	407	13	5	117	17	9¼	69	18	4½	7	11	8	81	17	1½
Carrick-on-Shannon,	442	12	1	100	13	9	96	3	0	8	1	5	11	15	2
Carrick-on-Suir,	687	16	2½	982	14	6½	85	10	7	26	7	9¾	96	7	8½
Cashel,	840	17	9¼	373	10	6	282	16	10	55	3	1¼	183	7	6
Castlebar,	520	11	0	322	12	10	138	18	6	11	10	0	157	0	7
Castleblayney,	58	17	7	98	9	6	39	10	7¾	12	6	11	30	7	7
Castlecomer,	227	15	6¾	19	4	10	26	8	6	3	5	2	31	5	8
Castlederg,	175	14	6	22	8	5	3	6	9	2	1	4	9	1	7
Castlerea,	422	0	9	175	9	6¼	40	14	7¾	12	6	1	64	10	9½
Castletown,	191	0	10	11	6	6½	119	15	1	7	1	6	8	6	9
Castletowndelvin,	117	11	1¾	14	4	3	12	1	8½	2	11	3¾	39	8	7¼
Cavan,	386	2	0	81	10	4	31	18	6	1	0	5	20	11	8
Celbridge,	259	13	3	504	1	0	35	5	2		–		33	11	8
Claremorris,	554	18	7¼	237	9	1½	67	10	2		–		68	2	2
Clifden,	472	15	11	149	10	6½	124	4	9	7	6	1	25	18	4
Clogheen,	640	11	5¾	260	17	6	161	8	1	28	5	11	127	8	3¼
Clogher,	254	11	7¾	139	15	3	7	3	4½	2	0	0	13	17	4
Clonakilty,	313	1	2½	31	17	7	29	12	5½	2	17	8½	42	17	4½
Clones,	239	8	6	56	13	6	42	12	3	0	10	9	25	17	1
Clonmel,	669	4	6½	289	18	5	101	13	5	34	13	7½	69	5	1
Coleraine,	287	5	2	92	0	5	9	7	5	15	0	8	26	0	0
Cookstown,	261	10	11	49	2	8	8	17	5	11	0	8	4	18	1
Cootehill,	295	13	8	202	2	2		–		24	10	0	74	4	3
Cork,	1,195	2	5	3,276	7	6	477	10	3	3	10	6¼	333	10	5
Corrofin,	198	1	3¾	523	18	9	117	16	5½	2	11	3	20	6	7
Croom,	461	12	9¾	395	13	7	43	1	6½	3	12	2	37	19	4½

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. III.) of the Audited Accounts of 29th SEPTEMBER, 1851.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
37	2	10	132	4	8		–		6	4	3	1,238	0	11	16	15	0	1,221	5	11
32	1	7	13	9	1		–		59	19	10	584	10	11	89	11	9	494	19	2
44	6	5	24	2	2	12	13	6	14	16	3	787	5	4	9	5	4	778	0	0
9	19	9	6	2	0	11	8	6	13	4	7	515	15	11	52	0	5	463	15	6
53	5	2	50	0	0		–			–		804	15	2	11	7	10	793	7	4
26	8	1	54	9	10	7	14	0	17	3	5	740	12	2	20	18	7	719	13	7
2	12	7	89	0	8	12	14	0	40	2	4	482	10	0	13	14	3	468	15	9
	–		171	2	8	17	6	$11\frac{1}{2}$	17	7	6	782	6	$1\frac{1}{4}$		–		782	6	$1\frac{1}{4}$
27	0	0	67	13	10	0	15	0	9	15	4	847	5	0	14	18	2	832	6	10
34	4	$10\frac{1}{2}$	83	11	0	13	8	6	70	10	$8\frac{1}{2}$	1,263	3	$7\frac{3}{4}$	23	13	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1,239	10	$6\frac{1}{4}$
1	18	1	1	5	1	4	3	3	11	6	5	312	19	10	87	8	9	225	11	1
47	9	$7\frac{1}{2}$	149	16	6	0	6	4	14	9	3	804	0	$7\frac{3}{4}$	81	17	$8\frac{1}{4}$	722	2	$11\frac{1}{2}$
50	0	7	23	4	5	1	10	0	6	2	4	678	11	11	104	12	9	573	19	2
14	9	5	2	0	0	0	12	6	1	18	8	455	19	7	86	12	6	369	7	1
23	1	11	32	7	6	2	5	0	3	7	1	371	12	8	1	12	5	370	0	3
9	10	11	107	11	2	4	3	3	13	9	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1,261	16	$7\frac{1}{2}$		–		1,261	16	$7\frac{1}{2}$
69	7	10	199	0	6		–		1	12	4	860	3	$5\frac{1}{2}$	12	8	$0\frac{1}{4}$	847	15	$5\frac{1}{4}$
46	4	1	10	12	6	0	11	0	15	3	4	710	6	$4\frac{3}{4}$	5	7	9	704	18	$7\frac{3}{4}$
22	15	4	13	16	11	8	7	3	34	10	7	494	16	8	180	10	6	314	6	2
31	0	$4\frac{1}{2}$	8	16	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	12	10	9	15	$1\frac{1}{2}$	650	9	$9\frac{1}{4}$	41	19	$2\frac{1}{4}$	608	10	$6\frac{3}{4}$
5	18	8	40	0	2	9	2	3	15	3	3	449	0	$6\frac{1}{2}$	62	4	$11\frac{1}{2}$	386	15	7
3	5	$0\frac{1}{2}$	1	19	10	0	10	$3\frac{1}{2}$	14	0	4	164	18	0	11	2	7	153	15	5
179	0	2		–		15	10	0	107	0	0	2,267	4	8	129	17	3	2,137	7	5
8	5	0	73	17	0	6	11	0	1	10	0	722	9	9	0	2	3	722	7	6
18	12	8	42	16	8	5	12	10	10	15	5	444	18	$1\frac{3}{4}$	4	3	6	440	14	$7\frac{3}{4}$
56	14	5	21	8	6		–		53	12	7	815	14	1	156	8	8	659	5	5
16	1	4	221	12	3	10	0	0	31	19	11	1,338	14	$8\frac{1}{4}$	8	18	0	1,329	16	$8\frac{1}{4}$
69	2	$4\frac{1}{2}$	51	6	8	8	6	8		–		803	11	$11\frac{1}{2}$	17	10	0	786	1	$11\frac{1}{2}$
160	0	7	307	3	0	4	10	0	19	10	6	2,535	18	$1\frac{3}{4}$	5	3	4	2,530	14	$9\frac{3}{4}$
28	5	2	15	9	8		–		14	15	11	743	9	$1\frac{1}{4}$	18	11	5	724	17	$8\frac{1}{4}$
3	7	3	2	12	0	0	13	7	1	19	9	667	18	0	3	10	0	664	8	0
43	16	$1\frac{1}{2}$	80	15	11		–		35	14	$7\frac{1}{2}$	2,039	3	$6\frac{1}{4}$	88	9	11	1,950	13	$7\frac{1}{4}$
30	0	0	412	8	2	28	5	2	173	6	3	2,379	15	$3\frac{3}{4}$	23	19	$2\frac{1}{4}$	2,355	16	$1\frac{1}{2}$
25	0	8	139	8	4	0	19	6	17	1	9	1,333	3	2	0	13	7	1,332	9	7
1	6	8		–		1	4	0	5	8	4	247	11	$2\frac{3}{4}$	31	13	6	215	17	$8\frac{3}{4}$
29	13	$7\frac{1}{2}$	32	4	3		–		8	14	4	378	11	$11\frac{1}{4}$	20	12	2	357	19	$9\frac{1}{4}$
1	4	3	3	9	6	0	16	6	21	8	2	239	11	0	89	10	0	150	1	0
20	15	$9\frac{1}{2}$	61	19	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1	10	8	33	0	$10\frac{1}{4}$	832	8	2	4	19	$0\frac{1}{2}$	827	9	$1\frac{1}{2}$
	–		37	10	2	2	17	6	3	6	9	381	5	$1\frac{1}{2}$		–		381	5	$1\frac{1}{2}$
8	10	$3\frac{1}{4}$	7	3	7	0	19	9	2	13	$1\frac{1}{2}$	205	3	9	6	14	5	198	9	4
32	7	8	14	14	4	7	10	11	24	19	10	600	15	8	26	8	6	574	7	2
23	3	1		–		4	7	6	2	9	6	862	11	2		–		862	11	2
	–		51	15	0	4	12	3	12	0	6	996	7	$9\frac{3}{4}$		–		996	7	$9\frac{3}{4}$
52	1	3	251	19	4	11	19	6	35	15	5	1,131	11	$1\frac{1}{2}$		–		1,131	11	$1\frac{1}{2}$
36	19	10	84	15	10	10	1	9	65	15	3	1,416	3	11	54	11	7	1,361	12	4
5	19	6	19	7	5	2	4	3	20	10	2	465	8	$11\frac{1}{4}$	41	19	3	423	9	$8\frac{1}{4}$
10	18	$10\frac{1}{2}$	33	14	$5\frac{1}{2}$	2	15	3	12	17	$1\frac{1}{2}$	480	12	$0\frac{1}{2}$	27	6	8	453	5	$4\frac{1}{2}$
4	13	10	38	3	0		–		63	11	0	471	9	11	130	14	8	340	15	3
27	1	5	401	17	6	6	17	9	19	6	9	1,619	18	6		–		1,619	18	6
15	17	2	14	11	2	4	15	0	2	0	1	466	17	1	57	18	8	408	18	5
28	4	11		–		3	15	0	30	15	4	398	5	0	87	8	0	310	17	0
43	7	10	118	8	2	7	9	6	7	0	2	772	15	9	118	0	11	654	14	10
331	16	11	263	0	3		–		47	19	5	5,928	17	$8\frac{1}{4}$	14	7	1	5,914	10	$7\frac{1}{4}$
11	5	10	93	7	8	3	4	7	70	5	$9\frac{1}{2}$	1,040	18	$2\frac{3}{4}$	10	14	11	1,030	3	$3\frac{3}{4}$
3	11	$7\frac{3}{4}$	194	10	9	6	8	6	53	18	$7\frac{1}{2}$	1,200	9	0		–		1,200	9	0

[*continued.*

No. VI.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish-
Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Dingle,	418	1	6	298	14	7	77	7	4	1	6	0	32	7	1
Donaghmore,	173	8	8	55	3	1½	32	9	4½	5	11	5	44	15	1
Donegal,	163	6	5	45	13	1	15	5	0	–			32	18	10
Downpatrick,	321	10	0	41	8	9	37	13	10	–			29	11	5
Drogheda,	382	1	0	107	4	10	14	11	8	10	8	3	26	11	10
Dromore, West,	151	11	11	18	19	5½	19	9	3	1	14	6	29	9	11½
Dublin, North,	1,290	2	7	332	14	2	251	15	11	107	2	6	153	15	2
Dublin, South,	1,466	6	8	559	5	6	480	11	1	11	11	0	376	5	7
Dundalk,	337	16	1½	570	11	2	85	2	7	7	11	2½	111	16	6
Dunfanaghy,	126	9	7	4	0	11	10	5	9	9	10	11	13	16	5
Dungannon,	263	7	4	204	12	5	7	6	8	7	10	0	14	11	3
Dungarvan,	500	4	7	107	18	1½	56	6	7	22	19	0	82	5	8
Dunmanway,	241	13	7½	39	15	1	14	4	9	6	7	0	9	18	4
Dunshaughlin,	412	13	4	433	10	8	26	6	11	1	0	0	22	9	8
Edenderry,	197	3	7	224	17	3	91	19	6	–			37	6	1
Ennis,	881	10	1	818	8	8½	345	4	10	–			93	5	4
Enniscorthy,	447	10	6	790	7	6	296	16	3	1	10	3	87	3	6
Enniskillen,	369	16	1	111	9	9	38	0	5	14	8	2	40	0	11
Ennistymon,	893	9	8	957	6	11	114	17	11	2	16	7	35	13	0
Fermoy,	449	11	9½	69	19	11	92	11	9	22	11	5	59	18	9
Galway,	634	2	11¾	181	14	6	242	3	2	24	18	4	148	16	3
Glennamaddy,	331	6	0¾	45	10	6¾	78	4	2½	7	7	1½	119	16	9
Glenties,	192	18	11	36	2	9	15	13	10	3	5	7	28	14	9
Glin,	159	19	6	153	5	9¾	28	18	3	17	17	10½	22	13	8
Gorey,	484	19	8	116	5	1	328	5	5	19	0	1	90	14	4
Gort,	474	11	8¼	341	2	3	178	4	1	30	12	5¾	92	2	4
Gortin,	125	9	0	18	6	3	–			3	7	2	3	13	4
Granard,	426	16	8	60	14	11	103	9	3	3	10	0	53	14	3
Inishowen,	26	8	2	42	15	2	9	4	0	9	2	0	9	17	2
Kanturk,	1,097	18	11¼	308	15	3	160	9	7	0	7	5¼	9	11	11
Kells,	403	7	1¼	104	7	6	32	18	9	13	7	10¼	60	11	0¾
Keumare,	695	6	7¼	152	4	5¼	99	18	3	1	10	4½	30	9	4
Kilkeel,	167	18	6	14	15	0	6	0	9	5	0	0	18	5	6
Kilkenny,	584	17	8	121	7	8½	122	13	0½	17	2	1	79	11	5½
Killadysert,	436	19	9½	975	19	2	249	7	1	–			62	16	1
Killala,	238	12	8½	69	18	2	63	17	8½	–			29	1	9
Killarney,	629	12	3	676	16	10	102	16	1	1	15	0	41	15	1
Kilmacthomas,	186	14	5	31	10	4	21	4	2	3	16	7	51	18	7
Kilmallock,	310	17	0	967	6	8	204	0	3	41	18	1	228	17	4
Kilrush,	632	17	11	1,327	17	8	168	8	7	–			84	1	4
Kinsale,	320	3	10½	48	9	9	50	17	3½	0	18	2	23	15	8
Larne,	265	4	5	54	8	6	34	15	1	1	2	10	23	5	8
Letterkenny,	126	15	4	32	9	11	11	3	4	11	6	1	8	13	4
Limerick,	1,106	3	6¾	1,364	3	8¾	314	1	8	32	7	8	253	13	11
Lisburn,	337	19	10	53	16	7	7	2	10	15	3	4¾	48	4	0
Lismore,	546	15	11	331	7	10	107	18	1	15	12	2	45	13	8
Lisnaskea,	216	16	6	50	12	2	10	1	6	0	15	0	23	9	8
Listowel,	700	1	9	772	8	7	68	2	8	2	0	0	110	12	3
Londonderry,	323	18	6	47	6	1	24	2	3	8	17	0	19	7	2
Longford,	321	14	4¼	97	9	0¾	24	11	6	9	16	4½	57	6	3¾
Loughrea,	424	17	3	83	10	11	17	0	9	5	9	3	27	4	0
Lowtherstown,	162	6	10	14	0	10	–			11	8	7	3	19	2
Lurgan,	287	9	4	83	6	4	52	8	3	12	15	11	45	2	7
Macroom,	324	13	0	44	9	1	16	15	2½	–			34	6	9
Magherafelt,	241	9	0	63	19	10	21	2	3	20	0	0	22	4	2

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. III.) of the Audited Accounts of 29th SEPTEMBER, 1851—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*
2	1	8	150	19	2		–		17	0	6½	997	17	10½	9	7	6	988	10	4½
15	4	9½	42	1	7¾	0	4	0¾	3	19	7½	372	17	9½	6	2	6½	366	15	3
11	15	0	127	16	11	7	17	3	11	14	9	416	7	3	2	11	8	413	15	7
27	6	0	0	10	11		–		4	8	7	462	9	6	54	3	7	408	5	11
3	10	1	16	7	3	0	15	0	9	5	8	570	15	7	1	0	0	569	15	7
5	7	4	48	15	6	2	15	4½	5	16	1	283	19	4½	11	6	2	272	13	2½
220	8	8	49	2	0	25	0	0	51	9	10	2,481	10	10	133	15	3	2,347	15	7
277	19	9	170	0	0	17	15	0	45	10	2	3,405	4	9		–		3,405	4	9
25	2	7	9	10	0	7	5	6	23	8	2¼	1,178	3	10¼	86	16	5½	1,091	7	4¾
	–		5	7	8	4	11	8	1	10	9	175	13	8	9	0	7	166	13	1
5	7	8		–		4	5	0	8	3	10	515	4	2	38	13	2	476	11	0
28	19	9	115	1	0	6	19	1	10	2	7	930	16	4¾	16	5	3	914	11	1½
	–		0	3	4		–		5	19	8½	318	1	10		–		318	1	10
	–			–			–		33	2	3	929	2	10		–		929	2	10
11	9	8	3	5	0	1	10	0	90	15	7	658	6	8	16	11	1	641	15	7
34	15	7	145	1	6	10	16	11	111	10	11½	2,440	13	11	38	7	11¾	2,402	5	11¼
54	6	2	313	0	11		–		87	1	6	2,077	16	7	167	10	3	1,910	6	4
20	15	4½	3	3	4	0	4	3½	18	5	5	616	3	9	71	0	6	545	3	3
38	18	1	278	4	9	20	15	11	47	3	3	2,389	6	1	7	13	5	2,381	12	8
51	16	1	168	4	2	4	7	6	66	13	4	985	14	8½		–		985	14	8½
59	4	9	204	0	0	1	5	5	22	0	3½	1,518	5	8½	188	18	2	1,329	7	6¼
25	2	0¾	72	13	1¼	1	14	5½	29	17	1¼	711	11	5¼	3	18	7½	707	12	9¾
17	14	7	12	10	0	0	7	6	6	16	11	314	4	10	3	18	9	310	6	1
8	2	9¾	35	10	10¾	3	19	0	63	11	5½	493	19	3¼	2	3	11½	491	15	3¾
17	14	10	36	15	4	10	8	6	190	12	4	1,294	15	7	1	5	0	1,293	10	7
28	11	1	133	5	7	0	14	2	71	9	1	1,350	12	9	135	5	3½	1,215	7	5½
1	8	9	1	0	5	2	16	0	10	8	6	166	9	5	16	4	10	150	4	7
52	16	9	34	4	0	2	5	0	8	16	7	746	7	5	5	2	1	741	5	4
	–		0	6	9	0	6	8	3	14	9	101	14	8	17	11	8	84	3	0
7	15	2	282	10	5		–		34	13	2	1,902	1	10½	18	18	10	1,883	3	0½
71	7	4¾	8	2	5	8	17	0	2	1	10	705	0	11	13	19	7	691	1	4
	–		182	12	0	7	16	0	11	9	10	1,181	6	10	0	1	6	1,181	5	4
8	1	10	3	4	1	7	17	6	33	8	1	264	11	3	86	11	11½	177	19	3½
92	7	8½	115	7	4		–		87	9	3	1,220	16	3	67	0	0½	1,153	16	2½
10	12	8	207	8	8	6	7	9	50	10	7	2,000	1	9½		–		2,000	1	9½
	–		78	14	9	3	8	0	0	0	4	483	13	5	0	4	0	483	9	5
64	5	1	127	11	0½	2	15	3	46	4	9½	1,693	11	5	33	3	7¼	1,660	7	9¾
12	15	10	30	13	0	2	7	2	11	18	8	352	18	9	9	8	11	343	9	10
36	14	2	181	16	7	3	17	9	49	8	3	2,024	16	1	1	0	0	2,023	16	1
0	15	1	78	14	7		–		86	6	0	2,379	1	2	19	2	8	2,359	18	6
11	15	3	24	16	5	8	12	6	12	4	8	501	13	6¾	71	0	0	430	13	6¾
18	12	1	25	13	0	0	9	0	24	15	0	448	5	7	96	19	4	351	6	3
24	5	11		–		4	15	0	11	4	4	230	13	3	12	9	7	218	3	8
137	0	8	302	7	6		–		142	4	0½	3,652	2	9	0	9	0	3,651	13	9
15	15	7	15	12	3	0	15	0	75	11	2	570	0	7¾	71	14	10	498	5	9¾
33	14	3	65	6	0	3	15	0	81	11	0	1,231	13	11	22	5	2	1,209	8	9
44	4	5		–			–		3	10	4	349	9	7	13	13	7	335	16	0
123	17	11	584	3	9	4	18	2	13	5	11	2,379	11	0	31	19	11	2,347	11	1
32	17	11	6	16	6	11	2	7	11	15	3	486	3	3	62	8	3	423	15	0
67	0	4	158	11	3		–		10	4	11¼	746	14	1½	5	5	8¼	741	8	5¼
50	3	7¾	143	2	0	15	10	9	6	13	9	773	12	3¾	0	9	7	773	2	8¾
	–		0	8	6	0	6	0	17	18	1	210	8	0	6	8	0	204	0	0
24	17	1		–		11	12	4	26	3	3	543	15	1	46	10	5	497	4	8
22	1	1	76	0	1½	2	17	3	0	5	0	521	7	6	7	5	0	514	2	6
	–		24	0	0	5	14	6	2	18	3	401	8	0	112	10	6	288	17	6

[*continued.*

No. VI.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish-
Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Mallow,	526	18	3	243	5	0	38	1	6	8	9	7	15	18	11½
Manorhamilton,	282	14	10	41	7	10	16	5	8	0	5	6	10	14	5
Midleton,	731	7	4	60	19	8	38	12	9		–		19	15	3
Milford,	180	5	11	16	18	9	16	11	0	9	9	0	20	9	4
Millstreet,	289	14	9	588	0	10	32	19	1	9	8	6	17	11	8
Mitchelstown,	517	10	6½	494	0	3	291	16	6½	5	18	11½	72	4	9½
Mohill,	252	19	11	64	8	2	47	6	11	12	5	0	29	9	3
Monaghan,	353	9	5	57	1	9	13	15	10	24	19	10	24	5	9
Mount Bellew,	295	1	7	68	9	5	69	8	6	9	5	8	26	2	7
Mountmelick,	544	17	6	290	16	5	102	19	7	1	0	0	72	0	2
Mullingar,	570	15	1	83	2	6	101	4	7	40	7	6	124	8	9
Naas,	401	8	11¾	640	5	1¼	147	8	0	11	6	7½	72	17	10
Navan,	365	18	5	701	12	9	40	8	10	6	16	4	30	8	4
Nenagh,	182	5	9¼	72	14	2	36	15	6	40	13	2	27	18	6
Newcastle,	906	8	2	457	3	7	354	19	9¾		–		148	12	11¾
Newport,	356	3	3¼	359	5	5	57	18	2	1	5	5½	86	7	4
New Ross,	631	17	2½	351	9	5	143	13	11¾	16	16	11¾	127	15	1
Newry,	555	18	6	138	11	6	84	15	7	15	12	6	46	13	6
Newtownards,	312	2	10½	94	12	0	15	1	0	10	0	0	34	5	2
Newtownlimavady,	284	1	11	36	5	8	8	2	3	12	9	9	11	3	5
Oldcastle,	310	15	2	72	3	10	56	2	5½	1	14	11	55	3	1
Omagh,	302	17	3	245	6	0	63	17	9	23	17	0	63	0	5
Oughterard,	225	17	6½	46	8	2½	98	12	9	10	15	5½	22	11	1
Parsonstown,	431	8	6½	74	0	3	110	18	2	19	4	11	22	5	4
Portumna,	301	8	6	31	14	3	40	5	3½	7	6	9	27	18	1½
Rathdown,	495	7	8	46	1	1	113	14	5	3	0	0	3	0	2
Rathdrum,	518	5	1	259	12	5	67	19	4	3	12	0	77	8	9
Rathkeale,	539	11	10	586	11	10¾	139	3	9½	30	1	4½	58	4	1½
Roscommon,	621	6	1½	205	8	8½	412	5	10	0	18	5½	125	4	3
Roscrea,	355	9	1	263	16	4	87	5	3	12	0	0	39	14	0
Scariff,	403	9	5½	602	8	10	58	9	3	17	14	10	19	0	8
Shillelagh,	328	10	1	112	18	10	49	16	10	29	13	7½	23	7	11
Skibbereen,	730	6	3	126	11	1	106	8	6	7	0	0	54	7	3½
Skull,	171	17	6½	225	7	10	74	1	7	2	16	7½	19	18	0
Sligo,	475	7	1	135	18	1	65	17	11	12	11	2	101	12	8
Strabane,	284	15	9	42	17	11	14	4	0	0	9	7	37	3	8
Stranolar,	214	11	8	23	6	5	26	4	2		–		12	13	9
Strokestown,	479	12	7	274	9	8	206	13	1	2	2	4	92	5	10
Swineford,	352	3	0	23	16	9	22	19	4½	11	12	11	23	10	0
Thomastown,	376	16	8½	321	7	9½	128	10	3¼	10	8	1½	84	18	6½
Thurles,	366	3	5	82	14	4	54	3	6	17	12	1	4	16	2
Tipperary,	855	3	7	623	18	10	153	19	11	25	17	1	164	3	1
Tobercurry,	132	18	6	26	7	11	21	10	6½	2	17	3½	29	15	2
Tralee,	1,242	12	8	321	15	8	204	19	10	2	1	5	56	12	2
Trim,	347	6	9½	253	16	8	51	10	2	15	12	9	67	16	3
Tuam,	581	6	4	200	15	3¼	79	13	11¾	14	1	3	151	1	4
Tulla,	458	1	5	761	7	5	85	10	10	9	2	8	72	5	0
Tullamore,	787	12	0	146	1	1	34	18	7		–		131	10	4½
Urlingford,	355	5	3½	52	14	5	78	7	9	11	18	1	63	19	11½
Waterford,	777	0	9	410	18	11	105	8	11	11	15	5	200	0	0
Westport,	519	19	2	438	13	6	89	16	11	5	16	10	91	17	11
Wexford,	679	18	9½	144	2	0	118	5	0	10	15	7¼	71	2	9
Youghal,	557	5	11	104	6	6	43	14	8		–		55	3	1
Total (163 Unions),	69,833	6	6¼	40,394	15	6¾	13,709	3	4½	1,799	14	11¼	9,609	4	3½

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. III.) of the Audited Accounts of 29th SEPTEMBER, 1851—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
13	4	9	87	19	11		–		21	14	4	955	12	3½	206	14	7	748	17	8½
54	11	0	1	17	6		–		5	5	0	413	1	3	0	17	0	412	4	3
0	10	11	97	9	11	6	0	0	70	7	4	1,025	3	2	73	3	7	951	19	7
12	0	11	0	11	8	4	5	3	7	10	0	268	1	10	20	0	8	248	1	2
17	7	5	130	17	0	2	6	6	33	18	1	1,122	3	10	56	6	0	1,065	17	10
39	3	8	195	3	3	3	10	1	36	14	4½	1,656	2	5¼	9	0	9	1,647	1	8¼
	–		5	17	7		–		20	16	0	433	2	10	7	8	9	425	14	1
35	17	7	12	15	2		–		213	15	4	736	0	8	595	16	4	140	4	4
13	10	0	41	6	11	0	7	6	15	10	11	539	3	1	7	0	5	532	2	8
116	16	1	68	8	10	9	5	0	12	17	8¾	1,219	1	3¼	13	9	6	1,205	11	9¼
67	18	8	80	7	6	2	15	2	6	13	11	1,077	13	8		–		1,077	13	8
21	4	6	47	6	9	5	6	5	6	10	2	1,353	14	4½	2	10	0	1,351	4	4½
37	5	6	52	17	9	12	7	2	25	15	11	1,273	11	0	12	0	1	1,261	10	11
6	17	0	10	2	5	30	9	6	37	6	6	445	2	6¼	135	10	6½	309	11	11⅝
49	16	6	368	13	6	23	1	11	118	19	11	2,427	16	4½	92	13	8	2,335	2	8½
9	14	2	155	19	8	4	18	8	21	2	3	1,032	14	4¾		–		1,032	14	4¾
57	9	2	196	7	3½	0	7	6	25	8	4	1,551	4	11½	74	14	7	1,476	10	4½
12	8	1	0	13	2	10	16	2	92	6	2	957	15	2	174	18	3	782	16	11
0	17	10	16	2	2	9	18	6	27	1	7	520	1	1½	100	4	7½	419	16	6
9	8	8	10	14	5		–		49	17	0	422	3	1	129	12	7	292	10	6
25	4	4	34	19	4	9	9	9	17	7	6½	583	0	5	16	14	9	566	5	8
14	8	2	79	11	2	0	13	6	30	3	3	823	14	6	38	16	0	784	18	6
24	5	3	48	16	0	0	5	10	52	18	7	530	10	8½	1	10	0	529	0	8½
6	0	10	20	13	8		–		27	6	4	711	18	0¼	50	11	0½	661	6	11⅝
16	15	1	91	6	2	5	3	8	6	13	5	528	11	3	16	3	6	512	7	9
	–		68	12	7	8	14	9	3	7	9¼	741	18	5¼	25	14	7¼	716	3	10
25	17	7	54	0	5½	4	0	6	8	0	11	1,018	17	0½	4	10	0	1,014	7	0½
21	2	0½	101	7	9½	8	12	0	33	15	10½	1,518	10	8½	55	0	11¼	1,463	9	9⅜
49	11	8	185	19	10½	9	15	8½	21	11	4	1,632	1	11½		–		1,632	1	11½
45	14	4½	96	4	11¼	0	12	2¼	33	2	3	933	18	5	16	14	9	917	3	8
38	6	2	79	8	5	7	0	9	212	17	1½	1,438	15	6	7	0	2	1,431	15	4
34	10	10	18	8	6	5	15	0	48	0	10	651	2	5½	9	0	0	642	2	5½
3	0	8	178	10	0	11	1	11	60	18	5	1,278	4	1½	197	15	1	1,080	9	0½
	–		23	11	11		–		19	2	4	536	15	10		–		536	15	10
62	18	2	386	15	10	11	19	2	72	4	8	1,325	4	9		–		1,325	4	9
37	14	3		–			–		0	19	3	418	4	5	47	15	10	370	8	7
22	14	0		–		5	0	0	17	3	8	321	13	8	35	1	4	286	12	4
114	15	10½	136	11	9	0	3	5	18	11	0	1,325	5	6½	11	10	5½	1,313	15	1
1	1	0	34	5	2	0	13	6	2	2	11	472	4	7½	9	4	9	462	19	10½
41	6	10	65	15	1½	0	12	10	33	4	11½	1,063	1	2¼	48	0	8	1,015	0	6¼
	–		7	1	8	1	1	0	17	16	2	551	8	4	103	2	7	448	5	9
112	8	8	327	1	7	15	3	6	155	19	9	2,433	16	0	38	5	3	2,395	10	9
10	1	6	75	2	2	1	10	6	7	6	6	307	10	1		–		307	10	1
27	17	5	466	5	11	2	0	3	14	18	2	2,339	3	6	27	9	5½	2,311	14	0½
75	19	2	36	5	0		–		16	13	4	865	0	1½	4	8	10	860	11	3½
46	13	6¼	129	5	8½	4	2	11½	13	17	0	1,220	17	4½	17	17	11	1,202	19	5½
61	6	6	105	12	2	6	19	9	175	12	7	1,735	18	4	9	1	10	1,726	16	6
80	2	8½	81	16	1	10	14	3	93	12	3¾	1,366	7	4¾	16	1	6	1,350	5	10¾
43	9	5	53	17	2	0	12	5	41	6	6½	701	11	0½	49	17	10½	651	13	2
69	13	8	101	0	9	11	2	7	60	11	3	1,747	12	3	6	12	10	1,740	19	5
28	19	6	294	10	7	23	11	4	20	4	5	1,513	10	2		–		1,513	10	2
53	16	3	56	0	0	8	2	6	9	4	0	1,151	6	10¾	19	5	5¾	1,132	1	5
1	19	10	105	13	8	3	2	6	6	7	11	877	14	1	4	4	4	873	9	9
5,650	7	11½	14,400	13	0½	829	10	5½	5,518	3	11½	161,745	0	0¾	6,563	15	5¾	155,181	4	7

No. VII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 25th March, 1851 (included in Table No. II.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.		
									Provisions and Necessaries	Clothing.	Total.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Abbeyleix, . .	1,148 7 5½	188 5 3½	349 7 2½	1,685 19 11½	2,044	167,693	82	947	1 1¼	0 3½	1 4¾
Antrim, . .	437 1 1	74 2 7	105 1 0	616 4 8	556	58,829	106	332	1 2¾	0 3	1 5¾
Ardee, . .	948 2 0	127 0 3	143 5 4	1,218 7 7	1,844	137,536	75	777	1 1	0 1¾	1 2¾
Armagh, . .	496 10 10	101 11 1	80 14 7	678 16 6	886	77,501	87	437	1 1	0 1¾	1 2¾
Athlone, . .	1,874 19 4¼	196 9 3½	367 0 2½	2,438 8 10¼	2,449	247,598	101	1,399	1 2	0 2¾	1 4¾
Athy, . .	1,248 3 5¾	171 11 0	184 10 3½	1,604 4 9¼	1,955	177,134	91	1,000	1 2¾	0 1¾	1 4½
Bailieborough, .	939 8 5	177 11 7	–	1,117 0 0	1,695	147,776	87	835	0 11	–	0 11
Ballina, . .	1,272 9 11	192 13 0½	429 7 3	1,894 10 2½	2,158	206,094	96	1,164	1 0	0 3½	1 3½
Ballinasloe, . .	1,189 10 2¾	88 18 3	90 5 2¼	1,368 13 8	1,734	173,299	100	979	0 10½	0 1	0 11½
Ballinrobe, . .	1,543 12 9½	193 11 4½	286 10 1¼	2,023 14 3¼	2,795	275,045	98	1,554	0 10¾	0 1¾	1 0¼
Ballycastle, . .	301 11 4	81 6 0	37 5 5	420 2 9	449	50,095	112	283	1 0¾	0 1¼	1 2
Ballymahon, .	908 8 8½	128 2 1	246 14 10½	1,283 5 8	1,352	118,437	88	669	1 2½	0 3½	1 6
Ballymena, . .	285 16 1	89 0 5	27 13 4	402 9 10	615	46,474	76	262	1 1½	0 1	1 2½
Ballymoney, .	399 11 4	101 15 8	62 11 6	563 18 6	511	59,997	117	339	1 2	0 1¾	1 3¾
Ballyshannon, .	325 13 1	77 6 11	61 4 1	464 4 1	821	58,756	72	332	0 11¾	0 1¾	1 1½
Ballyvaghan, .	676 4 11½	75 18 1	221 11 3½	973 14 4	2,077	106,351	51	600	1 0	0 3½	1 3½
Balrothery, . .	800 14 1¾	92 16 8½	175 10 4½	1,069 1 2¾	962	84,249	88	476	1 3½	0 3½	1 7
Baltinglass, . .	993 11 4	185 9 1	311 8 9½	1,490 9 2½	1,766	149,491	85	845	1 1¼	0 3½	1 4¾
Banbridge, . .	543 17 2¾	151 11 4¾	83 9 10¾	778 18 6¼	790	80,155	101	453	1 2½	0 1¾	1 4¼
Bandon, . .	1,080 19 11¼	194 14 6½	395 14 0½	1,671 8 6¼	2,009	189,937	95	1,073	0 11½	0 3½	1 3
Bantry, . .	1,244 4 0	114 2 5¾	230 8 2½	1,588 14 8¼	3,226	221,194	69	1,250	0 10¼	0 1¾	1 0

Bawnboy,	330	15	11	41	15	0	81	3	10	453	14	9	531	51,544	97	291	1	0	0	$2\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$
Belfast,	2,510	18	1	522	2	2	613	16	4	3,646	16	7	4,334	294,632	68	1,664	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{3}{4}$	1	9
Belmullet,	935	1	2	71	3	10	188	6	$5\frac{1}{4}$	1,194	11	$5\frac{1}{4}$	2,112	180,789	86	1,021	0	$9\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$
Borrisokane,	1,158	16	$9\frac{1}{2}$	82	4	$1\frac{1}{2}$	345	9	$11\frac{1}{2}$	1,586	10	$10\frac{1}{2}$	1,962	165,839	85	937	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	4
Boyle,	976	9	$4\frac{3}{4}$	108	7	$2\frac{1}{4}$	130	14	4	1,215	10	11	1,196	125,488	105	709	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Caherciveen,	2,402	9	11	97	10	1	783	4	$5\frac{1}{2}$	3,283	4	$5\frac{1}{2}$	4,772	375,947	79	2,124	0	11	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Callan,	2,393	18	6	45	18	8	623	5	0	3,063	2	2	4,196	299,160	71	1,690	1	2	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Carlow,	2,839	0	$4\frac{1}{2}$	381	7	9	779	18	$4\frac{1}{2}$	4,000	6	6	4,369	374,361	86	2,115	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$
Carrickmacross,	1,896	4	$0\frac{3}{4}$	308	8	$3\frac{1}{4}$	263	17	$5\frac{1}{4}$	2,468	9	$10\frac{1}{4}$	2,186	253,319	116	1,431	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Carrick-on-Shan.	800	19	$9\frac{1}{2}$	127	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	243	4	2	1,171	4	1	1,069	116,739	109	660	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$
Carrick-on-Suir,	1,427	5	$9\frac{1}{4}$	252	14	10	378	10	$3\frac{1}{2}$	2,058	10	$10\frac{3}{4}$	3,549	181,687	51	1,026	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	7
Cashel,	4,053	17	$11\frac{1}{2}$	452	10	9	1,221	11	3	5,727	19	$11\frac{1}{2}$	7,472	586,350	78	3,313	1	1	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Castlebar,	1,664	7	$7\frac{1}{2}$	187	9	8	411	6	8	2,263	3	$11\frac{1}{2}$	3,366	277,859	83	1,570	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$2\frac{3}{4}$	1	2
Castleblayney,	950	7	4	90	11	$11\frac{1}{2}$	126	8	6	1,167	7	$9\frac{1}{2}$	1,185	121,368	102	686	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Castlecomer,	410	13	$0\frac{1}{2}$	51	6	$7\frac{1}{2}$	97	5	7	559	5	3	701	46,695	67	264	1	4	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$7\frac{3}{4}$
Castlederg,	145	11	2	30	0	5	11	10	9	187	2	4	336	32,365	96	183	0	9	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$
Castlerea,	1,172	11	0	158	3	0	382	10	5	1,713	4	5	1,978	183,609	93	1,037	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Castletown,	674	5	$8\frac{1}{4}$	42	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$	124	1	$6\frac{1}{4}$	840	8	$6\frac{1}{2}$	1,720	119,113	69	673	0	10	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$
Castletowndelvin,	318	0	4		–		64	15	2	382	15	6	418	43,366	104	245	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$
Cavan,	1,249	6	7	226	11	11	234	18	5	1,710	16	11	1,824	225,522	123	1,274	0	11	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$
Celbridge,	672	16	5	107	0	0	224	17	$9\frac{3}{4}$	1,004	14	$2\frac{3}{4}$	817	71,965	88	406	1	6	0	$5\frac{1}{4}$	1	$11\frac{1}{4}$
Claremorris,	651	1	2	69	12	$10\frac{1}{4}$	200	15	$4\frac{1}{2}$	921	9	$4\frac{3}{4}$	1,317	96,369	73	544	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$
Clifden,	1,728	2	5	177	14	3	338	15	8	2,244	12	4	4,054	325,227	80	1,837	0	10	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$
Clogheen,	1,726	16	$2\frac{3}{4}$	150	5	$11\frac{1}{4}$	135	7	$9\frac{1}{4}$	2,012	9	$11\frac{1}{4}$	4,008	259,946	65	1,469	1	0	0	1	1	1
Clogher,	455	12	$10\frac{1}{2}$	137	5	$1\frac{3}{4}$	161	6	$8\frac{1}{2}$	754	4	$8\frac{3}{4}$	815	77,441	95	437	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Clonakilty,	652	13	$11\frac{1}{4}$	68	16	8	192	3	$10\frac{3}{4}$	913	14	6	986	109,641	111	619	0	11	0	3	1	2
Clones,	587	6	1	56	0	8	94	13	7	738	0	4	818	90,901	111	514	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Clonmel,	3,584	6	4	297	7	4	942	18	$0\frac{1}{2}$	4,824	11	$8\frac{1}{2}$	5,258	452,593	86	2,557	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	5
Coleraine,	421	1	9	98	16	4	60	18	9	580	16	10	729	58,498	80	330	1	3	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$
Cookstown,	300	9	2	48	13	7	52	7	$5\frac{1}{4}$	401	10	$2\frac{1}{4}$	478	50,275	105	284	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Cootehill,	927	5	1	143	12	2	169	10	5	1,240	7	8	1,641	162,740	99	919	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	1
Cork,	6,039	6	6	451	19	6	538	12	0	7,029	18	9	14,622	904,795	62	5,112	1	0	0	1	1	1
Corrofin,	712	7	$2\frac{3}{4}$	86	12	$4\frac{1}{4}$	363	17	0	1,162	16	7	1,682	122,565	73	692	0	11	0	$4\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$
Croom,	2,167	18	8	218	18	1	942	19	9	3,329	16	6	3,161	301,756	95	1,705	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$5\frac{1}{4}$	1	$6\frac{1}{2}$
Dingle,	3,272	11	10	358	14	$4\frac{1}{2}$	267	10	$11\frac{1}{2}$	3,898	17	2	6,600	513,693	78	2,902	1	0	0	1	1	1

[*continued.*

No. VII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 25th March, 1851 (included in Table No. II.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued*.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Donaghmore,	410	16	8	82	19	0	149	1	4	642	17	0	715	71,553	100	404	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	3
Donegal,	331	17	$7\frac{1}{2}$	63	19	1	135	16	6	531	13	$2\frac{1}{2}$	609	65,196	107	369	0	$10\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Downpatrick,	633	3	2	145	16	2	92	10	7	871	9	11	965	88,830	92	502	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Drogheda,	996	5	$5\frac{1}{4}$	104	5	10	120	12	10	1,221	4	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1,702	115,816	68	654	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$
Dromore, West,	303	11	6	68	13	$6\frac{1}{2}$	94	19	9	467	4	$9\frac{1}{2}$	504	48,421	96	274	1	1	0	$3\frac{1}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Dublin, North,	4,103	7	4	484	16	$7\frac{1}{4}$	513	5	10	5,101	9	$9\frac{1}{4}$	4,691	428,506	91	2,421	1	6	0	2	1	8
Dublin, South,	5,059	15	7	589	10	9	1,661	18	$5\frac{3}{4}$	7,311	4	$9\frac{3}{4}$	6,448	531,815	82	3,004	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$	0	$5\frac{1}{4}$	1	$10\frac{3}{4}$
Dundalk,	1,097	8	0	113	13	$8\frac{1}{2}$	131	5	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1,342	6	11	1,324	126,010	95	712	1	4	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$
Dunfanaghy,	112	16	6	28	14	6	21	2	2	162	13	2	254	20,263	80	114	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Dunganmon,	305	15	$5\frac{3}{4}$	65	15	5	57	19	$4\frac{1}{2}$	429	10	$3\frac{1}{4}$	603	55,650	92	314	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	1
Dungarvan,	1,232	15	1	96	16	3		–		1,329	11	4	2,892	214,990	74	1,215	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$		–	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$
Dunmanway,	430	18	1	52	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	120	8	4	603	7	$6\frac{1}{2}$	1,571	101,152	64	571	0	8	0	2	0	10
Dunshaughlin,	829	5	$5\frac{1}{4}$	119	17	$6\frac{3}{4}$	202	7	$10\frac{1}{2}$	1,151	10	$10\frac{1}{2}$	1,169	97,149	83	549	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$7\frac{1}{4}$
Edenderry,	1,173	19	2	117	12	8	334	15	3	1,626	7	1	1,860	160,686	89	908	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$
Ennis,	3,144	11	7	426	19	$5\frac{1}{2}$	953	5	5	4,524	16	$5\frac{1}{2}$	5,366	533,832	99	3,016	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	3	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Enniscorthy,	2,214	14	3	201	6	9	309	6	11	2,725	7	11	3,487	246,433	71	1,392	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	5
Enniskillen,	740	14	3	145	14	$11\frac{3}{4}$	131	8	4	1,017	17	$6\frac{3}{4}$	1,191	139,595	117	789	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	0	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	11
Ennistymon,	3,059	0	$5\frac{1}{2}$	272	7	7	1,004	4	3	4,335	12	$3\frac{1}{2}$	5,530	482,022	87	2,723	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	3
Fermoy,	1,571	19	$2\frac{1}{2}$	35	13	2	556	5	$5\frac{1}{2}$	2,163	17	10	3,339	267,011	80	1,509	0	10	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Galway,	2,549	19	$10\frac{1}{2}$	250	11	1	525	19	11	3,326	10	$10\frac{1}{2}$	5,863	441,840	75	2,496	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	2	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Glennamaddy,	823	7	$0\frac{1}{4}$	84	0	0	251	4	$11\frac{1}{2}$	1,158	11	$11\frac{3}{4}$	1,510	121,774	81	688	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$6\frac{1}{2}$

Glenties,	249	15	4	38	11	4	41	10	0	329	16	8	698	53,615	77	303	0	9	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$
Glin,	1,439	19	$0\frac{1}{2}$	119	16	$2\frac{1}{4}$	259	17	$4\frac{1}{4}$	1,819	12	7	2,292	223,414	97	1,262	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	2	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Gorey,	1,470	1	4	191	13	8	404	11	2	2,066	6	2	2,281	194,188	85	1,097	1	3	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$6\frac{1}{2}$
Gort,	1,838	1	0	206	5	$1\frac{1}{2}$	380	9	$6\frac{1}{2}$	2,424	15	8	3,824	365,258	96	2,063	0	$9\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	11
Gortin,	233	15	7	32	4	9	35	12	5	301	12	9	440	34,194	78	193	1	1	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Granard,	1,747	0	$9\frac{1}{2}$	263	0	$5\frac{3}{4}$	341	7	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2,351	8	$5\frac{3}{4}$	2,845	313,185	110	1,769	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Inishowen,	463	1	4	56	10	4	98	8	1	617	19	9	1,035	94,470	91	534	0	$9\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	11
Kanturk,	2,837	6	$9\frac{1}{2}$	218	6	$5\frac{1}{4}$	1,117	5	10	4,172	19	$0\frac{3}{4}$	6,872	536,299	78	3,030	0	$9\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	1
Kells,	1,363	18	$1\frac{3}{4}$	274	6	$6\frac{1}{2}$	397	7	$10\frac{1}{2}$	2,035	12	$6\frac{3}{4}$	2,406	190,749	79	1,078	1	2	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Kenmare,	3,899	14	7	152	15	1	576	9	11	4,628	19	7	6,037	553,436	92	3,127	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	2
Kilkeel,	211	3	2	28	12	$5\frac{3}{4}$	16	4	$5\frac{1}{4}$	256	0	1	328	31,145	95	176	1	1	0	1	1	2
Kilkenny,	2,701	15	3	308	14	$11\frac{1}{2}$	685	10	9	3,696	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	5,184	329,058	63	1,859	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{4}$	1	$6\frac{3}{4}$
Killadysert,	1,750	3	1	133	2	5	653	14	$10\frac{1}{2}$	2,537	0	$4\frac{1}{2}$	3,746	293,105	78	1,656	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Killala,	1,039	8	$0\frac{1}{4}$	92	6	0	330	19	4	1,462	13	$4\frac{1}{4}$	1,594	158,865	100	898	1	0	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Killarney,	3,595	1	1	264	1	11	1,248	17	$4\frac{1}{2}$	5,108	0	$4\frac{1}{2}$	8,735	599,457	68	3,387	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Kilmacthomas,	481	10	6	7	6	8	89	5	4	578	2	6	941	65,038	69	367	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	2
Kilmallock,	4,818	18	0	579	2	1	1,578	2	6	6,976	2	7	8,336	757,500	91	4,280	1	0	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Kilrush,	3,793	7	$1\frac{3}{4}$	177	12	$2\frac{1}{2}$	–			3,970	19	$4\frac{1}{4}$	7,623	640,497	84	3,619	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	–		0	$10\frac{1}{2}$
Kinsale,	695	5	$3\frac{1}{2}$	56	19	$7\frac{3}{4}$	129	7	$8\frac{1}{4}$	881	12	$7\frac{1}{2}$	2,064	124,209	60	702	0	$10\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	0
Larne,	418	0	4	78	7	5	63	0	8	559	8	5	548	60,512	110	342	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Letterkenny,	201	0	10	44	0	8	36	16	9	281	18	3	392	35,365	90	200	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$
Limerick,	8,006	6	4	823	3	$8\frac{1}{2}$	1,932	4	10	10,761	14	$10\frac{1}{2}$	12,016	1,082,056	90	6,113	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	3	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$
Lisburn,	411	2	6	109	9	1	63	3	6	583	15	1	614	60,649	99	343	1	2	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$
Lismore,	1,319	16	$6\frac{3}{4}$	152	13	$11\frac{1}{4}$	126	13	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1,599	3	$6\frac{3}{4}$	2,409	243,174	101	1,374	0	10	0	1	0	11
Lisnaskea,	482	0	0	96	10	11	88	5	$5\frac{3}{4}$	667	2	$4\frac{3}{4}$	782	84,742	108	479	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Listowel,	4,487	17	1	191	8	6	–			4,679	5	7	8,032	685,210	85	3,871	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	–		0	$11\frac{1}{2}$
Londonderry,	742	2	2	104	16	7	195	2	4	1,042	1	1	1,651	108,826	66	615	1	1	0	3	1	4
Longford,	1,706	10	$4\frac{1}{2}$	258	4	$3\frac{3}{4}$	500	11	11	2,465	6	7	2,355	238,496	101	1,347	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$
Loughrea,	1,492	7	$6\frac{1}{2}$	111	14	$3\frac{3}{4}$	279	14	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1,883	16	0	2,886	268,519	94	1,517	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Lowtherstown,	196	16	4	33	15	8	59	8	0	290	0	0	510	40,539	79	229	0	$9\frac{1}{2}$	0	$2\frac{1}{4}$	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$
Lurgan,	454	2	0	161	4	5	67	5	1	682	11	6	1,056	64,564	61	365	1	4	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$
Macroom,	1,537	16	8	151	3	10	133	11	2	1,822	11	8	3,724	299,193	80	1,690	0	$9\frac{1}{2}$	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$10\frac{1}{4}$
Magherafelt,	450	8	$5\frac{1}{2}$	78	2	6	36	18	2	565	9	$1\frac{1}{2}$	605	70,870	117	400	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Mallow,	1,891	10	$2\frac{1}{2}$	195	11	6	347	9	6	2,434	11	$2\frac{1}{2}$	4,680	291,880	62	1,649	1	0	0	2	1	2
Manorhamilton,	515	2	$1\frac{3}{4}$	99	4	8	103	7	10	717	14	$7\frac{3}{4}$	1,016	99,259	98	561	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$

[*continued.*

No. VII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 25th March, 1851 (included in Table No. II); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Midleton, .	2,142	9	9	207	17	11	170	11	8	2,520	19	4	4,584	327,539	71	1,850	0	11½	0	1	1	0½
Milford, . .	320	8	5	54	16	0	101	14	9	476	19	2	523	48,831	93	276	1	1	0	3½	1	4½
Millstreet, .	2,005	16	1	91	19	0	712	17	0	2,810	12	1	4,546	342,169	75	1,933	0	10¼	0	3½	1	1¾
Mitchelstown,	1,661	18	2½	237	8	3¾	642	12	9	2,541	19	3⅓	4,149	308,466	74	1,743	0	10½	0	3½	1	1⅝
Mohill, . .	1,098	17	11¾	211	17	0¼	346	13	11½	1,657	8	11½	1,555	166,414	107	940	1	1¼	0	3½	1	4¾
Monaghan, . .	629	15	5	118	2	8	22	1	8	769	19	9	969	107,349	111	606	0	11½	0	0½	1	0
Mount Bellew, .	807	3	6¼	50	16	8	61	5	6	919	5	8¼	1,397	116,339	83	657	0	11¾	0	1	1	0¾
Mountmelick, .	1,652	10	2¾	271	19	3¾	169	12	7	2,094	2	1½	3,235	244,270	76	1,380	1	1¼	0	1½	1	2½
Mullingar, . .	1,544	5	8	285	9	2¼	506	3	5	2,335	18	3¼	2,336	242,890	104	1,372	1	0½	0	3½	1	4
Naas, . . .	1,711	2	5	208	19	6½	215	10	8¼	2,135	12	7¾	2,263	206,913	91	1,169	1	3½	0	1½	1	5
Navan, . .	1,366	9	11¼	201	9	7½	360	17	5½	1,928	17	0⅓	2,094	173,219	83	979	1	3¼	0	3½	1	6¾
Nenagh, . .	3,280	3	9¾	340	1	0¼	474	11	7	4,094	16	5	7,150	519,709	73	2,936	0	11¾	0	1½	1	1¼
Newcastle, . .	4,823	15	9½	204	16	1¾	1,355	0	2	6,383	12	1¼	7,471	650,612	87	3,676	1	1	0	3½	1	4½
Newport, . .	825	13	7¾	60	10	11½	290	19	5	1,177	4	0¼	2,428	139,666	58	789	0	10¾	0	3½	1	2¼
New Ross, . .	2,546	11	9½	189	8	7¾	601	7	7	3,337	8	0⅞	4,225	288,662	68	1,631	1	4	0	3½	1	7½
Newry, . .	863	14	8	114	16	8	77	10	10	1,056	2	2	1,567	130,267	83	736	1	0⅔	0	1	1	1⅔
Newtownards, .	554	2	6¾	132	5	11½	81	19	6¼	768	8	0½	929	78,697	85	445	1	2¾	0	1¾	1	4½
Newtownlimavady.	412	6	2	86	19	4	81	2	8	580	8	2	735	64,958	88	367	1	1	0	2	1	3
Oldcastle, . .	1,272	1	3¾	267	18	8	232	4	3¼	1,772	4	3	2,204	222,925	101	1,260	0	11½	0	1¾	1	1¼
Omagh, . .	786	19	2	144	8	5	198	14	1	1,130	1	8	1,615	140,391	87	793	0	11	0	2½	1	1½
Oughterard, .	996	16	10¼	82	15	4½	522	10	4	1,602	2	6¾	2,074	172,931	83	977	0	10¼	0	5	1	3¼

Parsonstown,	1,343	13	5¼	128	18	2¾	453	3	2⅓	1,925	14	10½	2,669	217,517	81	1,239	1	0½	0	3½	1	4
Portumna,	706	11	1	62	6	4	139	18	8	908	16	1	1,429	123,543	86	698	0	10⅔	0	2	1	0½
Rathdown,	805	0	0	171	13	4½	191	9	0½	1,168	2	4¾	1,281	91,897	72	519	1	5	0	3½	1	8¾
Rathdrum,	1,074	7	1¾	168	4	7¾	353	7	4	1,595	19	1½	1,919	169,616	88	958	1	0	0	3⅓	1	3⅓
Rathkeale,	2,119	18	1	244	11	3	493	0	2	2,857	9	6	3,321	315,525	95	1,783	1	0½	0	2¾	1	3½
Roscommon,	2,146	10	8½	392	3	6	581	15	3⅓	3,120	9	6	3,323	279,247	84	1,578	1	3¼	0	3½	1	6¾
Roscrea,	1,308	2	11¼	264	1	6	474	13	4	2,046	17	9¼	2,440	227,840	93	1,287	0	11¾	0	3½	1	3¼
Scariff,	2,774	16	5	308	6	1	872	2	2½	3,955	4	8½	4,027	418,613	104	2,365	1	0½	0	3½	1	4
Shillelagh,	877	5	5½	91	4	7	131	0	10½	1,099	10	11	1,389	125,802	91	711	1	0¼	0	1¾	1	2¼
Skibbereen,	2,231	2	1½	167	1	6	389	18	1½	2,788	1	9	4,461	374,310	84	2,115	0	10¾	0	1¾	1	0⅓
Skull,	842	14	0¼	56	8	1½	167	12	2	1,066	14	3¾	2,098	160,903	77	909	0	9½	0	1⅝	0	11¼
Sligo,	1,904	5	6	364	15	3	577	6	2	2,846	6	11	3,929	277,107	73	1,566	1	1¾	0	3½	1	5¼
Strabane,	757	13	11	62	12	4	112	4	3	932	10	6	1,221	107,724	89	609	1	0¾	0	1¾	1	2¾
Stranorlar,	219	8	3	41	7	4½	24	16	5	285	12	0½	507	41,686	82	235	0	10½	0	1	0	11½
Strokestown,	1,236	6	1	113	15	4	372	17	3	1,722	18	8	2,048	178,734	87	1,010	1	0⅝	0	3½	1	4¼
Swineford,	753	17	1	85	2	11½	144	0	10	983	0	10½	1,364	138,260	101	781	0	10¼	0	1¾	1	0
Thomastown,	1,260	10	0	140	6	9¼	316	7	1⅓	1,717	3	10¾	2,135	151,851	71	858	1	3½	0	3½	1	7
Thurles,	2,568	16	4	262	14	11	870	16	11	3,702	8	2	5,638	418,006	74	2,362	0	11½	0	3½	1	3
Tipperary,	3,899	3	0	507	16	8	1,385	1	0	5,792	0	8	8,179	664,825	81	3,756	0	11¼	0	3⅓	1	2¾
Tobercurry,	398	14	6	–			96	18	9	495	13	3	607	51,001	84	288	1	1	0	3¼	1	4¼
Tralee,	5,063	17	8	499	12	2½	895	11	6¼	6,459	1	4⅓	9,404	859,753	91	4,862	0	11	0	1¾	1	0¾
Trim,	700	13	2¼	195	3	0	223	8	5½	1,119	4	7¾	2,879	107,243	37	606	1	2	0	3½	1	5½
Tuam,	2,183	4	9	171	3	1	760	4	9	3,114	12	7	3,919	364,939	93	2,062	0	10½	0	3½	1	2
Tulla,	1,997	12	7	217	18	9½	659	19	2½	2,875	10	7	3,818	316,781	83	1,790	0	11¾	0	3½	1	3¼
Tullamore,	1,939	11	4	390	15	7½	628	18	3	2,959	5	2⅔	3,732	301,878	81	1,705	1	1	0	3½	1	4½
Urlingford,	1,142	19	9	190	9	11	319	8	8	1,652	18	4	1,937	153,328	79	866	1	2⅜	0	3½	1	6¼
Waterford,	2,782	12	7⅜	240	14	11¼	767	10	10	3,790	18	5	6,895	368,420	53	2,081	1	2	0	3½	1	5½
Westport,	1,527	11	3¾	254	12	2	608	0	5½	2,390	3	11¼	3,949	291,851	74	1,649	0	10¼	0	3½	1	1¾
Wexford,	1,760	16	5	220	13	7	214	5	1¾	2,195	15	1¾	3,267	205,687	63	1,162	1	4	0	1¾	1	5¾
Youghal,	1,397	9	8¾	102	8	5¾	239	0	9	1,738	18	11½	3,969	229,476	58	1,296	0	10¾	0	1¾	1	0½
Total,	241,966	15	5¾	27,676	18	7¼	56,159	19	0½	325,803	13	1½	446,829	36,564,487	82	206,579	1	0½	0	2½	1	3

No. VIII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1851 (included in Table No. III.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Work-house.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	1,511	2	4½	183	0	3½	197	12	11¾	1,891	15	7¾	2,081	189,743	91	1,009	1	3	0	1¾	1	4¾
Antrim,	406	15	2	67	15	9	134	5	4	608	16	3	536	56,392	105	300	1	2	0	4	1	6
Ardee,	918	6	4	117	5	4	129	3	10	1,164	15	6	1,647	124,026	75	660	1	2	0	1¾	1	3¾
Armagh,	491	3	9	89	15	5	75	14	9	656	13	11	764	72,707	95	387	1	1¼	0	1¾	1	3
Athlone,	2,185	2	0	161	18	7	178	18	10½	2,525	19	5½	2,797	310,491	111	1,652	1	0¾	0	1¾	1	2
Athy,	1,149	10	8¾	114	14	3	177	7	6¾	1,441	12	6½	1,953	170,283	87	906	1	0¼	0	1¾	1	2
Bailieborough,	1,054	12	4	222	13	8	163	8	11	1,440	14	11	1,778	156,908	88	835	1	2	0	1¾	1	3¾
Ballina,	1,663	15	4	144	10	0½	279	7	8¾	2,087	11	1¼	2,438	268,211	110	1,427	0	11¼	0	1¾	1	1
Ballinasloe,	1,470	10	4	98	5	0	163	2	7	1,731	17	11	1,946	208,718	107	1,110	1	0½	0	1½	1	2
Ballinrobe,	2,821	18	1	194	3	0¾	512	4	7¼	3,528	5	9	5,036	491,741	98	2,616	0	10½	0	1½	1	0¼
Ballycastle,	315	15	2	61	19	5	29	10	7	407	5	2	444	43,317	98	230	1	2½	0	1¾	1	3¾
Ballymahon,	1,183	19	2	95	0	5¼	322	16	6	1,601	16	1¼	1,609	154,956	96	824	1	2	0	3½	1	5½
Ballymena,	310	15	2	87	11	6	46	5	4	444	12	0	565	44,416	79	236	1	3	0	1¾	1	4¾
Ballymoney,	397	3	2	66	2	3	58	19	10	522	5	3	511	56,634	111	301	1	1¾	0	1¾	1	3½
Ballyshannon,	357	12	11	66	17	1	63	19	10	488	9	10	745	61,433	82	327	0	11½	0	1¾	1	1¾
Ballyvaghan,	1,208	2	8½	73	19	11	380	1	1½	1,662	3	8¾	2,050	182,427	89	970	1	0	0	3½	1	3¾
Balrothery,	841	5	8½	84	17	3¾	185	11	6	1,111	14	6	1,102	89,076	81	474	1	5	0	3½	1	8½
Baltinglass,	1,076	5	8¼	203	12	8¾	314	7	4	1,594	5	9	1,732	150,896	87	803	1	2¼	0	3½	1	5¾
Banbridge,	511	3	2½	118	6	5½	73	17	2¾	703	6	10¾	722	70,908	98	377	1	2¼	0	1¾	1	4
Bandon,	1,160	10	5¼	92	14	2¾		–		1,253	4	8	2,206	194,421	88	1,034	0	10¾		–	0	10¾
Bantry,	1,653	16	5½	113	18	1	316	10	6¼	2,084	5	0¾	4,065	303,865	75	1,616	0	9¾	0	1¾	0	11½

Bawnboy,	333	5	6	49	13	10	47	6	7	430	5	11	522	58,476	112	311	0	11	0	1½	1	0½
Belfast,	2,501	2	4	491	7	8	615	3	7	3,607	13	7	4,093	295,286	72	1,571	1	5	0	3½	1	8½
Belmullet,	1,780	15	1	78	14	11	168	6	8	2,027	16	8	2,799	323,199	115	1,719	0	9¾	0	1	0	10¾
Borrisokane,	1,448	6	4¼	90	16	7¼	242	13	10	1,781	16	9½	2,022	203,865	101	1,084	1	0¾	0	2	1	2¾
Boyle,	1,068	13	9	62	6	3	138	5	7	1,269	5	7	1,365	132,749	97	706	1	2¼	0	1¾	1	4
Caherciveen,	2,595	12	5	84	10	9	937	16	4	3,617	19	6	5,379	450,152	84	2,394	0	10	0	3½	1	1½
Callan,	2,103	7	9	157	15	7	330	15	11¼	2,591	19	3¼	4,665	317,565	68	1,689	1	0	0	1¾	1	1¾
Carlow,	3,515	19	7¼	387	16	5½	472	11	11½	4,376	8	0¼	5,775	453,694	79	2,413	1	2	0	1¾	1	3¾
Carrickmacross,	1,830	19	10¼	205	7	6¾	132	10	2	2,168	17	7	2,239	254,415	118	1,353	1	1½	0	1	1	2½
Carrick-on-Shan.	837	9	10	81	14	2	252	0	10	1,171	4	10	1,404	120,980	86	644	1	0¾	0	3½	1	4½
Carrick-on-Suir,	1,406	19	5¼	123	12	2½	364	7	8½	1,894	19	4¼	3,206	174.903	55	930	1	2½	0	3½	1	6
Cashel,	5,960	15	9	490	6	5	811	18	4	7,263	0	6	8,287	779,440	94	4,146	1	1¾	0	1¾	1	3½
Castlebar,	2,331	5	1	149	13	1	377	8	4	2,858	6	6	3,882	362,320	93	1,927	0	10¾	0	1¾	1	0½
Castleblayney,	970	17	6	62	2	3	125	5	3¾	1,158	5	0¾	1,298	120,255	93	640	1	2¼	0	1¾	1	4
Castlecomer,	428	18	3	53	12	3¼	110	8	11	592	19	5¼	830	53,015	64	282	1	3	0	3½	1	6½
Castlederg,	124	1	3	29	10	5	14	15	8	168	7	4	281	26,030	93	138	0	10	0	1	0	11
Castlerea,	1,285	1	2	118	8	0	329	2	9	1,732	11	11	2,449	210,548	86	1,120	0	11	0	2¾	1	1¾
Castletown,	817	5	1¾	66	3	0¾	295	2	5½	1,178	10	8	1,552	141,659	91	754	0	10½	0	3½	1	2
Castletowndelvin,	279	15	7	45	4	1	47	12	2	372	11	10	420	44,000	105	234	1	0¼	0	1¾	1	2
Cavan,	1,311	3	6¾	170	4	5	269	6	8½	1,750	14	8½	1,910	226,241	118	1,203	0	11	0	2	1	1
Celbridge,	665	2	1¼	103	0	0	211	10	2¼	979	12	3½	814	67,683	83	360	1	7	0	5¼	2	0¼
Claremorris,	1,518	7	5¼	83	4	3¾	461	16	6½	2,063	8	3½	2,886	221,677	77	1,179	1	0¼	0	3½	1	3¾
Clifden,	3,310	1	6	198	11	3	1,094	0	4	4,602	13	1	5,160	525,138	102	2,793	0	11¼	0	0½	0	11¾
Clogheen,	2,062	5	11	159	9	6	–			2,221	15	5	5,460	322,244	59	1,714	1	0	–		1	0
Clogher,	383	16	8¾	123	12	7¼	131	2	10	638	12	2	719	62,948	88	335	1	1½	0	3½	1	5
Clonakilty,	643	7	2¼	47	17	8	40	0	6	731	5	4½	1,005	110,586	110	588	0	10½	0	0¾	0	11¼
Clones,	563	17	10½	42	19	2¾	80	18	11	687	16	0	754	77,706	103	413	1	1	0	1¾	1	2¾
Clonmel,	3,842	11	11½	325	16	10	540	14	6¾	4,709	3	4¼	5,819	519,097	89	2,761	1	1½	0	1¾	1	3¼
Coleraine,	417	16	4	60	0	9	57	11	2	535	8	3	676	55,256	82	294	1	2½	0	1¾	1	4¼
Cookstown,	277	10	4	76	4	9	47	12	5	401	7	6	426	45,716	107	243	1	1	0	1¾	1	2¾
Cootehill,	1,020	16	8	139	5	9	176	13	8	1,336	16	1	1,627	169.619	104	902	0	11½	0	1¾	1	1¾
Cork,	5,902	11	2	427	8	10	539	1	0	6,869	1	0	15,279	905,870	59	4,818	0	11¾	0	1	1	0¾
Corrofin,	1,132	2	3¾	83	18	8½	159	5	7½	1,375	6	7½	2,579	188,515	73	1,003	0	10	0	2½	1	0¾
Croom,	1,736	10	4½	197	19	7½	323	13	7¼	2,258	3	7¼	3,452	310,733	90	1,653	0	10¾	0	2	1	0¾
Dingle,	4,457	4	11	416	9	6	758	13	1	5,632	7	6	8,694	728,309	84	3,873	0	11¼	0	1¾	1	1

[*continued.*

No. VIII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1851 (included in Table No. III.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Donaghmore,	447	1	1	85	4	8	156	6	10	688	12	7	801	75,045	94	400	1	0	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Donegal,	375	15	$11\frac{1}{2}$	59	3	10	129	3	4	564	3	$1\frac{1}{2}$	644	62,000	96	330	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Downpatrick,	606	5	$0\frac{1}{2}$	131	6	7	87	16	2	825	7	$9\frac{1}{2}$	987	84,296	85	448	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Drogheda,	937	13	$2\frac{1}{2}$	75	17	$1\frac{3}{4}$	120	3	$11\frac{3}{4}$	1,133	14	4	1,661	115,391	69	614	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Dromore, West,	312	8	$4\frac{1}{2}$	36	6	11	79	18	1	428	13	$4\frac{1}{2}$	439	47,184	107	251	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	3	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Dublin, North,	4,202	19	4	720	11	$10\frac{1}{4}$	695	18	0	5,619	9	$2\frac{1}{4}$	5,115	441,735	86	2,350	1	$6\frac{1}{2}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	9
Dublin, South,	5,349	5	$5\frac{1}{2}$	504	0	0	1,746	2	0	7,599	7	$5\frac{1}{2}$	6,237	558,752	89	2,972	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$	0	$5\frac{1}{4}$	1	$10\frac{3}{4}$
Dundalk,	1,247	14	$2\frac{1}{4}$	99	18	$1\frac{3}{4}$	85	4	8	1,432	17	0	1,545	143,190	93	762	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$	0	1	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$
Dunfanaghy,	151	1	3	29	4	6	24	18	7	205	4	4	315	23,927	76	127	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Dungannon,	290	0	$8\frac{1}{2}$	52	17	5	27	7	6	370	5	$7\frac{1}{2}$	578	52,481	91	279	0	11	0	1	1	0
Dungarvan,	1,605	0	$5\frac{3}{4}$	98	5	1	283	14	$10\frac{3}{4}$	1,987	0	$5\frac{1}{2}$	3,374	272,395	81	1,449	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$
Dunmanway,	573	10	10	46	11	$10\frac{1}{4}$	72	1	11	692	4	$7\frac{1}{4}$	1,845	121,123	66	644	0	$8\frac{3}{4}$	0	1	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$
Dunshaughlin,	759	0	8	124	7	$2\frac{1}{4}$	103	10	1	986	17	$11\frac{1}{4}$	1,256	99,364	79	529	1	2	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$
Edenderry,	1,076	13	11	130	8	0	328	4	$8\frac{1}{2}$	1,535	6	$7\frac{1}{2}$	1,806	157,553	87	838	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$0\frac{1}{2}$	1	1
Ennis,	4,414	9	7	316	18	5	786	3	9	5,517	11	9	6,959	660,397	95	3,513	1	0	0	2	1	2
Enniscorthy,	2,198	3	$8\frac{3}{4}$	116	6	7	293	7	9	2,607	18	$0\frac{3}{4}$	3,620	281,348	78	1,497	1	2	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$
Enniskillen,	708	18	2	122	12	7	124	8	0	955	18	9	1,095	125,131	114	666	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$
Ennistymon,	3,930	0	4	332	11	8	1,283	11	$0\frac{1}{2}$	5,546	3	$0\frac{1}{2}$	6,650	616,105	88	3,277	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	3
Fermoy,	1,731	13	$2\frac{2}{4}$	127	3	5	648	1	$6\frac{1}{2}$	2,506	18	$2\frac{1}{4}$	4,898	311,076	64	1,655	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	2
Galway,	3,879	16	$9\frac{1}{2}$	225	8	$0\frac{1}{2}$	1,033	10	0	5,138	14	$9\frac{1}{4}$	6,655	661,182	99	3,517	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	1
Glennamaddy,	969	9	$4\frac{3}{4}$	90	3	$7\frac{1}{4}$	252	12	3	1,312	5	3	3,331	156,876	47	834	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	2

Glenties, . .	268	14	3	32	7	7	18	7	7	319	9	5	691	47,267	68	251	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$
Glin, . . .	1,841	16	$9\frac{1}{2}$	119	3	$4\frac{1}{2}$	196	17	$5\frac{1}{2}$	2,157	17	$7\frac{1}{2}$	2,799	294,772	105	1,567	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$		
Gorey, . .	1,813	0	10	243	14	2	475	18	$8\frac{1}{2}$	2,532	13	$8\frac{1}{2}$	2,681	228,449	85	1,215	1	3	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$6\frac{1}{2}$
Gort, . . .	2,385	1	10	185	2	6	492	5	$6\frac{1}{2}$	3,062	9	$10\frac{1}{2}$	5,049	472,586	94	2,514	0	$9\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	11
Gortin, . .	216	2	4	28	18	10	32	12	2	277	13	4	392	31,304	80	166	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	3
Granard, . .	1,855	9	$4\frac{2}{4}$	186	18	$8\frac{1}{4}$	652	10	5	2,694	18	6	3,082	313,210	102	1,666	0	$10\frac{2}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Inishowen, . .	541	2	$5\frac{1}{2}$	44	17	3	26	0	$5\frac{1}{2}$	612	0	2	1182	99,920	85	531	0	10	0	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$
Kanturk, . .	3,508	3	$3\frac{2}{4}$	281	16	7	1,315	18	$7\frac{1}{2}$	5,105	18	$6\frac{1}{4}$	6,943	631,647	91	3,360	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	2
Kells, . . .	1,442	19	1	211	5	7	204	14	$8\frac{1}{4}$	1,858	19	$4\frac{1}{4}$	2,275	196,545	86	1,045	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$
Kenmare, . .	3,672	13	$6\frac{3}{4}$	193	6	$5\frac{1}{4}$	783	19	$8\frac{3}{4}$	4,649	19	$8\frac{1}{2}$	5,967	501,752	84	2,669	1	1	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Kilkeel, . .	180	16	$4\frac{3}{4}$	27	6	$9\frac{3}{4}$	25	19	$4\frac{1}{4}$	234	2	$7\frac{1}{4}$	408	24,931	61	133	1	2	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$
Kilkenny, . .	3,038	16	$6\frac{1}{4}$	273	5	$6\frac{1}{4}$	820	10	0	4,132	12	$0\frac{1}{2}$	5,658	393,840	70	2,095	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$
Killadysert, .	2,765	17	10	188	14	1	835	12	1	3,790	4	0	4,486	401,091	89	2,133	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	4
Killala, . .	1,726	6	$9\frac{1}{4}$	61	14	$8\frac{3}{4}$	504	15	$10\frac{1}{4}$	2,292	17	$4\frac{1}{4}$	2,080	242,300	116	1,289	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	5
Killarney, . .	4,043	1	$4\frac{2}{4}$	222	13	$6\frac{1}{2}$	689	17	6	4,955	12	$5\frac{1}{4}$	9,322	662,283	71	3,523	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Kilmacthomas, .	481	19	4	34	11	4	120	19	9	637	10	5	1,043	76,392	73	406	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1	2
Kilmallock, . .	4,814	19	$2\frac{1}{2}$	481	12	$0\frac{1}{2}$	860	7	6	6,156	18	9	8,332	825,960	99	4,393	0	11	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$
Kilrush, . .	5,692	16	$5\frac{3}{4}$	215	3	10	–			5,908	0	$3\frac{3}{4}$	9,392	792,574	84	4,216	1	0	–		1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Kinsale, . .	793	6	$7\frac{3}{4}$	94	4	$10\frac{1}{4}$	154	7	$7\frac{1}{2}$	1,041	19	$1\frac{1}{2}$	2,176	148,206	68	788	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$
Larne, . .	379	9	5	66	10	7	57	9	5	503	9	5	508	55,171	109	293	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Letterkenny, .	225	5	8	54	7	3	39	6	8	318	19	7	428	37,760	88	201	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Limerick, . .	7,497	9	5	649	4	2	2,341	2	11	10,487	16	6	12,841	1,123,750	88	5,977	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$
Lisburn, . .	436	17	$5\frac{1}{2}$	88	17	$9\frac{1}{4}$	85	1	0	610	16	$2\frac{2}{4}$	675	63,506	94	338	1	2	0	$2\frac{1}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Lismore, . .	1,565	6	$1\frac{1}{4}$	149	2	9	281	9	4	1,995	18	$2\frac{1}{4}$	2,812	270,203	96	1,437	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Lisnaskea, . .	381	0	10	71	17	10	72	5	7	525	4	3	671	69,390	103	369	0	11	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$
Listowel, . .	5,610	9	11	273	16	9	1,828	3	11	7,712	10	7	9,252	877,552	95	4,668	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$
Londonderry, .	740	6	4	85	15	5	83	7	10	909	9	7	1,653	103,544	63	551	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1	$2\frac{2}{3}$
Longford, . .	1,970	11	0	146	18	$9\frac{3}{4}$	583	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$	2,700	11	$3\frac{1}{4}$	3,157	279,875	89	1,489	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	4
Loughrea, . .	2,105	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	101	18	$4\frac{1}{2}$	355	4	$8\frac{3}{4}$	2,562	4	$2\frac{1}{2}$	3,485	341,027	97	1,814	0	11	0	$1\frac{2}{4}$	1	$0\frac{2}{4}$
Lowtherstown, .	182	6	11	35	14	6	31	18	7	250	0	0	468	37,314	80	198	0	10	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$
Lurgan, . .	458	7	5	131	14	2	128	9	0	718	10	7	1,136	61,675	54	328	1	4	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$7\frac{1}{2}$
Macroom, . .	1,675	16	$5\frac{2}{4}$	150	3	$6\frac{1}{4}$	153	6	6	1,979	6	6	4,037	343,535	85	1,827	0	9	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$
Magherafelt, .	391	0	5	70	19	2	21	18	3	483	17	10	565	57,911	102	308	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	–		1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Mallow, . .	1,967	16	1	213	15	8	321	16	$9\frac{1}{4}$	2,503	8	$6\frac{1}{4}$	5,341	308,965	58	1,643	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{2}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Manorhamilton, .	487	8	7	60	10	0	–			547	18	7	921	89,240	97	475	0	$10\frac{1}{4}$	–		0	$10\frac{1}{4}$

[*continued.*

No. VIII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1851 (included in Table No. III.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Midleton,	2,398	13	3¾	166	13	9	204	2	6	2,769	9	6¾	5,942	391,921	66	2,085	0	11	0	1	1	0
Milford,	405	7	1	70	14	11	130	3	0	606	5	0	628	62,472	99	332	1	0¾	0	3½	1	4¼
Millstreet,	2,209	5	9	76	7	5	392	7	8	2,678	0	10	4,780	376,694	79	2,004	0	10¼	0	1¾	1	0
Mitchelstown,	1,855	18	4¼	176	19	10	698	16	2	2,731	14	4¼	5,154	335,428	65	1,778	0	10¼	0	3½	1	1¾
Mohill,	934	11	1	120	2	0¾	84	4	2	1,138	17	3¾	1,359	161,681	119	860	0	11	0	1	1	0
Monaghan,	640	13	4	121	10	4	19	5	2	781	8	10	896	95,913	107	510	1	1½	0	0¼	1	1¾
Mount Bellew,	1,122	17	1¾	49	2	6	122	2	6¼	1,294	2	2	1,418	156,321	110	831	1	1	0	0¼	1	1¼
Mountmelick,	1,730	11	4½	295	2	0½	275	15	4	2,301	8	9	3,375	264,737	78	1,408	1	0¾	0	1¾	1	2½
Mullingar,	1,609	5	9½	322	2	4½	522	3	0½	2,453	11	2½	2,472	250,634	101	1,333	1	1	0	3½	1	4½
Naas,	1,595	10	10½	219	11	10	432	1	0	2,247	3	8¼	2,182	207,384	95	1,103	1	2	0	3½	1	5½
Navan,	1,348	14	6½	150	15	1¾	169	8	3¼	1,668	17	11½	2,045	162,637	80	865	1	3½	0	1¾	1	5¼
Nenagh,	3,967	3	5	389	18	2¾	113	4	6	4,470	6	1¾	7,448	637,017	86	3,383	0	11¼	0	0¼	0	11½
Newcastle,	4,389	5	0	430	15	0½	1,482	16	4	6,302	16	4¼	9,108	711,752	78	3,786	0	11¼	0	3½	1	2¾
Newport,	1,744	5	6½	88	9	0½	603	9	5½	2,436	4	0½	3,493	289,667	83	1,541	0	10¾	0	3½	1	2¼
New Ross,	3,282	8	6½	157	5	6½	738	1	2½	4,177	15	3¼	4,869	354,279	73	1,884	1	4	0	3½	1	7½
Newry,	777	18	3	108	1	9	61	11	8	947	11	8	1,263	116,740	92	621	1	0¾	0	1	1	1¾
Newtownards,	583	15	10	111	11	3	166	3	3	861	10	4	959	79,758	83	424	1	2½	0	3½	1	6
Newtownlimavady,	402	11	11	75	0	10	78	9	6	556	2	3	825	60,706	74	323	1	1¼	0	2¾	1	3½
Oldcastle,	1,370	17	10¼	240	0	1	123	11	3½	1,734	9	2¾	2,265	237,245	105	1,262	0	11½	0	1	1	0½
Omagh,	605	9	10	76	3	10	113	13	1	795	6	9	1,219	89,770	74	478	1	0¾	0	2¼	1	3
Oughterard,	1,859	10	1½	79	1	0¼	971	16	9	2,910	7	10¾	3,892	319,346	82	1,699	0	10½	0	5	1	5¼

Parsonstown, .	1,822	19	1	141	0	11½	294	3	1¾	2,258	2	4¼	3,546	282,391	80	1,502	0	11¾	0	1¼	1	1¼
Portumna, . .	974	18	9¾	48	5	2¼	168	8	7	1,191	12	7	1,747	161,692	93	860	0	10¾	0	1¾	1	0½
Rathdown, . .	807	16	8½	145	16	10	187	9	8½	1,141	3	3	1,268	90,007	71	479	1	5¾	0	3½	1	9½
Rathdrum, . .	1,141	13	6	161	17	0	359	14	11	1,663	5	5	1,975	172,678	87	919	1	0¼	0	3½	1	4½
Rathkeale, . .	2,444	15	6¾	250	0	4½	787	0	4½	3,481	16	3½	3,838	377,769	98	2,009	1	0	0	3½	1	3½
Roscommon, .	2,162	8	3½	292	8	0½	688	5	11½	3,143	2	3½	3,830	330,383	86	1,757	1	0½	0	3½	1	4
Roscrea, . .	1,514	4	6½	288	16	10	529	16	2	2,332	17	6½	2,705	254,306	93	1,353	1	0	0	3½	1	3½
Scariff, . .	2,868	3	9	253	16	2	1,029	12	10½	4,151	12	9½	4,104	492,521	120	2,620	0	10½	0	3½	1	2
Shillelagh, . .	927	5	1¾	64	7	5¼	140	17	2½	1,132	9	9½	1,460	135,226	93	719	1	0¼	0	1½	1	2
Skibbereen, .	2,632	18	7	166	1	1	489	2	9	3,288	2	5	5,752	469,570	82	2,498	0	10	0	1½	0	11¾
Skull, . . .	1,100	0	4	84	16	11¼	207	0	4¾	1,391	17	8	2,279	198,739	87	1,057	0	9¾	0	1½	0	11½
Sligo, . . .	1,875	5	1	269	12	9	552	14	9	2,697	12	7	3,790	265,315	70	1,411	1	5	0	3½	1	8½
Strabane, . .	583	15	4	76	15	6	88	6	3	748	17	1	1,127	84,799	75	451	1	1¾	0	1¾	1	3
Stranorlar, . .	214	14	10	41	15	1	24	17	0	281	6	11	557	41,756	75	222	0	10¼	0	1	0	11¼
Strokestown, .	1,517	18	1¾	145	4	0½	447	2	1½	2,110	4	3½	2,535	214,611	85	1,142	1	1	0	3½	1	4½
Swineford, . .	1,070	8	2	67	7	4¾	276	14	11½	1,414	10	6¼	1,823	185,985	102	989	0	10¼	0	2½	1	0¾
Thomastown, .	1,607	6	9¾	110	7	4¾	405	4	0½	2,122	18	3	2,611	194,497	74	1,035	1	3	0	3½	1	6½
Thurles, . .	3,184	0	0	245	9	7	1,026	5	5	4,455	15	0	7,428	492,610	66	2,620	0	11½	0	3½	1	3
Tipperary, . .	4,553	0	2	438	8	10	1,580	2	10	6,571	11	10	8,621	758,469	88	4,034	0	11	0	3½	1	2½
Tobercurry, .	372	9	5¾	46	5	2½	106	10	1	525	4	9¼	608	55,594	91	296	1	0¾	0	3½	1	4
Tralee, . .	6,061	2	5	409	7	10	1,177	14	3¾	7,648	4	6¾	11,181	1,130,607	111	6,014	0	9¾	0	1¾	0	11½
Trim, . . .	902	4	1	103	7	3	249	6	1	1,254	17	5	2,249	119,666	53	637	1	2	0	3½	1	5½
Tuam, . .	2,760	5	4¼	168	3	8¾	720	9	0¼	3,648	18	1¼	4,919	461,088	94	2,453	0	10½	0	2½	1	1
Tulla, . . .	2,553	16	1	193	8	10	875	14	2½	3,622	19	1½	4,235	420,341	99	2,236	0	11	0	3½	1	2½
Tullamore, . .	2,039	14	0	301	14	9½	678	1	11	3,019	10	8½	4,082	325,486	80	1,731	1	0	0	3½	1	3½
Urlingford, .	1,451	16	10½	143	3	7½	404	7	3½	1,999	7	9½	2,246	184,095	86	1,032	1	2	0	3½	1	5½
Waterford, . .	3,261	15	1	249	0	9¼	888	1	6	4,398	17	4¼	9,265	426,276	46	2,267	1	1½	0	3½	1	5
Westport, . .	2,974	16	4	267	8	5	554	2	7	3,796	7	4	5,535	531,964	96	2,830	0	10½	0	1¾	1	0¼
Wexford, . .	2,069	17	10½	201	12	3½	243	4	9	2,514	14	11	3,922	233,508	60	1,242	1	4¼	0	1¾	1	6
Youghal, . .	1,663	3	7½	114	10	6	592	18	2	2,370	12	3½	5,369	284,596	53	1,514	0	10½	0	3½	1	2
Total, .	280,429	10	5½	25,963	10	8½	60,743	18	7¼	367,136	19	9¼	508,373	42,782,101	84	227,564	1	0½	0	2¼	1	2¾

No. IX.—Classification of Persons relieved in the Union Workhouses in Ireland, during the Year ended 29th Sept., 1851.

Classes of Persons Relieved in the Workhouses.				No. in the Half-year ended 25th March, 1851.	No. in the Half-year ended 29th September, 1851.
ABLE-BODIED AND THEIR CHILDREN.					
Adults,	Married Couples,	Males,	1	9,907	9,483
		Females,	2	9,907	9,483
	Other Males,		3	63,949	75,224
	Other Females,		4	124,231	144,527
Children under 15, of Able-bodied Inmates,		Illegitimate,	5	7,002	8,056
		Other children,	6	107,667	120,281
NOT ABLE-BODIED.					
Adults,	Married Couples,	Males,	7	1,944	2,022
		Females,	8	1,944	2,022
	Other Males,		9	15,222	17,696
	Other Females,		10	18,769	21,633
Children under 15,	Of Parents not able-bodied being Inmates	Illegitimate,	11	612	489
		Other children,	12	7,348	7,986
	Orphans, or other children, relieved without Parents,		13	76,693	87,697
LUNATICS, INSANE PERSONS, AND IDIOTS.					
Adult Males,			14	684	731
Adult Females,			15	808	896
Children under 15,			16	142	147
Total number of Males,			17	91,706	105,156
Do. Females,			18	155,659	178,561
Do. Children under 15,			19	199,464	224,656
Grand Total,			20	446,829	508,373

No. X.—Classification of Persons relieved out of the Workhouses in Unions in Ireland, during the Year ended 29th September, 1851.

Classes of Persons Relieved.		Number in the Half-year ended 25 March, 1851.	Number in the Half-year ended 29 Sept., 1851.
RELIEVED UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, SEC. 1.			
Adult Males permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,	1	1,469	2,174
Families of Adult Males under heading 1, Wives,	2	700	1,039
Families of Adult Males under heading 1, Children under 15,	3	1,270	1,699
Adult Males relieved in cases of their own sickness or accident,	4	2,512	3,783
Families of Adult Males under heading 4, Wives,	5	1,127	1,458
Families of Adult Males under heading 4, Children under 15,	6	2,763	3,816
Adult Women permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,	7	3,091	4,603
Children under 15, of women under heading 7, Legitimate,	8	558	1,171
Children under 15, of women under heading 7, Illegitimate,	9	47	28
Adult Women relieved in cases of sickness or accident,	10	2,208	3,928
Children under 15, of women under heading 10, Legitimate,	11	1,399	2,435
Children under 15, of women under heading 10, Illegitimate,	12	97	149
Able-bodied Widows, having two or more legitimate children dependent on them,	13	1,585	2,579
Children under 15 dependent on Widows under heading 13,	14	4,352	6,790
Lunatics, Insane persons, and Idiots, Males,	15	40	67
Lunatics, Insane persons, and Idiots, Females,	16	35	60
Lunatics, Insane persons, and Idiots, Children under 15,	17	40	39
Total,		23,293	35,818
PERSONS RELIEVED UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, NOT RELIEVABLE UNDER SEC. 1.*			
Adult Males, married or single, relieved on account of want of work,	18	1	1
Families of Adult Males under heading 18, Wives,	19	1	1
Families of Adult Males under heading 18, Children under 15,	20	3	4
Able-bodied Women, Unmarried,	21	–	2
Able-bodied Women, Widows not relievable under sec. 1,	22	–	2
Children of Women under headings 21 and 22, Legitimate,	23	–	–
Children of Women under headings 21 and 22, Illegitimate,	24	–	–
Families relieved without Husband or Father.			
Husband or Father in Gaol, Wives,	25	1	1
Husband or Father in Gaol, Children under 15,	26	2	2
Husband or Father on service in Army or Navy, Wives,	27	1	–
Husband or Father on service in Army or Navy, Children under 15,	28	4	–
Deserted by Husband or Father, Wives,	29	5	2
Deserted by Husband or Father, Children under 15,	30	59	15
Orphans and children relieved without either parent,	31	105	50
Total,		182	80

* There being no Order in operation under Section 2, these were cases provisionally relieved by the Relieving Officers.—See Table and Note, page 3.

No. XI.—Statement (in pursuance of sec. 20 of 12 & 13 Vic., c. 104) of Audit of Union Accounts:—(in continuation of Statement in Fourth Annual Report, 1851, Appendix B., No. II.)

1. Date up to which the Accounts of Unions have been closed and audited.

The Accounts of all the Unions have been audited to 29th September, 1851.

2. Sums Disallowed or found Due on Audit of the Accounts of Unions in Ireland, up to 29th September, 1851, and whether Recovered or in course of Recovery from the Parties Debited.

Unions.	Half-year ended.	Date of Audit.	Amount Disallowed or found Due. £ s. d.	Whether Repaid or in course of Recovery.	Observations:—Nature of Sum Disallowed, &c.
Ballina, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	2 Sep., 1851,	21 16 0	Paid, ...	Amount of Clothing condemned by Master without authority.
Ballymoney, .	25 Mar., 1851,	21 June, 1851,	9 5 6	Paid, ...	A disputed amount by Mr. A. Kirkpatrick, late Poor Rate Collector, in settling his accounts.
,, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	21 June, 1851,	0 4 0	Paid, ...	Overpaid to Clerk of Union, for carriage of Coals.
,, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	21 June, 1851,	1 0 2	Paid, ...	Overpaid to Clothing Contractors.
Ballyshannon, .	25 Mar., 1851,	30 May, 1851,	1 0 8	In course of recovery, .	Amount of Law Costs for proceedings against Collectors.

Ballyvaghan,	29 Sep., 1851,	27 Jan., 1852,	0 11 6	Paid,		9*s.* 0*d.* omitted from Rate Books—2*s.* 6*d.*, expense of preparing Memorial to Lords of the Treasury—Charged to Clerk of the Union.
Bandon,	29 Sep., 1851,	31 Oct., 1851,	20 0 0	Not paid,		Gratuity to Master—not sanctioned by Commissioners.
Bantry,	29 Sep., 1851,	10 Dec., 1851,	15 4 0	Paid,		Lost on breach of Contract.
Bawnboy,	25 Mar., 1851,	10 July, 1851,	0 15 0	Paid,		Amount paid Poor Rate Collector for services under Parliamentary Voters' Act.
,,	25 Mar., 1851,	10 July, 1851,	0 5 6	Paid,		Amount paid for conveyance of Paupers.
Caherciveen,	25 Mar., 1851,	10 July, 1851,	0 10 0	Paid,		Overpaid to Contractors.
Carrickmacross,	29 Sep., 1851,	15 Jan., 1852,	0 6 0	Paid,		A payment illegally made, to enable an inmate of the Workhouse to proceed to Clones.
Cashel,	25 Mar., 1851,	25 June, 1851,	5 0 0	Paid,		Overpaid to Clerk of Union for preparing Rate Books.
Castleblayney,	29 Sep., 1851,	24 Dec., 1851,	1 10 0	Paid,		Advanced without authority, to enable an inmate of the Workhouse to emigrate.
Cavan,	25 Mar., 1851,	28 June, 1851,	17 1 6	Part paid,—remainder in course of recovery,		Payments to Collectors attending Revision Courts.
Clones,	25 Mar., 1851,	26 June, 1851,	15 2 5	In course of recovery,		Rent of Land, taken without proper authority.
Dingle,	29 Sep., 1851,	24 Jan., 1852,	0 8 0	Paid,		Overcharge in Relief List.
Dublin, North,	29 Sep., 1851,	5 Dec., 1851,	9 0 0	Paid,		Amount paid to Collectors under Parliamentary Voters' Act.
Dublin, South,	29 Sep., 1851,	19 Nov., 1851,	6 5 0	Paid.		Do. to Assistant Clerk, under Parliamentary Voters' Act.
Edenderry,	29 Sep., 1851,	10 Mar., 1852,	5 1 6	Paid,		£2 18*s.* 6*d.*, deficiency in Workhouse Master's Bread account—£2 3*s.*, maintenance charged by Workhouse Master for two Paupers not in Workhouse.
Ennis,	25 Mar., 1851,	22 July, 1851,	3 3 3	Paid,		Overcharge in Clerk's petty disbursements.
Gort,	25 Mar., 1851,	16 July, 1851,	44 11 9	Paid,		Deficiency in late Master's Provision Account,—amount deducted from his salary.
Kilkeel,	25 Mar., 1851,	17 May, 1851,	3 18 6	Paid,		Money received by late Master of Workhouse, and not accounted for by him.
Killarney,	29 Sep., 1851,	25 Feb., 1852,	6 8 5	Paid,		Cost of Rations overdrawn by the Matron.

[*continued.*

No. XI.—Statement (in pursuance of sec. 20 of 12 & 13 Vic., c. 104) of Audit of Union Accounts:—(in continuation of Statement in Fourth Annual Report, 1851, Appendix B., No. II.)—*continued.*

Unions.	Half-year ended.	Date of Audit.	Amount Disallowed or found Due.	Whether Repaid or in course of Recovery.	Observations:—Nature of Sum Disallowed, &c.
			£ s. d.		
Kilmallock, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	6 Jan., 1852,	306 2 0	Not paid, . .	£218 9*s.* 10*d.*, Value of Provisions and Clothing unaccounted for by F. Gibbons, late Master of Workhouse. £46 4*s.* 0*d.*, Ditto, by Denis O'Brien, late Master of Workhouse. £28 2*s.* 10*d.*, Ditto, by Daniel Moore, Master of Workhouse. £11 19*s.* 7*d.*, Ditto, by John Hannigan, Master of Charleville Auxiliary Workhouse. £1 5*s.* 9*d.* Ditto, by Edward Ryan, Master of Kilmallock Auxiliary Workhouse.
Kilrush, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	19 Jan., 1852,	7 10 0	In course of recovery,	Expense of advertising in a London Newspaper a defence of Guardians' official conduct.
Lisnaskea, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	1 July, 1851,	5 13 10	Paid, ...	Interest charged by Treasurer of Union.
Listowel, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	13 Jan., 1852,	7 12 5	Paid, ...	Deficiency in late Master's Provision account.
Lurgan, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	24 May, 1851,	4 15 0	Paid, ...	Amount paid to Poor Rate Collector for services under Parliamentary Voters' Act.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	27 Nov., 1851,	5 15 0	Paid, ...	Ditto. Ditto. Ditto.
Manorhamilton, .	25 Mar., 1851,	23 July, 1851,	0 1 0	Paid, ...	Overpaid for Vaccination.
Midleton, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	13 Sep., 1851,	5 0 0	Paid, ...	Rent of Night-house paid by Guardians without authority.
Milford, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	30 May, 1851,	4 0 0	Paid, ...	Allowance to Clerk of Union for acting as Master of Workhouse.
Mohill, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	9 July, 1851,	0 19 0 0 13 0	Paid, ...	19*s.*, Car-hire. 13*s.*, Conveyance of Paupers to Workhouse.

Nenagh, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	30 June, 1851,	3	16	8½	Paid, ... Deficiency in late Master's Provision account.
,, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	30 June, 1851,	0	13	6	Paid, ... Car-hire and Stamp, not legally payable by the Union.
Newcastle, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	12 Jan., 1852,	28	17	7½	Not paid, . . . Deficiency in Provision account of David Quaid, formerly Master of Workhouse. Mr. Quaid having left the country and gone to America, proceedings cannot be taken against him for recovery of this sum.
Newtownlimavady,	29 Sep., 1851,	5 Dec., 1851,	0	17	2	In course of recovery, Amount paid for Emigration purposes above the sum sanctioned by the Poor Law Commissioners.
Parsonstown, .	25 Mar., 1851,	14 June, 1851,	33	16	10	Not paid, . . . Deficiency in Clothing, Fuel, and Agricultural Produce, charged to E. S. Lauder, late Workhouse Master, who has left the country.
Rathdrum, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	24 July, 1851,	0	1	4	Paid, ... Out-door Relief illegally given.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	8 Jan., 1852,	0	2	6	Paid, ... Conveyance of a Pauper to Gorey Union.
Sligo, . . .	25 Mar., 1851,	26 July, 1851,	0	4	6	Paid, ... Maintenance, &c., of a Pauper improperly admitted into the Workhouse.
Strabane, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	20 Nov., 1851,	0	5	6	3*s.* remitted & 2*s.* 6*d.* pd. Conveyance of Paupers.
Swineford, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	28 Jan., 1852,	10	0	0	In course of recovery, Overpaid to Medical Officer of the Union.
,, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	26 June, 1851,	5	17	2	Not paid, . . . Deficiency in Bread account, charged to John Ryan, late Storekeeper, who has left the country.
Thurles, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	26 Dec., 1851,	0	11	3	In course of recovery, Thirty copies of a Newspaper, paid for by Guardians.
Tipperary, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	2 Jan., 1852,	15	17	4	In course of recovery, Interest charged by Union Treasurer.
Westport, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	31 Dec., 1851,	5	10	1	Paid, ... Deficiency in Workhouse Master's Clothing account.
Youghal, . .	25 Mar., 1851,	17 Sep., 1851,	10	9	1	In course of recovery, Rent of Night-house paid by Guardians without authority.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1851,	26 Nov., 1851,	0	8	0	Paid, ... Conveyance of Paupers to Dungarvan and Lismore.

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland, arranged in Provinces, from the 3rd May, 1851, to the 24th April, 1852, both inclusive; distinguishing the several Classes, the number of Sick and Deaths in each Week, and the Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000; also the Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head.

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1851.															
3rd May,	Ulster, .	868	3,182	4,050	10,890	737	2,821	3,558	1,155	1,569	2,724	21,222	1 0¼	96	4·5
	Munster, .	15,009	35,980	50,989	57,308	3,979	17,077	21,056	3,056	4,289	7,345	136,698	0 11	936	6·8
	Leinster, .	4,524	11,818	16,342	21,063	1,777	6,512	8,289	1,845	2,520	4,365	50,059	1 2½	232	4·6
	Connaught,	4,224	13,116	17,340	19,366	953	5,325	6,278	660	903	1,563	44,547	0 11¼	236	5·3
	Total, .	24,625	64,096	88,721	108,627	7,446	31,735	39,181	6,716	9,281	15,997	252,526	1 0¼	1,500	5·9
10th May,	Ulster, .	855	3,144	3,999	10,861	735	2,806	3,541	1,176	1,556	2,732	21,133	1 0¼	88	4·2
	Munster, .	15,217	36,552	51,769	58,062	4,131	17,162	21,293	3,136	4,247	7,383	138,507	0 11	863	6·2
	Leinster, .	4,615	12,037	16,652	21,498	1,820	6,381	8,201	1,818	2,489	4,307	50,658	1 2½	219	4·3
	Connaught,	4,286	13,701	17,987	20,144	1,007	5,374	6,381	666	942	1,608	46,120	0 11	227	4·9
	Total, .	24,973	65,434	90,407	110,565	7,693	31,723	39,416	6,796	9,234	16,030	256,418	1 0¼	1,397	5·4
17th May,	Ulster, .	867	3,059	3,926	10,791	715	2,757	3,472	1,187	1,585	2,772	20,961	1 0¼	102	4·9
	Munster, .	15,613	37,100	52,713	58,422	4,165	16,999	21,164	3,128	4,197	7,325	139,624	0 10¾	820	5·9
	Leinster. .	4,707	12,050	16,757	21,690	1,872	6,331	8,203	1,823	2,534	4,357	51,007	1 2½	240	4·7
	Connaught,	4,649	14,240	18,889	20,731	925	5,559	6,484	628	954	1,582	47,686	0 11¼	214	4·5
	Total, .	25,836	66,449	92,285	111,634	7,677	31,646	39,323	6,766	9,270	16,036	259,278	1 0¼	1,376	5·3

24th May,	Ulster, .	855	2,990	3,845	10,795	700	2,744	3,444	1,198	1,632	2,830	20,914	1 0¼	85	4·1
	Munster, .	15,854	37,248	53,102	58,531	4,148	16,931	21,079	3,069	4,207	7,276	139,988	0 10¾	741	5·3
	Leinster, .	4,745	12,157	16,902	21,831	1,904	6,430	8,334	1,902	2,568	4,470	51,537	1 2	272	5·3
	Connaught,	4,926	14,855	19,781	21,518	847	5,481	6,328	643	976	1,619	49,246	0 11¼	215	4·4
	Total, .	26,380	67,250	93,630	112,675	7,599	31,586	39,185	6,812	9,383	16,195	261,685	1 0	1,313	5·0
31st May,	Ulster, .	852	3,007	3,859	10,752	657	2,716	3,373	1,179	1,647	2,826	20,810	1 0¼	103	4·9
	Munster, .	15,975	36,953	52,928	58,145	3,976	16,427	20,403	3,010	4,315	7,325	138,801	0 10¾	781	5·6
	Leinster, .	4,936	12,297	17,233	21,978	1,888	6,212	8,100	1,892	2,539	4,431	51,742	1 2¼	247	4·8
	Connaught,	5,104	15,375	20,479	22,187	900	5,360	6,260	657	1,050	1,707	50,633	0 11¼	184	3·6
	Total, .	26,867	67,632	94,499	113,062	7,421	30,715	38,136	6,738	9,551	16,289	261,986	1 0	1,315	5·0
7th June,	Ulster, .	872	2,953	3,825	10,734	653	2,691	3,344	1,183	1,631	2,814	20,717	1 0¼	93	4·5
	Munster, .	16,604	37,154	53,758	57,759	3,865	16,556	20,422	2,916	4,265	7,181	139,120	0 10¾	745	5·4
	Leinster, .	4,935	12,377	17,312	22,061	1,902	6,162	8,064	1,907	2,510	4,417	51,854	1 2¼	237	4.6
	Connaught,	5,251	15,675	20,926	22,238	905	5,924	6,830	660	1,052	1,712	51,706	0 11¼	189	3·6
	Total, .	27,662	68,159	95,821	112,792	7,327	31,333	38,660	6,666	9,458	16,124	263,397	1 0	1,264	4·8
14th June,	Ulster, .	886	2,891	3,777	10,731	666	2,663	3,329	1,222	1,631	2,853	20,690	1 0	91	4·4
	Munster, .	16,899	37,186	54,085	58,145	3,835	16,478	20,313	2,853	4,377	7,230	139,773	0 10¾	711	5·1
	Leinster, .	4,931	12,444	17,375	22,022	1,929	6,227	8,156	1,833	2,604	4,437	51,990	1 2	206	4·0
	Connaught,	5,368	15,785	21,153	22,757	906	5,962	6,868	649	1,054	1,703	52,481	0 11¼	232	4·4
	Total, .	28,084	68,306	96,390	113,655	7,336	31,330	38,666	6,557	9,666	16,223	264,934	1 0	1,240	4·7
21st June,	Ulster, .	915	2,894	3,809	10,807	678	2,665	3,343	1,212	1,685	2,897	20,856	1 0	79	3·8
	Munster, .	16,952	37,083	54,035	58,212	3,774	16,094	19,868	2,844	4,371	7,215	139,330	0 11	691	5·0
	Leinster, .	4,933	12,302	17,235	22,055	1,883	6,140	8,023	1,853	2,619	4,472	51,785	1 2	201	3·9
	Connaught,	5,550	16,126	21,676	22,963	925	5,918	6,843	669	1,048	1,717	53,199	0 11¼	211	3·0
	Total, .	28,350	68,405	96,755	114,037	7,260	30,817	38,077	6,578	9,723	16,301	265,170	1 0	1,182	4·5

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
													s. d.		
1851.															
28th June,	Ulster, .	926	2,871	3,797	10,799	629	2,568	3,197	1,242	1,666	2,908	20,701	1 0	86	4·2
	Munster, .	16,645	36,206	52,851	57,095	3,814	16,215	20,029	2,933	4,256	7,189	137,164	0 11	629	4·6
	Leinster, .	4,590	11,932	16,522	21,914	1,888	6,007	7,895	1,926	2,676	4,602	50,933	1 2	217	4·3
	Connaught,	5,605	16,256	21,861	23,121	906	5,745	6,651	665	1,323	1,988	53,621	0 11¼	212	4·0
	Total, .	27,766	67,265	95,031	112,929	7,237	30,535	37,772	6,766	9,921	16,687	262,419	1 0	1,144	4·4
5th July,	Ulster, .	895	2,813	3,708	10,700	606	2,516	3,122	1,236	1,674	2,910	20,440	1 0	69	3·3
	Munster, .	16,197	34,956	51,153	55,877	3,750	16,179	19,929	2,902	4,200	7,102	134,061	0 11	523	3·9
	Leinster, .	4,409	11,502	15,911	21,590	1,837	6,026	7,863	1,919	2,686	4,605	49,969	1 2	194	3·9
	Connaught,	5,692	16,076	21,768	23,228	965	5,637	6,602	667	1,017	1,684	53,282	0 11¼	195	3·7
	Total, .	27,193	65,347	92,540	111,395	7,158	30,358	37,516	6,724	9,577	16,301	257,752	1 0	981	3·8
12th July,	Ulster, .	894	2,780	3,674	10,573	555	2,498	3,053	1,219	1,648	2,867	20,167	1 0	66	3·3
	Munster, .	15,570	33,962	49,532	54,742	3,701	15,966	19,667	2,714	4,046	6,760	130,701	0 11	545	4·2
	Leinster, .	4,225	11,233	15,458	21,265	1,705	5,957	7,662	1,939	2,713	4,652	49,037	1 2	204	4·2
	Connaught,	5,495	15,588	21,083	22,923	901	5,750	6,651	623	1,010	1,633	52,290	0 11¼	187	3·6
	Total, .	26,184	63,563	89,747	109,503	6,862	30,171	37,033	6,495	9,417	15,912	252,195	1 0	1,002	4·0

19th July,	Ulster, .	891	2,730	3,621	10,442	573	2,418	2,991	1,206	1,680	2,886	19,940	1 0	66	3·3
	Munster, .	14,932	32,765	47,697	53,356	3,492	15,740	19,232	2,649	4,077	6,726	127,011	0 11	517	4·1
	Leinster, .	4,055	10,871	14,926	20,928	1,664	5,778	7,442	1,864	2,693	4,557	47,853	1 2	183	3·8
	Connaught,	5,253	15,019	20,272	22,240	838	5,706	6,544	602	989	1,591	50,647	0 11¼	221	4·4
	Total, .	25,131	61,385	86,516	106,966	6,567	29,642	36,209	6,321	9,439	15,760	245,451	1 0	987	4·0
26th July,	Ulster, .	838	2,606	3,444	10,323	517	2,348	2,865	1,176	1,654	2,830	19,462	1 0¼	72	3·7
	Munster, .	14,004	31,030	45,034	51,361	3,249	15,415	18,664	2,357	3,871	6,228	121,287	0 11	493	4·0
	Leinster, .	3,691	10,370	14,061	20,251	1,572	5,610	7,182	1,912	2,636	4,548	46,042	1 2	172	3·7
	Connaught,	4,727	13,696	18,423	21,145	832	5,587	6,419	581	940	1,521	47,508	0 11¼	197	4·1
	Total, .	23,260	57,702	80,962	103,080	6,170	28,960	35,130	6,026	9,101	15,127	234,299	1 0	934	4·0
2nd Aug.,	Ulster, .	790	2,457	3,247	10,013	510	2,329	2,839	1,118	1,595	2,713	18,812	1 0¼	49	2·6
	Munster, .	12,988	28,840	41,828	49,405	3,183	15,071	18,254	2,272	3,623	5,895	115,382	0 11¼	396	3·4
	Leinster, .	3,412	9,232	12,644	19,437	1,502	5,573	7,075	1,826	2,614	4,440	43,596	1 2¼	159	3·6
	Connaught,	4,205	12,602	16,807	20,027	813	5,113	5,926	563	925	1,488	44,248	0 11¼	185	4·2
	Total, .	21,395	53,131	74,526	98,882	6,008	28,086	34,094	5,779	8,757	14,536	222,038	1 0¼	789	3·6
9th Aug.,	Ulster, .	685	2,103	2,788	9,303	485	2,215	2,700	1,031	1,524	2,555	17,346	1 0¼	62	3·6
	Munster, .	11,054	25,503	36,557	46,600	2,966	13,880	16,846	2,183	3,436	5,619	105,622	0 11¼	375	3·6
	Leinster, .	2,935	8,258	11,193	18,349	1,410	5,385	6,795	1,782	2,519	4,301	40,638	1 2¼	158	3·9
	Connaught,	3,680	11,274	14,954	18,689	750	4,616	5,366	522	870	1,392	40,401	0 11½	155	3·8
	Total, .	18,354	47,138	65,492	92,941	5,611	26,096	31,707	5,518	8,349	13,867	204,007	1 0¼	750	3·7
16th Aug.,	Ulster, .	606	1,831	2,437	8,728	474	2,141	2,615	980	1,443	2,423	16,203	1 0½	40	2·5
	Munster, .	9,812	22,130	31,942	42,864	2,824	12,810	15,634	2,035	3,341	5,376	95,816	0 11½	330	3·4
	Leinster, .	2,485	6,879	9,364	17,294	1,293	5,213	6,506	1,614	2,466	4,080	37,244	1 2½	137	3·7
	Connaught,	3,318	9,863	13,181	17,356	753	4,279	5,032	492	823	1,315	36,884	0 11½	127	3·4
	Total, .	16,221	40,703	56,924	86,242	5,344	24,443	29,787	5,121	8,073	13,194	186,147	1 0½	634	3·4

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1851.													s. d.		
23rd Aug.,	Ulster, .	518	1,558	2,076	8,180	480	2,034	2,514	916	1,356	2,272	15,042	1 0 3/4	45	3·0
	Munster, .	8,690	19,261	27,951	39,836	2,643	11,730	14,373	1,962	3,150	5,112	87,272	0 11 1/4	311	3·6
	Leinster, .	1,969	5,564	7,533	15,941	1,220	4,947	6,167	1,553	2,366	3,919	33,560	1 2 3/4	105	3·1
	Connaught,	2,914	8,446	11,360	16,044	755	4,025	4,780	452	784	1,236	33,420	0 11 1/2	135	4·0
	Total, .	14,091	34,829	48,920	80,001	5,098	22,736	27,834	4,883	7,656	12,539	169,294	1 0 1/2	596	3·5
30th Aug.	Ulster, .	502	1,439	1,941	7,793	449	2,064	2,513	871	1,329	2,200	14,447	1 1	58	4·0
	Munster, .	8,032	17,830	25,862	37,830	2,516	11,755	14,271	1,602	2,938	4,540	82,503	0 11 1/4	262	3·2
	Leinster, .	1,833	5,069	6,902	15,431	1,233	4,835	6,068	1,476	2,356	3,832	32,233	1 2 3/4	108	3·4
	Connaught,	2,682	7,641	10,323	14,893	730	4,095	4,825	442	714	1,156	31,197	0 11 1/2	124	4·0
	Total, .	13,049	31,979	45,028	75,947	4,928	22,749	27,677	4,391	7,337	11,728	160,380	1 0 1/2	552	3·4
6th Sep.,	Ulster, .	470	1,355	1,825	7,533	413	2,066	2,479	809	1,295	2,104	13,939	1 1	50	3·1
	Munster, .	7,490	16,744	24,234	36,449	2,425	11,292	13,717	1,549	2,952	4,501	78,901	0 11 1/4	287	3·6
	Leinster, .	1,698	4,827	6,525	14,985	1,149	4,770	5,919	1,491	2,273	3,764	31,193	1 2 3/4	127	4·1
	Connaught,	2,435	6,806	9,241	14,061	727	3,872	4,599	433	644	1,077	28,978	0 11 1/2	81	2·8
	Total, .	12,093	29,732	41,825	71,028	4,714	22,000	26,714	4,282	7,164	11,446	153,011	1 0 1/2	545	3·6

13th Sep.,	Ulster, .	436	1,282	1,718	7,183	387	2,064	2,451	763	1,269	2,032	13,384	1 $1\frac{1}{4}$	46	3·4
	Munster, .	6,797	16,007	22,804	35,431	2,362	10,751	13,113	1,595	3,036	4,631	75,979	0 $11\frac{1}{4}$	235	3·1
	Leinster, .	1,609	4,616	6,225	14,735	1,170	4,727	5,897	1,491	2,263	3,754	30,611	1 $2\frac{1}{2}$	104	3·4
	Connaught,	2,202	6,045	8,247	13,105	645	3,671	4,316	368	618	986	26,654	0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	101	3·8
	Total, .	11,044	27,950	38,994	70,454	4,564	21,213	25,777	4,217	7,186	11,403	146,628	1 $0\frac{1}{2}$	486	3·3
20th Sep.,	Ulster, .	409	1,198	1,607	6,979	376	1,976	2,352	760	1,252	2,012	12,950	1 $1\frac{1}{4}$	47	3·6
	Munster, .	6,358	15,073	21,431	34,112	2,312	10,809	13,121	1,472	2,930	4,402	73,066	0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	225	3·1
	Leinster, .	1,656	4,660	6,316	14,550	1,133	4,676	5,809	1,515	2,258	3,773	30,448	1 $2\frac{1}{2}$	103	3·4
	Connaught,	1,895	5,668	7,563	12,633	612	3,459	4,071	362	606	968	25,235	0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	84	3·2
	Total, .	10,318	26,599	36,917	68,274	4,433	20,920	25,353	4,109	7,046	11,155	141,699	1 $0\frac{1}{2}$	459	3·2
27th Sep.,	Ulster, .	415	1,185	1,600	6,897	408	1,944	2,352	758	1,256	2,014	12,863	1 $1\frac{1}{2}$	42	3·4
	Munster, .	6,186	14,826	21,012	33,678	2,194	10,795	12,989	1,448	2,894	4,342	72,021	0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	194	3·8
	Leinster, .	1,643	4,827	6,470	14,468	1,087	4,825	5,912	1,549	2,251	3,800	30,650	1 $2\frac{1}{2}$	95	3·1
	Connaught,	1,843	5,507	7,350	12,343	558	3,287	3,845	365	594	959	24,497	0 $11\frac{3}{4}$	80	3·3
	Total, .	10,087	26,345	36,432	67,386	4,247	20,851	25,098	4,120	6,995	11,115	140,031	1 $0\frac{3}{4}$	411	2·9
4th Oct.,	Ulster, .	451	1,234	1,685	6,951	398	1,959	2,357	781	1,243	2,024	13,017	1 $1\frac{1}{2}$	36	2·8
	Munster, .	6,404	14,844	21,248	33,955	2,085	10,717	12,802	1,428	3,026	4,454	72,459	0 $11\frac{1}{4}$	185	2·6
	Leinster, .	1,738	5,009	6,747	14,687	1,085	4,819	5,904	1,475	2,303	3,778	31,116	1 $2\frac{3}{4}$	90	2·9
	Connaught,	1,837	5,166	7,003	12,154	507	3,273	3,780	347	582	929	23,866	0 $11\frac{3}{4}$	75	3·1
	Total, .	10,430	26,253	36,683	67,747	4,075	20,768	24,843	4,031	7,154	11,185	140,458	1 $0\frac{3}{4}$	386	2·8
11th Oct.,	Ulster, .	467	1,257	1,724	6,990	381	2,033	2,414	814	1,234	2,048	13,176	1 $1\frac{1}{4}$	36	2·7
	Munster, .	6,523	15,306	21,829	34,057	2,065	10,803	12,868	1,506	3,024	4,530	73,284	0 $11\frac{1}{4}$	189	3·0
	Leinster, .	1,816	5,311	7,127	14,857	1,106	4,902	6,008	1,463	2,324	3,787	31,779	1 $2\frac{1}{4}$	90	2·8
	Connaught,	1,801	5,168	6,969	12,008	495	3,229	3,724	350	586	936	23,637	0 $11\frac{3}{4}$	76	3·2
	Total, .	10,607	27,042	37,649	67,912	4,047	20,967	25,014	4,133	7,168	11,301	141,876	1 $0\frac{3}{4}$	391	2·8

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1851.															
	Ulster, .	463	1,325	1,788	7,046	340	2,037	2,377	811	1,299	2,110	13,321	1 1½	33	2·5
	Munster, .	6,664	15,536	22,200	34,254	2,190	10,632	12,822	1,514	3,030	4,544	73,820	0 11½	164	2·2
	Leinster, .	1,975	5,548	7,523	14,871	1,072	4,999	6,071	1,422	2,341	3,763	32,228	1 2½	88	2·7
18th Oct.,	Connaught,	1,838	5,028	6,866	11,787	499	3,200	3,699	335	575	910	23,262	0 11½	65	2·8
	Total, .	10,940	27,437	38,377	67,958	4,101	20,868	24,969	4,082	7,245	11,327	142,631	1 0¾	350	2·5
	Ulster, .	478	1,385	1,863	7,081	327	2,062	2,389	827	1,301	2,128	13,461	1 1¼	43	3·2
	Munster, .	6,851	15,853	22,704	34,350	2,131	10,641	12,772	1,568	3,059	4,627	74,453	0 11½	159	2·1
	Leinster, .	2,099	5,626	7,725	15,002	1,054	4,939	5,993	1,435	2,350	3,785	32,505	1 2½	98	3·0
25th Oct.,	Connaught,	1,870	5,050	6,920	11,619	536	3,131	3,667	333	565	898	23,104	0 11½	53	2·3
	Total, .	11,298	27,914	39,212	68,052	4,048	20,773	24,821	4,163	7,275	11,438	143,523	1 0¾	353	2·5
	Ulster, .	494	1,400	1,894	7,046	313	2,053	2,366	835	1,307	2,142	13,448	1 1¼	36	2·7
	Munster, .	6,860	16,048	22,908	34,899	2,065	10,465	12,530	1,576	3,045	4,621	74,958	0 11½	154	2·1
	Leinster, .	2,152	5,757	7,909	15,133	1,054	4,895	5,949	1,424	2,373	3,797	32,788	1 2½	86	2·6
1st Nov.,	Connaught,	1,911	5,045	6,956	11,465	497	3,098	3,595	335	569	904	22,920	0 11½	60	2·2
	Total, .	11,417	28,250	39,667	68,543	3,929	20,511	24,440	4,170	7,294	11,464	144,114	1 0¾	336	2·3

8th Nov.,	Ulster, .	551	1,543	2,094	7,249	314	2,079	2,393	880	1,381	2,261	13,997	1 1¼	42	3·0
	Munster, .	7,135	16,665	23,800	35,386	2,140	10,331	12,471	1,649	3,010	4,659	76,316	0 11¾	165	2·2
	Leinster, .	2,332	6,162	8,494	15,469	986	5,094	6,080	1,460	2,305	3,765	33,808	1 2½	102	3·0
	Connaught,	1,900	5,114	7,014	11,448	467	3,135	3,602	332	576	908	22,972	0 11½	69	3·0
	Total, .	11,918	29,484	41,402	69,552	3,907	20,639	24,546	4,321	7,272	11,593	147,093	1 0¾	378	2·6
15th Nov.,	Ulster, .	595	1,719	2,314	7,405	301	2,158	2,459	891	1,381	2,272	14,450	1 1½	49	3·4
	Munster, .	7,427	17,301	24,728	35,864	2,074	10,142	12,216	1,617	3,094	4,711	77,519	0 11¼	161	2·1
	Leinster, .	2,528	6,541	9,069	15,776	1,042	5,224	6,266	1,427	2,269	3,696	34,807	1 2½	80	2·3
	Connaught,	1,970	5,160	7,130	11,411	480	3,175	3,655	336	577	913	23,109	0 11½	45	1·9
	Total, .	12,520	30,721	43,241	70,456	3,897	20,699	24,596	4,271	7,321	11,592	149,885	1 0¾	335	2·2
22nd Nov.,	Ulster, .	664	1,903	2,567	7,629	333	2,220	2,553	927	1,432	2,359	15,108	1 1	37	2·4
	Munster, .	7,709	17,894	25,603	36,336	2,055	10,279	12,334	1,686	3,135	4,821	79,094	0 11¼	157	2·0
	Leinster, .	2,731	7,025	9,756	16,052	991	5,535	6,526	1,432	2,268	3,700	36,034	1 2½	102	2·8
	Connaught,	2,039	5,339	7,378	11,535	473	3,240	3,713	318	540	858	23,484	0 11¼	46	2·0
	Total, .	13,143	32,161	45,304	71,552	3,852	21,274	25,126	4,363	7,375	11,738	153,720	1 0½	342	2·2
29th Nov.,	Ulster, .	717	2,037	2,754	7,870	339	2,350	2,689	965	1,446	2,411	15,724	1 1¼	42	2·7
	Munster, .	8,118	18,688	26,806	36,961	2,102	10,417	12,519	1,712	3,164	4,876	81,162	0 11¼	157	2·0
	Leinster, .	2,922	7,472	10,394	16,268	1,001	5,775	6,776	1,403	2,274	3,677	37,115	1 2¾	102	2·7
	Connaught,	2,089	5,471	7,560	11,572	495	3,328	3,823	320	545	865	23,820	0 11¼	43	1·8
	Total, .	13,846	33,668	47,514	72,671	3,937	21,870	25,807	4,400	7,429	11,829	157,821	1 0½	344	2·2
6th Dec.,	Ulster, .	762	2,190	2,952	8,159	345	2,393	2,738	1,000	1,479	2,479	16,328	1 1	64	3·9
	Munster, .	8,595	19,328	27,923	37,678	2,107	10,473	12,580	1,613	3,191	4,804	82,985	0 11¾	161	1·9
	Leinster, .	3,166	7,944	11,110	16,709	973	5,849	6,822	1,416	2,291	3,707	38,348	1 2¾	120	3·1
	Connaught,	2,151	5,589	7,740	11,698	501	3,308	3,809	326	556	882	24,129	0 11½	46	1·9
	Total, .	14,674	35,051	49,725	74,244	3,926	22,023	25,949	4,355	7,517	11,872	161,790	1 0¾	391	2·4

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1851.															
13th Dec.,	Ulster, .	788	2,279	3,067	8,243	351	2,398	2,749	1,031	1,500	2,531	16,590	1 1	60	3·0
	Munster, .	8,845	19,740	28,585	38,006	2,096	10,338	12,434	1,641	3,148	4,789	83,814	0 11½	189	2·3
	Leinster, .	3,294	8,161	11,455	16,880	991	5,938	6,929	1,419	2,256	3,675	38,939	1 2½	102	2·6
	Connaught,	2,193	5,622	7,815	11,750	520	3,341	3,861	320	577	897	24,323	0 11½	37	1·5
	Total, .	15,120	35,802	50,922	74,879	3,958	22,015	25,973	4,411	7,481	11,892	163,666	1 0½	388	2·4
20th Dec.,	Ulster, .	810	2,358	3,168	8,419	388	2,353	2,741	1,031	1,501	2,532	16,860	1 1	56	3·3
	Munster, .	8,978	19,693	28,671	38,130	2,049	10,093	12,142	1,656	3,078	4,734	83,677	0 11½	160	1·9
	Leinster, .	3,412	8,286	11,698	17,109	1,000	5,794	6,794	1,453	2,270	3,723	39,324	1 2½	119	3·0
	Connaught,	2,235	5,636	7,871	11,700	483	3,296	3,779	319	565	884	24,234	0 11½	44	1·8
	Total, .	15,435	35,973	51,408	75,358	3,920	21,536	25,456	4,459	7,414	11,873	164,095	1 0¾	379	2·3
27th Dec.,	Ulster, .	820	2,432	3,252	8,408	457	2,384	2,841	1,030	1,487	2,517	17,018	1 1¼	59	3·5
	Munster, .	8,825	19,427	28,252	37,995	2,048	9,891	11,939	1,651	2,997	4,648	82,834	1 0¼	151	1·8
	Leinster, .	3,398	8,260	11,658	17,135	916	5,738	6,654	1,439	2,266	3,705	39,152	1 3¾	110	2·8
	Connaught,	2,279	5,621	7,900	11,620	483	3,216	3,699	315	584	899	24,118	1 0	44	18
	Total, .	15,322	35,740	51,062	75,158	3,904	21,229	25,133	4,435	7,334	11,769	163,122	1 1¼	364	2·2

1852.	Ulster, .	897	2,594	3,491	8,533	495	2,397	2,892	1,056	1,441	2,497	17,413	1 1¼	64	3·7
	Munster, .	9,373	20,595	29,968	39,040	2,086	10,283	12,369	1,695	3,083	4,778	86,155	0 11¾	182	2·1
	Leinster, .	3,620	8,674	12,294	17,378	942	5,995	6,937	1,434	2,261	3,695	40,304	1 2¾	110	2·7
3rd Jan.,	Connaught,	2,304	5,760	8,064	11,551	495	3,382	3,877	311	573	884	24,376	0 11¾	51	2·1
	Total, .	16,194	37,623	53,817	76,502	4,018	22,057	26,075	4,496	7,358	11,854	168,248	1 1	407	2·4
	Ulster, .	986	2,748	3,734	8,785	497	2,434	2,931	1,112	1,491	2,603	18,053	1 1	63	3·5
	Munster, .	9,910	21,959	31,869	39,997	2,129	10,892	13,021	1,883	3,108	4,991	89,878	0 11½	164	2·0
	Leinster, .	3,876	9,151	13,027	17,919	951	6,199	7,150	1,458	2,270	3,728	41,824	1 2¾	110	2·6
10th Jan.,	Connaught,	2,427	6,017	8,444	11,801	502	3,430	3,932	308	579	887	25,064	0 11½	54	2·1
	Total, .	17,199	39,875	57,074	78,502	4,079	22,955	27,034	4,761	7,448	12,209	174,819	1 0¾	391	2·2
	Ulster, .	1,017	2,882	3,899	8,993	507	2,512	3,019	1,104	1,515	2,619	18,530	1 0¾	60	3·2
	Munster, .	10,436	23,644	34,080	41,456	2,093	11,198	13,291	1,911	3,139	5,050	93,877	0 11½	216	2·3
	Leinster, .	4,107	9,728	13,835	18,229	982	6,362	7,344	1,474	2,297	3,771	43,179	1 2¾	133	3·1
17th Jan.,	Connaught,	2,550	6,405	8,955	12,071	502	3,523	4,025	322	600	922	25,973	0 11½	53	2·0
	Total, .	18,110	42,659	60,769	80,749	4,084	23,595	27,679	4,811	7,551	12,362	181,559	1 0¾	462	2·5
	Ulster, .	1,037	2,978	4,015	9,044	505	2,615	3,120	1,146	1,531	2,677	18,856	1 0¾	81	4·3
	Munster, .	10,889	24,864	35,753	42,450	2,119	11,489	13,608	1,890	3,235	5,125	96,936	0 11½	184	1·9
	Leinster, .	4,294	10,050	14,344	18,521	1,010	6,471	7,481	1,428	2,283	3,711	44,057	1 3	101	2·3
24th Jan.,	Connaught,	2,600	6,657	9,257	12,421	470	3,539	4,009	315	599	914	26,601	0 11½	67	2·5
	Total, .	18,820	44,549	63,369	82,436	4,104	24,114	28,218	4,779	7,648	12,427	186,450	1 0¾	433	2·3
	Ulster, .	1,057	3,094	4,151	9,081	538	2,686	3,224	1,149	1,535	2,684	19,140	1 1	78	4·1
	Munster, .	11,189	25,769	36,958	43,418	2,089	11,827	13,916	1,926	3,312	5,238	99,530	0 11¾	207	2·1
	Leinster, .	4,354	10,511	14,865	18,585	1,051	6,498	7,549	1,441	2,347	3,788	44,787	1 3	138	3·1
31st Jan.,	Connaught,	2,631	6,885	9,516	12,548	528	3,581	4,109	324	605	929	27,102	0 11½	47	1·7
	Total, .	19,231	46,259	65,490	83,632	4,206	24,592	28,798	4,840	7,799	12,639	190,559	1 0¾	470	2·5

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1852.															
7th Feb.,	Ulster, .	1,051	3,107	4,158	9,143	542	2,757	3,299	1,158	1,571	2,729	19,329	1 0¾	79	4·0
	Munster, .	11,407	26,533	37,940	43,994	2,170	11,856	14,026	1,950	3,369	5,319	101,279	0 11½	210	2·1
	Leinster, .	4,399	10,715	15,114	18,808	1,075	6,672	7,747	1,456	2,405	3,861	45,530	1 2¾	124	2·5
	Connaught,	2,679	7,132	9,811	12,704	531	3,639	4,170	340	628	968	27,653	0 11¼	48	1·7
	Total, .	19,536	47,487	67,023	84,649	4,318	24,924	29,242	4,904	7,973	12,877	193,791	1 0½	461	2·4
14th Feb.,	Ulster, .	1,056	3,189	4,245	9,184	581	2,830	3,411	1,167	1,539	2,706	19,546	1 1	84	4·3
	Munster, .	11,435	26,884	38,319	44,379	2,264	11,949	14,213	1,999	3,489	5,488	102,399	0 11¾	238	2·3
	Leinster, .	4,481	10,860	15,341	18,757	1,016	6,896	7,912	1,481	2,455	3,936	45,946	1 2¾	160	3·5
	Connaught,	2,635	7,261	9,896	12,783	576	3,684	4,260	352	631	983	27,922	0 11½	66	2·4
	Total, .	19,607	48,194	67,801	85,103	4,437	25,359	29,796	4,999	8,114	13,113	195,813	1 0¾	548	2·8
21st Feb.,	Ulster, .	1,098	3,264	4,362	9,311	601	2,842	3,443	1,154	1,590	2,744	19,860	1 0¾	80	4·0
	Munster, .	11,308	27,081	38,389	44,545	2,324	12,136	14,460	2,000	3,554	5,554	102,948	0 11½	267	2·6
	Leinster, .	4,361	10,794	15,155	18,734	1,028	7,020	8,048	1,500	2,489	3,989	45,926	1 2¾	179	3·9
	Connaught,	2,671	7,416	10,087	12,779	587	3,799	4,386	345	635	980	28,232	0 11½	68	2·4
	Total, .	19,438	48,555	67,993	85,369	4,540	25,797	30,337	4,999	8,268	13,267	196,966	1 0½	594	3·0

28th Feb.,	Ulster, .	989	3,154	4,143	9,335	559	2,740	3,299	1,137	1,588	2,725	19,502	1 1	95	4·8
	Munster, .	11,054	26,677	37,731	44,343	2,322	12,460	14,782	2,000	3,596	5,596	102,452	0 11½	335	3·3
	Leinster, .	4,144	10,574	14,718	18,446	1,111	7,024	8,135	1,475	2,479	3,954	45,253	1 2½	199	4·4
	Connaught,	2,578	7,331	9,909	12,833	557	3,825	4,382	359	634	993	28,117	0 11½	79	2·8
	Total, .	18,765	47,736	66,501	84,957	4,549	26,049	30,598	4,971	8,297	13,268	195,324	1 0½	708	3·6
6th March,	Ulster, .	947	3,101	4 048	9,239	565	2,770	3,335	1,103	1,549	2,652	19,274	1 0¾	72	3·7
	Munster, .	11,002	26,805	37,807	44,444	2,342	12,607	14,949	2,005	3,585	5,590	102,790	0 11½	342	3·3
	Leinster, .	4,030	10,401	14,431	18,401	1,122	7,036	8,158	1,417	2,447	3,864	44,854	1 2½	203	4·5
	Connaught,	2,478	7,258	9,736	12,780	597	3,879	4,476	352	626	978	27,970	0 11½	70	2·5
	Total, .	18,457	47,565	66,022	84,864	4,626	26,292	30,918	4,877	8,207	13,084	194,888	1 0½	687	3·5
13th March	Ulster, .	899	2,976	3,875	9,113	524	2,720	3,244	1,079	1,508	2,587	18,819	1 0¾	75	4·0
	Munster, .	10,719	26,465	37,184	44,247	2,392	12,521	14,913	2,006	3,637	5,643	101,987	0 11½	310	3·0
	Leinster, .	3,760	10,243	14,003	18,122	1,164	7,041	8,205	1,385	2,427	3,812	44,142	1 2¾	171	3·9
	Connaught,	2,258	7,131	9,389	12,681	582	3,858	4,440	347	639	986	27,496	0 11½	69	2·5
	Total, .	17,636	46,815	64,451	84,163	4,662	26,140	30,802	4,817	8,211	13,028	192,444	1 0¾	625	3·2
20th March	Ulster, .	856	2,917	3,773	8,961	525	2,701	3,226	1,041	1,518	2,559	18,519	1 1	93	5·0
	Munster, .	10,481	26,256	36,737	43,821	2,432	12,919	15,351	1,986	3,606	5,592	101,501	0 11¾	371	3·7
	Leinster, .	3,596	9,812	13,408	17,987	1,207	7,169	8,376	1,375	2,390	3,765	43,536	1 2¾	193	4·4
	Connaught,	2,174	7,037	9,211	12,676	4	3,866	4,410	352	630	982	27,279	0 11½	81	3·0
	Total, .	17,107	46,022	63,129	83,445	4,708	26,655	31,363	4,754	8,144	12,898	190,835	1 0¾	738	3·9
27th March	Ulster, .	819	2,827	3,646	8,819	568	2,731	3,299	1,042	1,478	2,520	18,284	1 1	70	3·8
	Munster, .	10,646	26,504	37,150	44.166	2,458	12,685	15,143	2,001	3,632	5,633	102,092	0 11¾	297	2·9
	Leinster, .	3,566	9,705	13,271	17,830	1,234	7,235	8,469	1,390	2,374	3,764	43,334	1 2¾	199	4·6
	Connaught,	2,116	6,894	9,010	12,571	545	3,859	4,404	336	628	964	26,949	0 11½	66	2·5
	Total, .	17,147	45,930	63,077	83,386	4,805	26,510	31,315	4,769	8,112	12,881	190,659	1 0¾	632	3·3

[*continued.*

No. XII.—SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1852.															
	Ulster, .	797	2,790	3,587	8,763	558	2,718	3,276	1,042	1,442	2,484	18,110	1 1	105	5·8
	Munster, .	10,652	26,445	37,097	44,324	2,451	12,488	14,939	2,088	3,662	5,750	102,110	0 11¾	345	3·4
	Leinster, .	3,548	9,556	13,104	17,771	1,178	7,174	8,352	1,403	2,348	3,751	42,978	1 2¾	194	4·5
3rd April,	Connaught,	2,079	6,850	8,929	12,594	560	3,853	4,413	334	620	954	26,890	0 11¾	85	3·2
	Total, .	17,076	45,641	62,717	83,452	4,747	26,233	30,980	4,867	8,072	12,939	190,088	1 0¾	729	3·8
	Ulster, .	741	2,633	3,374	8,562	504	2,695	3,199	982	1,365	2,347	17,482	1 1	80	4·6
	Munster, .	10,346	25,272	35,618	43,705	2,412	12,301	14,713	2,021	3,760	5,781	99,817	0 11½	343	3·4
	Leinster, .	3,534	9,128	12,662	17,681	1,154	6,979	8,133	1,395	2,342	3,737	42,213	1 3	170	4·0
10th April,	Connaught,	2,066	6,710	8,776	12,575	532	3,788	4,320	327	636	963	26,634	0 11¾	92	3·5
	Total, .	16,687	43,743	60,430	82,523	4,602	25,763	30,365	4,725	8,103	12,828	186,146	1 0¾	685	3·7
	Ulster, .	722	2,548	3,270	8,469	594	2,469	3,063	982	1,376	2,358	17,160	1 1	93	5·4
	Munster, .	10,380	25,372	35,752	43,809	2,460	12,251	14,711	2,063	3,862	5,925	100,197	0 11½	342	3·4
	Leinster, .	3,435	9,201	12,636	17,429	1,086	6,860	7,946	1,424	2,344	3,768	41,779	1 3½	191	4·9
17th April,	Connaught,	2,012	6,638	8,650	12,630	518	3,754	4,272	345	654	999	26,551	1 0	82	3·1
	Total, .	16,549	43,759	60,308	82,337	4,658	25,334	29,992	4,814	8,236	13,050	185,687	1 1	708	3·8
	Ulster, .	725	2,517	3,242	8,339	647	2,416	3,063	983	1,381	2,364	17,008	1 1	69	4·0
	Munster, .	10,646	25,676	36,322	44,094	2,460	12,108	14,568	2,118	3,938	6,056	101,040	0 11½	297	2·9
	Leinster, .	3,387	9,171	12,558	17,362	1,130	6,878	8,008	1,451	2,373	3,824	41,752	1 3	169	4·0
24th April,	Connaught,	2,023	6,678	8,701	12,695	506	3,748	4,254	331	672	1,003	26,653	0 11¾	81	3·0
	Total, .	16,781	44,042	60,823	82,490	4,743	25,150	29,893	4,883	8,364	13,247	186,453	1 0¾	616	3·3

No. XIII.—Return of the Number of Inquests in which the Verdict alleges Death from Want, as reported by Constabulary Officers, and transmitted to the Poor Law Commissioners from the Office of the Chief Secretary for Ireland, and also those reported by Temporary Poor Law Inspectors, in the period from 1st May, 1851, to 30th April, 1852, inclusive.

Unions.	May, 1851.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Jan., 1852.	February.	March.	April.	Total.
Abbeyleix,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1
Antrim,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ardee,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Armagh,	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Athlone,	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Athy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Bailieborough,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ballina,	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Ballinasloe,	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Ballinrobe,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ballycastle,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Ballymahon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ballymena,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ballymoney,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ballyshannon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ballyvaghan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Balrothery,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Baltinglass,	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Banbridge,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Bandon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Bantry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Bawnboy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Belfast,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Belmullet,	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Borrisokane,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Boyle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Caherciveen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
Callan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Carlow,	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Carrickmacross,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Carrick-on-Shannon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Carrick-on-Suir,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1
Cashel,	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Castlebar,	–	1	–	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	3
Castleblayney,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Castlecomer,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Castlederg,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Castlerea,	2	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4
Castletown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Castletowndelvin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cavan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Celbridge,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Claremorris,	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Clifden,	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Clogheen,	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Clogher,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Clonakilty,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Clones,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Clonmel,	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1
Coleraine,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cookstown,	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1

[*continued.*

No. XIII.—Return of the Number of Inquests, &c.—*continued.*

Unions.	May, 1851.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Jan., 1852.	February.	March.	April.	Total.
Cootehill,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cork,	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	2
Corrofin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Croom,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
Dingle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Donaghmore,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Donegal,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Downpatrick,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Drogheda,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dromore West,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dublin, North,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dublin, South,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dundalk,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	2
Dunfanaghy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dungannon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dungarvan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1
Dunmanway,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dunshaughlin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Edenderry,	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Ennis,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	2
Enniscorthy,	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Enniskillen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ennistymon,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Fermoy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	2	–	–	3
Galway,	1	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3
Glennamaddy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Glenties,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Glin,	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	3
Gorey,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Gort,	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1
Gortin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Granard,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
Inishowen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kanturk,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kells,	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Kenmare,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kilkeel,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kilkenny,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Killadysert,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	–	2
Killala,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
Killarney,	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Kilmacthomas,	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Kilmallock,	2	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	4
Kilrush,	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Kinsale,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
Larne,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Letterkenny,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Limerick,	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	3
Lisburn,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Lismore,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Lisnaskea,	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	2
Listowel,	1	–	–	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	4
Londonderry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Longford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Loughrea,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Lowtherstown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Lurgan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1

[*continued.*

No. XIII.—Return of the Number of Inquests, &c.—*continued.*

Unions.	May, 1851.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Jan., 1852.	February.	March.	April.	Total.
Macroom,	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	2
Magherafelt,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mallow,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Manorhamilton,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Midleton,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Milford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Millstreet,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2
Mitchelstown,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Mohill,	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Monaghan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mount Bellew,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
Mountmelick,	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Mullingar,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Naas,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Navan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
Nenagh,	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	3
Newcastle,	1	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	3
Newport,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
New Ross,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Newry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Newtownards,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Newtownlimavady,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Oldcastle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Omagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Oughterard,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Parsonstown,	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	2
Portumna,	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Rathdown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Rathdrum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Rathkeale,	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Roscommon,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Roscrea,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
Scariff,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Shillelagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	–	–	–	2
Skibbereen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Skull,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sligo,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Strabane,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Stranorlar,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Strokestown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
Swineford,	–	1	–	–	–		–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Thomastown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Thurles,	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	2
Tipperary,	–	–	–	–	–	–	2	–	2	1	1	–	6
Tobercurry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tralee,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1
Trim,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tuam,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Tulla,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tullamore,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Urlingford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Waterford,	1	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1	–	–	3
Westport,	–	3	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	3
Wexford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Youghal,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Total,	25	12	12	6	9	9	6	6	10	12	8	5	120

No. XIV.—Emigration.—Abstract of Returns from Clerks of Unions of the Number of Emigrants sent out or assisted to Emigrate, by Boards of Guardians in Ireland, in pursuance of the Provisions of the Irish Poor Relief Acts; from 1st April, 1851, to the end of March, 1852.

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children dependent on them under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.	Observations by Clerks.
	Males.	Females.				
Abbeyleix,	28	59	36	123	Quebec.	
Athy,	2	–	–	2	Boston.	
Bailieborough,	1	–	–	1	New York.	
Ballinasloe,	2	–	–	2	New York.	
	1	–	–	1	Australia.	
	–	1	–	1	Baltimore.	
Ballycastle,	–	–	3	3	America.	Three orphans taken out by their uncle, assisted by the Board of Guardians.
Ballymahon,	1	2	–	3	New York.	
	–	1	–	1	Boston.	
	1	–	–	1	New Orleans.	
Ballymoney,	–	–	2	2	New York.	
	–	4	13	17	Quebec.	
Ballyvaghan,	1	2	–	3	Port Philip and Sydney.	
Balrothery,	–	4	–	4	New York.	
Baltinglass,	–	1	–	1	Australia.	
	–	2	5	7	Quebec.	
Bawnboy,	–	–	1	1	Boston.	
Borrisokane,	–	2	–	2	Australia.	
Caherciveen,	110	200	61	371	Quebec.	
	1	2	2	5	New Orleans.	
Callan,	1	–	–	1	Port Philip.	
Carlow,	7	63	2	72	New Orleans.	
	2	–	–	2	Boston.	
	2	–	–	2	Philadelphia.	
	17	35	1	53	Quebec.	
Carrickmacross,	2	2	6	10	New York.	
	–	–	2	2	Philadelphia.	
	–	1	–	1	Ohio.	
Carrick-on-Suir,	1	–	4	5	Boston.	
Cashel,	1	2	–	3	New York.	
	8	–	–	8	Canada.	
	2	–	–	2	Australia.	
Castleblayney,	–	7	14	21	New York.	
Castlederg,	1	–	7	8	Philadelphia.	
	–	–	3	3	New York.	
	–	1	–	1	Boston.	
Castletowndelvin,	–	–	1	1	North America.	An orphan child sent out to her friends.
Cavan,	–	5	9	14	New York.	
Celbridge,	2	1	4	7	Quebec.	
	10	9	5	24	New York.	
Claremorris,	–	2	5	7	United States.	
Clifden,	42	274	24	340	Quebec.	
Cootehill,	2	1	5	8	Quebec.	
	1	1	2	4	New York.	
Cork,	–	2	1	3	New York.	
Corrofin,	–	20	–	20	Hobart Town.	
Croom,	–	–	4	4	America.	
	–	1	–	1	India.	

[*continued.*

No. XIV.—Emigration: Abstract of Returns—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent being 15 years of age and upwards. Males.	Females.	Children dependent on them under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.	Observations by Clerks
Dingle,	87	239	29	355	Quebec.	
	–	–	1	1	Boston.	
	–	–	1	1	New York.	
Donaghmore,	1	9	8	18	New York.	
	1	3	3	7	New Orleans.	
	15	30	21	66	Quebec.	
Dublin, North,	–	1	2	3	New York.	
Dublin, South,	–	–	1	1	Brooklyn.	
	–	1	1	2	New York.	
	1	–	–	1	St. John's, Newfoundland.	
Dundalk,	2	2	5	9	New York.	
Dunshaughlin,	1	–	–	1	United States.	
Ennis,	1	55	–	56	Australia.	
	–	3	4	7	America.	
Enniscorthy,	3	5	–	8	Canada.	
Ennistymon,	–	50	–	50	VanDiemen'sLand.	
	45	236	95	376	Quebec.	
Glennamaddy,	1	–	–	1	New Orleans.	
	–	–	2	2	Quebec.	Two boys, aged 9 and 11 years—their friends sent some money to have them taken out, and the Board granted £2 for clothing.
Gort,	–	1	2	3	New York.	
	–	–	3	3	New York.	Sent to their relatives.
Gortin,	–	–	1	1	Philadelphia.	
Granard,	–	–	5	5	America.	Sent to their parents.
Kanturk,	10	2	1	13	America.	
Kells,	1	–	5	6	North America.	
	113	100	76	289	Quebec.	
Kenmare,	–	–	3	3	New Orleans.	Sent out, in charge of a friend, to their parents, who had previously emigrated.
	–	1	3	4	New York.	
	–	2	2	4	Philadelphia.	
Kilkenny,	5	17	1	23	United States.	
Killadysert,	–	30	–	30	Australia.	
	–	2	–	2	New York.	
Killarney,	4	66	58	128	United States.	
	1	4	7	12	British America.	
	2	–	–	2	Australia.	
Kilmallock,	–	2	8	10	Canada.	
	6	8	7	21	United States.	
Kilrush,	–	45	–	45	Australia.	
	35	316	38	389	Quebec.	
Larne,	1	1	2	4	Canada.	
Letterkenny,	–	4	6	10	United States.	
Limerick,	1	–	–	1	New York.	
	1	–	–	1	Quebec.	
	–	–	2	2	Quebec.	These children were sent out to their parents.
Lismore,	2	1	–	3	Australia.	
Listowel,	61	81	40	182	Quebec.	
	1	1	1	3	New Orleans.	

[*continued.*

No. XIV.—Emigration: Abstract of Returns—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children dependent on them under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.	Observations by Clerks.
	Males.	Females.				
Londonderry,	3	18	8	29	Quebec.	
	1	2	2	5	New York.	
Longford,	1	–	–	1	Australia.	
	1	–	–	1	America.	
Magherafelt,	–	1	4	5	Upper Canada.	
Milford,	–	1	2	3	New York.	
	1	2	2	5	Philadelphia.	
Mitchelstown,	3	–	–	3	New York.	
Mohill,	1	4	4	9	New York.	
Mount Bellew,	1	6	*7	14	America.	*Two of these were orphans.
Naas,	–	1	–	1	Canada.	
Navan,	–	–	2	2	New York.	A brother and sisters in America paid the passage of these two children, in aid of which the Board of Guardians gave £2.
	1	1	3	5	New York.	
Newry,	1	–	1	2	New York.	A brother and sister—orphans—the former aged 15, and the latter 13 years.
	–	3	1	4	Van Diemen's Land.	The wife and three daughters of a convict; two of the daughters being upwards of 15 years of age.
Newtownlimavady,	–	1	2	3	Philadelphia.	
	–	1	2	3	Boston.	
	–	2	1	3	Port Philip.	
Rathdown,	1	1	2	4	Australia.	
Rathdrum,	26	61	52	139	Canada.	
	1	2	3	6	New York.	The family sent to New York provided only with clothing—the passage money sent by their friends.
Scariff,	–	40	–	40	VanDiemen'sLand.	
	9	180	12	201	New York.	
	44	135	76	255	Quebec.	
Shillelagh,	11	17	32	60	Quebec.	
Strabane,	1	2	1	4	Philadelphia.	
	13	30	16	59	Quebec.	
Stranorlar,	1	10	–	11	Quebec.	
	2	–	4	6	United States.	
Strokestown,	2	1	8	11	United States.	
	–	1	–	1	Australia.	
Thomastown,	1	4	9	14	Quebec.	
Tipperary,	3	1	–	4	Canada.	
	1	–	–	1	New York.	
Tralee,	7	45	26	78	Quebec.	
	–	1	–	1	New York.	
	–	–	2	2	Boston.	
Trim,	–	11	1	12	New York.	
Tulla,	–	30	–	30	VanDiemen'sLand.	
	2	3	–	5	North America.	
Waterford,	–	1	1	2	Philadelphia.	
Total (79 Unions,)	790	2,644	952	4,386		

No. XV.—Statement of Names of Unions in which the Boundaries of Electoral Divisions have been altered, with dates of the alterations (in continuation of Statements in Fourth Annual Report, Appendix B. No. VII.)

Names of Unions.	Date of Alteration.
Lurgan, ...	30th September, 1851.
Clogher, ...	30th September, 1851.
Armagh, ...	30th September, 1851.
Milford, ...	30th September, 1851.
Monaghan, . . .	30th September, 1851.
Omagh, ...	30th September, 1851.
Clones, ...	1st October, 1851.
Castlederg, . . .	9th October, 1851.
Lowtherstown, . . .	15th October, 1851.
Lisnaskea, . . .	16th October, 1851.

No. XVI.—Summary of Returns of the Number of Cases of Ophthalmia or other Inflammatory Diseases of the Eye, which were treated in Workhouses in Ireland during the years 1850 and 1851.

1. Table showing the Number of Cases which occurred during each Month of the Years 1850 and 1851.

Year.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
1850, .	993	1,284	1,589	1,798	2,196	2,823	3,608	3,157	3,045	2,543	2,357	1,843	27,200
1851, .	2,216	1.895	2,001	2,715	4,249	5,224	7,106	4,903	4,563	3,789	2,370	1,888	45,947*

* This number includes 3,028 cases which are not classified in preceding columns.

[No. XVI.—*continued.*

No. XVI.—Summary of Returns of the Number of Cases of Ophthalmia, &c.—*continued.*

2.—Table showing the Number of Adults or Children affected by Disease of the Eye, the Number of Cases arising in the Workhouse, the Number labouring under the Disease when admitted, the average Duration of the Disease, and the Result of the Treatment adopted by the Medical Officers.

Year.	Persons above 15 years of age.		Children under 15 years of age.		Total.	Number of cases arising in Workhouse or Auxiliary Workhouse.	Number of cases labouring under the disease when admitted.	Duration of Disease.		RESULT.									Total.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				Average duration of Disease.	Average period in Hospital.	Cured.	Sight partially injured.	One eye lost.	Both eyes lost.	Died from effects of disease.	Died from other causes while labouring under disease of the eyes.	Discharged from Workhouse while labouring under Disease of the eyes.	Under treatment.	No record of result.	
1850,	2,280	4,050	9,543	11,327	27,200	24,882†	758†	42	29	23,409	506	202	80	–	107	242	1,443	1,211	27,200
1851,	3,670	6,821	14,252	18,370	45,947*	42,067†	963†	30	29	40,684	754	656	263	1	169	315	1,197	1,908	45,947

* This number includes 2,834 cases not classified in the preceding columns.

† The registry of cases in several Unions does not distinguish whether the disease first arose in or out of the Workhouse; the Numbers in these columns do not therefore agree with the number in the previous column, showing the total number of cases.

Note on column headed "Both Eyes lost."—The Return for the year 1850 includes 7 persons who had lost both eyes previous to admission.—The Return for the year 1851 includes 33 such cases.

Of the cases of "One Eye Lost," the Return for 1850 includes 10 cases in which the eye was lost previous to admission; the Return for 1851 includes 66 such cases.

No. XVII.—Copy of Treasury Minute, dated the 21st October, 1851, authorizing the Treasurers of Unions to retain, pending the Decision of Parliament, certain Sums which would otherwise be paid to the Paymaster of Civil Services, under Act 13 Vic. c. 14.

My Lords have had under their consideration the memorials which have been received from many unions in Ireland, in reference to the consolidated annuities charged upon them under the Act 13 Vic. c. 14, stating various grounds upon which relief is sought, in some cases, from any repayment of the annuities, but more generally urging a postponement of payment.

My Lords are of opinion that the present state of the greater part of Ireland does not call for any relief from the operation of the Act; and it must be borne in mind that these annuities are payable in respect of loans which have, or ought to have been in course of repayment; that the terms of repayment have been rendered easier by the extension of the period, and that the whole of Ireland has been exempted from any payment on this account during the past year.

My Lords, however, cannot doubt that there are districts in which relief must be given.

In the case of those districts, for instance, where the local resources are insufficient to meet the ordinary expenditure for the relief of the poor, and where it is necessary to have recourse to assistance from the Rate-in-Aid Fund for this purpose, it cannot be expected that further sums for the payment of the consolidated annuities can be raised.

With regard to postponement, my Lords are of opinion that such a course would only tend to prolong a feeling of uncertainty as to future payments.

It is a great object to restore confidence to the owners and occupiers of land in the distressed districts in Ireland; and, with this view, the demands of the Government ought to be definite both in amount and also in time.

My Lords think, therefore, that remission of payment either altogether or to a certain extent, according to the circumstances of each district, is far preferable to postponing the payments; but the

sanction of Parliament must be obtained before any definitive measure for this purpose can be carried into effect.

It is the intention of Her Majesty's Government to submit a measure to Parliament with this object early next Session.

In the meantime, my Lords are prepared to adopt the following course in anticipation of the measure to be submitted to Parliament:—

The Poor Law Commissioners in Ireland are authorized to direct the treasurer of any union in Ireland to retain in his hand any sum which he may have received from, or on account of any electoral division in which the expenditure for the relief of the poor in the year ending 29th September, 1851, has amounted to four shillings in the pound on the valuation then in force, and not to pay over to the Paymaster of Civil Services in Ireland the annuity due from such electoral division for the current year; and where the annuity for the current year, added to such expenditure, amounts, for any electoral division, to a sum exceeding four shillings in the pound on such valuation, to pay over to the Paymaster of Civil Services such sum only, in respect of the annuity, as, together with the charge for relief of the poor in the past year, will amount to four shillings in the pound, and to retain the remainder in his own hands.

Her Majesty's Government will propose to Parliament that the sum so retained in respect of the annuities due for the current year shall be entirely remitted.

No. XVIII.—STATEMENT of the ANNUITIES payable from the Poor Rates of Electoral Divisions in Ireland; showing, likewise, the Amount of the Annuities for the Current Year authorized to be retained by the Treasurers of the several Poor Law Unions in Ireland, in pursuance of the Minute of the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, dated 21st October, 1851.

SUMMARY FOR IRELAND.

PROVINCES.	Total Amount to be Retained for each Province.			Total Amount to be paid over by the Treasurers to the Bank of Ireland.	Total of the Annuities, being the Amount of Columns 4 and 5.	Total Number of Electoral Divisions in each Province.			
	Amount for Electoral Divisions in which the Expenditure for the Year exceeds 4*s.* in the Pound.	Amount for Electoral Divisions in which the Expenditure and Annuity together exceed 4*s.* in the Pound.	Total to be Retained in each Province.			Retain all Col. 2.	Retain part Col. 3.	Pay all Col. 5.	Total Number of Electoral Divisions.
Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.	Col. 6.	Col. 7.	Col. 8.	Col. 9.	Col. 10.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.				
ULSTER, ...	276 10 2½	–	276 10 2½	41,233 17 11¾	41,510 8 2¼	5	–	870	875
MUNSTER, ...	44,214 7 5	4,212 13 11	48,427 1 4	47,418 13 9½	95,845 15 1½	441	81	501	1,023
LEINSTER, ...	2,404 14 0	712 14 9¾	3,117 8 9¾	53,267 14 11¼	56,385 3 9	32	22	891	945
CONNAUGHT, . . .	20,003 6 4¼	4,004 1 11½	24,007 8 3¾	27,232 18 8¾	51,240 7 0½	207	73	316	596
Total, ...	66,898 17 11¾	8,929 10 8¼	75,828 8 8	169,153 5 5¼	244,981 14 1¼	685	176	2,578	3,439

No. XVIII.—Statement of Annuities payable from the Poor Rates of Electoral Divisions in Ireland, &c.

Unions.	Amounts to be Retained.			Amount to be paid over by the Treasurer to the Bank of Ireland.	Total Annuity, being the Amount of Columns 4 and 5.	Number of Electoral Divisions.			
	Amount for Electoral Divisions in which the Expenditure for the Year exceeds 4*s.* in the Pound	Amount for Electoral Divisions in which the Expenditure and Annuity together exceed 4*s.* in the Pound.	Total to be Retained in each Union.			Retain all Col. 2.	Retain part Col. 3.	Pay all Col. 5.	Total Number of Electoral Divisions.
Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.	Col. 6.	Col. 7.	Col. 8.	Col. 9.	Col. 10.
	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*				
Province of Ulster:									
Co. Antrim, Antrim,	–	–	–	752 9 8¾	752 9 8¾	–	–	19	19
Co. Antrim, Ballycastle,	–	–	–	567 3 1¾	567 3 1¾	–	–	15	15
Co. Antrim, Ballymena,	–	–	–	1,028 9 9	1,028 9 9	–	–	23	23
Co. Antrim, Ballymoney,	–	–	–	788 9 0½	788 9 0½	–	–	22	22
Co. Antrim, Belfast,	–	–	–	1,773 2 7¼	1,773 2 7¼	–	–	12	12
Co. Antrim, Larne,	–	–	–	735 17 4¼	735 17 4¼	–	–	13	13
Co. Antrim, Lisburn,	–	–	–	844 9 0½	844 9 0½	–	–	27	27
Co. Armagh, Armagh,	–	–	–	1,706 18 2¼	1,706 18 2¼	–	–	26	26
Co. Armagh, Lurgan,	–	–	–	726 16 6	726 16 6	–	–	19	19
Co. Cavan, Bailieborough,	64 5 7½	–	64 5 7½	941 16 4½	1,006 2 0	1	–	11	12
Co. Cavan, Bawnboy,	–	–	–	670 18 5½	670 18 5½	–	–	25	25
Co. Cavan, Cavan,	–	–	–	2,416 14 10¼	2,416 14 10¼	–	–	33	33
Co. Cavan, Cootehill,	–	–	–	1,382 6 11	1,382 6 11	–	–	19	19
Ballyshannon,	–	–	–	871 9 8¾	871 9 8¾	–	–	21	21
Donegal,	–	–	–	780 15 10¼	780 15 10¼	–	–	18	18
Dunfanaghy,	–	–	–	269 12 9¼	269 12 9¼	–	–	10	10
Glenties,	–	–	–	800 13 0¾	800 13 0¾	–	–	27	27

Co. Donegal,	Inishowen,	–	–	–	569 12 5¼	569 12 5¼	–	–	21	21
	Letterkenny,	–	–	–	465 17 8¼	465 17 8¼	–	–	14	14
	Milford,	–	–	–	744 4 2	744 4 2	–	–	19	19
	Stranorlar,	–	–	–	510 15 8½	510 15 8½	–	–	11	11
Co. Down,	Banbridge,	–	–	–	1,055 13 6½	1,055 13 6½	–	–	23	23
	Downpatrick,	–	–	–	1,254 18 2	1,254 18 2	–	–	24	24
	Kilkeel,	–	–	–	789 3 7¼	789 3 7¼	–	–	10	10
	Newry,	–	–	–	1,716 12 8¾	1,716 12 8¾	–	–	22	22
	Newtownards,	–	–	–	568 10 8¼	568 10 8¼	–	–	16	16
Co. Fermanagh	Enniskillen,	–	–	–	1,492 16 6¼	1,492 16 6¼	–	–	42	42
	Lisnaskea,	–	–	–	781 7 1	781 7 1	–	–	20	20
	Lowtherstown,	–	–	–	802 5 6¼	802 5 6¼	–	–	17	17
Co. Londonderry,	Coleraine,	–	–	–	988 12 3¾	988 12 3¾	–	–	20	20
	Londonderry,	–	–	–	1,231 13 10¾	1,231 13 10¾	–	–	22	22
	Magherafelt,	–	–	–	1,151 5 10½	1,151 5 10½	–	–	25	25
	Newtownlimavady,	–	–	–	915 3 9½	915 3 9½	–	–	19	19
Co. Monaghan,	Carrickmacross,	212 4 7	–	212 4 7	537 14 10¾	749 19 5¾	4	–	10	14
	Castleblayney,	–	–	–	1,101 10 8	1,101 10 8	–	–	21	21
	Clones,	–	–	–	917 16 9½	917 16 9½	–	–	16	16
	Monaghan,	–	–	–	1,634 14 3	1,634 14 3	–	–	21	21
Co. Tyrone,	Castlederg,	–	–	–	475 3 9¼	475 3 9¼	–	–	14	14
	Clogher,	–	–	–	472 3 2½	472 3 2½	–	–	18	18
	Cookstown,	–	–	–	807 13 11	807 13 11	–	–	16	16
	Dungannon,	–	–	–	825 15 0½	825 15 0½	–	–	19	19
	Gortin,	–	–	–	335 19 5	335 19 5	–	–	13	13
	Omagh,	–	–	–	1,024 19 4½	1,024 19 4½	–	–	33	33
	Strabane,	–	–	–	1,003 9 6½	1,003 9 6½	–	–	24	24
TOTAL, ULSTER,	£	276 10 2½	–	276 10 2½	41,233 17 11¾	41,510 8 2¼	5	–	870	875

No. XVIII.—Statement of Annuities payable from the Poor Rates of Electoral Divisions in Ireland, &c.—*continued.*

Unions	Amounts to be Retained.			Amount to be paid over by the Treasurer to the Bank of Ireland.	Total Annuity, being the Amount of Columns 4 and 5.	Number of Electoral Divisions.			
	Amount for Electoral Divisions in which the Expenditure for the Year exceeds 4*s.* in the Pound.	Amount for Electoral Divisions in which the Expenditure and Annuity together exceed 4*s.* in the Pound.	Total to be Retained in each Union.			Retain all Col. 2.	Retain part Col. 3.	Pay all Col. 5.	Total Number of Electoral Divisions.
Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.	Col. 6.	Col. 7.	Col. 8.	Col. 9.	Col. 10.
	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*				
Province of Munster.									
Co. Clare, Ballyvaghan,	947 19 0¾	93 7 10	1,041 6 10¾	41 16 6¼	1,083 3 5	10	1	–	11
Co. Clare, Corrofin,	1,157 14 0¾	–	1,157 14 0¾	–	1,157 14 0¾	9	–	–	9
Co. Clare, Ennis,	3,231 2 5½	223 12 0	3,454 14 5½	29 16 11	3,484 11 4½	19	1	–	20
Co. Clare, Ennistymon,	2,761 5 3¾	–	2,761 5 3¾	–	2,761 5 3¾	20	–	–	20
Co. Clare, Killadysert,	1,398 0 8¼	–	1,398 0 8¼	–	1,398 0 8¼	11	–	–	11
Co. Clare, Kilrush,	3,217 4 4½	–	3,217 4 4½	–	3,217 4 4½	27	–	–	27
Co. Clare, Scariff,	2,366 0 7¾	–	2,366 0 7¾	–	2,366 0 7¾	17	–	–	17
Co. Clare, Tulla,	2,227 5 3¼	–	2,227 5 3¼	–	2,227 5 3¼	18	–	–	18
Co. Cork, Bandon,	–	–	–	1,875 12 1½	1,875 12 1½	–	–	20	20
Co. Cork, Bantry,	1,157 15 3½	22 7 1¾	1,180 2 5¼	25 17 5	1,205 19 10¼	13	1	–	14
Co. Cork, Castletown,	468 9 4½	70 7 3½	538 16 8	374 17 11¼	913 14 7¼	5	2	–	7
Co. Cork, Clonakilty,	–	–	–	1,476 11 8½	1,476 11 8½	–	–	20	20
Co. Cork, Cork,	–	44 14 11	44 14 11	3,031 11 9½	3,076 6 8½	–	1	27	28
Co. Cork, Dunmanway,	–	–	–	1,341 3 4	1,341 3 4	–	–	15	15
Co. Cork, Fermoy,	–	–	–	1,826 10 3¾	1,826 10 3¾	–	–	24	24
Co. Cork, Kanturk,	651 14 10	234 0 3¼	885 15 1¼	1,034 7 1¼	1,920 2 2½	13	8	12	33
Co. Cork, Kinsale,	–	–	–	1,586 9 4¼	1,586 9 4¼	–	–	19	19
Co. Cork, Macroom,	32 9 2½	22 1 8½	54 10 11	1,021 13 6	1,076 4 5	2	2	21	25
Co. Cork, Mallow,	–	–	–	2,809 2 1¾	2,809 2 1¾	–	–	21	21
Co. Cork, Midleton,	–	–	–	2,186 17 2¾	2,186 17 2¾	–	–	19	19

	Millstreet,	618	1	3	–			618	1	3	–			618	1	3	12	–	–	12
	Mitchelstown,	777	12	2¾	182	7	8¾	959	19	11½	277	15	11¾	1,237	15	11¼	11	5	2	18
	Skibbereen,	1,059	15	2¾	446	6	8	1,506	1	10¾	574	15	0	2,080	16	10¾	10	8	5	23
	Skull,	934	1	11	–			934	1	11	–			934	1	11	11	–	–	11
	Youghal,	24	1	8½	–			24	1	8½	1,373	3	7¼	1,397	5	3¾	1	–	13	14
	Caherciveen,	1,252	12	10	–			1,252	12	10	–			1,252	12	10	22	–	–	22
	Dingle,	1,359	3	8½	–			1,359	3	8½	–			1,359	3	8½	19	–	–	19
Co. Kerry,	Kenmare,	1,457	9	1¾	–			1,457	9	1¾	–			1,457	9	1¼	16	–	–	16
	Killarney,	1,591	9	10¾	65	18	7	1,657	8	5¾	285	13	1	1,943	1	6¾	22	2	7	31
	Listowel,	1,852	0	6¾	59	6	10½	1,911	7	5¼	442	1	8	2,353	9	1¾	23	3	6	32
	Tralee,	1,869	4	5	691	3	7¼	2,560	8	0¼	713	16	2½	3,274	4	2¾	28	10	1	39
	Croom,	948	14	4¾	–			948	14	4¾	1,197	5	5¾	2,145	19	10½	6	–	14	20
	Glin,	951	8	4¾	26	18	10¾	978	7	3½	224	19	0¾	1,203	6	4¼	10	2	1	13
Co. Limerick,	Kilmallock,	253	3	11	96	11	8	349	15	7	2,908	0	4½	3,252	15	11½	3	1	23	27
	Limerick,	2,079	12	0¼	387	7	10½	2,466	19	10¾	2,385	17	2¼	4,852	17	1	11	7	16	34
	Newcastle,	2,427	12	5½	327	1	6	2,754	13	11½	120	15	5½	2,875	9	5	24	4	–	28
	Rathkeale,	952	5	0	435	13	1½	1,387	18	1½	928	11	5½	2,316	9	7	8	6	4	18
	Borrisokane,	87	3	2¾	–			87	3	2¾	779	16	1¾	866	19	4½	1	–	12	13
	Carrick-on-Suir,	–			–			–			1,446	0	9¼	1,446	0	9¼	–	–	22	22
	Cashel,	1,172	16	1¼	34	2	5¾	1,206	18	7	1,945	12	0½	3,152	10	7¼	7	2	15	24
	Clogheen,	331	19	11¼	–			331	19	11½	776	10	11¼	1,108	10	10½	4	–	10	14
Co. Tipperary,	Clonmel,	175	18	0¼	76	3	0½	252	1	0¾	592	4	4½	844	5	5	4	2	8	14
	Nenagh,	669	4	6¼	114	12	10½	783	17	4¾	1,432	11	9¾	2,216	9	2½	5	3	20	28
	Roscrea,	74	7	1½	–			74	7	1½	1,225	5	10¼	1,299	12	11¾	1	–	20	21
	Thurles,	782	9	9	251	15	7¾	1,034	5	4¾	1,453	3	8½	2,487	9	1¼	6	5	11	22
	Tipperary,	840	0	8¼	298	9	4¼	1,138	10	0½	1,907	0	5½	3,045	10	6	9	4	17	30
	Dungarvan,	29	15	8	–			29	15	8	1,288	18	5½	1,318	14	1½	2	–	16	18
Co. Waterford,	Kilmacthomas,	–			–			–			693	10	7½	693	10	7½	–	–	16	16
	Lismore,	25	2	8½	8	2	10	33	5	6½	867	19	8½	901	5	3	1	1	14	16
	Waterford,	–			–			–			2,919	16	11½	2,919	16	11½	–	–	30	30
TOTAL, MUNSTER,	£	44,214	7	5	4,212	13	11	48,427	1	4	47,418	13	9½	95,845	15	1½	441	81	501	1,023

No. XVIII.—Statement of Annuities payable from the Poor Rates of Electoral Divisions in Ireland, &c.—*continued.*

Unions.	Amounts to be Retained.			Amount to be paid over by the Treasurer to the Bank of Ireland.	Total Annuity, being the Amount of Columns 4 and 5.	Number of Electoral Divisions.			
	Amount for Electoral Divisions in which the Expenditure for the Year exceeds 4*s.* in the Pound.	Amount for Electoral Divisions in which the Expenditure and Annuity together exceed 4*s.* in the Pound.	Total to be Retained in each Union.			Retain all Col. 2.	Retain part Col. 3.	Pay all Col. 5.	Total Number of Electoral Divisions.
Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.	Col. 6.	Col. 7.	Col. 8.	Col. 9.	Col. 10.
	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*	£ *s.* *d.*				
Province of Leinster.									
Co. Carlow, . Carlow, . .	94 11 $7\frac{3}{4}$	–	94 11 $7\frac{3}{4}$	1,966 18 $9\frac{1}{4}$	2,061 10 5	2	–	43	45
Co. Dublin, . Balrothery, .	–	–	–	1,001 11 $2\frac{1}{2}$	1,001 11 $2\frac{1}{4}$	–	–	12	12
Dublin, North, .	–	–	–	503 2 $9\frac{1}{2}$	503 2 $9\frac{1}{2}$	–	–	9	9
Dublin, South, .	–	–	–	1,268 4 3	1,268 4 3	–	–	8	8
Rathdown, . .	–	–	–	1,223 6 2	1,223 6 2	–	–	10	10
Co. Kildare, . Athy, . .	–	–	–	1,562 16 $2\frac{3}{4}$	1,562 16 $2\frac{3}{4}$	–	–	38	38
Celbridge, . .	–	–	–	713 5 $2\frac{1}{2}$	713 5 $2\frac{1}{2}$	–	–	15	15
Naas, . .	–	–	–	1,866 10 $0\frac{3}{4}$	1,866 10 $0\frac{3}{4}$	–	–	37	37
Co. Kilkenny, Callan, . .	573 7 8	–	573 7 8	799 5 $3\frac{3}{4}$	1,372 12 $11\frac{3}{4}$	5	–	15	20
Castlecomer, .	–	–	–	703 19 $8\frac{1}{4}$	703 19 $8\frac{1}{4}$	–	–	7	7
Kilkenny, . .	126 6 $1\frac{1}{2}$	–	126 6 $1\frac{1}{2}$	2,205 1 2	2,331 7 $3\frac{1}{2}$	1	–	20	21
Thomastown, .	62 12 $11\frac{1}{2}$	–	62 12 $11\frac{1}{2}$	809 9 $0\frac{1}{4}$	872 1 $11\frac{3}{4}$	1	–	26	27
Urlingford, . .	58 4 $0\frac{3}{4}$	41 4 11	99 8 $11\frac{3}{4}$	821 16 $11\frac{1}{4}$	921 5 11	1	2	23	26
King's Co., . Edenderry, .	–	–	–	898 3 $2\frac{3}{4}$	898 3 $2\frac{3}{4}$	–	–	29	29
Parsonstown, .	–	–	–	1,978 8 9	1,978 8 9	–	–	39	39
Tullamore, . .	242 18 $10\frac{1}{4}$	72 17 $3\frac{3}{4}$	315 16 2	979 2 $10\frac{3}{4}$	1,294 19 $0\frac{1}{4}$	2	1	25	28

Co. Longford,	Ballymahon,	47	2	8	–			47	2	8	1,117	13	8	1,164	16	4	1	–	17	18
	Granard,	237	11	5¼	36	18	10¼	274	10	3½	1,219	6	4	1,493	16	7½	4	2	30	36
	Longford,	219	5	9¾	114	4	11¼	333	10	9¼	1,446	15	5¼	1,780	6	2½	3	5	11	19
Co. Louth,	Ardee,	–			–			–			1,383	15	4¾	1,383	15	4¾	–	–	13	13
	Drogheda,	–			–			–			1,799	13	8¾	1,799	13	8¾	–	–	12	12
	Dundalk,	–			–			–			1,162	15	6	1,162	15	6	–	–	19	19
Co. Meath,	Dunshaughlin,	–			–			–			930	6	9¾	930	6	9¾	–	–	12	12
	Kells,	–			33	12	7	33	12	7	2,285	17	7½	2,319	10	2½	–	1	24	25
	Navan,	–			–			–			1,512	17	6¼	1,512	17	6¼	–	–	12	12
	Oldcastle,	113	10	3¼	61	8	5	174	18	8¼	1,237	1	10½	1,412	0	6¾	1	1	12	14
	Trim,	–			–			–			1,770	11	5¼	1,770	11	5¼	–	–	20	20
Queen's Co.,	Abbeyleix,	–			–			–			846	6	9¾	846	6	9¾	–	–	22	22
	Donaghmore,	–			–			–			386	11	11	386	11	11	–	–	13	13
	Mountmelick,	91	5	10	8	14	2	100	0	0	1,116	11	7¾	1,216	11	7¾	1	1	40	42
Co. Westmeath	Athlone,	398	18	11	119	0	9¼	517	19	8¼	1,471	6	4¾	1,989	6	1	6	4	21	31
	Castletowndelvin,	–			–			–			423	7	9	423	7	9	–	–	19	19
	Mullingar,	–			–			–			1,743	4	0¼	1,743	4	0¼	–	–	48	48
Co. Wexford,	Enniscorthy,	74	15	3½	149	6	2¾	224	1	6¼	2,637	7	8¾	2,861	9	3	1	3	29	33
	Gorey,	–			31	14	9½	31	14	9½	1,838	14	7¾	1,870	9	4¾	–	1	24	25
	New Ross,	64	2	5½	–			64	2	5½	1,920	10	11	1,984	13	4½	3	–	36	39
	Wexford,	–			43	11	9	43	11	9¾	1,978	7	6½	2,021	19	4½	–	1	32	33
Co. Wicklow,	Baltinglass,	–			–			–			1,011	14	11½	1,011	14	11¼	–	–	28	28
	Rathdrum,	–			–			–			1,398	19	3	1,398	19	3	–	–	30	30
	Shillelagh,	–			–			–			1,326	14	4½	1,326	14	4½	–	–	21	21
TOTAL, LEINSTER,	£	2,404	14	0	712	14	9¾	3,117	8	9¾	53,267	14	11¼	56,385	3	9	32	22	891	945

No. XVIII.—Statement of Annuities payable from the Poor Rates of Electoral Divisions in Ireland, &c.—*continued.*

Unions.	Amounts to be Retained.			Amount to be paid over by the Treasurer to the Bank of Ireland.	Total Annuity, being the Amount of Columns 4 and 5.	Number of Electoral Divisions.			
	Amount for Electoral Divisions in which the Expenditure for the Year exceeds 4*s.* in the Pound.	Amount for Electoral Divisions in which the Expenditure and Annuity together exceed 4*s.* in the Pound.	Total to be Retained in each Union.			Retain all Col. 2.	Retain part Col. 3.	Pay all Col. 5.	Total Number of Electoral Divisions.
Col. 1.	Col. 2.	Col. 3.	Col. 4.	Col. 5.	Col. 6.	Col. 7.	Col. 8.	Col. 9	Col. 10.
Province of Connaught.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.				
Co. Galway, Ballinasloe,	–	34 0 11½	34 0 11½	1,922 9 6¾	1,956 10 6¼	–	1	24	25
Clifden,	1,643 6 11¼	–	1,643 6 11¼	–	1,643 6 11¼	19	–	–	19
Galway,	1,173 11 3	797 13 11½	1,971 5 2½	1,322 14 8¾	3,293 19 11¼	11	5	10	26
Glennamaddy,	505 16 4¾	138 15 10	644 12 2¾	396 1 9½	1,040 14 0¼	8	5	5	18
Gort,	1,425 15 7¾	185 4 11¼	1,611 0 7	327 2 2¼	1,938 2 9¼	14	3	3	20
Loughrea,	128 4 10¼	180 11 3	308 16 1¼	1,844 19 10¾	2,153 16 0	4	3	27	34
Mount Bellew,	49 16 7½	54 12 6½	104 9 2	1,083 12 6¼	1,188 1 8¼	1	3	10	14
Oughterard,	1,542 12 5	–	1,542 12 5	–	1,542 12 5	14	–	–	14
Portumna,	164 12 6½	53 2 5	217 14 11½	703 7 8	921 2 7½	4	3	8	15
Tuam,	799 16 8¼	436 5 7¾	1,236 2 4	1,514 19 7½	2,751 1 11½	9	9	16	34
Co. Leitrim, Carrick-on-Shannon	–	367 8 1¼	367 8 1¼	1,461 12 9½	1,829 0 10¾	–	4	21	25
Manorhamilton,	–	–	–	1,697 8 6¼	1,697 8 6¼	–	–	22	22
Mohill,	28 8 9½	4 1 6¼	32 10 3¾	1,311 15 11¼	1,344 6 3	1	1	21	23
Ballina,	985 17 0	251 0 8¾	1,236 17 8¾	744 3 0¼	1,981 0 9	8	7	5	20
Ballinrobe,	1,576 0 9	30 16 3½	1,606 17 0½	634 8 0¼	2,241 5 0¾	13	3	2	18
Belmullet,	771 18 0	–	771 18 0	–	771 18 0	15	–	–	15
Castlebar,	2,000 15 8¾	140 1 6½	2,140 17 3¼	510 13 5½	2,651 10 8¾	14	3	2	19

Co. Mayo,	Claremorris,	£	746	3	11½	642	13	10	1,388	17	9½	447	0	6¾	1,835	18	4¼	8	9	2	19
	Killala,		843	2	6½	–			843	2	6½	–			843	2	6½	8	–	–	8
	Newport,		873	19	3¼	–			873	19	3¼	–			873	19	3¼	10	–	–	10
	Swineford,		52	9	4½	339	8	5¾	391	17	10¼	1,587	17	10¾	1,979	15	9	1	9	11	21
	Westport,		2,195	0	4¼	–			2,195	0	4¼	–			2,195	0	4¼	20	–	–	20
Co. Roscommon,	Boyle,		–			–			–			2,212	4	7½	2,212	4	7½	–	–	33	33
	Castlerea,		–			–			–			1,866	9	5	1,866	9	5	–	–	19	19
	Roscommon,		1,325	4	5¾	111	0	4	1,436	4	9¾	481	6	7½	1,917	11	5¼	11	2	5	18
	Strokestown,		1,170	12	9	237	3	7	1,407	16	4	546	10	8	1,954	7	0	14	3	3	20
Co. Sligo,	Dromore, West,		–			–			–			968	0	10½	968	0	10½	–	–	17	17
	Sligo,		–			–			–			2,612	15	5½	2,612	15	5½	–	–	29	29
	Tobercurry,		–			–			–			1,035	2	10½	1,035	2	10½	–	–	21	21
TOTAL, CONNAUGHT,		£	20,003	6	4¼	4,004	1	11½	24,007	8	3¾	27,232	18	8¾	51,240	7	0½	207	73	316	596

DUBLIN: PRINTED BY ALEXANDER THOM, 87, ABBEY-STREET,
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

FOR

ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR IN IRELAND.

1645

SIXTH

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONERS

FOR

ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR IN IRELAND:

WITH

APPENDICES.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

DUBLIN:
PRINTED BY ALEXANDER THOM, 87, ABBEY-STREET,
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1853.

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SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

FOR

ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR IN IRELAND.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY EDWARD GRANVILLE, EARL OF ST. GERMANS,

Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland.

Dublin, 2nd May, 1853.

May it please Your Excellency,

We, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, submit to your Excellency this our Sixth Annual Report.

2. The usual summaries, showing the number and classes of the destitute persons relieved in and out of the Workhouses in Ireland during each successive week of the past year are presented below, beginning with the week ended 1st May, 1852, and ending with the week ended 23rd April, 1853.

SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland, from the week ended 1st May, 1852, to the week ended 23rd April, 1853, both inclusive; distinguishing the several Classes, the number of Sick and Deaths in each Week, and the Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000; also the Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per Head.

Week ended Saturday.	Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total No. in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of clothing).	Deaths.	
	Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.			No. in the Week.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
1852.														
May 1,	16,760	43,999	60,759	83,257	4,697	24,955	29,652	4,926	8,285	13,211	186,879	1 0¾	611	3·3
8,	16,892	44,034	60,926	83,079	4,467	24,515	28,982	4,911	8,240	13,151	186,138	1 0¾	591	3·2
15,	17,139	44,656	61,795	83,746	4,426	24,645	29,071	5,049	8,200	13,249	187,861	1 0¾	595	3·2
22,	17,440	44,949	62,389	84,328	4,401	24,306	28,707	4,990	8,519	13,509	188,933	1 0¾	538	2·8
29,	17,293	44,644	61,937	84,474	4,211	24,004	28,215	4,951	8,422	13,373	187,999	1 0¾	489	2·6
June 5,	17,331	44,012	61,346	83,939	3,996	24,044	28,040	4,990	8,377	13,367	187,003	1 0¾	541	2·9
12,	17,482	44,049	61,531	84,355	3,935	23,387	27,322	5,072	8,436	13,508	186,716	1 0¾	527	2·8
19,	17,566	44,091	61,657	84,011	3,987	23,633	27,620	5,067	8,414	13,481	186,769	1 0¾	445	2·4
26,	17,569	43,998	61,567	83,774	3,846	23,538	27,384	5,001	8,331	13,332	186,057	1 0¾	425	2·3
July 3,	17,493	43,232	60,725	83,326	3,768	23,391	27,159	4,995	8,302	13,297	184,507	1 0¾	429	2·3
10,	16,335	41,404	57,739	81,459	3,633	23,093	26,726	4,832	8,148	12,980	178,904	1 0¾	397	2·2
17,	15,531	39,427	54,958	78,939	3,420	22,528	25,948	4,709	7,921	12,630	172,475	1 0¾	352	2·0
24,	14,212	36,347	50,559	76,236	3,382	21,893	25,275	4,550	7,834	12,384	164,454	1 0¾	339	2·0
31,	12,791	32,757	45,548	72,010	3,131	20,841	23,972	4,311	7,413	11,724	153,254	1 0¾	326	2·1
Aug. 7,	11,577	29,475	41,052	67,708	3,010	20,051	23,061	3,983	7,036	11,019	142,840	1 0¾	298	2·1
14,	10,396	25,421	35,817	63,685	2,916	19,203	22,119	3,739	6,751	10,490	132,111	1 0¾	306	2·3
21,	9,318	22,710	32,028	60,062	2,779	18,319	21,098	3,383	6,250	9,633	122,821	1	325	2·6
28,	8,570	20,840	29,410	57,380	2,633	17,634	20,267	3,310	6,115	9,425	116,482	1	271	2·3
Sept. 4,	8,389	20,084	28,473	56,337	2,463	17,351	19,814	3,214	6,015	9,229	113,853	1	260	2·3
11,	8,116	19,641	27,757	55,378	2,404	17,092	19,496	3,260	5,925	9,185	111,816	1	258	2·3
18,	8,229	19,705	27,934	54,843	2,414	16,821	19,235	3,213	5,892	9,105	111,117	1	261	2·3
25,	8,272	19,815	28,087	54,866	2,420	16,649	19,069	3,230	5,931	9,161	111,183	1	260	2·3
Oct. 2,	8,328	20,374	28,702	54,698	2,359	16,842	19,201	3,321	5,926	9,247	111,848	1	233	2·1
9,	8,458	20,795	29,253	55,069	2,367	16,694	19,061	3,440	6,008	9,448	112,831	1	271	2·4
16,	8,542	21,154	29,696	55,125	2,298	16,702	19,000	3,404	6,067	9,471	113,292	1	252	2·2
23,	8,668	21,309	29,977	55,235	2,381	16,823	19,204	3,436	6,075	9,511	113,927	1	236	2·1
30,	9,038	22,062	31,100	55,552	2,350	17,075	19,425	3,411	6,028	9,439	115,516	1	280	2·4
Nov. 6,	8,492	24,038	32,530	56,101	2,436	17,509	19,945	3,494	6,137	9,631	118,207	1	233	2·0
13,	10,114	24,377	34,491	57,128	2,441	17,823	20,264	3,579	6,261	9,840	121,723	1	238	2·0
20,	10,701	25,922	36,623	58,469	2,397	18,058	20,455	3,746	6,395	10,141	125,688	1	242	1·9
27,	11,210	27,243	38,453	59,522	2,453	18,343	20,796	3,919	6,516	10,435	129,206	1	282	2·2
Dec. 4,	11,780	28,349	40,129	60,277	2,615	18,857	21,472	4,015	6,794	10,809	132,687	1	295	2·2
11,	12,116	28,855	40,971	60,692	2,740	19,467	22,207	4,011	6,767	10,778	134,648	1	328	2·4
18,	12,573	29,520	42,093	60,683	2,871	19,311	22,182	4,077	6,742	10,819	135,777	1	317	2·3
25,	12,602	29,216	41,818	60,532	2,716	18,652	21,368	4,005	6,753	10,758	134,476	1	281	2·1
1853.														
Jan. 1,	13,281	30,658	43,939	62,044	2,790	19,116	21,906	4,095	6,780	10,875	138,764	1	327	2·4
8,	13,839	32,729	46,568	63,626	2,932	20,129	23,061	4,171	6,962	11,133	144,388	1	362	2·5
15,	14,450	34,682	49,132	65,270	2,963	21,083	24,046	4,287	7,001	11,288	149,736	1	350	2·3
22,	14,499	35,701	50,200	66,080	3,169	21,520	24,689	4,322	7,168	11,490	152,459	1	423	2·8
29,	14,569	36,369	50,938	66,296	3,399	22,065	25,464	4,399	7,201	11,600	154,298	1	432	2·8
Feb. 5,	14,382	36,398	50,780	66,327	3,474	22,532	26,006	4,437	7,284	11,721	154,834	1	484	3·1
12,	14,599	36,892	51,491	66,659	3,632	23,534	27,166	4,490	7,395	11,885	157,201	1	507	3·2
19,	14,965	38,309	53,274	67,361	3,699	24,354	28,053	4,587	7,499	12,086	160,774	1	627	3·9
26,	14,501	37,839	52,340	67,003	3,852	24,633	28,485	4,550	7,583	12,133	159,961	1	612	3·8
Mar. 5,	13,599	36,917	50,916	66,113	3,932	24,753	28,685	4,445	7,609	12,054	157,768	2	654	4·1
12,	13,195	35,623	48,818	65,093	3,885	24,301	28,186	4,395	7,557	11,952	154,049	2	580	3·8
19,	12,996	34,968	47,964	64,695	3,976	24,221	28,197	4,359	7,589	11,948	152,804	2	581	3·8
26,	12,801	34,260	47,061	64,275	3,888	24,199	28,087	4,308	7,476	11,784	151,207	2	618	4·1
April 2,	12,466	33,807	46,273	63,761	3,866	24,431	28,297	4,329	7,468	11,797	150,128	2¼	611	4·1
9,	12,222	33,327	45,549	63,502	3,815	24,480	28,295	4,330	7,617	11,947	149,293	2¼	528	3·5
16,	12,001	32,516	44,517	62,890	3,770	24,561	28,331	4,344	7,594	11,928	147,666	2¼	538	3·6
23,	11,818	31,808	43,626	62,692	3,708	24,213	27,921	4,287	7,615	11,902	146,141	2¼	574	3·9

SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Destitute Persons Relieved out of the Workhouses in Ireland from the week ended 1st May, 1852, to the week ended 23rd April, 1853, both inclusive, distinguishing those relieved under Section 1 of 10 Vic., c. 31, from those not relievable under that Section, and distinguishing Relief in Money from that in Kind.

Week ended Saturday,	Relievable under Section 1.		Not Relievable under Section 1.		Total Relieved out of the Workhouse.		Expenditure.								
	No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.	No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.	No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.	In Money.			In Kind.			Total.		
							£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*
1852.															
May 1,	1,861	3,553	1	1	1,862	3,554	76	18	5	25	9	7	102	8	0
8,	1,859	3,489	–	–	1,859	3,489	74	12	0	23	15	9	98	7	9
15,	1,867	3,497	1	2	1,868	3,499	75	11	8	24	7	10	99	19	6
22,	1,879	3,511	–	–	1,879	3,511	76	16	7	23	19	1	100	15	8
29,	1,864	3,547	–	–	1,864	3,547	76	3	10	26	3	9	102	7	7
June 5,	1,823	3,516	–	–	1,823	3,516	75	17	6	25	2	6	101	0	0
12,	1,895	3,692	–	–	1,895	3,692	76	1	3	30	1	3	106	2	6
19,	1,919	3,757	–	–	1,919	3,757	76	14	7	32	6	9	109	1	4
26,	1,890	3,646	–	–	1,890	3,646	74	2	0	32	19	0	107	1	0
July 3,	1,869	3,579	–	–	1,869	3,579	72	15	10	30	3	2	102	19	0
10,	1,865	3,536	–	–	1,865	3,536	72	5	9	30	2	3	102	8	0
17,	1,764	3,323	–	–	1,764	3,323	67	12	4	27	18	3	95	10	7
24,	1,758	3,318	–	–	1,758	3,318	69	2	3	27	9	6	96	11	9
31,	1,701	3,193	–	–	1,701	3,193	63	14	3	27	9	1	91	3	4
Aug. 7,	1,560	2,996	–	–	1,560	2,996	57	14	6	27	8	11	85	3	5
14,	1,539	2,785	–	–	1,539	2,785	54	14	9	26	19	11	81	14	8
21,	1,465	2,605	–	–	1,465	2,605	50	10	1	27	1	10	77	11	11
28,	1,433	2,555	–	–	1,433	2,555	49	17	2	26	5	4	76	2	2
Sept. 4,	1,404	2,502	–	–	1,404	2,502	48	6	2	26	2	5	74	8	7
11,	1,413	2,500	–	–	1,413	2,500	49	16	10	25	16	3	75	13	1
18,	1,423	2,485	–	–	1,423	2,485	49	8	7	24	16	5	74	5	0
25,	1,448	2,531	–	–	1,448	2,531	51	6	10	24	12	9	75	19	7
Oct. 2,	1,436	2,525	–	–	1,436	2,525	51	13	11	24	3	3	75	17	2
9,	1,423	2,491	1	1	1,424	2,492	50	7	8	23	13	7	74	1	3
16,	1,435	2,518	–	–	1,435	2,518	50	6	2	24	0	8	74	6	10
23,	1,458	2,586	1	1	1,459	2,587	52	0	5	24	2	0	76	2	5
30,	1,486	2,628	1	1	1,487	2,629	54	2	1	24	11	3	78	13	4
Nov. 6,	1,494	2,686	2	2	1,496	2,688	54	1	1	24	14	0	78	15	1
13,	1,528	2,774	–	–	1,528	2,774	55	1	6	25	12	0	80	13	6
20,	1,548	2,783	–	–	1,548	2,783	55	8	7	25	1	7	80	10	2
27,	1,594	2,875	–	–	1,594	2,875	57	1	8	26	7	5	83	9	1
Dec. 4,	1,617	2,904	1	1	1,618	2,905	57	5	9	25	17	10	83	3	7
11,	1,629	2,941	–	–	1,629	2,941	58	10	2	27	5	6	85	15	8
18,	1,658	2,999	–	–	1,658	2,999	59	8	2	29	3	10	88	12	0
25,	1,666	2,998	–	–	1,666	2,998	58	12	5	29	0	5	87	12	10
1853.															
Jan. 1,	1,697	3,058	–	–	1,697	3,058	60	14	7	29	3	11	89	18	6
8,	1,713	3,087	–	–	1,713	3,087	60	9	11	30	19	10	91	9	9
15,	1,763	3,211	–	–	1,763	3,211	63	13	5	32	9	7	96	3	0
22,	1,876	3,572	1	1	1,877	3,573	66	2	0	40	9	11	106	11	11
29,	1,813	3,349	–	–	1,813	3,349	65	7	1	34	10	2	99	17	3
Feb. 5,	1,840	3,371	–	–	1,840	3,371	67	2	0	32	3	9	99	5	9
12,	1,852	3,356	–	–	1,852	3,356	68	7	3	31	18	7	100	5	10
19,	1,889	3,481	1	1	1,890	3,482	70	11	10	34	7	5	104	19	3
26,	2,118	4,152	–	–	2,118	4,152	71	3	0	45	13	10	116	16	10
Mar. 5,	2,078	3,691	–	–	2,078	3,691	84	5	5	37	18	8	122	4	1
12,	2,130	3,769	–	–	2,130	3,769	85	18	4	38	2	7	124	0	11
19,	2,114	3,680	–	–	2,114	3,680	86	4	9	37	11	1	123	15	10
26,	2,046	3,543	–	–	2,046	3,543	81	2	1	35	10	0	116	12	1
April 2,	1,821	3,276	–	–	1,821	3,276	68	15	3	29	17	10	98	13	1
9,	1,816	3,283	–	–	1,816	3,283	69	1	2	30	11	9	99	12	11
16,	1,763	3,122	–	–	1,763	3,122	67	19	9	27	17	8	95	17	5
23,	1,750	3,126	–	–	1,750	3,126	66	15	8	29	8	3	96	3	11

3. Since the month of September, 1851, the number of persons receiving out-door relief in Ireland has been usually between 3,000 and 4,000 weekly, including heads of families and their dependents; in one week only during that period of 20 months the number exceeded 4,000. The cases relieved provisionally by Relieving Officers out of the Workhouses are included in these Returns.

4. The number of out-door poor being so inconsiderable, and liable to so little fluctuation, the comparative extent of pauperism in successive years is now almost wholly dependent on the number receiving relief in the Workhouses. This number continues to fluctuate almost in the same degree as formerly, notwithstanding the absolute decrease which has taken place; the number in autumn not usually much exceeding one-half the number at another period of the year.

5. A very remarkable change, however, has now established itself in regard to the time of the year when the number of inmates is at the maximum. In each year since the occurrence of the famine until the year 1851, the greatest degree of destitution was observable in the summer months. Thus, in the year 1847–8, the maximum number of in-door and out-door poor, amounting together to 973,286, occurred on the 1st July; in 1848–9, the maximum (1,005,950) was on the 7th July; in 1849–50, the maximum (403,310) was on the 29th June; and in the year 1850–51, the maximum (consisting of 265,170 inmates, and 19,918 out-door poor) occurred on the 21st June. In the following year, 1851–52, the period of the maximum shifted from the end of June to the 21st February, when there were 196,966 inmates in the Workhouses, and 3,473 out-door poor. From that time there was a gradual decrease, with a very slight fluctuation, until midsummer; and from midsummer to autumn, a rapid decrease, as usual. The same course of fluctuation appears likely to be repeated in 1852-53, the maximum number hitherto having occurred in precisely the same week as in the preceding year, viz., that ending 19th February, when the number of inmates was 160,774, and the number on out-door relief 3,482; a gradual decrease having since taken place. This decrease will probably continue to go on until the month of October next, when the number of persons receiving relief in Ireland may be expected not to exceed 80,000.

6. The increase of destitution formerly arising in the summer months was undoubtedly attributable to the comparative scarcity of food and employment at that season. The same causes still operate and prevent any rapid decrease of the inmates in summer, notwithstanding the greatly im-

proved sanitary state of the Workhouses and population outside, at that genial season of the year; but it will be seen, on referring to the number of the fever patients and other sick inmates, and the rate of mortality during successive weeks, that the maximum number of inmates and the maximum number of sick now occur at the same period of the year; whereas formerly this was not the case, sickness having always been most prevalent in spring, and pauperism heretofore most prevalent in June and July.

7. The fact that the greatest amount of pauperism and the greatest degree of sickness now occur at the same season of the year, is one of several indications which show that, as the proportion of the able-bodied and youthful inmates declines, the Workhouses of Ireland are assuming, especially in large towns, the character of hospitals for the reception of destitute sick persons, whether suffering from sudden and acute sickness, chronic infirmity, or contagious disease; and the connexion now established between the Board of Guardians and the execution of the Medical Charities Act is certainly favourable to the development of this peculiar characteristic of the Irish Poor Law.

8. We believe that the following statement made by the Medical Officer of the Boyle Workhouse is applicable to other Unions in Ireland. "There are 114 in Hospital this "day. The very great disproportion between the number in "hospital and the body of the house, and the number at "present under medical treatment, as compared with a "similar period the last two years, is caused by the working "of the Medical Charities, which has thrown the burden of all "the serious cases on the Workhouse Hospitals. For instance, "in the past week, seven urgent cases were admitted: the first, "a case of acute inflammation of the bowels; the second, "a case of diffuse inflammation, which terminated fatally in "a few hours, notwithstanding the use of the most prompt "measures, the third, a case of bad, spotted, typhus fever; the "fourth, a case of severe injury of the ribs and hip; and three "others of minor importance." We do not regard this operation of the law with dissatisfaction; but it is incumbent on us to state, that if other than destitute persons were admitted into Workhouses on the ground of sickness, it would be a most serious departure from the original principle of the Irish Poor Law. The question on which most difficulty arises in this respect is, where members of families, the heads of which are not destitute, are proposed for admission to Workhouse Infirmary on the ground of sickness. When consulted by Boards of Guardians on this subject, we have advised that the sick members of a family should not be received into a Work-

house as destitute, in cases where the head of the family applies for relief in this way and refuses to enter the Workhouse with them, unless the Guardians are prepared to prosecute him at once under the 58th section of the Act. The admission of "poor persons" suffering under dangerous contagious disease is, however, considered to be exceptional, and conducted on less rigid principles than the relief of the destitute poor.

9. There are still in the Workhouses, especially in those of the Province of Munster, a great number of young persons, consisting chiefly of children, of both sexes, under 15 years of age, and females between the ages of 15 and 21. In regard to these classes, the strict discipline and close confinement, so essential to the proper management of this system of relief, suggest some painful reflections. These classes have become inmates of this asylum through misfortune, wholly unconnected with any default on their own part, and they remain inmates because there is no other resource of which they can avail themselves. Notwithstanding the employment which is found for adult able-bodied females, in sewing, mending, washing, and the other household duties of the establishment, and notwithstanding that a larger degree of indulgence, as to air and exercise, is provided, as well as educational and industrial training, for the children, it is impossible that these classes should not suffer, both physically and mentally, from continued residence in a Workhouse; where no degree of care, in discipline or in training, can supply the moral advantages of domestic protection, and no industrial system can duly awaken that energy of character which is necessary to enable them to struggle successfully for some position in society, however humble.

10. The question, therefore, is still asked, what can be done with, or what can be done for, able-bodied adult females, and for the orphan and deserted children, left in the Workhouses by the famine? Many benevolent minds have applied themselves to the solution of the problem, and have suggested various expedients for adoption. The more prominent among these have been, the introduction of a self-supporting system of industry, either by means of manufactures, or by means of large farms, supplying agricultural labour for males, and dairy work for females; the formation, at the same time, of District Schools, with a more perfect system of educational and industrial training; and, in connexion with either or both of these projects, a system of rewards to stimulate attention and industry, and to awaken those energies which are apt to lie dormant in the dull routine of the Workhouse School, and still more so in the

workroom, filled by hands who have no personal interest in the products of their own labour. Since these questions, however, began to be mooted in this country, a vast change of circumstances has taken place, tending to confirm the views of those who deprecate the introduction of any arrangements which may have the effect of retaining paupers in the Workhouse, and even of reconciling rate-payers to the existence of a mass of pauperism among them, by means of an endeavour to make such pauperism self-supporting. We allude no longer to the great change in regard to out-door relief, but to the decrease of pauperism in the Workhouses since the time when out-door relief ceased to exist otherwise than exceptionally.

11. It has been more than once remarked by us, that the Province of Connaught was earlier in its recovery from the effects of the famine than some other parts of Ireland. Although many districts in that Province, formerly assisted from external funds, but now self-supporting, are still subject, in consequence, to extremely heavy rates, the actual reduction of Workhouse pauperism, since 1851, has been beyond all expectation; and is the more satisfactory because it has taken place concurrently with a very low rate of mortality in the Workhouses.

12. The following summary for the Province of Connaught shows the extent of the reduction of Workhouse pauperism, and the several classes on which that reduction has taken effect:—

Province of Connaught.	Number of Paupers.										
	Able-bodied.			Children under 15 Years of Age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospital.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouse.
	Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males, aged 15 and upwards.	Females, aged 15 and upwards.	Total.	
19th April, 1851,	3,827	12,257	16,084	18,620	928	5,179	6,107	609	866	1,475	42,286
17th „ 1852,	2,012	6,638	8,650	12,630	518	3,754	4,272	345	654	999	26,551
16th „ 1853,	1,184	3,587	4,771	8,569	287	2,983	3,270	249	530	779	17,389

Thus it appears, that while the whole number of inmates in Connaught has decreased since April, 1851, from 42,286 to 17,389, or 60 per cent., the number of able-bodied females has been reduced from 12,257 to 3,587, or 70 per cent., and children under 15, from 18,620 to 8,569, or 55 per cent. In particular Unions of Connaught, including the poorest

in point of net annual value, the rate of reduction has been still more surprising. In Belmullet it was from 1,790, in 1851, to 387, in 1853, or 80 per cent.; in Newport, from 1,344 to 320, or 75 per cent.; in Clifden, from 2,771 to 557, or 80 per cent.; and in Westport, from 2,757 to 539, or 80 per cent.

13. The decrease in the number of the juvenile inmates of Workhouses has arisen almost wholly through the excess of discharges over admissions; the discharges taking place for the most part voluntarily, in consequence of the means of subsistence presenting itself to such young persons or their parents outside the Workhouse; and in some cases for the purpose of joining friends or relations in America, Australia, or in England or Scotland.

14. We have endeavoured to obtain by Returns from the Clerks of Unions, some idea of the extent to which remittances have been made to the inmates of Workhouses for the last-mentioned purposes. It appears from those Returns that in the last year £2,158 was remitted to enable 877 inmates to join their friends in America, and £136 to assist 489 inmates to go to England and Scotland, and £221 to enable 31 inmates to proceed to Australia. These remittances are made at the present time in greater amount and number than heretofore, and may be expected to increase. When the sums remitted for emigration are insufficient, assistance is often afforded to the necessary extent by the Guardians, under the provisions of the Irish Poor Law Acts. The sum of £14,041 was expended for that purpose during the year ended 29th September last; and 3,825 persons were assisted to emigrate to America or Australia during the year ended 31st March, 1853. The expenditure on emigration during the previous year was £21,075, and the number of emigrants 4,386, grants for the purpose to the extent of £15,000 having been issued from the Rate-in-Aid; but no part of the Rate-in-Aid has been applied to this purpose during the year 1851–2.

15. The mainly operative cause of the depletion of the Workhouses has been, without doubt, the increased demand for labour, consequent on the drain produced by emigration. Until recently we have reason to believe that this demand had been satisfied by the redundant supply of working hands maintained in the Workhouses, and taking their discharge from time to time, and that very little improvement, if any, had occurred in the rate of wages of labour in the districts most. depopulated by emigration. In January last we obtained, at the desire of the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners, Returns from our Inspectors, relating to

nearly the whole of Ireland, showing the comparative rate of wages in the present year and in several past years, summaries of which we give in the Appendix.* In very few departments of labour does the money rate of wages appear to have been higher in the beginning of 1853 than it was in 1845, the year before the commencement of the famine. This state of things, however, must be considered as modified materially by the change in the price of food during the intervening period, of which a ready index is furnished by the weekly cost of Workhouse maintenance, exclusive of clothing, in successive years, rising, as it did, to 2*s.* 2*d.* on the average of all Ireland in 1847, and descending again to 1*s.* in 1850, 1851, and 1852. It must also be borne in mind that the daily rate of wages is not the only criterion of an improvement in the condition of the peasantry; for it is very likely that previously to any increase in the daily rate of wages, more continuous employment of the individual labourer would take place, and add materially to his means of maintaining himself and his dependents.

16. In the present month of the year 1853, the average cost of weekly maintenance in the Workhouse is 1*s.* $2\frac{1}{4}d$; and judging from the accounts which now reach us of the difficulty of obtaining hands for the spring work in the west of Ireland, and seeing that the Workhouses are no longer able to send forth large reserves of labouring hands as heretofore, we doubt not that a considerable rise in the money value of wages must soon take place.

17. To revert to the subject of juvenile inmates, the large number of them discharged from the Workhouses in the course of the last two years may be regarded with unmixed satisfaction. These younger classes of inmates now discharged consist, in fact, of so many persons saved from the famine and restored permanently to society. Those of the same class who still remain in the Workhouses, are chiefly children who have no friends surviving, or such only as are still unable or unwilling to take them from under the charge of the Poor Law. We shall now proceed to give some account of the several classes of the younger inmates still remaining in the Workhouses, and of the future prospect in regard to them.

18. In the month of November, 1852, we obtained Returns from all the Workhouses, relating to children under the age of 15, the result of which is very interesting, and is given below.

* Appendix B. Table XVI.

A Return of the Number of Children under 15 *years of Age in Workhouses in Ireland, on Saturday, the* 27*th November,* 1852, *classified according to the following heads :—*

ORPHANS,	22,771
CHILDREN of WIDOWS :	
Whose mother is in Workhouse,	11,255
Whose mother is not in Workhouse,	8,399
Total,	19,654
CHILDREN of WIDOWERS :	
Whose father is in Workhouse,	1,648
Whose father is not in Workhouse,	5,543
Total,	7,191
CHILDREN whose PARENTS are BOTH LIVING :	
Parents both in the Workhouse,	2,381
Mother only in the Workhouse,	5,529
Father only in the Workhouse,	1,038
Neither in the Workhouse,	5,407
Total,	14,355
ILLEGITIMATE CHILDREN :	
Whose mother is in Workhouse,	2,995
Mother not in Workhouse but alive,	1,436
Total,	4,431
Total of children under 15 years of age,	68,402

19. In April last, we obtained a further Return relating chiefly to children between the ages of 9 and 15, and to young persons between the ages of 15 and 21, inclusive. The main object of this Return was to see how far the juvenile population of the Workhouses were to be considered as including persons already stamped with the character of criminals, having undergone punishment for offences against the law; and, again, how far each class between the specified ages were absolutely illiterate, or enjoying in some degree the benefit of education. The proportion of illegitimate children in the Workhouses of Ireland will be found not the least interesting part of the summaries of these Returns, which are as follow :—

Number of Young Persons in the Workhouses of Ireland on 2*nd April,* 1853.

From 9 to 15 years of age,	50,188
,, 15 to 21 years of age,	26,250
Total from 9 to 21 years of age,	76,438

Of the above persons there have been in gaol—

	No. from 9 to 15 Years of Age.	No. from 15 to 21 Years of Age.	Total Persons from 9 to 21 Years of Age.	Per Centage.		
				9 to 15 Years.	15 to 21 Years.	9 to 21 Years.
1. For Offences committed in the Workhouse, ...	511	1,165	1,676	1·0	4·4	2·2
2. For Offences under Vagrant Act,	182	330	512	·4	1·3	·7
3. For other Offences, . . .	102	413	515	·2	1·6	·6
Total who have been in Gaol,	795	1,908	2,703	1·6	7·3	3·5

The state of their education is thus shown :—

	No. from 9 to 15 Years of Age.	No. from 15 to 21 Years of Age.	Total Persons from 9 to 21 Years of Age.	Per Centage.		
				9 to 15 Years.	15 to 21 Years.	9 to 21 Years.
1. Can neither read nor write,	6,596	10,567	17,163	13·1	40·3	22·5
2. Know the Alphabet and Spelling, . . .	10,705	4,324	15,029	21·3	16·4	19·7
3. Read imperfectly, . .	13,177	5,609	18,786	26·3	21·4	24·5
4. Read and write, . .	19,710	5,750	25,460	39·3	21·9	33·3
Total, . .	50,188	26,250	76,438	100·	100·	100·

20. The number of illegitimate children in the Workhouses of Ireland, under 15 years of age, on the 2nd April, 1853, in comparison with the total number of children of the same age, is thus returned :—

Number of Illegitimate Children, ...	5,710
Total number of Children under 15 years of age, . .	76,724
Per centage of Illegitimate Children, ...	7·4

21. Looking to the large proportion of orphans and deserted children in the Returns, we cannot but feel that the prospect of enabling a large number of them to leave the Workhouses and obtain a permanent position in society, must depend to a great degree upon the exertion made to educate and train them in such a manner as to enable them to do this at an early age. We believe that a child at the age of 12 or 13 is more easily grafted into society than if he resides in a public establishment till 18 or 19, when he becomes too much accustomed to its routine to exert himself in a new position, where more labour and individual efforts have to be exerted, and greater hardships and privations endured.

22. The state of literary education in most of the Workhouse Schools in Ireland may be regarded, on the whole, as satisfactory. But we have felt that literary knowledge

alone without industrial training will not enable a boy or girl of 15 on leaving the Workhouse to obtain employment. We have accordingly encouraged the formation of Agricultural Schools, in connexion with the National Board of Education, which has, we understand, been attended with advantage. [See Circular to Inspectors on this subject in the Appendix.*] The boys are, moreover, in by far the larger number of Unions, taught trades, such as those of tailoring, shoemaking, carpentering, weaving, &c.

23. The difficulties attendant on giving an industrial education to girls in Workhouses are greater. The girls are taught to wash their linen, to make and mend their clothes, to clean their dormitories; but they cannot be taught domestic cookery, or learn the manipulation of farm produce and the management of cattle or poultry. The employment of girls on Workhouse farms, or in cattle sheds, in those Unions where cows are kept, is not free from both difficulty and objection. From these and other unavoidable causes, the proportion of unemployed girls exceeds that of the boys; and we have encouraged the instruction of this class in various methods of embroidery and ornamental work on light fabrics, for which there appears to be a great demand, and which has enabled many young women so instructed to leave the Workhouses and earn their own subsistence.

24. The extent to which industrial teaching is given to the young persons in the Workhouses, as well as employment afforded to adult inmates, is shown by Returns which have been made to Orders of the House of Commons. The general result of these Returns will be found stated in Appendix.† The principles on which we wish industrial operations in Workhouses to be conducted have been stated in paragraphs 19 to 23 in the Fifth Annual Report.

25. As the state of Ireland improves, as the capital in the hands of the employer of labour increases, and, lastly, when the drain caused by the continued emigration is more felt, we have no reason to doubt that in all the Unions where the Guardians have devoted care and attention to the moral, religious, and industrial education of the children, there will be a demand for children educated in Workhouses, as soon as they attain an age to qualify them to be useful.

26. We now proceed to lay before your Excellency the financial results which have attended the great decrease in the number of paupers described in the preceding paragraphs. In the first place, we give from the Abstracts of the Audited Accounts (which are stated in detail for each Union in the Appendix‡) the following—

* Appendix A, page 77. † Appendix B, Table XVII.
‡ Appendix B, Table I.

Summary of Receipts and Expenditure in Relief, for the Year ended 29th September, 1852, in comparison with the same for the preceding year.

Year ended 29th September.	Poor-Rate Lodged.*	Expenditure during the Year.					Number Relieved in the Year.	
		In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	All other Expenses.†	Total.†	In-door.	Out-door.
	£	£	£	£	£	£		
1851,	1,039,173	692,914	11,399	137,249	300,085	1,141,647	707,443	47,914
1852,	1,109,630	517,445	4,917	133,752	227,153	883,267	504,864	14,911
Increase,	70,457	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Decrease,	—	175,469	6,482	3,497	72,932	258,380	202,579	33,003

27. The above statement has been framed to exhibit a fair comparison of the ordinary Poor Law Expenditure in the two years, and therefore does not comprise the expenditure under the Medical Charities Act, which came into full operation during the half-year ended 29th September, 1852, and of which we have already rendered a separate Report to your Excellency. The total decrease of the expenditure in relief, amounting to £258,380, or nearly 25 per cent., must be regarded as very considerable, arising, as it does, wholly on the reduction of the number of Workhouse inmates, and occurring immediately after a period of two years, in which a total decrease of 50 per cent. had already taken place.

28. Notwithstanding this large decrease of expenditure, the amount of Poor-rate lodged in 1851–52, exceeds the amount lodged in 1850–51, by £70,457. This excess of lodgments over the expenditure in relief of the destitute poor, arises mainly on the sum of £162,121, collected in the year 1851-52 for the discharge of the Consolidated Annuities; £35,673, disbursed under the Medical Charities Act; and £44,604, towards repayment of advances made by the Treasury on the security of the Rate-in-Aid Act. There remains at present uncollected of the Rate-in-Aid, £1,940; the aggregate amount of the two Rates imposed in 1849 and 1850 having been £421,990, of which £420,050 has been remitted to the Paymaster of Civil Services. The advances made by the Treasury on the security of this Act have now

* Including £108,974 lodged in 1851, and £33,191 lodged in 1852, from rates made before the change of boundaries of Unions, which were altered in 1849, 1850, and 1851.

† Including payments, amounting in 1851 to £38,875, and in 1852 to £12,197, made on account of expenses incurred by certain Unions before the alteration of their boundaries, and not previously brought into the Accounts. See Table I., Appendix B.

been repaid into the Exchequer; and a small residue of the fund, including the uncollected arrear, is available for the further assistance of distressed Electoral Divisions.

29. By the Act 15 and 16 Vict., c. 68, a sum of £12,374, consisting of an unappropriated balance of Fines and Forfeitures, was transferred to the credit of the Rate-in-Aid Fund. By this reinforcement of the fund we were enabled to recommend to the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury the application of £30,000, for defraying the debts of certain distressed Unions, the finances of which, notwithstanding the £300,000 loan for the same purpose in 1850, had again fallen into great embarrassment. This grant was assented to by their Lordships, on the condition that the Unions having the benefit of it should not expect further assistance from the Rate-in-Aid, and should make rates to the satisfaction of the Poor Law Commissioners, to meet their immediate future requirements. These conditions were finally adopted, with modifications which, in a few cases, were allowed by their Lordships, and the grant, to the extent of £29,500, was distributed to eleven Unions in Munster and Connaught, in the following proportions:—

Cahirciveen,	£1,500	Scariff,	£2,000
Dingle,	3,000	Tulla,	1,000
Kenmare,	4,500	Clifden,	4,000
Kilrush,	3,000	Newport,	500
Killadysert,	3,500	Oughterard,	2,000
Ennistymon,	4,500		

30. Notwithstanding the grant of £29,500, to assist in paying their debts, at 29th September last, and notwithstanding the vast decrease of destitution above described, the distressed Unions have, in recommencing a system of self-support, been obliged to undergo a degree of taxation not exceeded at any period of the famine; throughout which, it must be remembered, that the bulk of their expenditure was borne from external sources; that is to say, from the funds of the British Association, Parliamentary grants and advances, and the Rate-in-Aid. They are now released from dependence on any other than their own resources, with the exception of some of the worst circumstanced Electoral Divisions, which, it is hoped, we shall be able to assist for a short time longer, so as to prevent their being a burden on the better circumstanced Divisions. We are compelled, however, to add, that the prospect of these distressed Unions in the West becoming immediately self-supporting is dependent, in a great degree, on the removal of the heavy burden of the Consolidated Annuities, a measure which is at present under the consideration of Parliament.

31. Six months of the current financial year having expired on the 31st March last, we are enabled, by Returns made in

anticipation of the audited accounts of Unions, to show the probable extent of the further reduction of expenditure which is now in progress. The following is the half-year's statement for all the Unions in Ireland :—

Expenditure incurred in Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland for Six Months ended 31st March, 1853, in comparison with the same for the preceding year.

Six Months ended 31st March.	In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief.	Other Expenses.	Total.	Poor-rate Lodged.
	£	£	£	£	£
1853, . .	240,640	2,592	155,909	399,141	681,616
1852, . .	258,503	2,390	180,422	441,315	727,277
Decrease, .	17,863	—	24,513	42,174	45,661
Increase, . .	—	202	—	—	—

32. The great excess of the lodgments of Poor-rates over the ordinary Poor Law expenditure has reference to the sum of £79,070, applied to defray the Consolidated Annuities, the sum of £44,144 expended in the execution of the Medical Charities Act, and £5,463, collected under the Rate-in-Aid Act. Assuming that the total reduction of the ordinary Poor Law expenditure on the entire year will be £85,000, as indicated by the result of the statement for the first half-year, and that the total cost of Dispensary relief will be £100,000 for the same year, as estimated in our Medical Charities Report, the average pressure of the Poor-rates on Ireland, if the Consolidated Annuities should be removed, will be about £900,000 for the current year, including both the relief of destitution and Dispensary relief, or about 1*s.* 8*d.* in the pound on the present valuation; the actual pressure in different districts varying, of course, according to the degree of pauperism and amount of net annual value. As regards the future, the expenses under the Medical Charities Act will probably not increase, and a further considerable reduction of the Poor Law expenditure must be expected, if circumstances continue favourable, more especially in the province of Munster, which at present contains more than half the pauperism of Ireland. But the reduction must not be expected to go so far as it would have gone if 32 new Unions had not been formed; inasmuch as a certain amount of establishment charges must be incurred to maintain the new Workhouses and the necessary staff of officers, in whatever degree the pauperism of the districts in which they are built

may hereafter be found to diminish. These new establishments are, however, generally situate in districts where an exclusive system of Workhouse relief would be only partially effective without them, in consequence of the vast areas included in the Unions originally formed. The progress now made in the erection of the new Union Workhouses is described in the Architect's Report, contained in the Appendix.*

33. Some important changes have occurred in the constitution of the Commission since the date of our last Annual Report. On the 19th of July, Mr. Ball resigned the office of Poor Law Commissioner; and on the 7th of August Mr. Senior was appointed to succeed him. The vacancy created in the permanent Inspectorships by Mr. Senior's promotion was not filled up; and on the 30th November, 1852, we were enabled to recommend to the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury the total discontinuance of Temporary Inspectors. The number of these officers appointed on the passing of the Poor Law Extension Act in 1847 was forty-eight, but in the course of successive years had been reduced to eleven; and in proposing a further reduction of four, we recommended the remainder to be placed on the permanent staff of the Commission, which proposal we were permitted by their Lordships to carry into effect, but without any material increase of the emoluments of each Inspector. We have at present, therefore, sixteen Inspectors, with districts comprising from 6 to 18 Unions, according to the localities in which their services are employed.

34. Under the circumstances described in the preceding paragraphs, the state of the administration of relief to the destitute poor in Ireland may be now looked on as nearly identical with its normal state, as originally contemplated on the passing of the Act 1 & 2 Vict., c. 56.

35. We annex in the Appendix a copy of an amended Order for the keeping and auditing of Union Accounts, which was issued by us on the 8th of April, 1853;† likewise copies of the more important Circulars issued since the date of our last Report, and the usual Statistical Tables.

We have the honour to be,
Your Excellency's obedient, faithful servants,

A. Power.
John Young.
Thomas A. Larcom.
J. M'Donnell, M.D.
E. Senior.

* Appendix A, No. VI. † Appendix A, page 21.

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX A.—ORDERS AND CIRCULARS OF INSTRUCTIONS ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONERS, REPORTS, ETC.

STATEMENT (IN PURSUANCE OF § 21 OF 10 & 11 VIC., CAP. 90) OF ORDERS AND DIRECTIONS ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONERS IN RESPECT TO OUT-DOOR RELIEF,

In continuation of Statement in Appendix to Fifth Annual Report.

No. I.—Orders authorizing Out-door Relief to other Classes than those specified in § 1 of 10 Vic. c. 31:—issued by the Commissioners from time to time to particular Unions, in pursuance of § 2 of that Act.

No such Order has been issued since the Order issued on the 5th October, 1849. (*Third Annual Report, App.* A. *No.* I., *p.* 21, *Table* 3.)

No. II.—Order under Section 5 of 10 Vic. c. 31, for affording Medical Relief out of the Workhouse, and for the appointment of a Medical Officer to administer the same.

No Order has been issued under the Section since the Order of the 2nd June, 1851. (*Fifth Annual Report, App.* A. *No.* II.)

No. III.—General Order prescribing Mode and Forms in which Notice of the Preparation and Making of Rates shall be published.

To the Guardians of the Poor of each of the Unions named in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and to all other persons whom it may concern:

Whereas, by an Act passed in the First and Second Years of the Reign of Her present Majesty, intituled, "An Act for the more effectual Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland," it is enacted, that before any Rate shall be levied, the Guardians shall, in such form and manner as the Commissioners shall direct, publish a Notice of the same having been made.

And whereas, by another Act passed in the Twelfth and Thirteenth

Years of the Reign of Her said Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the Acts for the more effectual Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland," it is enacted, that the Guardians of the Poor of the several Unions shall, before the making of every Rate, leave the Rate-books open for the inspection of any Rate-payer between the hours of Ten in the Forenoon and Four in the Afternoon, during Fourteen days at the least before the making of every such Rate, and that the Guardians shall give the same Public Notice of the deposit of such Rate-books for inspection, as they are now required to give in relation to the making of such Rates. Now, therefore, We the Commissioners for Administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, do hereby, in pursuance of the provisions of the said recited Acts, direct as follows :—

I. The Notice of the Deposit of the Rate-books for inspection, required by law to be given before the signing of the Rate, shall be in the Form No. I. to this Order annexed, or as near thereto as the circumstances will admit.

II. Notice of the Rate having been made shall be published in respect to every Rate before the same shall be levied, and such Notice shall be in the Form No. II. to this Order annexed, or as near thereto as the circumstances will admit.

III. Such Notices shall be published in every Electoral Division of the Union on which such Rate may be made, or intended to be made, in the accustomed mode of giving Public Notices in such Electoral Division, by Posting it on or near to the principal Doors of every Church and Chapel in such Electoral Division.

And We do hereby rescind so much of every Order heretofore issued by the Poor Law Commissioners, or by the Commissioners for Administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, as is in any way affected or altered by this Order.

Form I.

Notice to be given when a Rate is prepared, and before it is Signed.

——— *Union.*

Notice that Rate-books are open for Inspection of Rate-payers.

Notice is hereby given, that Rates, as hereunder mentioned, are about to be made on the Property situated in the under-mentioned Electoral Divisions of the above-named Union, rateable under the Provisions of the Acts for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland.

The Rates for the ordinary Expenditure of the several Electoral Divisions [subject to the additions and deductions hereinafter mentioned]* are as follow :—

Electoral Division of	a Rate of	in the Pound.
Electoral Division of	a Rate of	in the Pound.

[And Whereas, Annuities have been charged upon certain Electoral Divisions, Townlands, Denominations, or Places, comprised in the said Union,

* These words to be omitted when the Rate is for ordinary purposes only, and is not required to include any provision for Annuities, or under the Adjustment Order.

under the provisions of the Act 13 Vic., c. 14, additions to the above-mentioned Rates will be made for the purpose of providing for the payment of such Annuities, in accordance with the Provisions of the 4th Section of the said last-mentioned Act.]*

[And Whereas, by an Order under the Seal of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for the Relief of the Poor in Ireland, dated the provision is made for the Adjustment of the Liabilities of the several Townlands comprised in the said Union, on the change of Boundaries which took place in pursuance of the Order of the said Commissioners, dated the and for indemnifying such Townlands for any loss or exchange of property occasioned by such alteration of Boundaries; and by the said first-mentioned Order the Balances standing in favour of or against the several Townlands of the said Union, on such adjustment and indemnification, are declared and set forth. The amount of such Balances (when they are in favour of the Townlands) will be deducted from the amount to be levied on such Townlands in respect of the Rate to be made as hereinbefore mentioned on the Electoral Divisions in which such Townlands are respectively comprised; and the amount of such Balances (where they are against the Townlands) will be added to and levied with the amount to be levied on such Townlands in respect of the Rate to be made as hereinbefore mentioned on the Electoral Divisions in which such Townlands are respectively comprised.]†

The Rate-books are deposited for the inspection of any Rate-payer at and will be there open for such inspection, between the hours of Ten o'clock in the Forenoon and Four o'clock in the Afternoon, during the Fourteen Days next ensuing the date hereof, exclusive of Sundays.

Signed this day of 18

Clerk of the —— Union.

Form II.

Notice to be given when Rates have been made.

—— Union.

Notice of Rates having been made.

Notice is hereby given, that Rates have been duly made on the Property situated in the under-mentioned Electoral Divisions of the above-named Union, rateable under the Provisions of the Acts for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland.

The Rates for the ordinary expenditure of the several Electoral Divisions [subject to the additions and deductions hereinafter mentioned]‡ are as follow:—

Electoral Division of	a Rate of	in the Pound.
Electoral Division of	a Rate of	in the Pound.

[And Whereas, Annuities have been charged upon certain Electoral Divisions, Townlands, Denominations, or Places comprised in the said Union, under the provisions of the Act 13 Vic., c. 14, additions to the above-mentioned Rates have been made for the purpose of providing for the payment of such Annuities, in accordance with the provisions of the 4th Section of the said last-mentioned Act.]§

* This Clause is only to be inserted when provision is to be made for payment of the Consolidated Annuities.

† This Clause is only to be inserted when a Special Rate or a Deduction from the Ordinary Rate is made under the Adjustment Order.

‡ These words to be omitted when the Rate is for ordinary purposes only, and is not required to include any provision for Annuities, or under the Adjustment Order.

§ This Clause is only to be inserted when provision is to be made for payment of the Consolidated Annuities.

[And Whereas, by an Order under Seal of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, dated the provision is made for the Adjustment of the Liabilities of the several Townlands comprised in the said Union on the change of Boundaries which took place in pursuance of the Order of the said Commissioners, dated the and for indemnifying such Townlands for any loss or exchange of property occasioned by such alteration of Boundaries; and by the said first-mentioned Order the Balances standing in favour of or against the several Townlands of the said Union, on such adjustment and indemnification, are declared and set forth. The amount of such Balances (where they are in favour of the Townlands) have been deducted from the amount to be levied on such Townlands in respect of the Rate made, as hereinbefore mentioned, on the Electoral Divisions in which such Townlands are respectively comprised; and the amount of such Balances (where they are against the Townlands) has been added to and will be levied with the amount to be levied on such Townlands in respect of the Rate made, as hereinbefore mentioned, on the Electoral Divisions in which such Townlands are respectively comprised.]*

The Rate-books are now in my custody, and may be inspected by any person affected thereby, at on any day, except Sunday, between the hours of Ten o'clock in the Forenoon and Four o'clock in the Afternoon; and the said Rates will be payable from and after the publication of this Notice.

Signed this day of 18

Clerk of the —— Union.

SCHEDULE.—NAMES OF UNIONS.

Abbeyleix	Carrickmacross	Downpatrick	Kilkeel
Antrim	Carrick-on-Shan.	Drogheda	Kilkenny
Ardee	Carrick-on-Suir	Dromore, West	Killadysert
Armagh	Cashel	Dublin, North	Killala
Athlone	Castlebar	Dublin, South	Killarney
Athy	Castleblayney	Dundalk	Kilmacthomas
Bailieborough	Castlecomer	Dunfanaghy	Kilmallock
Ballina	Castlederg	Dungannon	Kilrush
Ballinasloe	Castlerea	Dungarvan	Kinsale
Ballinrobe	Castletown	Dunmanway	Larne
Ballycastle	Castletowndelvin	Dunshaughlin	Letterkenny
Ballymahon	Cavan	Edenderry	Limerick
Ballymena	Celbridge	Ennis	Lisburn
Ballymoney	Claremorris	Enniscorthy	Lismore
Ballyshannon	Clifden	Enniskillen	Lisnaskea
Ballyvaghan	Clogheen	Ennistymon	Listowel
Balrothery	Clogher	Fermoy	Londonderry
Baltinglass	Clonakilty	Galway	Longford
Banbridge	Clones	Glennamaddy	Loughrea
Bandon	Clonmel	Glenties	Lowtherstown
Bantry	Coleraine	Glin	Lurgan
Bawnboy	Cookstown	Gorey	Macroom
Belfast	Cootehill	Gort	Magherafelt
Belmullet	Cork	Gortin	Mallow
Borrisokane	Corrofin	Granard	Manorhamilton
Boyle	Croom	Inishowen	Midleton
Caherciveen	Dingle	Kanturk	Milford
Callan	Donaghmore	Kells	Millstreet
Carlow	Donegal	Kenmare	Mitchelstown

* This Clause is only to be inserted when a Special Rate or a deduction from the Ordinary Rate is made under the Adjustment Order.

Mohill	Newtownards	Scariff	Tobercurry
Monaghan	N.Townlimavady	Shillelagh	Tralee
Mount Bellew	Oldcastle	Skibbereen	Trim
Mountmellick	Omagh	Skull	Tuam
Mullingar	Oughterard	Sligo	Tulla
Naas	Parsonstown	Strabane	Tullamore
Navan	Portumna	Stranorlor	Urlingford
Nenagh	Rathdown	Strokestown	Waterford
Newcastle	Rathdrum	Swineford	Westport
Newport	Rathkeale	Thomastown	Wexford
New Ross	Roscommon	Thurles	Youghal
Newry	Roscrea	Tipperary	

Sealed with our Seal, this Twelfth day of January, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-three.

(Signed,) A. Power.
E. Senior.

Thos. Lefroy, Ch. J., L. J.,

We, the Lords Justices, General Governors of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By Command of the Lords Justices,
John Wynne.

No. IV.—General Order prescribing the Mode and Forms for Keeping and Auditing Union Accounts.

To the Guardians of the Poor of the several Unions named in the List hereunto annexed; to the Officers of the said Unions; to the Clerk or Clerks to the Justices of Petty Sessions held for the Division or Divisions in which the Townlands and Places comprised within the said Unions are situated, and to all others whom it may concern:

In pursuance of the Provisions of an Act passed in the Second Year of the Reign of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, entituled "*An Act for the more effectual Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland*," and of the other Acts in force for the Relief of the Destitute Poor in Ireland, We, the Commissioners for Administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, do hereby rescind so much of any Order or Orders heretofore issued under Our Seal or under the Seal of the Poor Law Commissioners as is in any way repugnant to, or at variance with, the Regulations and Forms herein prescribed, except as to any proceeding taken, or matter or thing done under such Order, or remaining to be done in continuation of steps already taken under it; and with reference to the keeping and auditing of the Accounts of each and every Union named in the List hereunto annexed, We do hereby Order, Direct, and Declare as follows:—

I.—Accounts to be kept by the Clerk.

The Clerk to the Board of Guardians shall, according to the Forms and Directions given in this Order, and in the Schedule hereunto annexed, punctually enter up, and accurately keep, the following Books of Account, namely,—

1. *The Minute Book,* in which shall be entered the statistical information laid before the Board of Guardians relating to the inmates of the Workhouse, the collection of the Rates, and the state of the Finances of the Union; Minutes of all Orders received from the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, and of all Letters received from the Commissioners or other parties relating to the business of the Union, and of all directions given by the Board of Guardians thereon; Minutes of the production and examination of the Register, and all other Books and Accounts which are required to be periodically produced, examined, and signed; Minutes of the Reports of the Visiting and Finance Committees, and of the Clerk, the Master, and other Officers of the Workhouse, and of all directions given by the Board thereon; Minutes of all moneys received and paid, all orders and checks given, all accounts examined and allowed, and all salaries ordered to be paid; a statement of the number of cases of provisional relief, and of applications for relief, brought before the Board and considered and decided on by them; as well as all other business, proceedings, and transactions of the Board of Guardians, at any of their Meetings.

2. *The Ledger,* in which shall be entered and posted up weekly, under proper heads of account, duly arranged, the various items of money transactions contained in the Minute Book. The following shall be heads of account:—

1. Treasurer.
2. Invoice Account.
3. Provision Account.
4. Maintenance Account.
5. Clothing Account.
6. Out-door Invoice Account.
7. Relief by way of Loan Account.
8. Establishment Account.
9. Valuation Account.
10. Collector's Remuneration Account.
11. Emigration Account.
12. Emigration Loan Account.
13. Burial Account.
14. Election, Law, and other Expenses Account.
15. Repayment of Annuities Account.
16. Medical Charities Expenses Account.
17. Unpaid Bills Account.
18. Separate Account with each Electoral Division.
19. Balance.

3. *The Personal Ledger,* in which shall be entered and posted up weekly, on the debit side, all payments made to Officers, Contractors, or other persons, and on the credit side, the corresponding periods of service, description and value of goods delivered or work done, as the case may be; and the said Ledger shall be indexed alphabetically.

4. *The Order Check Book* (Form 1), the leaves of which shall respectively contain all orders given by the Board of Guardians for provisions, stores, repairs, or other requisites, and counterparts or Minutes of such Orders; such Orders, when signed by the Chairman presiding, and countersigned by the Clerk, to be detached from the

said Book, and issued to the tradesmen or other persons dealt with or employed, and such counterparts or minutes to be retained in the same.

5. *The Check Books of Admissions into and Discharges from the Workhouse* (Forms 2 and 3), of which the leaves of Form 2 shall contain all Orders of Admission into the Workhouse, and the leaves of Form 3 shall contain all Orders of Discharge from the Workhouse, given by the Board of Guardians; and counterparts or Minutes of such Orders; such Orders to be detached from the said Books respectively, and directed to the Master of the Workhouse, and such counterparts or Minutes to be retained in the same.

6. *The Out-door Relief Register* (Form 19), in which shall be punctually entered from time to time the names and descriptions of the several persons relieved out of the Workhouse, and other particulars, according to the Form and instructions in the said Schedule, numbered 19.

7. *The Abstract of the Out-door Relief Lists* (Form 23), in which shall be punctually entered up from time to time, from the Out-door Relief Lists of the Relieving Officers, the total cost of such relief administered during the preceding week, both in money and in kind, chargeable to each Electoral Division and to the Union at large, according to the Form and instructions in the said Schedule, numbered 23.

8. And We do further Order, that the Clerk to the Board of Guardians shall make up and balance the Accounts of the Union at the end of every Half-year, ending on the 25th day of March and the 29th day of September respectively, and shall, under the direction of the Board of Guardians, prepare therefrom, and from the Relief Books, Medical Returns, and Ledger, an *Abstract*, showing the number of Paupers of all classes relieved in the Union, and other particulars, according to the Form and instructions in the said Schedule, numbered 4 *a* and 4 *b* respectively; and shall also make up, from the Accounts of the several Electoral Divisions, an *Abstract of the separate Accounts of each Electoral Division*, according to the Forms in the said Schedule, numbered 5 *a* and 5 *b* respectively; which Abstracts shall be submitted to the Auditor appointed for the Union, and, after they have been attested by the Auditor, shall be signed by the presiding Chairman of the Board of Guardians, as having been laid before the Guardians, and shall then be transmitted to the said Commissioners. And the Clerk shall make duplicates of such Abstracts, which shall also be attested by the Auditor, for the use of the Board of Guardians.

9. And We do further Order, that the Clerk shall, as soon as he shall receive notice of the day appointed for the auditing of the Accounts of such Union, and the several Electoral Divisions comprised therein, cause to be fixed on the external gate or door of the Workhouse of the Union, and continue the same so affixed, until such Audit shall take place, a notice to this effect:—

> Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an Order made by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, the Half-yearly Abstracts of the Accounts of the Union, together with the Ledger and other Books,

are deposited at the Board Room, in the Workhouse, and will be open to be inspected, examined, and copied by any Owner or Rate-payer in the said Union, at any reasonable hour of any day (Sunday [or Good Friday] excepted), when the Board is not sitting, until the day of . And that on the last-mentioned day, and following days, the said Accounts, together with the Accounts of the several Electoral Divisions of the Union, will be audited by at ; when and where any Owner or Rate-payer, who may object to any matter contained in the said several Accounts, may attend, and his objection will be heard.

Dated the day of 18 .

D. C., *Clerk to the Board of Guardians.*

And the said Clerk shall, Six clear days before the day appointed for auditing the Accounts of the Union deposit the said Abstracts and Books in the Board Room of the Guardians of the Union, and shall permit the said Abstracts and Books to be inspected, examined, and copied by any Rate-payer in the Union, at any reasonable hour of the day (not being Sunday or Good Friday), when the Board shall not be sitting, after they shall be so deposited, and previous to the day appointed for the auditing thereof.

10. And We do further Order, that the Clerk shall, within Fourteen days after each Audit, furnish to every member of the Board of Guardians a Copy of said Abstracts, Forms 4 *a* and 4 *b*, and 5 *a* and 5 *b*.

II.—ACCOUNTS TO BE KEPT BY THE WORKHOUSE MASTER.

The Master of the Workhouse shall, according to the Forms and directions given in this Order, and in the Schedule hereunto annexed, punctually enter up, and accurately keep the following Books of Account, namely :—

1. *The Workhouse Register*, which shall contain a statement of the names and description of all Paupers received into the Union Workhouse, arranged according to the dates of their admission, with particulars respecting them, according to the headings of the several columns in the Form numbered 6, that is to say :—

1. The number of the Pauper's name.
2. The name and surname of the Pauper.
3. The sex of the Pauper.
4. The age of the Pauper.
5. If the Pauper be an adult, whether such adult be single, married, widow, or widower ; and if the Pauper be a child, whether such child be an orphan, a bastard, or deserted by parents.
6. The particular trade or calling the Pauper has exercised.
7. The religious denomination of the Pauper.
8. Whether the Pauper be disabled, partially or wholly, and the description of the disability.
9. Name of the wife or husband of the Pauper.
10. Number of children of the Pauper.
11. Observations on the Pauper's condition when admitted, and such other information as may be deemed useful.

12. The Electoral Division and Townland in which the Pauper was resident.
13. The date when the Pauper was admitted, or when born in the Workhouse.
14. Date of Pauper's death in, or discharge from the Workhouse.

2. *The Admission and Discharge Book*, in which shall be kept an account of every Pauper admitted into and discharged from the Workhouse, according to the Form numbered 7.

3. *The Record of Births* (Form 8), in which shall be inserted the date of every birth which shall occur in the Workhouse, whether the Child be male or female, the names and religious denominations of the Parents, to what Electoral Division chargeable, whether the Child be legitimate or illegitimate, when, and in what name, and by whom baptized.

4. *The Record of Deaths* (Form 9), in which shall be inserted the date of every death which shall occur in the workhouse, and the cause thereof, together with the name and age of the deceased Pauper, the Electoral Division to which chargeable, and the date of last admission into the Workhouse.

5. *The Weekly Relief List* (Form 10 *a*), and Abstract (Form 10 *b*), in the first of which (*a*) are to be inserted, for each Electoral Division of the Union, the names of the Paupers, with the number of days each Pauper is in the Workhouse in each week; in the second (*b*) are to be shown the aggregate number of days in each week passed in the Workhouse by the total number of Paupers of each Electoral Division.

6. *The Provision Check Account* (Form 11), in which shall be inserted an account of the number of Paupers daily supported in the Workhouse, and the provisions weekly consumed by them, according to the quantities specified in the Diet Table; and the quantity of other necessaries used weekly.

7. *The Provision Receipt and Consumption Account* (Form 12), in which shall be inserted an account of the articles received and consumed weekly, and remaining on hand at the expiration of every week, and also the quantities of each required for the ensuing week.

8. *The Clothing Materials Book* (Form 13), in which shall be inserted an account of the Materials for Bedding and Clothing (not made up) which shall be received into the Workhouse, and also an account of the quantity of such Materials from time to time made up. The quantities of Materials so received and made up shall be balanced weekly; and the quantities of made-up Bedding or Clothing shall be carried weekly to the "Clothing Receipt Book."

9. *The Clothing Receipt Book* (Form 14), in which shall be inserted an account of the made-up Bedding or Clothing, received either from Tradesmen, or from the Clothing Materials Store, for the use of the Workhouse, which account shall be balanced weekly.

10. *The Clothing Appropriation Book* (Form 15), in which shall be inserted an account of the made up Bedding or Clothing given out for use, with the name of each Pauper to whom the articles have been supplied, and of the Electoral Division to which he is chargeable, which account shall be balanced weekly.

11. *The Inventory Book* (Form 16), in which shall be inserted the particulars of all Furniture, Fixtures, and Utensils of the Workhouse, and the stock and other like property belonging to the Union, in the Workhouse, not included in the Provisions and Clothing Books, and every particular as to the use, sale, or disposal thereof.

12. *The Labour Book*, in which shall be inserted the description and quantity of work, if any, performed by each Pauper daily, with such particulars as may exhibit the state and mode of employment in the Workhouse.

13. *The Workhouse Farm Account* (Form 17), in which shall be kept an account of the Expenses incurred, and value of the Produce raised by cultivation of Land attached to the Workhouse; the debit side of which shall show the value of Stock on hand at the commencement of the Half-year, and the amount expended for Seed, Implements, or Live Stock purchased; and the credit side shall show the quantity and estimated value of Produce consumed in the Workhouse during each week, or the amount received from the sale of surplus produce; and the account shall be made up weekly, and closed at the end of each Half-year, with the estimated value of Stock on hand.

14. *The Workhouse Manufacture Account* (Form 18), in which shall be kept an account of the expenses incurred in Manufactures and Trades, carried on in the Workhouse, and the value of the articles produced; the debit side of which shall show the value of Stock on hand at the commencement of each Half-year, and the amount expended in the purchase of Tools, Raw Material, and other necessary articles; and the credit side shall show the estimated value of made-up Clothing, and the amount received from sale of work or manufactured articles; and the account shall be closed at the end of each Half-year with the estimated value of Stock remaining on hand.

III.—ACCOUNTS TO BE KEPT BY THE RELIEVING OFFICER.

Every Relieving Officer shall enter up and accurately keep, according to the Forms and Directions given in this Order and in the Schedule hereunto annexed, the following Books of Account, namely:—

1. *The Application and Report Book* (Form 20), in which shall be entered the Names and description of the several Applicants for Relief, the amount, nature, and cost of Relief given, and other particulars, according to the Form and instructions in the said Schedule, numbered 20.

2. *The Out-door Relief List* (Form 21), in which shall be kept a separate, full, and true account of all Sums and Articles dispensed by the Relieving Officer, for or on account of the Relief of each poor person in the District for which he shall be appointed to act, and other particulars, according to the Form and instructions in the said Schedule, numbered 21.

3. *The Weekly Receipt and Expenditure Book* (Form 22), in which shall be kept a separate, full, and true account of all Sums or Articles received by the Relieving Officer from the Board of Guardians, and expended or dispensed by him on account of each

Electoral Division in his District, or the Union at large, as the case may be, according to the Form in the said Schedule, numbered 22, and the account shall be balanced weekly.

4. And We do further Order, that in addition to the said Books, the Relieving Officer shall make out at the end of each Half-year a list of all persons relieved at the charge of each Electoral Division, or the Union at large, in his District, in the Form in the said Schedule, numbered 24, and entitled *List of Destitute Persons relieved out of the Workhouse*, and he shall post or cause to be posted Copies of the same in such public places as the Board of Guardians shall direct.

IV.—ACCOUNTS TO BE KEPT BY THE COLLECTOR OF RATES.

Every Collector of Rates within the Union shall, according to the Forms and Directions given in this Order, and in the Schedule hereunto annexed, punctually enter up, and accurately keep the the following Books of Account, namely:—

1. *The Collecting Book*, in which he shall enter, according to the headings of the several columns in the Form numbered 25 in the said Schedule, particulars relative to the occupiers, the property rated, and the amount, payment, or non-payment of the Poor Rates, for each Electoral Division or District in which he is constituted or appointed Collector of Rates.

2. *The Rate Receipt Check Book*, the leaves of which shall respectively contain duplicate Receipts for Rates, and counterparts thereof, according to the Form numbered 26 in the said Schedule. Such Receipts to be detached from the said Book, and issued to the respective Rate-payers as and when they shall pay such Rates, and such counterparts to be retained in the said Book, the leaves of which shall, previously to its being delivered to him by the Clerk of the Union, be numbered with consecutive numbers beginning with the number "one," so that each Receipt and the Counterpart thereof shall be marked with a number differing from that of every other Receipt and Counterpart, and shall be initialed by the Clerk, and which duty the Clerk is hereby required to perform; and every Collector shall give receipts for Poor Rates from the Receipt Check Books, so numbered and initialed and delivered to him by the Clerk of the Union, and shall give no other receipts for Poor Rates whatever, on pain of dismissal from his Office, and prosecution for the penalties which he may incur by Statute for a breach of this regulation: and he shall issue such receipts in regular succession, and in the order of their respective numbers; and he shall return every such book from which all the receipts shall have been detached forthwith to the Clerk of the Union, and the Clerk shall be thereafter responsible for the custody of the same.

3. *The Collector's Rate Receipt Abstract Book* and *Weekly Balance Sheet of Collector's Receipts and Lodgments*, in the Form 27 *a* of which Book he shall enter every sum received by him in payment of Poor Rate, together with a reference to the number of the tenement for which such sum has been received as the same is numbered in the Rate Book and Collecting Book; and in the Form 27 *b* of which Book he shall balance the sums received by him in payment

of Poor Rates, and the sums lodged by him with the Treasurer every week, and enter up the totals of such Receipts and Lodgments; and shall produce, when required for examination by the Clerk of the Union, a Receipt from the Treasurer of the Union, for each of such Lodgments, in the Form 28 in the said Schedule.

V.—ACCOUNTS TO BE KEPT BY THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF THE WORKHOUSE.

The Medical Officer of the Workhouse shall enter up and accurately keep, according to the Forms and Directions given in this Order, and in the Schedule hereunto annexed, the following Books:—

1. *The Record of Sickness and Mortality* (Form 29), in which shall be inserted the name of every Pauper patient under his care, the name of the disease, and the date of the commencement and termination of the disease, and such other observations as the Medical Officer shall think fit to make.

2. *The Weekly Medical Return Book* (Form 30), in which shall be inserted the date of every attendance upon the Pauper patients in the Workhouse.

VI.—EXAMINATION AND SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNTS.

1. No bill or demand exceeding £1, against the Union shall be payable out of the Poor Rates, unless and until it shall have been allowable either by the Board of Guardians, or by some committee or person specially authorized by them for that purpose.

2. Every payment exceeding £3 shall be made by a check drawn upon the Treasurer of the Union, signed by the Chairman and Two Guardians present at a Meeting of the Board, and countersigned by the Clerk.

3. All bills and demands shall be brought in within seven days at furthest after the expiration of the Half-year in which they were incurred, and shall be forthwith examined and paid, and shall be included in the accounts of the Half-year.

4. If among the bills and demands against the Union there should be any which, from some unavoidable circumstance, could not be paid within the Half-year in which they were incurred, or within Seven days after the expiration thereof, the same shall nevertheless, after being allowed as above required in Art. 1, be included in the accounts of the Half-year by entry on the debit side of the Accounts to which they respectively belong, and shall be placed upon the credit side of the Unpaid Bills Account, which shall show the Amounts due and the Accounts to which they have been respectively debited; and such Bills shall, except when they relate to the Provisions Account, Clothing Account, or Burial Account, be apportioned on or charged against the Electoral Divisions according to their respective liabilities.

5. The Clerk to the Board of Guardians shall procure every week, from the Treasurer of the Union, a statement of the sums of money and checks which the Treasurer shall have received and paid during the past week, and shall lay the same before the Board at their weekly Meeting; and the Chairman of the Board shall affix his

signature to the said book or statement of the Treasurer, when the accuracy thereof shall be ascertained.

6. Every person whose bill or demand shall be paid or settled, by check or otherwise, shall give a written receipt on a proper stamp (if the amount require a stamp) for the money or check received by him.

7. The Board of Guardians, in the examination and passing of bills, shall refer to the counterparts in the "Order Check Book" of the Orders sanctioning the expenditure, and shall, if they think fit, require the party to whom the Order was issued to produce it.

8. Each paid Officer of the Union shall be entitled to receive his salary quarterly.

VII.—AUDITING OF ACCOUNTS.

1. The Auditor appointed for the Union shall give to the Clerk to the Board of Guardians, to the Collectors, to the Treasurer of the Union, and to the Relieving Officers thereof, Six clear days' notice in writing of the day, hour, and place, on and at which he intends to audit the said Accounts.

2. In auditing the said Accounts, the Auditor shall see that they are presented in proper form, and that the particular items of receipt and expenditure are stated in detail, and are supported by adequate vouchers and authority; and shall ascertain that all sums have been received which ought to have been received, and have been brought into the account; and shall examine whether the expenditure in all cases is such as might be lawfully made, and is reasonable; and shall strike out such payments and charges as are not legal and such as have not been made by competent Authority, and shall reduce such charges as he shall deem to be exorbitant.

3. The Auditor shall also examine the several Books of Account and other Books, not being Books of Account, in use in the Union, and shall ascertain whether they be kept in the prescribed form, and that the several entries correspond with, and balance each other (where such balance may be required), and that the number of Paupers relieved accord with the several entries of the amount and description of relief administered; and he shall certify the accuracy of such Books by affixing his signature to each, and the date of such audit.

4. The Auditor shall cast up and compute the said Accounts, so as to ascertain the accuracy thereof, and the balance or sum due to or from the Officer rendering the same at the time of audit; and the Auditor shall verify the same by his signature, and the date of such audit.

5. The Auditor shall receive the objections in writing of any Rate-payer in the Union to the said Accounts, or any item or charge therein, or any vouchers or authority for the same, and shall examine into the merits of such objections, and make a decision thereon.

6. The Auditor shall, whenever he may in the performance of the duties of his office think fit so to do, require any Officer rendering an account, or any other Officer of the Union, or any person represented to have supplied any goods or materials, or executed any work for the use of the Union, or any other person who, in the judgment of the Auditor, shall be able to give information of such

account or supply, or execution of work, to appear before him, and to produce any accounts, books, or papers in his possession relating to the subject of his inquiries; and the Auditor shall, if he think fit so to do, require such Officer to verify such account on Oath, and shall, if he think fit, examine on Oath such Officers and persons respecting any item or charge in the accounts of the said Union; or he shall require them to subscribe a declaration of the truth of the matters respecting which they shall have been so examined, first forewarning them of the penalties in the said recited Act provided for parties giving false evidence, or refusing to give evidence under the provisions of the said recited Act. And any paid Officer who shall fail to comply with the requisition of the Auditor to appear before him, and to produce documents of which he may be in the possession, shall, on report thereof to Us made, be liable to be dismissed from his office.

7. If the Auditor be of opinion that any money, goods, or chattels belonging to such Union, have been purloined, embezzled, or wilfully wasted or misapplied, by any Officer or person accounting, he shall collect such evidence as he may think necessary to ascertain the amount or value of such money, goods, or chattels, and shall surcharge such Officer or person with such amount or value in his account, and shall submit a statement of particulars to the said Commissioners, and to the Board of Guardians, in order that proceedings may be taken against any paid Officer so offending, under the provision in that behalf contained in the Irish Poor Relief Act.

8. And the Auditor shall examine and correct and sign the Abstracts of the Union, and Electoral Division Accounts, hereinbefore required to be made, and report to us any facts or circumstances in explanation thereof, or connected therewith, or which he may deem of importance to the interests of the Union.

SCHEDULE—Containing the Forms of Accounts.

Form 1.—The Order Check Book.

Folio in Minute Book.

No. 18

Mr.

Goods ordered, with the Price.

———*Chairman.*

———*Clerk.*

N.B.—This Counterpart is to be retained.

No. 18

Mr.

Please supply for the use of the ——— Union,

———*Chairman.*

———*Clerk.*

N.B.—This Order must be preserved by the party to whom it is issued, as no account will be passed unless it be produced.

FORM 2.—CHECK BOOK OF ADMISSIONS INTO THE WORKHOUSE.

No.... .....

To Admit

.....

.....

Age.....

Electl. Division.....

Date..... 18 .

———Chairman.

No.....

To the Master of the.....Union

Workhouse at.....

Admit.....aged.....Wife and.....Children,

chargeable to the.....Electoral Division in this Union.

*By the Board of Guardians, this.....day of.....*18 .

Signed.....Chairman.

FORM 3.—CHECK BOOK OF DISCHARGES FROM THE WORKHOUSE.

No.....

Discharge .....

.....

Electl. Division .....

Date..... 18 .

———Chairman.

No.....

To the Master of the.....Union

Workhouse at.....

Discharge.....aged.....Wife and.....Children,

chargeable to the.....Electoral Division in this Union.

*By the Board of Guardians, this.....day of.....*18 .

Signed.....Chairman.

STATISTICAL STATEMENT.—

——— UNION.—ABSTRACT, showing the Number of the several Classes of Paupers

ELECTORAL DIVISIONS.	IN-DOOR. Numbers of the several classes of Paupers in the Workhouse, not including classes 14, 15, and 16. Able-bodied and their children. Adults. Males.	Married couples.	Females.	Other males.	Other females.	Children under 15 of able-bodied inmates. Illegitimate children.	Other children.	Not Able-bodied. Adults. Males.	Married couples.	Females.	Other Males.	Other Females.	Children under 15. Illegitimate children.	Other children.	Of parents not able-bodied, being inmates.	Orphans or other children relieved without parents.	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	Summary of the preceding Columns. Adults Males.	Females.	Children under 15. Total.	Collective Number of Days of Relief in the Workhouse for each Electoral Division.	OUT No. of the several Classes c. 31, Adult males permanently disabled by old age or infirmity.	Wife.	Families of adult males in col. 1. Children under 15.	Adult males relieved in case of their own sickness or accident.	Families of adult males in col. 4. Wife.	Children under 15.	Adult women permanently disabled by old age or infirmity.	Children under 15, of women in col. 7. Legitimate.	Illegitimate.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	*a*		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Union at Large, .																														
Total, .																														

SUMMARY OF IN-DOOR PAUPERS RELIEVED.

Average Weekly Cost per Head.	Number of Paupers in the Workhouse at commencement of the Half-year.	Number of Births in the Half-year.	Number Admitted during the Half-year.	Number Discharged during the Half-year.	Number of Deaths in the Half-year.	Number of Paupers in the Workhouse at the end of the Half-year.
s. *d.*						
Food and Necessaries, .						
Clothing, .						
Total, .						

SUMMARY OF OUT-DOOR PAUPERS RELIEVED.

No. of Paupers on Out-door Relief at commencement of the Half-year.	No. admitted to Out-door Relief during the Half-year.	No. discharged from Out-door Relief during the Half-year.	No. of Paupers on Out-door Relief at end of Half-year.

FORM 4 A.

Relieved, and the Number and Cost of Emigrants, during the Half-year ended ——18—.

DOOR.

Relieved under 10 Vic. section 1.								Summary of the several Classes relieved out of the Workhouse, under 10 Vic. c. 31, sec 1.			No. of the several Classes Relieved under 10 Vic. c. 31, section 2.*												Summary of the several Classes relieved out of the Workhouse, under 10 Vic. c. 31, sec. 2.				Total Out-door, being the sum of cols. (*b*) and (*c*).	Gross Total Relieved *in* and *out* of the Workhouse, being sum of cols. (*a*), (*b*), and (*c*).	Number and Cost of Persons Emigrating.	
Adult women relieved in cases of sickness or accident.	Children under 15, of women in col. 10.		Able-bodied widows, having two or more legitimate children dependent on them.	Children under 15, dependent on widows in col. 13.	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots.			Adults.			Adult males (married or single) relieved on account of want of work.	Families of adult males in col. 21.		Able-bodied women.	Children of women in cols. 24 and 25.	Families relieved without Husband or Father.				Orphans and children relieved without either parent.	Adults.							Number.	Cost.
	Legitimate.	Illegitimate.			Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	Males.	Females.	Children under 15.		Wives.	Children under 15.	Unmarried.	Widows not entitled to relief under sec. 1.	Legitimate.	Illegitimate.	Husband or Father in Gaol.	Husband or Father absent on service in army or navy.	In case of desertion by Husband or Father.		Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	Total.					
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	c			£ s. d.

* This part of the Form will apply only to the cases relieved during the operation of an Order under Seal of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, under section 2 of the Irish Poor Relief Extension Act.

A true Abstract from the Relief Books, Medical Returns, and the Ledger of the —— Union, on this —— day of —— 18—.

——— *Clerk to the Board of Guardians.*

This Abstract has been submitted to me, together with the Relief Books, Medical Returns, and the Ledger, with which I have compared it, and I hereby certify that the items it contains are correctly abstracted therefrom.

——————— Union.

the —— day of —— 18—.

——— *Auditor.*

Laid before the Board, this —— day of ———. ——— *Chairman.*

NOTE.—This Abstract, when signed by the Auditor, is to be sent to the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland; and the Clerk is to make a duplicate, which shall also be attested by the Auditor, for the use of the Board of Guardians. A copy is to be furnished by the Clerk to every Member of the Board of Guardians.

Form 4 B.

———— Union.—Names and Salaries of the Several Officers; and Statement of the Auditor, in reference to the Bonds of such of the Officers as are required to give a Bond.

Name of each Paid Officer, including Assistants and Servants.	Office.	Salary per Annum, or rate of Remuneration otherwise.	In whose Custody the Bond of each Officer is deposited.	Amount of Bond. £	Whether the Bond was produced, and if not, the cause.	Observations.
	Chaplains:—					
	Protestant,					
	R. Catholic,					
	Presbyterian,					
	Clerk,					
	Assistant do.					
	Master,					
	Assistant do.					
	Matron,					
	Assistant do.					
	Schoolmaster,					
	Assistant do.					
	Schoolmistress,					
	Assistant do.					
	Medical Officer,					
	Assistant do.					
	Porter,					
	Nurse,					
	Relieving Officers:					
	1					
	2					
	3					
	4					
	5					
	6					
	7					
	8					
	9					
	10					
	11					
	12					
	Rate Collectors:					
	1					
	2					
	3					
	4					
	5					
	6					
	7					
	8					
	9					
	10					*Signature of Clerk* ———
						Signature of Auditor ———
						Date ———

FINANCIAL STATEMENT.—FORM 5 A. ——— UNION. ABSTRACT OF SEPARATE ACCOUNTS of each Electoral Division, in the Union for the Half-year ended ——— 18—; showing the Particulars of the Rates in course of Collection, and the Amounts Collected and Lodged during the Half-year.

NAMES OF ELECTORAL DIVISIONS.	Net Annual Value of Rateable Property in each Electoral Division.	Date and Poundage of Rate for current Half-year.		Net Annual Value of property in respect of which Compositions have been made, under 1 & 2 Vic. c. 56, s. 72; and 6 & 7 Vic. c. 93, s. 5.	Rebate at [illegible] per cent. allowed on Compositions.	Net Amount of Current Rate.	Amount of previous Rate Uncollected at Commencement of Half-year.	Amount Collected and not Lodged at close of previous Half-year.	Total Amount of Rate to be Collected and Lodged.	Amount Lodged with Treasurer during the Half-year.	Amount Collected and not Lodged.	Amount of Rate declared not collectable by the Board of Guardians during the Half-year, for reasons stated in Minute Book.	TOTAL.	Folio in Minute Book.	Amount remaining Uncollected at the Close of the Half-year.
		Date.	Poundage.												
	£ s. d.		s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.

The above is a true Statement, ——— *Clerk.*

——— *Auditor.*

Financial Statement.—

———— Union.—Abstract of the Union Accounts, for the Half-year

Names of Electoral Divisions.	CHARGE.												EXPENDITURE UNDER			
	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of last Half-year.	Receipts on Account of each Electoral Division.							Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of last Half-year.	In-Maintenance and Clothing.		Out-Relief in Money and in Kind.		
		Amount of Poor Rate Lodged.	Repayment of Relief by way of Loan.	Amount raised by Rate, or borrowed, for Emigration Purposes.	Other Receipts, if any.	Total Receipts in the Half-year.						On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	On account of Union Paupers.	On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	On account of Union Paupers.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total,					*a*							*b*	*b*	*c*	*c*

a Statement of Items of which "other Receipts" are composed.

	£	s.	d.
Total,	£		

b The Total Amount of In-Maintenance and Clothing, is made up as follows:

	£	s.	d.
Provisions,			
Necessaries,			
Clothing,			
Total,	£		

c The Amount of Out-Relief is made up as follows:

	£	s.	d.
In Money,			
In Kind,			
Total,	£		

d The Total of Establishment Charges pertaining to In-Maintenance and Out-door Relief, is accounted for as follows:

	£	s.	d.
Salaries and Rations of Officers,			
Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment,			
Repairs,			
Insurance,			
Drugs, and Medical or Surgical Appliances,			
Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage,			
Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work,			
Rent,			
Other small Charges,			
Total debited to Establishment,			
Less for credit given to Establishment for			
Total charges apportioned,			

A true Statement of Receipts and Payments on account of the several Electoral Divisions of the ——— Union, which was submitted to the Board of Guardians, and approved of, the ——— day of ——— 18—.

———— *Clerk to the Board of Guardians.*

FORM 5 B.

ended ———— 18—; showing the Receipts, Expenditure, and Balances.

DISCHARGE.

THE POOR LAW ACTS.

Relief by way of Loan.	Total on account of In-Maintenance and Out-door Relief, and Relief by way of Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Loans, under Act 1 & 2 Vic., c. 56, § 35.	Expenses of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage, or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Burial Expenses.	Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure for Relief to the Destitute Poor in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate in Aid.	Amount Repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., c. 14.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act, 14 & 16 Vic., c. 68.		Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions, at close of this Half-year.	TOTAL.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.

FORM 6.—REGISTRY of Persons Admitted into and Discharged from the Workhouse of the Union.

(See 1st and 2nd Vict., Cap. 56, Sec. 42.)

PAGE 1.

1. No.	2. Names and Surnames of Paupers.	3. Sex.	4. Age.	5. If adult, whether single, married, widower, or widow; if child, whether orphan, deserted, or bastard.	6. Employment or Calling.	7. Religious denomination.	8. If disabled, the description of disability.	9. Name of Wife or Husband.	10. No. of Children.	11. Observations on condition of Pauper when admitted.	12. Electoral Division & Townland in which resident.	13. Date when admitted, or when born in the Workhouse.	14. Date when died or left the Workhouse.
1													
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													
7													
8													
9													
10													

FORM 7.—THE ADMISSION AND DISCHARGE BOOK.

ADMITTED.

Name.	Number in Register and Relief List to be inserted in the Column of that Class to which Pauper belongs.										Electoral Division to which the Pauper is chargeable.	Date of Admission.
	Able-bodied.		Aged and Infirm persons, and adult persons, above 15 years of age, but not working.		Boys and Girls above 9 and under 15 years of age.		Children above 5 and under 9 years of age.	Children above 2 and under 5 years of age.	Infants under 2 years of age.	Total.		
	I.	II.	III.		IV.		V.	VI.	VII.			
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Boys.	Girls.						
Total Admitted during Week.												
Born during Week, *See Record of Births.*												
Numbers at the end of last Week.												
TOTAL . . .												
* Total Discharged and Dead during Week.												
Remaining . . .												

DISCHARGED.

Name.	Number in Register and Relief List to be entered in the Column of the Class to which Pauper belongs.										Electoral Division to which the Pauper is chargeable.	Date of leaving the Workhouse.	Observations on behaviour while an Inmate.
	Able-bodied.		Aged and Infirm persons, and adult persons, above 15 years of age, but not working.		Boys and Girls above 9 and under 15 years of age.		Children above 5 and under 9 years of age.	Children above 2 and under 5 years of age.	Infants under 2 years of age.	Total.			
	I.	II.	III.		IV.		V.	VI.	VII.				
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Boys.	Girls.							
Total Discharged during Week.													
Died during Week, *See Record of Deaths.*													
TOTAL* .													

FORM 8.—RECORD OF BIRTHS in Union Workhouse.

No. in Register.	Date of Birth.	Whether Male or Female.	Names of Parents.	Religious denomination of Parents.	To what Electoral Division chargeable.	Whether Legitimate or Illegitimate.	When Baptized.	In what Name Baptized.	By whom Baptized.

FORM 9.—RECORD OF DEATHS in Union Workhouse.

No. in Register.	Date of Death.	Cause of Death.	Name.	Age.	To what Electoral Division chargeable.	Date of last Admission to Workhouse.

——— Electoral Division. Form 10 *a*. Folio.

Weekly In-door Relief List for the Half-year ending 18 .

Number in Register.	Name and Surname of Pauper.	Number of Days in the House in each Week.																								Total for the Half year.
		1st Week.	2nd Week.	3rd Week.	4th Week.	5th Week.	6th Week.	7th Week.	8th Week.	9th Week.	10th Week.	11th Week.	12th Week.	13th Week.	14th Week.	15th Week.	16th Week.	17th Week.	18th Week.	19th Week.	20th Week.	21st Week.	22nd Week.	23rd Week.	24th Week.	25th Week.	26th Week.	27th Week.	
	Total Days for each Week																											

Form 10 *b*.

Abstract of the Weekly Relief Lists, for the Half-year ending 18 .

Folio of the Electoral Division List.	Electoral Divisions.	Number of Days each Week.																								Total Days for the Half-year.
		1st Week.	2nd Week.	3rd Week.	4th Week.	5th Week.	6th Week.	7th Week.	8th Week.	9th Week.	10th Week.	11th Week.	12th Week.	13th Week.	14th Week.	15th Week.	16th Week.	17th Week.	18th Week.	19th Week.	20th Week.	21st Week.	22nd Week.	23rd Week.	24th Week.	25th Week.	26th Week.	27th Week.	
	Total Days for each Week*																											
	Folio in Provision Book																											

A few sheets of the *Abstract* (according to the extent of the Union) are to be bound up at the end of the Book formed of the Electoral Division Lists, Form 10 *a*.

The aggregate number of days in each week passed in the Workhouse by the Paupers of each Electoral Division, must be taken from the Columns of Total Days for the several weeks in the Electoral Division Lists.

* The *total* number of days for each week in this Abstract, must agree with the *collective* number of days of the corresponding week in the Provision Check Book, Form 11.

FORM 11.—PROVISION CHECK ACCOUNT, for the Week of the Half-year ending 18 .

Being an Account of the Number of Paupers daily supported in the Union Workhouse, and of the Provisions Weekly consumed by them, according to the Quantities allowed per Diet Table, and the Quantity of Necessaries Weekly expended.

Class.	Description of the Classes in the Diet Table.	Number of Paupers each Day. S.	M.	T.	W	T.	F.	S.	Collective No. of Days.*	Provisions Consumed. Bread. lbs	Butter. lbs	Meat. lbs	Potatoes. lbs	Oatmeal. lbs	Buttermilk. qts	Sweet-milk. qts	Salt. lbs	Tea. lbs	Sugar. lbs	Flour. lbs	Rice. lbs	Beef Heads. lbs	Necessaries Expended. Coals. cwt	Turf. lds.	Candles. lbs	Soap. lbs	Starch. lbs	Blue. lbs	Washing Soda. lbs	Firewood. lds.
1	Able-bodied working Males,																												
2	Able-bodied working Females,																												
3	Aged and Infirm, and Adults above 15, but not working,																												
4	Boys and Girls above 9 and under 15,																												
5	Children above 5 and under 9,																												
6	Children above 2 and under 5,																												
7	Infants under 2,																												
	In Fever Hospital,																												
	In Workhouse Hospital,																												
	Add Deaths and Discharges (if any),																												
	Total number in the House,																												
	Allowance for the above Number,																												
	Deductions on Account of Admissions,																												
	Total consumed by Paupers,																												
	Add Allowance for Officers (if any),																												
	Total,																												

OFFICERS' RATIONS:

Bread,	lbs.	N. Milk,	qts.
Meat,	„	Oatmeal,	lbs.
Potatoes,	„	Flour,	„
Tea,	„	Rice,	„
Sugar,	„	Soap,	„
Butter,	„	Candles,	„
B. Milk,	qts.	Coals,	„

* The collective number of days must correspond with the total number in the same week in the Abstract of the Relief Lists, Form 10 *b*.

The daily number of Paupers, and the quantities in the Diet Table, will give the gross quantities of the several articles allowed. These quantities are to be carried Weekly to the "Provision Receipt and Consumption Account."

A sheet of this Form is to be bound alternately with the Provision Receipt and Consumption Account, (Form 12):—this Form first.

FORM 12.—PROVISION RECEIPT AND CONSUMPTION ACCOUNT for the Week of the Half-year ending 18 .

	Articles on Hand and Received.										Articles Consumed and Remaining.						
	Articles.	On Hand.			Received.				Total.			Consumed.			Remaining.			Required for next Week.
		Quantity.	Cost. £ s. d.		Quantity.	No. of Invoice.	Cost. £ s. d.		Quantity.	Cost. £ s. d.		Quantity.	Cost. £ s. d.		Quantity.	Cost. £ s. d.		
Provisions.	Bread, lbs.																	
	Butter, lbs.																	
	Meat, lbs.																	
	Potatoes, lbs.																	
	Oatmeal, lbs.																	
	Buttermilk, qts.																	
	Sweet-milk, qts.																	
	Salt, lbs.																	
	Tea, lbs.																	
	Sugar, lbs.																	
	Flour, lbs.																	
	Rice, lbs.																	
	Beef Heads, lbs.																	
	Pepper, lbs.																	
	Paupers' Meat, lbs.																	
	Molasses, lbs.																	
	Vegetables for Soup,																	
Necessaries.	Coals, cwts.																	
	Turf, loads.																	
	Candles, lbs.																	
	Soap, lbs.																	
	Starch, lbs.																	
	Firewood, loads.																	
	W. Soda, lbs.																	
	B. Blue, lbs.																	

A sheet of this Form, and of the Provision Check Account, (Form 11,) are to be bound up together alternately: this Form last.

The Quantities consumed must correspond with the Quantities in the Provision Check Account; and these Quantities, with the Stock in hand, must equal the total received.

FORM 13.

——UNION. CLOTHING MATERIALS ACCOUNT,

For —————— Week of Half-year, to —————— 18 .

MATERIALS RECEIVED.							CLOTHING, &c., MADE UP.					
Date when received.	Stock on hands from last Week.		Received this Week.			Total Stock, Cols. 3 and 6.	How made up.		Folio of Clothing Receipt Book.	Quantity used.	Stock remaining:—Difference between Cols. 7 and 11.	Observations.
	Description.	Quantity.	From whom.	Date.	Quantity received.		Description of Clothing, &c.	No. of Articles made.				
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	

FORM 14.

CLOTHING RECEIPT BOOK.

When Received.	Whence Received: From Tradesmen, or Clothing Store.	No. of Invoice.	Folio in Clothing Materials Book.	Bedding.			Men's Clothing.							Women's Clothing.								Boys' Clothing.							Girls' Clothing.							
				Sheets.	Blankets.	Rugs.	Coats.	Waistcoats.	Trowsers.	Shirts.	Shoes.	Stockings.	Hats.	Handkerchiefs.	Gowns.	Petticoats.	Shifts.	Aprons.	Handkerchiefs.	Shoes.	Stockings.	Caps.	Bonnets.	Coats.	Waistcoats.	Trowsers.	Shirts.	Shoes.	Stockings.	Hats.	Handkerchiefs.	Frocks.	Petticoats.	Shifts.	Aprons.	Shoes.	Stockings.	Handkerchiefs.	Bonnets.

Form 15.

Clothing Appropriation Book.

Day of the Week and Date.	Bedding.			Names of Paupers to whom Clothing is furnished.	Men's Clothing.								Women's Clothing.								Boys' Clothing.							Girls' Clothing.							
	Sheets.	Blankets.	Rugs.		Coats.	Waistcoats.	Trowsers.	Shirts.	Shoes.	Stockings.	Hats.	Handkerchiefs.	Gowns.	Petticoats.	Shifts.	Aprons.	Handkerchiefs.	Shoes.	Stockings.	Caps.	Bonnets.	Coats.	Waistcoats.	Trowsers.	Shirts.	Shoes.	Stockings.	Hats.	Handkerchiefs.	Frocks.	Petticoats.	Shifts.	Aprons.	Shoes.	Stockings.	Handkerchiefs.	Bonnets.

Form 16.

The Inventory Book.

{House, distinguishing, 1, Board Room; 2, Day Rooms; 3, Sleeping Rooms; 4, Kitchen, &c.

Fi ures.	Furniture.	Utensils.	Other Effects.	Observations.

{Offices, distinguishing, 1, Laundry; 2, Work Rooms; 3, Yard; 4, Garden, &c.

Fixtures.	Furniture.	Utensils.	Other Effects.	Observations.

FORM 17.—WORKHOUSE FARM ACCOUNT.

Dr.						*Cr.*				
18		£	s.	d.	18		£	s.	d.
	To Value of Stock on hand at commencement of the Half-year, - - - - -								
	Balance (Profit), - - - - -					By Value of Stock at close of Half-year, - -			
	Total, - - -					Total, - - -			

FORM 18.—WORKHOUSE MANUFACTURE ACCOUNT.

Dr.						*Cr.*				
18		£	s.	d.	18		£	s.	d.
	To Value of Stock on hand at commencement of the Half-year, - - - - -								
	Balance (Profit) at close of Half-year, - -					By Value of Stock at close of Half-year, - -			
	Total, - - -					Total, - - -			

NOTE.—The foregoing Accounts (Forms 17 and 18) are subsidiary Accounts, intended to show the profit, if any, derived from the labour of the Paupers,—the debits and credits already appearing in the other Accounts to which they may respectively belong:—Thus, in Farm Account, the Cost of Seed, Implements, and Stock, purchased, will have been debited to Establishment Account,—the value of produce consumed in the Workhouse will be each Week entered in the Provision Account, and at the end of the half-year, the total amount will be directly debited to Invoice Account, and credited to Maintenance Account, being the difference between the amounts shown by the Provision and the Invoice Account; and the Establishment Account will be credited only with the sums received from the sale of any produce, Manure, &c.—Likewise, as regards the Manufacture Account, the Establishment Account will have been debited with all Implements purchased, and credited with sums received for Articles sold:—Clothing Account will have been debited with the cost of the raw material purchased, but will not receive any direct credit, the Electoral Division will, however, derive the benefit of the labour of the Paupers in having manufactured goods at the cost only of the raw materials in proportion to the daily number of its Paupers; and each Electoral Division will be benefited in a similar proportion by the Farm produce credited to Maintenance Account.

FORM 19.—THE OUT-DOOR RELIEF REGISTER.

Register of Persons Relieved out of the Union Workhouse:—under the Act 10 Vict., cap. 31, sec. 11.

1. No.	2. Date when first relieved.	3. Name and Surname.	4. Sex.	5. Age.	6. Employment or Calling.	7. Married or Single.	8. Name of Wife or Husband.	9. No. of Children.	10. Date of Application for Relief.	11. Electoral Division in which resident at the time of beginning to receive Relief.	12. Townland in which resident at the time of beginning to receive Relief.
1											
2											
3											
4											
5											
6											

THE OUT-DOOR RELIEF REGISTER BOOK is to contain the following particulars touching every Person relieved out of the Workhouse, arranged in the following order:—

1. The number of the person's name.
2. The date when first relieved.
3. The name and surname.
4. The sex.
5. The age.
6. The employment or calling.
7. Whether married or single.
8. Name of the wife, or husband.
9. Number of children.
10. Date of application for relief.
11. The electoral division in which resident at the time of beginning to receive relief.
12. The townland in which resident at the time of beginning to receive relief.

Form 20.—Application and Report Book

No.	Names of Applicants.		Age.	If Adult, whether Single, Married, Widower, or Widow; if Child, whether Orphan, Deserted, or Bastard.	Employment or Calling. By whom usually employed.	If permanently disabled, state by what defect, bodily or mental, and nature of disability, as "old age," "crippled," "idiot," &c.		If temporarily disabled, state by what sickness or accident.	If able-bodied, state the cause of destitution.	Residence.		If in occupation of land, how much?	Present weekly earnings, if any, of self and family.
	Heads of Families and other Persons applying on their own account alone.	Christian Names of Wives, and Children under 15 years dependent on them.				Bodily defect.	Mental defect.			Present residence—where, with whom.	Particulars of residence during the last three years, naming Electoral Divisions and Townlands.		

In this book the Relieving Officer is to enter the applications from time to time made for relief, and all the information regarding each case required by the form; and these particulars having been submitted to the Board of Guardians, the decision of the Board in every case will be inserted, and any relief thereafter to be given must be authorized by the signature or initials of the Chairman, and afterwards be attested by the signature or initials of the Clerk. An alphabetical index is annexed to each book, which must be regularly kept up by the Relieving Officer.

INSTRUCTIONS TO FILL UP THE APPLICATION AND REPORT BOOK.

1. Every person applying for relief on his own account, or on whose account application is made for relief, must be entered in the order of the time of application; and the cases are to be numbered in succession.

2. The wife, and children under 15, of a person on whose account relief is applied for, form part of his case, and are not to be numbered as separate cases.

3. But children above the age of 15 must be entered and numbered as separate cases, for if they require relief they will be relieved on their own account, and not on the account of the head of the family.

———— UNION. ———— DISTRICT.

Names of Relations, if any, liable under Irish Poor Relief Acts, and apparently able to assist Applicant.	Other observations on the nature of the case.	Date of Application for Relief.	Provisional Relief given by Relieving Officer in case of sudden and urgent necessity.			Decision and Order of the Board of Guardians on the Application.					Initials of Chairman authorizing such Relief, or refusal.	No. of Pauper in Register		How Chargeable.		
			If by admission to Workhouse, date of Order of admission.	If other Relief, state		If admitted to Workhouse, date of Order of admission.	If relieved otherwise.			If application refused, date of refusal.		Workhouse Register.	Out-door Relief Register.	Name of Electoral Division.	Union at Large.	Initials of Clerk.
				Nature of Relief.	Cost of Relief.		Nature and duration of Relief ordered.	Date of the Order.	Money value of Relief.							
					s. d.				*s. d.*							

4. If a person be relieved, and then, having ceased to be relieved for some time, applies again, the case should be entered and numbered again, and a reference made to the former number.

5. In specifying the causes of the applications for relief of children who become chargeable from the neglect or inability of their parents to provide for them, specify the nature of the inability or other cause; as "deserted by father;" "deserted by mother;" "deserted by father and mother;" "father absent from home;" "father imprisoned," &c.

6. In cases arising from infirmity of mind or body, designate the nature and extent of the infirmity; as in the case of "lunatics," or "idiots," or "deaf and dumb," or "crippled," or "helpless from old age."

7. The information regarding previous residence must be obtained and stated with great care; as upon such facts will depend the registration of residence and the account to which the relief given will be charged.

8. The columns relating to chargeability are not to be filled up until the register has been signed.

REFORM

FORM 21.—

OUT-DOOR RELIEF LIST of Persons chargeable to _____

STATISTICAL PORTION.

RELIEVED UNDER 10 VICT., C. 31, SECTION 1.

Adult Males permanently disabled by old age or infirmity.	Families of Adult Males in col. 1. — Wife.	Children under 15.	Adult Males relieved in cases of their own sickness or accident.	Families of Adult Males in col. 4. — Wife.	Children under 15.	Adult Women permanently disabled by old age or infirmity.	Children under 15, of Women in cols. 7. — Legitimate.	Illegitimate.	Adult Women relieved in cases of sickness or accident.	Children under 15, of Women in col. 10. — Legitimate.	Illegitimate.	Adult Widows having Children dependent on them. — Legitimate. Children dependent on Widows in Column 13.	Illegitimate. Children under 15 dependent on Widows in Column 13.	Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots. — Males.	Females.	Children under 15.	Adult Males (Married or Single) relieved on account of work of wife or children.
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.

RELIEVED UNDER 10 VICT., C. 31, SECTION 2.*

Families of Adult Males in col. 18. — Wives.	Children under 15.	Able-bodied Women. — Unmarried.	Widows not entitled to Widow's Order Sec. 1.	Children of Women in cols. 21 and 22. — Legitimate.	Illegitimate.	Families relieved without Husband or Father. — Husband or Father in Gaol. — Wives.	Children under 15.	Husband or Father absent on service in Army or Navy. — Wives.	Children under 15.	Deserted by Husband or Father. — Wives.	Children under 15.	Orphans and Children relieved without either Parent.	Name of the Persons relieved.	No. in Application and Report Book.	No. in Register.
19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	31.			

* This part of the form is applicable only when an order under seal of the Poor Law Commissioners, under section 2, is in operation. At any other time, the classes included in this part of the form can only be relieved in the Workhouse.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING UP THE OUT-DOOR RELIEF LIST.

1. In this book the Relieving Officer is to enter the name of each person who shall receive out-door relief, arranging the names of all such persons in a separate list for each electoral division, or in the list for the Union at large, as the case may be; and opposite the name of each such person, the Relieving Officer is to enter the money value of all relief given to such person in each week of the half-year; but he is in no case to enter the money value of such relief until after it shall have been given.

2. The object of the statistical portion of this book is, to facilitate the making a classified summary, at the end of each half-year, of all the persons relieved in the Union, during such half-year.

——— Union.

for the Half-year ending ——, 18—. ——— *Relieving Officer.*

MONEY PORTION.

	1st Week, ending Saturday,	2nd Week, ending Saturday,	3rd Week, ending Saturday,	4th Week, ending Saturday,	5th Week, ending Saturday,	6th Week, ending Saturday,	7th Week, ending Saturday,	8th Week, ending Saturday,	9th Week, ending Saturday,	10th Week, ending Saturday,	11th Week, ending Saturday,	12th Week, ending Saturday,	13th Week, ending Saturday,	14th Week, ending Saturday,	15th Week, ending Saturday,	16th Week, ending Saturday,	17th Week, ending Saturday,	18th Week, ending Saturday,	19th Week, ending Saturday,	20th Week, ending Saturday,	21st Week, ending Saturday,	22nd Week, ending Saturday,	23rd Week, ending Saturday,	24th Week, ending Saturday,	25th Week, ending Saturday,	26th Week, ending Saturday,	27th Week, ending Saturday,	28th Week, ending Saturday,	Totals for the Half-year.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
In money																													
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Weekly Totals: In money																													
Weekly Totals: In kind																													
Total																													
Clerk's Initials	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.	Ct.

3. Every person receiving relief on his own account will be entered by name in the relief list, and will be represented by the figure (1) in that column of the statistical portion to which his case belongs; and the same person is on no account to be entered more than once in the same half-year.

4. In the case of families, the name of head of the family only is to be entered in the relief list; and in the statistical portion the head of the family will be represented by the figure (1) in the column to which his case belongs; his wife, if he has one, by the same figure in the next column; and the number of the children under 15 must be entered in the column provided for that purpose.

5. The totals at foot of the statistical portion, at the end of each half-year, are to be carried by the Clerk into the half-yearly abstract of persons relieved.

6. Whatever be the day of weekly meeting of the Guardians, it is intended that each week in the half-year should end on Saturday, except the last week in the half-year, which must always close with the 25th March or 29th September, as the case may be. It may therefore happen that the first or last week of the half-year, or even both (as in the specimen form), will contain a less number of days than 7, and thus the number of weeks in the half-year will extend to 27 or 28.

——— Union. Form 22.—The Relieving Officer's

——— District. ——— Week of the

——— Relieving Officer in Account with

Dr.

Date.	Money received, and Tickets or Food issued.					
		£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*

Summary of Receipts and Expenditure

(To be entered immediately after the Account for the last Week of

Dr.

	Money.			Kind.		
	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*
Balance brought forward,						
As per Receipt and Expenditure Book, 1st Week,						
" 2nd "						
" 3rd "						
" 4th "						
" 5th "						
" 6th "						
" 7th "						
" 8th "						
" 9th "						
" 10th "						
" 11th "						
" 12th "						
" 13th "						
" 14th "						
" 15th "						
" 16th "						
" 17th "						
" 18th "						
" 19th "						
" 20th "						
" 21st "						
" 22nd "						
" 23rd "						
" 24th "						
" 25th "						
" 26th "						
"						
"						
		(A)			(B)	

The Totals marked (A) and (B) respectively must correspond.

Instructions.

In this Book the Relieving Officer will debit himself, on the Charge side, with

1. All Moneys received since the last Account from the Board of Guardians; and these entries must correspond with the counterparts of the Cheques issued to him by the Board, and with entries in Guardians' Minutes.
2. The Money Value of Tickets for Provisions (if such be used) which have been issued to him since last Account; and these entries must correspond with those in Minutes of the Guardians.
3. The Money Value of Orders made by the Board of Guardians on Contractors for Provisions in favour of Relieving Officer; and these entries must correspond with the counterparts of the Orders and the Guardians' Minutes.

RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE BOOK.

Half-year ending ——————— 18—.

the Board of Guardians of the ——————— Union.

Cr.

Amounts charged to Electoral Divisions and Union at large.						
	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*

for the Half-year ended ——— 18—.

every Half-year in the Relieving Officer's Receipt & Expenditure Book.)

Cr.

	Money.			Kind.		
Charged to Electoral Divisions and Union at large, as per Out-Relief List, viz.:—	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*
Total, .						
Balance in hand at the end of the Half-year,						
		(A)			(B)	

Instructions.

On the Discharge side, the Relieving Officer will show, separately,

The Amounts expended in Money and in Kind in relieving persons chargeable to each of the Electoral Divisions in his District, and to the Union at Large during the previous week; these Amounts will correspond with the Weekly Totals in the Out-door Relief List, and Abstract thereof.

This Account is to be made up and balanced weekly, and the stock of Money, Tickets, or Provisions remaining in hand shown, and carried forward to the next week's Account.

Form 23.—

Abstract of the Out-Door Relief

Electoral Divisions, and Union at Large.	1st Week.	2nd Week.	3rd Week.	4th Week.	5th Week.	6th Week.	7th Week.	8th Week.	9th Week.	10th Week.	11th Week.	12th Week.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
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Totals, (In money, (In kind,												
Total, . . .												
Clerk's Initials, .												

Instructions.—This Book is to be entered up by the Clerk from the Relief Lists

——— Union.

Lists, for the Half-year ending —— 18—.

	13th Week.	14th Week.	15th Week.	16th Week.	17th Week.	18th Week.	19th Week.	20th Week.	21st Week.	22nd Week.	23rd Week.	24th Week.	25th Week.	26th Week.	27th Week.		Totals.
	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£s.d.	£ s. d.

of the Relieving Officers, at each Weekly Meeting of the Board of Guardians.

FORM No. 24. ——————— UNION.

LIST OF DESTITUTE PERSONS Relieved out of the Workhouse in the —— District, during the Half-year ended —— 18—.

Name.	Residence.	To what Account chargeable.	Cost of Relief afforded.								
			Money.			Kind.			Total.		
			£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.

FORM 25.

COLLECTING BOOK.

——*Union.* ——*Electoral Division.* ——*Townland.* *Rate made* ——*day of* ——18 , *on a Poundage of* —— *in the pound.*

No. in Rate Book.	Name, or Situation of Property Rated.	Description of Property Rated.	Occupier.	Immediate Lessor of Hereditaments for which Occupier is not liable.	Immediate Lessor of Hereditaments under agreement with Guardians.	Person receiving Rent in respect of Hereditaments exempt from Rating under 1 & 2 Vic. c. 56.	Net Annual Value.	Amount of Rate.			Arrears of Former Rate, (if any.)			Total Amount to be Collected.			Amount Collected.			No. of Receipt given.	Arrears.			No. of Receipt given for Arrears.	Observations.
							£	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.		

FORM 26.—THE RATE CHECK RECEIPT BOOK.

No. ....18 .
No. in Rate Book ....

From .....
Poor's Rate for .....
Electoral Division, made the .....
day of.....18 , *at* .....*in the pound.*

Rate £.....

NOTE.—This part is to be retained by the Collector.

No. ....*Union.*
No. in Rate Book.....

RECEIVED the.....*day of*.....18 , *from* ....*pound*.....*shillings and*. .....*pence, of the Poor's Rate for*.....*Electoral Division, made the*..... *day of*.....18 , *at*.....*in the pound.*

£.....*Rate.* .....*Collector.*

FORM 27 A.—COLLECTOR'S RATE RECEIPT ABSTRACT BOOK.

_____ Union. _____ Electoral Division.

Abstract of Rate Receipts, for Week ending _____ 18 .

No. in Rate Book.	No. of Receipt.	Amount. £	s.	d.	Observations.

Form 27 B. _____ Union. _____ Electoral Division.

Weekly Balance Sheet of Collector's Receipts and Lodgments.

Week ended.	Amount (if any) brought forward, remaining in hands of Collector at close of previous week.			Amount of Receipts during week, per Abstract of Rate Receipts.			Total.			Amount lodged during week, with Treasurer, per Treasurer's Receipt.			Amount remaining in hands of Collector (if any) at close of week.			Total.			Amount uncollected at close of week.			Initials of Clerk.	Observations.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		

Form 28.—Receipt from Treasurer.

_____ *Union,*

Received, by lodgment of Mr. *this* *day of*

the sum of *on Account of the Guardians of the Poor of the* _____ *Union.*

(Signed,)

Treasurer of the *Union.*

£ _____

FORM 29.

RECORD OF SICKNESS AND MORTALITY.

No. in Re ister.	Name of Patient.	Age.	Name of Disease.	Day of Commencement.	Treatment.	Day of Termination.	Event.	Observations.

FORM 30.

WEEKLY MEDICAL RETURN BOOK.

No. in Register.	Name of Patient.	Age.	Name of Disease.	Days when attended.							Change of Diet prescribed.	Observations.
				Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesd.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.		

List, containing Names of Unions to which this Order refers.

Abbeyleix	Castlebar	Dungannon	Limerick	Oldcastle
Antrim	Castleblayney	Dungarvan	Lisburn	Omagh
Ardee	Castlecomer	Dunmanway	Lismore	Oughterard
Armagh	Castlederg	Dunshaughlin	Lisnaskea	Parsonstown
Athlone	Castlerea	Edenderry	Listowel	Portumna
Athy	Castletown	Ennis	Londonderry	Rathdown
Bailieborough	Castletowndelvin	Enniscorthy	Longford	Rathdrum
Ballina	Cavan	Enniskillen	Loughrea	Rathkeale
Ballinasloe	Celbridge	Ennistymon	Lowtherstown	Roscommon
Ballinrobe	Claremorris	Fermoy	Lurgan	Roscrea
Ballycastle	Clifden	Galway	Macroom	Scariff
Ballymahon	Clogheen	Glennamaddy	Magherafelt	Shillelagh
Ballymena	Clogher	Glenties	Mallow	Skibbereen
Ballymoney	Clonakilty	Glin	Manorhamilton	Skull
Ballyshannon	Clones	Gorey	Midleton	Sligo
Ballyvaghan	Clonmel	Gort	Milford	Strabane
Balrothery	Coleraine	Gortin	Millstreet	Stranorlar
Baltinglass	Cookstown	Granard	Mitchelstown	Strokestown
Banbridge	Cootehill	Inishowen	Mohill	Swineford
Bandon	Cork	Kanturk	Monaghan	Thomastown
Bantry	Corrofin	Kells	Mount Bellew	Thurles
Bawnboy	Croom	Kenmare	Mountmellick	Tipperary
Belfast	Dingle	Kilkeel	Mullingar	Tobercurry
Belmullet	Donaghmore	Kilkenny	Naas	Tralee
Borrisokane	Doncgal	Killadysert	Navan	Trim
Boyle	Downpatrick	Killala	Nenagh	Tuam
Cahercivcen	Drogheda	Killarney	Newcastle	Tulla
Callan	Dromore, West	Kilmacthomas	Newport	Tullamore
Carlow	Dublin, North	Kilmallock	New Ross	Urlingford
Carrickmacross	Dublin, South	Kilrush	Newry	Waterford
Carrick-on-Shannon	Dundalk	Kinsale	Newtownards	Westport
Carrick-on-Suir	Dunfanaghy	Larne	Newtownlimavady	Wexford
Cashel		Letterkenny		Youghal

Sealed with our Seal, this Eighth day of April, in the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-three.

(Signed)

A. Power.
E. Senior.
J. M'Donnell, M.D.

St. Germans.

I, Edward Granville, Earl of St. Germans, Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland, do hereby approve this Order.

By His Excellency's Command,

Thos. A. Larcom.

No. V.—CIRCULARS.

No. 1.—Union Accounts :—Letter of Instructions to the Clerk, forwarding New Order for Keeping and Auditing the Accounts.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
8th April, 1853.

Sir,

In transmitting the amended Order for the keeping and auditing of Union Accounts, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, desire me to draw the attention of the Guardians, and likewise the attention of yourself, as the Officer mainly responsible for the keeping of the Union Accounts, to the provisions of the present Order, which differ in some respects from those of the Order previously existing, although much care has been taken in the introduction of necessary amendments, to disturb as little as possible the existing Forms, and the present mode of conducting the Accounts.

You will observe that the heads of account in the Union Ledger are somewhat increased in number, and arranged in a somewhat different order; and the Commissioners request that you will adopt the new arrangement of the headings in posting the Accounts for the current half-year, which has just commenced.

The Personal Ledger, which is a new form of Book merely subsidiary to the other books, has been already adopted voluntarily in many Unions on account of its great convenience and utility, as affording facilities for reference, and for checking the correctness of the other books, and the Commissioners have therefore now given directions for its general adoption.

Those provisions in the previous Order of Accounts which require the Clerk, from time to time, to examine and certify the correctness of the Accounts of certain subordinate officers, are included under the head of Duties of the Clerk, in the General Regulations Order, of the 19th January, 1852, and are therefore excluded from the present Order of Accounts.

Two new and additional Accounts, to be kept by the Master of the Workhouse, called "The Workhouse Farm Account," and the "Workhouse Manufacture Account," will require from you the same examination and authentication, from time to time, as the other Accounts of the Master of the Workhouse.

Under the head of "*Examination and Settlement of Accounts*," you will find, in paragraphs 3 and 4, an important change introduced, the object of which is to secure a precise statement of the expenses *incurred* in each half-year, whether the demands upon the Union for those expenses have been settled, or remain outstanding. Hitherto this has been the case only with regard to Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing, for consumption of which the Electoral Divisions have been charged in the Accounts of the half-year, while

unpaid Salaries and other establishment charges were required by the previous Order to be excluded from the half-year's Accounts, unless paid within seven days from the end thereof.

By the present Order the charge for Provisions, Necessaries, Clothing, &c., will be made as heretofore, according to the consumption of the various articles within the half-year, and all Salaries and other establishment charges incurred in the same period, will be included in the half-year's expenses, whether they may or may not have been paid within seven days from its expiration.

In some Unions the practice has prevailed, with the sanction of the Commissioners, of charging for the expenditure of Clothing by a charge of $\frac{1}{2}d.$ per day for each inmate during his or her residence in the Workhouse. After many years' experience of this plan the Commissioners are now disposed to adopt, as a more exact and more strictly regular way of charging such expenditure, the simple method of ascertaining, by comparison of stock at the beginning and close of the half-year, (taking the additional stock obtained into account,) the cost of the total consumption of Clothing during the half-year, and debiting each Electoral Division with its right proportion thereof, according to the collective number of days during which the inmates for whom it is chargeable have been resident in the Workhouse; and they request, therefore, that in future you will adopt this course, instead of the usual mode of estimate. Clothing still in use will be taken into account as part of the existing stock.

The Commissioners will readily address themselves to any inquiries which the Board of Guardians, or which you, as Clerk of the Union, may find occasion to make, regarding the working of any part of the new Order.

By Order of the Commissioners,
W. Stanley, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 2.—Parliamentary Voters' Act, 13 & 14 Vic., Cap. 69 :—Circular to Clerks of Unions as to their duties under the Act.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
29th May, 1852.

Sir,

1. Adverting to the Commissioners' Circulars of 29th August, (No. 47,276/50), and 5th September, (No. 48,876/50), 1850, in which they directed the attention of Clerks of Unions to those sections of the Parliamentary Voters' Act, 13 & 14 Vic., cap. 69, which imposed the duties to be first performed by them under that Act, (a copy of which was duly forwarded to the Clerk of each Union); the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, now desire to draw your attention to other provisions of the Act imposing duties to be performed by Clerks of Unions in the present and future years.

2. Under section 16 of the Act, in regard to *Counties*, the Clerk of the Peace is required to transmit to you, on or before the 1st of June in each year, his precept requiring your attention to the instructions laid down for your guidance, together with a copy or copies of the List of Registered Voters or of the Register of Voters, and Forms for Supplemental Lists of Ratepayers in the respective Baronies of which any part is comprised in the Union for which you act as Clerk; and sections 19 and 20 of the Act provide as follows:

"§ 19. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of each Poor Law Union wholly or in part within the limits of any County in *Ireland*, on or before the eight day of *July* in every year after One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-one, shall, after due inquiry, which he is hereby required to make, with the assistance of the respective Collector or Collectors of Poor Rates (which assistance such Collector or Collectors is and are hereby required to give), upon the Copy of the Register of each Barony or Division of a Barony of such County included within such Union, transmitted to him in such year by the Clerk of the Peace of such County, enter objections to the names of persons not entitled to be on the Register then next to be made in manner following: that is to say, such Clerk of the Union shall add, by a stamp or in writing, in the margin for such purpose, the word "objected" or "dead," before the name of any person whose qualification, as stated on such Copy of Register, is as rated occupier of lands, tenements, or hereditaments of the annual value of twelve pounds or upwards, if such person shall not have been rated in the then last rate made under the Acts for the more effectual Relief of the destitute Poor in *Ireland* as the occupier of the same lands, tenements, or hereditaments in such respective Barony of a net annual value of twelve pounds or upwards; or if such person shall not, on or before the first day of *July* in such year, have paid all poor-rates (if any) which shall have become payable by him in respect of such lands, tenements, or hereditaments previously to the first day of *January* in such year; or if such Clerk of the Union shall have reasonable cause to believe such person not to be or to have ceased to be occupier as aforesaid, or not to have been such occupier during the whole period from the twentieth day of *July* in the then last preceding year to the then present time; or if such Clerk of the Union shall have reasonable cause to believe such person not to be entitled to have his name on the Register of Voters then next to be made for such County, or to be dead, as the case may be; and such Copies of Register shall be in the Form, and shall contain the particulars mentioned in the Form (Number 14) in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed; and such Copies of Register shall be signed by such respective Clerk of the Union, and shall be verified by him as true and correct, according to the best of his belief, by an oath to be made by him before some Justice of the Peace in and for the said County within which such lands are situate, or the County in which the Union Workhouse is situate, and which oath any such Justice is hereby authorized and required to administer, and to certify at the foot of such Copies of Register the taking of such oath; and such Clerk of the Union shall return each such Copy of Register, with all such marginal additions as aforesaid, to the Clerk of the Peace of such respective County wherein such Barony or Division of a Barony is situate, on or before the eighth day of *July* in such year: Provided always, that in case any Barony of a County shall be divided so as to lie in more than one Union, the Clerk of the Peace of such County shall transmit as aforesaid one or more Copies of Register for such Barony to the Clerk of each such Union, together with a list of the Townlands situate in the respective Division of such Barony situate in such Union, who shall deal with such Copy of Register, and the names of the persons contained therein, so far as it relates to the Division of such Barony within his Union, in all respects as in this provision is directed or required in the case of a Barony not so divided.

"§ 20. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of each Poor Law Union wholly or in part within the limits of any County in *Ireland* shall, on or before the eighth day of *July* in every year after the year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-one, make out, and, together with such Copy of Register for

each such Barony or Division of a Barony of the County within his Union, transmit to the Clerk of the Peace of the County as aforesaid, a Supplemental List of every male person of full age not already appearing on such Copy of Register, who shall be rated in the then last rate made under the Acts for the more effectual Relief of the destitute Poor in *Ireland* as the occupier of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments situate within such Union, and in such respective Barony, or Division of a Barony, as the case may be, of a net annual value of twelve pounds or upwards—excluding, nevertheless, from such Supplemental List every such occupier who shall not, on or before the first day of *July* in such year, have paid all poor-rates (if any) which shall have become payable by him in respect of such lands, tenements, or hereditaments previously to the first day of *January* then last: and such Clerk of the Union is hereby required, after due inquiry as aforesaid, with the assistance of the respective Collector or Collectors of Poor Rates as aforesaid (which assistance such Collector or Collectors is and are hereby required to give,) to enter objections before the names of persons in such Supplemental List contained, and not entitled to be on the Register next to be made, in like manner, in all respects, and in the like cases, as in the immediately preceding provision directed and required with regard to the Copy of Register of such Barony or Division of a Barony, and the names therein contained: and such Supplemental List shall be in the Form, and shall contain the particulars mentioned in the Form (Number 15) in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed; and such List shall be signed by such respective Clerk of the Union, and shall be verified by him as true and correct, according to the best of his belief, by an oath to be made by him before some Justice of the Peace in and for the said County within which such lands are situate, or the County in which his respective Union Workhouse is situate, and which oath any such Justice is hereby authorized and required to administer, and to certify at the foot of such List the taking of such oath."

3. With regard to *Cities, Towns, or Boroughs* returning Members to Parliament, you will observe that the 32nd section of the Act requires you to make out and transmit to the Town Clerk, on or before the 8th of July in the present and each succeeding year, a List of Ratepayers under the rate last made at that date, in like manner as such list was required to be made in the first instance in 1850; the terms of this section, to which the attention of Clerks of Unions has been already called in the Circular of 29th August, 1850, are as follows :—

"§ 32. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of every Poor Law Union comprising the whole or any part of any City, Town, or Borough in *Ireland* returning a Member or Members to serve in Parliament, shall,... on or before the eighth day of *July* in every year after One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-one, make out and transmit to the Town Clerk of each such City, Town, or Borough, a list of every male person of full age who shall be rated in the then last rate made under the Acts for the more effectual Relief of the destitute Poor in *Ireland*, as the occupier of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments situate within such City, Town, or Borough, of a net annual value of eight pounds or upwards; and of every such person as last aforesaid who shall be rated in the then last rate made under the said Acts jointly with any other person or persons as the occupier of any such lands, tenements, or hereditaments, situated as aforesaid, of a net annual value of such an amount as when divided by the number of occupiers would give to each such occupier a net annual value of eight pounds or upwards—excluding, nevertheless, from such list every such occupier, and every such joint occupier, who,... in each year after One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-one shall not, on or before the first day of *July* in such year, have paid all poor-rates (if any) which shall have become payable by him in respect of such premises previously,...in any year after One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-one, to the first day of *January* then last; and such lists shall be in the form and shall contain the particulars mentioned in Form (No. 6) in

the Schedule (B) to this Act annexed; and such lists shall be signed by such respective Clerk of the Union, and shall be verified by him as true and correct, according to the best of his belief, by an oath or declaration to be taken or made by him before some Justice of the Peace acting in and for the said City, Town, or Borough, or the County in which the Union Workhouse is situate, and which oath or declaration any such Justice is hereby authorized and required to take."

4. You will observe that under section 25, any person whose name shall be on the List of Voters for Counties, is empowered to inspect the Rate Books within the periods specified in the section, and to take extracts therefrom, without payment of any fee; and in section 35, like provision is made in regard to any person named on the Lists of Voters for Cities, Towns, or Boroughs, or persons who shall have claimed to have their names inserted in such lists; and you will afford all necessary facilities for such inspection, on application made for the purpose by any such person.

5. Your attention is further requested to the provisions under which Clerks of Unions, or deputies appointed by them for the purpose, are required to attend the Revision Courts, with the Rate Books, or compared copies thereof, and other documents, and to give evidence (sections 46, 48, 49); and Collectors of poor-rates may be required by the Assistant Barrister to attend and give evidence (sec. 50). The Clerks and Collectors may be fined for non-attendance when summoned by the Assistant Barrister (sec 66); and Clerks of Unions, and other Officers, are liable to penalties for neglect of duties in other respects (sec. 67); and are also liable to an action, by any party aggrieved, for breach of duty, whereby a penalty of £100 (sec. 103) may in such case be incurred.

6. The Commissioners forward to you herewith copies of a circular, dated this day, addressed to Collectors of poor-rates, of which you will transmit a copy to each of the Collectors at present appointed in the Union of which you are Clerk, and to each Collector who may be hereafter appointed therein; if the enclosed copies are not sufficient for this purpose, you are requested to apply to this office for any additional number which may be required.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 3.—Parliamentary Voters' Act, 13 & 14 Vic., Cap. 69:—Circular to Collectors of Poor Rates, as to their Duties under the Act.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
29th May, 1852.

Sir,

1. The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, desire to direct your attention to those Provisions of the Parliamentary Voters' Act, 13 & 14 Vict., cap. 69, (a copy of which has been forwarded to the Clerk of the Union in which you act as a Collector of Poor Rates,) which impose duties

upon the Collectors of Rates in the present and future years, and which will require your careful observance.

2. With respect to the *County* Registration, the Commissioners desire to call your attention to the 19th & 20th Sections of the Act, which are as follow:—

"§ 19. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of each Poor Law Union wholly or in part within the limits of any County in *Ireland*, on or before the eighth day of *July* in every year after one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, shall, after due inquiry, which he is hereby required to make, with the assistance of the respective Collector or Collectors of Poor Rates (which assistance such Collector or Collectors is and are hereby required to give), upon the Copy of the Register of each Barony or Division of a Barony of such County included within such Union, transmitted to him in such year by the Clerk of the Peace of such County, enter objections to the names of persons not entitled to be on the Register then next to be made in manner following: that is to say, such Clerk of the Union shall add, by a stamp or in writing, in the margin for such purpose, the word "objected" or "dead" before the name of any person whose qualification, as stated on such Copy of Register, is as rated occupier of lands, tenements, or hereditaments of the annual value of twelve pounds or upwards, if such person shall not have been rated in the then last Rate made under the Acts for the more effectual Relief of the Destitute Poor in *Ireland*, as the occupier of the same lands, tenements, or hereditaments in such respective Barony, of a net annual value of twelve pounds or upwards—or if such person shall not, on or before the first day of *July* in such year, have paid all Poor Rates (if any) which shall have become payable by him in respect of such lands, tenements, or hereditaments previously to the first day of *January* in such year—or if such Clerk of the Union shall have reasonable cause to believe such person not to be or to have ceased to be occupier as aforesaid, or not to have been such occupier during the whole period from the twentieth day of *July* in the then last preceding year to the then present time—or if such Clerk of the Union shall have reasonable cause to believe such person not to be entitled to have his name on the Register of Voters then next to be made for such County, or to be dead, as the case may be: and such Copies of Register shall be in the form and shall contain the particulars mentioned in the Form (Number 14) in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed; and such Copies of Register shall be signed by such respective Clerk of the Union, and shall be verified by him as true and correct, according to the best of his belief, by an oath to be made by him before some Justice of the Peace in and for the said County within which such Lands are situate, or the County in which the Union Workhouse is situate, and which oath any such Justice is hereby authorized and required to administer, and to certify at the foot of such Copies of Register the taking of such oath: and such Clerk of the Union shall return each such Copy of Register, with all such marginal additions as aforesaid, to the Clerk of the Peace of such respective County wherein such Barony or Division of a Barony is situate, on or before the eighth day of *July* in such year: Provided always, that in case any Barony of a County shall be divided so as to lie in more than one Union, the Clerk of the Peace of such County shall transmit, as aforesaid, one or more Copies of Register for such Barony to the Clerk of each such Union, together with a list of the Townlands situate in the respective Division of such Barony situate in such Union, who shall deal with such Copy of Register, and the names of the persons contained therein, so far as it relates to the Division of such Barony within his Union, in all respects as in this Provision is directed or required in the case of a Barony not so divided.

"§ 20. And be it enacted, That the Clerk of each Poor Law Union wholly or in part within the limits of any County in *Ireland*, shall, on or before the eighth day of *July* in every year after the year one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, make out, and, together with such copy of Register for each such Barony or Division of a Barony of the County within his Union, transmit to the Clerk of the Peace of the County as aforesaid, a Supplemental List of every Male Person of full age not already appearing on such Copy of Register, who shall be rated in the then last Rate made under

the Acts for the more effectual Relief of the Destitute Poor in *Ireland* as the occupier of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments situate within such Union, and in such respective Barony or Division of a Barony, as the case may be, of a net annual value of twelve pounds or upwards—excluding, nevertheless, from such Supplemental List every such occupier who shall not, on or before the first day of *July* in such year, have paid all Poor Rates (if any) which shall have become payable by him in respect of such lands, tenements, or hereditaments previously to the first of *January* then last; and such Clerk of the Union is hereby required, after due inquiry as aforesaid, with the assistance of the respective Collector or Collectors of Poor Rates as aforesaid, (which assistance such Collector or Collectors is and are hereby required to give,) to enter objections before the names of persons in such Supplemental List contained, and not entitled to be on the Register next to be made, in like manner in all respects and in the like cases as in the immediately preceding provision directed and required with regard to the Copy of Register of such Barony or Division of a Barony and the Names therein contained: and such Supplemental List shall be in the form and shall contain the particulars mentioned in the Form (Number 15) in the Schedule (A) to this Act annexed; and such List shall be signed by such respective Clerk of the Union, and shall be verified by him as true and correct, according to the best of his belief, by an oath to be made by him before some Justice of the Peace in and for the said County within which such Lands are situate, or the County in which his respective Union Workhouse is situate, and which oath any such Justice is hereby authorized and required to administer, and to certify at the foot of such List the taking of such oath."

3. You will not fail to render to the Clerk the assistance which you are required by the above sections to afford him in the inquiries which it will be his duty to make under the above quoted provisions of the Act.

4. With respect to *Cities, Towns,* or *Boroughs,* returning a Member or Members to Parliament, it will be your duty, under § 31, to furnish to the Town Clerk of any such City, Town, or Borough in the Union, when required by him to do so, a list of persons who shall not have paid their rates as required by the Act. The section is to the following effect:—

"§ 31. And be it enacted, That the Town Clerk of every such City, Town, or Borough, for his assistance in making out the List of Voters, as hereinafter mentioned, (upon request made by him at any time between the hours of ten of the clock in the forenoon, and four of the clock in the afternoon of any day, except *Sunday,* between the sixteenth day of *June* and the twentieth day of *July* in every year after one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, to any Collector of Poor Rates, or to any other Officer having the custody of any such Rate or Rate-book), shall have free liberty to inspect the same, and to extract such particulars as may appear to such Town Clerk to be necessary; and every Collector of Poor Rates of premises within such City, Town, or Borough, or Officer having the custody of the Rate-books relating to the same, shall (if required by the Town Clerk) within four days after the first day of *July* in every year after one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, make out and deliver to the said Town Clerk a list containing the name and place of abode of every person who shall not have paid, on or before the said first day of *July* in each year after one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, all such Rates within the Collection of such Collector as aforesaid which shall have become payable by him (if any) in respect of the occupation of any lands, tenements, or hereditaments in such City, Town, or Borough, describing such premises previously, in any succeeding year, to the first day of *January* in such year; and the Town Clerk shall keep the said list, to be perused by any person, without payment of any fee, at any time between the hours of ten of the clock in the forenoon, and four of the clock in the afternoon of any day, except *Sunday,* during the first fourteen days after the List of Voters shall have been published, as hereinafter mentioned."

5. Your special attention is requested to the provisions of Section 109 of the Act, which requires the attendance of yourself, or a deputy duly appointed by you in writing, at a place in each Barony in your district, (and in like manner in any City, Town, or Borough, returning a Member or Members to Parliament, in your district,) on the four days comprising the three last days of June and the 1st July (exclusive of Sunday) in the present and subsequent years, for the receipt of rates: and you are required to give notice, which notice should be published in the usual places for posting notices in your district, of the time and place of such attendance in each Barony for this purpose. You are also required to make a return to the Clerk of the Union of the names and descriptions of the persons who shall have paid their rates, within two days after the dates referred to. The section of the Act provides as follows, and you will observe that you are liable to a penalty of Ten Pounds for any failure to comply with the requirements of that section, or to render assistance to the Clerk of the Union, under the provisions of the 19th & 20th sections:—

"§ 109. And be it enacted, That the respective Collector of Poor Rates shall attend in person, or by a sufficient Deputy, duly appointed by him by writing, under his hand, at some place in each Barony (of which he shall give public notice) within the Union or part of the Union whereof he is Collector, in each year after one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, during the first day of *July* (not being *Sunday*) and during the three next preceding days, exclusive of *Sunday*, or if the first day of *July* be *Sunday*, then during the four next preceding days in each such year, for the purpose of giving receipts for Poor Rate to any persons requiring the same, and paying the amount of Poor Rate then payable by them; and the respective Collector of Poor Rate, or a sufficient Deputy for him as aforesaid, shall in like manner attend at a place (of which he shall give public notice), in every such City, Town, or Borough as aforesaid within the Union or part of the Union of which he is Collector (as regards each year after one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one), during the first day of *July* (not being *Sunday*), and during the three next preceding days, exclusive of *Sunday*, or if the first day of *July* be *Sunday*, then during the four next preceding days in each year for the like purpose: and if any such Collector of Poor Rates shall not return to the Clerk of the respective Union the names and descriptions of the persons who shall have paid their Poor Rates, and a statement of the sums respectively paid by them, within the space of two days after the first day of *July* in any year after one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, or if any such Collector shall neglect or refuse to give his assistance to the Clerk of the respective Union, as by this Act required, in or for the making out the Return or List of Rated Occupiers, or the Copy of the Register in any year, for the purposes of this Act, or shall wilfully, and without reasonable cause give any false information which may lead to the omission of, or the entering of an objection to, the name of any person entitled to be inserted in such list, or to the insertion of the name of any person not entitled to be inserted therein, such Collector shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding ten pounds, to be recovered summarily before any Justice of the Peace, and levied by distress."

6. You will also have to attend the Revision Court, and give evidence when required by the Assistant Barrister, under section 50; and under section 66 you are liable to a penalty for non-attendance when summoned to attend such court.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To each Collector of Poor Rates.

No. 4.—Administration of Relief :—Instructional Letter to Poor Law Inspectors on matters relating thereto.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
23rd November, 1852.

Sir,

In reference to the District of Unions recently placed under your superintendence, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland desire me to call your attention to the Circular Letter addressed to Inspectors on the 12th October, 1850, setting forth the views of the Commissioners on certain matters connected with the administration of relief in Workhouses in Ireland.

The views therein set forth are still applicable to the administration of relief in Workhouses in Ireland; and the Commissioners have therefore, again to call your attention to those views, and forward herewith a further copy of the Instructions referred to.

Since the date of that document, the numbers of all classes of applicants for relief have greatly diminished; the proportion which one important class bears to the remainder :—viz., that of children under 15 years of age, is very considerable.

Some of these are the children of inmates of the Workhouse, and may be expected in some cases to leave the Workhouse with their parents, or surviving parent, when a prospect of self-maintenance out of the Workhouse presents itself to the parents. A large part, however, of the whole number of children under 15, consists of orphans and deserted children, and as many of them are likely to remain inmates of the Workhouse until able to maintain themselves by their own exertions, it is of the greatest importance that every thing should be done in reference to this class, by way of education and industrial training, both to prepare them as speedily as possible for the task of self-maintenance out of the Workhouse, and to make them, as far as practicable, useful and independent members of society.

The Commissioners are aware that deserted children are frequently sent for by their parents who have previously emigrated to another country, and that orphans are sometimes, though more rarely, taken from the Workhouse by relations able to support them.

The Commissioners think that facility should be given by the Guardians for the removal of such children from the Workhouse to the care of their natural protectors; but on the other hand it becomes imperatively necessary that the Rate-payers should be protected from a system of desertion of their children by parents, and that the laws which exist to restrain that offence, should be stringently enforced on every practicable occasion.

You will have the goodness to urge these views on the Guardians of the Unions under your superintendence on every fitting opportunity.

The Commissioners wish to receive Reports from you periodically, regarding every Union in your district, relating more particularly to the finances, the collection of the Rates, and condition of the Workhouse and its inmates.

These reports will be independent of any special report you may

find occasion to make from time to time, on the same or any other subjects; and the Commissioners will expect to receive each such periodical report in about three months from the date of the preceding report; and such reports should comprise statistical information on the various points above alluded to, for which purpose Forms will be supplied.

Your reports, however, are not to be limited to such statistics, but should contain such explanations and observations as may occur to you in reference to each subject.

The Commissioners wish that these reports should be forwarded for each Union in your district in succession, so that they may be received, as nearly as possible, at equal intervals throughout the quarter, one report being received for each Union during each period of three months.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To each Inspector.

Enclosure referred to in foregoing Circular.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
12th October, 1850.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland having renewed your appointment as Temporary Inspector, and having assigned to you a small District of Unions for superintendence in that capacity, are desirous of addressing you on certain points of duty, with which you are already conversant, but which appear to the Commissioners to be of peculiar prominence and importance at the present time.

The Relief of the Poor being now administered chiefly in the Workhouses, by far the most important of your duties hereafter will relate to the inspection and management of those establishments.

The Commissioners trust it will not be found necessary to increase the present extent of Workhouse accommodation in any Union, with the exception, perhaps, of some Unions which have been recently formed, and in which permanent Workhouses are building or about to be built. One object to be aimed at in all changes of this nature is to reduce, as far as it may be practicable and safe to do so, the number of the auxiliary establishments; for, in direct proportion to the number of separate buildings in occupation, will be found the increase in the cost of management, and in the difficulty of maintaining order and keeping proper checks upon the expenditure.

At the same time, the Commissioners by no means recommend that the Guardians should absolutely give up any part of the Workhouse accommodation now in their possession. Whenever the number of inmates may admit of a reduction in the number of buildings, it will be right to close such of them as can be spared, retaining for the present the power of re-opening them at a future period, if it should be found necessary to do so. The expense of renting

such spare buildings, and of keeping them in a proper state for occupation, will be more than compensated by the increased security from over-crowding, in the event of a large and sudden increase taking place in the number of applications for relief.

The Commissioners think that advantage should be taken of the present season, when the number of inmates is at the minimum, to thoroughly cleanse and limewash every part of the Workhouse requiring it, and to do all that may still be necessary for the perfect ventilation of the buildings. Whatever other measures in the nature of sanitary precaution may be recommended at any time by the Medical Officer, should be urged on the attention of the Guardians until they are carried out, unless sufficient reasons can be shown to exist for not adopting them.

The next object for attention is the provision of the necessary stocks of bedding and clothing, and nothing can be of greater importance in a sanitary point of view than the exercise of early precaution in this respect. If the Guardians permit themselves to be surprised by a large accession of numbers, without an adequate supply of clothing at their disposal, the newly-admitted inmates, or a portion of them, will have to wear for a time the clothing in which they were admitted, to the detriment of their own health, and at the risk of introducing disease into the house. Another reason for early attention to this point is, that the purchase of materials in due time, may enable the manufacture of the necessary supplies to be accomplished by the manual labour of the inmates themselves, at a considerable saving of expense to the Rate-payers.

Many of the contracts for supply of food are renewable at this period of the year. In reference to these and the contracts for other Workhouse supplies, the Commissioners request that you will use the utmost vigilance in detecting and exposing any infringement of the provisions of the 93rd section of the Irish Poor Relief Act, by any of the Guardians or any Officer of the Union supplying goods, either directly or indirectly, for their own profit. There is much unwillingness on the part of individuals, even when complaining of such abuses, to prosecute for the penalties imposed by the above section ; and the Commissioners are desirous of receiving the details of every case of this character which may occur, not merely for the purpose of local interference for the prevention of such abuses, but that they may take advantage of any fitting case to make a public example of offenders by prosecuting for the penalties.

In the supervision of the Workhouses and Auxiliary Workhouses, your attention will be constantly directed to the state of order and cleanliness in the yards, offices, and other premises appurtenant to the Workhouse ; the effectual cleansing of the sewers at proper and convenient seasons ; the cleanliness and constant ventilation of the dormitories, day-rooms, work-rooms, and other portions of the building occupied by the inmates ; the means taken for the proper reception and safe custody of all stores of provisions, bedding, clothing, and other necessaries ; the dress, discipline, classification, and industrial employment of the healthy inmates ; the proper and sufficient medical and other attendance on sick, aged, or otherwise helpless persons, especially the infants and children of tender years ; the

due observance of the dietary, and the proper distribution of food to all classes; the education and industrial training of the boys and girls; and, finally, the conduct of the several Officers in the discharge of their respective duties.

The chief components in the dietaries now in use are cereal food, with other vegetable produce, and milk. These elements being few and simple, and each used in considerable quantity, it is manifest that any defect in their quality must materially detract from the sufficiency of the dietary in respect of nutriment. You will therefore apply the most scrupulous attention to the quality of all articles of food supplied by the contractors, especially in reference to the provisions of section 92 of the Irish Poor Relief Act, which authorize the Commissioners to "direct the Guardians of any Union to take or institue any proceedings, civil or criminal, against any contractor who shall have violated the terms of any such contract, or who shall have been guilty of any fraud in relation thereto." In any case involving fraud, such as adulteration of the article supplied, or defect in weight, the Commissioners hope to receive from you the fullest possible detail of the facts, as they are prepared, in the event of the Guardians declining to take criminal proceedings, themselves to prosecute the parties offending.

The local executive powers provided for the administration of the Poor Law are vested in the Board of Guardians of each Union; and on the proper exercise of those powers the permanent well-working of the law will, for the most part, depend. You will, therefore, endeavour on all suitable occasions to procure an efficient supervision of the Workhouses, and of the conduct of the Paid Officers in charge of them, by the Board of Guardians themselves; and while affording every assistance you can to promote the salutary exercise of those powers, it is desirable that the Guardians should nevertheless feel the entire weight of that responsibility which really attaches to their proceedings, and how much the welfare of the poor, as well as the interests of the Rate-payers, are dependent on their exertions.

The duties assigned to the Visiting Committee by the 59th Article of the Workhouse Regulations, embrace all the matters above enumerated, and are so defined that their punctual and efficient discharge must insure even the largest establishment against the continuance of any serious abuse; while on the other hand those duties cannot be neglected without betraying the Board of Guardians into a dangerous dependence on the fidelity and vigilance of their Paid Officers, or on the services of the Inspectors, whose supervision cannot be effectual without the co-operation of those in whom are vested the legal powers of local management and control.

The Commissioners desire to add, in conclusion, a few words on the relation in which you stand towards themselves as an Inspector under the Poor Law Acts. The powers vested in you by the 19th and 20th sections of the 10th and 11th Vic., c. 90, are intended to secure a proper administration of the Poor Laws by the local authorities, by enabling you to supply the Commissioners with all requisite information for their interference when necessary, and for the exercise on every fitting occasion of the powers confided to them.

It is not only when under special instructions of the Commis-

sioners to make inquiry, that you are responsible for the active exercise of those powers, for the purpose of detecting abuse, and of reporting to the Commissioners the misconduct of any parties implicated therein. The prompt and voluntary exercise of those powers will often be more availing for the detection of abuse, than where a formal complaint made by some person to the Commissioners has led them to instruct you to institute an inquiry. They wish you also to understand, that when conducting an inquiry under their directions, you are not bound to confine yourself to the subject-matter of the inquiry so directed; but if new matter of complaint should arise, you are fully at liberty to pursue inquiry into it, at such times and in such manner as you shall find convenient, without waiting for special instruction to do so.

Independently of such special reports as you may have occasion to make to the Commissioners from time to time, they are desirous of receiving from you a report once in each month as to the state of every building used as a Workhouse or Auxiliary Workhouse in your district, and on the general condition of the inmates maintained therein.

I have, &c.,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To each Temporary Poor Law Inspector.

No. 5.—Mode of conducting Inquiries into Charges preferred against Union Officers:—Instructional Letter to Inspectors thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
7th January, 1853.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, have had their attention called from time to time to difficulties felt by Inspectors in the conduct of inquiries, more especially of inquiries instituted into the truth of charges preferred against the Paid Officers of Unions.

The Commissioners are desirous of leaving a large discretion with their Inspectors as to the mode of conducting such inquiries, but there are some points on which, having already been called on to express their opinion to individual Inspectors, they think it right to make the same views known to the Inspectors generally.

The 19th section of the Statute 10 & 11 Vict. c. 90, defines the limits to which an Inspector's power of inquiring upon oath, or by way of declaration instead of oath, extends, authorizing as it does the exercise of those powers only in relation to some "matter connected with the execution of the laws in force for the relief of the poor in Ireland," and these powers of inquiry, it may be well to observe, are given exclusively to Poor Law Inspectors, and cannot be exercised by Justices of the Peace, or Guardians of Unions.

Under these words a question has sometimes arisen, how far the

private conduct of officers, or candidates for office, may be made the subject of inquiry by an Inspector, in order to show whether they are fit to continue in office, or to be appointed to office, as the case may be. On such occasions it has been considered that acts of misconduct evidencing unfitness for office, can always be made the subject of inquiry, when they are supposed to have occurred in any relation whatever to the discharge of the official duties of the person complained of.

Thus an alleged act of drunkenness on the part of the Master of a Workhouse, although not occurring in the Workhouse, or on the part of a Relieving Officer, although not on duty at the time, would be thought a proper subject for investigation, because in both these cases the officer becomes physically unfit to discharge important duty which may devolve on him at any moment. It is not however possible to say, as a general rule, that alleged acts of impropriety, immorality, or violence, in the private dealings and intercourse of an officer or candidate for office can be officially inquired into by a Poor Law Inspector, if such acts are supposed to have no relation to the discharge of public duty. At the same time the result of any inquiry which may have been made in Courts of Justice or by other competent authority into acts of private misconduct may properly influence opinion as to the fitness of an officer or candidate for office, and such result should therefore, whenever a question arises thereon, be duly ascertained and reported.

Every act evidencing unfitness for office, which is in any way connected with the discharge of official duty under the Poor Law Acts is beyond doubt a proper subject for inquiry by a Poor Law Inspector. And here it is important to observe, that the probability of inquiry being made into the same acts by other authorized parties will not justify an Inspector in failing to exercise his power of inquiry into those acts, so far as circumstances will permit him to do so.

It has sometimes been supposed that where a Paid Officer has been charged with an act of official misconduct, amounting to misdemeanour or felony, that an Inspector ought to forbear inquiry, lest his proceedings may prejudice the officer on his trial before a jury.

The Commissioners are not prepared, however, when a question has arisen, whether a Paid Officer is to continue in his office, or be removed from it, to permit the powers of inquiry given to them and to their Inspectors to remain in abeyance, and to leave this issue to the decision of some other tribunal. The responsibility of deciding the question of the officer's continuance in office has been expressly confided to the Commissioners, together with ample power to discharge themselves of it effectually, and the Commissioners are not disposed to decline that responsibility in any case. So long therefore as an officer accused of official misconduct of a criminal character is at large, the Commissioners expect their Inspectors to lose no opportunity of ascertaining the truth of the charge, and of exercising his powers of inquiry for that purpose to their fullest extent.

When the officer is actually in the hands of Justice, and thus unable to come forward to defend himself from the charge, or to

explain his conduct, it may sometimes become necessary for the Commissioners to postpone the inquiry, and to suspend him from his office until he is again at liberty; and the direction of the Commissioners will of course be always applied for, if needed, by the Inspector under special circumstances of this nature.

The time and place for holding an inquiry, and the notice thereof to parties concerned; the summoning of witnesses; the permission to employ advocates or legal advisers; the admission or exclusion of the public press; the admission or exclusion of other parties; the mode of examining the witnesses; these are all matters on which the Inspector will exercise the fullest latitude of discretion, according to the occasion, and according to the circumstances attending the inquiry. As a general rule, the party complaining, (if any one stands in that position,) the party accused, such members of the Board of Guardians of the Union to which the transaction relates, as may wish to attend, will be present, and likewise any other person whom the Inspector may think proper to admit. The Inspector on all such occasions will bear in mind that his main duty is to procure information on which the Commissioners may safely act in the execution of their powers, and he will therefore not permit any impediments to interfere with the making of a full and complete inquiry, nor sacrifice that object to any desire of satisfying the public mind or gratifying private curiosity. He will also remember that he has none of those powers by which Courts of Justice are enabled to control the behaviour of bystanders, and which are often found necessary to the orderly conduct of proceedings to which the public are admitted without reserve.

In the examination of witnesses the Inspector will not allow himself to be restricted by any formal rules, or feel bound to adopt any particular course or line of procedure, except such as may appear to him best calculated to elicit information, and which may be at the same time in accordance with the principles of natural justice, and the dictates of common sense; *the main rule of conduct in this regard being to shut out no information which may assist the Commissioners in arriving at a right conclusion on the circumstances of the case.*

There are two points, however, on which the Commissioners desire to introduce uniformity of practice. These are, in the first place, to take down as correctly as possible the exact words of each witness in the first person; and secondly, to read over his deposition to each witness before he is permitted to sign it.

In cases of doubt, difficulty, or importance, the Inspector will carefully abstain from announcing, in the course of an inquiry into facts, his opinion whether they are, or are not, established by the evidence. Even in his confidential report to the Commissioners he should be very guarded in expressing a decisive opinion as to the result of the inquiry, giving nevertheless in his report a careful summary of the evidence, making such comments as occur to him on the demeanour and credibility of the several witnesses, and supplying the Commissioners, as far as possible, with all the materials for the formation of a right judgment, which his personal conduct of the inquiry may enable him to furnish.

The reasons for maintaining such a reserve are sufficiently obvious.

If, as not rarely happens, the Commissioners take a different view of the effect of the evidence from that taken by the Inspector who conducted the inquiry, a manifest inconvenience arises from the public record of the Inspector's opinion. Again, if the Commissioners, on the communication of further facts, or from the imperfect state of the inquiry, so far as it has proceeded, or from any other cause, see fit to direct further inquiry into the case, it cannot but be felt that an Inspector who has already committed himself to a foregone conclusion on the subject, has, to a certain extent, incapacitated himself for the conduct of such further inquiry.

Similar reasons exist for an Inspector's abstaining, in a report on any matter of peculiar importance, from expressing a strong and decisive opinion as to the course which he may think the Commissioners ought to pursue. In possessing the Commissioners, as far as lies in his power, with the materials on which their judgment is to be formed, an Inspector will be considered to have discharged his duty; and when recommending for adoption any particular course of action, he will always bear in mind that general views and material considerations may occur to the Commissioners which are not known to him, and by which the Commissioners may find it necessary to be guided in their decision on the particular case under question.

The above remarks will be considered as pointing out a line of official practice which it may be generally expedient to follow, but which may not be applicable in exceptional cases; for example, when the fitness of a Paid Officer or candidate is in question, not in reference to any particular facts or transactions, but in reference to his general qualifications, it is right that the Inspector should express unreservedly his opinion to the Commissioners as derived from his own personal observation of the general conduct of the officer, or the merits of the candidate, as the case may be.—Although it is always felt to be difficult to remove an officer without clear proof of some overt act of incompetence or contumacy, there are occasions on which the Commissioners would promptly act on the Inspector's mere opinion of the habitual conduct and general unfitness of a Paid Officer; and also where individual acts are in question, the Inspector's opinion of the general character and fitness of the officer is of the utmost value.

It is extremely desirable, however, that an Inspector should not, under any circumstances, undertake to negotiate, on his own authority, the resignation of any Union Officer, and especially that he should not endeavour to procure a resignation from any officer by threatening to exercise his powers of inquiry, and to found thereon a report to the Commissioners. The Inspector's assumption in this manner of an authority which resides in the Commissioners, is at all times liable to be followed by inconvenience; and as in nearly all the instances of this nature which have occurred, it has been found necessary to institute subsequent inquiries in relation to the case, it is needless to point out with what disadvantages an Inspector who has already committed himself to a condemnation of the officer's conduct, must enter on a subsequent inquiry into the sufficiency of the grounds which may have existed for his opinion. Besides this,

it is clearly due to every public officer who may be removed from office, or who may be called on to resign it, that the grounds on which that step is taken, should be openly ascertained and recorded, in order that the means may exist for testing the justice and reasonableness of such a proceeding on the part of the superior authority: while on the other hand the existence of a clear record of those grounds is a most effective and valuable protection to the public service, in the event of public officers, who have been removed or compelled to resign, again offering themselves for public employment.

The Commissioners wish their Inspectors to understand, that in enunciating these general principles for the conduct of inquiries under the Poor Law Acts, the Commissioners are not attempting to give directions applicable to every variety of combination of circumstances which may occur in practice; and they trust that in any case in which an Inspector may think that those principles cannot be applied without inconvenience, he will freely declare his opinion to that effect, and seek from the Commissioners further directions for his guidance under the circumstances of that particular case.

By Order of the Commissioners,
W. Stanley, Secretary.

To each Poor Law Inspector.

No. 6.—Agricultural Training of Workhouse Boys:—Circular to Inspectors thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
20th January, 1853.

Sir,

I am directed by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, to forward for your information a copy of the last Report of the Commissioners of National Education, by which you will observe that the Commissioners of Education are desirous that the number of Workhouse Agricultural Schools in connexion with that Board, now amounting to 16, should be increased.

There are many Unions not included in that number, in which the boys are at present trained in agricultural work, but without assistance from the Commissioners of National Education; and in any case in which the Guardians may desire to receive that assistance, it will be necessary for them to enter on their minutes a resolution to that effect; stating further, that a class of boys is, or will be, taught by the Schoolmaster (or Agriculturist) the theory and practice of agriculture. On the receipt of this resolution there is reason to believe that the Commissioners of Education will provide a free stock of Agricultural Class Books.

The Commissioners of Education will further direct their Agricultural Inspector to visit the school, and should his report be favourable, both as to the state of that portion of the farm cultivated by the boys, as well as to the attention given by the Schoolmaster or Agriculturist to teaching the elementary knowledge of agricul-

ture, a gratuity, which may be an annual one, will be given to the Teacher by the Education Board, not exceeding £15. Agricultural Schools have, in many Unions, been in successful operation, which are not in connexion with the National Board; but the grant of books, and a premium to the Teacher, will, the Commissioners trust, be found an additional encouragement to the full working of the system, whilst no doubt the practical information of the Agricultural Inspector, as to the best method of farming, will also be valuable.

The Commissioners believe that there are few Workhouses which have not a sufficient quantity of land attached to them to enable the Guardians to set apart a portion for the purpose of training an agricultural class. The crops to be raised would most probably be those requiring the greatest amount of care and spade labour; and should the cultivation of the land by the boys go no further than to raise the various kinds of vegetables required for the use of the inmates, a better system of cultivation of the more useful green crops might probably be introduced into the district.

The agricultural instruction (in Unions where there is no skilled Agriculturist), both in the school-rooms and field, will devolve on the Schoolmaster, who should devote a portion of his time to these objects, without sacrificing the three hours in school prescribed by article 23 of the Workhouse regulations. A difficulty may be raised in carrying out this system, from alleged want of leisure, on the part of the Schoolmaster; but in ordinary instances it has been found sufficient to devote one hour before breakfast, and three before dinner, to literary instruction, and to devote from two to five to the farm.

It has been observed, that where the school-hours have been limited, and the children employed in the open air, they have assumed a stronger and healthier appearance, whilst they have not fallen back in other branches of knowledge. The Commissioners believe it to be of the utmost importance that children who have to live by their labour should be trained to labour early; a boy who has not handled a spade at the age of fourteen, will rarely turn out an active labourer, and that it is, therefore, most desirable that the boys generally should be accustomed to work at the earliest practicable age.

It has been observed, that the success of all benevolent institutions for the education of the children of the poor, at home and on the continent, has, in no small degree, turned on the amount of industrial teaching provided for the children, and that those institutions have been less useful where the chief efforts have been directed to literary attainments. The Guardians should, of course, provide the necessary agricultural implements, suited to the age and strength of the children.

The Commissioners have, therefore, to request that you will take an opportunity of conveying these views to the Boards of Guardians of any Union of your district, in which proper arrangements for agricultural instruction of the boys are not in operation, or in which you may consider the existing arrangements may be improved by adopting the above suggestions.

It has been represented to the Commissioners, that the minimum amount of nutriment required to be given to class 4, by the Dietary Regulations (article 13 in Workhouse rules), is scarcely sufficient for boys between the ages of 12 and 15, when engaged several hours of the day in active and laborious employment; and the Commissioners have been requested, in some cases, to constitute these boys into a separate class, intermediate to classes 3 and 4, with an additional allowance of food.

On full consideration hereof, the Commissioners have determined not to alter the existing regulations, relating to the dietaries, but they desire to point out that they are prepared, under paragraph No. 10 of those regulations, to entertain any proposal which may be made to them by the Board of Guardians, under the advice of the Medical Officer, to give a somewhat larger allowance of food to boys between the ages of 12 and 15, engaged in agricultural or other industrial training, than to the other children included in class 4.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To each Poor Law Inspector.

No. 7.—Hiring of Young Persons from Workhouses:—Circular to Boards of Guardians thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
11th January, 1853.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, have observed on the minutes of the proceedings of the Guardians of Unions, which have been recently laid before them, minutes having reference to a circular letter of the Parent Board of Irish Manufacture and Industry, communicating the desire of Messrs. M'Reynolds and Morgan, of Belfast, to be supplied with from 300 to 500 boys to be apprenticed to them as weavers, and proposing that the boys who may be sent from any Union to Belfast for this purpose should be maintained there by the Guardians during the month of trial, and that the Guardians should defray the expense of conveyance of these boys to the place of destination, and also the expense of conducting back such of the boys as may, on trial, be found incompetent.

The Commissioners desire me under these circumstances, to point out that the proposal to send boys to Belfast at the Union expense, and to provide one month's maintenance for them while employed on trial at Belfast, and to convey back again such of them as are found incompetent, cannot be accepted and carried out by a Board of Guardians without an infringement of the 52nd section of the Irish Poor Relief Act, which enacts that no money raised under the authority of that Act, shall be expended for any purpose not expressly provided for therein; and I am further to state that any expense incurred for the purposes above mentioned and charged in the Union Accounts will be liable to disallowance by the Auditor.

I am at the same time to observe in reference to this proposal, that no security is offered for providing that domestic protection of the boys proposed to be bound as apprentices, which is usually provided in individual cases of apprenticeship, and which would be so necessary to young persons of either sex in a large town like Belfast; and this omission forms, in the opinion of the Commissioners, a serious objection to the Guardians availing themselves of the proposal, if the terms should be in other respects modified hereafter.

The Commissioners take this opportunity of placing before the Board of Guardians their views on hiring out or apprenticing boys or girls who are inmates of the Workhouse.

In the first place it is to be borne in mind that the Guardians have no legal authority to make any contract or engagement of this nature, either by themselves or by any of their officers, except under the provisions of the Merchant Seamen's Act, whereby they are expressly empowered to bind out pauper boys as apprentices to sea service, subject to certain conditions set forth in that Act.

No other description of instrument, whether for the hiring or apprenticing of Workhouse children, ought to be executed either by the Guardians or any of their officers as parties to the same: inasmuch as their execution of the instrument, whatever it may be, can give no additional validity to its contents, and can only create misconception as to the real nature of the document.

It frequently happens that persons are desirous to hire as servants, or to take as apprentices, boys and girls who are inmates of Workhouses, and such engagements, whether made before or after discharge from the Workhouse, must be entered into by the children as free agents, or by their parents for them, as the case may be; the Guardians of the Union not being legally competent to act *in loco parentis* to orphan children, even while resident in the Workhouse.

It follows clearly from this, that after the discharge of the children from the Workhouse, the Guardians of the Union and their Officers have no legal authority to interfere with the contracting parties, whether they be master and servant, or master and apprentice, but that the relations and obligations of those parties towards each other, must be regulated and enforced by the ordinary jurisdiction in such cases.

The responsibility of the Guardians, therefore, in reference to these arrangements is altogether limited to the time which is antecedent to the discharge of the children from the Workhouse; and this consideration leads the Commissioners to urge on their attention the paramount importance of due precaution being used when applications are made to them for children either as servants or apprentices. Instances have been brought under the notice of the Commissioners in which the grossest ill-usage appears to have been practised towards Workhouse children by parties who had been permitted by the Guardians to hire them from the Workhouse; and in which the children have returned to the Workhouse from such service in a lamentable state of emaciation, disease, and filth. It is in the power of the Guardians, so long as the children remain under their care, to decline the application of persons who may not be known to them

to be reputable parties, and likely to afford to young children taken into their service due support, moral guidance, and domestic protection.

1. The first point, therefore, requiring the attention of the Guardians is the character and social position of the person applying, and on this head the Guardians will not fail to satisfy themselves of such person's eligibility before they permit him to take a child from the Workhouse.

2. The child should be of sufficient age and bodily strength to enter on service, and if an orphan, should be of competent understanding to act as a free agent either in hiring himself as a servant, or binding himself as an apprentice.

3. The Guardians should take care that the terms of the engagement, whatever they may be, are made mutually binding on the parties, and in a manner which may be capable of proof if occasion should arise, so as to provide, as far as possible, against an unnecessary or improper termination of the service, and the consequent return of the child to the Workhouse.

By Order of the Commissioners,
W. Stanley, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 8.—Hiring of Young Persons from Workhouses:—Circular to Inspectors thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
11th February, 1853.

Sir,

The attention of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, having been drawn to a statement entered on minutes of proceedings of a Board of Guardians, by which it appeared that a practice prevailed of hiring out young persons for a limited time, with the understanding that the persons so hired were to return to the Workhouse at the expiration of their period of service, the Commissioners requested the Inspector in charge of the Union to furnish them with a full report of the way in which the system was carried on.

The Commissioners enclose, for your information, an extract from the report which the Commissioners received in reply, in which the Inspector details the course adopted in the Union referred to, and expresses his approval of the arrangements.

The Commissioners have since stated their inability to concur with the Inspector in thinking the system described in this report satisfactory; and as they think it possible that arrangements of a similar nature may have been made, or may be attempted, in other Unions, they take the opportunity of making known to the Inspectors generally the views which they have expressed in reply to the report.

The objection on which the Commissioners have chiefly dwelt applies to the system of hiring out for limited, and frequently very short, periods of service, after the expiration of which, it appears

to be part of the arrangement, that the persons so hired should return to the Workhouse. The facility thus created of procuring labour at convenient seasons, and letting the servant return at intervals to the Workhouse, to be maintained until again wanted, may appear to be beneficial to the employers of labour; but if it be so, it is a benefit enjoyed by them at the expense of a public fund. To the labouring classes, not being inmates of Workhouses, the system is obviously fraught with evil and injustice; for if employers of labour resort to the Workhouses to procure it, it is more than probable that they do so, because they can obtain it there at least cost, and because they can there make engagements of the most convenient nature to themselves, as regards the duration of the service: two circumstances which tend most materially to the derangement of the labour market, and to the injury of those who have their own labour to dispose of, as their only means of subsistence.

With regard to the inmates of Workhouses themselves, it is certainly to be desired that they should leave the Workhouse when the opportunity of maintaining themselves and dependents by their own labour, is presented; but it is still more desirable, that when once discharged with that intention, they should remain permanently in employment, and depend on their own means and resources. The Commissioners are, therefore, of opinion that the authorities engaged in the administration of the Poor Law, ought not, in any case, to give countenance to any arrangement in which it is clearly and specifically contemplated, that *a person discharged from the Workhouse should return to it, after a certain period of service.*

The Commissioners consider that the principle above stated applies to the children under fifteen, as well as to adult inmates of the Workhouse; and that it is better that boys and girls should remain to partake of the education and training provided in the Workhouse to the age at which it may be practicable for them to obtain engagements likely to be permanent, than to leave the Workhouse at a very tender age for service and return to it at intervals, when their services may be of less value to their employers.

In conclusion, the Commissioners desire me to refer to the terms of the latter paragraphs of their Circular of the 11th ultimo,* on the subject of hiring and apprenticing children from the Workhouse, in which their views are fully set forth; and to request you will omit no available opportunity of urging those views, and those contained in the present Circular, on Boards of Guardians, for adoption, in your district.

I have &c.,
W. Stanley, Secretary.

To each Poor Law Inspector.

Extract—with No. 108—M/53.

The maximum wages given those hired out for the half-year—

	s.	d.
For boys from 11 to 13 years old, - -	8	0
„ 13 to 15 „ - - -	13	0
„ 15 to 17 „ - - -	15	0

* Page 79.

				s.	d.
And the minimum wages—					
For those from 11 to 13	„	-	-	5	0
„ 13 to 15	„	-	-	6	0
„ 15 to 17	„	-	-	8	0
The maximum wages given to the girls—					
For the 1st class of the above age,		-	-	7	0
„ 2nd „	„	-	-	8	6
„ 3rd „	„	-	-	12	0
And the minimum wages—					
For the 1st class,	„	-	-	5	0
„ 2nd „	„	-	-	5	6
„ 3rd „	„	-	-	8	0

The Register kept by the Workhouse Master shows the date of going to service, the name, age, sex, description of service, period agreed on, amount of wages, name of employer, and residence of same; remarks, as "ran away from service," "turned off," or the like.

The period is, in some instances one year; mostly half a-year, from May to November; in others, three months; in a few, one month.

The Relieving Officer visits each at least quarterly, and enters in a book such remarks as he deems necessary, as "left service," "returned sick," "doing well," &c.

The Guardians' views appear to be to make the boys and girls as useful as circumstances admit, as farm servants, and as servants for respectable mechanics and trades people, and they are hired out to persons who come to the Workhouse to look for them. None under 11 are hired out from this house, it being considered more desirable that up to that age they should have school instructions, and that under it, they are not able to undergo labour. No orphan under 15 is permitted to be hired out until the Master has reported the age and religion of the pauper, and the wages offered, with the name, residence, religion, and calling, of the proposed employer; and they are only hired to persons of their own religious persuasion.

There is no rule as to the period of service, nor with respect to the wages to be had; each case is dealt with according to circumstances; much is left to the discretion of the Master and Matron, with an express injunction that they will not permit them, if possible, to be hired by persons of doubtful character, or to be taken advantage of in their wages.

The majority are out in summer and harvest, herding or watching cattle, and performing other light work. Those under 13 or 14 mostly return to the Workhouse on the approach of winter, generally in November, as they are unable to perform winter farming work, but they are again taken out in spring. Those over 16, if tolerably stout, seldom return to the Workhouse in winter, as at that age they have gained such character that they are able to get permanent employment.

I could perceive that the Guardians object to the children being hired at too small wages, and that they use no coercion in getting them hired. It appears to me that much benefit arises from the arrangements adopted by them—that the children are physically and morally improved, and that the Union expense is lessened.

In most of the Unions of my district children are hired out, but in none are the arrangements so judicious as in this Union. In some I have thought that the children were too young and too feeble; and in some instances, I have observed that they were coerced to hire, and at very small wages, as they would otherwise be discharged. Occasionally I have had to ask if the child was not too young, or not strong enough, &c., and to suggest that no coercion should be used; but when the pauper is healthy and stout, I never interfere. It occurs to me, that were each Union to adopt the arrangements of this Union, it would be very beneficial.

I annex a return of adults and children hired out of the Workhouse of another Union in the spring of last year. Similar returns can be had from my other houses, should the Commissioners desire them, but in some the data are defective.

No. VI.—Report on Building Operations and Erection of Workhouses in New Unions, by George Wilkinson, Esq., Architect to the Commissioners.

Architect's Department,
Poor Law Commission Office,
2nd May, 1853.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to submit the following statement of the building operations carried on through your Architect's Department in the several Unions in Ireland, since 1st of May, 1852, the date of a Report contained in the Appendix to the published Annual Report of your Board for 1852.

Particulars of the progress made in providing Workhouses for the 30 new Unions, formed in pursuance of the Poor Law Boundary Commissioners' recommendation, are given up to the 1st of May last year, the date of the Report above stated. At the present time 19 of the Workhouses of the 30 Unions have been finished and occupied, viz.:—Claremorris, Clonakilty, Corrofin, Croom, Dromore West, Glennamaddy, Glin, Killala, Kilmacthomas, Millstreet, Mountbellew, Newport, Oughterard, Portumna, Skull, Strokestown, Thomastown, Tulla, Urlingford.

In 13 out of these 19 Unions last mentioned, the contracts with the respective Contractors have been closed; and their accounts have been adjusted, and, I believe, paid. In the other 6, the building accounts are either not yet made out or examined into.

Of the remaining 11, out of the 30 new Unions, the buildings are now all in progress, and the great majority of them may be expected to be brought to a finish within the present year.

The buildings at Ballyvaghan and the separate building for the children in the Youghal Union, are but recently commenced—the former owing to a succession of obstacles which have created delay, and the latter, viz.:—Youghal Union—owing to the delay in possessing the site.

With the exception of 5 of the 30 new Unions, the particulars of the fixtures have been all prepared, and their execution agreed for. The custom has been to employ the Workhouse Contractor to execute the fixtures on an approved estimate being obtained; this has been the case in all the Unions but 4, out of the 25 Unions in which their execution has been arranged for. In one instance, the Contractor refused to reduce an estimate considered much too high for me to recommend to your Board; in another, the undertaking was declined; and in two others, the Architect Department were acting in the capacity of builders by carrying on the works by weekly payments.

It is always desirable to have the Building Contractor employed in the execution of the fixtures, paying him at their fair value; and these being works that are not finally determined on till the building is about three-fourths of it executed, the particulars are then prepared; and where the Guardians have been desirous of using steam for cooking, washing, or other purposes, instead of ordinary boilers, the particulars have been prepared accordingly, and contracts obtained for steam apparatus from competent parties.

With regard to the execution of the buildings now in progress, I have little to remark upon, except that at Donaghmore, it has been found necessary, owing to their slow progress, to take up the works, and execute them, under the direction of the Office, by weekly payments and the purchase of materials, in the capacity of a Contractor; and that in the Unions of Mitchelstown and Killadysert, the Contractor has not made the exertions for finishing the buildings which it is considered he ought to have done; and notices have been served upon him, in pursuance of which, under the provisions of the Building Contract, the Clerk of Works has instructions for employing workmen on what is improperly delayed or neglected by the Contractor.

With regard to operations other than those connected with the 30 new Unions, formed by the Poor Law Boundary Commissioners, they have been varied—drawings or specifications for nearly 200 works having passed through the Office, some of them of minor importance, and embracing works for drying-closets, privies, laundries, wash-houses, hot-plates, ovens, stables, additional wards, Fever Hospitals, rooms for Officers, &c. Plans for the new Poorhouse for the Fermoy Union, occasioned by the transfer to the Government of the barrack buildings, at present the Union Workhouse, have also been prepared to meet the Guardians' views, and in accordance with the general plan of the buildings now erecting at Youghal; and working drawings and specifications are now being made for obtaining a contract, for which advertisements have been issued.

The large new Poorhouse for the Clonmel Union, which is erecting to supply the place of the present too limited building—which was formerly the House of Industry—is advancing satisfactorily; and the Guardians are now occupied in the consideration of the details for the fixtures.

In conclusion, I would beg to urge the importance of attending to the repairs of the main buildings of the houses generally. Many of them receive good attention, and are well kept in order by annual

contracts, but others are greatly neglected; and parts are in a state of decay, from want of attention, and particularly from the want of proper protection by paint; the gangways of the floors are in some houses likely to become rotten very soon, from the practice of frequently flooding with water instead of dry rubbing, and a moderate use of water. The urine tubs, too, at the ends of the floors in some of the dormitories are often found to be used in a way that will require a speedy renewal of that part of the flooring where they are placed.

I have, &c.,

Geo. Wilkinson.

The Poor Law Commissioners, &c., &c.

APPENDIX B.—TABLES.

No. I.—A Return (in pursuance of the 29th Section of the Act 10 Vic., c. 31) of the Expenditure on the Relief of the Poor in each Union in Ireland, for the Year ended 29th September, 1852; and of the Total Numbers Relieved In and Out of the Workhouse in each Union during the same period.

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Abbeyleix,	2,681	7	3¼	76	6	4½	872	19	11	726	3	6	4,356	17	0¾	1,842	763
Antrim,	1,304	18	9	–			612	6	4	345	16	0	2,263	1	1	675	–
Ardee,	1,824	15	7	–			675	19	9	687	19	8	3,188	15	0	1,991	–
Armagh,	1,028	7	8	–			665	13	7	392	15	2	2,086	16	5	802	–
Athlone,	4,060	15	3¾	–			1,027	9	11	1,317	13	7¾	6,405	18	10½	2,893	–
Athy,	2,735	1	5½	29	12	3	893	0	4	1,378	19	7	5,036	13	7½	2,028	152
Bailieborough,	1,720	5	7	–			660	6	7	750	13	10	3,131	6	0	1,509	–
Ballina,	2,981	0	6	13	11	11½	916	9	10	1,789	1	11½	5,700	4	3	1,974	10
Ballinasloe,	2,568	17	2¾	3	16	0	861	15	6¼	1,062	11	10¾	4,496	14	7¾	1,820	72
Ballinrobe,	3,628	18	0½	4	14	5	1,032	10	5¾	900	10	10¾	5,566	13	10	3,543	60
Ballycastle,	655	13	5	–			410	18	3	208	3	6	1,274	15	2	535	–
Ballymahon,	2,168	3	6¼	2	8	6	632	10	5¼	790	8	6½	3,593	11	0	1,424	13
Ballymena,	842	4	3	–			713	2	2	665	7	0	2,220	13	5	851	–
Ballymoney,	786	7	11	2	12	2	517	11	0	390	15	5	1,697	6	6	513	2
Ballyshannon,	961	12	3	–			393	0	1	206	18	1	1,561	10	5	1,022	–
Ballyvaghan,	1,958	8	10	7	0	10	529	8	8½	1,407	4	10	3,902	3	2½	1,741	120
Balrothery.	2,058	1	7	–			616	16	8	762	19	1	3,437	17	4	1,349	–
Baltinglass,	2,676	16	1½	9	19	3¾	966	14	8¾	1,860	19	2¼	5,514	9	4¼	1,753	10
Banbridge,	1,003	5	8	1	1	11	543	15	9¾	325	6	9¾	1,873	10	2½	772	1
Bandon,	2,169	9	4¾	–			795	3	8¼	628	14	3¾	3,593	7	4¾	2,782	–

[continued.

No. I.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved in Year ended 29th September, 1852—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Bantry,	2,746	5	5¾	0	3	1½	821	2	4¾	933	7	7½	4,500	18	7½	3,582	21
Bawnboy,	730	9	1½	2	9	1	419	16	0	155	11	11	1,308	6	1½	468	8
Belfast,	7,720	13	1	–			1,974	6	6	3,136	19	7	12,831	19	2	8,451	–
Belmullet,	2,109	19	6	–			395	5	0	551	16	9	3,057	1	3	1,703	–
Borrisokane,	2,634	13	2¼	–			450	16	11	781	15	8¾	3,867	5	10	1,962	–
Boyle,	2,059	12	8	5	15	4	838	14	9	900	16	11	3,804	19	8	1,224	26
Caherciveen,	4,371	17	10¾	–			1,033	0	2¾	1,497	0	7	6,901	18	8½	4,190	–
Callan,	3,713	6	11½	253	17	10½	833	11	0	1,327	9	4½	6,128	5	2½	4,765	959
Carlow,	6,129	15	7	14	7	3	1,586	2	8½	4,323	19	0¾	12,054	4	7¼	6,105	186
Carrickmacross,	2,172	16	9	–			589	12	9	674	17	2½	3,437	6	8½	1,857	–
Carrick-on-Shannon,	1,517	16	6	–			807	11	7	814	10	5	3,139	18	6	1,303	–
Carrick-on-Suir,	3,066	16	0½	11	5	7¼	1,297	1	4½	2,363	11	7½	6,738	14	7¾	3,961	28
Cashel,	9,575	6	6	–			1,586	7	0½	3,391	10	10	14,553	4	4½	9,175	–
Castlebar,	2,492	15	3	–			792	8	0	1,084	8	8	4,369	11	11	2,255	–
Castleblayney,	1,812	9	7¼	–			749	11	10	725	9	5½	3,287	10	10¾	1,329	–
Castlecomer,	812	13	11	904	18	0	410	14	9	400	5	4	2,528	12	0	792	1,346
Castlederg,	329	16	10	–			341	14	2	50	6	10	721	17	10	316	–
Castlerea,	1,580	12	4¾	20	12	0	710	0	8¼	699	0	5½	3,010	5	6½	1,797	226
Castletown,	1,751	17	11	–			466	15	2¾	458	6	3	2,676	19	4¾	1,448	–
Castletowndelvin,	617	6	8¾	–			257	3	6½	280	14	7½	1,155	4	10¾	428	–
Cavan,	2,620	3	0	19	7	2	597	11	3	279	13	4	3,516	14	9	2,109	51
Celbridge,	1,609	2	1¼	4	4	7	480	0	2	1,012	10	9½	3,105	17	7¾	1,069	51
Claremorris,	2,575	2	4¼	21	19	4	827	8	9¾	774	17	6	4,199	8	0	1,868	88
Clifden,	3,532	5	2	3	1	7½	831	19	1	2,575	15	8	6,943	1	6½	2,906	58
Clogheen,	3,335	18	9¼	–			1,155	16	2½	1,403	4	0½	5,894	19	0¼	5,344	–
Clogher,	1,141	9	7	2	1	3	529	3	10	483	13	10½	2,156	8	6½	800	2
Clonakilty,	1,411	7	4¼	–			572	9	5½	700	19	10¾	2,684	16	8½	1,879	–

Clones,	1,256	4	$0\frac{1}{2}$	–			314	8	9	41	6	8	1,611	19	$5\frac{1}{2}$	943	–	–	–
Clonmel,	8,114	19	$1\frac{1}{4}$	–			1,460	16	$11\frac{1}{2}$	3,113	18	2	12,689	14	$2\frac{3}{4}$	7,118	–	–	–
Coleraine,	1,126	17	2	–			529	6	4	429	0	3	2,085	3	9	981	–	–	–
Cookstown,	723	10	0	1	17	6	446	2	10	173	7	6	1,344	17	10	512	2	–	–
Cootehill,	1,631	13	8	–			627	19	10	601	5	6	2,860	19	0	1,445	–	–	–
Cork,	12,737	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	–			2,252	3	3	6,936	8	$9\frac{1}{2}$	21,925	13	3	25,341	–	–	–
Corrofin,	2,134	18	$3\frac{1}{4}$	1	2	3	451	10	$7\frac{1}{4}$	1,500	1	3	4,087	12	$4\frac{1}{2}$	1,955	41	–	–
Croom,	2,881	8	$9\frac{1}{4}$	–			838	17	7	2,566	9	0	6,286	15	$4\frac{1}{2}$	2,625	–	–	–
Dingle,	6,587	11	1	–			1,523	6	$6\frac{3}{4}$	3,055	15	$5\frac{3}{4}$	11,166	13	$1\frac{1}{2}$	6,068	–	–	–
Donaghmore,	930	16	$9\frac{1}{4}$	5	9	$9\frac{1}{2}$	292	8	1	431	18	$4\frac{1}{2}$	1,660	13	$0\frac{1}{4}$	714	267	–	–
Donegal,	885	15	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	0	422	5	9	264	18	0	1,573	0	$8\frac{1}{2}$	742	1	–	–
Downpatrick,	2,400	16	0	29	13	8	643	4	9	543	7	2	3,617	1	7	1,519	82	–	–
Drogheda,	2,358	4	$9\frac{1}{2}$	69	6	$11\frac{1}{2}$	728	7	3	803	8	$6\frac{3}{4}$	3,959	7	$6\frac{3}{4}$	2,406	818	–	–
Dromore, West,	574	6	5	2	15	9	204	9	$11\frac{3}{4}$	778	5	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1,559	17	$3\frac{1}{4}$	511	9	–	–
Dublin, North,	10,486	3	$8\frac{1}{4}$	–			2,385	7	$3\frac{1}{2}$	3,239	4	$6\frac{3}{4}$	16,110	15	$6\frac{1}{2}$	7,602	–	–	–
Dublin, South,	14,314	16	$9\frac{1}{4}$	268	7	$4\frac{1}{2}$	2,522	4	7	4,708	11	5	21,814	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	9,185	391	–	–
Dundalk,	2,050	19	5	0	11	10	646	4	1	1,108	2	$3\frac{1}{2}$	3,805	17	$7\frac{1}{2}$	1,591	13	–	–
Dunfanaghy,	250	5	8	–			236	19	6	175	16	9	663	1	11	296	–	–	–
Dungannon,	612	4	2	0	7	0	503	15	0	700	10	6	1,816	16	8	617	7	–	–
Dungarvan,	3,503	5	$4\frac{3}{4}$	–			834	0	4	2,164	9	2	6,501	14	$10\frac{3}{4}$	3,987	–	–	–
Dunmanway,	902	8	$11\frac{1}{4}$	–			427	14	0	253	16	0	1,583	18	$11\frac{1}{4}$	1,752	–	–	–
Dunshaughlin,	1,962	19	$5\frac{3}{4}$	303	7	$11\frac{1}{4}$	758	7	$7\frac{1}{2}$	774	18	2	3,799	13	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1,466	695	–	–
Edenderry,	2,688	9	$2\frac{1}{2}$	33	8	$4\frac{1}{2}$	1,022	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$	735	6	$7\frac{3}{4}$	4,479	5	$7\frac{1}{2}$	2,396	218	–	–
Ennis,	7,346	10	$5\frac{3}{4}$	11	12	$0\frac{1}{2}$	1,278	1	$10\frac{1}{4}$	2,410	18	$2\frac{1}{4}$	11,047	2	$7\frac{1}{4}$	5,091	325	–	–
Enniscorthy,	4,769	16	$1\frac{1}{4}$	–			1,038	11	11	1,499	6	$6\frac{1}{2}$	7,307	14	$6\frac{3}{4}$	4,210	–	–	–
Enniskillen,	1,610	5	9	–			694	14	9	608	11	9	2,913	12	3	1,202	–	–	–
Ennistymon,	6,676	10	$11\frac{1}{2}$	–			1,704	6	11	5,090	15	$2\frac{1}{2}$	13,471	13	1	4,697	–	–	–
Fermoy,	3,099	15	$1\frac{3}{4}$	–			1,003	12	$0\frac{1}{2}$	1,517	18	$10\frac{1}{2}$	5,621	6	$0\frac{3}{4}$	5,211	–	–	–
Galway,	6,988	19	$11\frac{3}{4}$	6	3	11	675	2	11	757	12	$3\frac{1}{2}$	8,427	19	$1\frac{1}{4}$	5,830	–	–	–
Gleunamaddy,	1,019	10	$6\frac{3}{4}$	14	9	$8\frac{1}{2}$	378	9	$10\frac{1}{4}$	608	5	$1\frac{3}{4}$	2,020	15	$3\frac{1}{4}$	1,110	179	–	–
Glenties,	575	1	7	–			299	0	3	184	17	5	1,058	19	3	843	–	–	–
Glin,	3,452	3	$6\frac{1}{4}$	0	0	6	734	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$	980	16	$0\frac{1}{4}$	5,167	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$	3,278	1	–	–
Gorey,	3,411	10	$0\frac{3}{4}$	6	5	8	966	7	7	969	2	8	5,353	5	$11\frac{3}{4}$	2,603	13	–	–
Gort,	4,285	0	$2\frac{1}{4}$	–			909	19	$7\frac{3}{4}$	1,212	6	0	6,407	5	10	4,198	–	–	–

[*continued.*

No. I.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved in Year ended 29th September, 1852—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Gortin,	379	6	9	–			307	4	2	138	10	1½	825	1	0½	337	–
Granard,	3,809	8	7½	0	13	2	929	15	3¼	1,208	13	6½	5,948	10	7¼	3,081	20
Inishowen,	933	15	8	0	1	0	334	12	4	342	15	6	1,611	4	6	1,190	4
Kanturk,	5,339	15	8¾	–			1,003	17	10	1,780	8	1¾	8,124	1	8½	6,155	–
Kells,	2,728	18	4¼	1	0	8½	698	15	3	644	17	10	4,073	12	1¾	2,315	28
Kenmare,	5,319	11	1¼	5	1	8	1,086	7	2	1,900	7	8¾	8,311	7	8	4,808	56
Kilkeel,	352	9	5¾	0	2	0	326	11	8	76	2	11¾	755	6	1½	458	1
Kilkenny,	6,153	19	10¼	5	4	11	1,077	0	4½	1,677	0	10	8,913	5	11¾	5,873	69
Killadysert,	4,640	2	7½	109	3	10	850	3	6¼	2,369	12	0¼	7,969	2	0	3,280	390
Killala,	2,624	14	9½	–			542	18	11¾	879	12	5¼	4,047	6	2½	1,429	–
Killarney,	5,404	19	1½	–			1,116	8	7¾	2,424	6	7½	8,945	14	4¾	7,844	–
Kilmacthomas,	974	7	0¼	–			355	13	4	450	15	2	1,780	15	6¼	1,076	–
Kilmallock,	8,405	2	5½	25	7	8½	1,848	3	2	4,485	13	0½	14,764	6	4½	8,431	397
Kilrush,	9,737	4	7¼	6	7	3½	1,752	13	10	3,540	3	8	15,036	9	4¾	6,877	199
Kinsale,	2,009	8	1½	–			585	3	3	597	3	5	3,191	14	9½	3,505	–
Larne,	1,037	13	9	–			544	13	9	550	6	8	2,132	14	2	651	–
Letterkenny,	518	11	0	–			295	10	5½	199	9	6½	1,013	11	0	414	–
Limerick,	14,167	3	3	7	13	6½	2,023	11	0	4,108	19	2¼	20,307	6	11¾	14,646	291
Lisburn,	1,253	5	0¼	2	7	6	502	12	1¼	536	4	2¾	2,294	8	10¼	1,069	5
Lismore,	2,917	18	10	–			758	10	1¾	1,332	5	2	5,008	14	1¾	2,591	–
Lisnaskea,	915	10	3	–			440	3	0	404	18	11	1,760	12	2	751	–
Listowel,	6,231	14	8	–			1,218	16	5	3,488	8	5	10,938	19	6	7,119	–
Londonderry,	1,829	15	4	–			685	1	11	1,168	12	2	3,683	9	5	2,236	–
Longford,	3,659	9	1	12	1	2¾	508	9	9½	1,375	16	4¼	5,555	16	5½	3,091	69
Loughrea,	2,830	15	8¾	–			765	9	2	699	17	6¾	4,296	2	5½	2,760	–
Lowtherstown,	488	15	10	–			311	11	7	155	0	4	955	7	9	566	–
Lurgan,	1,447	16	2	–			579	19	9	1,500	14	7	3,528	10	6	1,620	–

Macroom,	3,028	9	7	–			500	13	9½	522	11	5½	4,051	14	10	4,033	–
Magherafelt,	723	13	11½	–			514	11	2½	244	15	11½	1,483	1	1½	480	–
Mallow,	3,122	0	0½	–			948	8	6½	1,452	2	4	5,522	10	11	6,089	–
Manorhamilton,	921	11	7½	–			467	5	4	399	13	5	1,788	10	4½	817	–
Midleton,	5,103	1	1¼	–			955	10	2	736	17	8½	6,795	8	11¾	6,621	–
Milford,	613	13	8	1	12	3	373	14	5	172	1	2	1,161	1	6	513	4
Millstreet,	3,838	19	4	–			511	0	9	1,832	5	2	6,182	5	3	5,695	–
Mitchelstown,	3,731	4	10¼	–			747	18	8¾	1,948	19	11¼	6,428	3	6¼	5,311	–
Mohill,	1,869	13	5¼	–			761	18	6½	373	12	3	3,005	4	2¾	1,140	–
Monaghan,	1,156	16	0	–			619	13	5	214	0	4	1,990	9	9	796	–
Mount Bellew,	1,773	10	9¾	13	15	10½	649	16	9	1,789	0	0½	4,226	3	5¾	1,126	140
Mountmelick,	3,446	0	6¾	8	17	11	1,087	15	2½	1,321	17	1¾	5,864	10	10	3,568	314
Mullingar,	4,612	9	2¼	–			1,135	17	5½	1,175	5	5¾	6,923	12	1½	2,879	–
Naas,	3,875	7	7	17	19	11	710	19	7¾	1,231	3	9¼	5,835	10	11	2,586	60
Navan,	3,222	17	8¼	46	4	1	699	12	5	1,328	7	10	5,297	2	0¼	2,528	159
Nenagh,	8,105	15	5	11	13	0½	1,471	6	6¼	3,173	5	3	12,762	0	2¾	6,684	249
Newcastle,	6,738	14	4	1,463	13	6	1,569	6	10¾	5,766	19	4¼	15,538	14	1	8,897	1,262
Newport,	2,299	9	2¼	11	17	10	562	17	0¾	1,054	12	3	3,928	16	4	1,523	27
New Ross,	6,620	16	3	303	18	5	1,205	11	2½	1,923	4	2½	10,053	10	1	6,034	670
Newry,	1,738	2	6	4	18	5	754	0	5	278	14	10	2,775	16	2	1,630	39
Newtownards,	1,664	12	7	–			603	5	9	306	11	2	2,574	9	6	1,401	–
Newtownlimavady,	987	7	3	–			532	5	3	229	14	10	1,749	7	4	994	–
Oldcastle,	2,784	7	8½	0	2	0	658	4	11½	751	17	6½	4,194	12	2½	2,081	6
Omagh,	1,474	11	4	1	11	3	573	11	0	404	3	11	2,453	17	6	1,457	3
Oughterard,	2,796	15	5½	4	14	6½	455	5	0	448	11	11½	3,705	6	11½	2,285	120
Parsonstown,	3,276	10	0¼	–			956	15	7	1,527	1	2¼	5,760	6	9½	3,676	–
Portumna,	1,540	13	1¼	13	9	0	538	18	9½	616	18	7¾	2,709	19	6½	1,441	265
Rathdown,	2,539	9	10½	4	7	5	973	3	5½	911	14	8¾	4,428	15	5¾	2,837	91
Rathdrum,	2,758	16	1¾	37	6	5¼	1,001	9	5½	1,346	19	7¾	5,144	11	8¼	2,194	288
Rathkeale,	4,832	15	7	0	4	9	1,323	11	4	3,988	10	6½	10,145	2	2½	5,333	4
Roscommon,	3,522	2	5¾	22	0	5	1,127	3	5	2,425	16	2	7,097	2	5¾	2,834	90
Roscrea,	3,000	1	1¼	12	12	11	730	18	5	1,065	11	4	4,809	3	9¼	3,011	409
Scariff,	4,723	11	0¼	–			748	14	2	2,994	10	7	8,466	15	9¼	2,790	–
Shillelagh,	1,840	11	6¼	–			658	3	10¾	498	4	2½	2,996	19	7½	1,432	–

[*continued.*

No. I.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved in Year ended 29th September, 1852—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Skibbereen,	4,700	17	4¾	–			992	13	11	2,205	15	5	7,899	6	8¾	5,919	–
Skull,	1,379	11	7	–			477	10	10	1,298	6	0	3,155	8	5	1,649	–
Sligo,	2,880	9	0	8	5	1½	918	5	4	2,752	5	2	6,559	4	7½	3,248	10
Strabane,	1,229	3	2	5	17	10	589	4	11	306	10	8	2,121	16	7	1,075	21
Stranorlar,	546	5	8½	–			403	6	8	134	14	0	1,084	6	4½	690	–
Strokestown,	2,809	7	4¼	1	13	0	800	4	1½	1,372	9	8½	4,983	14	2¼	2,016	32
Swineford,	1,464	9	1½	11	18	2	627	8	5½	676	14	5⅜	2,780	10	2½	1,084	40
Thomastown,	2,859	14	11	66	5	0½	702	13	6½	883	14	3½	4,512	7	9½	2,229	296
Thurles,	4,911	3	11½	–			1,197	13	0¾	2,325	10	7	8,434	7	7¼	7,244	–
Tipperary,	7,625	19	6	–			1,537	10	1	3,446	11	8	12,610	1	3	8,202	–
Tobercurry,	505	5	6½	2	19	8	256	1	2	290	12	8½	1,054	19	1	333	33
Tralee,	10,542	11	2	–			1,666	13	11½	4,152	9	1	16,361	14	2½	9,095	–
Trim,	2,072	0	0¾	78	8	10¾	704	14	10½	1,154	19	2½	4,010	2	11½	3,028	175
Tuam,	3,869	16	6	6	15	6½	1,100	12	8¾	1,303	6	8½	6,280	11	5¾	3,669	97
Tulla,	4,340	7	11	3	19	0	791	10	6	1,327	9	0	6,463	6	5	3,565	194
Tullamore,	4,902	14	0	341	1	4½	1,201	6	8	1,362	15	1½	7,807	17	2	4,783	665
Urlingford,	2,577	5	5	32	8	9	701	11	2	914	7	0½	4,225	12	4½	1,859	234
Waterford,	7,940	10	7	10	19	8½	1,498	8	10	2,610	3	8¼	12,060	2	9¼	9,589	42
Westport,	3,166	12	0½	16	11	11	802	16	5	1,759	15	2	5,745	15	6½	3,184	27
Wexford,	4,440	7	2¾	3	18	0	1,420	5	11½	1,197	14	8½	7,062	5	10¾	4,525	1
Youghal,	3,946	7	9½	–			1,342	19	5	1,663	17	10	6,953	5	0½	6,039	–
Total (163 Unions),	517,445	6	5	4,917	7	9	133,752	9	11½	214,955	7	6½	871,070	11	7½*	504,864	14,911

* This sum of £871,070 11*s.* 7½*d.* is the total expenditure for the relief of the poor, during the year ended 29th September, 1852, by the Poor Law Unions of Ireland, as now constituted. Payments were, however, made during the year, on account of expenses incurred by certain Unions previously to the alteration of their boundaries in the years 1849, 1850 and 1851, and which had not been previously brought into the accounts, amounting, according to the Clerks of Unions' Returns, to £12,197 6*s.* 3¼*d.*, making a total expenditure during the year ended 29th September, 1852, of £883,267 17*s.* 10¾*d.*

No. II.—Summary of Audited Union Accou

| Names of Unions. | CHARGE. | | |

nts, for the Half-year ended 25th March, 1852.

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

Total on account of In-Maintenance and Out-door Relief, including Medical Relief, and Relief by way of Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure for Relief to the Destitute Poor in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid.	Amount repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
1,412 7 1½	600 15 10½	–	30 5 0	–	116 1 0	–	–	7 10 10	2,166 19 10	478 8 2	846 6 9	–	5 3 0½	7,604 9 7	Abbeyleix.
660 0 4	391 10 0	–	5 12 4	–	96 6 6	–	–	11 1 8	1,164 10 10	843 10 8	752 9 8	–	2,784 5 6	5,544 16 8	Antrim.
954 5 1	615 12 1	–	–	10 0 0	50 7 7	–	–	10 9 6	1,640 14 3	–	1,003 17 10	–	1,816 2 9	4,460 14 10	Ardee.
524 2 7	435 19 9	–	10 14 0	–	–	–	–	51 17 3	1,022 13 7	–	–	–	–	1,022 13 7	Armagh.
1,984 14 0¾	1,116 1 2	–	59 0 0	–	270 10 4	8 10 0	–	251 13 8	3,690 9 2¾	467 7 8	1,205 17 10	–	2,451 17 5	9,521 12 6	Athlone.
1,621 11 3	766 4 0	–	–	–	142 6 9	–	–	25 7 9	2,455 9 9	–	1,257 7 3¼	–	86 12 6¾	6,226 14 9¼	Athy.
834 15 8	700 0 0	–	–	–	78 10 6	1 10 0	–	37 1 10	1,651 18 0	–	863 2 4	–	135 12 0	4,810 12 5	Bailieborough.
1,464 10 10	902 12 0½	–	–	35 0 0	162 5 7	–	–	89 19 2	2,654 7 7½	–	1,317 0 6	–	663 16 11½	5,350 16 10½	Ballina.
1,[illegible] 11 [illegible]	[illegible]	–	–	–	161 9 11	3 10 0	–	48 6 7	2,143 19 0	193 9 11	1,013 0 8	–	444 3 7	8,929 11 7¾	Ballinasloe.
1,789 3 3	756 0 0¾	–	–	30 0 0	122 8 7½	–	–	99 8 6½	2,797 0 5¾	329 12 10	1,036 9 5	–	–	12,042 1 6¾	Ballinrobe.
346 14 8	266 12 11	–	–	9 0 0	–	–	–	5 8 9	627 16 4	310 0 7	412 14 11	149 9 7	863 1 11¾	2,363 3 4¾	Ballycastle.
1,038 1 3¾	559 17 7½	–	–	–	60 5 2	1 10 0	–	10 19 1	1,739 13 1¾	427 11 6	396 8 10	5 7 0	–	6,867 10 1½	Ballymahon.
501 16 3	646 17 8	–	7 2 6	–	–	–	–	20 0 11	1,175 17 4	–	–	359 7 10	1,401 7 1	2,936 12 3	Ballymena.
249 6 11	350 3 1	–	2 8 0	–	15 17 9	–	–	17 13 4	825 3 1	576 16 9	754 13 4	99 3 8	1,432 3 2	3,715 11 3	Ballymoney.
482 10 0	269 17 4	–	–	–	46 9 6	–	–	10 17 5	809 14 3	–	–	–	202 7 6	1,364 3 1	Ballyshannon.
964 7 3	1,065 11 0¼	–	–	–	31 7 8	4 0 0	–	32 14 8	2,098 0 7¼	–	–	–	–	5,120 18 6	Ballyvaghan.
990 13 6	521 1 8	–	–	–	70 0 0	16 0 0	–	14 3 4	1,611 18 0	–	1,001 3 5¾	67 13 11	1,820 3 2	5,121 11 1½	Balrothery.
1,419 7 10¼	667 15 10½	–	–	15 0 0	68 16 2	–	–	24 12 0	2,195 11 10¾	–	477 11 1	7 13 9	20 18 2¼	4,185 0 2¼	Baltinglass.
516 8 0	361 6 4¾	–	22 15 0	–	35 2 7	–	–	33 4 6	968 16 5¾	–	946 5 6	5 17 7	1,748 6 5	3,669 5 11¾	Banbridge.
1,067 0 5¾	615 10 3	–	–	50 0 0	–	–	–	37 15 2	1,770 5 10¾	755 5 0	1,198 19 4	–	–	13,498 8 2	Bandon.
1,302 11 8½	553 12 9¼	–	–	–	54 17 6	–	–	71 2 7	1,982 4 6¾	118 10 8	125 10 9	–	61 14 10¾	6,685 15 9¼	Bantry.
364 12 2	291 8 11	–	–	35 0 0	–	1 10 0	–	16 2 2	718 13 4	292 18 10	128 18 10	–	–	3,139 3 7¼	Bawnboy.
3,923 7 2	2,004 13 4	–	24 11 0	31 0 0	241 1 10	–	–	127 8 3	6,352 1 7	635 12 1	1,773 2 7	469 11 7	7,127 17 10	16,849 5 1	Belfast.
743 2 9	408 7 5	–	–	–	76 6 2	–	–	4 2 0	1,231 18 4	–	470 19 5	–	49 2 3	4,609 3 0	Belmullet.
1,293 3 10	493 8 5	–	–	40 0 0	70 0 0	2 10 0	–	46 3 5	1,945 5 8	–	–	–	–	5,882 2 10	Borrisokane.
1,058 11 3	721 3 3	–	3 17 0	30 0 0	17 11 8	–	–	32 12 0	1,863 15 2	–	–	–	–	7,536 18 3	Boyle.
1,856 4 9¼	1,409 19 5¼	–	–	35 0 0	97 8 9	22 3 9	–	25 13 0	3,456 9 8½	–	–	–	–	10,499 1 10¼	Caherciveen.
2,042 8 5¾	831 7 0½	–	–	–	31 18 8	4 16 7	–	63 0 2	2,973 10 11¼	–	–	–	986 14 1½	7,032 18 5½	Callan.
2,976 17 4½	1,665 5 9¼	–	3 4 0	100 0 0	250 2 10	644 15 0	–	40 7 0	5,680 11 11¾	840 7 11	1,154 16 2	–	5,657 13 7¼	16,113 5 9¾	Carlow.
1,147 10 0	572 14 3	–	–	–	–	4 0 0	–	6 13 1	1,730 17 4	280 2 10	576 3 11	–	777 4 7½	5,086 3 1¾	Carrickmacross.
833 5 3	460 14 7	–	–	–	14 9 11	–	–	15 18 7	1,324 8 4	0 11 4	–	–	–	5,206 11 8¼	Carrick-on-Shan.
1,682 9 6½	1,624 2 1¾	–	–	86 0 0	183 16 7	6 0 0	–	34 4 8	3,616 12 11¼	751 2 2	812 5 5	–	810 8 9	7,457 15 6	Carrick-on-Suir.
4,883 12 0	2,181 13 3	–	–	–	191 19 0	–	–	178 9 9	7,435 14 0	–	3,102 18 6	–	–	17,849 9 8¾	Cashel.
1,165 0 2	789 4 11	–	–	–	158 11 1	–	–	34 16 5	2,147 12 7	280 13 7	1,198 7 3	–	–	12,983 9 1	Castlebar.
887 17 1	715 16 2	–	6 11 6	5 0 0	10 5 9	–	–	15 2 8	1,677 16 5	595 19 5	1,191 10 0	48 1 0	1,128 19 2¼	5,207 6 3½	Castleblayney.
856 6 2½	341 6 10	–	–	–	101 11 8	–	–	15 16 3½	1,315 1 0	296 19 8	677 17 0	–	618 10 5	3,496 19 2¼	Castlecomer.
163 17 3	218 0 0	–	–	–	–	–	–	4 7 2	386 4 5	180 10 8	98 1 0	14 14 2	130 5 8	809 15 11	Castlederg.
810 4 3¾	616 19 2¼	–	–	18 0 0	64 17 10	–	–	40 9 3½	1,559 11 7½	29 18 2	326 16 5	–	226 15 1½	3,388 8 9¾	Castlerea.
929 5 5½	400 10 8¾	–	10 2 0	10 0 0	–	–	–	24 15 4	1,374 13 6	9 15 10	–	–	59 7 5½	1,839 18 7½	Castletown.
386 15 7¼	203 4 3	–	6 15 0	50 0 0	10 19 0	0 10 0	–	30 5 0	609 8 10¾	–	370 16 2	17 17 4	421 19 0¾	1,681 11 2½	Castletowndelvin.
1,298 1 9	484 8 11	–	3 17 0	15 0 0	–	–	–	11 3 8	1,812 11 4	–	–	–	–	9,287 7 1	Cavan.
897 1 5¾	640 14 1	–	–	–	–	140 0 0	–	61 16 7	1,739 12 1¾	986 15 4½	181 7 10	–	593 2 8¾	3,647 3 6	Celbridge.
1,392 17 2¼	698 7 11	–	–	–	73 11 11	–	–	5 1 4	2,122 18 4¼	–	490 10 11	–	–	7,464 1 1¾	Claremorris.
1,950 11 9	1,861 11 3	–	–	–	135 19 9	–	–	67 9 8	4,015 12 5	49 19 8¾	–	19 0 8	2 11 0	14,962 0 9¼	Clifden.
1,519 5 7¼	475 0 4¼	–	–	–	176 16 11	–	–	91 16 11¾	2,867 19 10¾	–	1,108 10 11	–	–	9,387 7 8¼	Clogheen.
630 17 8	533 4 5½	–	–	18 8 4	–	–	–	10 13 0½	1,193 3 5¾	294½16 2¼	317 12 5	–	29 18 2	1,835 10 3	Clogher.
808 0 5½	684 15 11¾	–	–	11 1 4	30 0 0	–	–	20 3 2	1,554 0 10¾	–	–	–	56 1 9¾	4,649 15 3¾	Clonakilty.
563 1 2	275 12 0	–	–	–	–	–	–	6 7 1½	845 0 3½	–	–	–	–	845 0 3½	Clones.
4,693 2 5¾	1,170 17 0	700 0 0	9 2 0	37 5 0	140 19 3	–	–	109 4 2	6,770 10 2¾	–	844 5 5	–	1,300 8 3½	10,276 5 6¼	Clonmel.
604 18 10	301 10 4	–	12 10 0	31 12 0	33 17 10	–	–	21 11 4	1,006 0 4	621 18 3	988 12 4	119 10 1	487 7 9	3,223 8 9	Coleraine.
357 12 10	320 18 3	–	–	–	–	–	–	4 8 0	682 19 1	1,188 4 9	0 4 1	–	975 4 11	2,952 17 4	Cookstown
870 16 7	573 10 3	–	–	–	47 12 8	1 10 0	–	27 9 8	1,520 19 2	–	–	–	1,802 16 8	3,341 5 1	Cootehill.
5,462 19 7½	5,265 8 8	–	45 17 0	50 0 0	519 15 10	–	–	141 14 7	11,485 15 8½	836 2 6	2,205 7 8	–	733 19 3½	23,037 2 3¾	Cork.
1,043 7 6½	986 6 1¾	–	–	–	30 0 0	2 4 7	–	16 2 5	2,078 0 8½	–	176 0 0	–	–	4,098 1 0¾	Corrofin.
1,632 11 7	1,225 16 8	–	–	60 0 0	73 5 11	8 0 0	–	16 19 9	3,016 13 11	322 9 3	2,063 6 0	–	–	9,117 16 8¾	Croom.

[*continued.*

No. II.—Summary of Audited Union Accounts, for the

CHARGE.

Names of Unions.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of last Half-year.	Receipts on Account of Electoral Divisions. Amount of Poor Rate lodged.	Repayment of Relief by way of Loan.	Amount raised by Rate, or borrowed for Emigration Purposes.	Other Receipts, if any.	Total Receipts in the Half-year.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of last Half-year.	In-Maintenance and Clothing. On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	In-Maintenance and Clothing. On account of Union Paupers.	Out-Relief in Money and in Kind. On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	Out-Relief in Money and in Kind. On account of Union Paupers.	Medical Relief.	Relief by way of Loan.	Tot In and inc Re by
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Dingle,	–	4,768 0 3	–	–	–	4,768 0 3	13,091 16 9½	17,859 17 0½	12,336 4 1½	2,914 18 6	72 11 9	–	–	–	–	
Donaghmore,	–	2,205 0 7	–	–	–	2,205 0 7	1,224 1 8½	3,429 2 3½	2,215 10 10½	407 6 10	42 18 6	1 12 7½	0 11 3	38 8 9	–	
Donegal,	–	914 7 4	–	–	–	914 7 4	3,609 0 5¼	4,523 7 9¼	3,554 10 7½	430 19 3	49 13 10	0 1 0	–	–	–	
Downpatrick,	2,094 3 11½	5,219 2 8	–	–	–	5,219 2 8	–	7,313 6 7½	12 4 6¾	991 4 9	156 16 11	12 0 0	–	–	–	
Drogheda,	500 14 10½	2,027 0 0	–	–	–	2,027 0 0	1,244 12 9¼	3,772 7 7¾	485 7 0½	831 13 2¾	360 3 3	21 13 9½	5 6 7½	–	–	
Dromore, West,	599 1 2	1,550 0 0	–	–	–	1,550 0 0	464 5 7¼	2,613 6 9¼	995 13 5¾	235 6 1	14 7 6	1 12 7	–	–	–	
Dublin, North,	356 18 10½	9,593 19 6½	–	–	90 1 11	9,684 1 5½	3,251 11 2	13,292 11 6¼	4,192 4 8	3,307 17 4½	1,816 2 11	–	–	–	–	
Dublin, South,	1,627 17 10½	12,929 5 7	29 10 9	–	–	12,958 16 4	647 13 5¼	15,234 7 7½	101 17 10¼	5,779 15 8	933 18 1½	124 16 0¼	3 4 9	–	–	
Dundalk,	492 8 1½	2,308 3 11	–	–	–	2,308 3 11	816 9 4½	3,617 1 5	662 17 7	915 0 1	154 11 10	0 4 2	–	–	–	
Dunfanaghy,	473 17 6	605 12 4	–	–	–	605 12 4	69 6 7	1,148 16 5	156 10 8	117 18 0	12 14 0	–	–	–	–	
Dungannon,	308 11 1½	2,687 13 11	–	–	–	2,687 13 11	30 3 8	3,026 8 8¼	212 19 3	237 7 6	66 14 9	–	–	–	–	
Dungarvan,	35 17 1½	5,854 15 8	–	–	–	5,854 15 8	1,487 11 7½	7,378 4 5	2,252 10 2¾	1,591 8 2¾	159 14 6	–	–	–	–	
Dunmanway,	–	1,658 12 9	–	–	–	1,658 12 9	3,363 18 4½	5,022 11 1½	3,975 0 10	402 15 2½	39 18 10	–	–	–	–	
Dunshaughlin,	42 2 2	4,472 7 8	–	–	–	4,472 7 8	62 13 1½	4,577 3 0¼	899 1 3¾	972 0 8	131 6 8¾	129 12 1½	3 6 3½	–	–	
Edenderry,	–	3,716 14 6	–	–	2 3 0	3,718 17 6	2,192 14 7½	5,911 12 1½	2,754 17 2	1,177 6 9½	148 11 8½	11 13 6½	6 15 6½	–	–	
Ennis,	–	3,826 3 2	–	–	1,245 8 2	5,071 11 4	8,673 7 6½	13,744 18 10½	8,071 5 2½	3,256 9 10½	251 17 1	1 12 7	2 1 5½	–	–	
Enniscorthy,	17 16 1	7,972 1 9½	–	–	–	7,972 1 9½	2,388 1 0½	10,377 18 11	3,498 12 7¾	1,995 4 9¾	404 18 6½	–	–	–	–	
Enniskillen,	–	4,034 6 6	2 1 8	–	–	4,036 8 2	3,472 0 4¼	7,508 8 6¼	4,597 15 4¼	728 7 0	98 12 4	–	–	–	–	
Ennistymon,	–	7,695 14 1½	–	–	4,985 12 8	12,681 6 9½	6,052 17 0	18,734 3 9½	9,740 12 2½	3,125 6 7½	395 10 10½	–	–	–	–	
Fermoy,	5 1 3½	5,478 18 9	–	–	–	5,478 18 9	2,627 15 3	8,111 15 3¼	3,193 8 5¾	1,471 8 5	234 12 7	–	–	–	–	
Galway,	–	4,884 17 11½	–	–	241 17 7	5,126 15 6½	12,604 4 10½	17,731 0 5	11,942 1 1½	3,089 17 11	161 2 11¾	1 17 5	0 3 8	–	–	
Glennamaddy,	–	1,672 13 5	–	–	0 2 2	1,672 15 7	3,327 19 4	5,000 14 11	3,808 15 10¾	490 14 10¾	24 12 10½	4 16 2	0 8 2	–	–	
Glenties,	0 8 7	578 7 8	–	–	–	578 7 8	855 12 3	1,434 8 6	884 11 7	279 2 0	7 9 7	–	–	–	–	
Glin,	–	4,023 1 4	1 2 10	–	–	4,024 4 2	1,716 14 5½	5,740 18 7½	2,980 7 1¾	1,740 5 11½	29 0 8	–	–	–	–	
Gorey,	–	5,843 8 5	–	–	–	5,843 8 5	3,632 4 9¾	9,475 13 2¾	4,427 16 0	1,287 17 10½	414 12 5	1 0 1	0 3 3	–	–	
Gort,	–	4,611 1 1½	–	–	–	4,611 1 1½	5,715 5 5½	10,326 6 7¼	5,696 2 10¼	1,854 7 9	135 10 5½	–	–	35 6 9	–	
Gortin,	313 13 6	611 3 11	–	–	–	611 3 11	392 13 7	1,317 11 0	406 13 4½	181 3 2	27 6 10	–	–	–	–	
Granard,	–	6,663 11 4	–	–	250 16 0	6,914 7 4	3,097 15 7½	10,012 2 11½	4,448 14 4¾	2,099 2 9	92 15 0	0 3 6	0 9 8	1 12 8	–	
Inishowen,	724 8 7	712 13 8	–	–	–	712 13 8	784 0 7	2,221 2 10	626 8 9	487 19 2	25 14 4	0 1 0	–	–	–	
Kanturk,	–	8,137 11 6	0 17 6	–	–	8,138 9 0	7,876 11 5¾	16,015 0 5¾	10,219 0 2¼	2,323 6 7	234 11 6¾	–	–	–	–	
Kells,	6 13 8½	5,632 17 11	–	–	0 0 7	5,632 18 6	41 1 5½	5,680 13 8	1,134 11 6½	1,214 8 3¼	137 12 10¾	0 2 0	0 6 3½	–	–	
Kenmare,	–	2,655 6 9	–	–	–	2,655 6 9	9,361 11 2½	12,016 17 11½	7,882 8 5½	2,371 14 0¾	287 1 1	3 4 8	0 10 0	–	–	
Kilkeel,	494 12 0¾	979 1 3	–	–	–	979 1 3	–	1,473 13 3¾	–	139 6 11	50 15 0¼	–	–	–	–	
Kilkenny,	88 8 7½	9,662 15 4	–	–	3 4 9	9,666 0 1	911 12 5¾	10,666 1 2¼	1,919 8 3¼	2,610 15 5¾	660 13 7	1 7 4	1 13 2	–	–	
Killadysert,	–	2,927 4 11	–	–	–	2,927 4 11	8,422 12 3	11,349 17 2	6,707 11 4	2,288 15 11	24 16 2	5 0 5	0 7 10	–	–	
Killala,	–	2,890 4 1	–	–	1,393 16 0	4,284 0 1	1,164 11 4½	5,448 11 5½	2,667 7 11¾	1,243 13 3	42 13 6½	–	–	–	–	
Killarney,	56 3 3¾	12,079 1 3	–	–	731 13 6	12,810 14 9	1,548 16 10	14,415 14 10¾	7,205 16 11	2,486 18 8½	204 8 6	–	–	–	–	
Kilmacthomas,	142 12 4	2,332 16 11	–	–	–	2,332 16 11	37 1 4½	2,512 10 7½	682 1 3½	386 1 3¾	89 4 8	–	–	32 7 9	–	
Kilmallock,	32 15 1½	9,131 15 2	–	–	–	9,131 15 2	10,438 0 10½	19,602 11 2	9,164 6 0	4,145 2 8	620 1 5	9 15 2½	8 6 0½	–	–	
Kilrush,	–	7,130 18 1	–	–	–	7,130 18 1	13,604 13 10¾	20,735 11 11¾	12,411 14 5	3,833 7 7½	65 2 4½	4 5 6	0 5 6	–	–	
Kinsale,	–	2,460 13 11¾	1 14 1	–	0 0 8¼	2,462 8 9	1,828 0 7½	4,290 9 4½	1,610 1 7½	882 6 2½	73 16 4¼	–	–	–	–	
Larne,	852 4 3	619 10 7	–	–	–	619 10 7	766 12 3	2,238 7 1	–	406 6 11	78 2 1	–	–	–	–	
Letterkenny,	192 9 10	1,342 17 10	–	–	–	1,342 17 10	102 0 8	1,637 8 4	160 7 10½	238 12 5	27 11 5	–	–	23 18 2	–	
Limerick,	–	22,012 4 9½	–	–	1,570 0 0	23,582 4 9½	19,651 3 3	43,233 8 0½	28,993 3 4	6,103 15 9¼	903 7 9¼	3 9 4	1 10 9½	–	–	
Lisburn,	170 9 2	3,768 14 6	–	–	0 2 6	3,768 17 0	44 3 8	3,983 9 10	448 0 9¾	552 10 0¼	103 4 0	2 7 6	–	–	–	
Lismore,	183 13 3½	4,596 18 8	–	–	–	4,596 18 8	1,003 9 4½	5,784 1 4	1,994 13 4¼	1,227 14 10¾	151 17 2	–	–	–	–	
Lisnaskea,*	–	725 11 4	–	–	–	725 11 4	429 9 7	1,155 0 11	–	377 8 0	67 1 9	–	–	–	–	
Listowel,	–	7,300 5 8	–	–	1,044 0 0	8,344 5 8	9,273 7 1	17,617 12 9	12,585 16 0	3,152 14 11	130 11 8	–	–	–	–	
Londonderry,	474 14 8	4,509 2 10	0 18 6	–	–	4,510 1 4	305 9 5	5,290 5 5	153 10 7	692 17 0	330 12 1	–	–	–	–	
Longford,	–	8,900 17 7	–	–	0 10 0	8,901 7 7	3,025 5 8¾	11,926 13 3¼	6,717 18 4¼	1,787 13 4¾	271 15 8¼	11 11 3½	–	–	–	
Loughrea,	–	2,206 8 10½	–	–	100 0 0	2,306 8 10½	6,112 7 5	8,418 16 3½	5,506 14 0¾	1,345 15 7¾	136 1 10	–	–	–	–	
Lowtherstown,*	–	–	–	–	–	–	460 13 4	460 13 4	–	226 12 1	23 7 3	–	–	–	–	
Lurgan,	–	3,270 9 9	0 3 6	–	–	3,270 13 3	104 19 3	3,375 12 6	–	673 8 6	114 8 4	–	–	–	–	
Macroom,	6 7 8¾	3,716 12 1	–	–	–	3,716 12 1	4,674 13 6¾	8,397 13 4½	4,979 10 1	1,317 8 11	73 16 3	–	–	25 0 0	–	
Magherafelt,	688 15 2	3,452 7 6	–	–	–	3,452 7 6	8 0 3	4,149 2 11	377 17 6½	321 6 1	70 4 10	–	–	–	–	

Half-year ended 25th March, 1852.—*continued.*

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

d on account of Maintenance Out-door Relief, uding Medical ief, and Relief way of Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure for Relief to the Destitute Poor in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid.	Amount repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d	£ s. d.	
987 10 3	2,359 19 9	–	6 9 0	15 12 10	62 15 6	17 13 9	–	73 11 10	5,523 12 11	–	–	–	–	17,859 17 0½	Dingle.
490 17 11½	259 18 5½	–	–	–	73 10 0	18 14 3	–	15 12 6	858 13 2	279 17 5	–	7 1 10	67 19 0	3,429 2 3½	Donaghmore.
480 14 1	318 6 10	–	0 17 0	5 0 0	3 3 1	–	–	5 1 1	813 2 1	155 15 1	–	–	–	4,523 7 9¼	Donegal.
160 1 8	529 7 5	–	34 12 6	–	99 5 1	–	–	18 14 11	1,842 1 7	1,354 13 6	1,254 18 2	–	2,849 8 9½	7,313 6 7¼	Downpatrick.
218 16 10¾	517 4 4¼	–	–	10 0 0	50 13 6	–	–	46 2 5	1,842 17 2	546 1 5	351 15 11	–	546 6 1¼	3,772 7 7¾	Drogheda.
251 6 2	356 13 8½	–	–	–	25 7 0	–	–	11 17 10	645 4 8½	184 12 9	276 19 1	–	510 16 9	2,613 6 9¼	Dromore, West.
124 0 3½	2,414 13 0	–	21 4 0	58 10 0	97 3 7¾	–	–	293 4 0	8,008 14 11¼	295 19 9½	235 7 6¾	249 10 6	310 14 0	13,292 11 6¼	Dublin, North.
841 14 6¾	3,204 2 1	–	30 17 6	91 10 0	138 2 0	6 0 0	–	50 12 5	10,362 18 6¾	241 7 4	777 9 11	398 7 6	3,352 6 5½	15,234 7 7½	Dublin, South.
069 16 1	583 19 3	–	3 2 0	21 13 4	134 11 9	–	–	19 18 3	1,833 0 8	191 8 0	497 7 10	132 5 0	300 2 4	3,617 1 5	Dundalk.
130 12 0	143 8 5	–	1 10 0	–	25 7 0	–	–	4 12 6	305 9 11	75 7 8	21 9 4	–	589 18 10	1,148 16 5	Dunfanaghy.
304 2 3	344 0 0	400 0 0	–	10 0 0	22 17 11	–	–	13 8 6	1,094 8 8	754 13 7	434 5 7	–	530 1 7¼	3,026 8 8¼	Dungannon.
751 2 8¾	1,300 1 9	–	–	15 0 0	41 8 0	–	–	33 14 8	3,141 7 1¾	467 0 6	1,228 12 4	–	288 14 2½	7,378 4 5	Dungarvan.
442 14 0½	416 9 8	–	1 1 0	16 5 0	13 14 0	–	–	5 1 6	895 5 2½	139 12 10	–	–	12 12 3	5,022 11 1½	Dunmanway.
236 5 9¾	672 17 11½	–	8 6 0	46 10 0	42 4 4	–	–	20 0 8	2,026 4 9½	463 18 4	930 6 10	–	257 11 9¼	4,577 3 0¼	Dunshaughlin.
344 7 7	704 2 1½	–	15 2 0	30 0 0	150 18 0	–	–	14 2 0	2,258 11 8½	–	898 3 3	–	–	5,911 12 1½	Edenderry.
512 1 0	1,810 16 8½	–	–	17 10 0	304 15 9½	–	–	19 10 2	5,664 13 8	–	–	9 0 0	–	13,744 18 10½	Ennis.
400 3 4¼	1,366 18 0	–	–	27 10 0	188 19 1	3 15 0	–	65 4 9	4,052 10 2¼	–	2,359 14 5	–	407 1 8	10,377 18 11	Enniscorthy.
826 19 4	491 1 11	–	1 14 0	50 0 0	34 0 4	–	–	33 15 10	1,437 11 5	703 16 1	769 5 8	–	–	7,508 8 6¼	Enniskillen.
520 17 6	4,663 12 5	–	–	43 7 0	67 18 9	154 3 1	–	543 12 10	8,993 11 7	–	–	–	–	18,734 3 9½	Ennistymon.
706 1 0	1,082 2 6½	–	–	–	163 16 3	–	–	50 9 6½	3,002 9 4	553 13 0	1,088 1 10	23 12 6	250 10 1[illegible]	8,111 15 3¼	Fermoy.
253 1 11¾	607 3 2½	–	–	–	215 0 4	–	–	35 0 1	4,110 5 7¼	502 13 0	1,176 0 8	–	–	17,731 0 5	Galway.
520 12 1¼	439 3 9	–	–	136 0 0	51 8 10½	6 0 0	–	33 15 11½	1,187 0 8¼	4 18 4	–	–	–	5,000 14 11	Glennamaddy.
286 11 7	213 8 9	–	–	–	12 13 4	–	–	30 18 3	543 11 11	2 9 9	–	–	3 15 3	1,434 8 6	Glenties.
769 6 7½	824 19 11¼	–	–	–	145 10 0	–	–	20 14 11	2,760 11 5¾	–	–	–	–	5,740 18 7½	Glin.
703 13 7½	794 4 7	–	5 8 0	–	74 0 1	–	–	17 17 0	2,595 3 3½	573 10 11	1,870 9 5	–	8 13 7[illegible]	9,475 13 2¾	Gorey.
925 4 11¼	921 5 5¾	–	–	–	99 9 5½	4 0 0	–	55 9 2	3,105 9 0½	303 18 5	1,207 9 11	–	13 6 4[illegible]	10,326 6 7¼	Gort.
08 10 0	150 3 11½	–	–	1 0 0	31 18 6	–	–	11 9 0	403 1 5½	–	203 13 5	–	304 2 9	1,317 11 0	Gortin.
94 3 7	1,109 9 4½	–	16 9 0	–	115 19 10	–	–	97 3 2¼	3,533 4 11¾	614 16 8	1,107 7 7	–	307 19 4	10,012 2 11½	Granard.
13 14 6	405 13 3	–	–	25 8 0	110 1 2	–	–	22 1 8	1,076 18 7	24 13 1	–	–	493 2 5	2,221 2 10	Inishowen.
57 18 1¾	1,142 3 7¾	–	1 1 0	12 10 0	118 18 5	8 0 0	–	55 4 1	3,895 15 3½	–	1,900 5 0	–	–	16,015 0 5¾	Kanturk.
52 9 5½	595 9 4	–	–	10 0 0	122 9 6	2 0 0	–	55 19 9	2,138 8 0½	10 5 10	1,289 5 8	–	1,108 2 7	5,680 13 8	Kells.
62 9 9¼	1,091 7 0¾	60 0 0	29 4 0	110 0 0	127 3 2	9 10 0	–	44 15 6	4,134 9 6	–	–	–	–	12,016 17 11½	Kenmare.
90 1 11¼	168 11 7¾	–	–	–	24 9 7	–	–	16 0 11	399 4 1	313 9 4	120 3 1	68 13 8½	572 3 11	1,473 13 3¾	Kilkeel.
74 9 6¾	1,211 5 8½	–	–	25 0 0	228 1 9	114 11 6	–	50 6 7	4,903 15 11¼	948 18 3	2,098 17 0	–	785 2 6	10,666 1 2¼	Kilkenny.
19 0 4	1,118 18 5	–	–	7 0 0	92 6 9	–	–	147 10 4	3,684 15 10	–	955 15 0	1 15 0	–	11,349 17 2	Killadysert.
86 6 9½	643 2 10	–	–	42 10 0	76 9 4	–	–	35 16 11	2,084 5 10½	–	643 14 5	–	33 3 2½	5,448 11 5½	Killala.
91 7 2¼	1,378 1 4½	–	–	100 0 0	122 4 4	176 10 0	–	58 6 6½	4,526 9 5¼	125 16 8	1,828 11 11	–	728 19 11[illegible]	14,415 14 10¾	Killarney.
07 13 8½	288 13 0	–	–	–	–	–	–	13 16 2	810 2 10½	282 2 4	–	38 8 7	699 15 6[illegible]	2,512 10 7½	Kilmacthomas.
83 5 4	3,156 10 10	–	9 11 0	125 0 0	339 13 2	4 0 0	–	41 3 8	8,459 4 0	37 8 3	1,941 12 11	–	–	19,602 11 2	Kilmallock.
03 1 0	1,939 10 3¼	–	–	–	178 4 11	–	–	89 10 5½	6,110 6 7¾	–	2,213 10 11	–	–	20,735 11 11¾	Kilrush.
56 2 6¾	634 9 8¼	–	–	12 10 0	76 8 5	–	–	11 4 1	1,690 14 9	411 17 5	545 15 8	–	31 19 11	4,290 9 4½	Kinsale.
08 7 2	424 9 0	–	27 12 0	10 0 0	48 1 7	–	–	19 19 3	1,038 9 0	223 0 6	735 17 4	174 5 11	66 14 4	2,238 7 1	Larne.
66 3 10	309 0 11	–	–	–	12 15 7	–	–	10 7 10	598 8 2	252 19 4	215 10 2	–	410 2 9[illegible]	1,637 8 4	Letterkenny.
12 3 8	2,269 7 6¼	–	–	350 0 0	892 17 10	5 0 0	–	253 12 8	10,783 1 8¼	–	3,456 17 3	–	0 5 9½	43,233 8 0½	Limerick.
58 1 6¼	354 19 3	–	12 6 0	10 8 0	93 2 6	–	–	97 15 8	1,226 12 11¼	89 8 2	844 8 1	226 10 0	1,148 9 10	3,983 9 10	Lisburn.
79 12 0¾	784 14 8¾	–	–	20 0 0	–	–	–	35 0 6	2,219 7 3½	498 2 7	590 18 2	32 7 10	448 12 1¼	5,784 1 4	Lismore.
14 9 9	364 9 2	–	1 2 0	–	–	–	–	9 19 6	820 0 5	322 12 6	–	12 8 0	–	1,155 0 11	Lisnaskea.
33 6 7	1,485 8 5	–	–	40 0 0	181 16 10	2 7 5	–	38 17 6	5,031 16 9	–	–	–	–	17,617 12 9	Listowel.
23 9 1	456 17 7	–	–	17 6 6	78 12 2	–	–	562 1 1	2,138 6 5	575 3 6	1,231 14 0	44 17 5	1,146 13 6	5,290 5 5	Londonderry.
71 0 4½	591 17 11½	–	42 14 6	30 0 0	125 9 7	–	–	113 14 7	2,974 17 0	489 7 6	1,744 10 5	–	–	11,926 13 3¼	Longford.
21 17 5¾	639 1 0	–	–	17 0 0	55 2 11	–	–	22 9 11	2,215 11 3¾	421 13 10	274 17 1	–	–	8,418 16 3¾	Loughrea.
9 19 4	205 16 0	–	2 3 0	–	–	–	–	2 15 0	460 13 4	–	–	–	–	460 13 4	Lowtherstown
7 16 10	461 0 0	400 0 0	–	11 0 0	69 10 11	–	–	59 7 4	1,788 15 1	746 7 3	–	–	840 10 2	3,375 12 6	Lurgan.
6 5 2	496 11 4	–	–	2 0 0	12 3 0	–	–	7 16 11	1,934 16 5	449 10 1	820 10 11	–	213 5 10½	8,397 13 4½	Macroom.
1 10 11	254 14 3	–	–	–	26 9 9	–	–	25 13 9	698 8 8	623 5 7	1,151 5 10	63 15 1	1,234 10 2½	4,149 2 11	Magherafelt.

[*continued.*

No. II.—SUMMARY of Audited Accounts, for the

| NAMES OF UNIONS. | CHARGE. | | |

year ended 25th March, 1852.

alf-year ended 25th March, 1852.—*continued.*

DISCHARGE.

Total on account of In-Maintenance and Out-door Relief, including Medical Relief, and Relief by way of Loan.	Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions. Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure for Relief to the Destitute Poor in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid.	Amount repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
1,645 7 1	1,219 19 2	–	–	132 0 0	–	–	–	35 10 11	3,032 17 2	882 0 9	1,034 18 4	–	–	16,667 14 4¼	Mallow.
480 15 4½	348 8 10	–	–	–	32 2 3	–	–	7 14 2	872 5 7½	–	–	–	8 19 0	2,126 8 1¼	Manorhamilton.
2,457 16 3	520 16 6½	–	3 5 0	50 0 0	–	–	–	84 13 11	3,113 6 8½	54 13 5	297 7 10	–	–	6,356 7 8	Midleton.
359 6 6	234 16 6	–	2 18 6	–	33 8 11	11 0 0	–	6 2 4	647 12 9	258 11 5	125 5 2	–	251 19 2	1,283 8 6	Milford.
1,780 2 1	1,713 16 8¼	–	–	–	27 16 7	–	–	26 7 5	3,548 2 9¼	–	618 1 3	–	40 8 11½	5,929 10 0½	Millstreet.
2,008 0 3¼	1,206 8 4¾	–	–	–	194 11 4	–	–	26 4 4½	3,435 4 4½	–	946 7 9	–	–	10,182 4 8¾	Mitchelstown.
957 17 11	542 8 0½	–	–	32 10 0	–	1 15 1	–	9 1 0	1,543 12 0½	116 1 0	28 19 0	–	–	8,285 5 11½	Mohill.
584 11 4	342 13 1	–	9 9 0	–	–	–	–	4 15 7	941 9 0	–	–	–	–	941 9 0	Monaghan.
817 8 10¾	940 11 8	–	–	25 0 0	131 9 1	14 0 0	–	15 15 0	1,944 4 7¾	–	1,009 4 5	100 5 10	–	6,461 16 3½	Mount Bellew.
1,576 2 8½	975 19 0½	–	0 8 0	15 0 0	–	–	–	12 11 5	2,580 1 2¼	289 10 1	1,116 11 8	–	822 9 3	8,498 4 10	Mountmelick.
2,231 17 3⅜	926 1 0¼	–	–	–	197 3 9	–	–	151 11 5	3,509 13 6	0 14 1	1,743 3 10	–	26 3 4	11,076 12 6	Mullingar.
2,038 17 8½	764 6 4¾	–	4 19 0	–	190 5 0	–	–	12 4 8	3,010 12 9	1,101 17 10	1,297 17 4	–	10 11 6	13,251 16 4¾	Naas.
1,611 9 11½	1,214 19 4	–	12 0 0	10 0 0	89 17 9	2 0 0	–	8 4 6	2,948 11 6½	–	–	40 7 6	199 14 0½	5,248 6 6¾	Navan.
4,527 15 7	2,409 18 2½	–	–	–	128 13 6½	–	–	345 12 0	7,411 18 10	347 9 1	–	–	272 12 4¾	15,000 17 5¾	Nenagh.
4,152 10 4	2,239 10 7½	–	5 6 0	–	134 9 2	–	–	181 3 2½	6,712 19 4	–	2,223 15 9	–	–	17,857 2 0	Newcastle.
1,093 2 6½	542 7 1¾	–	–	25 0 0	71 5 11½	–	–	39 6 3	1,771 1 10½	69 1 8	497 5 2	–	–	7,079 17 8¾	Newport.
3,359 8 7½	1,588 4 3	–	–	–	200 10 0	–	–	133 3 9	5,281 6 7½	53 16 4	–	–	181 6 2¾	10,433 3 2½	New Ross.
871 4 6	404 18 3	–	6 12 0	–	33 4 1	15 0 0	–	19 19 4	1,350 18 2	–	–	74 11 1	3,709 15 4	5,187 4 5	Newry.
914 8 0½	408 11 7½	–	–	29 12 6	–	–	–	25 2 6½	1,377 14 8½	–	568 10 8	151 14 3	640 0 4	2,737 19 11½	Newtownards.
508 15 3	236 19 10	–	–	8 15 0	95 17 0	27 0 0	–	6 12 4	883 19 5	–	–	111 6 5	199 14 10	1,441 4 1	Newtownlimavady.
1,432 15 0½	540 16 10½	–	–	10 0 0	100 1 10	–	–	12 7 7½	2,096 1 4½	4 16 11	1,156 17 10	–	754 9 7	4,731 14 7¾	Oldcastle.
765 1 6	535 0 4	–	–	–	–	–	–	11 1 8	1,311 3 6	–	–	–	–	1,311 3 6	Omagh.
1,120 19 4½	462 11 1	–	–	–	–	–	–	7 5 0	1,590 15 5½	18 8 3	484 15 11	–	80 18 9¼	7,705 9 6	Oughterard.
1,603 5 11⅜	1,061 5 10½	–	28 18 8	25 0 0	96 4 0	–	–	87 9 11	2,902 4 5	757 8 11	1,525 17 0	–	55 2 4¼	12,770 13 11	Parsonstown,
757 18 8½	504 11 7¼	–	–	15 0 0	23 17 0	–	–	9 8 7	1,320 15 10¾	214 19 0½	542 0 2½	–	–	5,486 19 8	Portumna.
1,322 13 1¼	775 16 9½	–	24 8 0	–	157 11 7	3 4 10	–	15 17 8	2,309 11 11¾	1,274 11 10	1,003 11 7½	–	1,547 10 1¼	6,484 4 4½	Rathdown.
1,405 15 8¼	824 14 10⅝	–	24 4 0	–	147 0 2	–	–	117 2 4	2,518 17 1	155 15 8	1,108 12 11	–	487 3 4	6,380 13 1⅜	Rathdrum.
2,321 2 2¾	1,888 15 11	–	–	–	–	–	–	25 18 5	4,235 16 6¾	–	1,543 8 11	–	–	9,914 18 3½	Rathkeale.
1,786 15 9½	1,143 14 2	–	8 18 6	–	200 9 3	–	–	166 5 3	3,306 2 11¾	0 8 4	1,906 13 6	31 1 3	–	10,543 4 5	Roscommon.
1,661 5 0	698 16 0½	–	–	–	74 15 7	–	–	32 2 2	2,466 18 9½	533 14 1	–	–	124 5 0	7,083 4 3	Roscrea.
2,841 3 7½	1,198 7 3½	–	1 1 0	–	80 16 0	–	–	71 1 11	4,192 9 9⅝	–	–	–	–	15,511 15 5	Scariff.
889 0 4¾	441 7 0	–	–	105 0 0	124 3 3	–	–	7 9 6	1,597 0 7¾	524 8 5	1,326 14 11	–	–	7,999 7 7½	Shillelagh.
2,584 17 10	1,444 5 9	–	–	–	81 2 10	–	–	40 3 4	3,950 9 9	–	2,047 14 9	–	120 0 7¾	9,103 1 3¾	Skibbereen.
720 14 11½	824 1 11	–	–	–	41 19 4	–	–	6 6 5	1,593 2 7½	–	850 5 9	–	39 15 1½	3,563 3 1½	Skull.
1,520 3 1½	1,552 13 10	–	38 2 6	38 10 1	436 7 2	–	–	182 3 11	3,768 0 7½	315 8 5	469 13 5	–	1,830 4 9½	11,951 10 10	Sligo.
627 19 8	401 9 4	–	–	–	17 19 6	16 0 0	–	19 7 6	1,082 16 0	681 15 9	681 15 7	–	2,822 16 5	5,269 3 9	Strabane.
293 6 7	239 2 1	–	–	4 10 0	37 13 5	16 0 0	–	2 2 2	592 14 3	92 5 11	36 9 2	–	255 6 6	1,156 17 4	Stranorlar.
1,434 11 1½	741 16 4	–	–	17 10 0	105 2 5	2 12 0	–	13 18 1	2,315 9 11½	–	978 19 8	11 8 9	–	7,809 3 11⅜	Strokestown.
733 4 6¾	686 16 2	–	–	30 0 0	78 10 2	–	–	6 3 8	1,454 14 6¼	–	396 5 4	–	–	5,495 4 10¼	Swineford.
1,522 9 3	628 0 9	–	–	–	172 15 8	63 15 0	–	17 4 7	2,404 5 2	669 11 11½	663 13 0½	9 13 2	2,002 0 4⅜	6,429 14 4¾	Thomastown.
2,596 19 1½	1,464 1 10	–	6 9 6	–	77 6 0	–	–	70 18 9	4,215 15 2½	26 1 9	1,053 18 4	–	10 4 4½	8,614 15 11	Thurles.
4,204 2 0	2,154 12 11	–	–	–	257 9 7	1 0 0	–	86 13 9	6,703 18 3	–	–	–	–	13,709 9 8	Tipperary.
278 3 11½	277 15 3½	–	5 4 0	–	10 10 0	–	–	5 7 3	577 0 6	63 2 2	–	–	1,112 13 10¾	2,352 17 3	Tobercurry.
5,178 7 6½	2,789 9 4½	–	–	100 0 0	245 7 11	41 14 8	–	244 2 5	8,599 1 11	–	3,135 4 4	–	42 7 1½	18,884 0 4⅜	Tralee.
1,166 16 10½	787 11 0	–	24 19 1	17 10 0	105 10 8	26 4 5	–	19 16 8	2,148 8 8½	504 6 4	775 10 0	40 19 6	16 5 1¾	5,054 2 6½	Trim.
1,779 1 4	762 18 4½	–	–	38 15 0	131 4 1½	–	–	149 3 2	2,912 1 11½	411 16 6	1,824 1 5	–	–	14,913 16 5½	Tuam.
2,242 3 1¼	1,008 14 0	–	–	8 6 8	29 15 1	3 0 0	–	75 7 6	3,367 6 4½	–	–	–	–	9,014 2 3¼	Tulla.
2,681 14 2	1,201 7 6½	–	6 19 0	–	41 3 10	–	–	17 18 4	3,949 2 10½	–	†1,260 10 9	–	26 0 1	9,608 19 10	Tullamore.
1,448 10 5	577 1 10½	–	–	–	113 11 6	–	–	141 11 1	2,250 14 10½	390 18 11	921 5 11	18 13 1	798 14 7	5,612 3 11½	Urlingford.
3,846 2 0½	1,577 12 2	–	18 5 0	45 0 0	351 19 9	–	21 19 7	65 9 0	5,926 7 6¼	214 7 6	–	46 5 1	738 19 8¼	11,621 5 5	Waterford.
1,494 11 11½	831 14 9	–	–	–	220 5 0	–	–	180 17 0	2,727 8 8½	188 14 7	1,211 15 7	–	–	17,904 8 10	Westport.
2,260 5 0½	1,165 3 2¼	–	–	12 10 0	203 16 6	–	–	37 3 10	3,678 18 6¾	835 0 4	1,722 6 8	–	3,315 15 0¼	9,725 12 9¾	Wexford.
1,847 16 3½	1,072 1 7	–	1 9 0	152 0 0	179 17 5	–	–	51 4 4	3,304 8 7½	264 11 11	1,211 7 4	–	32 14 11	6,620 16 5½	Youghal.
262,929 0 4½	147,274 7 0	1,560 0 0	774 7 7	3,336 16 7	15,642 9 6¼	1,649 10 11	21 19 7	8,970 9 1½	*441,259 0 8	39,508 8 1½	117,512 7 4½	3,502 12 11½	83,745 1 7¾	1,264,574 16 7½	Total (163 Unions).

† was incurred in those Unions, between the 29th September and dates of change, amounting altogether to £56 6*s.* 6*d.*; making a total expenditure for relief of the poor in the half-year ended 25th March, 1852, of £441,315 7*s.* 2*d.*

No. III.—Summary of Audited Union Account

| Names of Unions. | CHARGE. | | |

alf-year ended 29th September, 1852.

s, for the Half-year ended 29th September, 1852.

DISCHARGE.															
Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.															
Total on account of In-Maintenance and Out-door Relief, including Medical Relief, and Relief by way of Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure for Relief to the Destitute Poor in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid.	Amount Repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
1,346 6 6½	810 16 11½	–	4 13 0	10 0 0	–	–	–	18 0 9	2,189 17 2¾	–	–	6 19 0	–	4,042 12 9¾	Abbeyleix.
647 2 3	426 3 5	–	–	10 0 0	–	–	–	15 4 7	1,098 10 3	–	–	537 4 6	1,170 18 10	2,806 13 7	Antrim.
870 18 6	598 10 4	–	–	–	31 5 2	–	–	47 6 9	1,548 0 9	–	379 17 11	402 19 4	1,360 14 5	3,691 12 5	Ardee.
504 5 1	509 2 11	–	16 1 0	–	–	–	–	34 13 10	1,064 2 10	–	–	506 0 8	–	2,592 17 1	Armagh.
2,076 1 3	602 13 10¾	–	–	–	7 5 10	5 10 0	–	23 18 8	2,715 9 7¾	–	267 10 4	67 13 9	1,103 2 0	4,198 19 1	Athlone.
1,243 2 5½	1,019 3 10	–	–	–	144 15 4	154 18 7	–	19 3 8	2,581 3 10½	–	136 11 7	370 17 5	–	4 224 8 5½	Athy.
885 9 11	550 15 7	–	–	–	10 0 0	–	–	33 2 6	1,479 8 0	–	123 15 0	164 19 3	206 1 6	2,786 16 1	Bailieborough.
1,530 1 7½	1,314 7 6	–	–	–	156 19 9	11 4 0	–	33 3 9	3,045 16 7½	–	563 12 5	45 17 10	645 2 9½	4,403 12 6¾	Ballina.
1,362 15 5	879 2 2¾	–	–	–	60 19 4	–	–	49 18 8	2,352 15 7¾	15 10 8	307 4 8	317 12 11	175 3 7	8,042 5 9	Ballinasloe.
1,844 9 2½	737 18 4½	–	–	–	48 14 1¼	–	–	138 11 8	2,769 13 4½	–	565 16 6	61 13 8	–	10,636 17 11½	Ballinrobe.
308 18 9	279 9 4	–	–	–	45 2 5	1 18 11	–	11 9 5	646 18 10	16 18 8	48 13 2	127 0 10	240 2 5	1,080 14 11¾	Ballycastle.
1,072 10 9	695 16 11¾	–	–	20 0 0	43 12 2½	19 10 0	–	11 7 11	1,862 17 10¼	–	537 17 4	221 4 10	–	7,079 0 5¾	Ballymahon.
382 15 4	597 11 5	–	–	–	49 0 0	–	–	15 9 4	1,044 16 1	–	–	329 17 0	536 5 4	2,195 6 3	Ballymena.
339 19 2	344 7 10	–	–	12 15 0	100 18 11	4 0 0	–	60 2 6	862 3 5	–	–	280 1 2	678 6 6	1,820 11 1	Ballymoney.
479 2 3	205 2 5	–	–	–	53 16 0	–	–	13 15 6	751 16 2	–	481 19 4	20 7 9	352 10 8	2,226 18 3	Ballyshannon.
1,001 2 5	756 11 8¾	–	–	7 0 0	11 16 3	–	–	27 12 2½	1,804 2 7¼	–	41 16 6	–	–	4,276 17 8¼	Ballyvaghan.
1,067 8 7	511 9 4½	–	–	–	168 14 7	51 0 0	–	27 6 9½	1,825 19 4	–	0 7 8¾	467 8 5	525 2 4	2,851 4 8½	Balrothery.
1,267 7 7	781 0 5½	–	–	15 0 0	85 13 9	1,151 2 4	–	18 13 4	3,318 17 5½	–	498 0 4	350 12 0	2 2 0½	5,804 13 11½	Baltinglass.
488 17 4	376 14 2¾	–	–	15 0 0	–	–	–	24 2 2	904 13 8¾	–	–	426 4 4	578 1 10¼	1,910 1 4¼	Banbridge.
1,102 8 11	575 16 1	–	–	–	124 16 6	–	–	20 0 0	1,823 1 6	1 16 8	94 2 9	234 8 8	–	10,353 9 1	Bandon.
1,443 16 10¾	829 16 8	–	–	25 0 0	105 16 6	–	–	114 4 0	2,518 14 0¾	–	214 6 9	32 5 3	61 19 7¾	5,830 8 11¾	Bantry.
369 15 11½	207 12 7	–	1 4 0	–	–	–	–	11 0 3	589 12 9½	23 6 8	356 3 7	149 12 1	–	3,352 19 6¾	Bawnboy.
3,797 5 11	2,113 18 2	–	–	67 7 9	215 8 2	–	–	285 17 7	6,479 17 7	–	–	1,107 6 0	7,406 19 10	15,436 7 2	Belfast.
1,366 16 9	366 1 9	–	–	–	43 18 8	–	–	48 5 9	1,825 2 11	–	269 1 7	21 16 0	5 15 9	2,667 1 11	Belmullet.
1,341 9 4¼	459 5 8¾	–	–	20 0 0	37 2 9	22 10 0	–	41 12 4	1,922 0 2	–	–	1 11 6	–	3,418 19 9½	Borrisokane.
1,006 16 9	708 3 6	–	–	–	150 12 3	–	–	75 12 0	1,941 4 6	–	1,001 1 11	33 18 11	–	10,044 5 0	Boyle.
2,505 13 1½	758 15 2½	–	–	–	118 10 0	–	–	62 10 8	3,445 9 0	–	–	56 8 6	23 11 5¾	6,588 3 6½	Caherciveen.
1,924 16 4½	871 1 11½	–	–	–	217 5 3	94 5 8	–	47 5 0½	3,154 14 3¾	512 12 5	–	159 19 2	966 8 1 5⅜	5,810 1 5⅜	Callan.
3,170 15 5½	1,567 9 10	–	–	150 0 0	342 3 10	1,142 8 0	–	60 15 6	6,373 12 7½	480 3 10	678 10 6	370 19 2	4,655 4 5	15,690 13 4½	Carlow.
1,025 6 9	495 11 3½	–	0 10 0	–	110 4 6	30 14 0	–	44 2 10	1,706 9 4½	–	24 1 10	233 17 6	127 2 11⅓	2,147 13 2¼	Carrickmacross.
684 11 3	921 16 6	–	6 0 0	16 5 0	145 10 8	–	–	41 6 9	1,815 10 2	–	1,044 1 2	87 17 1	–	7,740 16 10¼	Carrick-on-Shan.
1,395 12 1¼	1,126 0 0¼	–	–	–	343 3 4	9 3 5	–	248 2 10	3,122 1 8¾	–	633 15 4	76 0 7	–	5,078 18 1¾	Carrick-on-Suir.
4,691 14 6	1,895 5 8½	–	5 12 0	–	291 6 9	11 15 0	–	221 16 5	7,117 10 4½	–	49 11 4	53 13 2	–	13,015 19 6¼	Cashel.
1,327 15 1	681 8 5	–	–	30 0 0	61 1 7	–	–	121 14 3	2,221 19 4	–	305 4 2	25 0 0	–	11,249 4 7	Castlebar.
924 12 3¼	455 16 6½	–	12 1 6	25 0 0	138 0 3	9 17 8	–	44 6 3	1,609 14 5¾	–	–	364 18 5	718 0 1	3,119 16 2¾	Castleblayney.
861 5 8½	303 2 8½	–	–	–	4 3 6	23 0 0	–	21 19 1	1,213 11 0	–	26 2 9	138 17 8	–	1,390 18 6¼	Castlecomer.
159 7 9	134 19 6	–	–	–	27 6 4	3 0 0	–	4 8 0	329 1 7	–	377 2 9	136 3 0	–	860 5 1	Castlederg.
781 19 7	562 1 9	–	–	18 0 0	71 8 8	–	–	17 3 11	1,450 13 11	59 6 8	978 9 11	60 17 6	338 15 4⅜	3,904 19 9⅜	Castlerea.
822 12 5¾	432 4 4	–	–	6 0 0	29 17 0	–	–	11 12 1	1,302 5 10¼	–	424 8 8	37 5 10	177 7 10¼	2,611 16 0¼	Castletown.
308 11 1	194 8 7	–	–	–	26 5 6	–	–	16 10 10	545 16 0	–	38 8 10	245 3 0	75 7 5¼	911 18 1¾	Castletowndelvin.
1,345 5 0	324 16 2	–	3 0 0	7 10 0	–	2 10 0	–	21 2 3	1,704 3 5	524 15 5	185 14 4	18 3 5	–	11,719 7 11	Cavan.
716 5 2½	467 13 6	–	–	–	135 2 9	32 9 11½	–	14 14 1	1,366 5 6	93 16 6	288 18 3¾	–	251 1 0¾	2,331 10 9½	Celbridge.
1,209 9 6	807 11 9¾	–	–	–	19 10 1	12 0 0	–	17 18 3	2,666 9 7¾	205 4 6	136 15 10	18 6 6	–	6,446 10 9	Claremorris.
1,584 15 0½	982 14 10½	–	–	–	31 15 2½	–	–	328 4 0	2,927 9 1¾	–	217 19 11½	–	–	7,290 17 8¾	Clifden.
1,716 13 1½	1,125 12 8	–	–	–	136 1 11	–	–	48 11 5	3,026 19 1¾	–	–	280 6 11	45 14 9¼	7,704 3 11	Clogheen.
512 13 2	375 10 6¾	–	–	–	38 8 8	–	–	36 12 8	963 5 0¾	59 3 5	231 12 6	156 19 11	26 4 5½	2,024 12 4¼	Clogher.
603 6 10¾	477 9 1	–	–	10 17 7	22 12 5	–	–	16 9 10	1,130 15 9¾	–	–	137 12 2	–	2,852 14 9¾	Clonakilty.
693 2 10½	70 17 10	–	–	–	–	–	–	2 18 5½	766 19 2	–	–	38 9 9	–	1,650 9 2½	Clones.
4,107 13 3½	1,514 10 7½	–	4 3 0	–	216 14 0	–	–	76 3 1	5,919 4 0	–	–	225 9 6	480 6 9	7,049 0 7½	Clonmel.
521 18 4	422 13 2	–	–	–	107 15 5	15 0 0	–	11 16 6	1,079 3 5	72 2 7	–	321 17 8	230 15 2	1,716 16 4	Coleraine.
367 14 8	259 5 2	–	–	–	26 13 5	–	–	8 5 6	661 18 9	322 9 5	5 15 11	230 17 11	455 13 6	1,676 15 6	Cookstown.
760 17 1	441 9 1	–	3 7 0	–	82 4 10	8 0 0	–	44 1 10	1,339 19 10	–	–	239 6 9	888 4 0	2,548 4 2	Cootehill.
7,274 1 7	2,706 7 10½	–	–	50 0 0	181 4 0	7 0 0	–	221 4 1	10,439 17 6½	–	181 15 2	687 13 5	3,336 11 3½	16,519 1 0½	Cork.
1,092 12 11¾	837 7 3½	–	–	–	65 13 11	–	–	13 17 6	2,009 11 8¾	–	–	35 18 2	5 11 11¼	4,093 13 6¼	Corrofin.
1,248 17 2¼	913 1 4	–	–	–	173 13 1	906 2 8	–	28 7 2	3,270 1 5¼	34 15 10	–	38 7 6	81 17 8	5,698 9 10	Croom.

[continued.

No. III.—Summary of Audited Union Accounts for the

CHARGE.

Names of Unions.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of last Half-year.	Receipts on Account of Electoral Divisions. Amount of Poor Rate Lodged.	Repayment of Relief by way of Loan.	Amount raised by Rates or borrowed for Emigration Purposes.	Other Receipts, Viz.	Total Receipts in the Half-year.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of last Half-year.	In-Maintenance and Clothing. On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	In-Maintenance and Clothing. On account of Union Paupers.	Out-Relief in Money and in Kind. On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	Out-Relief in Money and in Kind. On account of Union Paupers.	Medical Relief.	Relief by way of Loan.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Dingle,	–	4,554 13 2	478 0 1	–	4 10 0	5,037 3 3	14,135 17 8½	19,233 0 11½	13,091 16 9¹	3,514 19 4	85 10 6	–	–	–	–
Donaghmore,	67 19 0	11 12 11	–	–	–	11 12 11	2,118 18 9½	2,198 10 8½	1,224 1 6¹	425 4 0¹	44 7 5	2 7 0	0 18 11	–	–
Dorsegal,	–	123 14 5	–	–	–	123 14 5	4,290 12 2½	4,414 6 7½	3,609 0 5¹	384 2 8	41 0 2½	–	–	–	–
Dowpatrick,	2,849 8 9½	97 14 0	–	–	–	97 14 0	943 11 9½	3,041 14 6½	–	1,166 18 10	145 15 6	17 13 8	–	–	–
Drogheda,	546 6 1¹	4,545 10 10	–	–	10 15 11	4,555 6 9	880 17 6½	5,992 10 5	1,244 12 9¹	825 3 5¹	341 4 10	34 5 3½	8 4 3	–	–
Dromore, West,	510 16 9	328 9 6	–	–	–	328 9 6	685 12 7	1,522 18 10	464 5 7¹	296 2 9	27 10 1	1 3 2	–	–	–
Dublin, North,	310 14 6¹	8,020 5 10	–	–	–	8,620 5 10	3,832 11 7½	12,823 11 6	3,251 11 2	5,420 8 2	1,041 15 2	–	–	–	–
Dublin, South,	3,352 6 5¹	11,425 6 0	–	–	–	11,425 6 0	1,206 1 9½	15,983 14 2½	647 12 5¹	6,382 7 6	1,068 15 5	137 5 5½	3 1 1½	–	–
Dundalk,	300 2 4	3,391 2 2	–	–	–	3,391 2 2	273 18 8½	3,965 3 2½	845 9 4½	854 16 2	139 11 4	0 7 8	–	–	–
Dunfanaghy,	589 18 10	369 16 4	–	–	–	369 16 4	140 3 5	1,099 18 7	69 6 7	105 8 8	14 5 6	–	–	–	–
Dungannon,	320 1 7½	1,333 0 11	–	–	–	1,333 0 11	23 7 6½	1,386 10 4	30 3 8	292 14 3	65 7 8	0 7 0	–	–	–
Dungarvan,	288 14 2¹	2,826 12 5	–	–	29 15 8	2,856 8 1	1,867 5 1	5,012 10 4½	1,487 11 7½	1,662 2 9	125 19 11	–	–	–	–
Dunmanway,	12 12 3	783 10 3	–	–	–	783 10 3	3,984 2 7½	4,780 5 1¹	3,353 18 4½	415 3 6	40 10 10	–	–	–	–
Dunshaughlin,	257 11 9½	2,028 12 3	–	–	–	2,028 12 3	484 19 0	2,771 3 0	62 13 1¹	774 10 10	105 1 2¹	139 5 7½	1 3 10½	–	–
Ennistymon,	–	2,486 15 11	–	–	0 5 11	2,487 1 10	2,380 12 4	4,787 14 2	2,192 18 7½	1,295 16 2	136 14 4	40 8 3	4 11 0½	–	–
Enniskillen,	–	6,731 9 6	–	–	–	6,731 9 6	7,382 15 4½	14,114 4 10	8,673 7 6½	3,543 9 10	289 13 8	3 7 7	4 10 5	–	–
Ennis,	–	6,731 9 6	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Enniscorthy,	467 1 8	1,747 12 3	–	–	225 11 2	1,973 3 5	3,752 18 2	6,193 3 3	2,388 1 0¹	1,987 5 8	382 7 1	–	–	–	–
Enniskillen,	–	467 6 1	1 5 0	–	–	468 11 1	5,000 6 6½	5,468 17 7½	3,472 0 4¹	687 4 3	96 2 2	–	–	–	–
Ennistymon,	–	3,841 7 7	–	–	–	3,841 7 7	2,847 3 4	6,689 10 11	2,792 17 0	2,705 0 8	389 12 9½	–	–	–	–
Fermoy,	250 10 1½	148 7 4	3 3 9	–	0 14 4	152 5 5	5,057 18 6	5,360 14 0¹	2,627 15 3	1,184 6 5¹	202 7 8	–	–	–	–
Galway,	–	3,818 12 10½	–	–	503 10 11	4,322 3 9½	13,012 12 9	17,334 16 6¹	12,004 4 10	3,534 16 7	186 2 6	3 10 5	0 12 5	–	–
Glenamaddy,		2,430 3 2	–	–	847 11 5	3,277 14 7	1,814 8 2	5,092 2 9	3,327 19 4	429 16 11	34 5 10½	8 6 1	0 19 3½	–	–
Glenties,	3 15 3	37 19 8	–	–	–	37 19 8	1,331 19 6	1,373 11 5	855 12 3	274 12 2	13 17 10	–	–	–	–
Glin,	–	1,323 14 1	–	–	–	1,323 14 1	2,895 8 6	4,219 2 7	1,716 14 5¹	1,240 1 10	42 15 1¹	–	0 0 6	–	–
Gorey,	8 13 7¹	2,392 14 1	–	–	31 14 9	2,424 8 10	4,173 1 4¹	6,606 3 10	3,632 4 9¹	1,275 0 6¹	438 19 2	4 19 3	0 3 1	–	–
Gort,	13 6 4¹	2,516 19 4½	–	–	1,404 16 5	3,921 15 9½	5,606 8 8	9,541 10 10	5,715 5 5½	2,102 4 5	132 17 7	–	–	9 13 4	–
Gortin,	304 2 9	862 10 4	–	–	–	862 10 4	224 6 0	1,387 19 1	392 18 7	146 10 4	24 6 5	–	–	–	–
Granard,	307 19 4	1,075 13 5	–	–	274 10 3	1,350 3 8	4,263 12 3	5,921 15 3	2,097 15 7½	1,551 11 2¹	65 19 8	–	–	–	–
Inishowen,	493 2 5	535 4 10	–	–	1 2 5	536 7 3	944 5 6	1,973 15 2	784 0 7	780 2 4	20 19 10	–	–	–	–
Kanturk,	–	1,503 16 2	–	–	885 14 11	2,389 11 1	9,812 14 4½	12,202 5 5	7,876 14 5¹	2,093 11 2	248 6 5	–	–	–	–
Kells,	1,168 2 7	252 10 11	–	–	33 16 6	286 7 5	817 5 9	2,211 15 9¹	41 1 5¹	1,248 13 3	128 3 11¹	0 12 5	–	–	–
Kenmare,	–	1,993 9 7¾	–	–	–	1,993 9 7¾	11,646 5 6¾	13,639 15 2½	9,361 11 2½	2,402 13 6	228 3 0	1 7 0	–	–	–
Kilfinane,	572 3 1¹	766 6 7	–	–	–	766 6 7	–	1,338 9 8¹	–	118 0 4¹	44 7 2	0 2 0	–	–	–
Kilkenny,	795 2 6¹	1,621 3 4	4 11 0	–	126 6 2	1,752 0 6	2,920 13 5¾	5,477 16 6¹	911 12 5¹	2,528 9 0½	441 1 9	1 7 0	0 17 5	–	–
Killaloe,	–	2,807 16 11	–	–	5,803 9 2	8,704 6 1	4,388 18 11	13,093 5 0	8,422 12 3	2,273 12 2	32 18 4¹	100 9 0¹	3 6 6½	–	–
Killarney,	53 3 2¹	1,675 0 0	–	–	843 5 6	2,518 5 6	776 13 2¹	3,348 1 10¹	1,164 11 4¹	1,297 4 4	41 3 8¹	–	–	–	–
Killeagh,	728 19 11¹	3,015 1 6	–	–	1,641 11 3	4,656 12 9	1,388 2 2¹	6,773 14 11	1,548 16 10	2,527 6 11¹	186 5 0	–	–	–	–
Killeshandra,	690 15 6¹	395 17 2	–	–	–	395 17 2	244 10 9	1,340 3 5¹	37 1 4¹	422 15 4¹	76 5 8¹	–	–	–	–
Killyleagh,	–	9,316 0 4	–	–	349 15 6	9,665 15 10	8,794 5 2¹	18,460 1 0¹	10,438 0 10¹	3,128 1 7¹	511 16 9¹	4 10 6¹	2 15 11	–	–
Kilrush,	–	5,943 5 2	–	–	3,217 4 1	9,160 9 3	14,642 19 6¹	23,803 8 9¹	13,504 13 10¹	5,746 17 8¹	91 16 11	1 15 3¹	–	–	–
Kinsale,	31 19 11	966 11 2¹	–	–	0 0 0¹	966 11 3	2,839 10 8¹	3,805 1 10¹	1,828 0 7¹	985 2 0	68 3 6¹	–	–	–	–
Larne,	66 14 4	2,764 1 3	–	–	–	2,764 1 3	135 1 4	2,965 16 11	736 12 3	466 11 8	86 13 1	–	–	–	–
Letterkenny,	410 2 9½	350 13 9	–	–	–	350 13 9	143 8 5	913 4 11¹	102 0 8	225 17 5	26 9 9	–	–	–	–
Limerick,	0 5 9¹	11,568 11 9	–	–	3,791 18 0	15,360 9 9	15,777 10 3¹	31,138 5 9¹	19,351 3 3	3,897 5 7¹	1,262 14 0¹	1 6 1	1 7 4	–	–
Lisburn,	1,148 9 10	184 14 2	–	–	11 9 3	196 3 5	517 5 6	1,861 18 9	44 3 8	511 4 9	86 6 3	–	–	–	–
Lismore,	448 12 1¹	764 14 7	–	–	25 10 6	790 5 1	3,006 12 8¹	4,245 9 10½	1,603 9 4½	1,370 9 10¹	167 16 11	–	–	–	–
Lisnaskea,	–	2,342 1 6	–	–	–	2,342 1 6	46 17 6	2,388 19 0	429 9 7	369 13 9	69 9 11	–	–	–	–
Listowel,	–	6,235 9 4	–	–	–	6,235 9 4	9,189 10 0	15,424 19 4	9,273 7 1	2,835 15 1	112 13 0	–	–	–	–
Londonderry,	1,146 13 6	1,188 2 10	2 5 6	–	–	1,190 8 4	141 15 10	2,478 17 8	305 9 5	565 12 7	240 13 8	–	–	–	–
Longford,	–	2,025 11 1	–	–	350 0 7	2,375 11 8	3,302 8 1¹	5,677 19 9¹	3,025 5 8¹	1,409 19 4	199 0 8	0 9 11¹	–	–	–
Loughrea,	–	2,414 15 10	–	–	–	2,414 16 10	6,556 12 11¹	8,971 9 9¹	6,112 7 5	1,228 14 8	120 3 7	–	–	–	–
Lowtherstown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	1,066 9 11	1,066 9 11	460 13 4	210 15 8	15 4 4	–	–	–	–
Lurgan,	840 10 2	2,682 12 9	–	–	5 2 2	2,687 14 11	246 19 2	3,775 4 3	104 19 3	567 19 3	92 0 1	–	–	–	–
Macroom,	213 5 10½	1,857 5 1	–	–	54 10 11	1,911 16 0	5,035 8 4	7,160 10 2½	4,674 13 6¼	1,551 7 8	85 16 9	–	–	–	–
Magherafelt,	1,234 10 2¹	701 15 2	–	–	–	701 15 2	2 19 5	1,939 4 9½	8 0 3	278 15 6½	53 7 6	–	–	–	–

f-year ended 29th September, 1852—*continued.*

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

otal on account of n-Maintenance d Out-door Relief, cluding Medical elief, and Relief y way of Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure for Relief to the Destitute Poor in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid.	Amount repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
3,080 0 10	1,875 [illegible] [illegible]	–	–	10 0 0	83 5 6	1 10 0	–	72 13 1	5,643 0 2½	–	478 0 1	20 3 10½	–	19,233 0 11½	Dingle.
483 17 4¼	288 19 7½	–	–	10 0 0	0 7 8	–	–	18 15 2½	801 19 10½	–	–	172 9 2	–	2,198 10 8	Donaghmore.
405 2 10½	236 16 7	–	–	93 13 4	14 0 10	–	–	10 5 0	759 18 7½	–	–	45 7 7	–	4,414 6 7¾	Donegal.
1,270 8 0	441 5 1	–	–	–	50 15 9	2 10 0	–	10 1 2	1,775 0 0	22 13 8	–	621 10 9	622 10 1¾	3,041 14 6¾	Downpatrick.
1,208 14 10½	670 14 4	–	–	65 0 0	113 12 9	–	–	58 8 5½	2,116 10 4½	440 5 1	1,015 15 1	458 12 10	716 14 0	5,932 10 5	Drogheda.
525 16 0	522 5 8	–	–	–	55 19 10	1 0 0	–	7 11 0	914 12 6½	6 0 0	61 7 6	7 0 11	66 12 9	1,522 18 10	Dromore, West.
6,382 3 4	2,296 12 7½	–	12 5 0	55 10 0	116 3 3	6 0 0	–	316 6 4	8,102 0 7½	–	257 15 2½	1,025 0 11	177 3 7	12,823 11 6	Dublin, North.
7,541 9 7	2,521 5 3½	–	1 5 0	91 10 0	941 16 11	1 0 0	–	152 14 10	11,451 1 7½	–	489 4 8	1,416 16 7	1,078 17 11½	15,983 14 2½	Dublin, South.
981 15 2	795 1½ 9½	–	–	24 15 4	125 7 2	–	–	48 6 6	1,972 16 11½	–	257 3 8	399 4 4	519 8 10¾	3,965 3 2½	Dundalk.
119 13 8	170 17 11½	–	–	–	–	64 14 4	–	2 6 1	357 12 0	14 6 2	84 12 2	148 8 0	425 13 8	1,099 18 7	Dunfanaghy.
308 8 11	392 0 8	–	–	10 0 0	–	–	–	11 18 5	722 8 0	–	391 9 6	367 6 9	375 2 2	1,886 10 1	Dungannon.
1,752 2 8	1,389 15 1	–	–	–	141 10 3	–	–	76 19 9	3,360 7 9	–	62 8 4	77 0 11½	25 1 8½	5,012 10 4½	Dungarvan.
459 14 10¾	215 6 4	–	–	3 15 0	–	–	–	9 17 6	688 13 8½	–	675 0 0	52 13 0	–	4,780 5 1¾	Dunmanway.
1,030 1 7½	609 2 1	–	–	–	88 6 11	14 0 0	–	31 17 10	1,773 8 5¼	–	–	340 2 2	594 19 3½	2,771 3 0¼	Dunshaughlin.
1,377 10 0	788 1 2	–	–	30 0 0	–	–	–	25 2 9	2,220 13 11	–	–	370 6 7	3 19 0½	4,787 14 2	Edenderry.
3,846 1 6¼	1,331 17 8	–	–	–	174 7 7	7 0 0	–	23 2 2	5,382 8 11¼	–	29 16 11	28 11 6	–	14,114 4 10¾	Ennis.
2,369 12 9	801 8 10½	–	–	7 10 0	31 16 0	–	–	44 16 9	3,255 4 4½	–	174 16 5	120 14 7	254 6 10	6,193 3 3	Enniscorthy.
783 6 5	574 9 0	–	1 6 0	50 0 0	54 18 11	–	–	12 0 6	1,476 0 10	–	146 10 7	374 5 10	–	5,468 17 7¼	Enniskillen.
3,155 13 5½	915 3 0½	–	–	–	183 10 9	79 5 5	–	144 8 10	4,478 1 6	–	–	–	–	10,530 18 6	Ennistymon.
1,393 14 1¾	1,032 6 3	–	–	–	139 4 0	–	–	53 12 4	2,618 16 8¾	–	–	189 12 7	24 9 5¾	5,460 14 0½	Fermoy.
3,742 1 11	233 17 5	–	–	30 0 0	178 14 2	–	–	133 0 0	4,317 13 6	2 10 1	385 10 5	24 17 8	–	17,334 16 6½	Galway.
513 8 2	156 4 3	–	–	35 14 0	60 4 3	5 0 0	–	63 3 11	833 14 7	35 6 2	719 19 0	89 9 0	85 14 8	5,092 2 9	Glennamaddy.
288 10 0	208 0 3	–	–	–	6 6 0	–	–	12 11 1	515 7 4	–	–	–	2 14 10	1,373 14 5	Glenties.
1,682 17 5¼	689 2 5¼	–	–	3 3 0	–	–	–	31 7 1	2,406 9 11½	–	72 0 0	23 18 2	–	4,219 2 7	Glin.
1,714 2 1¾	825 9 7	–	–	–	170 7 10	–	–	48 3 2	2,758 2 8¼	–	–	215 16 4	–	6,606 3 10	Gorey.
2,304 15 4	887 14 6	–	–	–	53 17 3	–	–	55 9 8½	3,301 16 9½	–	524 8 7	–	–	9,541 10 10	Gort.
170 16 9	247 10 1	–	–	–	–	–	–	3 12 9	421 19 7	–	287 15 9	6 11 6	278 18 8	1,387 19 1	Gortin.
1,617 10 10½	655 14 3¾	–	24 16 0	–	17 18 3¼	3 10 0	–	95 16 2	2,415 5 7½	0 8 7	135 0 1	67 17 6	205 7 10	5,921 15 3	Granard.
420 2 2	64 6 4	–	–	–	41 5 5	–	–	8 12 0	534 5 11	215 13 4	27 8 3	–	412 7 1	1,973 15 2	Inishowen.
2,781 17 7	1,270 8 3	–	–	15 0 0	101 16 7	25 0 0	–	54 4 0	4,228 6 5	–	17 5 1	80 2 6	–	12,202 5 5¾	Kanturk.
1,377 9 7½	509 16 10	–	–	10 0 0	5 3 6	5 14 10	–	26 19 4	1,935 4 1¼	–	42 8 10	74 14 11	118 6 5¼	2,211 15 9	Kells.
2,662 3 0	1,099 17 10	150 0 0	–	10 0 0	93 7 9	15 11 9	–	145 17 10	4,176 18 2	–	–	101 5 10	–	13,639 15 2½	Kenmare.
162 9 6½	158 15 11	–	–	–	19 3 3	–	–	15 13 4	356 2 0½	–	255 9 1	192 1 7	534 16 11¾	1,338 9 8½	Kilkeel.
2,884 15 2½	1,012 2 6	–	–	–	36 19 9	13 0 0	–	62 13 5	4,009 10 10½	–	145 18 4	379 15 2	30 19 8½	5,477 16 6½	Kilkenny.
2,439 6 1½	976 9 10½	–	–	–	84 14 2	776 19 10	–	15 16 2	4,284 6 2	–	337 14 2	45 12 5	–	13,090 5 0	Killadysert.
1,338 8 0	495 18 8	–	–	–	109 19 0	2 0 0	–	17 3 8	1,963 0 4	–	199 11 1	19 17 0	1 2 1	3,348 1 10½	Killala.
2,713 11 11½	1,012 12 1	–	–	–	212 4 10	188 10 0	145 2 0	117 7 0½	4,419 4 11½	20 3 5	61 16 11	93 0 10	630 11 11½	6,773 14 11	Killarney.
499 1 0¾	359 0 11	–	–	–	66 12 4	–	–	45 18 4	970 12 7¾	14 15 8	–	121 4 8	196 9 1½	1,340 3 5½	Kilmacthomas.
7,849 19 10	2,650 16 1½	–	–	15 0 0	148 11 1	202 16 8	–	68 8 0	8,926 2 9	–	1,282 10 11	337 5 8	37 1 2½	18,460 1 0½	Kilmallock.
9,053 5 6¾	413 16 6¾	–	–	12 10 0	–	–	–	21 7 11	1,501 0 0½	–	1,003 13 2	268 19 0	–	23,803 8 9¾	Kilrush.
553 4 9	418 0 0	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	735 17 4	17 8 9	288 17 9	191 16 11	7 17 9¾	3,835 1 10¾	Kinsale.
252 7 2	153 2 0	–	–	–	73 16 2	17 18 7	–	31 5 8	1,094 5 2	–	735 17 4	272 13 5	96 8 9	2,965 16 11	Larne.
2,162 13 1½	1,814 18 7	–	–	–	–	3 0 0	–	6 13 8	415 2 10	1 8 9	75 19 3	47 10 1	271 3 4½	913 4 11½	Letterkenny.
597 11 0	344 0 9	–	–	–	106 12 7	140 10 9	–	299 10 3	9,524 5 3½	–	891 0 1	618 1 0	453 16 2	31,138 5 9½	Limerick.
1,538 6 9¼	1,124 7 0	–	–	44 19 6	33 4 8	–	–	48 0 0	1,057 15 11	–	–	500 8 4	249 10 10	1,851 18 9	Lisburn.
439 3 8	389 5 8	–	–	–	106 4 6	–	–	20 8 7	2,789 6 10¼	–	92 0 3	287 17 5	72 15 11¾	4,245 9 10½	Lismore.
1,948 8 1	2,578 3 9	–	–	100 0 0	155 11 5	–	–	124 19 6	5,907 2 9	–	244 9 6	–	–	2,388 19 0	Lisnaskea.
805 6 3	444 8 6	–	–	–	96 13 11	165 6 11	–	32 7 5	1,545 3 0	–	–	321 16 2	306 9 1	15,424 19 4	Listowel.
1,609 9 11½	776 7 6¼	–	–	–	111 0 0	5 0 0	–	88 1 11½	2,580 19 5½	–	35 15 9	14 12 4	21 6 7	2,478 17 8	Londonderry.
1,348 18 3½	648 10 0½	–	–	–	59 17 4	4 0 0	–	19 5 6	2,080 11 1¾	39 0 0	721 7 6	18 3 9	–	5,677 19 9¾	Longford.
226 0 0	242 5 10	–	2 8 0	–	–	–	–	8 7 3	479 1 1	–	–	126 15 6	–	8,971 9 9½	Loughrea.
659 19 4	405 7 3	605 4 0	–	2 0 0	–	–	–	67 4 10	1,739 15 5	–	726 16 6	414 19 9	788 13 4	1,066 9 11	Lowtherstown.
637 4 5	383 2 11	–	–	10 0 0	66 15 7	–	–	19 14 6	2,116 18 5	–	119 8 8	56 14 3	192 15 3¾	3,775 4 3	Lurgan.
332 3 0½	323 3 11	–	–	13 10 0	69 18 11	–	–	45 16 7	784 12 5½	–	–	289 12 4	856 19 9	7,160 10 2½	Macroom.
														1,939 4 9½	Magherafelt.

[*continued.*

No. III.—Summary of Audited Union Accounts for t

Names of Unions.	CHARGE. Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of last Half-year.	Receipts on Account of Electoral Divisions. Amount of Poor Rate Lodged.	Repayment of Relief by way of Loan.	Amount raised by Rate, or borrowed for Emigration Purposes.	Other Receipts, if any.	Total Receipts in the Half-year.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Balances against Electoral Divisions at close of last Half-year.	In-Maintenance and Clothing. On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	In-Maintenance and Clothing. On account of Union Paupers.	Out-Relief in Money and in Kind. On account of Electoral Division Paupers.	Out-Relief in Money and in Kind. On account of Union Paupers.	Medical Relief.	Relief by way of Loan.	Total In- and O inclu Relie by
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Mallow,	–	405 4 8	0 15 0	–	–	405 19 8	14,452 5 5½	14,858 5 1¼	11,885 7 9¼	1,155 7 10½	321 5 1	–	–	–	–	1,
Manorhamilton,	8 19 0	2,713 1 4	–	–	–	2,713 1 4	1,155 12 6¾	3,877 12 10¾	1,906 14 1¼	405 0 10	35 15 5	–	–	–	–	
Midleton,	–	8,199 17 7	–	–	17 3 8	8,217 1 3	1,311 1 11¾	9,528 3 2¾	2,976 13 7	2,199 18 9	445 10 10¼	–	–	–	–	2,
Milford,	251 19 2	1,491 19 11	–	–	6 4 7	1,498 4 6	11 8 11½	1,761 12 7½	81 13 7	208 11 2	45 16 0	0 16 3	0 16 0	–	–	
Millstreet,	40 8 11½	875 8 6	–	–	838 1 3	1,713 9 9	2,269 18 8½	4,023 17 5	1,293 2 9¼	1,889 3 4½	169 13 10½	–	–	–	–	2,
Mitchelstown,	–	3,756 2 5	–	–	878 10 9	4,634 13 2	5,291 0 0½	9,925 13 2½	6,642 7 6¾	1,586 2 2¾	201 8 0½	–	–	52 4 7	–	1,
Mohill,	–	2,901 1 0	–	–	29 8 10	2,930 9 10	7,181 13 11½	10,112 3 9½	7,547 13 7¼	838 7 11¾	73 7 7	–	–	–	–	
Monaghan,	–	–	–	–	1 10 0	1 10 0	2,469 17 6	2,471 7 6	941 9 0	403 11 7	168 13 1	–	–	–	–	
Mount Bellew,	–	2,019 14 8	–	–	104 9 2	2,124 3 5	3,418 8 1½	5,542 11 6½	3,017 7 1½	907 2 4	57 14 4	4 12 1½	0 9 0	–	–	
Mountmelick,	822 9 3	404 2 1½	–	–	27 13 10	431 15 11½	5,364 5 11¾	6,618 11 2¼	2,921 4 4¼	1,797 7 3½	77 1 10	2 19 0½	1 7 7	–	–	1,
Mullingar,	26 3 4	254 1 6	–	–	–	254 1 6	5,250 18 5½	5,531 3 3¾	1,828 4 8	2,134 18 4¾	242 13 6½	–	–	–	–	2,
Naas,	10 11 6	355 17 10	–	–	–	355 17 10	8,289 3 2¾	8,655 12 6¾	5,642 0 0¾	1,583 13 2¾	242 18 0¼	7 14 0	0 4 7	–	–	1,
Navan,	199 14 0¼	2,916 16 1	–	–	–	2,916 16 1	1,615 1 0	4,731 11 1¼	1,405 2 10½	1,475 13 8	161 12 6¾	17 0 10	3 4 9	–	–	1,
Nenagh,	272 12 4¼	5,645 15 8	–	–	21 16 2	5,667 11 10	3,199 13 4½	9,139 17 7¼	1,316 3 3¾	3,342 4 11	241 11 3	4 3 9½	1 12 11	–	–	3,
Newcastle,	–	6,063 3 3	–	2,671 5 4	2,287 11 3	11,021 19 10	2,145 10 11¾	13,167 10 9¾	4,006 15 7	3,167 17 3	198 4 5	651 13 7	32 2 3	–	–	4,
Newport,	–	685 8 5	–	–	614 1 7	1,299 10 0	3,876 19 3¼	5,176 9 3¼	2,796 9 2¾	1,212 3 11¼	0 4 0	5 14 4½	0 2 2	–	–	1,
New Ross,	181 6 2¾	4,667 8 4	–	–	–	4,667 8 4	5,055 4 7¾	9,903 19 2½	3,557 8 6¼	2,645 15 0	743 11 1¼	164 7 7	11 12 4	–	–	3,
Newry,	3,709 15 4	10 9 2	0 14 6	–	–	11 3 8	1,444 18 0	5,165 17 0	571 17 4	725 2 6	144 13 6	2 13 8	–	–	–	
Newtownards,	640 0 4	2,242 0 0	–	–	1 9 0	2,243 9 0	397 0 6½	3,280 9 10½	193 13 2¾	521 17 1	251 2 4¾	–	–	–	–	
Newtownlimavady,	199 14 10	1,777 6 6	–	–	0 11 2	1,777 17 8	266 17 1	2,244 9 7	46 18 3	416 1 11	62 10 1¾	–	–	–	–	
Oldcastle,	754 9 7	3,007 11 2	–	–	174 18 9	3,182 9 11	342 14 8½	4,279 14 2½	247 6 3	1,253 12 8	98 2 0	–	–	–	–	
Omagh,	–	2,729 6 0	–	–	–	2,729 6 0	867 18 0	3,597 4 0	1,311 3 6	540 5 7	169 17 3	0 18 3	–	–	–	1,
Oughterard,	80 18 2¼	1,490 16 10	–	–	709 11 11	2,200 8 9	4,453 1 3¾	6,734 8 3	4,393 19 9	1,637 19 7½	39 10 4	3 0 4	0 0 4	–	–	
Parsonstown,	35 2 4¼	1,565 13 4	–	–	–	1,565 13 4	6,199 14 5	7,800 10 1¼	4,795 5 1	1,532 6 9	241 6 10½	–	–	–	–	1,
Portumna,	–	1,018 5 6	–	–	217 14 10½	1,236 0 4½	3,776 10 8¾	5,012 11 1¼	3,253 3 6	760 15 1	19 6 3	5 4 11	9 17 1	–	–	1,
Rathdown,	1,547 10 1¼	995 15 6	–	–	–	995 15 6	361 11 0¼	2,904 16 7½	149 2 0¾	793 0 8¼	326 5 8	0 5 6	1 12 4	–	–	
Rathdrum,	487 3 4	3,513 4 6	–	–	3 5 0	3,516 9 6	1,084 18 2¼	5,088 11 0¼	1,223 3 11¾	1,178 4 3¼	186 15 5¾	24 16 8	0 10 5½	–	–	1,
Rathkeale,	–	5,025 1 5	–	–	1,369 11 9	6,394 13 2	4,689 13 6	11,084 6 8	4,669 2 5¼	2,215 14 7½	295 18 8¾	–	0 4 9	–	–	1,
Roscommon,	–	1,843 6 1	–	552 10 0	1,436 5 4	3,832 1 5	2,150 6 8¾	5,982 8 1¾	1,924 9 1	1,686 13 0	59 5 1	11 9 0	–	–	–	2,
Roscrea,	124 5 0	369 5 5	–	–	0 7 6	369 12 11	4,453 5 5¾	4,947 3 7	2,379 3 7	1,293 5 7	195 18 4	4 3 4	1 16 2½	–	–	1,
Scariff,	–	3,950 16 9	–	–	–	3,950 16 9	7,584 5 9½	11,535 2 6½	7,230 18 10	1,826 16 7	55 10 10	–	–	–	–	1,
Shillelagh,	–	623 5 11	–	–	–	623 5 11	4,360 7 11	4,983 13 10	3,248 6 5¼	823 15 9½	127 15 4	–	–	–	–	1,
Skibbereen,	120 0 7¼	4,738 12 5	–	–	1,365 1 11	6,244 14 4	33 2 5½	6,397 17 5¼	1,656 13 8¾	2,225 14 11	99 4 7¾	–	–	–	–	
Skull,	39 15 1¼	1,125 4 1	–	–	924 9 6	2,049 13 7	117 0 10¾	2,206 9 7	366 9 9½	642 7 0½	16 9 7	–	–	–	–	2,
Sligo,	1,830 4 9¼	4,697 10 10	–	–	–	4,697 10 10	3,429 9 9	9,957 5 4½	3,594 12 11	1,197 10 0	169 19 6	1 1 6	–	–	–	
Strabane,	2,822 16 5	450 5 0	–	–	74 2 5	524 7 5	–	3,347 3 10	–	422 4 5	179 9 7	5 7 4	–	–	–	1,
Stranorlar,	255 6 6	975 2 7	–	–	–	975 2 7	263 7 11	1,493 17 0	275 14 9	222 1 8½	30 17 5	–	–	–	–	
Strokestown,	–	3,572 13 10	–	–	1,127 15 11	4,700 9 9	2,961 19 0¾	7,662 8 9¾	4,388 13 9¾	1,317 7 8	59 1 7	–	–	–	–	
Swineford,	–	1,343 3 2	0 13 6	–	276 2 6	1,619 19 2	3,879 10 6½	5,499 9 8½	3,579 14 0¼	690 6 6¼	46 17 3	5 19 0	–	–	–	1,
Thomastown,	2,002 0 4½	367 9 8	–	–	–	367 9 8	412 10 5¼	2,782 0 6	–	1,206 9 8¾	163 0 5¾	32 15 1	1 5 6	–	–	
Thurles,	10 4 4½	7,926 0 3	–	–	1,034 4 9½	8,960 5 0½	1,475 12 0¾	10,446 1 5½	4,525 17 10½	2,183 7 9	130 17 1	–	–	–	–	1,
Tipperary,	–	10,500 18 10	–	–	–	10,500 18 10	6,920 3 10	17,421 2 8	9,890 9 3	2,933 14 2	488 3 4	–	–	–	–	2,
Tobercurry,	1,112 13 10¾	124 18 3	–	–	–	124 18 3	9 13 0	1,247 5 1¾	–	219 6 0	9 6 5	1 8 10	–	–	–	3,
Tralee,	42 7 1½	4,487 4 11	–	–	3,252 6 9	7,739 11 8	6,002 4 7¾	13,784 3 5½	5,857 14 9½	5,134 1 6	230 2 1½	–	–	–	–	
Trim,	16 5 1¾	1,970 6 10	–	–	–	1,970 6 10	1,335 7 7½	3,321 19 7¼	1,315 10 0¼	841 13 10¾	98 7 9½	43 10 3¾	–	–	–	5,
Tuam,	–	2,195 9 6¾	–	–	1,482 7 1	3,677 16 7¾	8,562 8 8¾	12,240 5 4½	8,390 12 0½	1,977 5 9¼	125 17 0¼	2 16 1	0 11 10	–	–	
Tulla,	–	2,712 2 4	–	–	1,400 0 0	4,112 2 4	4,674 6 8	8,786 9 0	5,419 4 6¼	1,968 5 8	131 12 5¾	1 10 5½	0 15 2½	–	–	2,
Tullamore,	26 0 1	2,503 13 9	–	–	322 13 5	2,826 7 2	4,510 9 7½	7,362 16 10½	3,348 4 4	2,146 15 0½	247 5 9	163 15 1	4 5 4	–	–	2,
Urlingford,	798 14 7	1,015 7 5	4 13 10	–	99 9 0	1,119 10 3	562 1 10	2,480 6 8	155 19 2	1,076 13 0	97 2 5	14 8 0	3 0 4	–	–	1,
Waterford,	738 19 8¼	460 6 6	3 2 4	–	–	463 8 10	5,806 8 2	7,008 16 8¼	567 13 6¼	3,010 2 3¾	1,087 10 4½	6 18 1	0 17 6	–	–	4,
Westport,	–	1,090 2 0	–	–	1,581 6 6	2,671 8 6	10,433 9 1¾	13,104 17 7¾	9,738 4 9¾	1,656 17 3	22 17 4	8 17 5	–	–	–	1,
Wexford,	3,315 15 0¼	3,062 0 7	2 11 8	–	–	3,064 12 3	152 0 5¾	6,532 7 9	61 6 2¾	1,678 15 6¾	503 5 7½	1 19 0	–	–	–	2,
Youghal,	32 14 11	4,994 10 0	–	–	25 1 2	5,019 11 2	772 16 11	5,825 3 0	1,684 5 1¼	1,775 7 6¾	323 3 11¼	–	–	–	–	2,
Total (163 Unions),	83,745 1 7¾	376,399 2 11¾	513 11 8	4,115 0 4	52,790 15 2¾	433,818 10 2	510,493 15 4¾	1,028,057 7 2	459,652 7 3¼	226,956 16 5¾	31,933 6 4¼	2,408 9 6½	118 7 2¼	69 18 5	3 0 10	26

Half-year ended 29th September, 1852—*continued.*

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

...account of ...intenance ...door Relief, ...g Medical ...and Relief ...r of Loan.	Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Workhouse Loans.	Vaccination Expenses.	Expense of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Funerals, Elections, Law and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure for Relief to the Destitute Poor in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid.	Amount Repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
6 12 11½	814 1 0½	–	–	8 0 0	129 12 11	–	–	61 6 10	2,489 13 9	–	134 14 5	348 9 2	–	14,858 5 1¼	Mallow.
0 16 3	430 4 4	–	–	–	26 8 2	–	–	18 16 0	916 4 9	374 14 9	217 4 0	98 19 6	363 15 9½	3,877 12 10¾	Manorhamilton.
5 9 7½	918 10 2	–	0 16 0	16 0 0	66 6 8	–	–	34 19 10	3,682 2 3¼	–	1,592 13 5	23 1 10	1,253 12 1½	9,528 3 2¾	Midleton.
5 19 5	199 1 0	–	2 0 6	–	48 14 11	0 15 0	–	6 17 11	513 8 9	–	443 13 11	182 6 9	540 9 7½	1,761 12 7½	Milford.
8 17 3	484 17 0¾	–	–	–	83 14 8	–	–	6 13 6	2,634 2 5¾	–	–	52 14 6	43 17 8	4,023 17 5	Millstreet.
9 14 10	995 12 11¾	–	–	10 0 0	131 0 1	–	–	16 11 3	2,992 19 1¾	–	209 18 10	80 7 8	–	9,925 13 2½	Mitchelstown.
1 15 6¼	476 4 3	–	–	–	42 12 8	5 17 8	–	25 2 1	1,461 12 2¼	172 9 8	853 9 9	76 18 7	–	10,112 3 9½	Mohill.
2 4 8	464 4 1	–	–	–	–	–	–	12 12 0	1,049 0 9	–	–	480 17 9	–	2,471 7 6	Monaghan.
9 17 9½	1,159 18 1½	–	–	–	76 8 3	19 0 0	–	56 14 8	2,281 18 10	–	170 0 2	73 5 5	–	5,542 11 6½	Mount Bellew.
8 15 9	1,184 19 2¾	–	–	–	178 18 8	–	–	41 16 0	3,284 9 7¾	–	–	363 5 6	49 11 8¼	6,618 11 2¼	Mountmelick..
7 11 10½	899 13 4	–	–	–	41 2 6	–	–	95 10 11	3,413 18 7½	–	–	289 0 0	–	5,531 3 3½	Mullingar.
4 9 9¾	614 4 3¾	–	3 9 0	–	8 17 10½	324 11 9	–	19 5 5	2,824 18 2	–	16 17 8	171 16 8	–	8,655 12 6¾	Naas.
7 11 9¾	586 13 2	–	–	5 0 0	72 18 0	3 0 0	–	23 7 6	2,348 10 5¾	–	882 14 10	68 19 4	26 3 7	4,731 11 1¼	Navan.
9 12 10½	384 17 3½	–	–	–	244 11 3	857 0 0	–	273 19 11¾	5,350 1 4¼	–	2,186 0 9	114 3 7	173 8 6¾	9,139 17 7¼	Nenagh.
9 17 6	1,767 8 10½	–	–	7 8 0	101 0 9	2,822 7 8	–	77 11 11½	8,825 14 9	–	132 9 6	150 3 0	52 7 11¾	13,167 10 9¾	Newcastle.
8 4 6	890 8 1	–	–	4 3 0	28 6 3½	–	–	16 12 7	2,157 14 5½	–	220 18 11	1 6 8	–	5,176 9 3¼	Newport.
5 6 0¾	1,047 2 3	–	–	25 0 0	97 18 9	–	–	36 16 5	4,772 3 5¾	215 5 3	1,077 8 3	219 5 7	62 8 1½	9,903 19 2½	New Ross.
2 9 8	464 18 11	–	–	36 12 8	10 9 5	5 0 0	–	35 7 4	1,424 18 0	–	–	667 7 8	2,501 14 0	5,165 17 0	Newry.
2 19 5½	384 19 6	–	–	–	10 0 0	–	–	28 15 10	1,196 14 9½	874 15 2	–	471 1 2	544 5 6¼	3,280 9 10½	Newtownards.
8 12 0	372 19 7	–	–	–	–	–	–	13 16 4	865 7 11	–	915 3 9	216 12 2	200 7 6	2,244 9 7	Newtownlimavady.
1 14 8	568 13 11	–	1 2 6	10 0 0	74 2 9	63 8 0	–	29 9 0	2,098 10 10	–	198 6 8	222 4 1	1,513 6 4½	4,279 14 2½	Oldcastle.
1 1 1	415 2 8	–	–	–	–	–	–	16 10 3	1,142 14 0	86 11 7	689 5 1	280 5 4	87 4 6	3,597 4 0	Omagh.
0 10 7½	367 12 1½	–	–	–	39 18 9	–	–	26 10 0	2,114 11 6	–	224 16 0	1 1 0	–	6,734 8 3	Oughterard.
3 13 7½	795 16 1	–	–	46 5 0	206 5 2	–	–	36 2 6	2,858 2 4½	–	105 1 8	38 11 1	3 9 10¾	7,800 10 1½	Parsonstown.
6 3 4¾	444 2 6	–	–	–	117 18 9	–	–	40 19 0	1,389 3 7¾	–	355 3 11½	15 0 0	–	5,012 11 1¾	Portumna.
1 4 2¼	831 13 9¾	–	–	–	25 12 2	–	–	40 13 4	2,119 3 6	–	139 14 6	392 14 2	194 2 4¾	2,904 16 7½	Rathdown.
0 6 10¾	843 12 3½	–	2 3 0	–	144 14 1	200 10 5	–	44 7 11	2,625 14 7¼	–	290 6 4	339 14 10	609 11 3¼	5,088 11 0¼	Rathdrum.
1 18 1½	1,886 8 11½	–	–	75 0 0	322 15 9	1,046 2 6	–	67 0 4	5,909 5 7¾	–	457 19 8	47 18 11	–	11,084 6 8	Rathkeale.
7 7 1	1,445 1 9	–	–	–	46 1 3	485 10 2	–	56 19 3	3,790 19 6	–	10 18 7	55 5 7	200 15 4¾	5,982 8 1¾	Roscommon.
5 3 6¼	783 7 6	–	–	–	33 14 9	–	–	29 19 2½	2,342 4 11¾	–	11 12 2	214 2 8	–	4,947 3 4¼	Roscrea.
2 7 5	2,117 4 6	–	5 0 0	15 4 4	182 6 5	2 0 0	–	70 3 3½	4,274 5 11½	–	–	29 17 9	–	11,535 2 6½	Scariff.
1 11 1½	433 12 7¼	–	–	10 6 10	16 5 9	–	–	18 2 8	1,429 18 11¾	–	–	305 8 5	–	4,983 13 10	Shillelagh.
5 19 6¾	1,461 12 10	–	–	–	124 19 5	–	–	46 5 2	3,948 16 11¾	–	30 0 3	135 2 8	627 3 9¾	6,397 17 5¼	Skibbereen.
8 16 7½	826 11 7	–	–	–	65 0 11	–	–	11 16 8	1,562 5 9½	–	81 5 1	33 8 1	163 0 10	2,206 9 7	Skull.
8 11 0	1,174 0 3	–	–	20 0 0	22 13 0	–	–	205 19 9	2,791 4 0	–	1,129 5 4	371 15 8	2,070 7 5½	9,957 5 4½	Sligo.
7 1 4	320 1 2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1,777 3 6						
2 19 1½	210 11 8	–	–	–	–	23 8 6	–	4 12 10	491 12 1½	38 7 8½	291 10 3	221 0 9	175 11 5	1,493 17 0	Stranorlar.
6 9 3	755 18 0	–	–	17 10 0	111 13 2	380 11 5	–	26 2 5	2,668 4 3	–	579 10 0		26 0 9	7,662 8 9¾	Strokestown.
3 2 9¼	492 17 3	–	–	–	67 3 0	–	–	22 12 8	1,325 15 8¼	–	523 7 4	70 12 8	–	5,499 9 8¼	Swineford.
3 10 9½	616 4 5	–	–	–	10 14 4	62 10 0	–	15 3 1	2,108 2 7½	15 7 4½	22 12 3½	254 0 8	381 17 6¼	2,782 0 6	Thomastown.
4 4 10	1,692 17 0¾	–	–	–	150 15 10	2 0 0	–	58 14 8	4,218 12 4¾	–	1,389 13 4½	165 4 5	146 13 4¾	10,446 1 5½	Thurles.
1 17 6	2,257 14 10	–	–	10 0 0	69 0 3	5 10 0	–	142 0 5	5,906 3 0	–	1,596 6 5	28 4 0	–	17,421 2 8	Tipperary.
0 1 3	204 8 5	–	–	–	35 8 4	–	–	8 0 7	477 18 7	–	–	77 10 10	691 15 8¾	1,247 5 1¾	Tobercurry.
4 3 7½	1,694 13 2	–	–	15 0 0	324 15 0	154 16 0	15 0 1	194 4 5	7,762 12 3½	–	130 18 7	29 2 6	12 15 3½	13,784 3 5¼	Tralee.
3 12 0	621 10 0	–	–	17 10 0	40 17 10	149 6 6	–	48 17 11	1,861 14 3	–	–	115 9 2	29 6 2	3,321 19 7¾	Trim.
6 10 8½	1,119 6 4¼	–	2 0 0	10 0 0	88 18 2¾	8 2 2	–	33 12 0½	3,368 9 6	–	434 17 9	46 6 1	–	12,240 5 4½	Tuam.
2 3 9¾	836 14 6	–	–	70 0 0	51 13 7	13 0 0	–	22 8 2	3,096 0 0¾	–	–	271 4 5	–	8,786 9 0	Tulla.
2 1 2½	1,134 4 6	–	12 10 0	–	107 19 8	–	–	41 18 11	3,858 14 3½	–	31 7 7	119 3 9	5 6 11	7,362 16 10½	Tullamore.
1 3 9	713 12 9	–	–	11 10 0	21 3 0	–	–	37 8 0	1,974 17 6	–	–	273 18 5	75 11 7	2,480 6 8	Urlingford.
5 8 3¼	1,607 9 10¼	–	–	45 0 0	13 3 5	178 18 4	–	183 15 5	6,133 15 3½	–	–	283 6 0	24 1 10½	7,008 16 8¼	Waterford.
3 12 0	1,098 9 2	–	2 17 0	45 0 0	57 11 1	–	–	125 17 7	3,018 6 10	–	338 6 0	10 0 0	–	13,104 17 7¾	Westport.
4 0 2¼	1,070 9 8¾	–	–	12 10 0	76 11 0	–	–	39 16 5	3,383 7 4	–	299 12 8	534 12 11	2,253 8 7½	6,532 7 9	Wexford.
3 11 6	1,304 13 8	–	–	–	123 9 9	–	–	122 1 6	3,648 16 5	–	185 6 1	169 9 2	137 6 2¾	5,825 3 0	Youghal.
9 18 9¾	129,880 15 7½	755 4 0	134 1 6	1,839 3 4	14,065 9 9¼	12,391 11 0½	160 2 1	9,038 18 3¾	429,755 4 5½	5,098 3 6	44,609 6 11¼	32,170 11 9	56,771 13 3	1,028,057 7 2	Total (163 Unions.)

ued

No. IV.—Summaries of Tables Nos. II. and III., showing the Total Receipts, Expenditure, and Balances, for the Half-years ended 25th March and 29th September, 1852, respectively.

1.—Summary of Table No. II.:—Half-year ended 25th March, 1852:—163 Unions.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	*Cr.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	51,212 13 3¼	By balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	579,047 5 10¾
„ Amount of poor-rate collected and lodged during the half-year ended 25th March, 1852,	700,040 7 5½		„ In-maintenance and Clothing of Electoral Division Paupers during half-year ended 25th March, 1852,	226,792 14 5	
„ Amount of repayment of relief by way of loan,	55 10 6½		„ Ditto, of Union Paupers,	31,711 4 0	
„ Amount of other receipts,	50,018 2 4		„ Out-door relief, maintenance of Electoral Division Paupers, during the above period,	2,265 13 10	
			„ Ditto, of Union Paupers,	124 17 2¾	
			„ Amount expended for Medical Relief, on Out-door Paupers,	1,130 18 7	
			„ Relief by way of Loan,	3 12 4	
		750,114 0 4			262,029 0 4¾
			„ Establishment expenses,	147,374 7 0	
			„ Repayment of workhouse loans,	1,560 0 0	
			„ Vaccination expenses,	774 7 7	
			„ Valuation expenses,	3,336 16 7	
			„ Amount of Collectors' poundage,	15,642 9 6¾	
			„ Emigration expenses,	1,649 10 11	
			„ Amount of Emigration Loan repaid, and interest thereon,	21 19 7	
			„ Funerals, election, law, and other expenses,	8,971 9 1½	
					179,230 0 3¾
			„ Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid,	30,508 8 1¾	
			„ Amount repaid under Loans & Annuities' Act, 13 Vic., c. 14,	117,512 7 4½	
			„ Expenses under Medical Charities' Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68,	3,502 12 11½	
					160,523 8 5
„ Balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	463,248 3 0¾	„ Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this half-year,	—	83,745 1 7½
Total,	—	1,264,574 16 7½	Total,	—	1,264,574 16 7½

2.—Summary of Table No. III.:—Half-year ended 29th Sept., 1852:—163 Unions.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	*Cr.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	83,745 1 7½	By balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	459,652 7 3¼
„ Amount of poor-rate collected and lodged during the half-year ended 29th September, 1852,	376,389 2 11¾		„ In-maintenance and Clothing of Electoral Division Paupers during half-year ended 29th September, 1852,	226,956 16 5¾	
„ Amount of repayment of relief by way of loan,	513 11 8		„ Ditto of Union Paupers,	31,933 6 4¼	
„ Amount raised by rate or borrowed for emigration purposes,	4,115 0 4		„ Out-door relief, maintenance of Electoral Division Paupers during the above period,	2,408 9 6½	
„ Amount of other receipts,	52,790 15 2½		„ Ditto of Union Paupers,	113 7 2¾	
			„ Amount expended for Medical Relief on Out-door Paupers,	69 18 5	
			„ Relief by way of Loan,	3 0 10	
		433,818 10 2			261,489 18 9¾
			„ Establishment expenses,	129,899 15 7½	
			„ Repayment of workhouse loans,	755 4 0	
			„ Vaccination expenses,	131 1 6	
			„ Valuation expenses,	1,989 3 4	
			„ Amount of Collectors' poundage	14,065 9 9½	
			„ Emigration expenses,	12,391 11 6½	
			„ Ditto Loan repaid,	169 2 1	
			„ Funerals, election, law, and other expenses,	9,038 18 2¾	
					168,265 5 7¾
			„ Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid,	5,099 3 6	
			„ Amount repaid under Loans & Annuities' Act, 13 Vic., c. 14,	44,609 6 11¼	
			„ Expenses under Medical Charities' Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68,	32,170 11 9	
					81,878 2 2¼
„ Balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	510,493 15 4¼	„ Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this half-year,	—	56,771 13 3
Total,	—	1,028,057 7 2	Total,	—	1,028,057 7 2

No. V.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish-
Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	297	18	1	268	18	10	72	10	5	6	1	10	24	10	3
Antrim,	290	2	0	34	18	8	4	0	3	16	18	9	53	15	0
Ardee,	366	9	4	37	18	9	80	18	11	20	0	0	38	4	0
Armagh,	331	13	1	66	5	4	20	5	6	21	11	8	38	18	3
Athlone,	602	12	6	190	7	10	13	4	8	28	2	7	44	14	11
Athy,	445	17	6	27	5	3	158	0	6	4	0	0	84	12	9
Bailieborough,	334	17	7	90	15	0	40	19	1	23	15	7	22	8	3
Ballina,	429	16	3	151	12	5	74	9	10½	3	0	0	30	11	2
Ballinasloe,	444	19	2¼	45	13	2	11	13	2	20	6	10	61	17	4
Ballinrobe,	499	5	2¾	96	14	4½	48	1	4	6	3	10	55	13	5
Ballycastle,	196	2	0	43	19	11	13	3	0	5	1	5	22	6	10
Ballymahon,	292	4	7½	87	12	9	75	16	7¾	18	7	6¼	55	5	5
Ballymena,	364	5	5	116	12	6	185	7	7	18	13	11	31	9	1
Ballymoney,	258	0	4	65	13	11	21	19	0	13	0	0	24	14	5
Ballyshannon,	192	2	8	30	7	2	13	14	3	1	5	6	5	13	9
Ballyvaghan,	276	4	7¼	204	18	7	177	5	3	0	8	2	122	3	9
Balrothery,	323	7	6	56	18	3	69	11	1	6	4	9	42	13	3
Baltingiass,	459	13	1	58	4	2	43	12	4	7	17	8½	34	3	6
Banbridge,	300	0	3¼	51	7	9	15	18	9	12	0	0	18	13	8
Bandon,	369	17	1¼	30	4	11¼	15	18	8½	2	13	11¾	65	5	6¾
Bantry,	378	9	6	50	12	8	16	10	1	17	15	5½	14	3	11
Bawnboy,	247	1	2	12	17	10	7	14	7	1	8	2	5	19	2
Belfast,	870	3	0	356	9	10	344	16	4	43	19	0	154	13	1
Belmullet,	196	15	0	43	0	6	39	2	4	4	12	7	31	10	0
Borrisokane,	218	18	0	44	1	7	54	18	7	13	3	9	57	18	11
Boyle,	420	11	7	138	0	8	21	19	5	3	15	0	35	3	1
Caherciveen,	531	0	9¼	522	0	3	95	16	8	2	16	0	28	16	3
Callan,	407	15	0	116	14	6	60	3	1	15	4	6	68	5	6
Carlow,	785	15	6	147	13	2	246	6	5	35	10	2	160	5	4
Carrickmacross,	286	11	4½	92	2	1	86	19	9	19	10	0	43	14	11
Carrick-on-Shannon,	231	12	2	57	4	0	95	10	4	16	8	3	26	5	1
Carrick-on-Suir,	617	10	9½	505	6	9	39	4	10	23	5	3½	112	5	2
Cashel,	848	12	7¾	271	18	7	265	0	6	93	17	4½	125	15	10
Castlebar,	414	17	0	203	1	6	34	2	4	10	10	6	27	4	0
Castleblayney,	518	1	10	87	14	0	60	10	10	11	10	0	36	18	7
Castlecomer,	207	13	10½	18	0	1½	28	18	7½	3	8	6	22	1	9
Castlederg,	169	18	4	14	8	10	6	16	10	2	2	8	8	4	4
Castlerea,	330	6	9	147	9	6¼	11	2	3¾	7	9	0¼	50	6	9½
Castletown,	218	13	0	85	0	2	29	8	8	12	19	1	2	10	3
Castletowndelvin,	121	12	5½	12	19	8½	8	13	2¼	3	16	4½	43	11	5
Cavan,	372	1	7	63	6	5	33	9	9	1	17	6	19	16	11
Celbridge,	239	16	9	318	12	8	28	7	11		–		20	3	4
Claremorris,	483	15	1½	1	10	2	27	11	10		–		60	16	7½
Clifden,	450	14	7	1,046	2	8	101	13	6½	10	18	6	68	11	6
Clogheen,	562	18	11½	149	0	4	90	4	9½	31	10	1	23	13	4
Clogher,	277	17	3¼	156	8	5	62	10	4	1	0	0	36	5	8
Clonakilty,	314	9	2¾	15	1	8¾	176	9	10	9	11	0	70	19	6¼
Clones,	244	13	10	85	4	9	43	6	0	2	15	6	18	18	0
Clonmel,	711	16	11	115	16	7	124	6	11	27	7	4	73	16	5
Coleraine,	264	9	7	69	19	6	11	6	1	17	0	8	48	10	11
Cookstown,	198	12	4	1	0	0	6	1	2	17	0	3¾	31	16	4
Cootehill,	334	19	4	112	6	3	8	14	7	25	0	6	47	11	4
Cork,	1,140	14	0	2,948	12	0	216	3	9	53	18	4	215	15	3
Corrofin,	231	19	7¾	282	14	10	121	15	6	2	8	0	123	3	10
Croom,	442	7	11	297	8	0	69	10	6		–		171	3	1

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. II.) of the Audited Accounts of 25th MARCH, 1852.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
2	10	6	19	9	5½	9	5	6	7	16	0	709	0	10½	108	5	0	600	15	10½
22	6	2	38	14	8	6	0	6	85	7	4	552	3	4	160	13	4	391	10	0
38	3	0	40	12	2	1	0	0	9	10	3	632	16	5	17	4	4	615	12	1
1	6	3	5	0	0		–		21	14	4	506	14	5	70	14	8	435	19	9
79	13	4	147	5	0	6	13	4	4	2	1	1,116	16	3	0	15	1	1,116	1	2
76	0	7	56	10	10		–		13	18	11½	866	6	4½	100	2	4½	766	4	0
42	17	5	184	10	0		–		16	3	3	756	6	2	56	6	2	700	0	0
	–		228	5	4		–		2	3	6	919	18	6½	17	6	6	902	12	0½
26	16	4	105	12	8	8	9	8	27	5	5	752	13	9¼	31	13	1	721	0	8¼
26	12	10	13	16	11	5	5	9	42	12	2½	794	5	10¾	38	5	10	756	0	0¾
23	4	0	8	4	3		–		6	17	6	318	18	11	52	6	0	266	12	11
17	15	0¾	100	7	6¼	6	14	9¾	28	0	7½	682	4	11¾	122	7	4¼	559	17	7½
36	15	5	2	10	0	6	0	0	1	13	0	763	6	11	116	9	3	646	17	8
13	19	5	2	0	0	7	10	0		–		406	17	1	56	14	0	350	3	1
1	1	0	12	17	6		–		12	15	6	269	17	4		–		269	17	4
39	3	8	212	15	7	1	0	0	31	13	11	1,065	13	6¼	0	2	6	1,065	11	0¼
38	2	8	33	3	5	5	12	6	0	4	0	575	17	5	54	15	9	521	1	8
39	9	11	35	7	9	7	14	3	11	3	9	697	6	5½	29	10	7	667	15	10½
13	6	2	11	12	2		–		39	9	3½	462	8	0¾	101	1	8	361	6	4¾
0	19	2	134	15	1	3	18	1¼	33	7	4¼	657	0	0	41	9	9	615	10	3
2	19	9	69	1	2	3	13	1	15	19	7¼	569	5	2¾	15	12	5½	553	12	9¼
15	17	7	13	17	3	1	16	6	5	6	7	311	18	10	10	9	11	301	8	11
243	17	3	29	3	5	5	10	0	131	13	9	2,180	5	8	175	12	4	2,004	13	4
29	9	0	63	0	0		–		2	8	0	409	17	5	1	10	0	408	7	5
33	0	10	71	3	5	4	0	5	2	18	0	500	3	6	6	15	1	493	8	5
64	13	4	21	8	6	9	18	9	39	16	8	755	7	0	34	3	9	721	3	3
	–		185	5	0	1	14	6	47	6	9	1,414	16	2¼	4	16	9	1,409	19	5¼
65	1	11	85	17	3½	1	12	5½	11	13	9½	832	8	0½	1	1	0	831	7	0½
106	1	6	227	9	10	16	2	6	25	1	0	1,750	5	5	84	19	7¾	1,665	5	9¼
47	13	4½	9	3	1	8	10	9	4	8	11	598	14	3	26	0	0	572	14	3
	–		26	12	11	7	2	6	3	0	0	463	15	3	3	0	8	460	14	7
162	2	1	145	8	3	21	17	6	15	18	6	1,642	19	1¾	18	17	0	1,624	2	1¾
60	19	1	460	14	10	3	13	6	131	16	11	2,262	9	3¼	80	16	0¼	2,181	13	3
	–		80	7	6	11	14	3	14	13	4	796	10	5	7	5	6	789	4	11
50	8	1		–		8	18	0	4	10	1	778	11	5	34	15	3	743	16	2
15	8	7½	29	1	6½	1	12	2½	21	18	11	348	4	2	6	17	4	341	6	10
13	10	0	3	9	6	2	5	0	67	11	8	288	7	2	70	7	2	218	0	0
20	3	4¼	54	13	1¾	5	15	1½	20	2	10¾	647	8	11	30	9	2¾	616	19	8¼
26	5	5	6	4	8	8	0	9	11	8	8¾	400	10	8¾		–		400	10	8¾
3	0	9	6	18	5	0	14	0½	8	18	11¾	210	5	4	2	1	1	208	4	3
28	1	11	58	2	6	1	9	7	16	18	8	595	4	10	110	15	11	484	8	11
22	5	7		–			–		11	7	10	640	14	1		–		640	14	1
12	12	1	62	2	1		–		10	0	0	658	7	11		–		658	7	11
	–		148	16	10½		–		42	1	10	1,868	19	6	7	8	3	1,861	11	3
0	5	4	76	5	4	1	16	0	163	6	10	1,099	1	0	123	0	7¾	976	0	4¼
19	1	2	0	15	2	5	9	3	10	1	3	569	8	6¼	36	4	1	533	4	5¼
22	9	11	96	2	7	4	9	1¾	10	3	7¾	719	16	7¼	35	0	8	684	15	11¼
15	19	5	21	7	0	5	0	0	5	6	3	442	10	9	166	18	9	275	12	0
19	16	0	86	16	10	8	10	0	2	10	0	1,170	17	0		–		1,170	17	0
8	19	7	12	16	7	0	5	9	10	3	8	443	12	4	142	2	0	301	10	4
0	16	10	60	16	11	1	1	0	19	19	8	337	4	6¾	16	6	3¾	320	18	3
42	1	3	25	0	0		–		2	0	9	597	14	0	24	3	9	573	10	3
353	3	4	327	4	1	36	5	0	49	14	6	5,341	10	3	76	1	7	5,265	8	8
25	15	7	180	19	10	2	8	4	15	9	2	986	14	8¾	0	8	7	986	6	1¾
6	11	8	210	13	4		–		28	2	2	1,225	16	8		–		1,225	16	8

[*continued.*

No. V.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish-
Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Dingle,	913	18	2½	794	19	10	46	19	2	27	9	5	85	3	8½
Donaghmore,	147	1	5	15	1	11	33	4	0⅓	7	6	8	29	10	8½
Donegal,	236	1	11	76	11	3	5	11	7		–		18	13	5
Downpatrick,	331	9	1	108	5	8	69	9	8		–		35	18	8
Drogheda,	369	15	1	32	2	3	14	7	6	10	8	3	36	18	4
Dromore, West,	95	15	11	16	11	2	176	8	5	3	6	10	24	3	5½
Dublin, North,	1,190	13	4	383	12	10	228	12	9	182	9	4	141	7	11
Dublin, South,	1,427	5	9	766	15	0	316	9	4	26	7	0	144	7	6
Dundalk,	311	9	1	186	17	2	68	0	8	7	2	7	17	12	1
Dunfanaghy,	112	19	2	8	15	3	17	12	0	8	9	2	5	16	4
Dungannon,	244	10	0	39	1	4	12	2	8	9	2	0	29	13	0
Dungarvan,	232	9	9	773	1	7	32	10	6	23	17	0	30	15	3
Dunmanway,	255	8	5	48	11	7	6	7	0	11	9	7	32	17	2
Dunshaughlin,	375	14	2½	106	11	11	82	3	6	2	0	10	40	4	9
Edenderry,	465	12	0	140	6	7	57	19	0		–		64	17	5
Ennis,	629	14	5¼	317	18	11	142	15	0½		–		104	16	2
Enniscorthy,	571	1	5	271	9	3	144	7	3	3	18	11	85	17	3
Enniskillen,	348	17	11	90	6	1	25	12	9	12	9	8	21	3	0
Ennistymon,	1,469	17	6	1,113	17	10	486	16	9	3	16	3	385	19	6
Fermoy,	502	2	3½	82	14	9	108	5	2	17	4	9	86	19	6
Galway,	575	8	7	289	19	2	29	6	9	23	17	0½	18	6	4
Glennamaddy,	196	3	3¾	22	8	2½	52	13	2	7	11	6½	69	2	3¼
Glenties,	135	5	6	22	14	9	9	3	10	2	6	4	17	15	9
Glin,	425	9	11¼	95	0	3	28	9	10	17	18	7½	33	3	0
Gorey,	493	17	3	210	11	2	22	13	11	21	12	8	35	11	10
Gort,	447	12	9	189	12	10	51	10	5½	27	11	1¼	43	12	0
Gortin,	130	1	5	6	11	1	10	0	1	3	2	1	6	6	5½
Granard,	462	18	3	461	7	1	23	12	11	3	5	0	16	0	3
Inishowen,	298	3	8	22	2	1	17	16	0	11	11	3	43	19	1
Kanturk,	405	3	4¼	129	1	10	131	12	4	38	16	10	77	2	11
Kells,	353	7	8	28	18	4	78	11	7	22	16	2	34	7	8
Kenmare,	516	13	11	227	18	9¾	27	7	10	13	5	5	34	17	10
Kilkeel,	164	3	3	7	5	7½	3	0	8	6	1	9	20	5	8
Kilkenny,	536	16	1	242	2	5½	128	13	1½	17	19	8	51	13	11½
Killadysert,	450	2	5	309	6	6	126	12	2	1	10	0	29	4	0
Killala,	274	9	5¾	100	13	10	97	18	1½		–		34	3	1
Killarney,	565	15	6½	139	0	5	121	17	8	46	3	6	60	6	8
Kilmacthomas,	159	3	5	42	14	0	13	10	11	7	0	7	33	13	5
Kilmallock,	811	11	2	1,213	14	0	167	3	2	49	11	9	195	19	8
Kilrush,	693	12	2	491	18	11	227	16	1		–		41	16	3
Kinsale,	313	17	1¼	230	19	7	20	19	11	1	4	0	35	16	2
Larne,	274	5	8	129	8	5	29	13	10	1	2	11	32	2	0
Letterkenny,	183	6	6½	40	9	11	12	7	5	13	18	4½	37	13	11
Limerick,	1,047	0	0	695	0	10½	69	4	1	30	0	0	236	2	5
Lisburn,	247	7	1¾	62	3	4	9	0	5	18	9	10¾	45	12	5
Lismore,	431	9	10¾	195	3	2	103	19	11	14	0	8	36	1	9
Lisnaskea,	185	6	8	58	11	7	23	5	11	2	5	0	40	12	1
Listowel,	553	9	6	459	8	9	43	10	9	20	15	3	70	16	9
Londonderry,	357	1	11	65	4	1	26	12	1	12	17	4	30	16	9
Longford,	129	2	6¾	211	14	10½	92	12	11¼	26	18	7½	14	15	6
Loughrea,	379	14	1	50	3	4	40	16	1⅓	1	7	7	30	11	4½
Lowtherstown,	145	6	10	28	1	0	0	16	5	10	10	0	12	12	9
Lurgan,	289	6	8	36	10	6	29	3	1	19	1	11	54	10	7
Macroom,	314	16	4	17	8	0½	13	14	7	8	6	8	60	4	9
Magherafelt,	247	16	11	31	4	1	15	0	4	25	5	5	23	17	11

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. II.) of the Audited Accounts of 25th MARCH, 1852—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
9	7	3	437	2	11	32	17	6	18	8	11	2,366	6	11	6	7	2	2,359	19	9
15	1	2½	22	12	1¾	2	4	9	7	17	7¾	280	0	6	20	2	0½	259	18	5½
14	9	3	–			–			12	4	4	363	11	9	45	4	11	318	6	10
24	9	10	–			11	11	6	5	19	0	587	3	5	57	16	0	529	7	5
42	16	10	16	7	3	6	18	0	9	8	4	539	1	10	21	17	5¾	517	4	4¼
3	0	6	33	9	9	–			8	2	9	360	18	9½	4	5	1	356	13	8½
149	18	3	86	5	6	2	6	0	77	19	1	2,443	5	0	28	12	0	2,414	13	0
231	5	11	287	9	11	0	3	0	26	4	11	3,226	8	4	22	6	3	3,204	2	1
–			9	10	0	0	15	0	11	12	2	612	18	9	28	19	6	583	19	3
0	3	9	–			–			1	0	1	154	15	9	11	7	4	143	8	5
8	14	7	–			0	7	6	8	6	10	351	17	11	7	17	11	344	0	0
1	8	4	183	12	5	2	7	3	20	10	6	1,300	12	7	0	10	10	1,300	1	9
45	19	0	0	2	11	8	15	0	6	19	0	416	9	8	–			416	9	8
12	13	9	19	1	0	4	19	0	32	1	6	675	10	5½	2	12	6	672	17	11½
–			4	5	0	6	0	0	40	19	6	779	19	6	75	17	4½	704	2	1½
61	11	6	619	17	1	5	4	7	99	14	2	1,981	11	11¼	170	15	2¾	1,810	16	8½
62	0	9	145	13	3	12	15	0	292	14	5	1,589	17	6	222	19	6	1,366	18	0
23	6	4	2	10	8	11	10	10	14	8	10	550	6	1	59	4	2	491	1	11
191	4	1	925	18	2	–			86	2	4	4,663	12	5	–			4,663	12	5
60	17	10	177	6	9	5	0	0	51	5	6	1,091	16	6½	9	14	0	1,082	2	6½
–			192	0	0	18	6	3	29	4	0	1,176	8	1½	569	4	11	607	3	2½
6	15	2¾	80	10	1¼	2	12	0½	16	10	4	454	6	2	15	2	5	439	3	9
–			10	0	0	8	19	3	17	2	4	223	7	9	9	19	0	213	8	9
33	9	10	174	11	1½	0	6	0	18	12	11	827	1	6¼	2	1	7	824	19	11¼
42	17	4	37	18	10	–			31	19	0	897	2	0	102	17	5	794	4	7
26	0	5½	107	7	8	22	15	11	15	15	2½	931	18	4¾	10	12	11	921	5	5¾
–			–			–			1	5	4	157	6	5½	7	2	6	150	3	11½
10	16	10	84	4	4	8	12	6	44	16	9½	1,115	13	11½	6	4	7	1,109	9	4½
2	0	0	–			4	0	0	8	5	5	407	17	6	2	4	3	405	13	3
60	0	0	264	4	0	12	9	7	69	15	8½	1,188	6	6¾	46	2	11	1,142	3	7¾
63	12	2	37	3	0	–			3	4	10	622	1	5	26	12	1	595	9	4
2	7	10	254	12	5	9	18	0	4	5	0	1,091	7	0¾	–			1,091	7	0¾
7	18	3	3	1	6½	–			16	1	8½	227	18	5½	59	6	9¾	168	11	7¾
53	18	5½	97	3	1½	8	9	0½	109	4	1½	1,246	0	0½	34	14	4	1,211	5	8½
25	17	9	144	16	9	0	8	0	34	3	3	1,122	0	10	3	2	5	1,118	18	5
1	1	0	88	10	10	4	8	3	41	18	2¾	643	2	10	–			643	2	10
–			437	19	11	12	4	0	56	13	3	1,440	0	11½	61	19	7	1,378	1	4½
7	7	4	40	12	11	0	11	6	8	11	2	313	5	3	24	12	3	288	13	0
101	10	0	564	9	3	17	8	0	131	0	6	3,252	7	6	95	16	8	3,156	10	10
95	16	9	317	15	7	16	2	6	85	16	11¼	1,970	15	2¼	31	4	11	1,939	10	3¼
16	9	10	31	13	9	–			11	19	0	662	19	4½	28	9	8	634	9	8¼
12	1	1	23	13	0	6	12	0	11	15	7	520	14	6	96	5	6	424	9	0
18	9	8	0	3	11	–			8	14	10	315	4	7	6	3	8	309	0	11
51	0	1	177	10	2	32	14	3	95	3	1	2,433	14	11¼	164	7	5	2,269	7	6¼
26	17	3	1	10	8	8	16	6	48	7	8	468	5	3	113	6	0	354	19	3
9	6	10	62	4	0	5	17	6	4	8	0	862	11	8¾	77	17	0	784	14	8¾
2	12	0	–			6	3	0	49	15	0	368	11	3	4	2	1	364	9	2
1	10	1	250	4	7	21	7	6	65	16	3	1,486	19	5	1	11	0	1,485	8	5
27	10	8	–			–			15	13	10	535	16	8	78	19	1	456	17	7
11	11	2¼	65	7	3¾	8	19	0¾	51	13	4½	612	15	5¾	20	17	5¾	591	17	11½
26	5	3	139	17	2	–			34	4	11	702	19	10	63	18	10	639	1	0
5	4	10	0	8	6	6	9	3	5	13	11	215	3	6	9	7	6	205	16	0
22	19	0	21	12	8	–			12	14	9	485	19	2	24	19	2	461	0	0
1	7	3	77	14	3	6	17	6	0	13	6	501	2	10½	4	11	6½	496	11	4
18	9	3	19	4	5	0	9	9	11	3	10	392	11	11	137	17	8	254	14	3

[*continued.*

No. V.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish- Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Mallow,	473	10	11½	446	11	0	33	15	6	10	2	2½	47	1	9
Manorhamilton,	227	15	4	62	13	6	57	19	1		–		14	1	10
Midleton,	330	19	2	96	18	5	43	3	9½	15	8	2	23	9	11
Milford,	186	17	1	6	17	0	6	10	8	8	9	0	28	17	9
Millstreet,	320	15	7¼	849	9	4	96	12	11	12	8	3	129	6	8
Mitchelstown,	362	10	7	433	15	11	175	3	8½	27	15	11¼	64	11	3
Mohill,	368	5	8	27	8	6	29	0	5	4	7	6	24	13	6
Monaghan,	314	18	10	22	12	1	14	1	7	20	9	6	21	12	9
Mount Bellew,	252	12	11	508	13	10	20	16	7	10	3	5	68	13	0
Mountmelick,	537	10	0¾	188	6	4	35	12	11½	5	0	0	62	9	8
Mullingar,	549	9	2⅞	50	2	2	108	4	5¼	44	1	6	48	0	0
Naas,	346	3	2½	129	3	11	162	12	11	18	11	8¼	39	11	4
Navan,	388	18	5	672	6	6	149	9	5	7	10	9	32	2	8
Nenagh,	1,209	14	7½	141	2	10½	262	15	7½	36	1	6	223	4	8
Newcastle,	824	18	5¾	622	13	2	264	9	2		–		95	1	4
Newport,	265	15	8¾	48	10	9½	29	17	6½	14	16	8	47	9	1½
New Ross,	606	19	3	453	12	7	204	9	5	18	7	8	74	10	6
Newry,	357	5	1	54	8	8	70	9	3	15	6	3	31	13	4
Newtownards,	298	8	11½	64	12	3	25	4	2	10	0	0	24	11	0½
Newtownlimavady,	271	6	7	37	16	7		–		13	18	6	34	5	7
Oldcastle,	324	18	10½	109	17	9½	39	14	6½	4	13	11½	42	13	10
Omagh,	285	3	4	61	2	5	85	19	6	22	19	4	43	17	9
Oughterard,	229	11	1	53	2	8	117	2	5	5	16	8	1	5	0
Parsonstown,	477	7	2¼	245	7	2	158	12	4	15	12	0	123	5	8
Portumna,	284	3	7	20	9	11	15	17	2½	6	4	3¾	73	12	0½
Rathdown,	482	4	1	127	9	9	42	13	0	5	0	0	190	17	0
Rathdrum,	515	1	5	152	18	5	55	19	4	5	6	6	58	14	9
Rathkeale,	662	7	0	590	4	1	297	1	2½	32	14	11	36	7	1
Roscommon,	569	10	8	155	16	9	81	2	11	1	15	6	50	16	9
Roscrea,	356	2	6	92	0	8	127	2	1½	13	2	6	33	8	9
Scariff,	349	9	4½	555	6	3	140	12	3	19	16	11½	8	12	5
Shillelagh,	323	12	3	14	13	8	57	17	4½	15	13	4	40	5	4
Skibbereen,	510	6	1	278	6	9	78	4	3	8	16	0	188	8	0
Skull,	184	13	10	286	10	9	122	12	6	12	12	8	18	6	3
Sligo,	560	1	6	151	1	2	187	1	0	14	13	2	101	16	0
Strabane,	301	11	3	65	18	3	26	9	6	1	5	2	35	1	10
Stranorlar,	201	16	11	23	13	4	15	4	9	3	10	5	13	3	3
Strokestown,	413	5	3½	46	17	5	43	3	9	1	12	1½	68	1	9
Swineford,	330	17	2½	42	17	8½	67	15	2	11	9	0	96	19	10
Thomastown,	351	6	4	45	8	0½	49	2	8½	12	11	10½	50	1	10½
Thurles,	652	7	5	379	14	0	133	14	6	18	0	11	127	11	0
Tipperary,	787	15	3	656	18	6	133	15	2	23	6	2	35	0	5
Tobercurry,	136	2	0½	20	4	10	12	14	3	3	0	5	59	1	3
Tralee,	974	2	2½	367	6	3	163	8	5	21	6	0½	82	9	5
Trim,	342	6	9	234	3	4	60	16	10	64	4	10	33	13	4
Tuam,	481	11	10½	56	0	0¾	54	19	7	15	16	11	12	14	3
Tulla,	404	11	1	214	7	2	59	13	8	10	18	7	73	16	7
Tullamore,	524	2	1	448	14	10	26	14	0		–		59	7	4
Urlingford,	342	9	6½	47	17	0	73	1	10	14	16	8	44	0	5½
Waterford,	732	12	1	404	15	11	142	13	0	22	12	0	91	12	1
Westport,	438	6	4	55	3	0	11	5	0	9	11	0	50	2	1
Wexford,	711	11	10¾	176	10	10	103	8	9	15	0	10¼	87	7	3
Youghal,	536	10	2	137	14	6	44	17	11	11	13	0	99	1	8
Total,	68,068	13	2	33,521	3	9¾	12,429	1	7½	2,402	18	11¼	2,314	0	3¾

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. II.) of the Audited Accounts of 25th MARCH, 1852—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
117	17	10	181	18	5	1	13	0	25	11	7	1,338	2	3	118	3	1	1,219	19	2
	–			–		3	15	0	0	9	4	366	14	1	18	5	3	348	8	10
0	11	7	36	8	0	2	15	6	10	19	2	560	13	8½	39	17	2	520	16	6½
	–			–		0	16	0	5	10	9	243	18	3	9	1	9	234	16	6
64	0	3	167	15	2	6	4	6	67	17	11	1,714	10	7¼	0	13	11	1,713	16	8¼
1	1	0	79	19	2	2	1	10	59	9	0	1,206	8	4¾		–		1,206	8	4¾
89	10	0	68	19	8	7	17	1	18	16	3½	638	18	7½	96	10	7	542	8	0½
18	5	8	6	18	6	5	18	3	4	8	5	429	5	7	86	12	6	342	13	1
13	8	2	60	6	4	4	4	10	17	9	2	956	8	3	15	16	7	940	11	8
63	8	3½	79	7	10		–		19	11	2	991	6	3⅜	15	7	3	975	19	0½
18	7	6	77	7	1	13	16	11½	20	16	3	930	5	1¼	4	4	1	926	1	0¼
34	2	4	35	14	4	0	19	6	18	7	5	785	6	7½	21	0	2¾	764	6	4¾
19	14	7	28	0	0	14	16	5	18	4	3	1,331	3	0	116	3	8	1,214	19	4
75	9	3	465	8	5		–		141	19	0	2,555	15	11½	145	17	9	2,409	18	2½
23	10	2	340	11	7		–		99	15	0	2,270	18	10¾	31	8	3¼	2,239	10	7½
17	5	1½	113	13	9	4	12	0	12	10	10	554	11	6¾	12	4	5	542	7	1¼
16	8	6	206	18	9	8	15	7	27	13	8	1,617	15	11	29	11	8	1,588	4	3
13	14	8	1	7	11	0	18	0	62	16	4	607	19	6	203	1	3	404	18	3
46	8	10½	12	0	3		–		17	4	3	498	9	9⅜	89	18	2	408	11	7½
2	4	0	39	0	0	4	5	0	82	10	4	485	6	7	248	6	9	236	19	10
	–		12	10	1	0	12	4½	22	13	8	557	15	1½	16	18	3	540	16	10½
17	9	4	51	0	11	8	6	6	76	14	6	652	13	7	117	13	3	535	0	4
29	1	2		–		5	15	6	20	16	7	462	11	1		–		462	11	1
45	9	10	65	5	0		–		32	8	9	1,163	7	11¼	102	2	1	1,061	5	10¼
8	15	1	81	14	4½	1	2	0	13	2	7	505	1	1¼	0	9	6	504	11	7¼
1	1	0	2	15	0	0	18	0	32	0	0	884	17	10	109	1	0½	775	16	9½
23	1	4	12	10	0		–		6	4	7¾	829	16	4¾	5	1	6	824	14	10¾
82	3	0	176	8	11½	2	8	3	11	7	9	1,891	2	3	2	6	4	1,888	15	11
46	3	7	212	2	3		–		26	5	9	1,143	14	2		–		1,143	14	2
45	3	7½	67	16	5¼	6	14	3	16	4	3¾	757	15	2	58	19	1½	698	16	0½
	–		92	9	9	1	4	5	54	2	5½	1,221	13	10½	23	6	7	1,198	7	3½
24	14	7	0	12	2½	1	12	6	3	17	10	482	19	1	41	12	1	441	7	0
75	6	0	308	1	7	3	4	11	20	19	4	1,471	12	11	27	7	2	1,444	5	9
39	12	0	147	7	11	5	18	0	6	8	0	824	1	11		–		824	1	11
62	17	1	216	5	2		–		276	10	6	1,570	5	7	17	11	9	1,552	13	10
12	3	7	73	12	9	10	9	6		–		526	11	10	125	2	6	401	9	4
1	1	0		–			–		27	1	7	285	11	3	46	9	2	239	2	1
47	16	0	139	10	7		–		25	10	8	785	17	7	44	1	3	741	16	4
	–		66	15	8	7	18	7½	11	2	7	635	15	9½	28	19	7½	606	16	2
18	4	5½	78	8	9½	3	17	8½	39	14	9¼	648	16	7	20	15	10	628	0	9
	–		173	15	4	11	2	7	2	16	5	1,499	2	2	35	0	4	1,464	1	10
59	14	0	377	4	9	3	0	3	126	1	8	2,202	16	2	48	3	3	2,154	12	11
4	16	10	30	3	4	0	17	7½	15	7	2½	282	7	9½	4	12	6	277	15	3½
164	1	1½	1058	17	2	34	4	0	57	10	7	2,923	5	2½	133	15	10	2,789	9	4½
32	15	4	8	5	0	8	18	0	10	3	5	795	6	10	7	15	10	787	11	0
	–		175	2	10	10	5	1	30	2	0	836	12	7¼	73	14	3	762	18	4¼
22	2	0	157	19	7	5	0	9	86	6	3	1,034	15	8	26	1	8	1,008	14	0
15	15	7	100	1	2	3	4	3	69	4	5	1,247	3	8	45	16	1½	1,201	7	6½
21	16	0½	50	2	1	4	16	5	47	0	3	646	0	3½	68	18	5	577	1	10½
50	9	6	109	7	2	2	3	9	44	0	1	1,600	5	7	22	13	5	1,577	12	2
29	5	7	213	3	7	3	10	0	31	10	2	841	16	9	10	2	0	831	14	9
61	17	8	74	12	9		–		12	7	4¾	1,242	17	4¾	77	14	2½	1,165	3	2¼
46	2	10	177	18	3	3	15	0	17	9	3	1,075	2	7	3	1	0	1,072	1	7
5,554	13	11	17,643	15	4	866	12	1	5,389	6	6	155,190	5	7½	7,915	18	7½	147,274	7	0

No. VI.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish- Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	575	1	10	56	13	9	40	16	3½	5	10	6	20	7	6
Antrim,	322	4	4	32	3	5	17	12	5	9	19	0	29	19	7
Ardee,	309	10	5	82	4	4	134	16	1	20	0	0	36	19	1
Armagh,	334	0	6	65	19	9	14	7	7	19	1	1	57	5	2
Athlone,	424	17	5	58	6	8	47	19	1	14	13	8¼	68	14	0
Athy,	447	2	10	433	4	1	43	19	9		–		23	9	2
Bailieborough,	325	9	0	118	0	2	15	18	2	3	5	6	71	15	2
Ballina,	486	13	7	471	6	2	69	0	10	9	8	0	98	0	8
Ballinasloe,	416	16	4	195	10	10	23	13	9	19	12	7¾	74	4	5
Ballinrobe,	533	5	3	93	19	9¾	56	7	6½		–		37	6	10
Ballycastle,	214	16	3	53	8	5	6	17	6	2	17	5	32	7	6
Ballymahon,	340	5	10	57	0	0	58	6	3½	9	7	0¾	91	15	6
Ballymena,	348	16	9	105	15	10	60	6	5	15	13	0	53	5	7
Ballymoney,	259	10	8	52	12	6	11	18	1	9	6	0	14	14	0
Ballyshannon,	200	17	5	38	17	10	11	10	10	1	3	5	5	6	9
Ballyvaghan,	253	4	1¼	284	17	9½	104	12	5		–		33	11	0
Balrothery,	293	9	2	67	14	9	35	9	6	6	2	4	48	0	4
Baltinglass,	507	1	7¾	78	1	6	77	0	6	4	12	10¾	55	6	5
Banbridge,	243	15	6½	56	6	4	8	7	10	10	17	7¾	64	5	7
Bandon,	425	6	7	34	18	4	17	13	8	5	9	4	57	2	0
Bantry,	442	12	10¾	135	6	2½	135	18	10	11	14	0¾	13	3	9½
Bawnboy,	172	14	10	13	9	5	1	17	5	1	1	10	6	5	1
Belfast,	1,104	3	6	426	2	11	187	16	5	29	0	1	153	11	9
Belmullet,	198	10	0	46	7	0	32	3	2	3	17	2	20	2	0
Borrisokane,	231	18	11	24	12	11	42	1	9	10	11	8¾	44	5	2
Boyle,	418	3	2	86	4	5	24	2	5	2	0	6	81	12	5
Caherciveen,	501	19	5½	93	2	8	28	9	6	3	11	6	57	15	11
Callan,	425	16	0	182	8	8	30	16	3	20	2	0	57	2	7
Carlow,	800	7	2½	119	6	4	117	15	9	31	10	7½	135	10	11
Carrickmacross,	303	1	4½	63	5	9	50	4	3	24	17	5	59	9	10
Carrick-on-Shannon,	575	19	5	86	2	6	74	6	9	10	10	6	80	10	2
Carrick-on-Suir,	679	10	7¼	106	19	7	53	4	10	21	12	4¾	112	2	2
Cashel,	737	14	4¼	183	15	0	253	2	8	77	16	6¾	146	4	7
Castlebar,	377	11	0	103	10	5	52	18	10	7	12	10	40	10	8
Castleblayney,	231	10	0	104	14	0	45	0	0	12	0	0	41	9	11
Castlecomer,	203	0	10½	19	0	2	17	15	4	2	14	8	18	0	1½
Castlederg,	171	15	10	3	15	6	5	11	6	2	17	1	7	19	11
Castlerea,	379	13	11¼	35	10	0		–		6	7	10½	72	5	6¾
Castletown,	248	2	2¾	51	4	3	42	0	11¼	5	1	8	32	14	9
Castletowndelvin,	135	11	1	8	10	10	7	10	9	1	10	9	25	11	1½
Cavan,	225	9	8	50	8	6	11	9	10	1	4	6	14	19	7
Celbridge,	240	3	5	72	12	1	60	3	7		–		59	18	0
Claremorris,	343	13	8¼	199	17	10	84	14	10½		–		93	0	7
Clifden,	381	4	6	193	17	5	61	9	2	15	13	7	92	10	1
Clogheen,	592	17	3	129	4	9	183	9	2	24	2	1	85	11	11
Clogher,	251	6	6¾	68	0	10	29	7	1	1	0	0	45	9	6
Clonakilty,	258	0	2¾	82	15	6½	69	12	6	7	12	4¾	29	11	11
Clones,	69	14	11	30	7	11	18	15	3	0	10	0	15	0	6
Clonmel,	749	0	0½	213	3	7½	83	17	5	35	8	2½	70	0	5
Coleraine,	264	16	9	104	16	2	11	15	8	14	12	7	22	13	8
Cookstown,	247	10	6	15	8	0	21	17	1	17	1	2	15	17	8
Cootehill,	293	0	6	179	7	7	5	13	6	20	1	10	23	11	1
Cork,	1,111	9	3	797	18	10½	193	15	0	37	14	6	124	10	6
Corrofin,	219	10	11½	391	3	2	141	12	2½	1	16	6	36	2	3
Croom,	396	9	8	105	11	10	12	12	11		–		15	13	5

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. III.) of the Audited Accounts of 29th SEPTEMBER, 1852.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
–			57	0	0		–		72	2	1	827	11	11½	16	15	0	810	16	11½
21	8	1	13	2	8		–		44	7	7	490	17	1	64	13	8	426	3	5
35	8	2		–		12	13	6	6	9	0	638	0	7	39	10	3	598	10	4
9	6	3		–		11	8	6	11	4	0	522	12	10	13	9	11	509	2	11
1	13	10	1	12	2		–		8	2	1½	625	18	11¾	23	5	1	602	13	10¾
33	10	0	36	19	10	7	14	0	41	18	11	1,067	18	7	48	14	9	1,019	3	10
6	10	3	5	10	0	13	12	0	15	7	7	575	7	10	24	12	3	550	15	7
107	19	6	44	5	0	18	5	10	11	8	2	1,316	7	9	2	0	3	1,314	7	6
32	0	0	108	16	1	0	15	0	10	13	4	882	2	4¾	3	0	2	879	2	2¾
14	9	0½	11	15	2	10	18	6	14	12	9	772	14	10¾	34	16	6¼	737	18	4¼
2	15	1	0	18	5	4	3	2	0	12	5½	318	16	2½	39	6	10½	279	9	4
33	19	11	95	1	3	0	6	4	14	1	5½	700	3	7¾	4	6	8	695	16	11¼
26	9	6	19	16	8	1	10	0	10	14	7	642	8	4	44	16	11	597	11	5
8	17	11	2	0	0	0	12	6		–		359	11	8	15	3	10	344	7	10
	–		12	17	6	2	5	0	3	10	3	276	9	0	71	6	7	205	2	5
13	3	1	40	6	10	1	12	9	27	17	8	759	5	7¾	2	13	11	756	11	8¾
68	7	3	33	3	5		–		0	7	0	552	13	9	41	4	4⅓	511	9	4⅓
34	1	11	6	5	0	8	7	0	17	3	3	788	0	1½	6	19	8	781	0	5½
14	1	1	10	11	8	9	5	0	11	0	2	428	10	10¼	51	16	7½	376	14	2¾
3	8	4	26	8	4		–		5	9	6	575	16	1		–		575	16	1
6	8	11⅓	69	5	7	10	8	9	6	8	10	831	7	11	1	11	3	829	16	8
1	2	10	2	18	10	1	12	6	8	17	10	210	0	7	2	8	0	207	12	7
246	19	10		–		15	10	0	103	3	11	2,266	8	5	152	10	3	2,113	18	2
23	5	6	36	0	0	6	16	0	2	2	0	369	2	10	3	1	1	366	1	9
11	17	1	115	4	9		–		1	2	2	481	14	5¾	22	8	9	459	5	8¾
65	1	6	21	8	6		–		34	15	3	733	8	2	25	4	8	708	3	6
2	15	4	63	0	0	9	19	3	13	1	8	773	15	3½	15	0	1	758	15	2½
69	14	11	121	0	0	8	18	0	6	2	10½	922	1	3½	50	19	4	871	1	11½
40	1	10	249	2	10	4	10	0	9	4	4	1,507	9	10		–		1,507	9	10
10	14	11	6	19	9		–		3	2	0	521	15	3½	26	4	0	495	11	3½
61	3	7	37	3	1	6	0	0	1	10	0	933	6	0	11	9	6	921	16	6
127	5	0	157	13	8		–		11	7	10	1,269	16	1	143	16	0¾	1,126	0	0¼
21	5	2	337	6	6	25	3	3	154	4	3	1,936	12	4½	41	6	8	1,895	5	8½
21	16	6	76	5	6		–		4	10	2	684	15	11	3	7	6	681	8	5
28	0	1	22	0	0	0	15	0	4	18	0½	490	7	0½	34	10	6	455	16	6½
6	12	5	24	3	7½	0	6	7	22	4	9½	313	18	7	10	15	10½	303	2	8½
1	14	9	1	16	3	0	16	6	27	2	5	223	9	9	88	10	3	134	19	6
24	18	3	48	6	6¾		–		22	1	3¾	589	3	6	27	1	9	562	1	9
28	15	9	25	0	0		–		6	5	1	439	4	8	7	0	4	432	4	4
8	9	9½	5	14	1	1	0	7	6	6	0	200	5	0	5	16	5	194	8	7
6	6	5	0	11	9	7	10	11	15	0	6	333	1	8	8	5	6	324	16	2
22	5	4		–		3	10	0	9	1	1	467	13	6		–		467	13	6
4	2	6	59	10	4	4	6	6	18	5	6	807	11	9¾		–		807	11	9¾
89	13	0	72	19	1	9	3	8	66	4	4½	982	14	10½		–		982	14	10½
97	0	4	43	9	7	10	0	0	60	1	6	1,225	16	7	100	3	11	1,125	12	8
5	3	3	1	18	3	0	10	0	10	12	7	413	8	0¾	37	17	6	375	10	6¾
20	9	6		–			–		9	7	0	477	9	1		–		477	9	1
1	1	0	38	18	7		–		18	19	4	193	7	6	122	9	8	70	17	10
20	4	8	303	14	6	12	16	9	46	9	0	1,534	14	7½	20	4	0	1,514	10	7½
18	14	5	14	11	2	5	6	3	11	14	9	469	1	5	46	8	3	422	13	2
	–			–		3	15	0	5	15	9	327	5	2	68	0	0	259	5	2
5	3	2	25	0	0	7	9	6	2	4	0	561	11	2	120	2	1	441	9	1
226	18	9	204	6	0		–		35	8	0	2,732	0	10½	25	13	0	2,706	7	10½
5	8	4	47	5	4½	5	1	10	16	12	4¼	864	13	0	27	5	8½	837	7	3½
79	8	3	277	2	0	5	18	6	20	4	9	913	1	4		–		913	1	4

[*continued.*

No. VI.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish-
Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Dingle,	609	8	4¼	716	12	5	59	3	8	30	2	6½	25	10	4
Donaghmore,	145	6	8	19	16	11	11	10	1	4	11	1	47	8	5
Donegal,	186	3	10	19	13	0	9	12	0	–			30	15	5
Downpatrick,	311	15	8	43	19	11	69	5	0	–			35	11	7
Drogheda,	358	12	2	152	9	2	39	1	9	12	3	9	58	4	5
Dromore, West,	108	14	0¾	33	9	1	315	1	8	4	0	10	25	14	0
Dublin, North,	1,194	13	11½	262	5	6	203	2	9	82	7	4	204	16	5
Dublin, South,	1,094	18	10	397	14	4	419	16	6	141	18	1	140	6	7
Dundalk,	334	15	0	194	9	7	76	6	11	7	8	6	88	4	10
Dunfanaghy,	124	0	4	4	11	5	3	12	9	8	8	6	26	13	2
Dungannon,	259	5	0	64	12	10	40	12	2	7	0	0	14	13	5
Dungarvan,	601	10	7	534	2	11	32	3	3	7	13	0	80	5	5
Dunmanway,	172	5	7	3	15	6	22	6	2	7	7	5	21	17	4
Dunshaughlin,	382	13	5	131	0	5	30	15	6	10	17	0	22	2	5
Edenderry,	556	9	4½	99	11	3	78	5	9	–			49	7	5
Ennis,	648	7	5	557	2	3	91	3	1¾	–			90	17	6
Enniscorthy,	467	10	6	178	5	6	66	0	10	2	18	6	86	17	9
Enniskillen,	345	16	10	103	9	10	20	16	9	7	6	3	24	12	5
Ennistymon,	234	9	5	424	5	6	97	9	4	1	0	7½	37	19	9
Fermoy,	501	9	9	84	19	0½	83	6	5	22	16	1½	85	19	0
Galway,	99	14	4	88	8	1	55	8	8	19	11	9	13	0	0
Glennamaddy,	182	6	6½	66	12	1½	2	6	3¾	4	14	4	69	13	9½
Glenties,	163	14	9	16	1	7	9	19	3	1	18	6	9	10	4
Glin,	308	11	5	65	7	6½	11	7	3	42	18	7½	14	1	7
Gorey,	472	10	4	104	1	0	47	2	2	25	13	10	79	6	1
Gort,	462	6	10¾	157	13	7	62	14	0	26	11	5	56	0	7
Gortin,	177	2	9	27	10	7	36	8	0	3	9	0	3	11	10
Granard,	466	17	0¼	84	13	8	89	0	8	3	10	0	50	4	3
Inishowen,	36	8	8	9	14	2	0	1	8	10	12	0	7	16	11
Kanturk,	598	14	5¾	251	19	5	107	9	9	46	16	6¼	33	9	2
Kells,	345	7	7	37	19	9	19	19	3	18	18	8	30	10	0
Kenmare,	569	13	3	340	18	11½	42	5	4½	10	9	7	14	11	0
Kilkeel,	162	8	5	31	14	5	3	18	11	3	2	7	16	6	10
Kilkenny,	540	4	3½	103	15	9½	207	1	11	14	7	1½	27	7	4½
Killadysert,	400	1	1¼	168	16	8	143	5	0	1	10	0	28	9	0
Killala,	268	9	6	76	11	1	50	0	8	–			26	11	1
Killarney,	550	13	1¼	94	14	9	120	12	11½	35	17	4½	70	12	7½
Kilmacthomas,	196	9	11	40	12	9	22	11	3	4	13	0	41	6	8
Kilmallock,	1,036	12	0	338	11	3	120	0	0	29	1	3½	136	3	2
Kilrush,	1,059	1	8	191	8	5	343	7	1	–			263	10	4
Kinsale,	271	6	1¾	55	8	11	18	17	8	9	19	6	43	0	8
Larne,	270	8	1	64	7	11	34	6	9	0	9	6	32	10	10
Letterkenny,	112	3	11	13	18	5	4	17	1	8	13	1	10	17	6
Limerick,	976	11	0	441	5	0½	193	15	10	20	0	0	100	3	1
Lisburn,	255	5	0	36	5	2	3	8	8	14	18	5	73	4	5
Lismore,	327	0	3	519	18	0½	104	18	3½	14	11	6	65	7	5
Lisnaskea,	252	15	0	112	9	8	10	11	11	0	10	0	21	15	3
Listowel,	665	6	11	1,172	8	9	208	13	8	3	0	0	101	18	10
Londonderry,	328	0	0	73	5	6	21	15	5	6	13	0	21	10	7
Longford,	379	7	2¾	104	14	3	67	18	5	18	7	4½	82	10	0
Loughrea,	385	15	1	41	1	7½	20	9	1½	1	1	2¼	23	7	7½
Lowtherstown,	164	7	1	42	6	8	0	19	0	10	9	0	8	3	9
Lurgan,	290	13	1	21	16	9	33	16	1	9	9	2	41	1	9
Macroom,	185	17	5½	63	15	5	5	0	0	3	6	1½	18	5	4
Magherafelt,	266	14	3½	30	0	2	18	13	7	17	3	1½	21	12	10

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. III.) of the Audited Accounts of 29th SEPTEMBER, 1852—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1	15	0	355	11	7		–		78	7	11	1,876	11	9½	1	1	0	1,875	10	9½
11	1	4	47	10	0	1	19	1	7	8	5½	296	12	0½	7	12	5	288	19	7½
	–			–		7	17	3	14	18	5	268	19	11	32	3	4	236	16	7
22	18	1		–			–		1	18	0	485	8	3	44	3	2	441	5	1
37	18	6	16	7	3	0	15	0	9	14	10	685	6	10	14	12	6	670	14	4
3	17	10	27	13	4	11	10	8	8	18	8	539	0	1¾	14	14	5	524	5	8¾
155	3	0	116	0	0	25	0	0	37	18	0	2,281	6	11½	77	14	4	2,203	12	7½
123	10	3	142	1	5	17	18	0	58	7	9	2,536	11	9	15	6	6	2,521	5	3
	–		62	10	0	7	1	0	26	0	3½	796	16	1½	1	1	4	795	14	9½
3	6	5		–		3	15	0	1	16	8	176	4	3	5	6	4	170	17	11
2	19	0		–		4	5	0	5	18	7	399	6	0	7	5	4	392	0	8
	–		126	5	10	5	10	3	16	0	3	1,403	11	6	13	16	5	1,389	15	1
3	16	4		–			–		1	13	10	233	2	2	17	15	10	215	6	4
17	14	3		–			–		15	11	4	610	14	4	1	12	3	609	2	1
68	2	6	37	15	0	0	5	0	224	3	10	1,114	0	1¾	325	18	11¾	788	1	2
5	15	7¾	434	4	7½	4	8	3½	52	3	6	1,884	2	4½	552	4	8½	1,331	17	8
65	8	8	82	6	3		–		36	1	1	985	9	1	184	0	2½	801	8	10½
13	13	9		–			–		93	16	2	609	12	0	35	3	0	574	9	0
38	8	10	35	6	4	24	16	11	32	14	10	926	11	6½	11	8	6	915	3	0½
26	18	3	221	14	2	14	13	6	22	11	8	1,064	7	11	32	1	8	1,032	6	3
	–		85	0	0		–		2	10	0	363	12	10	129	15	5	233	17	5
14	11	1	77	2	5¾	0	6	10	23	14	8¼	441	8	2¼	285	3	11¼	156	4	3
1	19	9		–		0	7	6	5	8	7	209	0	3	1	0	0	208	0	3
26	3	4	189	9	9	3	9	0	27	19	2	689	7	8	0	5	2¾	689	2	5¼
42	18	7	36	9	10		–		22	18	3	831	0	1	5	10	6	825	9	7
29	6	5	92	15	11		–		50	5	10½	937	14	8¼	50	0	2¼	887	14	6
	–			–		3	16	0	10	0	6	261	18	8	14	8	7	247	10	1
	–		15	0	0		–		8	4	10	717	10	5¼	61	16	1½	655	14	3¾
	–		0	17	7	4	5	0	1	1	6	70	17	6	6	11	2	64	6	4
10	6	5	185	7	4		–		81	3	9	1,315	6	10	44	18	7	1,270	8	3
56	3	6	9	18	4	8	17	0	4	17	3	532	11	4	22	14	6	509	16	10
	–		88	0	0	16	6	0	17	13	8	1,099	17	10		–		1,099	17	10
0	2	11	2	8	10	6	0	0	22	5	3½	248	8	2½	89	12	3½	158	15	11
37	5	7½	76	8	11½		–		54	8	5	1,060	19	6	48	17	0	1,012	2	6
69	17	0¾	160	14	0	8	4	7	19	8	0	1,000	5	5	23	15	6⅓	976	9	10¼
1	4	0	72	2	8	6	0	0	0	6	11	501	5	11	5	7	3	495	18	8
68	0	7	87	8	4	2	2	0	15	1	3	1,045	2	11¾	32	10	10	1,012	12	1¾
15	2	6	32	0	4	2	7	10	8	5	2	363	9	5	4	8	6	359	0	11
13	5	6	415	19	3		–		113	10	4½	2,203	2	10	86	2	10	2,117	0	0
326	4	10	660	5	11	2	7	6	39	10	8	2,885	16	5	235	0	3¾	2,650	16	1¼
31	12	2	10	1	8	0	5	3	15	9	11	456	1	10¾	42	5	4	413	16	6¾
12	14	0	25	16	3		–		12	10	5	453	3	9	35	3	9	418	0	0
0	13	6	1	0	8	4	15	0	6	1	1	163	0	3	9	18	3	153	2	0
42	10	10	152	12	0		–		29	0	5	1,955	18	2½	140	19	7½	1,814	18	7
18	11	3	17	10	0	0	15	0	46	10	10	466	8	9	122	8	0	344	0	9
4	15	4	92	13	0		–		5	5	1	1,134	8	11	10	1	11	1,124	7	0
	–		6	0	0		–		4	9	8	408	11	6	19	5	10	389	5	8
84	2	2	224	11	3	3	9	0	152	7	8	2,615	18	3	37	14	6	2,578	3	9
16	17	3		–		11	2	7	16	2	4	495	6	8	50	18	2	444	8	6
82	10	0	31	12	0		–		22	8	3½	789	7	6¾	13	0	0	776	7	6¾
46	2	1½	143	10	9½	11	2	2¼	8	5	7¾	680	15	4¾	32	5	4	648	10	0¾
	–		0	10	0	0	6	0	22	8	6	249	10	0	7	4	2	242	5	10
16	11	8		–		11	12	4	18	1	6	443	2	4	37	15	1	405	7	3
44	1	11	61	0	0	2	10	0	0	2	6	383	18	9	0	15	10	383	2	11
8	18	5	15	0	10	5	14	6	4	10	10	388	8	7	65	4	8	323	3	11

[*continued.*

No. VI.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish- Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Mallow,	474	17	7	104	7	1	47	14	4	10	2	1	80	12	7
Manorhamilton,	239	10	0	18	0	0	40	5	10	0	10	0	65	6	3
Midleton,	624	11	0	155	17	7	16	4	6	12	16	6	36	8	1½
Milford,	186	17	4	6	6	10	2	15	6	8	9	0	3	10	5
Millstreet,	190	5	1¾	134	11	2⅓	28	15	11½	8	12	10	23	14	11
Mitchelstown,	385	8	1¾	156	17	7½	136	0	9	25	12	6	46	16	0
Mohill,	393	12	10½	32	13	2½		–		4	7	6	27	14	0
Monaghan,	304	14	7	13	8	4	7	7	9	19	14	7	35	16	11
Mount Bellew,	397	3	10	61	1	9½	316	10	8	11	6	3	106	11	4
Mountmelick,	550	5	2	494	10	9	25	10	3	1	10	0	63	10	2¾
Mullingar,	586	8	3	41	11	3	97	0	5	23	18	6	60	0	5
Naas,	364	16	5½	106	7	3	41	8	5	18	13	6¼	47	2	4
Navan,	310	14	0	61	13	10	67	1	0	8	11	0	48	2	6
Nenagh,	261	11	10¾	16	15	11		–		33	11	6	38	18	0
Newcastle,	744	8	5	430	10	5¼	117	3	2½	13	14	3	164	12	4
Newport,	297	1	4	338	15	4	36	1	6	19	3	2½	66	10	1½
New Ross,	598	11	11½	154	3	6	65	17	6	16	11	2	51	5	9
Newry,	396	15	4	54	1	4	15	5	9	14	11	6	49	6	5
Newtownards,	304	16	9½	25	0	5	14	8	6	10	0	0	40	1	5
Newtownlimavady,	260	18	8	136	4	6		–		12	17	0	14	18	7
Oldcastle,	333	6	1	74	19	9½	32	12	7	1	7	6	49	1	11½
Omagh,	288	7	8	55	16	8	23	7	3	23	17	0	32	19	4
Oughterard,	225	13	11	78	15	11	18	5	4	6	4	11	23	2	0
Parsonstown,	479	8	4½	81	13	11	85	4	8	10	18	1	84	6	11
Portumna,	254	15	2½	15	3	11	11	19	7½	4	7	2¾	19	19	8½
Rathdown,	490	19	4½	79	16	4	78	4	11	4	0	0	110	16	5
Rathdrum,	486	8	0½	178	2	0	95	7	3	5	6	6	25	6	6
Rathkeale,	661	4	4	202	8	3½	144	2	10	27	17	11½	187	17	11
Roscommon,	557	12	9	565	0	9	150	18	2½	2	4	9	76	13	9½
Roscrea,	374	15	11	194	13	10	34	10	5	9	0	0	59	7	9
Scariff,	399	4	9½	1,239	3	10	109	10	0	27	18	11½	91	14	5
Shillelagh,	334	11	7¾	9	15	5	15	8	7½	16	0	7½	35	16	10
Skibbereen,	482	7	10	561	11	7	28	15	11	7	0	0	34	2	9
Skull,	292	17	0	262	18	11	153	1	2	8	8	0	51	12	7
Sligo,	358	3	10	89	1	6	151	18	11	12	19	6	121	12	7
Strabane,	278	13	8	64	11	6	24	1	7	2	8	1	26	12	4
Stranorlar,	201	9	9	24	10	11	3	5	0	3	12	0	17	9	7
Strokestown,	386	18	10	21	0	8	33	15	10½	2	0	0	69	4	5
Swineford,	296	11	3	45	11	7	34	17	0	9	2	4½	62	13	2½
Thomastown,	351	7	2½	44	11	2½	75	2	3	11	3	10	57	2	7½
Thurles,	545	5	7¾	711	6	6	112	12	11	15	5	3½	170	5	5
Tipperary,	749	14	10	613	3	10	109	12	6½	17	11	1	85	16	4
Tobercurry,	119	19	1½	6	5	6	9	18	6	2	11	4	17	17	9
Tralee,	692	11	9	362	14	1	58	10	0	17	16	6	57	11	1
Trim,	362	8	1½	83	0	7	63	1	7	11	13	1½	71	6	1
Tuam,	619	0	10¼	190	13	4	28	8	4¾		–		59	2	10½
Tulla,	386	19	5	182	17	9	88	19	8½	17	13	1	48	1	8
Tullamore,	677	4	7	310	18	10	2	18	0		–		58	0	8
Urlingford,	359	1	7½	151	18	0	80	18	5	10	8	4½	53	9	5
Waterford,	765	16	9	289	2	6	132	18	5	23	15	10	152	13	6
Westport,	364	10	1	214	6	10	165	16	9	2	0	0	78	5	5
Wexford,	708	14	0¾	153	18	8	120	11	1	10	11	1½	89	17	8
Youghal,	806	9	3	41	13	9	48	17	10	20	16	4	77	17	10
Total (163 Unions),	65,679	17	9¼	25,826	6	0¾	10,465	16	1	2,051	6	6¼	9,109	3	10

MENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. III.) of the Audited Accounts of 29th SEPTEMBER, 1852—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
99	3	9	38	16	11	9	14	3	14	15	3	880	3	10	66	2	9½	814	1	0½
37	10	6	23	1	10		–		9	19	11	434	4	4	4	0	0	430	4	4
0	16	6	38	5	2	9	10	4	24	0	5½	918	10	2		–		918	10	2
0	15	10		–		4	5	3	6	11	1	219	11	3	20	10	3	199	1	0
1	1	0	92	10	0	1	19	0	6	18	9	488	8	9¾	3	11	9	484	17	0¾
69	17	4	131	12	6	10	10	3	33	7	10½	996	2	11¾	0	10	0	995	12	11¾
	–		20	6	10½	7	17	0¾	15	1	10	501	13	4	25	9	1	476	4	3
12	13	1	3	19	0		–		85	11	10	483	6	1	19	2	0	464	4	1
56	11	4	55	13	1	9	18	9	148	19	5	1,163	16	5½	3	18	4	1,159	18	1½
10	17	10	48	10	6	9	5	0	15	14	5	1,219	14	1¾	34	14	11	1,184	19	2¾
9	19	2	77	8	0	2	15	2	18	6	4	917	7	6	17	14	2	899	13	4
12	8	8	17	1	9	6	5	11		–		614	4	3¾		–		614	4	3¾
37	0	3	46	2	0	9	5	3	7	10	7	596	0	5	9	7	3	586	13	2
	–		61	5	0	30	9	6	49	11	6	492	3	3¾	107	6	0¼	384	17	3¾
14	0	3	132	12	3		–		247	13	6¼	1,864	14	8	97	5	9½	1,767	8	10½
6	13	1	119	8	11	5	0	0	14	6	0	902	19	6	12	11	5	890	8	1
60	5	1	119	17	4	0	3	9	19	13	2	1,086	9	2½	39	6	11½	1,047	2	3
12	4	2	0	14	10	11	6	8	71	17	9	626	3	9	161	4	10	464	18	11
14	6	3	28	5	6	9	18	6	26	4	8	473	1	6½	88	2	0½	384	19	6
43	4	1	9	0	0		–		27	0	2	504	3	0	131	3	5	372	19	7
51	19	8½	16	14	7	9	18	11	24	7	11½	594	9	1	25	15	2	568	13	11
14	9	11	35	4	5	0	13	6	14	3	1	488	18	10	73	16	2	415	2	8
	–			–			–		28	12	9	380	14	10	13	2	8½	367	12	1½
12	4	8	84	15	8	11	2	9	32	9	9½	882	4	10	86	8	9	795	16	1
48	7	6½	81	12	11	3	14	0¾	4	7	3½	444	7	6	0	5	0	444	2	6
35	18	7	67	2	7	8	15	6	9	14	4	885	8	0½	53	14	2¾	831	13	9¾
31	0	1	24	3	4	4	0	6	7	14	1	857	8	3½	13	16	0	843	12	3½
124	14	2½	508	3	11	8	12	0	52	7	11½	1,917	9	5	31	0	5½	1,886	8	11½
47	14	4	17	10	7	10	15	0	23	10	6	1,452	0	8	6	18	11	1,445	1	9
33	3	11	82	10	0	5	17	2	11	4	7	805	3	7	21	16	1	783	7	6
45	7	2	182	3	2	7	8	0	24	7	1	2,126	17	5	9	12	11	2,117	4	6
17	5	0		–		5	15	0	32	14	7	467	7	8¾	33	15	1½	433	12	7¼
30	18	9	301	19	0	8	0	0	17	16	2	1,472	12	0	10	19	2	1,461	12	10
1	1	0	52	4	11		–		4	8	0	826	11	7		–		826	11	7
26	18	6	338	8	10	12	3	0	121	3	3	1,232	9	11	58	9	8	1,174	0	3
14	12	9		–			–		4	5	1	415	5	0	95	3	10	320	1	2
	–			–		5	0	0	12	10	2½	267	17	5½	57	5	9½	210	11	8
38	17	1½	135	0	0		–		69	4	0	756	0	11	0	2	11	755	18	0
55	6	10	4	14	1	0	13	6	5	12	11	515	2	9	22	5	6	492	17	3
27	10	9½	57	17	10	0	12	7½	18	2	5½	643	10	10	27	6	5	616	4	5
44	19	0	28	0	0	4	12	8	82	4	11½	1,714	12	4¾	21	15	4	1,692	17	0¾
46	5	9	560	5	11	12	13	6	104	14	5½	2,299	18	3	42	3	5	2,257	14	10
7	3	2	40	14	10	1	10	6	5	6	6½	211	7	3	6	18	10	204	8	5
64	5	0	424	17	3	1	10	10	39	8	1	1,719	4	7	24	11	5	1,694	13	2
	–		8	5	0		–		31	6	4	631	0	10	9	10	10	621	10	0
97	12	0	78	9	10		–		50	9	10¾	1,123	17	2¼	4	10	10	1,119	6	4¼
30	19	2½	81	5	8	3	14	11½	45	1	11½	885	13	5	48	18	11	836	14	6
31	15	3	58	8	6	11	3	5	41	13	8	1,192	2	11	57	18	5	1,134	4	6
20	4	11½	32	9	0	0	6	8	28	7	9½	737	4	3	23	11	6	713	12	9
105	17	6	107	8	11	12	9	5	37	12	2	1,627	15	0	20	5	1¾	1,607	9	10¼
46	0	5	197	11	5	24	5	0	18	11	3	1,111	7	2	12	18	0	1,098	9	2
36	3	2	62	12	3	11	7	6	11	13	9	1,205	9	3½	134	19	6½	1,070	9	8¾
28	2	6	269	12	4	4	7	6	32	2	0	1,329	19	4	25	5	8	1,304	13	8
5,318	19	5½	12,815	18	1½	845	18	7¼	4,650	19	6¼	136,764	5	11¾	6,883	10	4½	129.880	15	7¼

No. VII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 25th March, 1852 (included in Table No. II.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
									Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
Abbeyleix, . .	1,081 4 4¼	149 12 10½	143 12 0¾	1,374 9 3½	1,291	137,859	107	774	1 3		0 1¾		1 4¾	
Antrim, . .	385 12 3	82 7 9	189 16 6	657 16 6	505	53,152	105	299	1 2¾		0 6		1 8¾	
Ardee, . .	723 10 9	124 7 0	105 19 4	953 17 1	1,274	101,727	80	572	1 2		0 1¾		1 3¾	
Armagh, . .	377 12 3	87 11 0	58 19 4	524 2 7	592	56,609	96	318	1 1¾		0 1¾		1 3½	
Athlone, . .	1,579 2 11	181 12 8	223 18 5¾	1,984 14 0¾	2,108	245,213	116	1,378	1 0		0 1½		1 1½	
Athy, . .	1,057 2 8	159 1 9	292 12 10	1,508 17 3	1,488	140,468	94	789	1 2⅓		0 3⅓		1 6	
Bailieborough, .	688 8 9	146 6 11	–	834 15 8	1,048	104,940	100	590	1 1¾		–		1 1¾	
Ballina, . .	1,063 14 0½	127 19 11	267 5 5	1,458 19 4½	1,516	171,059	113	961	0 11¾		0 2½		1 2¼	
Ballinasloe, . .	1,036 8 5½	92 12 6	79 1 10½	1,208 2 9¾	1,367	151,614	111	852	1 0½		0 1		1 1½	
Ballinrobe, . .	1,382 15 6¾	137 7 2¼	266 19 7	1,787 2 4	2,339	256,300	110	1,440	0 10		0 1¾		0 11¾	
Ballycastle, . .	247 8 2	75 5 1	24 1 5	346 14 8	382	36,832	96	207	1 2¾		0 1		1 3¾	
Ballymahon, .	774 16 10½	113 15 2	207 16 11¾	1,096 9 0¼	1,063	110,822	104	623	1 1½		0 3¼		1 4¾	
Ballymena, . .	301 3 1	106 15 0	51 16 4	459 14 5	575	43,528	76	245	1 3¾		0 2		1 5¾	
Ballymoney, .	283 11 9	74 11 1	89 12 5	447 15 3	400	43,016	108	242	1 2		0 3½		1 5½	
Ballyshannon, .	335 14 6	86 19 0	59 16 6	482 10 0	715	57,432	80	323	1 0¼		0 1¾		1 2	
Ballyvaghan, .	744 0 7¾	79 13 3¼	133 12 6	957 6 5	1,463	128,280	88	721	0 10¾		0 1¾		1 0½	
Balrothery, . .	751 12 6	78 7 7	160 12 11	990 13 0	876	77,110	88	433	1 6		0 3½		1 9½	
Baltinglass, . .	924 12 7	225 12 9⅓	263 19 11	1,414 5 3½	1,287	126,718	98	712	1 3¼		0 3½		1 6¾	
Banbridge, . .	364 2 5½	121 19 11½	28 5 11	514 8 4	556	54,329	98	305	1 3		0 0¾		1 3¾	
Bandon, . .	945 16 4¾	121 4 1	–	1,067 0 5¾	1,786	157,190	88	883	0 11½		–		0 11½	
Bantry, . . .	1,132 7 3	113 18 1½	56 3 2½	1,302 8 7	2,413	188,702	78	1,060	0 11¼		0 0½		0 11½	

Bawnboy, . .	267	0	10	52	17	4	44	14	1	364	12	3	372	44,617	120	251	1	0	0	1	1	1¾
Belfast, . .	2,730	2	5	517	2	8	676	2	1	3,923	7	2	5,115	324,531	63	1,823	1	5	0	3½	1	8½
Belmullet, .	582	18	0	56	12	0	103	12	9	743	2	9	1,081	99,493	92	559	0	10¾	0	1¾	1	0½
Borrisokane, .	1,034	10	7¼	116	11	1	142	2	1¾	1,293	3	10	1,467	159,145	108	894	1	0	0	1½	1	1½
Boyle, . .	776	11	3	86	10	11	193	13	0	1,056	15	2	886	92,951	105	522	1	3½	0	3½	1	7
Cahirciveen, .	1,605	18	5¼	29	1	6¾	231	4	9¼	1,866	4	9¼	2,850	221,989	78	1,247	1	0¼	0	1¾	1	2
Callan, . .	1,512	8	5	137	16	5	241	8	8½	1,891	13	6½	3,098	231,778	75	1,302	1	0	0	1¾	1	1¾
Carlow, . .	2,402	0	5	240	3	11¼	323	19	0¼	2,966	3	4½	4,196	310,993	74	1,747	1	2¼	0	1¾	1	4
Carrickmacross, .	862	12	10¼	131	18	0¾	152	19	1	1,147	10	0	1,385	146,836	106	825	0	11½	0	1¾	1	1
Carrick-on-Shan.,	552	7	5	97	19	0	182	18	10	833	5	3	920	87,811	95	493	1	0½	0	3½	1	4
Carrick-on-Suir, .	1,172	13	9	190	11	11¼	308	0	2	1,671	5	10¼	2,636	147,844	56	831	1	3¼	0	3½	1	6¾
Cashel, . .	3,812	6	10½	472	7	9¾	598	17	3¾	4,883	12	0	6,556	574,911	88	3,230	1	0¾	0	1¾	1	2
Castlebar, . .	840	17	4	105	14	10	218	8	0	1,165	0	2	1,509	146,515	97	823	0	10¾	0	2½	1	1¾
Castleblayney, .	666	6	2	127	17	8	93	13	6	887	17	4	899	89,929	100	505	1	2¾	0	1¾	1	4½
Castlecomer, .	324	14	4½	40	11	9¾	72	8	4¼	437	14	6½	513	36,766	72	207	1	4¾	0	3¼	1	8
Castlederg, . .	127	15	1	25	8	5	10	13	9	163	17	3	233	22,980	99	129	0	11¼	0	0¾	1	0
Castlerea, . .	677	15	1	80	6	6¾	54	8	1½	812	9	8¾	1,162	104,462	90	587	1	0¼	0	0¾	1	1
Castletown, .	657	13	7	59	9	7¼	212	2	3	929	5	5¼	1,047	101,814	97	572	1	0	0	3½	1	3½
Castletowndelvin,	216	18	2	51	10	10	40	6	7¾	308	15	7¾	318	35,344	111	199	1	0¾	0	2	1	2¾
Cavan, . .	938	3	8	179	4	11	174	12	5	1,292	1	0	1,498	167,638	112	942	0	11¼	0	1¾	1	1
Celbridge, . .	568	13	8¼	108	1	2¼	219	11	6	896	6	4¾	742	70,264	95	395	1	4¼	0	5¼	1	9½
Claremorris, .	989	13	2	91	5	4¼	297	2	6	1,378	1	0¼	1,315	142,632	108	801	1	0¾	0	3½	1	4¼
Clifden, . .	1,510	13	10	197	3	10	240	19	11	1,948	17	7	2,068	232,332	112	1,305	1	0¼	0	1¾	1	2
Clogheen, . .	1,450	11	11	168	13	8¾		...		1,619	5	7¾	3,478	228,816	66	1,285	1	0	–		1	0
Clogher, . .	372	1	5½	140	17	9½	116	17	9½	629	17	0½	595	56,107	94	315	1	3¼	0	3½	1	6¾
Clonakilty, . .	599	16	8¾	73	17	0¾	134	6	8	808	0	5½	1,069	96,721	90	543	0	11¾	0	2¼	1	2
Clones, . .	431	6	0	67	4	10	64	10	4	563	1	2	691	61,936	90	348	1	1½	0	1¾	1	3¼
Clonmel, . .	3,301	14	11¼	263	18	1½	441	12	9	4,007	5	9¾	4,641	423,975	91	2,382	1	2¼	0	1¾	1	4
Coleraine, . .	407	8	0	89	15	7	107	15	3	604	18	10	660	51,726	78	291	1	4¼	0	3½	1	7¾
Cookstown, . .	253	13	0¼	61	9	1¾	40	13	2	355	15	4	367	39,033	106	219	1	1½	0	1¾	1	3¼
Cootehill, . .	649	5	9	111	18	6	109	12	4	870	16	7	1,086	105,232	97	591	1	0¼	0	1¾	1	2
Cork, . . .	5,035	3	10½	427	15	9		–		5,462	19	7½	14,671	804,034	55	4,517	0	11½	–		0	11½
Corrofin, . .	789	18	11¾	118	14	8½	134	0	7¼	1,042	14	3½	1,161	137,955	119	775	0	11	0	1¾	1	0¾
Croom, . .	1,438	19	0¼	193	12	6¾		–		1,632	11	7	1,999	221,105	111	1,242	1	0½	–		1	0½
Dingle, . .	2,432	11	8	166	5	7	388	13	0	2,987	10	3	4,531	373,106	82	2,096	0	11¾	0	1¾	1	1½

[*continued.*

No. VII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 25th March, 1852 (included in Table No. II.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Donaghmore,	334	13	9	51	0	11	64	10	8	450	5	4	536	54,207	101	304	1	0	0	2	1	2
Donegal,	373	11	1	52	1	6	55	0	6	480	13	1	526	52,826	100	297	1	1½	0	1¾	1	3¼
Downpatrick,	637	13	8	150	10	1	359	17	11	1,148	1	8	1,003	86,375	86	485	1	3¼	0	7	1	10¼
Drogheda,	974	1	10	103	3	9¼	114	10	10½	1,191	16	5¾	1,499	109,962	73	618	1	4½	0	1¾	1	6¼
Dromore, West,	177	17	5	26	17	11	44	18	3	249	13	7	243	26,998	111	152	1	0¾	0	2¾	1	3½
Dublin, North,	4,126	5	6½	463	12	0	534	2	9	5,124	0	3½	5,119	447,320	87	2,513	1	5¼	0	2	1	7¼
Dublin, South,	5,442	5	6	673	12	11	597	15	4½	6,713	13	9½	6,143	573,858	93	3,224	1	6	0	1¾	1	7¾
Dundalk,	901	12	1¾	99	12	6¾	68	7	2½	1,069	11	11	1,188	114,846	97	645	1	2¾	0	1	1	3¾
Dunfanaghy,	101	16	3	13	9	8	15	6	1	130	12	0	227	14,692	65	82	1	1¼	0	1¾	1	3
Dungannon,	217	18	5	65	19	10	20	4	0	304	2	3	406	38,777	96	218	1	0¼	0	1	1	1¼
Dungarvan,	1,404	0	1¾	99	17	0	247	5	7	1,751	2	8¾	2,830	215,308	76	1,209	0	11¼	0	2	1	1¾
Dunmanway,	340	13	5	57	4	11½	44	15	8	442	14	0½	1,066	75,233	71	423	0	9	0	1	0	10
Dunshaughlin,	767	5	3½	131	15	6¾	204	6	6½	1,103	7	4¾	1,052	98,077	93	551	1	3½	0	3½	1	7
Edenderry,	1,052	6	0	109	5	1¾	164	7	4¼	1,325	18	6	1,627	157,793	97	886	1	0¼	0	1¾	1	2
Ennis,	2,804	0	9	419	9	9½	284	16	5	3,508	6	11½	3,974	478,496	120	2,688	0	11¼	0	1	1	0¼
Enniscorthy,	1,968	17	8¾	147	1	3	284	4	4½	2,400	3	4¼	2,924	238,291	81	1,339	1	3	0	2	1	5
Enniskillen,	600	19	6	143	9	8	82	10	2	826	19	4	962	105,852	110	595	0	11¾	0	1¼	1	1
Ennistymon,	2,605	4	5½	442	19	9	472	13	3½	3,520	17	6	3,810	453,758	119	2,549	0	11¼	0	1¾	1	1
Fermoy,	1,149	3	11	151	7	7½	405	9	5½	1,706	1	0	2,913	194,587	67	1,093	0	11¼	0	3½	1	2¾
Galway,	2,459	14	6¾	249	9	11½	541	16	4½	3,251	0	10¾	4,172	427,928	103	2,404	0	10¾	0	2	1	0¾
Glennamaddy,	422	11	7¼	55	15	2¾	37	0	11¼	515	7	9¼	721	66,282	92	372	1	0	0	1	1	1

Glenties,	218	13	9	34	4	6	33	13	4	286	11	7	579	42,772	74	240	0	10	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$
Glin,	1,225	5	$2\frac{1}{2}$	119	7	$8\frac{1}{2}$	424	13	$8\frac{1}{3}$	1,769	6	$7\frac{1}{2}$	2,161	203,849	94	1,145	0	11	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Gorey,	1,377	11	9	139	7	2	185	11	$4\frac{1}{2}$	1,702	10	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1,804	178,146	99	1,001	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	4
Gort,	1,569	7	$5\frac{1}{2}$	126	4	$10\frac{1}{4}$	294	5	$10\frac{1}{2}$	1,989	18	$2\frac{1}{4}$	2,751	282,523	103	1,587	0	10	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$
Gortin,	148	3	6	36	19	0	23	7	6	208	10	0	258	22,438	87	126	1	2	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Granard,	1,404	10	$8\frac{1}{4}$	244	5	$1\frac{3}{4}$	543	1	11	2,191	17	9	2,271	251,086	111	1,411	0	11	0	$3\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$
Inishowen,	418	14	7	52	2	10	42	16	1	513	13	6	906	82,188	91	462	0	$9\frac{2}{4}$	0	$0\frac{2}{4}$	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$
Kanturk,	2,336	7	2	221	10	$11\frac{3}{4}$		–		2,557	18	$1\frac{3}{4}$	4,199	403,714	96	2,268	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	–		0	$10\frac{3}{4}$
Kells,	991	15	$2\frac{1}{4}$	195	16	$11\frac{3}{4}$	164	9	0	1,352	1	2	1,663	157,872	95	887	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	2
Kenmare,	1,972	7	$6\frac{1}{2}$	65	8	$1\frac{1}{4}$	620	19	$5\frac{1}{2}$	2,658	15	$1\frac{1}{4}$	3,383	298,299	88	1,676	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	3
Kilkeel,	143	4	$7\frac{1}{2}$	25	5	$1\frac{3}{4}$	21	12	2	190	1	$11\frac{1}{4}$	272	20,744	76	117	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Kilkenny,	2,393	5	$10\frac{1}{2}$	270	15	3	607	7	$11\frac{1}{2}$	3,271	9	$0\frac{3}{4}$	3,945	291,551	74	1,638	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$6\frac{3}{4}$
Killadysert,	1,625	5	$7\frac{1}{4}$	193	6	$8\frac{3}{4}$	494	19	9	2,313	12	1	2,261	277,196	123	1,557	0	11	0	3	1	2
Killala,	869	18	$3\frac{1}{2}$	125	18	4	290	10	2	1,286	6	$9\frac{1}{2}$	1,088	139,443	128	783	1	0	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Killarney,	2,118	0	$6\frac{1}{4}$	191	7	9	381	18	11	2,691	7	$2\frac{1}{2}$	4,712	366,668	78	2,060	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$
Kilmacthomas,	372	16	3	24	9	11	77	19	$9\frac{1}{2}$	475	5	$11\frac{1}{2}$	735	54,951	75	309	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	$2\frac{1}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Kilmallock,	3,598	7	$11\frac{3}{4}$	558	13	0	608	3	$1\frac{1}{4}$	4,765	4	1	6,190	583,829	94	3,280	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Kilrush,	3,645	7	$4\frac{1}{4}$	253	2	$7\frac{3}{4}$		–		3,898	10	0	5,142	548,149	107	3,079	1	0	–		1	0
Kinsale,	708	18	$3\frac{1}{4}$	116	11	$8\frac{3}{4}$	130	12	$6\frac{3}{4}$	956	2	$6\frac{3}{4}$	2,084	125,403	60	705	0	11	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$
Larne,	351	8	7	81	9	8	51	10	9	484	9	0	445	49,476	111	278	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Letterkenny,	183	16	$3\frac{1}{2}$	52	3	$10\frac{1}{2}$	30	3	8	266	3	10	295	28,977	98	163	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Limerick,	5,478	9	$0\frac{1}{4}$	640	18	$2\frac{1}{2}$	887	16	$3\frac{3}{4}$	7,007	3	$6\frac{1}{2}$	9,844	852,303	87	4,788	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Lisburn,	433	14	6	125	16	$10\frac{1}{4}$	96	2	8	655	14	$0\frac{1}{4}$	704	61,538	87	346	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{2}{4}$
Lismore,	1,277	12	$7\frac{1}{2}$	101	19	$5\frac{1}{4}$		–		1,379	12	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1,885	191,168	101	1,074	1	0	–		1	0
Lisnaskea,	300	12	4	87	12	4	56	5	1	444	9	9	552	54,005	98	303	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Listowel,	2,874	0	0	157	17	10	251	8	9	3,283	6	7	5,034	482,758	96	2,712	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$
Londonderry,	697	2	10	110	15	4	215	10	11	1,023	9	1	1,540	104,588	68	588	1	1	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Longford,	1,457	11	$11\frac{1}{2}$	170	5	$3\frac{1}{4}$	431	11	$10\frac{1}{2}$	2,059	9	1	2,285	203,085	89	1,141	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	5
Loughrea,	1,192	5	$0\frac{3}{4}$	65	18	6	223	13	11	1,481	17	$5\frac{3}{4}$	1,990	214,748	108	1,206	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$
Lowtherstown,	172	7	1	49	12	7	27	19	8	249	19	4	412	31,996	78	180	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	1
Lurgan,	488	16	1	166	4	11	132	15	10	787	16	10	1,100	63,740	58	358	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$8\frac{3}{4}$
Macroom,	1,161	19	11	130	17	0	98	8	3	1,391	5	2	2,687	220,462	82	1,238	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$
Magherafelt,	294	5	9	75	0	0	22	5	2	391	10	11	381	42,735	112	240	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Mallow,	1,344	19	2	181	4	9	119	3	2	1,645	7	1	3,461	200,183	58	1,125	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	1	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Manorhamilton,	354	16	$4\frac{1}{2}$	60	2	4	65	16	8	480	15	$4\frac{1}{2}$	646	63,235	98	355	0	11	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$

[*continued.*

No. VII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-Year ended 25th March, 1852 (included in Table No. II.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Midleton,	1,960	8	$6\frac{1}{2}$	180	13	11	316	9	$0\frac{1}{2}$	2,457	11	6	3,824	303,794	79	1,706	0	$11\frac{5}{8}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Milford,	230	15	3	46	1	11	82	9	4	359	6	6	425	39,585	93	222	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Millstreet,	1,489	0	$6\frac{1}{4}$	161	3	$0\frac{3}{4}$	129	18	6	1,780	2	1	3,285	249,445	76	1,401	0	11	0	1	1	0
Mitchelstown,	1,293	6	$9\frac{1}{2}$	170	16	$9\frac{3}{4}$	479	11	0	1,943	14	$7\frac{1}{4}$	3,435	230,184	67	1,293	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Mohill,	706	11	11	135	3	0	116	3	0	957	17	11	959	111,503	116	626	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Monaghan,	447	15	8	129	12	7	7	3	1	584	11	4	608	70,883	117	398	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$0\frac{1}{4}$	1	2
Mount Bellew,	709	10	$2\frac{1}{2}$	46	6	3	52	17	$8\frac{1}{4}$	808	14	$1\frac{3}{4}$	772	101,715	132	371	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$
Mountmelick,	1,241	11	$0\frac{1}{4}$	132	13	4	197	7	1	1,571	11	$5\frac{1}{4}$	2,437	189,460	78	1,064	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	2
Mullingar,	1,418	10	$5\frac{1}{4}$	345	16	11	470	9	$11\frac{1}{2}$	2,234	17	$3\frac{3}{4}$	2,141	225,839	105	1,269	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$
Naas,	1,429	2	$4\frac{1}{4}$	200	17	6	398	16	6	2,028	16	$4\frac{1}{4}$	1,905	191,436	100	1,076	1	2	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Navan,	1,253	7	$5\frac{3}{4}$	179	19	11	152	4	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1,585	11	$5\frac{1}{2}$	1,585	146,115	92	821	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$6\frac{1}{4}$
Nenagh,	3,215	14	$0\frac{3}{4}$	342	15	3	963	9	$11\frac{1}{4}$	4,521	19	3	4,974	484,121	97	2,720	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$
Newcastle,	2,912	13	$4\frac{3}{4}$	459	19	$3\frac{1}{4}$		–		3,372	12	8	5,870	487,342	83	2,738	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	–		0	$11\frac{1}{2}$
Newport,	739	12	$9\frac{3}{4}$	84	13	$4\frac{1}{2}$	262	15	$0\frac{1}{2}$	1,087	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	1,096	126,121	115	709	0	11	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
New Ross,	2,485	2	$3\frac{1}{2}$	155	0	$3\frac{1}{4}$	591	7	$6\frac{1}{2}$	3,231	10	$1\frac{1}{4}$	4,247	273,861	64	1,539	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$7\frac{3}{4}$
Newry,	690	2	5	98	15	2	79	8	11	868	6	6	1,090	101,132	93	568	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Newtownards,	577	2	$8\frac{1}{2}$	142	19	1	171	11	4	891	13	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1,083	82,352	76	463	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$6\frac{1}{4}$
Newtownlimavady,	366	5	6	80	1	0	62	8	9	508	15	3	723	53,648	74	301	1	2	0	2	1	4
Oldcastle,	1,068	1	10	270	16	3	93	14	$11\frac{1}{2}$	1,432	13	$0\frac{1}{2}$	1,619	179,980	111	1,011	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$
Omagh,	587	12	9	95	1	8	81	14	1	764	8	6	1,077	87,379	81	491	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$
Oughterard,	1,022	15	$4\frac{1}{4}$	54	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	42	10	0	1,119	5	6	1,670	179,938	108	1,011	0	10	0	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$

Parsonstown,	1,317	2	11½	185	14	3¼	–			1,502	16	4¾	2,445	207,123	85	1,164	1	0¼	–		1	0¼
Portumna,	607	9	4½	41	11	7¾	111	10	8½	760	11	8½	987	107,074	108	601	0	10¼	0	1¾	1	0
Rathdown,	857	8	1¾	168	4	3¾	294	11	0¾	1,320	3	6¼	1,655	94,257	57	530	1	6¼	0	5¼	1	11½
Rathdrum,	952	10	0	143	17	3	297	9	1½	1,393	16	4½	1,543	142,779	93	802	1	1	0	3½	1	4½
Rathkeale,	1,634	10	8⅓	259	12	2½	426	19	3¾	2,321	2	2¾	3,158	273,258	87	1,535	0	11⅓	0	2¾	1	2¼
Roscommon,	1,334	4	3½	179	12	7½	262	7	5¾	1,776	4	4¾	2,022	207,509	103	1,166	1	0¼	0	2¼	1	2½
Roscrea,	1,122	19	6	171	6	11½	216	10	8	1,510	17	1½	2,027	181,888	90	1,022	1	0	0	2	1	2
Scariff,	2,027	8	6¼	160	0	9	653	14	4	2,841	3	7¼	2,429	313,308	129	1,760	0	11¾	0	3¼	1	3¼
Shillelagh,	690	8	3	81	16	10	116	15	3¾	889	0	4¾	987	112,095	114	630	0	11½	0	1¾	1	1¼
Skibbereen,	2,010	1	6	163	16	4	211	0	0	2,384	17	10	4,059	354,477	87	1,991	0	10¼	0	1	0	11¼
Skull,	565	8	2	54	4	0½	101	2	9	720	14	11½	1,173	97,091	83	545	0	10¾	0	1¾	1	0½
Sligo,	1,258	18	0	254	1	6	–			1,512	19	6	2,320	171,910	74	966	1	2¾	–		1	2¾
Strabane,	440	11	0	86	18	2	100	0	0	627	9	2	771	64,571	84	363	1	1¾	0	2½	1	4¼
Stranorlar,	225	10	6	45	2	1	22	14	0	293	6	7	436	38,139	87	214	1	0	0	1	1	1
Strokestown,	1,028	15	2¼	99	11	6	304	11	5	1,432	18	1¼	1,430	146,194	102	821	1	1	0	3½	1	4½
Swineford,	566	17	7	57	2	9¼	103	5	0	727	5	4½	834	99,120	119	557	0	10½	0	1¾	1	0¼
Thomastown,	1,106	5	2	107	12	11	276	6	7½	1,490	4	8½	1,620	132,639	82	745	1	3½	0	3½	1	7
Thurles,	2,220	5	6	208	14	9¾	167	18	9¾	2,596	19	1½	4,721	322,443	68	1,811	1	0¾	0	0¾	1	1½
Tipperary,	3,143	19	3	527	2	8	533	0	1	4,204	2	0	5,736	511,678	89	2,875	1	0	0	1¾	1	1¾
Tobercurry,	194	11	7⅕	33	0	8½	49	0	9½	276	13	1½	269	28,936	108	163	1	1¼	0	2¾	1	4
Tralee,	4,065	1	8¼	359	1	0½	754	4	9¾	5,178	7	6½	6,870	724,071	105	4,068	0	10¾	0	1¾	1	0
Trim,	762	5	9	254	1	11	115	10	8	1,131	18	4	2,107	110,915	53	623	1	3½	0	1¾	1	5¼
Tuam,	1,298	15	8¾	99	14	2½	368	3	9¼	1,766	13	8½	2,302	235,639	102	1,324	0	10	0	2¼	1	0½
Tulla,	1,776	11	9¼	162	8	8	301	9	4	2,240	9	9¼	2,647	289,408	109	1,626	0	11¼	0	1¾	1	1
Tullamore,	1,642	11	2	313	2	7	552	19	5½	2,508	13	2½	3,169	265,427	84	1,491	1	0½	0	3½	1	4
Urlingford,	1,036	12	0	132	15	2	234	2	10	1,403	10	0	1,395	131,120	94	737	1	3	0	3	1	6
Waterford,	3,168	11	3½	266	14	3	407	12	4¼	3,842	17	10¾	5,908	391,313	66	2,198	1	2¾	0	1¾	1	4½
Westport,	1,162	7	9	212	19	1½	111	10	7	1,486	17	5⅓	2,315	214,135	92	1,203	0	10⅝	0	1	0	11¾
Wexford,	1,827	15	4¾	223	12	4¼	206	18	3½	2,258	6	0½	2,808	198,638	71	1,116	1	5⅓	0	1⅜	1	7
Youghal,	1,461	10	8½	140	19	6	245	6	1	1,847	16	3½	3,539	235,501	67	1,323	0	11½	0	1¾	1	1¼
Total,	199,591	8	0¼	25,236	5	5¼	33,676	4	11¼	258,503	18	5	342,972	30,181,934	88	169,561	1	0⅜	0	2	1	2½

No. VIII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1852 (included in Table No. III.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	1,037	1	6¼	128	17	3¾	140	19	1¾	1,306	17	11¾	1,362	135,319	99	720	1	2½	0	1¾	1	4½
Antrim,	390	5	9	64	9	4	192	7	2	647	2	3	509	53,861	106	287	1	2¼	0	6	1	8¼
Ardee,	668	5	8	107	16	9	94	16	1	870	18	6	1,362	91,013	67	484	1	2½	0	1¾	1	4
Armagh,	376	12	1	68	10	2	59	2	10	504	5	1	556	56,777	102	302	1	1¾	0	1¾	1	3
Athlone,	1,796	2	11	169	6	10½	110	11	5½	2,076	1	3	2,272	255,580	112	1,359	1	1	0	0¾	1	1¾
Athy,	1,049	13	5	104	9	10¾	72	0	11¼	1,226	4	2½	1,418	138,334	98	736	1	2	0	1	1	3
Bailieborough,	704	16	3	75	3	1	105	10	7	885	9	11	1,103	101,310	92	539	1	1	0	1½	1	2¾
Ballina,	1,144	3	5	106	18	10½	270	18	10	1,522	1	1½	1,429	173,402	121	922	1	0	0	2¾	1	2¾
Ballinasloe,	1,199	1	10	80	6	2	81	6	5	1,360	14	5	1,348	156,137	116	832	1	2	0	0¾	1	2¾
Ballinrobe,	1,466	12	7¾	103	15	4¼	271	7	8½	1,841	15	8½	2,662	260,530	98	1,386	0	10¼	0	1¾	1	0
Ballycastle,	228	6	4	60	6	8	20	5	9	308	18	9	350	30,998	89	165	1	3¾	0	1	1	4¾
Ballymahon,	846	14	4½	87	19	9	137	0	4½	1,071	14	6	1,020	111,757	110	594	1	2	0	2	1	4
Ballymena,	267	13	11	68	0	5	46	15	6	382	9	10	537	39,293	73	209	1	2½	0	2	1	4½
Ballymoney,	196	2	7	62	13	11	79	16	2	338	12	8	360	38,308	106	204	0	11½	0	3½	1	3
Ballyshannon,	364	0	4	49	4	8	65	17	3	479	2	3	686	63,229	92	336	0	11	0	1¾	1	0¾
Ballyvaghan,	924	16	10½	76	5	6½	–			1,001	2	5	1,062	152,352	143	810	0	11	–		0	11
Balrothery,	792	7	5	106	15	7	168	5	7	1,067	8	7	956	80,774	84	430	1	6¾	0	3½	1	10¼
Baltinglass,	853	3	3½	167	4	11	242	2	7½	1,262	10	10	1,204	116,223	97	618	1	2¾	0	3½	1	6¼
Banbridge,	372	19	11¾	90	10	5¼	25	6	11	488	17	4	528	48,681	92	259	1	4	0	1	1	5
Bandon,	1,016	11	3	85	17	8	–			1,102	8	11	1,973	157,378	80	837	1	0	–		1	0
Bantry,	1,152	19	6½	87	19	7¼	202	17	9	1,443	16	10¾	2,470	194,772	79	1,036	0	10¾	0	1¾	1	0½

Bawnboy, . .	277	10	11¼	47	4	11	41	1	0¼	365	16	10½	356	42,066	118	224	1	1	0	1½	1	2½
Belfast, . .	2,584	13	11	570	9	10	642	2	2	3,797	5	11	5,346	308,212	58	1,639	1	5¼	0	3½	1	8¼
Belmullet, . .	1,113	3	6	74	6	6	179	6	9	1,366	16	9	1,471	172,166	117	916	0	11¾	0	1¾	1	1½
Borrisokane, .	1,067	12	8½	86	2	1¾	187	14	6	1,341	9	4¼	1,468	157,690	107	839	1	0¼	0	2	1	2¼
Boyle, . .	812	19	3	85	0	9	104	17	6	1,002	17	6	947	100,680	106	536	1	3	0	1¾	1	4¾
Caherciveen, .	2,148	10	2	31	9	10	325	13	1½	2,505	13	1½	3,442	312,630	91	1,663	0	11¾	0	1¾	1	1½
Callan, . .	1,482	15	10½	106	12	9¾	232	4	8¾	1,821	13	5	3,111	222,947	72	1,186	1	0	0	1¾	1	1¾
Carlow, . .	2,589	18	6	259	13	5	314	0	3½	3,163	12	2½	3,828	301,454	79	1,604	1	4	0	1¾	1	5¾
Carrickmacross, .	828	6	0¾	128	11	11¼	68	8	9	1,025	6	9	1,344	131,413	97	699	1	0¼	0	1	1	1¼
Carrick-on-Shan.	453	5	10	60	3	9	171	1	8	684	11	3	917	83,724	91	445	0	10¼	0	3½	1	1¾
Carrick-on-Suir, .	953	12	8¼	158	11	1½	283	6	4½	1,395	10	2¼	2,324	135,993	59	725	1	1¾	0	3½	1	5¼
Cashel, . .	3,696	15	11½	390	7	3¼	604	11	3	4,691	14	6	6,237	580,380	93	3,087	0	11¾	0	1¾	1	1½
Castlebar, . .	1,004	16	3	92	0	7	230	18	3	1,327	15	1	1,624	148,238	91	789	1	0½	0	2½	1	3
Castleblayney, .	763	12	11	60	17	0¾	100	2	3½	924	12	3½	1,036	96,110	93	511	1	2½	0	1¾	1	4¼
Castlecomer, .	340	16	9	34	2	7½	–			374	19	4½	526	39,686	75	211	1	4	–		1	4
Castlederg, . .	119	18	3	26	9	0	13	0	6	159	7	9	231	21,048	91	112	0	11¾	0	1	1	0¾
Castlerea, . .	665	0	7½	50	3	9½	52	18	3	768	2	8	1,257	101,593	81	540	0	11¾	0	1	1	0¾
Castletown, .	664	7	2¼	48	12	1	109	13	2½	822	12	5¾	1,080	105,274	97	560	0	11½	0	1¾	1	1¼
Castletowndelvin,	222	9	7	46	3	5	39	18	1	308	11	1	331	34,420	104	183	1	1	0	2	1	3
Cavan, . .	1,046	4	11	116	6	8	165	10	5	1,328	2	0	1,650	158,900	96	845	1	0¼	0	1¾	1	2
Celbridge, . .	497	10	11½	90	4	6	125	0	3	712	15	8½	756	60,006	79	319	1	4½	0	3½	1	8
Claremorris, .	995	9	1	48	7	6	153	4	9	1,197	1	4	1,365	147,108	108	783	1	0	0	1¾	1	1¾
Clifden, . .	1,361	11	8	104	11	0	117	4	11	1,583	7	7	2,204	225,112	102	1,198	0	11	0	0¾	0	11¾
Clogheen, . .	1,607	10	9¾	109	2	3¾	–			1,716	13	1½	3,485	250,650	72	1,333	0	11½	–		0	11½
Clogher, . .	346	10	6	117	19	3½	47	2	9	511	12	6½	542	48,051	89	256	1	4¼	0	1½	1	5¾
Clonakilty, . .	555	11	10¾	47	15	0	–			603	6	10¾	1,436	91,724	64	488	0	11	–		0	11
Clones, . .	427	11	1	204	0	6	61	11	3½	693	2	10½	617	59,102	96	314	1	6	0	1¾	1	7¾
Clonmel, . .	3,881	2	6¼	226	10	9¼	–			4,107	13	3½	4,697	430,192	91	2,288	1	4	–		1	4
Coleraine, . .	398	10	4	69	7	0	54	1	0	521	18	4	631	51,889	82	276	1	3	0	1¾	1	4¾
Cookstown, . .	259	14	7	68	0	3	39	19	10	367	14	8	378	38,394	102	204	1	2¼	0	1¾	1	4
Cootehill, . .	663	5	0	97	12	1	–			760	17	1	1,055	107,627	102	573	1	0	–		1	0
Cork, . . .	5,903	3	10	364	13	9	1,006	4	0	7,274	1	7	15,980	845,605	53	4,498	1	0¼	0	2	1	2¼
Corrofin, . .	891	6	3½	72	11	7¾	128	6	0½	1,092	3	11¾	1,606	152,075	95	809	0	10½	0	1½	1	0
Croom, . .	1,103	5	11	145	11	3¼	–			1,248	17	2¼	1,978	209,709	106	1,116	0	10	–		0	10
Dingle, . .	2,932	17	9	191	18	10	475	4	3	3,600	0	10	4,493	456,201	102	2,426	0	11½	0	1¾	1	1¼

[*continued.*

No. VIII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1852 (included in Table No. III.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Donaghmore, .	406	7	4¼	41	5	5	32	18	8	480	11	5¼	513	55,326	108	294	1	1½	0	1	1	2½
Donegal, . .	327	6	2	39	0	4	38	16	4½	405	2	10½	538	50,248	93	267	1	0¼	0	1¼	1	1½
Downpatrick, .	656	11	8¼	87	6	7½	508	16	0¼	1,252	14	4	1,037	84,488	81	449	1	2¾	0	10¼	2	1
Drogheda, . .	977	10	9¼	78	8	5¼	110	9	1¼	1,166	8	3¾	1,569	106,037	68	564	1	4¾	0	1¾	1	6½
Dromore, West, .	263	8	0	32	6	1	28	18	9	324	12	10	441	36,608	83	194	1	1½	0	1¼	1	2¾
Dublin, North, .	4,463	13	4½	412	0	1¼	486	9	11	5,362	3	4¾	5,142	446,715	87	2,376	1	6¼	0	1¾	1	8
Dublin, South, .	5,978	5	10¾	436	13	9	1,186	3	4	7,601	2	11¾	6,559	569,369	87	3,029	1	6¾	0	3½	1	10¼
Dundalk, . .	852	13	1	66	0	6½	62	13	10½	981	7	6	1,132	105,325	93	560	1	2¾	0	1	1	3¾
Dunfanaghy, .	84	16	10	21	11	0	13	5	10	119	13	8	170	12,762	75	67	1	2	0	1¾	1	3¾
Dungannon, .	213	1	4½	56	1	1	38	19	5½	308	1	11	440	37,412	85	199	1	0	0	1¾	1	1¾
Dungarvan, . .	1,412	17	5½	91	17	4	247	7	10½	1,752	2	8	2,583	212,540	82	1,131	0	11¾	0	2	1	1¾
Dunmanway, .	399	10	0¾	35	18	5	24	6	5	459	14	10¾	1,206	81,718	68	435	0	9	0	0½	0	9½
Dunshaughlin, .	657	8	11¼	114	1	7¼	88	1	6½	859	12	1	1,007	84,554	84	450	1	3¼	0	1¾	1	5
Edenderry, . .	1,119	8	9¼	88	6	10¾	154	15	0½	1,362	10	8½	1,732	148,562	86	790	1	1¾	0	1¾	1	3½
Ennis, . . .	3,168	5	0¾	365	2	11¾	304	15	5¾	3,838	3	6¼	3,981	512,020	129	2,724	0	11½	0	1	1	0½
Enniscorthy, .	1,988	12	1	138	5	8	242	15	0	2,369	12	9	2,801	233,041	83	1,240	1	3¼	0	1¾	1	5
Enniskillen, .	606	15	3	118	0	2	58	11	0	783	6	5	889	100,264	113	533	1	0	0	1	1	1
Ennistymon, .	2,871	17	1½	283	16	4	–			3,155	13	5½	3,725	487,694	131	2,594	0	10¾	–		0	10¾
Fermoy, . .	1,251	14	9½	141	19	4¼	–			1,393	14	1¾	3,606	217,841	60	1,159	0	10¾	–		0	10¾
Galway, . .	3,141	10	11	235	19	10	360	8	4	3,737	19	1	4,305	483,898	112	2,574	0	11¾	0	1¼	1	1
Glennamaddy, .	430	14	6	34	8	10	38	19	5½	504	2	9½	754	66,426	88	353	0	11¾	0	1	1	0¾

Glenties,	224	18	2	29	2	11	34	8	11	288	10	0	555	42,613	77	227	0	10	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$
Glin,	1,365	13	$3\frac{1}{4}$	91	17	6	225	6	2	1,682	16	$11\frac{1}{4}$	2,417	233,422	97	1,241	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	0
Gorey,	1,356	11	1	170	14	3	181	14	$5\frac{1}{4}$	1,708	19	$9\frac{1}{4}$	1,913	174,453	91	928	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Gort,	1,871	18	$11\frac{1}{4}$	102	16	$10\frac{3}{4}$	320	6	2	2,295	2	0	3,107	307,496	99	1,636	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Gortin,	112	15	6	23	17	0	34	4	3	170	16	9	220	16,422	75	87	1	2	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Granard,	1,504	17	$6\frac{3}{4}$	112	13	$3\frac{3}{4}$		–		1,617	10	$10\frac{1}{2}$	2,338	242,040	104	1,287	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$		–	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$
Inishowen,	365	14	6	19	19	1	34	8	7	420	2	2	802	66,108	82	352	0	10	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$
Kanturk,	2,553	8	$3\frac{1}{2}$	228	9	$3\frac{1}{2}$		–		2,781	17	7	4,717	424,284	90	2,257	0	11		–	0	11
Kells,	1,060	14	1	156	5	$8\frac{1}{2}$	159	17	$4\frac{3}{4}$	1,376	17	$2\frac{1}{4}$	1,599	153,475	96	816	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	3
Kenmare,	2,264	17	$8\frac{1}{4}$	39	2	$3\frac{3}{4}$	356	16	0	2,660	16	0	3,561	342,531	96	1,822	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	1
Kilkeel,	126	19	$5\frac{3}{4}$	16	16	7	18	11	$5\frac{3}{4}$	162	7	$6\frac{1}{2}$	313	17,831	57	95	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Kilkenny,	2,592	14	$3\frac{1}{2}$	289	16	6		–		2,882	10	$9\frac{1}{2}$	3,942	327,500	83	1,742	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$		–	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$
Killadysert,	1,656	11	$4\frac{3}{4}$	106	14	$11\frac{3}{4}$	563	4	2	2,326	10	$6\frac{1}{2}$	2,645	270,341	102	1,438	0	11	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Killala,	937	5	6	89	7	11	311	14	7	1,338	8	0	1,156	149,989	130	798	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	3
Killarney,	2,290	14	$9\frac{3}{4}$	200	18	$11\frac{3}{4}$	221	18	$1\frac{3}{4}$	2,713	11	$11\frac{1}{4}$	5,772	426,062	74	2,266	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$	0	1	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$
Kilmacthomas,	416	16	0	24	19	6	57	5	$6\frac{3}{4}$	499	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	699	54,897	79	292	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Kilmallock,	3,234	9	$10\frac{1}{2}$	405	8	6		–		3,639	18	$4\frac{1}{2}$	5,815	539,892	93	2,872	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$		–	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$
Kilrush,	4,215	13	$1\frac{1}{2}$	226	5	$9\frac{1}{4}$	1,396	15	$8\frac{1}{2}$	5,838	14	$7\frac{1}{4}$	5,472	670,456	123	3,566	0	11	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Kinsale,	824	11	6	81	8	8	147	5	$4\frac{3}{4}$	1,053	5	$6\frac{3}{4}$	2,249	141,379	63	752	0	$10\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Larne,	371	2	7	75	17	5	106	4	9	553	4	9	496	50,993	103	271	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$6\frac{1}{4}$
Letterkenny,	172	2	0	51	5	4	28	19	10	252	7	2	301	27,831	92	148	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Limerick,	5,687	5	7	559	11	6	913	2	$7\frac{1}{2}$	7,159	19	$8\frac{1}{2}$	10,171	876,606	86	4,663	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Lisburn,	430	13	7	79	19	2	86	18	3	597	11	0	734	58,419	80	311	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	5
Lismore,	1,392	10	$9\frac{3}{4}$	145	15	$11\frac{1}{2}$		–		1,538	6	$9\frac{1}{4}$	1,996	213,340	107	1,135	1	0		–	1	0
Lisnaskea,	306	15	10	76	3	11	56	3	11	439	3	8	548	53,950	98	287	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Listowel,	2,822	5	0	126	3	1		–		2,948	8	1	5,185	508,643	98	2,706	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$		–	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$
Londonderry,	628	12	0	77	16	8	99	17	7	806	6	3	1,285	88,677	69	472	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Longford,	1,414	16	$8\frac{1}{2}$	91	8	$3\frac{1}{2}$	93	15	0	1,600	0	0	1,978	192,000	97	1,021	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1	2
Loughrea,	1,170	11	$9\frac{1}{2}$	70	4	$11\frac{1}{2}$	108	1	6	1,348	18	3	2,055	207,504	101	1,104	0	10	0	1	0	11
Lowtherstown,	164	17	3	35	2	9	26	0	0	226	0	0	353	28,663	81	152	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$
Lurgan,	437	19	1	113	1	7	108	18	8	659	19	4	922	52,287	57	278	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$9\frac{1}{4}$
Macroom,	1,376	5	4	111	2	6	149	16	7	1,637	4	5	2,937	251,716	86	1,339	0	10	0	1	0	11
Magherafelt,	269	5	$5\frac{1}{2}$	41	17	3	21	0	4	332	3	$0\frac{1}{2}$	349	40,351	116	215	1	1	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Mallow,	1,268	0	4	150	6	$8\frac{1}{2}$	58	5	11	1,476	12	$11\frac{1}{2}$	3,869	195,671	51	1,041	1	0	0	$0\frac{1}{2}$	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Manorhamilton,	351	13	2	25	5	2	63	17	11	440	16	3	543	62,062	114	330	0	$10\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	0

[*continued.*

No. VIII.—TABLE showing the EXPENDITURE for PROVISIONS, NECESSARIES, and CLOTHING of WORKHOUSE INMATES, during the HALF-YEAR ended 29th SEPTEMBER, 1852 (included in Table No. III.); also, the NUMBER RELIEVED in the Half-year, and the Average WEEKLY COST per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

NAMES OF UNIONS.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Midleton,	2,290	2	6¾	150	2	7½	205	4	5	2,645	9	7¼	4,804	344,766	72	1,834	1	0	0	1	1	1
Milford,	198	14	7	31	15	7	23	17	0	254	7	2	335	35,610	106	189	0	11	0	1	1	0
Millstreet,	1,800	2	1	113	12	11	145	2	3	2,058	17	3	4,246	278,623	66	1,482	0	11½	0	1	1	0½
Mitchelstown,	1,173	10	4¾	150	14	3¾	463	5	6½	1,787	10	3	3,389	222,373	66	1,183	0	10	0	3½	1	1½
Mohill,	730	12	10	78	0	6	103	2	2¼	911	15	6¼	796	98,985	124	526	1	1¾	0	1¾	1	3½
Monaghan,	457	17	4	98	12	2	15	15	2	572	4	8	624	70,319	113	374	1	1¼	0	0½	1	1¾
Mount Bellew,	766	6	8	61	13	10	136	16	2	964	16	8	921	104,302	113	555	1	1¼	0	2¼	1	3½
Mountmelick,	1,400	9	7½	162	13	0¼	311	6	5¾	1,874	9	1½	2,306	199,246	86	1,060	1	1¼	0	2½	1	3¾
Mullingar,	1,577	15	6	324	6	0	475	10	4½	2,377	11	10½	2,158	228,249	106	1,214	1	2	0	3½	1	5½
Naas,	1,432	1	11¾	215	17	5	198	11	10	1,846	11	2¾	1,902	190,648	100	1,014	1	2½	0	1¾	1	4¼
Navan,	1,236	14	5½	117	5	5¼	283	6	4	1,637	6	2¾	1,869	135,992	73	723	1	4¾	0	3½	1	8¼
Nenagh,	2,817	3	0½	314	1	5	452	11	8½	3,583	16	2	4,753	434,482	91	2,311	1	0	0	1¾	1	1¾
Newcastle,	2,707	17	9¼	266	0	4¾	392	3	6	3,366	1	8	6,029	483,841	80	2,574	0	10¼	0	1¼	0	11¾
Newport,	924	7	7¼	69	13	3¾	218	7	0½	1,212	7	11½	1,248	157,214	126	836	0	10¾	0	2¼	1	1
New Ross,	2,658	19	5¼	118	6	4	612	0	4½	3,389	6	1¼	3,590	293,769	82	1,563	1	3¾	0	3¾	1	7¼
Newry,	720	19	7	104	13	1	44	3	4	869	16	0	1,147	98,928	86	526	1	2	0	0¾	1	2¾
Newtownards,	536	5	1	87	15	5	148	18	11½	772	19	5½	822	71,495	87	380	1	2¾	0	3½	1	6¼
Newtownlimavady,	357	2	8	86	8	7	35	0	9	478	12	0	624	54,057	87	288	1	2	0	1	1	3
Oldcastle,	1,050	4	3	212	11	7	88	18	10	1,351	14	8	1,534	170,769	111	908	1	0⅓	0	0¾	1	1¼
Omagh,	557	6	11	78	14	5	74	1	6	710	2	10	966	81,631	85	434	1	1¾	0	1½	1	2¾
Oughterard,	1,320	19	1	61	2	2½	295	8	8	1,677	9	11½	1,834	219,918	120	1,170	0	10½	0	2¼	1	0¾

Parsonstown,	1,448	14	7	118	11	1½	206	7	11	1,773	13	7⅓	2,435	198,140	81	1,054	1	1¼	0	1¾	1	3
Portumna,	686	3	9¼	33	17	1½	60	0	6	780	1	4⅔	1,107	115,254	104	613	0	10½	0	1	0	11½
Rathdown,	911	7	9¾	122	3	2½	185	15	4	1,219	6	4½	1,758	89,168	51	474	1	7½	0	3½	1	11
Rathdrum,	939	6	7¼	145	7	2⅓	280	5	11½	1,364	19	9¼	1,521	134,543	88	716	1	1½	0	3½	1	5
Rathkeale,	1,856	18	7	176	6	7¼	478	8	2	2,511	13	4½	3,997	306,181	77	1,629	0	11	0	2¾	1	1¾
Roscommon,	1,331	4	7¾	125	12	10¼	289	0	7	1,745	18	1	2,026	208,125	103	1,107	0	11¾	0	2¼	1	2
Roscrea,	1,262	12	3¾	126	0	5	100	11	3	1,489	3	11¾	2,080	168,947	81	899	1	1¾	0	1	1	2¾
Scariff,	1,757	11	11	124	15	6		–		1,882	7	5	2,063	289,217	140	1,538	0	11		–	0	11
Shillelagh,	766	12	2½	65	15	1	119	3	10	951	11	1⅓	1,134	114,424	101	609	1	0¼	0	1¾	1	2
Skibbereen,	1,827	3	5¾	132	17	2¾	355	18	10⅔	2,315	19	6¾	4,236	341,705	81	1,818	0	9¾	0	1¾	0	11½
Skull,	517	19	1½	48	13	4	92	4	2	658	16	7½	1,192	88,519	74	471	0	10¾	0	1¾	1	0½
Sligo,	1,198	11	7	168	17	11		–		1,367	9	6	1,935	167,690	87	892	1	1¾		–	1	1¾
Strabane,	411	1	10	90	12	2	100	0	0	601	14	0	692	61,037	88	324	1	1¾	0	2¾	1	4½
Stranorlar,	195	12	9	36	5	9	21	0	7½	252	19	1½	469	35,348	75	188	0	11	0	1	1	0
Strokestown,	987	7	11	92	17	0	296	4	4	1,376	9	3	1,423	142,184	100	756	1	0¾	0	3½	1	4¼
Swineford,	606	10	6¾	39	15	9½	90	17	5	737	3	9⅓	865	101,776	118	541	0	10½	0	1½	1	0
Thomastown,	1,142	19	3	84	19	3¼	141	11	8¼	1,369	10	2⅔	1,525	135,921	89	723	1	3½	0	1¾	1	5
Thurles,	2,151	14	2	162	10	8		–		2,314	4	10	4,650	332,668	72	1,769	0	11¾		–	0	11¾
Tipperary,	2,677	13	5	281	15	9	462	8	4	3,421	17	6	5,400	443,919	82	2,361	0	11¼	0	1¾	1	1
Tobercurry,	168	10	7½	19	6	2½	40	15	7	228	12	5	224	25,217	113	134	1	0½	0	2¾	1	3¼
Tralee,	4,331	7	1	259	15	11	773	0	7½	5,364	3	7½	6,761	742,110	110	3,947	0	10½	0	1¾	1	0¼
Trim,	557	17	4½	278	18	8	103	5	7⅔	940	1	8½	1,591	99,151	62	527	1	2¼	0	1¾	1	4
Tuam,	1,735	0	8½	86	16	6½	281	5	6⅔	2,103	2	9½	2,720	270,023	99	1,436	0	11¼	0	1¾	1	1
Tulla,	1,685	8	10¼	125	11	0¼	288	18	3¼	2,099	18	1¾	2,515	277,357	110	1,475	0	11	0	1¾	1	0¾
Tullamore,	1,661	8	2½	207	18	6½	524	14	0½	2,394	0	9½	3,177	251,857	79	1,339	1	0½	0	3½	1	4
Urlingford,	1,069	18	1	103	17	4		–		1,173	15	5	1,331	136,373	102	725	1	2½		–	1	2½
Waterford,	3,426	19	3⅝	242	15	10¼	427	17	6¾	4,097	12	8¼	6,235	410,849	66	2,185	1	3	0	1¾	1	4¾
Westport,	1,302	16	3	142	15	4	234	3	0	1,679	14	7	2,229	224,786	101	1,196	0	10¾	0	1¾	1	0½
Wexford,	1,819	18	10	149	15	2¼	212	7	2	2,182	1	2¼	2,976	203,864	69	1,084	1	4¼	0	1¾	1	6
Youghal,	1,704	15	9¾	114	0	3	279	15	5¼	2,098	11	6	4,151	268,581	65	1,429	0	11¼	0	1¾	1	1
Total,	208,881	17	8⅝	20,364	2	3¼	29,644	2	10	258,890	2	10	352,375	50,887,000	88	164,292	1	0½	0	1½	1	2

No. IX.—Classification of Persons relieved in the Union Workhouses in Ireland, during the Year ended 29th Sept., 1852.

Classes of Persons Relieved in the Workhouses.		No. in the Half-year ended 25th March, 1852.	No. in the Half-year ended 29th September 1852.
ABLE-BODIED AND THEIR CHILDREN.			
Adults, Married Couples, Males,	1	4,352	4,019
Adults, Married Couples, Females,	2	4,352	4,019
Adults, Other Males,	3	49,363	50,649
Adults, Other Females,	4	100,358	102,985
Children under 15, of Able-bodied Inmates, Illegitimate,	5	6,682	7,674
Children under 15, of Able-bodied Inmates, Other Children,	6	68,997	69,412
NOT ABLE-BODIED.			
Adults, Married Couples, Males,	7	943	877
Adults, Married Couples, Females,	8	943	877
Adults, Other Males,	9	12,480	13,556
Adults, Other Females,	10	15,705	16,826
Children under 15, Of Parents not able-bodied being Inmates, Illegitimate,	11	304	426
Children under 15, Of Parents not able-bodied being Inmates, Other Children,	12	4,796	3,994
Children under 15, Orphans, or other Children, relieved without Parents,	13	72,144	75,414
LUNATICS, INSANE PERSONS, AND IDIOTS.			
Adult Males,	14	650	690
Adult Females,	15	765	817
Children under 15,	16	138	140
Total number of Males,	17	67,788	69,791
Do. Females,	18	122,123	125,524
Do. Children under 15,	19	153,061	157,060
Grand Total,	20	342,972	352,375

No. X.—Classification of Persons relieved out of the Workhouses in Unions in Ireland, during the Year ended 29th September, 1852.

Classes of Persons Relieved.		Number in the Half-year ended 25 March, 1852.	Number in the Half-year ended 29 Sept., 1852.
RELIEVED UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, SEC. 1.			
Adult Males permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,	1	613	517
Families of Adult Males under heading 1, Wives,	2	222	203
Families of Adult Males under heading 1, Children under 15,	3	377	315
Adult Males relieved in cases of their own sickness or accident,	4	1,358	1,321
Families of Adult Males under heading 4, Wives,	5	416	432
Families of Adult Males under heading 4, Children under 15,	6	1,161	1,156
Adult Women permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,	7	1,379	1,196
Children under 15, of women under heading 7, Legitimate,	8	264	180
Children under 15, of women under heading 7, Illegitimate,	9	13	7
Adult Women relieved in cases of sickness or accident,	10	1,287	1,318
Children under 15, of women under heading 10, Legitimate,	11	854	836
Children under 15, of women under heading 10, Illegitimate,	12	57	62
Able-bodied Widows, having two or more legitimate children dependent on them,	13	323	371
Children under 15 dependent on Widows under heading 13,	14	955	1,067
Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots, Males,	15	19	14
Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots, Females,	16	16	11
Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots, Children under 15,	17	53	18
Total,		9,367	9,024
PERSONS RELIEVED UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, NOT RELIEVABLE UNDER SEC. 1.*			
Adult Males, married or single, relieved on account of want of work,	18	–	–
Families of Adult Males under heading 18, Wives,	19	–	–
Families of Adult Males under heading 18, Children under 15,	20	–	–
Able-bodied Women, Unmarried,	21	–	–
Able-bodied Women, Widows not relievable under sec. 1,	22	–	–
Children of Women under headings 21 and 22, Legitimate,	23	–	–
Children of Women under headings 21 and 22, Illegitimate,	24	–	–
Families relieved without Husband or Father.			
Husband or Father in Gaol, Wives,	25	–	–
Husband or Father in Gaol, Children under 15,	26	1	1
Husband or Father on service in Army or Navy, Wives,	27	–	–
Husband or Father on service in Army or Navy, Children under 15,	28	–	–
Deserted by Husband or Father, Wives,	29	3	–
Deserted by Husband or Father, Children under 15,	30	11	6
Orphans and children relieved without either parent,	31	44	44
Total,		59	51

* There being no Order in operation under Section 2, these were cases provisionally relieved by the Relieving Officers.

No. XI.—Statement (in pursuance of sec. 20 of 12 & 13 Vic., c. 104) relative to the Audit of Union Accounts:—(in continuation of Statement in Fifth Annual Report, 1852, Appendix B., No. XI.)

1. Date up to which the Accounts of Unions have been audited.

The Accounts of all the Unions have been audited to 29th September, 1852.

2. Sums Disallowed or found Due on Audit of the Accounts of Unions in Ireland, up to 29th September, 1852, and whether Recovered or in course of Recovery from the Parties Debited.

Unions.	Half-year ended.	Date of Audit.	Amount Disallowed or found Due. £	s.	d.	Whether Paid or in course of Recovery.	Observations:—Nature of Sum Disallowed, &c.
Armagh, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	22 Dec., 1852,	4	7	6	Paid, . . .	Expense of a Map for Dispensary Committee; charged to Guardians who signed the cheque.
Athlone, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	29 Jan., 1853,	34	16	6	Debited to Treasurer's account, . .	Interest illegally charged by Union Treasurer.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	29 Jan., 1853,	0	5	0	Paid, . . .	Expense of sending a Pauper to Liverpool.
Ballina, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	22 Feb., 1853,	2	12	7	Debited to Treasurer's account, . .	Interest illegally charged by Union Treasurer.
Ballinrobe, .	29 Sep., 1852,	14 Jan., 1853,	5	4	8	Paid, . . .	Outdoor Relief illegally given.
Ballymena, .	29 Sep., 1852,	6 Dec., 1852,	0	4	0	Paid, . . .	Cost of a Blanket for a poor person.
Bantry, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	16 Nov., 1852,	0	0	10	Paid, . . .	Outdoor Relief illegally given.
Belmullet, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	24 Feb., 1853,	1	16	2	Debited to Treasurer's account, . .	Interest illegally charged by Union Treasurer.
Borrisokane, .	25 Mar., 1852,	15 June, 1852,	27	16	3	Paid, . . .	Forged Cheques paid by Treasurer.
Carrick-on-Shan.,	25 Mar., 1852,	7 Aug., 1852,	2	2	0	In course of recovery,	Paid for keeping a Postage account; charged to Guardians who signed the cheque.
Castleblayney, .	29 Sep., 1852,	22 Dec., 1852,	5	0	0	Paid, . . .	Testimonial to Revising Valuator; charged to Guardians who signed the cheque.
Castlecomer, .	29 Sep., 1852,	9 Dec., 1852,	0	1	8	Paid, . . .	Provisional Relief illegally given.
							£5 18s. 11d., Value of Outdoor Relief in kind unaccounted for by Thomas Keane, Relieving Officer.

Claremorris, .	29 Sep., 1852,	5 Mar., 1853,	24 15 2⅔	Paid, . .	£8 7*s.* 2*d.*, Ditto, by Myles Nally, Relieving Officer.	
					£5 18*s.* 5*d.*, Ditto, by Thomas Moran, Relieving Officer.	
					£1 4*s.* 11*d.*, Ditto, by John Beasty, Relieving Officer.	
					£3 5*s.* 9¾*d.*, Ditto, by George Ekins, Relieving Officer.	
Clifden, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	20 Sep., 1852,	1 5 1	Paid, . . .	Deficiency in W. H. Master's Provision account.	
,, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	21 Jan., 1853,	1 13 0	Paid, . . .	Expense of Rate Collector attending Sessions.	
Clonmel, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	17 April, 1852,	108 18 5	Paid, . .	£91 1*s.* 6*d.*, Interest illegally charged by Union Treasurer.	
					£17 1*s.* 11*d.*, Deficiency in Provision and Clothing accounts of Patrick Joyce, late Workhouse Master.	
					15*s.*, Deficiency in Milk account; charged to Thomas Butler, Storekeeper.	
Coleraine, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	23 June, 1852,	1 0 0	Paid, . . .	Remuneration to Clerk to Dispensary Committee not sanctioned by Poor Law Commissioners.	
Cork, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	9 Oct., 1852,	1 0 0	Paid, . . .	Expense of engrossing a Memorial to Treasury.	
,, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	31 Jan., 1853,	0 5 0	Paid, . . .	Overpaid to Medical Officer.	
Dromore, West, .	29 Sep., 1852,	21 Jan., 1853,	0 18 6	Cancelled, . .	14*s.*, Overcharged in Clerk's Petty Cash account.	
					4*s.* 6*d.*, Illegally paid for a Coffin.	
Dunfanaghy, .	29 Sep., 1852,	16 Dec., 1852,	4 14 4	Paid, . . .	Emigration expenses not sanctioned by Commissioners; charged to Guardians who signed the cheque.	
Ennis, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	26 Jan., 1853,	2 17 1	Paid, . .	£2 12*s.* 7*d.*, Overpaid to Milk Contractor.	
					4*s.* 6*d.*, Paid to Crusheen Dispensary, and not accounted for.	
Ennistymon, .	25 Mar., 1852,	13 July, 1852,	20 18 9	Paid, . . .	Value of Meal received by M. Culliney, Relieving Officer, and not accounted for.	
,, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	1 Feb., 1853,	141 13 5¾	Not Paid, . . .	Deficiency in Workhouse Provisions; charged to Thomas John Noke Clarkson, late Workhouse Master, who has left the country.	
Fermoy, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	27 Oct., 1852,	0 12 2	Paid, . . .	Payment in Clerk's Petty Cash account without a voucher.	
Galway, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	18 Jan., 1853,	0 11 6	Paid, . . .	Do. do. do.	
Glennamaddy, .	29 Sep., 1852,	18 Mar., 1853,	0 1 6	Debited to Treasurer's account, . .	Interest illegally charged by Union Treasurer.	

[*continued.*

No. XI.—Statement (in pursuance of sec. 20 of 12 & 13 Vic., c. 104) relative to the Audit of Union Accounts:—(in continuation of Statement in Fifth Annual Report, 1852, Appendix B, No. XI.)—*continued.*

Unions.	Half-year ended.	Date of Audit.	Amount Disallowed or found Due. £ s. d.	Whether Paid or in course of Recovery.	Observations:—Nature of Sum Disallowed, &c.
Granard, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	15 Jan., 1853,	1 16 3	Paid, . .	£1 13s. 1d., Deficiency in Workhouse Master's Provision account. 3s. 2d., Expense of Coffin for Pauper not on Relief List; charged to Clerk, and paid by him.
Inishowen, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	9 July, 1852,	3 0 0	Paid, . . .	Remuneration to Poor Rate Collector, under Parliamentary Voters' Act.
Kanturk, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	14 Sep., 1852,	1 0 0	Paid, . . .	Expense of sending a Pauper to England.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	2 Mar., 1853,	5 0 0	Paid, . . .	Overdrawn to pay Tradesmen's wages.
Kilkenny, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	10 June, 1852,	0 14 0	Paid, . . .	Provisional Relief illegally given.
Killala, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	23 Feb., 1853,	0 6 11	Debited to Treasurer's account, . .	Interest illegally charged by Union Treasurer.
Kilmallock, .	25 Mar., 1852,	31 July, 1852,	10 16 11½	In course of recovery,	Deficiency in Provision account of Denis O'Brien, late Workhouse Master.
Kilrush, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	4 Feb., 1853,	5 13 1½	Paid, . . .	Overpayment to Contractors.
Larne, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	3 Dec., 1852,	6 0 7	Paid, . .	£1 12s., Paid for Lime, Brushes, &c., for Poor of the town. £4 8s. 7d., Emigration expenses not sanctioned by Poor Law Commissioners.
Lismore, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	21 May, 1852,	0 6 2½	Paid, . . .	Outdoor Relief illegally given.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	22 Dec., 1852,	15 0 0	Paid, . . .	Deficiency in Workhouse Master and Matron's Clothing account.
Listowel, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	24 July, 1852,	61 7 11	In course of recovery,	Deficiency in Workhouse Master's Provision account.
Longford, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	15 Feb., 1853,	6 2 6	Debited to Treasurer's account, . .	Interest illegally charged by Union Treasurer.
Macroom, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	26 Nov., 1852,	0 6 0	Paid, . . .	Election expenses unpaid by Clerk, and charged to his account.
Middleton, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	17 Feb., 1853,	88 6 0	Paid, . . .	Reserved by Guardians to pay interest to Union Treasurer.
Mitchelstown, .	25 Mar., 1852,	5 June, 1852,	0 11 0	Paid, . . .	Overpaid to Contractors.

Mohill, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	9 Feb., 1853,	1 17 8	In course of recovery,	Emigration expenses not sanctioned by Commissioners; charged to Gds. who signed the cheque.
Mountmelick, .	25 Mar., 1852,	8 June, 1852,	13 7 2	Paid, . . .	Overpayment in Clerk's salary.
Mullingar, . .	25 Sep., 1852,	11 Mar., 1853,	4 1 2	In course of recovery,	Medicine charged for by Dr. Berry, one of the District Dispensary Doctors, contrary to Medical Charities' Act, 14 & 15 Vic., cap. 68, sec. 11; to be deducted from his salary.
Newport, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	19 July, 1852,	20 14 8	Part Paid, . .	Deficiency in Provision account of T. N. Clarkson, late Master of Workhouse.
Oldcastle, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	27 Jan., 1853,	6 9 0	Paid, ...	Maintenance of parties not duly registered; charged to Workhouse Master.
Omagh, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	18 May, 1852,	1 0 0	Paid, . . .	Paid in excess for a Loom.
Rathdrum, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	13 Jan., 1853,	9 13 10	Paid, . . .	An illegal charge in Maintenance account; charged to Workhouse Master.
Roscommon, .	29 Sep., 1852,	1 Feb., 1853,	0 1 8	Debited to Treasurer's account, . .	Interest illegally charged by Union Treasurer.
Strokestown, .	29 Sep., 1852,	17 Feb., 1853,	2 10 5	Do., . . .	Do. do. do.
Swineford, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	19 Feb., 1853,	5 12 11	Do., . . .	Do. do. do.
Thurles, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	22 June, 1852,	30 14 8	In course of recovery,	£8 11s., Expense of inserting in two newspapers an Address to Mr. R. U. Bayly, Temporary Inspector. £10 8s., Amount of Provisions issued in excess to Paupers, by P. Hurley, late Assistant Master of Workhouse. £11 15s. 8d., Amount of Provisions issued in excess to Paupers, by William Richardson, Assistant Master of Workhouse.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	23 Dec., 1852,	2 1 0	Paid, . . .	Paid to Clerk for keeping Duplicate Rate Books.
Tipperary, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	26 June, 1852,	19 12 1	Debited to Treasurer's account, . .	Interest illegally charged by Union Treasurer.
Tullamore, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	27 Nov., 1852,	10 0 0	Paid, . . .	Overpayment to Clerk for Rate Books.
Westport, . .	25 Mar., 1852,	27 July, 1852,	5 2 1	Paid, . . .	Deficiency in Clothing account of Wm. Guff, Workhouse Master.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	1 Mar., 1853,	0 8 4	Debited to Treasurer's account, . .	Interest illegally charged by Union Treasurer.
Youghal, . .	29 Sep., 1852,	10 Nov., 1852,	0 11 0	Paid, ...	Maintenance of Persons allowed to remain in Workhouse contrary to Guardians' orders; charged to Workhouse Master, and paid by him.

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland, arranged in Provinces, from the 1st May, 1852, to the 23rd April, 1853, both inclusive; distinguishing the several Classes, the number of Sick and Deaths in each Week, and the Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000; also the Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head.

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.	Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.			No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
1852.													*s. d.*		
1st May,	Ulster, .	712	2,418	3,130	8,250	647	2,425	3,072	1,017	1,391	2,408	16,860	1 1	76	4·5
	Munster, .	10,675	25,813	36,488	44,497	2,422	11,969	14,391	2,138	3,898	6,036	101,412	0 11½	310	3·0
	Leinster, .	3,354	8,982	12,336	17,683	1,131	6,804	7,935	1,437	2,330	3,767	41,721	1 3	151	3·6
	Connaught,	2,019	6,786	8,805	12,827	497	3,757	4,254	334	666	1,000	26,886	0 11¾	74	2·8
	Total, .	16,760	43,999	60,759	83,257	4,697	24,955	29,652	4,926	8,285	13,211	186,879	1 0¾	611	3·3
8th May,	Ulster, .	699	2,345	3,044	8,191	579	2,367	2,946	1,043	1,401	2,444	16,625	1 1	60	3·6
	Munster, .	10,656	25,743	36,399	44,451	2,310	11,812	14,122	2,055	3,844	5,899	100,871	0 11½	302	3·0
	Leinster, .	3,467	9,010	12,477	17,482	1,083	6,649	7,732	1,472	2,325	3,797	41,488	1 3¼	158	3·8
	Connaught,	2,070	6,936	9,006	2,955	495	3,687	4,182	341	670	1,011	27,154	0 11¾	71	2·6
	Total, .	16,892	44,034	60,926	83,079	4,467	24,515	28,982	4,911	8,240	13,151	186,138	1 0¾	591	3·2
15th May,	Ulster, .	780	2,280	3,060	8,058	590	2,365	2,955	1,049	1,400	2,449	16,522	1 0¾	73	4·4
	Munster, .	10,751	26,196	36,947	44,950	2,346	11,825	14,171	2,061	3,870	5,931	101,999	0 11	299	2·9
	Leinster, .	3,425	9,067	12,492	17,506	1,036	6,691	7,727	1,493	2,332	3,825	41,550	1 3¼	152	3·7
	Connaught,	2,183	7,113	9,296	13,232	454	3,764	4,218	346	698	1,044	27,790	0 11¾	71	2·6
	Total, .	17,139	44,656	61,795	83,746	4,426	24,645	29,071	5,049	8,200	13,249	187,861	1 0¾	595	3·2

22nd May,	Ulster, .	736	2,304	3,040	8,087	564	2,365	2,929	1,042	1,451	2,493	16,549	1 0¾	60	3·6
	Munster, .	10,970	26,139	37,109	45,113	2,363	11,660	14,023	2,101	3,981	6,082	102,327	0 11	279	2·7
	Leinster, .	3,645	9,184	12,649	17,693	1,028	6,610	7,638	1,488	2,365	3,853	41,833	1 3¼	128	3·1
	Connaught,	2,269	7,322	9,591	13,435	446	3,671	4,117	359	722	1,081	28,224	0 11½	71	2·5
	Total, .	17,440	44,949	62,389	84,328	4,401	24,306	28,707	4,990	8,519	13,509	188,933	1 0¾	538	2·8
29th May,	Ulster, .	705	2,234	2,939	8,056	529	2,312	2,841	1,054	1,463	2,517	16,353	1 0¾	54	3·3
	Munster, .	10,844	25,817	36,661	45,134	2,216	11,584	13,800	2,085	3,857	5,942	101,537	0 11	252	2·5
	Leinster, .	3,417	9,105	12,522	17,725	980	6,428	7,408	1,463	2,363	3,826	41,481	1 3	121	2·9
	Connaught,	2,327	7,488	9,815	13,559	486	3,680	4,166	349	739	1,088	28,628	0 11½	62	2·2
	Total, .	17,293	44,644	61,937	84,474	4,211	24,004	28,215	4,951	8,422	13,373	187,999	1 0½	489	2·6
5th June,	Ulster, .	651	2,057	2,708	7,817	426	2,316	2,742	1,048	1,449	2,497	16,075	1 1	74	4·6
	Munster, .	10,915	25,413	36,328	44,780	2,188	11,585	13,773	2,107	3,809	5,916	100,797	0 11	272	2·7
	Leinster, .	3,376	8,993	12,369	17,665	909	6,414	7,323	1,474	2,398	3,872	41,229	1 2¾	134	3·3
	Connaught,	2,392	7,549	9,941	13,677	473	3,729	4,202	361	721	1,082	28,902	0 11½	61	2·1
	Total, .	17,334	44,012	61,346	83,939	3,996	24,044	28,040	4,990	8,377	13,367	187,003	1 0½	541	2·9
12th June,	Ulster, .	686	2,063	2,749	7,926	415	2,338	2,753	1,073	1,480	2,553	15,981	1 0¾	68	4·3
	Munster, .	10,963	25,177	36,140	44,730	2,123	11,163	13,286	2,160	3,817	5,977	100,133	0 11	269	2·7
	Leinster, .	3,356	9,095	12,451	17,799	919	6,187	7,106	1,486	2,396	3,882	41,238	1 2¾	132	3·2
	Connaught,	2,477	7,714	10,191	13,900	478	3,699	4,177	353	743	1,096	29,364	0 11½	58	2·0
	Total, .	17,482	44,049	61,531	84,355	3,935	23,387	27,322	5,072	8,436	13,508	186,716	1 0½	527	2·8
19th June,	Ulster, .	708	2,059	2,767	7,844	412	2,407	2,819	1,082	1,472	2,554	15,984	1 0¾	56	3·5
	Munster, .	10,994	25,137	36,131	44,395	2,151	11,406	13,557	2,110	3,787	5,897	99,980	0 11	221	2·2
	Leinster, .	3,329	9,111	12,440	17,780	953	6,106	7,059	1,517	2,419	3,936	41,215	1 2¾	107	2·6
	Connaught,	2,535	7,784	10,319	13,992	471	3,714	4,185	358	736	1,094	29,590	0 11½	61	2·1
	Total, .	17,566	44,091	61,657	84,011	3,987	23,633	27,620	5,067	8,414	13,481	186,679	1 0½	445	2·4

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
1852.													*s. d.*		
26th June,	Ulster, .	691	2,018	2,709	7,833	384	2,405	2,789	1,065	1,482	2,547	15,878	1 $0\frac{3}{4}$	61	3·8
	Munster, .	11,000	24,910	35,910	44,131	2,109	11,354	13,463	2,084	3,701	5,785	99,289	0 11	216	2·2
	Leinster, .	3,279	9,180	12,459	17,724	904	6,107	7,011	1,490	2,389	3,879	41,073	1 $2\frac{3}{4}$	98	2·4
	Connaught,	2,599	7,890	10,489	14,086	449	3,672	4,121	362	759	1,121	29,817	0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	50	1·7
	Total, .	17,569	43,998	61,567	83,774	3,846	23,538	27,384	5,001	8,331	13,332	186,057	1 $0\frac{1}{2}$	425	2·3
3rd July,	Ulster, .	703	1,998	2,701	7,851	381	2,338	2,719	1,077	1,473	2,550	15,821	1 $0\frac{3}{4}$	49	3·0
	Munster, .	10,907	24,362	35,269	43,500	2,109	11,333	13,442	2,022	3,697	5,719	97,930	0 11	224	2·3
	Leinster, .	3,247	8,967	12,214	17,861	857	6,066	6,923	1,520	2,368	3,888	40,886	1 $2\frac{1}{4}$	106	2·6
	Connaught,	2,636	7,905	10,541	14,114	421	3,654	4,075	376	764	1,140	29,870	0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	50	1·7
	Total, .	17,493	43,232	60,725	83,326	3,768	23,391	27,159	4,995	8,302	13,297	184,507	1 $0\frac{1}{2}$	429	2·3
10th July,	Ulster, .	686	1,973	2,659	7,815	378	2,314	2,692	1,054	1,446	2,500	15,666	1 $0\frac{3}{4}$	52	3·3
	Munster, .	10,168	23,156	33,324	42,253	1,991	11,110	13,101	1,955	3,604	5,559	94,237	0 11	194	2·1
	Leinster, .	2,871	8,447	11,318	17,399	845	5,917	6,762	1,450	2,334	3,784	39,263	1 $2\frac{1}{2}$	96	2·4
	Connaught,	2,610	7,828	10,438	13,992	419	3,752	4,171	373	764	1,137	29,738	0 $11\frac{3}{4}$	55	1·8
	Total, .	16,335	41,404	57,739	81,459	3,633	23,093	26,726	4,832	8,148	12,980	178,904	1 $0\frac{1}{2}$	397	2·2

17th July,	Ulster, .	672	1,930	2,602	7,743	354	2,216	2,570	1,023	1,433	2,456	15,371	1 $\frac{3}{4}$	43	2·8
	Munster, .	9,658	22,080	31,738	40,665	1,869	10,783	12,652	1,846	3,405	5,251	90,306	0 11	177	2·0
	Leinster, .	2,669	7,899	10,568	16,820	815	5,861	6,676	1,463	2,319	3,782	37,846	1 2$\frac{2}{4}$	93	2·5
	Connaught,	2,532	7,518	10,050	13,711	382	3,668	4,050	377	764	1,141	28,952	0 11$\frac{3}{4}$	39	1·3
	Total, .	15,531	39,427	54,958	78,939	3,420	22,528	25,948	4,709	7,921	12,630	172,475	1 0$\frac{1}{2}$	352	2·0
24th July,	Ulster, .	627	1,833	2,460	7,501	369	2,214	2,583	1,006	1,416	2,422	14,966	1 0$\frac{3}{4}$	43	2·9
	Munster, .	8,806	20,273	29,079	39,149	1,814	10,510	12,324	1,770	3,339	5,109	85,661	0 11	170	2·0
	Leinster, .	2,460	7,290	9,750	16,402	813	5,641	6,454	1,401	2,311	3,712	36,318	1 2$\frac{3}{4}$	83	2·3
	Connaught,	2,319	6,951	9,270	13,184	386	3,528	3,914	373	768	1,141	27,509	0 11$\frac{3}{4}$	43	1·6
	Total, .	14,212	36,347	50,559	76,236	3,382	21,893	25,275	4,550	7,834	12,384	164,454	1 0$\frac{1}{2}$	339	2·0
31st July,	Ulster, .	598	1,676	2,274	7,223	341	2,090	2,431	946	1,352	2,298	14,226	1 0$\frac{1}{2}$	49	3·4
	Munster, .	7,951	18,332	26,283	36,849	1,720	9,945	11,665	1,656	3,069	4,725	79,522	0 11	156	2·0
	Leinster, .	2,164	6,591	8,755	15,589	694	5,502	6,196	1,355	2,256	3,611	34,151	1 2$\frac{3}{4}$	87	2·5
	Connaught,	2,078	6,158	8,236	12,349	376	3,304	3,680	354	736	1,090	25,355	0 11$\frac{3}{4}$	34	1·3
	Total, .	12,791	32,757	45,548	72,010	3,131	20,841	23,972	4,311	7,413	11,724	153,254	1 0$\frac{1}{2}$	326	2·1
7th Aug.,	Ulster, .	549	1,478	2,027	6,806	346	2,019	2,365	860	1,290	2,150	13,348	1 1	45	3·4
	Munster, .	7,217	16,515	23,732	34,165	1,657	9,584	11,241	1,464	2,895	4,359	73,497	0 11	157	2·0
	Leinster, .	1,889	5,822	7,711	14,842	703	5,257	5,960	1,331	2,172	3,503	32,016	1 3	57	2·0
	Connaught,	1,922	5,660	7,582	11,895	304	3,191	3,495	328	679	1,007	23,979	0 11$\frac{3}{4}$	39	1·6
	Total, .	11,577	29,475	41,052	67,708	3,010	20,051	23,061	3,983	7,036	11,019	142,840	1 0$\frac{3}{4}$	298	2·1
14th Aug.,	Ulster, .	504	1,320	1,824	6,478	337	1,991	2,328	826	1,231	2,057	12,687	1 1$\frac{1}{4}$	39	3·1
	Munster, .	6,441	14,286	20,727	32,125	1,605	9,131	10,736	1,371	2,777	4,148	67,736	0 11	143	2·1
	Leinster, .	1,714	4,980	6,694	14,004	663	5,112	5,775	1,237	2,088	3,325	29,798	1 3	90	3·0
	Connaught,	1,737	4,835	6,572	11,078	311	2,969	3,280	305	655	960	21,890	0 11$\frac{3}{4}$	34	1·6
	Total, .	10,396	25,421	35,817	63,685	2,916	19,203	22,119	3,739	6,751	10,490	132,111	1 0$\frac{3}{4}$	306	2·3

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
													s. *d.*		
21st Aug.,	Ulster, .	462	1,208	1,670	6,120	303	1,924	2,227	767	1,231	1,998	12,015	1 1½	35	2·9
	Munster, .	5,812	12,979	18,791	30,354	1,536	8,734	10,270	1,168	2,473	3,641	63,056	0 11$\frac{13}{16}$	156	2·5
	Leinster, .	1,529	4,357	5,886	13,324	657	4,884	5,541	1,162	1,954	3,116	27,867	1 3$\frac{1}{16}$	85	3·1
	Connaught,	1,515	4,166	5,681	10,264	283	2,777	3,060	286	592	878	19,883	0 11$\frac{13}{16}$	49	2·5
	Total, .	9,318	22,710	32,028	60,062	2,779	18,319	21,098	3,383	6,250	9,633	122,821	1 1	325	2·6
28th Aug.,	Ulster, .	429	1,107	1,536	5,865	278	1,888	2,166	737	1,199	1,936	11,503	1 1½	32	2·8
	Munster, .	5,391	11,935	17,326	29,110	1,436	8,450	9,886	1,159	2,429	3,588	59,910	0 11$\frac{15}{16}$	142	2·4
	Leinster, .	1,387	4,033	5,420	12,776	646	4,681	5,327	1,141	1,909	3,050	26,573	1 3$\frac{1}{16}$	63	2·4
	Connaught,	1,363	3,765	5,128	9,629	273	2,615	2,888	273	578	851	18,496	0 11$\frac{13}{16}$	34	1·8
	Total, .	8,570	20,840	29,410	57,380	2,633	17,634	20,267	3,310	6,115	9,425	116,482	1 1	271	2·3
4th Sept.,	Ulster, .	402	1,051	1,453	5,675	264	1,878	2,142	735	1,183	1,918	11,188	1 1½	35	3·1
	Munster, .	5,282	11,516	16,798	28,667	1,366	8,272	9,638	1,121	2,410	3,531	58,634	0 11$\frac{15}{16}$	124	2·1
	Leinster, .	1,405	3,983	5,388	12,677	563	4,622	5,185	1,094	1,886	2,980	26,230	1 3$\frac{1}{16}$	63	2.4
	Connaught,	1,300	3,534	4,834	9,318	270	2,579	2,849	264	536	800	17,801	0 11$\frac{13}{16}$	38	2·1
	Total, .	8,389	20,084	28,473	56,337	2,463	17,351	19,814	3,214	6,015	9,229	113,853	1 1	260	2·3

11th Sept.,	Ulster, .	392	1,056	1,448	5,552	259	1,879	2,138	749	1,169	1,918	11,056	1 1½	36	3·3
	Munster, .	5,141	11,307	16,448	28,088	1,338	8,221	9,559	1,140	2,359	3,499	57,594	0 11½	120	2·1
	Leinster, .	1,384	4,012	5,396	12,655	556	4,585	5,141	1,121	1,892	3,013	26,205	1 3	73	3·0
	Connaught,	1,199	3,266	4,465	9,083	251	2,407	2,658	230	505	735	16,961	1 0	29	1·7
	Total, .	8,116	19,641	27,757	55,378	2,404	17,092	19,496	3,260	5,925	9,185	111,816	1 1	258	2·3
18th Sept.,	Ulster, .	420	1,102	1,522	5,505	252	1,881	2,133	741	1,169	1,910	11,070	1 1¾	38	3·4
	Munster, .	1,599	11,339	16,438	27,910	1,352	8,096	9,448	1,117	2,351	3,468	57,264	0 11½	116	2·0
	Leinster, .	1,546	4,238	5,784	12,651	583	4,534	5,097	1,119	1,864	2,983	26,515	1 3¼	68	2·6
	Connaught,	1,164	3,026	4,190	8,777	247	2,310	2,557	236	508	744	16,268	1 0	39	2·4
	Total, .	8,229	19,705	27,934	54,843	2,414	16,821	19,235	3,213	5,892	9,105	111,117	1 1	261	2·3
25th Sept.,	Ulster, .	438	1,137	1,575	5,518	247	1,885	2,132	735	1,189	1,924	11,149	1 1¾	35	3·1
	Munster, .	5,146	11,409	16,555	27,914	1,373	7,920	9,293	1,093	2,343	3,436	57,198	0 11½	122	2·1
	Leinster, .	1,552	4,312	5,864	12,819	572	4,561	5,133	1,154	1,900	3,054	26,870	1 3¼	65	2·4
	Connaught,	1,136	2,957	4,093	8,615	228	2,283	2,511	248	499	747	15,966	1 0	38	2·4
	Total, .	8,272	19,815	28,087	54,866	2,420	16,649	19,069	3,230	5,931	9,161	111,183	1 1	260	2·3
2nd Oct.,	Ulster, .	484	1,218	1,702	5,522	250	1,868	2,118	757	1,172	1,929	11,271	1 1¾	32	2·8
	Munster, .	5,161	11,597	16,758	27,744	1,280	8,009	9,289	1,178	2,391	3,569	57,360	0 11½	121	2·1
	Leinster, .	1,594	4,565	6,159	12,900	617	4,645	5,262	1,167	1,911	3,078	27,399	1 3	55	2·0
	Connaught,	1,089	2,994	4,083	8,532	212	2,320	2,532	219	452	671	15,818	1 0	25	1·6
	Total, .	8,328	20,374	28,702	54,698	2,359	16,842	19,201	3,321	5,926	9,247	111,848	1 1	233	2·1
9th Oct.,	Ulster, .	467	1,250	1,717	5,578	265	1,859	2,124	781	1,199	1,980	11,399	1 1¾	39	3·4
	Munster, .	5,233	11,891	17,124	28,069	1,265	7,816	9,081	1,261	2,408	3,669	57,943	0 11½	129	2·2
	Leinster, .	1,666	4,691	6,357	12,964	631	4,739	5,370	1,180	1,957	3,137	27,828	1 3¼	74	2·7
	Connaught,	1,092	2,963	4,055	8,458	206	2,280	2,486	218	444	662	15,661	1 0	29	1·9
	Total, .	8,458	20,795	29,253	55,069	2,367	16,694	19,061	3,440	6,008	9,448	112,831	1 1	271	2·4

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
													s. d.		
1852.															
16th Oct.,	Ulster, .	475	1,295	1,770	5,606	250	1,864	2,114	780	1,228	2,008	11,498	1 $1\frac{3}{4}$	42	3·7
	Munster, .	5,279	12,094	17,373	28,182	1,240	7,787	9,027	1,206	2,437	3,643	58,225	0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	121	2·1
	Leinster, .	1,703	4.868	6,571	13,005	596	4,799	5,395	1,193	1,964	3,157	28,128	1 3	70	2·5
	Connaught,	1,085	2,897	3,982	8,332	212	2,252	2,464	225	438	663	15,441	1 0	19	1·2
	Total, .	8,542	21,154	29,696	55,125	2,298	16,702	19,000	3,404	6,067	9,471	113,292	1 1	252	2·2
23rd Oct.,	Ulster, .	493	1,328	1,821	5,617	237	1,929	2,166	804	1,215	2,019	11,623	1 2	36	3·1
	Munster, .	5,357	12,195	17,552	28,299	1,275	7,832	9,107	1,224	2,443	3,667	58,625	0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	112	1·9
	Leinster, .	1,755	4,916	6,671	13,113	651	4,768	5,419	1,189	1,961	3,150	28,353	1 3	64	2·3
	Connaught,	1,063	2,870	3,933	8,206	218	2,294	2,512	219	456	675	15,326	1 $0\frac{1}{4}$	24	1·6
	Total, .	8,668	21,309	29,977	55,235	2,381	16,823	19,204	3,436	6,075	9,511	113,927	1 $1\frac{1}{4}$	236	2·1
30th Oct.,	Ulster, .	516	1,362	1,878	5,687	242	1,920	2,162	795	1,191	1,986	11,713	1 2	38	3·2
	Munster, .	5,554	12,636	18,190	28,506	1,294	7,971	9,265	1,233	2,451	3,684	59,645	0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	136	2·4
	Leinster, .	1,889	5,172	7,061	13,169	599	4,838	5,437	1,169	1,941	3,110	28,777	1 $3\frac{1}{4}$	82	2·9
	Connaught,	1,079	2,892	3,971	8,190	215	2,346	2,561	214	445	659	15,381	1 $0\frac{1}{4}$	24	1·6
	Total, .	9,038	22,062	31,100	55,552	2,350	17,075	19,425	3,411	6,028	9,439	115,516	1 $1\frac{1}{4}$	280	2·4

6th Nov.,	Ulster, .	548	1,434	1,982	5,806	254	1,929	2,183	833	1,248	2,081	12,052	1 2¼	27	2·2
	Munster, .	4,828	14,157	18,985	28,771	1,351	8,183	9,534	1,253	2,511	3,764	61,054	0 11¾	113	1·9
	Leinster, .	1,992	5,492	7,484	13,304	612	5,040	5,652	1,197	1,934	3,131	29,571	1 3¼	79	2·7
	Connaught.	1,124	2,955	4,079	8,220	219	2,357	2,576	211	444	655	15,530	1 0¼	14	0·9
	Total, .	8,492	24,038	32,530	56,101	2,436	17,509	19,945	3,494	6,137	9,631	118,207	1 1½	233	2.0
13th Nov.,	Ulster, .	598	1,535	2,133	6,003	281	2,014	2,295	857	1,290	2,147	12,578	1 2¼	43	3·4
	Munster, .	6,136	13,794	19,930	29,131	1,318	8,363	9,681	1,276	2,542	3,818	62,560	0 11¾	109	1·7
	Leinster, .	2,188	5,966	8,154	13,645	613	5,121	5,734	1,236	1,990	3,226	30,759	1 3½	68	2·2
	Connaught,	1,192	3,082	4,274	8,349	229	2,325	2,554	210	439	649	15,826	1 0¼	18	1·1
	Total, .	10,114	24,377	34,491	57,128	2,441	17,823	20,264	3,579	6,261	9,840	121,723	1 1½	238	2·0
20th Nov.,	Ulster, .	672	1,690	2,362	6,196	255	2,113	2,368	905	1,325	2,230	13,156	1 2	49	3·7
	Munster, .	6,361	14,525	20,886	29,661	1,269	8,415	9,684	1,303	2,540	3,843	64,074	0 11¾	95	1·5
	Leinster, .	2,427	6,508	8,935	14,150	649	5,182	5,831	1,296	2,071	3,367	32,283	1 3¼	75	2·3
	Connaught,	1,241	3,199	4,440	8,462	224	2,348	2,572	242	459	701	16,175	1 0¼	23	1·4
	Total, .	10,701	25,922	36,623	58,469	2,397	18,058	20,455	3,746	6,395	10,141	125,688	1 1¼	242	1·9
27th Nov.,	Ulster, .	707	1,831	2,538	6,424	261	2,148	2,409	906	1,337	2,243	13,614	1 2	49	3·6
	Munster, .	6,664	15,192	21,856	30,120	1,322	8,581	9,903	1,409	2,639	4,048	65,927	0 11¾	132	2·0
	Leinster, .	2,553	6,926	9,479	14,480	648	5,246	5,894	1,365	2,079	3,444	33,297	1 3	74	2·2
	Connaught,	1,286	3,294	4,580	8,498	222	2,368	2,590	239	461	700	16,368	1 0½	27	1·6
	Total, .	11,210	27,243	38,453	59,522	2,453	18,343	20,796	3,919	6,516	10,435	129,206	1 1¼	282	2·2
4th Dec.,	Ulster, .	776	1,931	2,707	6,591	295	2,143	2,438	913	1,451	2,364	14,100	1 2	41	2·9
	Munster, .	6,981	15,769	22,750	30,497	1,381	8,857	10,238	1,463	2,761	4,224	67,709	1 0	123	1·8
	Leinster, .	2,709	7,305	10,014	14,678	688	5,413	6,101	1,394	2,058	3,452	34,245	1 3¼	94	2·7
	Connaught,	1,314	3,344	4,658	8,511	251	2,444	2,695	245	524	769	16,633	1 0¼	37	2·2
	Total, .	11,780	28,349	40,129	60,277	2,615	18,857	21,472	4,015	6,794	10,809	132,687	1 1¼	295	2·2

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.										Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.				No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.	Total Number in Workhouses.		
												s. d.		
1852.														
11th Dec.,	Ulster, .	803	1,970	2,773	6,671	322	2,250	2,572	942	1,399	2,341	14,357	1 2¼	51	3·6
	Munster, .	7,190	16,075	23,265	30,846	1,399	8,924	10,323	1,448	2,779	4,227	68,661	1 0	140	2·0
	Leinster, .	2,755	7,374	10,129	14,639	763	5,837	6,600	1,380	2,064	3,444	34,812	1 3¼	110	3·0
	Connaught,	1,368	3,436	4,804	8,536	256	2,456	2,712	241	525	766	16,818	1 0¾	27	1·6
	Total, .	12,116	28,855	40,971	60,692	2,740	19,467	22,207	4,011	6,767	10,778	134,648	1 1½	328	2·4
18th Dec.	Ulster, .	824	2,076	2,900	6,796	357	2,214	2,571	949	1,393	2,342	14,609	1 2	52	3·6
	Munster, .	7,450	16,279	23,729	30,711	1,385	8,855	10,240	1,425	2,734	4,159	68,839	1 0	146	2·1
	Leinster, .	2,943	7,641	10,584	14,696	814	5,788	6,602	1,426	2,131	3,557	35,439	1 3¼	99	2·8
	Connaught,	1,356	3,524	4,880	8,480	315	2,454	2,769	277	484	761	16,890	1 0¼	20	1·2
	Total, .	12,573	29,520	42,093	60,683	2,871	19,311	22,182	4,077	6,742	10,819	135,777	1 1½	317	2·3
25th Dec.,	Ulster, .	834	2,094	2,928	6,842	337	2,162	2,499	938	1,410	2,348	14,617	1 2½	34	2·3
	Munster, .	7,403	16,001	23,404	30,390	1,276	8,492	9,768	1,379	2,663	4,042	67,604	1 1¼	132	2·0
	Leinster, .	2,997	7,675	10,672	14,850	777	5,673	6,450	1,411	2,180	3,591	35,563	1 4¾	82	2·3
	Connaught,	1,368	3,446	4,814	8,450	326	2,325	2,651	277	500	777	16,692	1 1	33	1·9
	Total, .	12,602	29,216	41,818	60,532	2,716	18,652	21,368	4,005	6,753	10,758	134,476	1 2½	281	2·1

1853.	Ulster, .	858	2,186	3,044	6,954	359	2,250	2,609	942	1,433	2,375	14,982	1	2½	51	3·4
	Munster, .	7,783	17,037	24,820	31,365	1,314	8,846	10,160	1,426	2,712	4,138	70,483	1	0¼	133	1·9
	Leinster, .	3,166	7,900	11,066	15,183	835	5,619	6,454	1,483	2,136	3,619	36,322	1	3½	105	2·9
1st Jan.,	Connaught,	1,474	3,535	5,009	8,542	282	2,401	2,683	244	499	743	16,977	1	0¾	38	2·2
	Total, .	13,281	30,658	43,939	62,044	2,799	19,116	21,906	4,095	6,780	10,875	138,764	1	1¾	327	2·4
	Ulster, .	890	2,319	3,209	7,076	350	2,397	2,747	990	1,426	2,416	15,448	1	2¼	55	3·6
	Munster, .	8,115	18,263	26,378	32,536	1,402	9,241	10,643	1,484	2,868	4,352	73,909	1	0½	150	2·0
	Leinster, .	3,282	8,352	11,634	15,267	891	6,034	6,925	1,447	2,165	3,612	37,438	1	3½	119	3·2
8th Jan.,	Connaught,	1,552	3,795	5,347	8,747	289	2,457	2,746	250	503	753	17,593	1	0¼	38	2·2
	Total, .	13,839	32,729	46,568	63,626	2,932	20,129	23,061	4,171	6,962	11,133	144,388	1	1¾	362	2·5
	Ulster, .	877	2,356	3,233	7,227	361	2,419	2,780	968	1,438	2,406	15,646	1	2¼	70	4·5
	Munster, .	8,540	19,597	28,137	33,728	1,438	9,663	11,101	1,621	2,879	4,500	77,466	1	0⅜	141	2·0
	Leinster, .	3,394	8,723	12,117	15,452	927	6,403	7,330	1,446	2,168	3,614	38,513	1	3¼	105	2·7
15th Jan.,	Connaught,	1,639	4,006	5,645	8,863	237	2,598	2,835	252	516	768	18,111	1	0½	34	1·9
	Total, .	14,450	34,682	49,132	65,270	2,963	21,083	24,046	4,287	7,001	11,288	149,736	1	1¾	350	2·3
	Ulster, .	903	2,418	3,321	7,278	384	2,396	2,780	985	1,414	2,399	15,778	1	2¼	65	4·1
	Munster, .	8,545	20,236	28,781	34,098	1,580	9,978	11,558	1,593	3,054	4,647	79,084	1	1	170	2·1
	Leinster, .	3,391	8,940	12,331	15,649	957	6,503	7,460	1,493	2,180	3,673	39,113	1	3½	144	3·7
22nd Jan.,	Connaught,	1,660	4,107	5,767	9,055	248	2,643	2,891	251	520	771	18,484	1	0½	44	2·4
	Total, .	14,499	35,701	50,200	66,080	3,169	21,520	24,689	4,322	7,168	11,490	152,459	1	1¾	423	2·8
	Ulster, .	881	2,433	3,314	7,229	406	2,465	2,871	996	1,398	2,394	15,808	1	2¼	63	4·0
	Munster, .	8,553	20,649	29,202	34,427	1,694	10,160	11,854	1,623	3,080	4,703	80,186	1	1	213	2·7
	Leinster, .	3,447	9,140	12,587	15,583	1,062	6,727	7,789	1,534	2,204	3,738	39,697	1	3¾	121	3·0
29th Jan.,	Connaught,	1,688	4,147	5,835	9,057	237	2,713	2,950	246	519	765	18,607	1	0½	35	1·9
	Total, .	14,569	36,369	50,938	66,296	3,399	22,065	25,464	4,399	7,201	11,600	154,298	1	1¾	432	2·8

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
													s. d.		
1853.															
	Ulster, .	872	2,434	3,306	7,184	464	2,472	2,936	1,008	1,429	2,437	15,863	1 $2\frac{1}{4}$	73	4·6
	Munster, .	8,489	20,744	29,233	34,461	1,662	10,282	11,944	1,641	3,120	4,761	80,399	1 1	226	2·8
	Leinster, .	3,342	9,084	12,426	15,659	1,111	6,999	8,110	1,539	2,224	3,763	39,958	1 $3\frac{1}{2}$	149	3·7
5th Feb.,	Connaught,	1,679	4,136	5,815	9,023	237	2,779	3,016	249	511	760	18,614	1 $0\frac{1}{2}$	36	1·9
	Total, .	14,382	36,398	50,780	66,327	3,474	22,532	26,006	4,437	7,284	11,721	154,834	1 $1\frac{3}{4}$	484	3·1
	Ulster, .	880	2,481	3,361	7,264	481	2,508	2,989	1,015	1,406	2,421	16,035	1 $2\frac{1}{4}$	83	5·2
	Munster, .	8,542	20,831	29,373	34,557	1,724	10,999	12,723	1,666	3,216	4,882	81,535	1 $0\frac{3}{4}$	222	2·7
	Leinster, .	3,536	9,387	12,923	15,831	1,151	7,184	8,335	1,556	2,257	3,813	40,902	1 $3\frac{1}{2}$	159	3·9
12th Feb.,	Connaught,	1,641	4,193	5,834	9,007	276	2,843	3,119	253	516	769	18,729	1 $0\frac{3}{4}$	43	2·3
	Total, .	14,599	36,892	51,491	66,659	3,632	23,534	27,166	4,490	7,395	11,885	157,201	1 $1\frac{3}{4}$	507	3·2
	Ulster, .	896	2,555	3,451	7,359	512	2,535	3,047	1,015	1,436	2,451	16,308	1 $2\frac{1}{4}$	90	5·5
	Munster, .	8,648	21,579	30,227	34,871	1,720	11,376	13,096	1,692	3,301	4,993	83,187	1 1	288	3·5
	Leinster, .	3,804	9,922	13,726	16,115	1,173	7,538	8,711	1,632	2,241	3,873	42,425	1 $3\frac{1}{2}$	192	4·5
19th Feb.,	Connaught,	1,617	4,253	5,870	9,016	294	2,905	3,199	248	521	769	18,854	1 $0\frac{3}{4}$	57	3·0
	Total, .	14,965	38,309	53,274	67,361	3,699	24,354	28,053	4,587	7,499	12,086	160,774	1 $1\frac{3}{4}$	627	3·9

26th Feb.,	Ulster, .	859	2,536	3,395	7,251	505	2,532	3,037	999	1,384	2,383	16,066	1 2¼	105	6·5
	Munster, .	8,398	21,396	29,794	37,439	1,841	11,525	13,366	1,714	3,380	5,094	82,993	1 1	278	3·3
	Leinster, .	3,667	9,757	13,424	16,049	1,206	7,585	8,791	1,582	2,290	3,872	42,136	1 3¾	179	4·2
	Connaught,	1,577	4,150	5,727	8,964	300	2,991	3,291	255	529	784	18,766	1 0½	50	2·7
	Total, .	14,501	37,839	52,340	67,003	3,852	24,633	28,485	4,550	7,583	12,133	159,961	1 1¾	612	3·8
5th Mar.,	Ulster, .	834	2,433	3,267	7,061	533	2,518	3,051	956	1,385	2,341	15,720	1 2¼	96	6·1
	Munster, .	8,196	21,021	29,217	34,358	1,873	11,735	13,608	1,719	3,359	5,078	82,261	1 1	316	3·8
	Leinster, .	3,428	9,370	12,798	15,822	1,222	7,474	8,696	1,509	2,335	3,844	41,160	1 4	203	4·9
	Connaught,	1,541	4,093	5,634	8,872	304	3,026	3,330	261	530	791	18,627	1 0¾	39	2·0
	Total, .	13,999	36,917	50,916	66,113	3,932	24,753	28,685	4,445	7,609	12,054	157,768	1 2	654	4·1
12th Mar.,	Ulster, .	776	2,348	3,124	6,932	511	2,467	2.978	945	1,338	2,283	15,317	1 2¼	83	5·4
	Munster, .	7,855	20,329	28,184	34,006	1,856	11,452	13,308	1,712	3,378	5,090	80,588	1 1	281	3·5
	Leinster, .	3,130	8,977	12,107	15,398	1,201	7,374	8,575	1,486	2,313	3,799	39,879	1 4	167	4·2
	Connaught,	1,434	3,969	5,403	8,757	317	3,008	3,325	252	528	780	18,265	1 0½	49	2·7
	Total, .	13,195	35,623	48,818	65,093	3,885	24,301	28,186	4,395	7,557	11,952	154,049	1 2	580	3·8
19th Mar.,	Ulster, .	789	2,295	3,084	6,842	536	2,494	3,030	904	1,328	2,232	15,188	1 2¼	92	6·0
	Munster, .	7,732	19,851	27,583	33,810	1,907	11,470	13,377	1,711	3,373	5,084	79,854	1 1¼	291	3·6
	Leinster, .	3,091	8,912	12,003	15,266	1,208	7,271	8,479	1,491	2,353	3,844	39,592	1 3¼	152	3·9
	Connaught,	1,384	3,910	5,294	8,777	325	2,986	3,311	253	535	788	18,170	1 0¾	46	2·5
	Total, .	12,996	34,968	47,964	64,695	3,976	24,221	28,197	4,359	7,589	11,948	152,804	1 2	581	3·8
26th Mar.,	Ulster, .	747	2,248	2,995	6,748	526	2,470	2,996	892	1,257	2,149	14,888	1 2¼	83	5·6
	Munster, .	7,589	19,549	27,138	33,537	1,864	11,525	13,389	1,696	3,314	5,010	79,074	1 1¼	325	4·1
	Leinster, .	3,110	8,687	11,797	15,256	1,203	7,305	8,508	1,471	2,385	3,856	39,417	1 3½	169	4·3
	Connaught,	1,355	3,776	5,131	8,734	295	2,899	3,194	249	520	769	17,828	1 0¾	41	2·3
	Total, .	12,801	34,260	47,061	64,275	3,888	24,199	28,087	4,308	7,476	11,784	151,207	1 2	618	4·1

[*continued.*

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.										Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.				No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.	Total Number in Workhouses.		
												s. d.		
1853.														
	Ulster, .	714	2,181	2,895	6,581	485	2,447	2,932	858	1,253	2,111	14,519	1 2 3/4	77	5·3
	Munster, .	7,476	19,459	26,935	33,359	1,885	11,658	13,543	1,782	3,299	5,031	78,918	1 1 1/4	308	3·9
2nd April,	Leinster, .	2,977	8,449	11,426	15,177	1,189	7,389	8,578	1,445	2,396	3,841	39,022	1 4 1/2	182	4·6
	Connaught,	1,299	3,718	5,017	8,644	307	2,937	3,244	244	520	764	17,669	1 1	44	2·5
	Total, .	12,466	33,807	46,273	63,761	3,866	24,431	28,297	4,329	7,468	11,797	150,128	1 2 1/4	611	4·1
	Ulster, .	679	2,137	2,816	6,494	496	2,458	2,954	864	1,231	2,095	14,359	1 3	78	5·4
	Munster, .	7,457	19,326	26,783	33,321	1,832	11,627	13,459	1,722	3,388	5,110	78,673	1 1 1/4	265	3·4
	Leinster, .	2,856	8,172	11,028	15,039	1,175	7,468	8,643	1,489	2,471	3,960	38,670	1 3 3/4	137	3·5
9th April,	Connaught,	1,230	3,692	4,922	8,648	312	2,927	3,239	255	527	782	17,591	1 1	48	2·7
	Total, .	12,222	33,327	45,549	63,502	3,815	24,480	28,295	4,330	7,617	11,947	149,293	1 2 1/4	528	3·5
	Ulster, .	629	2,043	2,672	6,411	427	2,418	2,845	875	1,274	2,149	14,077	1 3	63	4·5
	Munster, .	7,439	18,956	26,395	33,036	1,854	11,705	13,559	1,737	3,335	5,072	78,062	1 1 1/4	289	3·8
	Leinster, .	2,749	7,930	10,679	14,874	1,202	7,455	8,657	1,473	2,455	3,928	38,138	1 3 3/4	143	3·8
16th April,	Connaught,	1,184	3,587	4,771	8,569	287	2,983	3,270	249	530	779	17,389	1 1	43	2·5
	Total, .	12,001	32,516	44,517	62,890	3,770	24,561	28,331	4,334	7,594	11,928	147,666	1 2 1/4	538	3·6
	Ulster, .	624	1,931	2,555	6,271	407	2,427	2,834	858	1,229	2,087	13,747	1 3	66	4·8
	Munster, .	7,293	18,734	26,027	32,960	1,797	11,545	13,342	1,703	3,369	5,072	77,401	1 1 1/4	313	4·0
	Leinster, .	2,717	7,571	10,288	14,893	1,227	7,309	8,536	1,473	2,491	3,964	37,681	1 3 1/4	144	4·0
23rd April,	Connaught,	1,184	3,572	4,756	8,568	277	2,932	3,209	253	526	779	17,312	1 1	51	2·9
	Total, .	11,818	31,808	43,626	62,692	3,708	24,213	27,921	4,287	7,615	11,902	146,141	1 2 1/4	574	3·9

No. XIII.—Return of the Number of Inquests in which the Verdict alleges Death from Want, as reported by Constabulary Officers, and transmitted to the Poor Law Commissioners from the Office of the Chief Secretary for Ireland, and also those reported by Poor Law Inspectors, in the period from 1st May, 1852, to 30th April, 1853, inclusive.

Unions.	May, 1852.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Jan., 1853.	February.	March.	April.	Total.
Abbeyleix,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Antrim,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ardee,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Armagh,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Athlone,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Athy,	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	2
Bailieborough,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ballina,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ballinasloe,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ballinrobe,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ballycastle,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ballymahon,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ballymena,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ballymoney,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ballyshannon,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ballyvaghan,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balrothery,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Baltinglass,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1
Banbridge,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bandon,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bantry,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bawnboy,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Belfast,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Belmullet,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Borrisokane,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1
Boyle,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Caherciveen,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Callan,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carlow,	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Carrickmacross,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carrick-on-Shannon,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Carrick-on-Suir,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cashel,	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Castlebar,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Castleblayney,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Castlecomer,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Castlederg,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Castlerea,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Castletown,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Castletowndelvin,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cavan,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Celbridge,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Claremorris,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clifden,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clogheen,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clogher,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clonakilty,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clones,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Clonmel,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	2
Coleraine,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cookstown,	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

[*continued.*

No. XIII.—Return of the Number of Inquests, &c.—*continued.*

Unions.	May, 1852.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Jan., 1853.	February.	March.	April.	Total.
Cootehill,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
Cork,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Corrofin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Croom,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dingle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Donaghmore,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Donegal,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Downpatrick,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Drogheda,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dromore West,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dublin, North,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dublin, South,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dundalk,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dunfanaghy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dungannon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dungarvan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
Dunmanway,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Dunshaughlin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
Edenderry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
Ennis,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Enniscorthy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Enniskillen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ennistymon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Fermoy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Galway,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Glennamaddy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Glenties,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Glin,	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Gorey,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Gort,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Gortin,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Granard,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Inishowen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kanturk,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1
Kells,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kenmare,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kilkeel,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kilkenny,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Killadysert,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Killala,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Killarney,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kilmacthomas,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
Kilmallock,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kilrush,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kinsale,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Larne,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Letterkenny,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Limerick,	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	2
Lisburn,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Lismore,	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Lisnaskea,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Listowel,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Londonderry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Longford,	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Loughrea,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Lowtherstown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Lurgan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–

[*continued.*

No. XIII.—Return of the Number of Inquests, &c.—*continued.*

Unions.	May, 1852.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Jan., 1853.	February.	March.	April.	Total.
Macroom,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Magherafelt,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mallow,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Manorhamilton,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Midleton,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Milford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Millstreet,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mitchelstown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mohill,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Monaghan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mount Bellew,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Mountmelick,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
Mullingar,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Naas,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Navan,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1
Nenagh,	1	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	2
Newcastle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Newport,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
New Ross,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Newry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Newtownards,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Newtownlimavady,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Oldcastle,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Omagh,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Oughterard,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Parsonstown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
Portumna,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Rathdown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Rathdrum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Rathkeale,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Roscommon,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Roscrea,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Scariff,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Shillelagh,	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	2
Skibbereen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Skull,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Sligo,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Strabane,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Stranorlar,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Strokestown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Swineford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Thomastown,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Thurles,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tipperary,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	2
Tobercurry,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tralee,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Trim,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tuam,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tulla,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tullamore,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Urlingford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
Waterford,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	2
Westport,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Wexford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Youghal,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
Total,	5	2	1	3	2	–	–	3	1	10	6	2	35

No. XIV.—Emigration.—Abstract of Returns from Clerks of Unions of the Number of Emigrants sent out, or assisted to Emigrate, by Boards of Guardians in Ireland, in pursuance of the Provisions of the Irish Poor Relief Acts; from 1st April, 1852, to the end of March, 1853.

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent, being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children dependent on them, under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.	Observations by Clerks.
	Males.	Females.				
Abbeyleix, . .	1	1	3	5	New York.	
Athlone, . .	–	3	4	7	New York.	
	–	–	8	8	New York.	
	1	–	–	1	Boston.	
	1	–	–	1	Sydney.	
Athy, . . .	9	14	20	43	Quebec.	
Ballina, .	–	4	9	13	America.	
	1	1	2	4	Australia.	
Ballycastle, . .	–	1	–	1	North America.	
Ballymahon, .	–	1	–	1	Boston,	
	1	2	–	3	New York,	
	2	–	1	3	Van Diemen's Land,	
Ballymoney, .	–	1	2	3	Philadelphia.	
Balrothery, . .	3	8	8	19	New York.	
	1	3	7	11	Port Philip.	
	–	1	1	2	Quebec.	
	–	–	2	2	Philadelphia.	
	–	2	–	2	Boston.	
Baltinglass, .	41	112	41	194	Quebec.	
	1	4	9	14	New York.	
Bandon, . .	–	3	–	3	Moreton Bay.	
Borrisokane, .	3	3	5	11	New York and Quebec.	
	2	2	11	15	Australia.	
Callan, .	–	1	3	4	Quebec.	
	–	18	2	20	Australia.	
	–	–	3	3	New York.	
	1	–	–	1	Boston.	
Carlow, . .	32	33	11	76	New Orleans.	
	41	87	33	161	Quebec.	
Carrickmacross, .	2	6	12	20	New York.	
	–	1	–	1	Boston.	
	–	4	2	6	Quebec.	
Carrick-on-Shan.,	1	4	12	17	America.	
	1	–	1	2	Australia.	
Carrick-on-Suir, .	–	2	–	2	Boston and New York.	
Cashel, . .	5	14	15	34	United States.	
	1	1	–	2	Quebec.	
	–	1	–	1	Sydney.	
Castleblayney, .	–	1	4	5	New York.	
	–	–	3	3	New York.	
Castlecomer, .	–	3	3	6	Quebec.	
	4	12	8	24	New York.	
	–	14	3	17	New Orleans.	
Castlederg, .	–	–	2	2	Philadelphia.	
Cavan, . .	–	3	3	6	New York.	

[*continued.*

No. XIV.—Emigration: Abstract of Returns—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent, being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children dependent on them, under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.	Observations by Clerks.
	Males.	Females.				
Celbridge,	–	1	4	5	New York.	
Claremorris,	–	2	–	2	Philadelphia.	
	–	1	5	6	New York.	
	–	1	1	2	Upper Canada.	
Clogheen,	1	–	–	1	America.	
Clogher,	–	1	–	1	Providence, America.	
Coleraine,	–	2	11	13	United States.	
Cookstown,	–	1	1	2	America.	
Cootehill,	–	1	2	3	New York.	
	–	1	3	4	Philadelphia.	
	–	–	1	1	New Orleans.	
Cork,	1	11	3	15	United States.	
	–	1	–	1	Australia.	
Croom,	13	130	59	202	Quebec.	
	–	–	3	3	Norfolk, U.S.	
	1	–	4	5	New York.	
	–	1	5	6	Boston.	
	–	1	3	4	New South Wales	
Dingle,	4	1	–	5	United States.	
	1	–	–	1	Canada.	
Downpatrick,	–	1	–	1	India.	
Dromore, West,	–	1	–	1	New York.	
Dublin, North,	1	1	4	6	New York.	
Dublin, South,	–	1	4	5	Charleston.	
	1	–	–	1	New Zealand.	
Dunfanaghy,	3	6	12	21	Quebec.	
Dungannon,	–	–	2	2	Toronto.	
Dunshaughlin,	–	2	3	5	New York.	
Ennis,	1	–	–	1	Quebec.	
	–	1	–	1	Australia.	
	1	7	9	17	United States.	
Enniscorthy,	1	1	3	5	Quebec.	
Ennistymon,	–	15	–	15	Quebec.	
Galway,	1	1	–	2	Australia.	
Glennamaddy,	–	–	3	3	Canada.	
Gorey,	–	–	1	1	Quebec.	
Granard,	–	1	1	2	Van Diemen's Land,	
	–	1	17	18	America.	
Kanturk,	10	2	5	17	America.	
	–	1	–	1	Australia.	
Kells,	1	4	13	18	North America.	
	–	1	–	1	Australia.	
Kenmare,	–	1	2	3	Boston.	
	1	5	12	18	New York.	
	–	1	–	1	Lower Canada.	
Kilkenny,	–	3	3	6	America.	
	–	2	–	2	Australia.	
Killadysert,	10	131	6	147	Quebec.	
	–	2	4	6	New York.	
Killala,	1	2	–	3	America.	
Killarney,	–	30	28	58	United States.	
	–	12	–	12	British America.	

[*continued.*

No. XIV.—Emigration: Abstract of Returns—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent, being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children dependent on them, under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.	Observations by Clerks.
	Males.	Females.				
Kilmallock,	11	23	38	72	United States.	
	9	10	4	23	Canada.	
	–	2	–	2	Sydney.	
Kilrush,	4	36	1	41	Quebec.	
Larne,	–	2	4	6	Philadelphia.	
	–	1	2	3	VanDiemen'sLand.	
Letterkenny,	–	1	–	1	United States.	
Limerick,	3	1	2	6	United States.	
	–	31	1	32	Australia.	
Lisnaskea,	–	–	2	2	New York.	
Londonderry,	4	16	14	34	Quebec.	
	–	1	3	4	United States.	
Longford,	3	1	6	10	America.	
Loughrea,	–	–	1	1	VanDiemen'sLand.	
	–	–	1	1	New York.	
Mallow,	–	1	4	5	New York.	
Milford,	–	–	2	2	Philadelphia.	
Mitchelstown,	–	–	2	2	New York.	
Mohill,	–	–	2	2	New York.	
Mount Bellew,	5	12	14	31	America.	
	–	30	–	30	Australia.	
Naas,	13	28	21	62	Quebec.	
	–	–	4	4	New York.	
Navan,	1	3	2	6	New York.	
	–	34	2	36	Australia.	
Nenagh,	66	258	67	391	Quebec.	
	–	2	3	5	New York.	
Newcastle,	18	346	195	559	Quebec.	
	1	1	6	8	New York.	
New Ross,	9	14	2	25	New York.	
Newry,	–	1	5	6	New York.	
Oldcastle,	6	8	11	25	New York.	
Omagh,	–	1	2	3	Philadelphia.	
Parsonstown,	–	1	–	1	America.	
Rathdrum,	26	74	44	144	Canada.	
	7	15	9	31	New Orleans.	
Rathkeale,	44	145	37	226	Quebec.	
Roscommon,	–	84	–	84	Quebec.	
Scariff,	–	1	–	1	Sydney.	
	–	1	–	1	New York.	
Sligo,	2	2	6	10	New York.	
Strabane,	–	1	–	1	Quebec.	
	–	5	4	9	Philadelphia.	
Stranorlar,	1	3	4	8	Philadelphia.	
	1	–	–	1	St. John's, New Brunswick.	
Strokestown,	1	4	16	21	United States.	
	–	55	2	57	Canada.	
	–	2	–	2	Australia.	
Thomastown,	6	12	–	18	New York.	
Thurles,	1	2	1	4	New SouthWales	
	5	3	2	10	New York.	
Tipperary,	6	4	5	15	United States.	
	–	–	1	1	Sydney.	

[*continued.*

No. XIV.—Emigration: Abstract of Returns—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent, being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children dependent on them, under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.	Observations by Clerks.
	Males.	Females.				
Tralee, . .	–	1	–	1	Australia.	
	3	4	6	13	Quebec.	
	23	54	40	117	United States.	
Trim, . . .	1	24	12	37	New York.	
Tuam, . .	1	14	1	16	Quebec.	
	–	1	5	6	New Orleans.	
Tulla, . . .	1	9	7	17	North America.	
	–	25	–	25	Western Australia.	
Tullamore, . .	1	5	–	6	Australia.	
	1	2	–	3	America.	
Waterford, . .	–	30	–	30	Sydney.	
Wexford, . .	–	8	–	8	Hobart Town.	
Total (93 Unions),	492	2,218	1,115	3,825		

No. XV.—Summary of Returns of the Number of Cases of Ophthalmia or other Inflammatory Diseases of the Eye, which were treated in Workhouses in Ireland during the Years 1851 and 1852.

1. Table showing the Number of Cases which occurred during each Month of the Years 1851 and 1852.

Year.	January.*	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
1851, .	2,216	1,895	2,001	2,715	4,249	5,224	7,106	4,903	4,563	3,789	2,370	1,888	45,947†
1852, .	2,254	1,963	2,298	2,498	3,161	3,300	4,778	3,545	2,166	1,526	996	888	31,876†

* The month of January includes cases which occurred in the previous year, and were still under treatment in January.

† These numbers include cases which are not classified in the preceding columns, of which there are 3,028 in Return for 1851, and 2,503 in Return for 1852.

[No. XV.—*continued*

No. XV.—Summary of Returns of the Number of Cases of Ophthalmia, &c.—*continued.*

2.—Table showing the Number of Adults or Children affected by Disease of the Eye, the Number of Cases arising in the Workhouse, the Number labouring under the Disease when admitted, the average Duration of the Disease, and the Result of the Treatment adopted by the Medical Officers.

Year.	Persons above 15 years of age.		Children under 15 years of age.		Total.	Number of cases arising in Workhouse or Auxiliary Workhouse.	Number of cases labouring under the disease when admitted.	Duration of Disease.		RESULT.									Total.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				Average duration of disease.	Average period in Hospital.	Cured.	Sight partially injured.	One eye lost.	Both eyes lost.	Died from effects of disease.	Died from other causes while labouring under disease of the eyes.	Discharged from Workhouse while labouring under disease of the eyes.	Under treatment.	No record of result.	
								Days.	Days.										
1851,	3,670	6,821	14,252	18,370	45,947*	42,067†	963†	30	29	40,684	754	656	263	1	169	315	1,197	1,908	45,947
1852,	3,242	5,804	10,160	10,899	31,876*	28,765†	1,360†	36	33	29,605	476	298	137	1	50	154	1,001	154	31,876

* These numbers include cases which are not classified in the preceding columns.

† The registry of cases in several Unions does not distinguish whether the disease first arose in or out of the Workhouse; the numbers in these columns do not therefore agree with the numbers in the previous column, showing the total number of cases.

Note on column headed "Both eyes lost."—The Return for the year 1851 includes 33 persons who had lost both eyes previous to admission.—The Return for the year 1852, includes 37 such cases.

Of the cases of "One eye lost," the Return for 1851 includes 66 cases in which the eye was lost previous to admission; the Return for 1852 includes 136 such cases.

No. XVI.—Returns showing the Average Wages paid to Agricultural Labourers and the principal classes of Mechanics at the present time, and at the corresponding period of each of the previous Seven Years.

Average Wages per Week.	1846.		1847.		1848.		1849.		1850.		1851.		1852.		1853.	
1. Mr. Otway's District, Comprised in the Counties of Meath, Westmeath, Dublin, Louth, and Monaghan.	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*
Agricultural Labourers,	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0
Tailors,	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0
Shoemakers,	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0
Weavers,	9	6	9	6	9	6	9	6	9	6	9	6	9	6	9	6
Bricklayers and Masons,	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0
Carpenters,	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0
Blacksmiths,	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0	11	0
Coopers,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Bakers,	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0
Nailors,	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0
2. Mr. Burke's District, Comprised in the Counties of Carlow, King's, Kildare, Kilkenny, Queen's, Tipperary, Wexford, and Wicklow.																
Agricultural Labourers,	5	0	4	11	4	11	4	9	4	9	4	8	5	1	5	4
Tailors,	9	4	9	3	9	0	8	10	8	9	9	1	9	2	9	6
Shoemakers,	9	10	9	11	9	9	9	8	9	0	9	7	9	8	9	9
Weavers,	8	9	8	9	8	8	8	9	8	9	8	9	8	11	9	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	16	0	16	0	15	9	15	7	15	7	15	6	16	3	16	4
Carpenters,	15	0	15	0	14	6	14	4	14	4	14	4	15	1	15	4
Blacksmiths,	13	5	13	6	13	3	13	3	13	3	13	0	13	8	13	9
Coopers,	11	1	11	1	11	0	11	0	11	0	10	9	11	0	11	0
3. Mr. Crawford's District, Comprised in the Counties of Dublin, King's, and Wicklow.																
Agricultural Labourers,	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0
Tailors,	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0
Shoemakers,	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0
Weavers,	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Carpenters,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Blacksmiths,	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0
Coopers,	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0
Bakers,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Nailors,	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6
4. Mr. Crawford's District, Comprising the City of Dublin.																
Tailors,	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0
Shoemakers,	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0
Weavers,	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	0	25	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0
Carpenters,	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0	23	0
Blacksmiths,	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0
Coopers,	27	0	27	0	27	0	27	0	27	0	27	0	27	0	27	0
Bakers,	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0
Printers,	28	0	28	0	28	0	28	0	28	0	28	0	28	0	28	0
Painters,	22	0	22	0	22	0	22	0	22	0	22	0	22	0	22	0

No. XVI.—Returns showing the Average Wages paid to Agricultural Labourers and the principal classes of Mechanics at the present time, and at the corresponding period of each of the previous Seven Years—*continued.*

Average Wages per Week.	1846.		1847.		1848.		1849.		1850.		1851.		1852.		1853.	
	s.	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*
5. Mr. R. Bourke's District, Comprised in the Counties of Galway, Leitrim, Mayo, Roscommon, and Sligo.																
Agricultural Labourers,	4	0	3	6	3	6	3	6	4	0	4	0	4	6	4	6
Tailors,	10	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	10	0	10	0	11	0	11	0
Shoemakers,	9	0	8	0	7	0	8	0	8	0	9	0	9	0	9	0
Weavers,	7	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Carpenters,	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	15	0	16	0	17	6	17	6
Blacksmiths,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Coopers,	10	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	9	0	10	0	12	0	12	0
Painters and Glaziers,	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Plasterers,	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Bakers,	18	0	18	0	15	0	15	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0
Ship Carpenters,	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0
Sawyers,	16	3	16	3	16	3	16	3	16	3	16	3	16	3	16	3
6. Mr. Barron's District, Comprised in the Counties of Cavan, Fermanagh, Donegal, Longford, Monaghan, Leitrim, Meath, and Westmeath.																
Agricultural Labourers,	4	6	4	6	4	5	4	4	4	6	4	8	4	11	4	11
Tailors,	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	5	10	0	10	3	10	4
Shoemakers,	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	2	9	2	9	2	9	3	9	3
Weavers,	5	10	5	10	5	10	5	10	5	9	5	10	6	0	5	10
Bricklayers and Masons,	13	10	13	10	13	8	13	8	13	8	13	10	13	10	14	0
Carpenters,	13	0	13	0	13	0	13	0	13	0	13	2	13	2	13	4
Blacksmiths,	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	3	9	2	9	3	9	6
Coopers,	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	6
Bakers,	11	10	11	10	11	10	11	10	11	5	11	0	11	0	11	0
Sawyers,	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6
Nailors,	7	3	7	3	7	3	7	3	7	3	7	3	7	3	7	3
Chandlers,	9	6	9	6	9	6	9	6	9	6	10	9	10	9	10	9
Harness Makers,	11	4	11	4	11	4	11	4	11	4	11	4	11	4	11	4
Painters,	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0
7. Mr. Huband's District, Comprised in the County of Cork. (Exclusive of Cork Union.)																
Agricultural Labourers,	4	4	4	4	4	2	3	11	3	11	3	9	4	4	4	5
Tailors,	8	5	8	2	7	10	7	10	7	10	8	3	8	5	8	7
Shoemakers,	10	1	9	10	9	8	9	8	9	10	9	9	10	3	10	7
Weavers,	7	11	7	3	6	2	6	0	6	1	6	5	6	10	6	11
Bricklayers and Masons,	12	2	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	10	7	12	1	12	7
Carpenters,	13	4	13	1	12	10	12	10	12	10	11	5	13	5	14	2
Blacksmiths,	9	4	9	4	9	4	9	4	9	4	9	4	9	4	9	6
Coopers,	12	5	12	5	12	4	11	4	12	3	11	11	13	4	13	7
Sawyers,	12	3	12	3	12	3	12	3	12	3	12	1	12	1	13	0
Wheelwrights, Cart and Implement Makers,	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	0
Harness Makers,	13	3	13	3	13	3	13	3	13	3	13	3	13	3	13	3

No. XVI.—Returns showing the Average Wages paid to Agricultural Labourers and the principal classes of Mechanics at the present time, and at the corresponding period of each of the previous Seven Years—*continued.*

Average Wages per Week.	1846.		1847.		1848.		1849.		1850.		1851.		1852.		1853.	
8. Mr. Huband's District, Comprised in the Union of Cork.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Agricultural Labourers,	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	4	0	6	0	6	0	6	0
Tailors,	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0
Shoemakers,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Weavers,	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0
Carpenters,	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0	21	0
Blacksmiths,	24	0	24	0	24	0	24	0	24	0	24	0	24	0	24	0
Coopers,	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0
Sawyers,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Coach Makers,	28	0	28	0	28	0	28	0	28	0	28	0	28	0	28	0
Cart and Implement Makers,	18	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0
Harness Makers,	19	0	19	0	19	0	19	0	22	0	22	0	22	0	22	0
9. Mr. R. M. Lynch's District, Comprised in the Counties of Kilkenny, Queen's, and Tipperary.																
Agricultural Labourers,	4	0	5	0	3	0	3	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0
Tailors,	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0
Shoemakers,	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0
Weavers,	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	8	0	8	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0
Carpenters,	10	0	8	0	8	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	12	0
Blacksmiths,	9	0	12	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0
Coopers,	9	0	6	0	6	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	12	0
Slaters and Plasterers,	15	0	13	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	15	0	15	0
Stonecutters,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	17	0	17	0
Millers,	12	0	15	0	14	0	13	0	13	0	13	0	12	0	12	0
Bakers,	12	0	15	0	15	0	13	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0
10. Lt.-Col. Clarke's District, Comprised in the Counties of Antrim, Armagh, Down, Londonderry, and Tyrone.																
Agricultural Labourers,	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	0	5	3	5	3	5	3	5	3
Tailors,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Shoemakers,	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6
Weavers,	5	6	5	3	3	9	4	3	5	3	6	0	7	6	7	6
Bricklayers and Masons,	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0
Carpenters,	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	6
Blacksmiths,	14	6	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0
Coopers,	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	6	14	0	14	0	14	0
Stonecutters,	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0	16	0
Painters,	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6
Plasterers,	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0
Slaters,	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6
Builders' Labourers,	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0

No. XVI.—Returns showing the Average Wages paid to Agricultural Labourers and the principal classes of Mechanics at the present time, and at the corresponding period of each of the previous Seven Years—*continued.*

Average Wages per Week.	1846.		1847.		1848.		1849.		1850.		1851.		1852.		1853.	
	s.	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*
11. Mr. W. J. Hamilton's District, Comprised in the Counties of Kilkenny, Wexford, and Waterford.																
Agricultural Labourers,	4	0	3	6	3	6	3	6	3	6	3	6	4	0	5	0
Tailors,	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0
Shoemakers,	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0
Weavers,	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0
Carpenters,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Blacksmiths,	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0
Coopers,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Bakers,	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0
Ship Carpenters,	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0
Bacon Salters,	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0	9	0
Iron Founders,	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0
Builders' Labourers and Corn Porters,	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0
12. Mr. Horsley's District, Comprised in the County of Kerry.																
Agricultural Labourers,	4	3	4	3	3	9	3	9	3	9	3	9	5	3	5	3
Tailors,	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0	7	0
Shoemakers,	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6
Weavers,	3	6	3	6	3	6	3	6	3	6	5	0	5	0	5	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	16	6	16	6
Carpenters,	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6	16	6	16	6
Blacksmiths,	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6	7	6
Coopers,	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	17	6
Slaters and Plasterers,	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6	12	6	13	6	13	6
13. Mr. R. Hamilton's District, Comprised in the County of Cork.																
Agricultural Labourers,	4	0	4	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	4	0	4	0
Tailors,	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0
Shoemakers,	10	6	10	6	10	6	10	6	10	6	10	6	11	6	16	6
Weavers,	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0
Carpenters,	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0
Blacksmiths, Coopers,	–		–		–		–		–		–		–		–*	
Bakers,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0
Painters,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Sawyers,	15	0	15	0	10	0	10	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0

* Employed by the job. No change in their charges since 1846.

No. XVI.—Returns showing the Average Wages paid to Agricultural Labourers and the principal classes of Mechanics at the present time, and at the corresponding period of each of the previous Seven Years—*continued.*

Average Wages per Week.	1846.		1847.		1848.		1849.		1850.		1851.		1852.		1853.	
14. Mr. Robinson's District, Comprised in the Counties of Limerick and Kerry. (Exclusive of Limerick Union.)	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d*
Agricultural Labourers,	4	6	4	6	4	6	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0
Tailors,	10	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	0
Shoemakers,	10	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	6	12	6	12	6
Weavers,	13	0	18	0	18	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	13	0	13	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	15	0	16	0	16	0	15	0	14	0	14	0	14	0	14	0
Carpenters,	12	0	13	6	13	6	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0
Blacksmiths,	13	0	13	6	13	6	13	0	13	0	13	0	13	0	13	0
15. Mr. Robinson's District, Comprised in the Union of Limerick.																
Agricultural Labourers,	5	0	5	0	5	0	4	6	4	6	4	0	4	0	4	0
Tailors,	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6
Shoemakers,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Weavers,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	22	9	24	0	24	0	22	9	22	9	22	9	22	9	22	9
Carpenters,	24	5	24	5	24	5	24	5	24	5	24	5	24	5	24	5
Blacksmiths,	23	0	25	0	25	0	23	0	22	0	21	6	24	0	24	0
Coopers,	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	6
Labourers in Merchants' Stores,	6	0	8	3	8	3	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0	6	0
Ship Carpenters,	25	0	27	0	30	0	27	0	24	0	22	6	24	0	30	0
Block Makers,	18	0	18	0	18	0	19	0	20	0	20	0	20	0	20	0
Fitters, Millwrights, and Brass Founders,	24	0	22	0	24	0	24	0	24	0	23	0	24	0	24	0
Sail Makers,	–		–		–		18	0	18	0	19	0	20	0	20	0
Slaters,	18	9	18	9	18	9	18	9	18	9	18	9	18	9	18	9
Painters,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Sawyers,	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0	18	0
Stonecutters,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
16. Mr. O'Brien's District, Comprised in the Counties of Westmeath, Longford, King's, Roscommon, Leitrim, and Galway.																
Agricultural Labourers,	4	0														
Tailors,	7	6														
Shoemakers,	9	0														
Weavers,	5	0														
Bricklayers and Masons,	15	0														
Carpenters,	15	0	–		–		–		–		–		–		–*	
Blacksmiths,	12	0														
Coopers,	6	0														
Stonecutters,	15	0														
Tinwaremen,	12	6														
Sawyers,	12	6														

* No sensible change, but all exhibit a steady tendency to advance at present.

No. XVI.—Returns showing the Average Wages paid to Agricultural Labourers and the principal classes of Mechanics at the present time, and at the corresponding period of each of the previous Seven Years—*continued.*

Average Wages per Week.	1846.		1847.		1848.		1849.		1850.		1851.		1852.		1853.	
17. Mr. Lucas's District, Comprised in the County of Clare.	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*	*s.*	*d.*
Agricultural Labourers,	5	0	4	6	4	6	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	6	5	0
Tailors,	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	18	0	18	0
Carpenters,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	18	0	18	0
Blacksmiths,	15	6	13	0	13	0	13	0	13	0	13	0	13	0	14	6
Coopers,	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6	13	6
Stonecutters,	15	6	16	6	16	6	16	6	16	6	18	6	18	6	24	0
18. Mr. John Hall's District, Comprised in the Counties of Galway and Mayo.																
Agricultural Labourers,	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	0	4	6
Tailors,	10	0	10	0	9	6	9	0	9	6	10	0	10	0	10	6
Shoemakers,	10	0	10	0	9	6	9	6	9	6	10	0	10	0	10	6
Weavers,	8	0	8	0	7	6	7	0	7	6	7	6	8	0	9	0
Bricklayers and Masons,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	16	6	16	6
Carpenters,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Blacksmiths,	10	0	10	0	9	6	9	6	10	0	10	0	10	0	10	6
Coopers,	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	0
Nailors,	9	0	8	0	8	0	8	0	8	6	8	6	8	0	9	0
Slaters,	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0	15	0
Boatbuilders,	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	0	12	6	12	6

No. XVII.—General Result of Returns made to orders of the House of Commons, dated 25th July, 1851, and 16th December, 1852, respectively.

1.—Return of the amount of the salaries and remuneration of Officers of Unions in Ireland who were employed in the secular instruction or industrial training of the children who were relieved in Workhouses, on the 1st day of July, 1851.

Officers.	Amount of Annual Salaries.			Estimated Annual value of Rations.			Total Annual Remuneration of Officers.		
	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*	£	*s.*	*d.*
Schoolmasters,	3,344	16	0	1,475	8	4½	4,820	4	4½
,, Assistant,	625	4	0	365	11	10	990	15	10
Schoolmistresses,	2,440	14	0	1,478	1	0	3,918	15	0
,, Assistant,	873	18	0	725	17	8	1,599	15	8
Agriculturists,	1,163	7	0	245	2	10	1,408	9	10
Superintendents of Industrial Training of Males,	557	14	4	117	10	6	675	4	10
,, of Females,	671	16	0	249	6	0	921	2	0
Superintendents of Children,	109	0	0	93	12	1	202	12	1
Master Tailors,	2,152	11	4	131	13	2	2,284	4	6
,, Shoemakers,	1,634	1	3	67	14	1	1,701	15	4
,, Weavers,	1,012	3	6	113	5	11	1,125	9	5
,, Bakers,	677	12	0	80	0	5	757	12	5
* Other Officers,	793	4	8	84	3	6	877	8	2
Total,	16,056	2	1	5,227	7	4½	21,283	9	5½

2.—Return showing what kinds of employment were carried on in the respective Workhouses, or on land attached to them, the classification of the inmates, and the number of them engaged in industrial pursuits, &c., &c., on the 1st day of July, 1852.

The Returns received from the Clerks of Unions show that the employments consist in cultivation of Workhouse grounds, shoemaking, tailoring, and making-up clothing for both male and female inmates; preparing flax and wool, and spinning and weaving same into various kinds of cloth; carpentry, baking bread, painting, tin-making, oakum-picking, stone-breaking, embroidering muslin, lace-making, net-making, knitting, nursing the sick, cooking, and the ordinary household work.

The total inmates of the Workhouse on 1st July, 1852, was 184,965 (including 27,000 sick.) The total number employed in industrial pursuits at that date was 57,521, who were thus classed :—

Able-bodied males,	13,044
,, females,	28,692
Aged or infirm persons,	2,498
Children from 9 to 15 years of age,	12,396
,, under 9 years of age,	891
Total employed,	57,521

* Master Carpenters, Tinmen, Millers, Cooper, Sewing Mistresses, Embroidresses, &c.

DUBLIN: PRINTED BY ALEXANDER THOM, 87, ABBEY-STREET,
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

FOR

ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR IN IRELAND.

SEVENTH

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE COMMISSIONERS

FOR

ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR IN IRELAND:

WITH

APPENDICES.

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by Command of Her Majesty.

DUBLIN:
PRINTED BY ALEXANDER THOM & SONS, 87, ABBEY-STREET,
FOR HER MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE.

1854.

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SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS

FOR

ADMINISTERING THE LAWS FOR RELIEF OF THE POOR IN IRELAND.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY EDWARD GRANVILLE, EARL OF ST. GERMANS,

Lord Lieutenant-General and General Governor of Ireland.

Poor Law Commission, Dublin,
1st May, 1854.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY,

1. WE, the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, submit to your Excellency this our Seventh Annual Report.

2. The weekly summaries, showing the number and classes of persons relieved in and out of the workhouses, the proportions of sick and healthy inmates, and the rate of mortality, are presented below in the usual form, beginning with the week ended 30th April, 1853, and ending with the week ended 22nd April, 1854.

SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland, from the week ended 30th April, 1853, to the week ended 22nd April, 1854, both inclusive; distinguishing the several Classes, the number of Sick and Deaths in each Week, and the Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000; also the Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per Head.

Week ended Saturday.	Able-bodied.			Healthy Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total No. in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per Head (exclusive of clothing).	Deaths.	
	Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.			No. in the Week.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
												s. d.		
1853.														
April 30,	11,576	31,369	42,945	62,345	3,567	23,970	27,537	4,254	7,731	11,985	144,812	1 2½	564	3·9
May 7,	11,550	31,149	42,699	61,762	3,435	23,809	27,244	4,215	7,604	11,819	143,524	1 2½	559	3·9
14,	11,338	30,225	41,563	61,323	3,460	23,822	27,282	4,231	7,501	11,732	141,900	1 2½	566	4·0
21,	11,252	29,796	41,048	60,819	3,391	23,284	26,675	4,221	7,511	11,732	140,274	1 2½	543	3·9
28,	10,913	29,129	40,042	59,710	3,440	22,929	26,369	4,192	7,364	11,556	137,677	1 2½	467	3·4
June 4,	10,556	28,270	38,826	59,036	3,372	22,374	25,746	4,149	7,389	11,538	135,146	1 2½	505	3·7
11,	10,124	27,771	38,195	58,657	3,243	21,948	25,191	4,183	7,233	11,416	133,459	1 2½	444	3·3
18,	10,151	26,744	36,898	57,718	3,113	21,691	24,804	4,076	7,186	11,262	130,682	1 2½	425	3·3
25,	9,888	25,988	35,876	57,168	2,975	21,264	24,239	4,044	7,168	11,212	128,495	1 2½	396	3·1
July 2,	9,762	25,364	35,123	56,797	2,850	20,668	23,518	3,999	7,201	11,200	126,641	1 2½	334	2·6
9,	9,470	24,639	34,109	55,957	2,753	20,140	22,893	3,904	7,208	11,112	124,071	1 2½	371	3·0
16,	9,032	23,612	32,644	54,986	2,651	19,926	22,577	3,842	7,028	10,870	121,077	1 2½	313	2·6
23,	8,525	22,312	30,837	53,715	2,586	19,585	22,171	3,717	6,833	10,550	117,273	1 2½	371	3·2
30,	8,072	21,048	29,120	52,191	2,420	19,033	21,453	3,624	6,711	10,335	113,099	1 2½	272	2·4
Aug. 6,	7,326	18,978	26,304	49,695	2,298	18,352	20,650	3,467	6,692	10,069	106,718	1 2½	315	3·0
13,	6,461	16,454	22,918	46,562	2,169	17,572	19,741	3,282	6,285	9,567	98,788	1 2½	268	2·7
20,	5,643	14,205	19,855	43,684	2,019	16,842	18,861	3,234	6,170	9,404	91,804	1 2½	261	2·8
27,	5,249	12,896	18,145	41,880	1,864	16,198	18,062	2,971	6,039	9,001	87,088	1 3	273	3·1
Sept. 3,	4,996	11,873	16,869	40,585	1,968	15,761	17,729	2,970	6,147	9,117	84,300	1 2½	232	2·8
10,	4,771	11,272	16,043	39,367	1,807	15,427	17,234	2,844	5,828	8,672	81,316	1 3	250	3·1
17,	4,730	11,149	15,879	38,520	1,828	15,203	17,031	2,818	5,770	8,588	80,018	1 3½	269	3·6
24,	4,655	11,220	15,875	37,981	1,772	15,273	17,045	2,774	5,735	8,509	79,410	1 3½	202	2·5
Oct. 1,	4,942	11,942	16,884	37,454	1,741	15,342	17,083	2,801	5,392	8,193	79,614	1 3½	225	2·8
8,	5,080	12,178	17,258	37,727	1,685	15,411	17,096	2,850	5,414	8,264	80,345	1 4	211	2·6
15,	5,193	12,531	17,724	37,689	1,661	15,478	17,139	2,850	5,397	8,247	80,799	1 5	242	3·0
22,	5,360	12,902	18,262	37,816	1,655	15,790	17,445	2,833	5,377	8,210	81,733	1 5½	207	2·5
29,	5,581	13,391	18,972	38,053	1,606	15,823	17,429	2,876	5,487	8,363	82,817	1 5½	209	2·5
Nov. 5,	5,901	14,031	19,932	38,425	1,641	16,053	17,694	2,952	5,540	8,492	84,543	1 6	212	2·5
12,	6,115	14,628	20,743	38,801	1,639	16,243	17,882	2,961	5,634	8,615	86,041	1 6½	194	2·3
19,	6,295	15,202	21,497	39,206	1,718	16,669	18,387	3,071	5,698	8,769	87,859	1 6½	250	2·8
26,	6,523	16,044	22,567	39,688	1,798	17,008	18,806	3,067	5,827	8,894	89,955	1 6½	245	2·7
Dec. 3,	6,893	16,718	23,611	40,102	1,807	17,285	19,092	3,181	5,837	9,018	91,823	1 6½	216	2·4
10,	7,228	17,250	24,478	40,427	1,824	17,662	19,486	3,200	5,885	9,085	93,476	1 7	254	2·7
17,	7,564	17,854	25,418	40,647	1,824	18,026	19,850	3,207	5,850	9,057	94,972	1 7	287	3·0
24,	7,653	17,996	25,649	40,887	1,839	17,425	19,264	3,192	5,745	8,937	94,737	1 7½	287	3·0
31,	8,300	19,145	27,445	41,598	1,929	18,352	20,280	3,264	5,947	9,211	98,534	1 8	329	3·3
1854.														
Jan. 7,	9,229	21,234	30,463	42,792	2,082	20,517	22,599	3,185	5,565	8,750	104,604	1 7½	385	3·7
14,	9,710	22,918	32,628	43,922	2,237	21,025	23,262	3,261	5,744	9,005	108,817	1 7½	378	3·5
21,	10,091	24,207	34,301	45,022	2,353	21,517	23,870	3,328	5,886	9,214	112,407	1 7½	365	3·2
28,	10,297	25,097	35,394	45,586	2,426	21,748	24,174	3,434	6,175	9,609	114,763	1 7½	366	3·2
Feb. 4,	10,348	25,644	35,992	45,915	2,397	21,915	24,312	3,441	6,360	9,741	115,960	1 7½	360	3·1
11,	10,315	25,921	36,236	45,936	2,434	22,075	24,509	3,355	5,997	9,352	116,033	1 8	381	3·3
18,	10,019	25,784	35,803	45,853	2,501	22,098	24,599	3,291	5,830	9,121	115,383	1 8	412	3·6
25,	9,776	25,315	35,091	45,484	2,616	22,433	25,049	3,231	5,865	9,096	114,720	1 8	425	3·7
Mar. 4,	9,506	24,884	34,390	45,138	2,554	22,411	24,965	3,264	5,831	9,095	113,528	1 8	431	3·8
11,	9,110	24,377	33,487	44,609	2,656	22,271	24,927	3,244	5,834	9,078	112,101	1 8½	425	3·8
18,	8,958	24,085	33,043	44,291	2,631	22,138	24,769	3,486	5,907	9,393	111,496	1 8½	400	3·6
25,	8,734	23,979	32,713	43,978	2,590	22,636	25,226	3,378	5,843	9,221	111,138	1 8½	407	3·7
April 1,	8,348	23,457	31,805	43,390	2,638	22,542	25,180	3,333	5,908	9,241	109,616	1 8½	445	4·1
8,	8,105	22,933	31,038	42,823	2,623	22,145	24,768	3,263	5,822	9,085	107,709	1 8½	428	3·9
15,	7,781	22,008	29,789	42,297	2,567	21,315	23,882	3,285	5,726	9,011	104,979	1 8½	389	3·7
22,	7,801	21,598	29,402	41,948	2,622	21,003	23,625	3,302	5,812	9,114	104,089	1 9	396	3·8

SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Destitute Persons Relieved out of the Workhouses in Ireland from the week ended 30th April, 1853, to the week ended 22nd April, 1854, both inclusive, distinguishing those relieved under Section 1 of 10 Vic., c. 31, from those not relievable under that Section, and distinguishing Relief in Money from that in Kind.

Week ended Saturday,	Relievable under Section 1.		Not Relievable under Section 1.		Total Relieved out of the Workhouse.		Expenditure.					
							In Money.			In Kind.		
	No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.	No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.	No. of Cases.	No. of Persons.						Total.
							£ s. d.			£ s. d.		
1853.												
April 30,	1,728	3,034	–	–	1,728	3,034	66 15 5			28 16 3		95 11 8
May 7,	1,723	2,988	1	5	1,724	2,993	66 13 5			28 12 8		95 6 1
14,	1,727	3,036	–	–	1,727	3,036	67 3 9			29 4 1		96 7 10
21,	1,733	3,007	–	–	1,733	3,007	67 19 8			29 8 3		97 7 11
28,	1,787	3,130	–	–	1,787	3,130	71 0 4			30 7 11		101 8 3
June 4,	1,791	3,145	1	1	1,792	3,146	69 12 5			30 4 11		99 17 4
11,	1,744	3,075	–	–	1,744	3,075	69 8 11			26 13 10		96 2 9
18,	1,788	3,132	–	–	1,788	3,132	72 15 5			26 14 4		99 9 9
25,	1,785	3,148	–	–	1,785	3,148	72 7 0			27 14 11		100 1 11
July 2,	1,799	3,173	–	–	1,799	3,173	72 7 0½			27 5 10½		99 12 10¾
9,	1,793	3,151	–	–	1,793	3,151	73 3 1			25 11 6¾		98 14 7¾
16,	1,764	3,111	–	–	1,764	3,111	71 4 3			24 17 0½		96 1 3½
23,	1,779	3,140	–	–	1,779	3,140	71 15 4½			25 5 11½		97 1 4
30,	1,766	3,092	–	–	1,766	3,092	71 8 2			24 17 0¾		96 5 2¾
Aug. 6,	1,750	3,035	–	–	1,750	3,035	70 13 1			24 15 7		95 8 8
13,	1,634	2,785	1	1	1,635	2,786	66 9 8½			22 10 11¾		89 0 8¼
20,	1,558	2,593	–	–	1,558	2,593	63 13 9			19 12 7½		83 6 4½
27,	1,515	2,508	–	–	1,515	2,508	63 3 0½			18 14 2		81 17 2½
Sept. 3,	1,298	2,181	–	–	1,298	2,181	53 0 10			19 3 11¾		72 4 9¾
10,	1,302	2,256	–	–	1,302	2,256	53 13 5			18 2 10¾		71 16 3¾
17,	1,364	2,310	–	–	1,364	2,310	55 9 5			17 13 6½		73 2 11½
24,	1,362	2,244	–	–	1,362	2,244	55 0 0½			17 1 0½		72 1 1
Oct. 1,	1,362	2,245	–	–	1,362	2,245	48 2 3½			13 14 7½		61 16 10¾
8,	1,168	1,977	–	–	1,168	1,977	48 7 2			18 17 5¾		67 4 7¾
15,	1,216	2,042	1	5	1,217	2,047	49 5 6			20 13 4¾		69 18 10¾
22,	1,208	2,045	1	5	1,209	2,050	48 19 6			7 9 6		56 6 3
29,	1,173	2,011	1	5	1,174	2,016	47 10 10			19 12 9		67 3 7
Nov. 5,	1,103	1,756	1	5	1,104	1,761	45 1 3			19 19 9		65 1 0
12,	1,119	1,784	–	–	1,119	1,784	45 11 10			20 17 2		66 9 0
19,	1,123	1,789	–	–	1,123	1,789	45 4 11			21 2 2		66 7 1
26,	1,114	1,792	–	–	1,114	1,792	46 1 5			19 17 1		65 18 6
Dec. 3,	1,144	1,851	–	–	1,144	1,851	45 14 1			21 18 0		67 12 1
10,	1,160	1,865	–	–	1,160	1,865	47 0 11			22 5 1		69 6 0
17,	1,177	1,881	–	–	1,177	1,881	47 8 4			22 10 6		69 18 10
24,	1,428	2,164	–	–	1,428	2,164	70 18 2			23 8 7		94 6 9
31,	1,439	2,212	–	–	1,439	2,212	70 19 2			25 1 9		96 0 11
1854.												
Jan. 7,	1,358	2,198	–	–	1,358	2,198	60 11 4			34 19 11		95 11 3
14,	1,449	2,436	–	–	1,449	2,436	63 9 1			42 19 2		106 8 3
21,	1,441	2,477	–	–	1,441	2,477	63 1 3			43 9 1		106 10 4
28,	1,390	2,175	–	–	1,390	2,175	64 1 0			34 4 3		98 5 3
Feb. 4,	1,284	1,940	–	–	1,284	1,940	62 0 7			34 4 1		96 4 8
11,	1,064	1,549	–	–	1,064	1,549	44 18 4			32 19 6		77 17 10
18,	1,037	1,501	–	–	1,037	1,501	44 18 6			30 11 4		75 9 10
25,	1,065	1,508	–	–	1,065	1,508	44 1 8			30 10 7		74 12 3
Mar. 4,	1,066	1,521	–	–	1,066	1,521	42 10 3			33 1 4		75 11 7
11,	1,200	1,994	–	–	1,200	1,994	56 7 0			31 6 11		87 13 11
18,	1,192	1,963	–	–	1,192	1,963	54 14 2			33 14 4		88 8 6
25,	1,111	1,653	–	–	1,111	1,653	44 15 0			35 10 11		80 5 11
April 1,	1,068	1,552	–	–	1,068	1,552	41 7 6			32 3 0		73 10 6
8,	1,070	1,574	–	–	1,070	1,574	40 0 7			34 3 6		74 4 1
15,	1,036	1,538	–	–	1,036	1,538	41 12 11			31 18 11		73 11 10
22,	1,038	1,531	–	–	1,038	1,531	42 14 8			31 17 0		74 11 8

3. The number of persons relieved out of the Workhouse has fluctuated little since the date of our last Report; and has never exceeded 3,173 in one week during the twelve months. The present number on out-door relief is only 1,531.

4. The number of the inmates of Workhouses has been materially less for the fifty-two weeks of the past year than it was in the corresponding successive weeks of the previous year; showing a difference of about 40,000 in each week throughout the series.

The exact difference at the last week of the series is 42,052; the total number for the week ending 22nd April, 1854, being 104,089; while for the corresponding week in 1853 it was 146,141.

5. We observed in the fifth paragraph of our last Report that a remarkable change had occurred in the time of the year when the number of inmates in the Workhouses was at its maximum; the maximum having been formerly in June, but having for the last two years shown itself in February.

The series of weeks above given for the year 1853–54 shows the same result as in the last, and in the preceding year; the highest number, so far, having occurred in the week ended 11th February last, viz., 116,033.*

6. The rate of mortality shown in the last weekly series of Returns slightly exceeds that of the preceding year. This increased rate is not to be attributed (with the exception of a few fatal cases of Cholera) to any peculiar degree of unhealthiness either in the Workhouses or in the population at large. We believe its true causes to be the decreasing proportion of the younger classes of inmates, and the tendency which we remarked upon in the 7th and 8th paragraphs of our last Report, to make the Workhouses assume, to a certain extent, the character of hospitals; a result which must necessarily increase the rate of mortality among those registered as inmates of the Workhouse. In order to measure, as well as we can, the progress of this tendency, we commenced in January last a general register of the causes of death in the Workhouses; and for the four months which have since elapsed, the following is the result of the Returns:—

* The true proportion of the total number of children under 15 is not shown in this series, those in hospital not being distinguished from other inmates in hospital. For example, on 31st December, there were 41,598 "healthy children;" the number in hospital at that date was 7,889, nearly one-sixth of the whole number.

Classification of Causes of Death in Workhouses during January, February, March, and April, in the Year 1854.

Causes of Death.	Four Weeks ended 28th January.	25th February.	25th March.	22nd April.
Age,	129	128	105	124
Apoplexy,	7	10	8	9
Asthma,	38	31	17	14
Atrophy,	198	202	240	167
Brain, diseased,	21	29	39	55
Cancer,	19	15	17	14
Childbirth,	4	4	5	2
Consumption (Phthisis),	153	193	208	232
Convulsions,	40	39	40	44
Croup,	5	5	5	4
Diarrhœa,	82	93	108	102
Dropsy,	76	51	65	76
Dysentery,	106	148	142	137
Dyspepsia,	6	8	2	7
Epilepsy,	4	8	8	9
Fever,	102	122	126	152
Gangrene,	7	1	5	9
Heart (disease of),	17	22	20	11
Hooping Cough,	11	15	16	13
Inflammation or other diseases of Kidneys,	4	3	1	1
,, Liver,	5	4	10	12
,, Lungs,	197	178	173	152
Measles,	58	52	46	42
Paralysis,	29	21	20	34
Pleurisy,	2	3	7	7
Rheumatism,	12	12	11	9
Scarlatina,	6	10	8	4
Scrofula,	46	58	41	47
Small-pox,	11	13	26	21
Ulcer,	7	14	10	16
Other diseases,	86*	79†	134‡	131§
Total,	1,488	1,571	1,663	1,657

* 1 Cholera. † 1 Cholera. ‡ 39 Cholera. § 34 Cholera.

7. The following series of per centages shows, in a convenient form, the fluctuation of the proportions of certain classes of inmates since the beginning of the year 1852 to the present time, as exhibited in the weekly summaries printed in the 2nd paragraph of each Annual Report:—

Week ended	Total Number of Inmates.	Per centage of able-bodied Males.	Per centage of able-bodied Females	Per centage of healthy Children.	Per centage of "other Classes."	Per centage of No. in Hospital.
3rd January, 1852, .	168,248	9·6	22·4	45·5	7·0	15·5
3rd April, 1852, .	190,088	9·0	24·0	43·9	6·8	16·3
3rd July, 1852, .	184,507	9·5	23·4	45·2	7·2	14·7
2nd October, 1852, .	111,848	7.4	18·2	48·9	8·3	17·2
1st January, 1853, .	138,764	9·6	22·1	44·7	7·8	15·8
2nd April, 1853, .	150,128	8·3	22·5	42·5	7·8	18·8
2nd July, 1853, .	126,641	7·7	20·0	44·8	8·8	18·6
1st October, 1853, .	79,614	6·2	15·0	47·0	10·3	21·5
7th January, 1854, .	104,604	8·8	20·3	40·9	8·4	21·6
1st April, 1854, .	109,616	7·6	21·4	39·6	8·4	23·0

From this it appears that the proportion of inmates in hospital has increased from 15 per cent. to 23 per cent. in the last two years and three months, a period during which the country was peculiarly free from epidemic disease.

8. The above Return, together with other information which has reached us, similar in character to that mentioned in our last Report, convinces us of the existence of a general disposition on the part of Boards of Guardians to make the Workhouses available for hospital uses, as well as for the relief of the destitute poor; and we continue to think that this tendency has manifested itself more distinctly since the passing of the Medical Charities Act. It is further to be observed that the permanent Workhouse accommodation in Ireland was, in consequence of the famine, carried to an extent exceeding what is likely to be required hereafter for Poor Law purposes only. The Workhouse accommodation as existing in January, 1854, is thus represented by the Architect:—*

Provinces.	Accommodation as provided in the Original Buildings	Workhouse Accommodation on 1st January, 1854.						
		Buildings on Workhouse Site, (exclusive of Fever Hospitals).		Auxiliary Buildings	Fever Hospitals.			Total Accommodation.
					On Workhouse Site.		Not on Workhouse Site.	
		Permanent Buildings.	Temporary Buildings		Permanent Buildings	Temporary Buildings		
Ulster, .	28,700	39,743	659	–	2,808	685	114	44,009
Munster, .	37,360	57,010	8,668	25,165	1,967	1,003	2,143	95,956
Leinster, .	28,950	41,966	1,807	5,228	1,683	392	1,407	52,483
Connaught,	20,250	26,826	5,195	4,374	1,020	390	150	37,955
Total, .	115,260	165,545	16,329	34,767	7,478	2,470	3,814	230,403

9. The above considerations are among those which have led us to recommend further legislation on the subject of Medical Charities in Ireland, so as to render Workhouse

* See his Report, Appendix A., page 30.

buildings available beyond their present legal uses; which uses are in strictness limited to the reception and maintenance of destitute persons only. The details of that proposal have already been laid before your Excellency in our Second Medical Charities Report.

10. We have likewise in the Medical Charities Report explained the course of our proceedings, in relation to the epidemic of Cholera, in exercise of our functions as Commissioners of Health under the Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Acts. We have here only to add to the statements contained in that Report, that generally the Boards of Guardians of the Unions in Ireland, are active in taking the necessary precautions to protect the Workhouse inmates under their charge, from a danger to which even healthy persons, when congregated in considerable numbers in the same building are, as experience has shown, peculiarly exposed. At present the Kanturk Workhouse is the only one in which Cholera has prevailed to any serious extent. In that case the total number of deaths was 45, including the cases admitted into as well as those which arose within the Workhouse; and the Workhouse as well as the town of Kanturk is now free from the disease. In addition to our direct communications to Boards of Guardians on the subject of Cholera, as set forth in the Medical Charities Report, we have to call attention to a Circular addressed to our Inspectors on the same subject, which will be found in the Appendix to this Report.*

11. We have reason to believe from the Reports of our Inspectors, that the Workhouse Schools have continued steadily to improve during the past year in literary knowledge, whilst marked progress has been made since our last Report in the industrial education of the juvenile inmates of Workhouses. It would appear from Returns which we obtained in September last, that there were at that date, 1,070 statute acres attached to Workhouses either wholly or partially cultivated by boys under 15 years of age; and that there were at that period (the one when the supply of boys able to work is the smallest in the whole year, from the demand for labour outside the Workhouse) 3,783 boys employed on the Workhouse farm, and forming an agricultural class.

12. In 107 Unions out of 163, the total number of Unions in Ireland, a select number of boys had been trained to agriculture. Since that date further steps have been taken for this object in 31 Unions, leaving only 25 Unions (some of which are new Unions, with unfinished Workhouses), in which no agricultural instruction is at present given. The impedi-

* Appendix A., page 23.

ments, as stated by the Guardians of those Unions, are either that the grounds are unenclosed, that there are no boys in the School old enough to work, or other causes, to the removal of which the attention of the Guardians has been directed by us. Besides agricultural instruction, 3,196 boys were learning the trades of either shoemakers, tailors, weavers, bakers, carpenters, tin-smiths, or other trades. Adding to the latter number that of the agricultural class, we obtain a total number of nearly 7,000 boys receiving an industrial education, or nearly the whole number of boys aged from 12 to 15, and who are old enough to be trained. The hours devoted daily to the industrial training of boys averaged five.

13. 14,273 girls under 15 years of age were employed in household work, sewing, knitting, washing, baking, embroidering, spinning.

In 7 Unions only, out of the entire number, no industrial training was then given; about four hours appears to be the average time devoted daily to the industrial training of the girls.

14. It is satisfactory to us that 5,371 children under 15 years of age, obtained employment outside the Workhouse during the year 1852; and we have no doubt that at least an equal proportion have done so during the past year.

15. There is reason to think that a juvenile inmate now obtains a prospect of support and leaves the Workhouse at an earlier age than formerly: as well-conducted boys when trained by the Guardians have less difficulty than they had in obtaining employment at the age of 14 or 15. The difficulty is, however, greater with the girls than the boys.

16. While there is thus every prospect of the number of children, especially boys, being further greatly reduced by the growing demand for labour, we have thought that the incumbrance caused by the continued residence of so many able-bodied young women in the Workhouses, is not likely to be so readily abated; and we have therefore applied for, and obtained the consent of the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, to the appropriation of £10,000 out of the remaining balance of the Rate-in-aid Fund, to the purpose of assisting in the emigration of young females who are now in the Workhouse, and chargeable on the worst-circumstanced Divisions in the West and South-West of Ireland. The unabated demand for this class of emigrants in the Province of Upper Canada, encouraged us to make that province the place of destination of 1,500 young women; and we are assured by recent advices from Mr. Buchanan, the emigration agent at Quebec, that no difficulty would be found in obtaining immediate engagements for twice that number.

17. Independently of the assistance given for this purpose from the Rate-in-aid Fund, emigration from the Workhouses in Ireland has been promoted to a material extent during the past year by the Guardians of Unions; chiefly by sums which they have voted in aid of remittances from America, to enable the inmates to join their friends or relations already settled in that country. The result of our returns under this head is as follows:—

Emigration Returns.

Numbers sent, being 15 years of age and upwards,	Males, .	403
	Females,	1,202
Children under 15 years, ...		996
Total, ...		2,601

Expenses of Emigration for year ended 29th Sept., 1853, £12,864 19*s.* 1½*d.*

Money received by Workhouse Inmates from their Friends, to enable them to Emigrate.

£2,015	7*s.*	0*d.*	to enable	636	Inmates to go to America.
151	13	6	,,	303	,, England and Scotland.
158	3	9	,,	30	,, Australia.
8	5	0	,,	8	,, Other places.
£2,333	9	3		977	

(Including 15*s.* for 2 persons to other parts of Ireland.)

Number of Free Passages received by Workhouse Inmates.

Free Passage only:—for America,	161.	Australia,	14.	Total, 175.
Do., in addition to money, ,,	67.	,,	12.	,, 79.

Thus, including the cost of the free passages, a sum of about £3,500 is known to have been remitted to enable more than 1,100 inmates of the Workhouse to join friends who had previously emigrated or settled in Great Britain.

There is little doubt that many others have left the Workhouse in consequence of similar remittances, not made through, or known to, the Guardians.

18. We mentioned in the 15th paragraph of our last Report that, according to certain returns contained in the Appendix to that Report, there were very few departments of labour in Ireland in which the money-rate of wages was higher in the beginning of 1853 than it was in 1845, the year before the commencement of the famine. We have lately referred to our Inspectors for further information on this point; and it may be stated, as the combined result of their reports, that there is now observable a material increase in the money value of agricultural labour, to the extent of about 1*s.* per week on the average, throughout Ireland. It seems, also, that agricultural employment has been more continuous than formerly. It would appear also that in

most parts of the country the wages of artizan tradesmen have improved in a still higher ratio than those of the common labourers. The result of this inquiry is more fully set forth in our correspondence with the Emigration Commissioners, which will be found in the Appendix.*

19. This improvement in the general rate of wages, together with a more continuous state of employment, accounts for the absence of an increased pressure on the Irish Workhouses, which might have been expected from the material rise which has taken place in the prices of food since the date of our last Report. As the food accessible to the peasantry is much the same as that provided in the Workhouses, the enhanced price of food to the labourer will be seen from the following series of the weekly prices of maintenance in the Workhouses, which shows that within a very short period the cost of food alone has increased from 1*s.* 2½*d.* to 1*s.* 9d. per week.

Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance in Workhouses in Ireland.

For Half-year ended	Provisions and Necessaries.	Clothing.	Total.
	s. *d.*	*d.*	*s.* *d.*
25th March, 1847, .	2 1	3½	2 4½
29th September, ,, .	2 1½	3	2 4½
25th March, 1848, .	1 7	3¼	1 10¼
29th September, ,, .	1 5	3¼	1 8¼
25th March, 1849, .	1 4¼	3¼	1 7½
29th September, ,, .	1 2¾	3	1 5¾
25th March, 1851,† .	1 0½	2½	1 3
29th September, ,, .	1 0	2¼	1 2¼
25th March, 1852, .	1 0½	2	1 2½
29th September, ,, .	1 0½	1½	1 2
25th March, 1853, .	1 1⅝	1⅝	1 3½
29th September, ,, .	1 2¼	1½	1 4
Week ended 22nd April, 1854,	1 9	.	.

20. We have referred in former Reports to the number of inquests held on persons supposed to have died from want, as a criterion of the degree of general distress, although it very often appeared in cases of that kind that death was not directly imputable to the cause assigned.

The following is a series of the number of such inquests, reported by the constabulary, and communicated to us from the Chief Secretary's office, since the 20th September, 1847:—

* Appendix A., page 32.

† In consequence of the alterations of the Boundaries of Unions, at various periods of the year 1850, the Half-yearly Tables could not be made up for the Half Years ended 25 March and 29 September, 1850.

	Number of Inquests.
From 30th September, 1847, to 22nd April, 1848,	176
From 23rd April, 1848, to 14th July, 1849,	589
From 14th July, 1849, to 20th April, 1850,	225
From 21st April, 1850, to 30th April, 1851,	214
From 1st May, 1851, to 30th April, 1852,	120
From 1st May, 1852, to 30th April, 1853,	35
From 1st May, 1853, to 30th April, 1854,	17

It thus appears that the entire number of inquests in cases of supposed death from want in the course of the last year was 17. On referring to the particulars of these cases as reported on by our Inspectors, and as detailed in the depositions before the Coroner, they appear generally to have taken place under circumstances which did not admit of any interposition in the way of relief, either by Poor Law Officers or by other persons; being in most instances cases of death by the wayside, of beggars and vagrants, or of intemperate persons, or of persons accidentally exposed to extreme cold, or to sudden sickness. Of the last-mentioned class of cases there is no doubt that a great number are, in the course of each year, admitted into the Union Workhouses, and very many lives saved; although, occasionally, distance from the Workhouse and the difficulty of procuring any temporary lodging for sick persons in Ireland, has, in some cases, led to failure in affording effectual relief to the sick.

21. The collection and expenditure of Poor Rates in Ireland during the year ended 29th September, 1853, is now before us in the audited accounts of each of the 163 Unions, showing in the whole a collection of £1,000,312, and an expenditure of £785,718 in relief of the poor.*

The total collection and expenditure in comparison with that of the immediately preceding year is as follows :—

Year ended 29th September.	Poor-Rate Lodged.†	Expenditure during the Year.					Number Relieved in the Year.	
		In-Maintenance.	Out-Relief.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.	All other Expenses.	Total.†	In-door.	Out-door.
	£	£	£	£	£	£		
1852,	1,109,630	517,445	4,917	133,752	227,153	883,267	504,864	14,911
1853,	1,000,312	446,030	4,920	139,304	195,464	785,718	396,436	13,232
Increase,	—	—	3	5,552	—	—	—	—
Decrease,	109,318	71,415	—	—	31,689	97,549	108,428	1,679

* See Appendix B., Tables I., II., III.

† Including £33,191 lodged in 1852, and £9,181 lodged in 1853, from rates made before the change of boundaries of Unions, which were altered in 1849, 1850, and 1851.

‡ Including payments, amounting in 1852 to £12,197, and in 1853 to £4,195, made on account of expenses incurred by certain Unions before the alteration of their boundaries, and not previously brought into the Accounts. See Table I., Appendix B.

Thus the decrease on Poor Law expenditure alone is £97,549, or about 11 per cent.

22. The excess of poor rates collected beyond the expenditure in relief, viz., £214,594, is accounted for in the following additional items of disbursement:—

Expenses under Medical Charities Act, . . .	£104,866
Remitted to Paymaster of Civil Services under Consolidated Annuities Act, ...	179,829
Remitted to him under Rate-in-aid Act, . .	4,683

23. From the above statement it will be seen that the relief which was afforded in the last session of Parliament to the worst circumstanced districts of Ireland by the removal of the burthen of the Consolidated Annuities, was very little felt during the year in question; for the removal had necessarily no relation to the Annuities due and payable for the first and second years;—the collection, therefore, of these Annuities was actively continued during the year, and is still proceeding, without impediment or difficulty; the provisions of the Act being such as to secure with complete certainty, at the expense of some delay, ultimate payment of the whole. At present, out of £357,858 4*s.* 0¾*d.*, the entire payable amount of the two Annuities, there is only £28,768 16*s.* 5*d.* outstanding. The success of similar provisions in the Rate-in-aid Act has been demonstrated with more completeness; the whole of that rate having been now realized with the exception of a small sum due on certain townlands transferred from Macroom Union to Cork Union, for which the Guardians of Macroom Union are liable, but which, in consequence of change of boundaries, has not yet been paid. In a very short time we expect that all these temporary exceptional charges on the poor rates of Ireland will have ceased, and that thenceforth the rates will be applied exclusively to the Relief of the Poor, the support of the Medical Charities, and the execution of the Nuisances Removal and Diseases Prevention Acts.

24. We mentioned, in paragraph 16, that the principal part of the remaining balance of the Rate-in-Aid Fund had been applied to the emigration of 1,500 young females from the worst circumstanced Electoral Divisions of the south and south-west of Ireland. As the Rate-in-Aid Fund is now very nearly expended, we give below a precise statement of the account as it now stands.

Dr.	£	*s.*	*d.*
To Aggregate Amount of the two Rates-in-Aid, imposed in 1849 and 1850, ...	421,990	10	7
To Amount of unappropriated Balance of Fines and Penalties, transferred under the Act 15 and 16 Vict., c. 68, to the credit of the Rate-in-Aid fund, .	12,374	18	11
	£434,365	9	6

				Cr.		
By Amount appropriated, viz.:—						
For Relief of Destitution, . .	£347,822	13	7			
,, Bedding and Clothing, and additional Workhouse accommodation, . . .	55,754	12	0			
,, Emigration of Paupers, .	25,865	8	0			
,, Payment of Interest on Advances to Guardians of distressed Unions, by their Treasurers, . . .	684	3	9			
				430,126	17	4
By Amount received but not yet appropriated, .				4,175	0	1
By Amount still outstanding, and due from Macroom Union, ...				63	12	1
				£434,365	9	6

The very small balance now remaining will, we anticipate, be sufficient, but not more than sufficient, to meet the exigencies of a limited number of Electoral Divisions, so as to prevent a necessity for excessive rates on those Divisions after next harvest, from which time forth all assistance of this nature will cease.

25. We discontinue on the present occasion the practice pursued in former Reports of anticipating the result of the audited Union Accounts for the half-year immediately preceding the date of our Report. We do so, partly with the view of avoiding the discrepancies necessarily incidental to such practice, and partly because the expenditure may now be considered as approaching its ordinary level, and because, therefore, there is less anxiety to learn by anticipation what the result of the accounts, when duly made up, is likely to be. It may be well to state, however, that notwithstanding the greatly increased cost of maintenance in the Workhouses, and notwithstanding the extraordinary expenses incurred in meeting the visitation of Cholera, there has been in the early months of the current year so great a decrease in the number of inmates in comparison with the corresponding months of last year, that we anticipate a further decrease of expenditure for the year which will end on the 29th September, 1854.

We have the honour to be,
Your Excellency's obedient faithful servants,

A. Power.
John Young.
Thomas A. Larcom.
J. M'Donnell, M.D.
E. Senior.

APPENDIX.

APPENDIX (A.)—ORDERS AND CIRCULARS OF INSTRUCTIONS ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONERS, REPORTS, &c.

STATEMENT (IN PURSUANCE OF § 21 OF 10 & 11 VIC., CAP. 90,) OF ORDERS AND DIRECTIONS ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONERS IN RESPECT TO OUT-DOOR RELIEF,

In continuation of Statement in Appendix to Sixth Annual Report.

No. I.—Orders authorizing Out-door Relief to other Classes than those specified in § 1 of 10 Vic., c. 31 :—issued by the Commissioners from time to time to particular Unions, in pursuance of § 2 of that Act.

No such Order has been issued since the Order issued on the 5th October, 1849. (*Third Annual Report, App.* A. *No.* I., *p.* 21, *Table* 3.)

No. II.—Order under Section 5 of 10 Vic., c. 31, for affording Medical Relief out of the Workhouse, and for the appointment of a Medical Officer to administer the same.

No Order has been issued under the Section since the Order of the 2nd June, 1851. (*Fifth Annual Report, App.* A. *No.* II.)

No. III.—CIRCULARS.

No. 1.—Removal of Paupers from one Union to another :—Circular to Boards of Guardians thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
30th May, 1853.

Sir,

Several cases have been recently brought under the notice of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, in which it appeared that Paupers who had been discharged from the Workhouse, and who were desirous of proceeding to distant parts of the country, had been furnished with documents signed by the Master or some other Officer of the Work-

house, certifying the fact of the Pauper's discharge from the Workhouse, his desire to proceed to some distant union, and his inability to maintain himself on the road, and recommending the Masters of the several Workhouses at which he might apply on the journey to afford him food and shelter for the night.

This practice is open to very serious objections, not only on account of its tendency to encourage mendicancy, but also as promoting a direct breach of the 3rd Sec. of the Vagrant Act, (10 and 11 Vic., c. 84,) which renders the going from one union to another for the purpose of obtaining relief, a punishable offence.

In the Commissioners' Circular Letter of the 3rd of February, 1851, they communicated to the Board of Guardians the opinion of the then Attorney-General, that an Indictment would lie against a Board of Guardians for causing Paupers to be removed from their union to another, thereby burdening the latter with the cost of their support; and although the cases now referred to are somewhat different to those on which this opinion was given, the Commissioners think it probable that parties who are proved to have been guilty of promoting the commission of an offence under the Vagrant Law, in the way described, might be held to be liable to punishment; and the Commissioners will deem it their duty to take very serious notice of the conduct of any union officer who may hereafter be proved to have given documents of the nature above mentioned to paupers on their discharge.

The Commissioners request that the contents of this Circular may be made known to all the Officers of the Union.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 2.—Repairs of Workhouse Buildings:—Circular to Boards of Guardians thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
1st June, 1853.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have received a Report from their Architect, Mr. Wilkinson, in which he urges the importance of attending to the repairs of the main buildings of the Workhouses, generally, throughout Ireland. Many of them, he states, receive good attention, and are well kept in order by annual contracts, but others are greatly neglected, and parts are in a state of decay from want of attention, and particularly from the want of proper protection by paint.

Mr. Wilkinson also states, that the gangways of the floors are, in some houses, likely to become rotten very soon from the practice of frequently flooding with water instead of dry-rubbing, and a moderate use of water. The urine tubs, too, at the end of the floors in some of the dormitories, are often found to be used in a way that

will render a speedy renewal of that part of the floor where they are placed necessary.

The Commissioners direct me to draw the particular attention of the Board of Guardians to this subject, and, at the same time, to refer them to the Circular Letter of the 6th December, 1847, (printed in the Annual Report for 1848) on the subject of the Ventilation, Repairs, and Cleansing of Workhouses; and also to the Circular Letter of 24th May, 1851, (printed in the Commissioners' Annual Report for 1852) relative to the state of the Workhouse Buildings, and the necessity for painting the external wood-work.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 3.—Desertion of Wife or Family:—Circular to Boards of Guardians thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
4th June, 1853.

Sir,

Some cases having been brought under the notice of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland in which parties had been summoned under the provisions of the Irish Vagrant Act, for deserting or wilfully neglecting to maintain persons whom they were liable by Law to maintain, and in which questions had arisen as to the necessity of certain Evidence being given to justify the Magistrates in convicting the parties charged, the Commissioners have caused a case to be laid before the Attorney and Solicitor General for Ireland on the subject, and they have now directed me to communicate to you, for the information of the Board of Guardians, the opinion given thereon.

I am accordingly to state that the Attorney and Solicitor General have expressed an opinion, that "in a prosecution for deserting a "wife, it is not indispensable that any proof should be given of the "husband's ability to maintain, but it must be sufficiently proved "that he has abandoned her, and not left with intent to earn "money for the support of himself and family." They are of opinion likewise, that "in a prosecution for wilfully neglecting to main-"tain, some evidence of ability to maintain must be given by the "prosecutor: slight evidence would perhaps be sufficient, as the "onus of proving inability ought properly to lie on the person who "relies on it, as his justification for the non-performance of a duty "both moral and legal."

It will be observed from the tenor of the above opinions, that "Desertion" and "Wilful Neglect to Maintain" are regarded as distinct and separate offences.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 4.—Industrial Training of Workhouse Children:—Circular to Boards of Guardians thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
17th September, 1853.

Sir,

The Poor Law Commissioners are desirous of learning the extent to which industrial training has been carried out in the Workhouse of each Union, and the number of Boys and Girls who are now receiving this practical education, to which the Commissioners attach the utmost importance, as they consider that the education of the children in a Workhouse, however carefully carried out in regard to its literary, moral, and religious character, cannot be entirely successful unless such habits of usefulness and labour are imparted to the children as shall fit them to become independent members of society. The Commissioners believe that considerable progress has been made in this respect in many Unions; but in the present position of Union affairs, when the attention of the Guardians of the Poor can be devoted to questions of detail, the Commissioners anxiously hope that a still further advance may be made in practical instruction, especially when the drain caused by emigration has rendered it of so much importance to make available to the utmost extent the existing amount of labour in Ireland, whether skilled or unskilled.

The subject of juvenile education has engaged much attention both in England and on the Continent; and the exertions already made have been attended with the most favourable results.

The Commissioners enclose a copy of a Circular addressed to the Poor Law Inspectors in January last, chiefly bearing on Agricultural Industrial Education, which appears the most suitable to rural Unions; but in the Workhouses of Unions comprising large towns, several descriptions of trade have been taught. Boys have been instructed in the trades of

Tailors,	Whitesmiths,
Shoemakers,	Tinworkers,
Carpenters,	Coopers,
Blacksmiths,	Weavers, and others.

Girls have been trained for domestic service, and been taught needlework, knitting, the making of clothing, bonnet making, and muslin embroidery; thus many girls have at an early age been able to become independent members of society.

The Commissioners believe it to be essential to the well-doing of a Workhouse School, that the Instructors should be able and efficient officers, and have their attention heartily devoted to the children under their care. The Schoolmaster and Mistress of a Workhouse are not merely teachers, but are, to the friendless and the orphan, in the position of a parent. But two-thirds of the juvenile inmates of Workhouses in Ireland are without parental guidance and support; and it is, therefore, the more necessary that the Teachers should acquire a knowledge of the temper and disposition of every child: however, it rarely happens that an Officer qualified, in point of at-

tainments, will accept an underpaid office, unless young and unexperienced, in which case, he will leave on the first opportunity. In some Workhouses the Teachers are changed repeatedly from this cause; and frequent changes of officers must destroy the parental relation, and generally impair the efficiency of the school. The Commissioners have, therefore, observed, with much regret, a tendency in some Boards of Guardians to reduce the already barely adequate salaries of these officers.

The Commissioners have only to add, that if the Guardians of any Union experience a difficulty in obtaining possession of a few additional acres of land for the boys' farm, the Commissioners will use their best exertions to assist the Guardians in removing it.

The Commissioners enclose a Form of Return, to be signed by the Clerk and Master.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

Enclosure referred to in foregoing Circular.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
20th January, 1853.

Sir,

I am directed by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, to forward for your information, a copy of the last Report of the Commissioners of National Education, by which you will observe that the Commissioners of Education are desirous that the number of Workhouse Agricultural Schools, in connexion with that Board, now amounting to 16, should be increased.

There are many Unions not included in that number, in which the boys are at present trained in agricultural work, but without assistance from the Commissioners of National Education; and in any case in which the Guardians may desire to receive that assistance, it will be necessary for them to enter on their minutes, a resolution to that effect; stating further, that a class of boys is or will be taught by the Schoolmaster (or Agriculturist) the theory and practice of agriculture. On the receipt of this resolution, there is reason to believe that the Commissioners of Education will provide a free stock of Agricultural Class Books.

The Commissioners of Education will further direct their Agricultural Inspector to visit the school, and should his Report be favourable, both as to the state of that portion of the farm cultivated by the boys, as well as to the attention given by the Schoolmaster or Agriculturist, to teaching the elementary knowledge of agriculture, a gratuity, which may be an annual one, will be given to the Teacher by the Education Board, not exceeding £15. Agricultural Schools have, in many Unions, been in successful operation, which are not in connexion with the National Board; but the grant of books, and a premium to the Teacher, will, the Commissioners trust, be found an additional encouragement to the full working of the system,

whilst, no doubt, the practical information of the Agricultural Inspector, as to the best method of farming, will also be valuable.

The Commissioners believe there are few Workhouses which have not a sufficient quantity of land attached to them to enable the Guardians to set apart a portion for the purpose of training an Agricultural Class. The crops to be raised would most probably be those requiring the greatest amount of care and spade labour; and should the cultivation of the land, by the boys, go no further than to raise the various kinds of vegetables required for the use of the inmates, a better system of cultivation of the more useful green crops might probably be introduced into the district.

The agricultural instruction (in Unions where there is no skilled agriculturist), both in the school rooms and field, will devolve on the Schoolmaster, who should devote a portion of his time to these objects, without sacrificing the three hours in school, prescribed by Article 23 of the Workhouse regulations. A difficulty may be raised in carrying out this system, from alleged want of leisure on the part of the Schoolmaster; but in ordinary instances it has been found sufficient to devote one hour before breakfast, and three before dinner, to literary instruction, and to devote from two to five to the farm.

It has been observed, that where the school hours have been limited, and the children employed in the open air, they have assumed a stronger and healthier appearance, whilst they have not fallen back in other branches of knowledge. The Commissioners believe it to be of the utmost importance that children who have to live by their labour should be trained to labour early; a boy who has not handled a spade at the age of fourteen, will rarely turn out an active labourer; and that it is therefore most desirable that the boys generally should be accustomed to work at the earliest practicable age.

It has been observed, that the success of all benevolent institutions for the education of the children of the poor, at home and on the continent, has, in no small degree, turned on the amount of industrial teaching provided for the children; and that those institutions have been less useful, where the chief efforts have been directed to literary attainments. The Guardians should, of course, provide the necessary agricultural implements, suited to the age and strength of the children.

The Commissioners have, therefore, to request that you will take an opportunity of conveying these views to the Boards of Guardians of any Union of your district, in which proper arrangements for agricultural instruction of the boys are not in operation, or in which you may consider the existing arrangements may be improved by adopting the above suggestions.

It has been represented to the Commissioners, that the minimum amount of nutriment required to be given to class 4, by the Dietary Regulations, (Article 13 in Workhouse Rules,) is scarcely sufficient for boys between the ages of 12 and 15, when engaged several hours of the day in active and laborious employment; and the Commissioners have been requested, in some cases, to constitute these boys into a separate class, intermediate to classes 3 and 4, with an additional allowance of food.

On full consideration hereof, the Commissioners have determined not to alter the existing regulations relating to the dietaries, but they desire to point out that they are prepared, under paragraph No. 10, of those Regulations, to entertain any proposal which may be made to them by the Board of Guardians, under the advice of the Medical Officer, to give a somewhat larger allowance of food to boys between the ages of 12 and 15, engaged in agricultural or other industrial training, than to the other children included in class 4.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To each Poor Law Inspector.

Form of Return referred to in Letter of 17th September, 1853.

——— *Union.*

Industrial Employment of the Juvenile Inmates of the Workhouse of above Union.

1. State the total quantity of land attached to the Workhouse or Auxiliary Workhouses of above Union, available for cultivation, . .
2. State the quantity of land attached to the Workhouse or Auxiliary Workhouse, which is under crop at the present time, and which is wholly or partially cultivated by boys, . .
3. State the number of boys under 15 years of age in the Workhouse at the present time, who form an agricultural class, and are wholly or partially employed on the farm, . . .
4. State the total number of boys, from 9 to 15, ...
5. State the number of hours devoted daily to the industrial training of the boys, ...
6. State the number of boys in the Workhouse at the present time, who have received instruction in a trade, distinguishing its nature, . . .

Number of Boys.	Trades.

7. State the nature of the industrial training of the girls, ...
8. State number of girls receiving any industrial education, . . .
9. Number of girls from 9 to 15 years of age, ...
10. Number of hours devoted daily to the industrial training of the girls, .

11. State the causes (if any), which have prevented the Guardians from employing boys in agriculture, . . .
12. State the number of children of each sex under 15 years of age, who have, during the year 1852, obtained employment outside the Workhouse, . .

Signed—Clerk, ——————————.

Master of Workhouse, ——————.

Date, ——————— 1853.

No. 5.—Audit of Union Accounts:—Circular to Auditors as to proceedings to be taken against Union Officers for recovery of Sums surcharged against them at the Audit.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
1st October, 1853.

Sir,

The attention of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, has been recently called by one of the Auditors to the difficulties which have, on some occasions, been experienced in proceedings against Union Officers, for recovery of sums surcharged against them, at the Audit of the Union Accounts, on account of loss or other deficiency in goods in their charge.

The Commissioners have stated in reply to this communication, that the wording of the Accounts' Order, Article 7, No. 7, appears to them to imply, that the Auditor's surcharge, in case of loss or other deficiency in goods in the custody of an Officer, is to be followed by Civil Proceedings on the part of the Board of Guardians on the Bond, or by Criminal Proceedings, as the occasion may require, and not by any proceedings on the part of the Auditor himself.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To each Poor Law Auditor.

No. 6.—Dietary:—Circular to Inspectors relative to the use of Vegetables in Soup.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
8th November, 1853.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, request that you will inform them whether there are any Unions in your District in which soup, containing vegetables, as directed in the Workhouse Regulations, does not form part of the established dietary of the Workhouse; and you will be so

good as to name any Unions in which such soup may not be at present used.

The late Board of Health for Ireland, and other medical authorities, have attributed much importance to the free use of vegetables, and have considered variety in the food of Workhouse inmates as being of scarcely less importance than that the diet should be of adequate quantity.

An extract, containing the opinion of the late Board of Health on the use of vegetables, as given in their Report, page 21, on the epidemics from 1846 to 1850, is herewith enclosed.

The Commissioners request that you will urge on the Guardians of Unions, in which vegetables are not cultivated for the use of the Workhouse, the importance of their having provision made for that purpose; and the Commissioners consider that, in addition to the advantages pointed out by the Board of Health, as derivable from the use of vegetables, an abundant supply of carrots, onions, and leeks, or even turnips, would tend to diminish the evil of an insufficient supply of milk, which has been experienced in some Unions during the winter season.

I have the honour, &c.,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

Extract referred to in foregoing Circular.

"While on the subject of diet, the Board of Health deem it of "importance, through the medium of the Relief Commissioners, to "draw the attention of Relief Committees, and of the people gene- "rally, to the fact, that a form of disease, now very prevalent "among the people, resembling, in many particulars, sea scurvy, is "connected with, or dependent on, a defective nutrition, arising *not* "*from a deficiency of quantity, but from deficiency of quality or variety* "in the food. The potato, although not containing a large proportion "of nutriment, is remarkable as containing within itself all the "varied elements necessary for forming healthy blood—no one of the "substitutes for it, with the exception of oatmeal, possesses this re- "markable property; and hence the use of more than one article "of food is necessary, in order to secure a sufficient supply of the "varied elements of nutrition, and thus to obviate the form of "disease referred to.

"With this principle in view, the Board of Health, as the season "of the year now gives facilities for it, strongly recommend the "admixture of onions, leeks, scallions or shallots, in cooked meal "rations, or stirabout, which will both act as condiments, and "will also furnish some of the elements of nutrition essential for "forming healthy blood. Onions are so rich in nutritive qualities, "that, as a mere article of food, one ounce and a-half may be consid- "ered as equivalent to about one ounce of meal. On every "opportunity the importance to health, of using vegetables, such as "carrots, parsnips, turnips, and cabbage, along with meal, should be "impressed upon the people.

"It may not perhaps be out of place in these observations, to

"make the people generally acquainted with the high nutritive "qualities of beans and peas, which, weight for weight, contain from "ten to twelve times as much nutriment as potatoes. In those "countries where rice is very extensively used as the food of the "people, experience has taught them that rice, by itself, has low "nutritive qualities; but that the deficiency can be supplied by "adding about two ounces of beans, peas, or lentils, to each pound "of rice. It must, however, be remembered, that with beans or peas "some other vegetable food must be used, as although possessing, "in a high degree, some of the most important elements of nutri- "tion, they nevertheless do not contain a sufficient variety of other "nutritive elements to support the human body in health."

No. 7.—DIETARY:—Circular to Inspectors relative to the use of Vegetables in Soup.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
30th December, 1853.

SIR,

With reference to the letter addressed to you by direction of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, on the 8th ultimo, on the subject of the use of soup containing fresh vegetables, as an article of Workhouse Dietary, and to your reply thereto, from which it appears, that in some Unions in your District, soup containing vegetables is not given as part of the established Workhouse Dietary, I am directed by the Commissioners to request that you will, from time to time, as opportunity offers, press the importance of using fresh vegetable food on the attention of the Guardians of the Unions in question, and the Medical Officers of the Workhouses of those Unions.

The Commissioners are also desirous that you should urge on the consideration of the Boards of Guardians, the importance of making the Workhouse land, as far as possible, available for the cultivation of such vegetables for consumption in the Workhouse, and thus insuring a constant supply, and at the same time providing employment, and the means of instruction in agriculture, for the children under 16 years of age.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. STANLEY, Secretary.

No. 8.—DIETARY:—Circular to Inspectors, as to Quality of Supplies.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
19th April, 1854.

SIR,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, having regard to the great probability of an outbreak of Cholera in various parts of Ireland at a more advanced period of the present season, desire to draw your especial attention

to the quality of the Workhouse supplies in your District ; and to repeat the views expressed in the following paragraph of their Circular of the 12th of October, 1850.—(See 4th Annual Report, page 110.)

"The chief components in the Dietaries now in use are cereal food, "with other vegetable produce, and milk. These elements being "few and simple, and each used in considerable quantity, it is mani- "fest, that any defect in their quality must materially detract from "the sufficiency of the Dietary in respect of nutriment. You will, "therefore, apply the most scrupulous attention to the quality of all "articles of food supplied by the Contractors, especially in reference "to the provisions of section 92 of the Irish Poor Relief Act, which "authorize the Commissioners to 'direct the Guardians of any Union "to take or institute any proceedings, civil or criminal, against any "Contractor who shall have violated the terms of any such Contract, "or who shall have been guilty of any fraud in relation thereto.' "In any case involving fraud, such as adulteration of the articles "supplied, or defect in weight, the Commissioners hope to receive "from you the fullest possible detail of the facts, as they are pre- "pared, in the event of the Guardians declining to take criminal "proceedings, themselves to prosecute the parties offending."

The quality of the Milk supplied, is a matter of peculiar importance during the prevalence of Epidemic Cholera ; as the Medical Officers appear sometimes to rely upon the use of an increased quantity of Milk, as conducive to the preservation of the health of the inmates.

The Commissioners consider all substitutes for new Milk to be objectionable ; and every exertion should be made to compel Contractors to supply that article without fail, and of the purest quality.

With this view, the use of a Lactometer should be invariably recommended by you in Workhouses in which you find the use of that Instrument not already adopted : and you will in such cases not fail to bring the subject under the immediate consideration of the Guardians, together with the propriety of their requiring the Master to lay before the Board every week, a record of the degrees of cream obtained daily in testing the supply.

You will have the goodness, in due course, after the receipt of this Circular, to include in your Quarterly Report on each Workhouse, a statement specially relating to the supplies of Milk, and to the use of the Lactometer or other means adopted for securing supplies of the requisite quality.

On occasions when Diarrhœa has prevailed in a Workhouse, the Medical Officer has sometimes referred to the quality of the meal, or to some defect in its cooking when used for stirabout, or in the process of baking where converted into bread, as a cause of aggravation of that disease. Peculiar attention should therefore be given at the present time, not only to the quality of the meal, but likewise to the processes of cooking and baking it, in order that any irregularity or imperfection may be avoided, from which the digestive organs of the inmates might be made liable to disorder. Similar attention should be likewise paid to the quality of the water, more especially of that used for drinking or for culinary purposes.

On all these points, as well as on the ventilation and sewerage of the Workhouse, the Medical Officer should be encouraged by you to express his opinions without reserve to the Board of Guardians, and should be reminded of his responsibility in this respect, as set forth in the Circular of the Commissioners of the 28th October, 1851, (see 5th Annual Report, page 115), a copy of which Circular was transmitted to each Medical Officer on the 31st October, 1851.

Finally, the Commissioners rely upon your securing in each Workhouse in your District a constant and vigilant watch on the part of the principal Officers, especially the Master, Matron, Schoolmaster, and Schoolmistress, on the state of health of every inmate, so as to procure immediate attention from the Medical Officer on the occurrence of any premonitory symptoms of Cholera.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

No. 9.—Giving of Clothing to Paupers Leaving the Workhouse:—Circular to Boards of Guardians thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
17th November, 1853.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, have observed a practice, which has gone to a great extent in some Unions, of granting clothing to adult paupers on their leaving the Workhouse.

Since there is no direct legal authority for this form of relief as it is sometimes administered, doubts have been often felt as to the propriety of passing this expenditure at the audit of the Union Accounts. In some cases, however, the Guardians have been induced to clothe paupers, on their discharge, under peculiar circumstances; for instance, when the clothing, the property of the pauper, has been lost, and a change of officers has rendered it impossible to fix the responsibility on a Union Officer, or when clothing has been destroyed by accident.

Under the foregoing circumstances the proper course would be, to give a supply of clothing, of equivalent value, from the clothing of deceased paupers, or from cast Union clothing. It has, however, though rarely, occurred that this stock has been exhausted, and thus the Guardians have found it necessary to order new clothing.

In some Unions a discretion has been left to the Officers to supply clothing to paupers on their leaving the Workhouse. Such a course appears to be extremely impolitic; since the manifest tendency of indiscriminately supplying paupers with clothing on their discharge, is to induce persons to apply for admission, with the object, not so much of seeking relief, as to obtain a fresh stock of clothing. Another result has been, that paupers have either come in clothed in rags, or have injured their own clothing whilst in the Probationary Ward, with the same motive.

There are, moreover, other difficulties and objections arising from

the nature of the Union Accounts. At present, clothing thus given to paupers on their discharge, is not separately charged from clothing used in the house, and both, therefore, form part of the maintenance charge. Electoral Divisions, whose paupers, on their discharge, have not received new clothing, have to bear their proportion of the burden, although they have not shared in the benefit of the grant. It has been suggested to the Commissioners that it would be desirable to charge the expenditure to the Electoral Division interested, in which case, the charge must, under the existing Accounts' Order, appear as out-door relief, and, therefore, be confined to the aged and infirm, and widows, having two or more children.

As, therefore, besides the objections already referred to, the practice of giving clothing to adults, on their discharge, has, on the whole, a tendency to increase, not diminish, pauperism, the Commissioners recommend the Guardians to discontinue its use, as far as practicable.

In the case of children educated in the Workhouse, and who have outgrown their clothing, the Commissioners think that there may often be advantage in giving a suit of clothes, on their obtaining a promise of employment outside the Workhouse. But such grants should be made with much care and discrimination, and be considered as indulgences not to be repeated.

The Commissioners request the Guardians to bear these considerations in mind, when applications are in future made to them for clothing by paupers on their discharge.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 10.—Election of Guardians;—as to propriety of permitting Persons to be present when the Returning Officer casts up the Votes:—Circular to Boards of Guardians thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
21st December, 1853.

Sir,

The attention of the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland has recently been drawn to the question of the propriety of permitting other persons to be present when the Returning Officer in the Election of Guardians examines and casts up the Votes registered for the several Candidates for the Office of Guardian; and as the Commissioners are aware that a different practice is pursued in this respect by different Returning Officers, they deem it right to make their views on the subject generally known.

By the 33rd Article of the General Election Order it is provided, that when the collection of the Voting Papers shall have been completed, the Returning Officer shall attend at the Board Room, and shall, assisted by the Collectors, ascertain the validity of the Votes,

and shall register the valid Votes duly given for each remaining Candidate, after which he shall ascertain and register the total number of such Votes for each Candidate.

This Rule was made because the presence of the Collector for the Electoral Division is necessary to enable the Returning Officer to ascertain with certainty the Rate-payer's right to Vote, but there is no Rule which prohibits the presence of other parties who may wish to attend; and it is clearly in the power of the Returning Officer to permit persons interested in the result of the Election to attend at the examination of the Votes. Seeing, however, that the Returning Officer has no power or authority which would enable him to keep order in a public meeting of Rate-payers, the Commissioners are not prepared to deprive him of a discretion in regard to the admission or exclusion of strangers, inasmuch as the exercise of such a discretion may, on some occasions, be necessary to the proper discharge of his duty. On the other hand, the Commissioners think that if the Returning Officer excludes from the examination of the Voting Papers for a particular Electoral Divison, either the Candidates for that Electoral Division or those who proposed them, he should be prepared to show some urgent reason for a step which, generally speaking, would seem to be unnecessary and unreasonable; but the Commissioners do not think it desirable that this privilege should be extended to Rate-payers generally.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 11.—Union Accounts;—Mode of Crediting the Produce of the Workhouse Farm:—Circular to Boards of Guardians thereon.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
3rd April, 1854.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland have recently had their attention directed to the mode of Crediting the Produce of the Workhouse Farm to the several Electoral Divisions of the Union, as explained in the memorandum at the foot of the Workhouse Farm Account, in the General Accounts' Order, and it has been urged that the produce should be apportioned in the same manner as the establishment expenses of the Farm, and Credited so that the Electoral Divisions which have contributed the largest amount of capital should receive a corresponding benefit in return.

This proposal has, however, appeared to the Commissioners to be fraught with injustice to the Electoral Divisions chargeable with the largest proportion of Paupers, and the Commissioners deem it right therefore to state, for the information of the Board of Guardians, the considerations by which they were influenced in framing the existing Order applicable to this subject.

By Crediting the produce of the Farm to establishment, and consequently apportioning the Credit to the several Electoral Divisions according to net annual value, the cost of the maintenance of the paupers employed in cultivating the Farm would be left wholly out of consideration, and thus Electoral Divisions having a small proportion of paupers would receive an undue share of the profits of such cultivation at the expense of Electoral Divisions charged with the maintenance of a large proportion of paupers; unless, as rarely happens, the number of paupers charged to the Electoral Division bears the same proportion to the total number, as the Valuation of the Electoral Division bears to the total Valuation.

It was to correct this injustice that the Commissioners altered the system in the way laid down in the recent Accounts' Order; and in doing this the Commissioners have proceeded upon the assumption, that the produce of the farm is, as it ought to be, mainly the result of pauper labour, and that the Establishment expenses of the Farm are limited to the necessary cost of superintendence, and the outlay for implements, seeds, &c.

At the same time the Commissioners have allowed that Credit should be given to Establishment for the price of any produce sold, and this was done mainly for the purpose of indemnifying Electoral Divisions which might have very few paupers and yet be charged with their proportion of salaries, implements, seeds, &c., in the Establishment Account. The Commissioners think that such indemnification should in every case be carried to the full extent of the charges incidental to the cultivation of the Farm, which have been debited to Establishment, and no farther; and that the residue of the proceeds should go in reduction of the expense of maintaining the paupers.

By Order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

To the Clerk of each Union.

No. 12.—Mode of bringing into the Electoral Division Accounts of New and Altered Unions, Rates made before Alteration of Boundaries, but not Collected until after the Adjustment Accounts were made up:—Circular to Clerks of altered Unions.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin,
12th April, 1854.

Sir,

The Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, having been applied to in several instances for instructions as to the mode in which Rates, made on Electoral Divisions before the change of boundaries, and not collected until after the Adjustment Accounts were made up, should be brought into the Accounts of the new Unions, and credited to the Townlands entitled to them, the Commissioners deem it desirable to state, generally, for the information of Clerks of Unions, the Boundaries of

which have been altered, what appears to be the proper course to pursue in regard to such Rates or other Receipts.

The final settlement in regard to such Rates or other Receipts must be made by ascertaining the amount of the credit to which each Townland is entitled in respect of such Rates, (deducting the cost of collection), according to its net annual value at the time of change, compared with the net annual value of the old Electoral Division in which it was comprised at the same period, and then reducing the poundage of the next Rate on each Townland by the poundage of the amount of the credit so ascertained; placing to the credit of each new Electoral Division, the aggregate amount of the deductions so made from the Rate on Townlands comprised within it, and carrying to the debit of the "Former Union Account" the aggregate amount of the credits so given to the new Electoral Divisions.

In cases where this operation is required to take place in regard to Townlands which were formerly comprised in another Union, it should be made in reference to the next Rate after the amount has been received from the Union in which the Townlands were formerly comprised, and, instead of carrying the amount credited to the new Electoral Divisions to the "Former Union Account," it should be carried to the "Final Adjustment Account" opened for the Union from which the payment is received.

As the amount of the old Rate now brought into the adjustment calculations is, in most instances, small, the Commissioners think that it will not be necessary to bring them into the new Electoral Division Accounts in each half-year in which there may have been any old Rate collected, and that the operation above described may be deferred until the collection of the old Rate is finally closed. It seems desirable, however, that this account should be finally closed at the earliest possible period, and that the Guardians should adopt, at once, some definite future point of time at which the collection of the outstanding Rates shall be considered to be closed. Meantime any sums that may be collected, and any payments which may be made from one Union to another on account of such sums, can be brought into the "Former Union Account" or the "Final Adjustment Account" as explained in the 4th Series of Accounts contained in the exemplification already transmitted to you.

If it should happen that any debts of the old Union, not having been ascertained at the time the adjustment calculations were made were not brought to account in those calculations, such debts may be brought to charge against the Townlands, and brought into the new Electoral Division Accounts in a mode similar to that above described.

By order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

No. 13.—Circular to Clerks of New Unions, forwarding Copy of foregoing Circular.

Poor Law Commission Office, Dublin.
15th April, 1854.

Sir,

I am directed by the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, to transmit to you herewith, for the information of the Board of Guardians of Union, a copy of a Circular which has been addressed to Unions, the boundaries of which have been altered, on the subject of the course to be pursued, in bringing into the new Electoral Division Accounts Rates made before the time of change, but not collected until after the Adjustment Calculations were completed.

Should there be any such Rates outstanding in any of the Unions from which Union was formed, you should, on receiving a payment from the old Union on account thereof, proceed in the manner pointed out in the third paragraph of the Circular now enclosed.

By order of the Commissioners,

W. Stanley, Secretary.

No. IV.—Report on Building Operations and Erection of Workhouses in New Unions, by George Wilkinson, Esq., Architect to the Commissioners.

Architect's Department,
Poor Law Commission Office,
Dublin, April 28, 1854.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to observe in continuance of the statement contained in my Report of the 2nd May, 1853, as published in the Annual Report of your Board for 1853, that New Workhouses for the following Unions (being those formed under the Poor Law Boundary Commissioners' recommendation) have been now completed and in occupation:—Claremorris, Clonakilty, Corrofin, Croom, Dromore West, Glennamuddy, Glin, Killala, Kilmacthomas, Millstreet, Mountbellew, Newport, Oughterard, Portumna, Skull, Strokestown, Thomastown, Tulla, Urlingford, Mitchelstown, Killadysert, Castlecomer, Donaghmore, Castletowndelvin, Tobercurry, Bawnboy, Ballymahon.

The New Workhouse at Clonmel is also now occupied, and some further works are in progress for providing a Board Room and offices at the New Building, in order to use the Old House as an Infirmary and Fever Hospital altogether.

The Workhouses for the New Unions of Ballyvaghan, Borrisokane, Youghal, and the Industrial School also for the latter Union, are in progress at the present time. The intended New Workhouse at Fermoy is not yet commenced, owing to the great delay attending the site. The Contract, however, has been entered into, but possession of the site is still waited for.

Building accounts connected with the Unions of Killadysert, Portumna, and Mitchelstown, being the only accounts received that have not been adjusted and reported on, are under examination.

The Contractor for the Castletowndelvin Workhouse demurs at the present time to the award made on his account, and the balance of his Contract, together with the sum due for Fixtures and contingent additional works, remain unpaid at present.

Proceedings on behalf of Assignees are pending in the Bankruptcy Court with reference to the question of Scaffolding and Implements, and the cost of finishing the Donaghmore Workhouse. The Works for this building having been recently brought to a close by the employment of workmen and purchase of materials, under the provisions of the Building Contract, in consequence of the Contractor's failure to carry on the Works.

On the close of the Building Accounts of all the New Unions, I propose hereafter to submit a relative statement showing the amount of the Contract, and the amount of Fixtures and contingent extra Works of each of the New Unions, and the total cost of each Building.

Plans and specifications have been prepared during the past year, as usual, for Fever Hospitals, Additional Buildings, Drying Closets, Ovens, and the various minor matters constantly required in some of the Unions; and much time has been occupied in sanitary matters at the Workhouse Buildings and elsewhere.

As an illustration of the general nature of the building operations connected with this department in the several Unions, I take the opportunity to annex a tabulated statement which was prepared in January last for a special purpose. It appears adapted to exhibit the extent of the building operations in the several Poor Law Unions in Ireland, and the nature of the duties devolving on the Architect's Office from time to time in connexion with such Buildings.

I have, &c.,

GEO. WILKINSON.

The Poor Law Commissioners, &c., &c.

SUMMARY of STATEMENT referred to in the foregoing.

PROVINCES.	Accommodation provided in Original Buildings	Workhouse Accommodation on 1st January, 1854.						
		Buildings on Workhouse Site, (exclusive of Fever Hospitals).		* Auxiliary Buildings	Fever Hospitals.			Total.
					On Workhouse Site.		Not on Workhouse Site.	
		Permanent Buildings.	*Temporary Buildings.		Permanent Buildings.	*Temporary Buildings.		
Ulster, .	28,700	39,743	659	–	2,808	685	114	44,009
Munster, .	37,360	57,010	8,668	25,165	1,967	1,003	2,143	95,956
Leinster, .	28,950	41,966	1,807	5,228	1,683	392	1,407	52,483
Connaught,	20,250	26,826	5,195	4,374	1,029	390	150	37,955
Total, .	115,260	165,545	16,329	34,767	7,478	2,470	3,814	230,403

* Many Auxiliary Buildings have been given up, and many Temporary Buildings that were erected have been removed, the necessary accommodation being provided by Permanent Buildings of a suitable character, adapted to the probable future wants of the Unions.

At the present time, buildings of a permanent character are being carried out in a number of Unions; some extensive additions are also projected, and about to be carried out; in some instances to increase accommodation, but chiefly to do away with the Auxiliary and Temporary Buildings, and concentrate the establishment in proper structures.

No. V.—Correspondence with the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners, as to the Average Rate of Wages of Agricultural Labourers and Mechanics in Ireland.

No. 1.—Letter from the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners to the Poor Law Commissioners, dated 10th April, 1854.

As the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners are preparing their Annual Report for Parliament, I am directed to request you to inform them whether there are any Returns made to the Irish Government, to which the Commissioners might obtain access, of the present state of the labouring population in Ireland, as bearing on the question of the continuance of the emigration. The most important point is, of course, the amount of daily wages received by them as compared with former years, and the extent to which they can obtain employment.

No. 2.—Letter from the Poor Law Commissioners to the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners, dated 1st May, 1854.

Adverting to your letter of the 10th ultimo, relative to the present state of the labouring population of Ireland, as bearing on the question of the continuance of emigration, I am directed to forward herewith, for the information of the Colonial Land and Emigration Commissioners, an Abstract of Reports which the Commissioners for administering the Laws for Relief of the Poor in Ireland, have received from their Inspectors, on the existing average rates of wages paid to agricultural labourers, and the principal classes of mechanics in their respective districts.

No. 3.—Enclosure to Foregoing—Abstract of Replies received from Inspectors to Circular, relative to the existing Average Rates of Wages paid to Agricultural Labourers, and the principal Classes of Mechanics in their respective Districts.

Mr. Otway.—17*th April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Meath, Westmeath, Dublin, Louth, and Monaghan.

The only alteration in the Return of last year is, that the average rate of wages of agricultural labourers should now be given as 6*s.* instead of 5*s.* a-week.

Mr. J. Burke.—22*nd April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Carlow, King's, Kildare, Kilkenny, Queen's, Tipperary, Wexford, and Wicklow.

The average rates of wages at present paid appear to be as follows:—

Agricultural labourers,	6*s.* 0*d.*	per week.
Tailors,	10*s.* 6*d.*	„
Shoemakers,	10*s.* 6*d.*	„
Weavers,	11*s.* 0*d.*	„
Bricklayers and Masons,	16*s.* 6*d.*	„
Carpenters,	16*s.* 6*d.*	„
Blacksmiths,	14*s.* 0*d.*	„
Coopers,	12*s.* 0*d.*	„

On comparing the above with the Returns of last year, it will be seen that some advance in the rate of wages has taken place.

Mr. Crawford.—27*th April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Dublin, King's, and Wicklow.

In the city of Dublin no alteration of importance has taken place, but the Returns for the present year show a small advance as compared with those of last year. In the rural parts of the district there is an increase in the rate of wages paid to agricultural labourers, which has risen from 5*s.* to 6*s.* per week, and in many instances, in the neighbourhood of towns, 8*s.* is given; and although among trades generally there has not been so decided an advance, there is an increase in most instances.

Mr. R. Bourke.—22*nd April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Galway, Leitrim, Mayo, Roscommon, and Sligo.

Though the number of workmen has considerably diminished, but little increase has taken place in the general rate of wages for agricultural labourers, and in several instances they still continue at 6*d.* per day. This is attributable to a disinclination on the part of employers to innovate on a long-established scale, and a determination rather to reduce the quantity of labour, or get the work done by women and boys, than to submit to a higher standard of wages. At hurried times of the year, however, as much as 1*s.* 6*d.* and 2*s.* a-day is given. The labour of small farmers is chiefly performed by themselves and members of their family, aided by a servant girl and a herd boy. These two classes of labourers are much in demand, and much sought after in the Workhouse Schools. The reduction in the number of tradesmen has given rise to a larger proportionate increase in their rate of wages, which has steadily increased. The drain of labour by emigration continues with little diminution, and the effect of this upon the wages of agricultural labourers cannot be long delayed. After harvest, the wages will probably be up to 1*s.* a day. The number of labourers going from hence to England is less than in former years.

Mr. Barron.—25*th April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Cavan, Fermanagh, Donegal, Longford, Monaghan, Leitrim, Meath, and Westmeath.

The wages given are higher than last year, and from the increasing prosperity of the country, there is every likelihood that they will be still higher.

Mr. Huband.—29*th April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Galway and Mayo.

More than usual activity prevails among all classes of labourers and artisans. Probably the wages of artisans will keep up to or near the present standard, but it is doubtful as to the wages of labourers. There has been a remarkable degree of speculation in the potato crop, which requires a great amount of labour to be applied within a limited time, and there has, consequently, been a great demand for able-bodied men and women, and, therefore, the average taken now will be much beyond the average weekly earnings spread over the year. The high price of provisions and the impending war have each had a tendency to raise wages, which is not to be altogether attributed to scarcity of labourers induced by emigration.

The wages of all kinds of labour, as compared with the Returns of last year, have increased, and in some instances to a very great degree; but some caution is necessary in drawing inferences by comparison, as the rate of wages, particularly with regard to agricultural labour, and trades connected with agriculture, are greatly affected by the period of the year at which the inquiry is made. It is not possible, in the present state of the country, to estimate the probable weekly earnings throughout the twelve months.

Mr. Lynch.—22*nd April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Cork, Kilkenny, Queen's, and Tipperary.

The Return forwarded by Mr. Lynch shows a considerable advance upon the rates of last year, viz.:—

Agricultural labourers,	6*s.* 0*d.*	per week.
Tailors,	12*s.* 0*d.*	„
Shoemakers,	12*s.* 0*d.*	„
Weavers,	10*s.* 0*d.*	„
Bricklayers and Masons,	17*s.* 6*d.*	„
Carpenters,	16*s.* 0*d.*	„
Blacksmiths,	14*s.* 0*d.*	„
Coopers,	12*s.* 0*d.*	„
Slaters and Plasterers,	17*s.* 6*d.*	„
Stonecutters,	18*s.* 0*d.*	„
Millers,	15*s.* 0*d.*	„
Bakers,	15*s.* 0*d.*	„

Lieut.-Colonel Clarke.—14*th April*, 1854, and 19*th April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Antrim, Armagh, Down, Londonderry, and Tyrone.

There has been no material variation in the average rate of wages since last year's Return; for though there have been disturb-

ing causes, the demand and supply remain much in the same relative proportions. There has been a degree of stagnation in the staple manufacture of the district, and many factories have been working short time. There are now symptoms of revival, and there has been a considerable drain to supply the deficiency caused by the strikes in England.

The wages of agricultural labour remain precisely in the same state, averaging from *5s. 6d.* to *6s.* a-week; but it is doubtful whether fully able-bodied men are to be obtained at those rates, and on the railroads they are receiving *10s.* a-week.

By Colonel Clarke's second Report, the average rate of wages of agricultural labourers appears to be *6s. 6d.* per week, whereas last year the average was given at *5s. 3d.*

Mr. W. Hamilton.—*20th April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Kilkenny, Wexford, and Waterford.

The general average rate of wages appears to have advanced in all parts of the district. There has been an unusually good demand, and, in some instances, a short supply of all classes of mechanics and labourers, and employment has been constant. Still the advance has not been proportionate to the increased price of food; so that had it not been for the emigration that has taken place, and the healthy state of the district, there would be almost as much destitution as at any former period. Emigration has reduced the number in the Workhouses, and insured work for those who remain.

Mr. Horsley.—*19th April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Kerry and Cork.

During the busiest period of the present season, the supply of really able-bodied and otherwise good agricultural labourers has been extremely limited, and labourers who would scarcely have been ranked as such, in former years, readily find employment at moderate wages. The drain of able-bodied male labourers by emigration has been the chief cause of this; and there is but little appearance of that drain receiving any check, judging by the desire for emigration which is evinced by the people themselves, and the large sums remitted for that purpose by relations who have already emigrated.

Although the existing rate of wages is higher than in the past year, the rise is not commensurate with the increased prices of food.

The supply of skilled mechanics and artisans is smaller than in former years, and their wages are consequently higher.

Mr. R. Hamilton.—*21st April*, 1854.

District comprised in the County of Cork.

There is a general increase in the rate of wages throughout the district. The following are given as the average :—

Agricultural labourers, . .	*5s.* per week.
Tailors, ...	*10s.* „
Shoemakers, ...	*10s.* „

Masons,	.	.	.	.	18*s.* per week.
Carpenters,	.	.	.	.	18*s.* „
Bakers,	.	.	.	.	18*s.* „
Painters,	.	.	.	.	18*s.* „
Sawyers,	.	.	.	.	18*s.* „

Mr. Robinson.—24*th April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Limerick and Kerry.

There does not appear to be much difference in the rate of wages paid to mechanics as compared with last year; but in regard to agricultural labourers there is a marked rise in the amount of money wages they receive. Their general condition, however, is not improved, as the price of provisions has also risen considerably. Their condition, however, may, in other respects, be considered to be improving. Emigration is acting favourably on the labour market, both in regard to the increased demand for labour and the continuous employment afforded; and it is anticipated that when a reduction in the price of provisions takes place, no great diminution in the rate of wages will ensue.

Mr. O'Brien, 25*th April*, 1854.

District comprised in the Counties of Westmeath, Longford, King's, Roscommon, Leitrim, and Galway.

The tendency to advance, which he observed on, in forwarding the Return of last year, has since developed itself very decidedly, especially in the case of agricultural labour—a result which is to be referred to the circumstance that this class has been affected more than any other by the emigration movement, and, in part, to the fact that the remunerative prices of the past year, and the prospect of a still further improvement in the coming year, have had the effect of greatly increasing the extent of tillage.

Mr. Lucas.

District comprised in the County of Clare.

The Returns exhibit a slight improvement in the rate of wages as compared with the Returns of last year; but the increase bears little proportion to the advance in the prices of the necessaries of life.

The demand for labour is increasing, and becoming more permanent and steady in its character. This may be attributed to the improved condition of the employers, and the drain from emigration.

Mr. Hall.—23*rd April*, 1854.

District comprised in the County of Cork.

A considerable rise has taken place in the wages paid for almost every description of labour; but in the case of agricultural labourers, and the less highly-paid mechanics, the increase has scarcely exceeded the increase in the price of food. Employment is, however, more readily obtained by these classes, and its continuance is more certain.

APPENDIX B.—TABLES.

No. I.—A Return (in pursuance of the 29th Section of the Act 10 Vic., c. 31) of the Expenditure on the Relief of the Poor in each Union in Ireland, for the Year ended 29th September, 1853; and of the Total Numbers Relieved In and Out of the Workhouse in each Union during the same period.

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Abbeyleix,	2,237	12	8¼	31	14	0	845	14	10¾	826	7	4½	3,941	8	11½	1,351	282
Antrim,	1,248	18	0	–			659	18	1	331	15	2	2,240	11	3	613	–
Ardee,	1,950	1	4	–			612	18	4	432	12	10	2,995	12	6	2,070	–
Armagh,	865	16	7	–			666	9	2	598	15	1	2,131	0	10	759	–
Athlone,	4,188	19	5¼	6	17	3	1,055	10	8	3,647	13	4½	8,899	0	8¾	2,391	101
Athy,	2,459	10	5½	38	9	7	830	9	4	805	12	6	4,134	1	10½	1,750	200
Bailieborough,	1,670	11	7	–			725	1	2	871	19	8	3,267	12	5	1,210	–
Ballina,	2,177	4	4½	9	6	6	1,093	8	1¼	1,841	13	7½	5,121	12	7¼	1,128	14
Ballinasloe,	2,512	19	11¾	2	2	9	960	5	9½	1,270	4	2¼	4,745	12	8¼	1,389	35
Ballinrobe,	2,409	6	1¾	1	13	2	943	4	2¾	623	5	11¼	3,977	9	5¾	1,817	27
Ballycastle,	541	14	4	–			432	11	1	279	16	1	1,254	1	6	410	–
Ballymahon,	1,626	1	5½	21	12	4½	603	18	11¼	1,679	11	5¼	3,931	4	2½	1,509	124
Ballymena,	728	2	11	–			692	16	0	513	11	5	1,934	10	4	685	–
Ballymoney,	536	7	4	3	2	10	512	4	10	477	3	6	1,528	18	6	419	3
Ballyshannon,	867	8	0	–			391	15	1	372	17	1	1,632	0	2	631	–
Ballyvaghan,	1,917	9	4	–			555	1	6	804	11	1¾	3,277	1	11¾	944	–
Balrothery,	2,111	10	0½	–			645	8	1	973	17	0	3,730	15	1½	1,666	–
Baltinglass,	2,077	5	1½	2	18	4	968	10	2¼	715	15	8¼	3,764	9	4	1,543	10
Banbridge,	1,006	8	8	4	15	6	581	8	7¼	321	5	11¼	1,913	18	9	774	7
Bandon,	2,074	14	0½	–			842	13	9½	431	16	10¼	3,349	4	8¼	2,011	–

[*continued.*

No. I.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved in Year ended 29th September, 1853—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Bantry,	2,338	17	7¾	–			758	8	2¼	844	1	11½	3,941	7	9½	2,157	–
Bawnboy,	600	14	5	15	17	2	317	1	7	276	7	5	1,210	0	7	344	48
Belfast,	9,334	7	1	–			1,905	0	4	3,074	4	3	14,313	11	8	7,369	–
Belmullet,	943	12	6	–			587	3	0	568	15	5	2,099	10	11	648	–
Borrisokane,	1,725	12	0½	–			625	0	2¼	808	8	11¼	3,159	1	2	1,137	–
Boyle,	1,666	17	0½	7	15	10	812	14	4	729	5	1	3,216	12	3½	937	25
Caherciveen,	3,470	5	6	–			996	4	4¼	1,559	14	6	6,026	4	4¼	3,135	–
Callan,	3,224	9	9½	225	19	5¾	801	8	2¼	912	16	5½	5,164	13	11	3,499	487
Carlow,	5,466	11	6½	17	16	6½	1,583	3	7¼	2,483	17	10¾	9,551	9	7	3,929	76
Carrickmacross,	1,476	16	8½	–			571	1	2	801	2	7¾	2,849	0	6¼	1,644	–
Carrick-on-Shannon,	1,218	9	5	–			606	5	8	786	17	9	2,611	12	10	916	–
Carrick-on-Suir,	2,758	11	7	1	0	2½	1,230	18	3½	2,002	16	0½	5,993	6	1½	3,651	7
Cashel,	7,284	14	1½	–			1,943	19	2½	3,295	5	11	12,523	19	3	6,844	–
Castlebar,	1,686	6	4	–			752	11	2	1,097	9	5	3,536	6	11	1,185	–
Castleblayney,	1,552	0	8¾	–			536	11	0	742	19	11¼	2,831	11	8	1,124	–
Castlecomer,	734	11	2¾	1,007	7	9	376	6	8¾	445	0	5½	2,563	6	2	598	1,276
Castlederg,	210	17	3	–			333	14	10	60	13	3	605	5	4	202	–
Castlerea,	1,226	8	5	12	3	9	672	7	4	447	3	4	2,358	2	10	1,125	127
Castletown,	1,549	2	5	–			577	14	4	450	15	2	2,577	11	11	1,358	–
Castletowndelvin,	676	1	5½	–			283	5	2½	196	5	8	1,155	12	4	460	–
Cavan,	2,390	0	9	28	16	8	905	16	0	633	16	2	3,958	9	7	2,085	56
Celbridge,	1,277	16	9	2	11	6	515	18	0	636	13	1½	2,432	19	4½	1,039	32
Claremorris,	1,712	16	4	27	15	4	679	16	10¾	706	0	6¼	3,126	9	1	1,092	85
Clifden,	1,504	5	6	3	6	3	608	18	8	617	4	4½	2,733	14	9½	1,054	27
Clogheen,	3,562	0	1¾	–			1,158	17	1¼	815	4	4¾	5,536	1	7¾	3,885	–
Clogher,	899	1	11	1	19	9½	494	0	1¾	282	16	9½	1,677	18	7¾	566	2
Clonakilty,	976	0	7½	–			520	15	3	460	18	3¼	1,957	14	1¾	1,221	–

Clones, ...	867	16	8½	–			636	11	5	597	9	11	2,101	18	0½	600	–
Clonmel, . . .	7,911	0	2	–			1,546	8	1	3,409	8	4½	12,866	16	7½	6,453	–
Coleraine, . . .	864	5	3	–			527	8	1	415	10	6	1,807	3	10	823	–
Cookstown, . . .	675	17	5	1	4	3	435	1	6	332	9	3	1,444	12	5	448	4
Cootehill, . . .	1,288	18	7	–			564	12	2	567	1	10	2,420	12	7	1,117	–
Cork, ...	14,622	17	7½	–			2,478	13	11	6,526	4	2	23,627	15	8½	22,032	–
Corrofin, . . .	1,478	16	0¾	0	7	7½	547	12	11	553	19	6½	2,580	16	1¾	1,044	13
Croom, ...	2,906	4	0¾	–			977	6	3½	3,040	6	1½	6,923	16	5½	1,848	–
Dingle, ...	4,693	17	10½	–			1,048	3	3⅓	2,738	11	1	8,480	12	3	4,350	–
Donaghmore, . .	829	19	2	8	9	9	268	4	6	456	15	3¼	1,563	8	8¼	593	196
Donegal, . . .	561	2	8	–			398	3	5	164	1	0½	1,123	7	1½	524	–
Downpatrick, . .	1,543	17	8½	43	19	0	624	11	0	437	6	7	2,649	14	3½	1,349	68
Drogheda, . . .	2,824	15	7	97	13	7½	741	1	0	646	13	9½	4,310	4	0	2,686	1,292
Dromore, West, . .	672	12	3	0	3	3	544	17	9	458	5	9	1,675	19	0	313	2
Dublin, North, . .	13,616	9	3⅓	–			2,339	15	7	2,438	7	5	18,394	12	3½	8,001	–
Dublin, South, . .	14,409	7	4½	330	5	11	2,754	9	6	4,522	3	5½	22,016	6	3	9,727	509
Dundalk, . . .	1,971	6	8¾	3	17	6	677	18	6	778	14	1¼	3,431	16	10	1,353	27
Dunfanaghy, . . .	176	11	4	–			244	1	10	101	2	0	521	15	2	138	–
Dungannon, . . .	575	2	10¼	3	7	10	519	15	10	1,033	7	3	2,131	13	9¼	529	20
Dungarvan, . . .	3,416	0	8	–			984	7	6	1,523	7	10½	5,923	16	0½	3,608	–
Dunmanway, . .	998	1	4	–			589	7	8	339	0	0½	1,926	9	0½	1,313	–
Dunshaughlin, . .	2,026	11	0¼	340	12	5	752	3	5	523	6	1½	3,642	12	11¾	1,464	801
Edenderry, . . .	2,851	2	11¾	29	1	11¼	907	17	3½	1,575	4	0¾	5,363	6	3¼	2,308	228
Ennis, ...	5,582	4	5¾	0	17	8	1,073	2	11¾	1,312	15	8	7,969	0	9½	3,796	36
Enniscorthy, . . .	4,185	4	10½	–			1,158	6	3	1,302	6	11½	6,645	18	1	3,302	–
Enniskillen, . . .	1,595	7	0	–			645	7	10	354	17	0	2,595	11	10	792	–
Ennistymon, . . .	4,544	8	11¼	–			1,450	14	9	4,387	1	1	10,382	4	9¼	2,932	–
Fermoy, ...	2,700	15	5½	–			1,080	4	5	1,204	10	5¼	4,985	10	3¾	4,786	–
Galway, ...	5,378	17	3¼	5	11	11	1,742	15	11½	2,027	16	9½	9,155	1	11¼	4,459	87
Glennamaddy, . .	1,171	3	9¼	6	3	5¼	399	6	4	630	8	7¾	2,207	2	2¼	670	76
Glenties, . . .	474	4	4	–			464	6	6	234	9	9	1,173	0	7	423	–
Glin	2,578	3	11	0	1	0	854	6	6¾	1,814	7	9½	5,246	19	3¼	1,991	1
Gorey, ...	3,044	3	7	16	12	6	946	19	1	706	9	4	4,714	4	6	2,575	656
Gort, ...	3,149	14	9¾	–			724	14	0	913	15	3	4,788	4	0¾	3,022	–

[*continued.*

No. I.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved in Year ended 29th September, 1853—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out-Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Gortin,	283	19	3	–			405	12	2	287	7	2	976	18	7	218	–
Granard,	2,563	7	6½	1	17	6	1,097	11	2¾	680	0	1	4,342	16	4½	2,169	18
Inishowen,	566	15	11	0	0	7	500	13	2	322	13	2	1,389	2	10	709	1
Kanturk,	4,837	9	9½	–			1,318	2	11¾	2,609	9	4½	8,765	2	1⅝	4,913	–
Kells,	2,624	2	7½	4	16	0½	743	3	8½	727	15	6½	4,099	17	11	2,009	74
Kenmare,	4,090	13	8	–			1,282	6	9½	1,955	3	1½	7,328	3	7	3,260	–
Kilkeel,	307	9	2¾	0	7	1	335	2	5	133	17	4	776	16	0¾	447	3
Kilkenny,	6,333	15	6	2	2	7	1,160	9	4½	848	19	9½	8,345	7	3	4,407	55
Killadysert,	2,640	5	9¼	211	13	8	684	7	10¼	1,146	5	4	4,682	12	7½	2,064	321
Killala,	1,621	17	0¾	–			599	18	4	727	19	1	2,949	14	5¾	730	–
Killarney,	5,410	8	7¾	–			1,092	1	2¼	1,604	11	11½	8,107	1	9½	4,960	–
Kilmacthomas,	1,292	11	11¾	–			534	9	7½	825	11	11½	2,652	13	6¾	1,543	–
Kilmallock,	6,973	18	8½	7	17	5½	1,532	11	1¼	2,936	14	8½	11,451	1	11¾	6,897	165
Kilrush,	6,301	14	7½	1	5	6½	1,174	3	2	1,432	4	3	8,909	7	7	5,041	56
Kinsale,	1,935	6	5½	–			573	18	6¼	469	0	0¾	2,978	5	0½	3,343	–
Larne,	1,031	1	6	–			562	17	6	216	10	4	1,810	9	4	641	–
Letterkenny,	422	18	3½	–			399	14	11	285	17	10	1,109	11	0½	292	–
Limerick,	16,173	1	4¼	4	6	11	1,894	11	10¼	3,907	6	4	21,979	6	5½	14,887	138
Lisburn,	1,106	9	4	2	6	0	530	1	6	285	11	11	1,924	8	9	936	7
Lismore,	2,938	19	9½	–			1,112	0	0½	1,182	3	8¼	5,233	3	6¼	2,315	–
Lisnaskea,	664	6	5	–			448	16	7	164	10	0	1,277	13	0	628	–
Listowel,	4,764	8	6	–			980	18	8	1,954	9	1	7,699	16	3	4,118	–
Londonderry,	1,852	7	8	–			873	10	5	729	14	5	3,455	12	6	1,892	–
Longford,	2,050	17	1	–			1,056	1	7¾	2,291	2	1½	5,398	0	10¼	1,832	–
Loughrea,	2,131	19	11¾	–			812	12	6¾	444	15	9	3,389	8	3½	1,830	–
Lowtherstown,	376	0	0	–			334	16	10	122	5	1	833	1	11	318	–
Lurgan,	1,262	10	9	–			587	12	6	636	0	11	2,486	4	2	1,556	–

Macroom,	3,222	10	1	–			740	19	9½	523	18	0½	4,487	7	11	3,216	–							
Magherafelt,	612	10	2	–			556	10	1	345	14	3	1,514	14	6	454	–							
Mallow,	2,695	13	3½	–			1,027	8	1½	970	18	10½	4,694	0	3½	4,236	–							
Manorhamilton,	972	19	2	–			762	0	2	362	16	2	2,097	15	6	542	–							
Midleton,	4,670	8	7½	–			1,755	4	3	1,620	19	10	8,046	12	8½	6,958	–							
Milford,	447	4	1	1	0	5	384	8	6	190	2	6	1,022	15	6	363	6							
Millstreet,	2,872	15	3	–			666	8	7¼	1,266	9	0½	4,805	12	10¾	4,616	–							
Mitchelstown,	2,370	11	4½	–			945	10	9	1,479	14	3¾	4,795	16	5	4,374	–							
Mohill,	1,001	19	9½	–			600	12	3	529	3	10½	2,131	15	11	561	–							
Monaghan,	920	5	2	–			614	3	2	184	15	8	1,719	4	0	691	–							
Mount Bellew,	1,247	7	1½	5	3	8	636	12	10½	1,304	8	3½	3,193	11	11½	920	62							
Mountmelick,	3,373	12	6½	10	14	1½	1,098	15	5¾	1,333	1	7	5,816	3	8¾	3,189	282							
Mullingar,	4,180	7	10	–			1,121	4	10½	2,018	17	11½	7,320	10	8	2,509	–							
Naas,	3,377	19	11	23	10	9	719	12	6¾	2,094	19	6¼	6,216	2	9	2,387	88							
Navan,	3,218	13	10¾	27	0	11	653	9	1	1,083	11	5	4,982	15	3¾	2,345	143							
Nenagh,	6,242	19	10¼	3	19	7	1,244	9	5¼	3,218	0	6¾	10,709	9	5¼	4,544	103							
Newcastle,	5,027	18	7¾	774	7	11½	1,328	13	9½	1,831	4	8¾	8,962	5	1½	6,303	746							
Newport,	1,106	17	11¼	9	8	4	547	9	8	487	18	4½	2,151	14	3¾	611	10							
New Ross,	6,339	14	7¾	724	3	4	1,268	7	10	3,201	14	2¾	11,534	0	0½	4,526	1,381							
Newry,	1,770	8	3	13	0	10	837	8	0	416	18	4	3,037	15	5	1,686	50							
Newtownards,	1,314	9	8¾	0	17	6	622	11	5	336	17	1	2,274	15	8¾	954	1							
Newtownlimavady,	824	14	9	–			524	1	8	*340	0	2	*1,347	3	0	637	–							
Oldcastle,	2,559	13	1	–			657	16	10	466	5	7	3,683	15	6	1,482	–							
Omagh,	1,318	7	1	10	13	6	579	17	2	1,725	14	7	3,634	12	4	996	17							
Oughterard,	1,550	5	2	3	9	8	808	14	5	933	11	11½	3,296	1	2½	1,339	48							
Parsonstown,	3,159	6	5¾	–			1,005	18	0	1,888	1	10	6,053	6	3¾	2,430	–							
Portumna,	1,500	12	2	–			578	18	10	1,033	0	9½	3,112	11	9½	1,316	–							
Rathdown,	3,014	14	6	2	7	3½	944	0	5	1,090	7	11½	5,051	10	2	3,591	49							
Rathdrum,	2,620	12	6½	55	1	7	935	9	3¾	1,562	8	1	5,173	11	6¼	2,691	365							
Rathkeale,	3,026	0	4	0	2	5	1,365	16	7	1,399	10	5½	5,791	9	9½	3,687	4							
Roscommon,	2,593	6	10	17	7	2	826	15	10¾	1,444	2	0½	4,881	11	11¼	1,775	65							
Roscrea,	2,148	5	1	4	2	5½	660	1	9	769	16	10¼	3,582	6	1¾	2,040	172							
Scariff,	3,054	5	10¾	–			1,109	3	10	2,108	7	2	6,271	16	10¾	1,811	–							
Shillelagh,	1,724	10	5½	–			650	6	4½	412	4	2½	2,787	1	0½	1,272	–							

[*continued.*

* See note at foot of page 42.

No. I.—Return of Expenditure and Numbers Relieved in Year ended 29th September, 1853—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Expenditure during the Year ended as above.												Number of Persons relieved during the Year.	
	In-Maintenance.			Out Relief.			Salaries and Rations of Officers.			All other Expenses.			Total.			In-door.	Out-door.
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		
Skibbereen,	3,572	9	9¼	–			1,075	18	1	1,104	12	11	5,753	0	9¼	3,800	–
Skull,	941	8	11	–			532	0	2½	585	10	7½	2,058	19	9	846	–
Sligo,	2,516	14	3	0	4	6	1,149	10	1	2,388	4	11½	6,054	13	9½	2,176	2
Strabane,	1,207	10	1	38	15	8	592	6	1	285	15	0	2,124	6	10	903	49
Stranorlar,	387	8	0	–			405	17	3	206	10	0	999	15	3	476	–
Strokestown,	2,048	11	11	–			663	12	0½	913	15	1	3,625	19	0½	1,410	–
Swineford,	981	14	1¼	5	9	9	726	17	9	628	11	8	2,342	13	3¼	698	25
Thomastown,	2,635	7	9½	57	9	0	735	14	6½	1,668	2	3½	5,096	13	7½	2,700	233
Thurles,	3,655	14	10	–			1,319	8	4	1,148	5	0	6,123	8	2	4,728	–
Tipperary,	5,080	11	3½	1	2	0	1,646	14	9	3,125	1	2	9,853	9	4½	5,575	1
Tobercurry,	349	15	2	4	7	6	366	8	0	496	4	1	1,216	14	9	178	32
Tralee,	8,886	1	10½	–			1,911	12	2¾	4,798	11	4¼	15,596	5	5½	5,679	–
Trim,	1,917	9	11¼	85	1	3¼	600	8	7	860	14	3½	3,463	14	1	2,126	212
Tuam,	3,150	7	6	4	8	6½	1,085	2	1½	1,136	18	8¼	5,376	16	10¼	2,382	51
Tulla,	2,997	7	4	1	6	0½	872	19	4	1,709	16	11¾	5,581	9	8¼	2,273	61
Tullamore,	4,145	12	3½	390	16	10	1,309	4	11	2,167	0	9	8,012	14	9½	3,898	776
Urlingford,	2,238	8	7	17	15	11	659	5	8	911	14	9½	3,827	4	11½	2,367	127
Waterford,	8,238	15	4⅜	21	16	1	1,619	19	5	2,730	6	3	12,610	17	1¾	8,346	161
Westport,	1,498	7	5¾	0	7	6	621	19	5	738	11	2	2,859	5	6¾	1,375	4
Wexford,	4,703	9	7¼	3	18	0	1,375	1	9	1,344	13	11	7,427	3	3¼	4,984	1
Youghal,	3,373	8	6¾	–			1,203	13	6	2,131	17	3	6,708	19	3¾	4,866	–
Total (163 Unions),	446,030	8	3	4,919	15	8	139,304	8	2⅞	†191,268	16	9	781,523	8	10¾*	396,436	13,232

* This sum of £781,523 8*s.* 10¾*d.*, is the Total Expenditure for the Relief of the Poor during the Year ended 29th September, 1853, by the Poor Law Unions of Ireland as now constituted. Payments were however made during the year on account of expenses incurred by certain Unions, previously to the alteration of their boundaries, in the years 1849, 1850, and 1851, and which had not been previously brought into the accounts, amounting, according to the Clerks of Unions' Returns, to £4,194 15*s.* 3¾*d.*, making a Total Expenditure during the Year ended 29th September, 1853, of £785,718 4*s.* 2¾*d.*

† See Newtownlimavady Union, in which the total of the four first columns amounts to £1,688 16*s.* 7*d.*; but the Establishment Account having been credited with £341 13*s.* 7*d.* for produce of workhouse ground, &c., the actual expenses are reduced to £1,347 3*s.* This is the result of a departure from the existing accounts' order.

No. II.—Summary of Audited Union Accounts, for the

| Names of Unions. | CHARGE. | | |

Half-year ended 25th March, 1853.

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Loans under Act 1 & 2 Vic., c. 56, s. 35.	Expenses of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Burial Expenses.	Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure for Relief to the Destitute Poor in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid.	Amount repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68.	Debits consequent on change of Boundaries.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
642 12 11½	–	–	–	17 0 0	–	8 2 2	27 3 11	1,855 1 2¾	–	846 6 9	343 13 8	–	234 5 3¾	5,711 10 0¾	Abbeyleix.
427 11 3	–	–	86 13 5	–	–	4 4 3	29 5 6	1,213 13 10¾	–	752 9 8	315 9 10	–	2,285 14 3	4,687 6 0	Antrim.
466 14 10	–	15 0 0	66 16 10	–	–	9 6 7	24 14 10	1,582 17 7	–	1,235 8 3	309 18 8	–	2,243 6 1	5,371 10 7	Ardee.
441 1 9	–	–	101 10 5	–	–	7 8 10	34 15 7	983 16 2	–	1,706 18 2	593 19 8	–	–	5,877 11 1	Armagh.
707 14 0	–	–	114 5 6	16 5 0	–	8 12 2	231 8 4½	3,202 16 5¾	2 3 4	2,139 17 6	345 6 5	–	3,594 2 5	9,544 8 10¾	Athlone.
644 8 11	–	–	152 16 11	–	–	13 16 9	41 5 4	2,152 12 9½	–	168 17 4½	464 3 10	–	254 7 11	5,662 2 1½	Athy.
542 7 3	–	–	100 10 8	–	–	–	236 2 3	1,695 14 1	–	951 4 10	174 6 6	–	392 12 9	4,505 0 8	Bailieborough.
876 0 1½	–	22 2 4	17 8 8	12 0 0	–	4 2 4	–	2,025 2 6	–	955 14 3	117 12 9½	–	999 19 1¾	4,378 7 3½	Ballina.
839 11 2¼	–	30 0 0	173 8 3½	–	–	15 19 0	109 3 3	2,466 0 1¾	109 7 11	1,495 9 1	275 15 10	–	142 16 6¼	10,700 7 3½	Ballinasloe.
609 11 2¼	–	–	112 0 11½	–	–	2 16 7	30 4 4½	1,868 6 8¾	–	1,315 16 9½	288 10 3½	–	–	10,969 5 11¼	Ballinrobe.
247 8 2	–	18 18 0	27 10 6	–	–	7 0 6	4 10 11	633 6 5	0 6 2	590 7 2	143 14 11	–	1,184 3 11	2,582 11 6	Ballycastle.
880 16 1	–	–	103 8 10½	1 10 0	–	15 17 3½	2 14 0	1,842 9 3¼	–	1,346 9 4	136 5 6	–	–	8,616 16 8	Ballymahon.
538 4 10	–	29 15 0	170 1 0	–	–	8 14 3	18 8 7	1,170 16 2	822 19 5	2,056 19 8	376 6 11	–	1,642 16 9	6,863 18 1	Ballymena.
489 9 7	–	–	0 1 8	–	–	5 2 1	27 10 1	810 17 3	26 9 7	822 4 9	222 17 5	–	1,325 15 8	3,210 8 7	Ballymoney.
285 18 2	–	–	16 5 5	–	–	3 6 4	0 13 0	782 0 11	–	97 18 8	169 12 5	–	147 4 9	1,644 19 3	Ballyshannon.
233 18 3½	–	–	46 3 11	–	–	3 3 11	3 15 6	1,344 16 0½	–	345 2 10	49 3 10	–	–	4,235 4 0¾	Ballyvaghan.
547 0 3	–	–	110 0 0	71 0 0	–	19 12 0	10 17 0	1,848 0 10	–	1,001 11 2½	411 15 4	–	1,265 3 10¾	4,697 14 3¼	Balrothery.
667 5 1	–	15 0 0	87 2 5	7 0 0	–	6 4 1	42 17 9	1,916 9 4	–	431 14 7	289 8 3	–	33 7 4¾	5,220 15 3½	Baltinglass.
307 0 0¼	–	15 0 0	–	–	–	8 4 2	15 7 3	866 5 0¼	1,016 15 11	–	312 1 7	–	1,810 13 1¾	4,167 10 7¼	Banbridge.
599 5 9¾	–	–	75 0 0	–	–	4 3 0	14 12 11	1,828 17 1	8 10 5	450 9 6	296 2 10	–	–	12,244 4 1	Bandon.
752 1 11	–	10 0 0	58 14 3	–	–	15 11 10½	72 3 3	2,031 12 6¼	–	11 3 1	116 17 9	–	370 18 2¾	5,123 16 1	Bantry.
186 15 2	–	44 3 4	41 3 5	–	–	2 19 8	15 14 4	595 17 6	–	77 14 10	162 6 7	–	–	3,090 16 7¾	Bawnboy.
2,400 1 7	–	68 2 9	214 2 11	–	–	53 16 8	157 16 2	7,861 11 4	–	1,773 2 7	960 11 2	–	3,976 12 5	14,859 17 5	Belfast.
331 6 3	–	10 0 0	48 14 6	–	–	1 7 0	2 5 0	864 1 5	–	404 10 9	23 16 10	–	76 7 3	2,368 2 1	Belmullet.
540 18 8½	–	–	75 10 6	–	–	2 12 3	12 3 6	1,566 8 5½	–	1,502 13 1	146 19 3	–	–	6,565 0 11½	Borrisokane.
656 11 3	–	–	91 4 0	–	–	3 0 3	64 8 7	1,643 10 7	–	684 7 4	213 14 2	–	–	9,487 0 8	Boyle.
1,179 4 4	–	–	59 6 6	–	–	5 17 6	30 8 10	2,937 3 9	–	679 4 8	270 16 0	–	14 13 3½	7,019 8 7	Cahercivcen.
585 3 3	–	–	1 15 6	1 0 0	–	7 3 8	5 12 4	2,418 5 7	–	799 5 4	176 18 10	–	210 15 5	4,452 2 4½	Callan.
587 3 2½	–	15 0 0	17 10 7	6 0 0	–	17 17 1	62 19 0	4,225 1 0	144 1 7	1,875 8 8	513 6 3	–	7,275 9 1	16,664 7 2	Carlow.
445 17 3	–	–	12 3 2	36 10 0	–	5 4 11	24 10 0	1,330 12 8½	–	691 0 2	250 19 0	–	228 3 8¾	3,233 19 1	Carrickmacross.
328 12 0	–	17 15 2	11 10 11	–	–	3 6 8	49 8 1	1,089 3 6	–	73 8 8	302 13 1	–	–	5,060 19 5½	Carrick-on-Shan.
1,270 12 9¾	–	–	136 5 2	1 0 0	–	9 14 8¾	27 19 0	3,001 11 8	–	1,446 0 9	543 14 4	–	1,242 19 9	8,755 6 2½	Carrick-on-Suir.
1,782 17 4½	–	–	167 7 8	46 15 0	–	16 17 6	76 12 3	5,990 9 5	–	3,152 9 10	381 11 0	–	16 17 11	14,852 8 2½	Cashel.
856 15 5	–	–	160 10 6	–	–	2 5 6	115 2 0	1,959 1 5	–	1,350 6 6	203 2 7	–	–	12,124 0 8	Castlebar.
440 4 6	–	5 0 0	26 5 2	–	–	7 10 6	28 15 6	1,369 15 10¾	–	–	195 6 0	–	1,936 18 9	4,616 9 0	Castleblayney.
292 6 1½	–	–	79 14 10	143 17 6	–	6 16 7	6 18 2	1,364 17 8¾	–	598 17 5	120 15 9	–	444 6 6¼	3,156 10 10½	Castlecomer.
147 16 8	–	1 11 0	–	–	–	2 5 8	6 1 7	289 6 0	–	315 4 10	107 16 10	–	36 9 8	1,177 15 5	Castlederg.
462 18 2½	–	28 0 0	8 5 1	–	–	4 15 7	9 2 11	1,133 9 6	–	130 14 3	172 15 4	–	105 18 5½	2,160 7 1½	Castlerea.
423 2 7½	–	–	31 9 11	–	–	–	20 0 5	1,280 5 1½	–	120 15 7	129 11 1	–	662 10 6½	2,619 3 7½	Castletown.
173 18 8	–	9 0 0	27 14 8	–	–	3 3 6	13 10 0	563 6 11	–	14 2 6	180 8 0	–	805 5 0¼	1,739 16 11¼	Castletowndelvin.
755 19 8	–	15 0 0	109 11 8	4 0 0	–	8 13 6	4 2 8	2,161 13 10	227 11 11	1,127 19 10	565 19 1	–	–	14,195 17 11	Cavan.
434 16 3	–	–	–	4 0 0	–	6 14 5	4 12 8	1,103 7 7½	–	935 9 7½	752 6 8	–	381 1 2	3,735 13 2½	Celbridge.
598 15 5¼	–	20 0 0	72 6 0	18 0 0	–	2 15 3	–	1,452 12 1¼	26 2 3	1,534 3 0	53 0 0	–	24 8 10¼	8,389 13 10½	Claremorris.
406 15 10	–	25 0 0	25 9 3	–	–	3 12 0	40 0 3	1,259 9 6	–	148 19 4	115 8 2	–	–	7,795 3 7½	Clifden.
984 10 5	–	12 10 0	–	0 11 4	–	4 4 2	63 7 2	3,092 8 1	–	–	192 11 1	–	13 17 2¼	6,574 5 2¼	Clogheen.
338 13 1½	–	–	9 16 3	–	–	2 4 4	2 0 11	852 4 5½	–	397 15 1	297 18 2	–	300 15 8	2,787 7 6¼	Clogher.
458 4 2¼	–	10 5 7	34 9 1	–	–	4 7 6¼	5 9 8	1,022 13 8½	–	918 11 7	117 17 9½	–	0 15 11½	4,801 16 11¼	Clonakilty.
849 16 7	–	–	4 19 5	–	–	2 10 7	10 8 4	1,352 15 2½	461 8 9	–	229 3 7	–	–	3,693 16 9	Clones.
245 11 10½	280 19 1	–	134 14 8	–	–	7 10 0	113 19 3	7,107 6 0½	–	844 5 5	490 15 3	–	3,316 12 1	12,755 9 9¼	Clonmel.
278 7 8	–	26 0 0	25 12 2	–	–	8 16 10	27 10 0	853 17 3	–	988 12 4	283 4 9	–	711 15 3	2,943 18 2	Coleraine.
371 9 9	–	–	21 15 0	1 4 0	–	3 13 5	1 8 8	778 2 6	378 12 10	310 3 7	228 8 8	–	540 10 5	2,305 3 0	Cookstown.
947 1 0	–	65 0 0	–	1 0 0	–	5 0 0	16 11 8	1,332 1 2	–	–	246 2 7	–	268 7 3	2,413 6 7	Cootehill.
941 0 0	–	50 0 0	681 9 10	23 10 0	–	31 3 9	76 8 7	12,158 15 5½	–	755 8 7	1,067 16 4	–	948 19 1½	17,819 0 11¾	Cork.
95 16 10¾	–	–	37 8 5	–	–	3 1 7½	16 18 9	1,361 19 1½	–	–	40 12 2	–	197 15 7½	2,624 11 [illegible]	Corrofin.
887 15 6¼	–	–	96 16 11	23 10 0	297 5 0	8 18 7	8 15 8	2,776 14 5¼	–	–	336 17 1	–	–	5,978 12 5¼	Croom.

[continued.

No. II.—SUMMARY of Audited Accounts, for the Half-y

| NAMES OF UNIONS. | CHARGE. | | |

ded 25th March, 1853.

ended 25th March, 1853—continued.

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

...blishment ...ons.	Repayment of Loans under Act 1 & 2 Vic., c. 56, s. 35.	Expenses of Valuation or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Burial Expenses.	Elections, Law, and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure for Relief to the Destitute Poor in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Poor-rate Arrears.	Amount repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 & 14 Vic., c. 11.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vict. c. 68.	Debits consequent on change of Boundaries.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
... 11 2	-	100 0 0	-	-	-	11 7 4	6 19 1	2,385 0 11	-	1,171 0 6	307 18 10	-	-	18,516 5 8½	Mallow.
... 18 5	-	-	24 12 11	-	-	2 14 3	4 11 8	985 17 9	-	506 9 9	241 14 3	-	268 14 4	5,028 8 7½	Manorhamilton.
... 15 5	-	-	539 16 1	-	-	23 12 0	45 1 5	4,419 16 4	-	316 9 1	451 17 0	-	2,494 12 ...	8,8 3 16 11½	Midleton.
... 15 5	-	-	40 15 8	-	-	3 0 10	3 0 6	545 4 11	-	364 16 9	205 15 8	-	694 1 ...	1,911 8 2½	Milford.
... 14 9½	-	-	-	-	-	-	12 10 2	2,058 18 8½	-	618 1 3	34 13 2	-	15 7 7½	4,976 19 5½	Millstreet.
... 1 10½	-	-	-	-	-	10 10 0	21 4 11	1,937 10 0¼	-	-	129 10 5	-	1,182 11 1	8,540 11 6⅜	Mitchelstown.
... 10 7	-	-	50 8 9	-	-	3 13 4	-	944 6 10½	-	131 18 4	176 8 4	-	-	8,434 7 6	Mohill.
... 10 6	-	-	-	-	-	4 5 6	25 16 0	836 13 4	-	-	281 13 10	-	-	3,588 4 8	Monaghan.
... 12 4½	-	20 0 0	133 4 6	181 3 ...	-	1 15 6	46 15 11½	1,483 5 1...	-	1,025 6 9	156 3 8	-	-	6,084 3 9	Mount Bellew.
... 9 ...	-	-	242 13 10	-	-	13 4 2	33 2 5	2,440 11 ...	-	1,216 11 ...	623 7 7	-	217 3 ...	10,052 6 ...	Mountmellick.
... 5 0½	-	-	249 11 7	-	-	12 9 6	41 14 6	3,721 19 1½	-	1,721 9 11	492 12 7½	-	79 15 10½	13,2 6 16 9	Mullingar.
... 14 5½	-	-	218 2 7	-	-	3 19 0	157 6 2	2,841 18 6	-	540 8 11	171 0 11	-	452 9 ...	14,589 1 6	Naas.
... 0 ...	-	10 9 0	92 18 5	3 10 0	-	8 8 10	25 8 6	2,789 8 6	-	716 12 9	295 19 10	-	25 8 ...	5,455 11 1½	Navan.
... 4 5	-	-	147 4 6	1 10 0	582 9 0	12 4 ...	109 9 11	5,852 4 4½	-	2,019 3 10	375 3 3	-	668 15 ...	11,674 18 4	Nenagh.
... 7 ...	-	-	123 4 2	10 0 0	235 3 10	9 2 11	72 14 2	5,081 19 1½	-	91 6 11	302 16 2	532 14 ...	582 2 ...	8,816 1 ...	Newcastle.
... 16 4	-	20 0 0	23 11 3	-	-	1 3 4	1 19 ...	1,100 19 ...	-	165 12 9	40 0 9	-	-	3,288 12 1½	Newport.
... 2 1	-	-	311 13 7	1 15 0	-	16 0 6	71 14 7	4,623 4 0½	-	1,091 13 ...	754 16 10	-	... 12 ...	11,542 11 4½	New Ross.
... 1 0	-	6 0 0	15 15 6	-	-	15 4 6	7 ... 7	1,550 2 6	646 11 10	627 12 6	428 3 8	-	... 335 11 ...	... 2 19 6	Newry.
... 7 0	-	14 17 6	77 5 4	-	-	8 15 6	19 6 10	1,168 5 2	120 11 10	-	302 7 3	-	... 32 3 6	2,020 8 ...	Newtownards.
... 3 4	-	-	108 4 1	-	-	6 7 0	0 17 6	715 15 6	-	-	183 8 8	-	620 0 11	1,786 2 2	Newtownstewart.
... 14 9	-	10 0 0	55 13 6	3 11 0	-	3 12 6	35 8 4	1,828 8 1	-	7... 9 1	179 13 0	-	1,... 1 ...	4,... 6 5	Oldcastle.
... 7 7	1,251 3 5	-	147 17 10	0 14 8	-	8 5 5	2 18 6	2,656 0 11	-	628 3 7	228 11 11	-	194 4 6	4,574 18 11	Omagh.
... 6 4	-	-	50 0 0	-	-	4 10 0	3 7 1	1,272 7 2¼	-	632 19 8	62 2 6¾	-	-	6,420 10 9	Oughterard.
... 7 2½	-	180 0 0	61 19 1	2 0 0	-	7 0 10	23 10 6	2,664 17 ...	-	1,... 0 6	380 18 6	-	38 9 ...	10,... 0 6	Parsonstown.
... 18 3	-	15 0 0	-	-	-	1 10 6¾	19 16 4	1,012 17 11½	-	570 14 10	105 19 0	-	-	5,466 2 6¾	Portumna.
... 3 7	-	-	162 15 4	-	-	11 7 7	14 14 0	2,497 9 1	-	1,248 0 9¼	553 1 0	-	333 19 8½	4,994 1 7	Rathdown.
... 0 0	-	-	52 9 11	802 19 4	-	4 14 6	34 8 10	3,0... 12 0½	-	-	410 4 9	-	205 18 ...	4,... 13 ...	Rathkeale.
... 5 ...	-	-	103 18 10	-	324 13 6	9 4 4	34 1 5	2,... 9 ...	-	2... 15 11	223 14 ...	-	515	1,037 7 0	Ringaskiddy.
... 6 2¼	-	-	165 15 1½	-	4... 19 4	8 11 10...	30 3 2	2,741 18 6½	-	...964 13 11	192 3 7...	-	542 10 4½	7,... 18 ... 1½	Roscommon.
... 9 10	-	-	155 13 11	-	-	7 4 0	37 10 3	1,874 15 2½	-	5,... 12 9	247 2 6	-	155 11 2...	7,811 7 1...	Rosslea.
... 16 3	-	57 8 3	58 19 3	-	-	2 17 4	70 1 3	3,195 13 7	-	162 9 11	183 7 11	-	-	11,125 17 2½	Scariff.
... 5 4	-	12 10 0	106 15 1	-	-	7 1 4	32 12 11	1,477 5 5¾	-	1,326 14 5	180 11 0	-	-	7,344 18 9¾	Shillelagh.
... 16 3	-	-	79 9 6	-	-	10 5 10	22 5 0	2,514 0 2¾	-	1,442 15 6	253 5 11	-	811 16 0¾	5,055 0 2	Skibbereen.
... 0 6¼	-	-	18 15 1	-	-	2 7 0	4 9 8	1,017 6 6¼	-	727 9 6	87 12 10	-	898 11 8	2,848 1 5	Skull.
... 18 5	-	10 0 0	412 17 6	24 7 3	-	7 5 8	95 0 2	2,641 5 9	-	1,459 15 5	635 8 9	-	2,590 3 7½	10,756 3 3½	Sligo.
... 19 9	-	-	1 9 4	1 19 4	-	7 6 6	25 4 11	1,070 6 2	-	7 18 5	304 10 6	-	557 7 4½	1,930 2 5½	Strabane.
... 17 1	-	5 5 0	62 4 1	-	-	3 0 0	5 1 0	520 2 7	-	338 14 7	133 16 2	-	129 14 4	1,379 15 7	Stramolar.
... 2 0½	-	17 10 0	41 9 0	7 0 0	-	4 14 0	11 8 7	1,... 11 9	-	219 10 5	100 13 1	-	--	3,146 14 ...	Strokestown.
... 14 7	-	40 0 0	145 17 1	-	-	2 0 0	0 16 6	1,0... 6 2¾	-	1,... 19 2	220 12 4	-	-	6,... 8 2	Swinford.
... 17 8	-	-	175 15 5	33 0 0	-	9 9 8	30 12 4	2,375 9 9½	-	9... 6 11	197 19 6	-	2,503 14 1	6,478 0 9	Thomastown.
... 7 11	-	-	207 15 7½	19 19 0	-	11 2 0	201 10 1½	2,... 0 6	-	1,... 13 0	512 10 9	-	8 2 4½	6,... 18 8	Thurles.
... 15 4	-	-	383 11 7	14 17 8	-	16 19 7	24 18 2	4,... 16 4½	-	2... 7 0	284 15 11	-	-	13,944 3 11	Tipperary.
... 11	-	-	7 16 0	-	-	0 5 3	2 14 0	... 12 6½	-	-	108 13 6	-	302 11 ...	... 16 ...	Tobercurry.
... 9½	-	30 0 6	275 12 6	174 19 ...	-	13 15 0	58 13 5	7,925 7 9½	-	... 1 4	570 1 8	-	49 14 ...	11,5... 19 ...	Tralee.
... 3	-	17 10 0	96 16 7	15 15 1	-	16 17 9	43 14 0	1,772 14 3	-	565 19 5	241 12 6	-	200 15 ...	4,... 9 2	Trim.
... 3½	-	40 0 0	62 5 0	-	-	5 9 9	34 15 6	2,477 6 7	-	1,404 13 9	228 9 10	-	-	12,672 18 10...	Tuam.
... 0	-	5 0 0	77 0 5	141 10 8	-	5 0 2	13 15 1½	3,191 9 2...	-	-	137 9 4	-	-	8,993 5 2½	Tulla.
... 0	-	-	193 9 0	22 0 0	-	4 17 0	40 14 7	3,902 15 10½	-	0 16 5	347 14 4	-	-	8,761 16 3	Tullamore.
... 2½	-	-	165 12 8	-	-	4 10 9	26 16 9	2,226 12 10½	-	888 12 11	184 17 11½	-	468 16 0¾	4,331 1 7¾	Urlingford.
... 1½	-	10 0 0	411 15 3	11 18 6	-	36 12 8	116 10 11	6,634 1 9	-	1,147 7 3	551 13 5	-	487 1 4	17,... 11 11	Waterford.
... 7	-	-	165 9 8	-	-	3 15 0	108 4 7	1,755 8 11¼	-	1,311 16 9	161 8 8	-	-	13,665 3 6	Westport.
... 0¼	-	12 10 0	184 0 9	62 1 5	-	18 8 8	52 10 4	3,863 4 9¼	-	-	491 10 1	-	5,108 2 1...	9,614 17 5½	Wexford.
... 3	-	-	64 15 3	-	-	22 15 9	29 19 4	2,395 16 9¼	-	1,040 2 9	214 16 1	-	169 2 4½	5,192 14 10¼	Youghal.
... 5 3	2,256 0 5	1,743 15 0	15,780 5 2	2,125 9 11	2,720 19 11	1,505 12 5¼	6,039 17 0	383,499 19 2¾	4,445 6 5	124,194 4 7	46,074 19 3¼	971 3 8¾	101,405 14 10	1,173,092 13 4¼	Total(153 Unions.)

No. III.—Summary of Audited Union Accounts for

| Names of Unions. | CHARGE. | | |

Half-year ended 29th September, 1853—*continued.*

DISCHARGE.

Expenditure on Account of Electoral Divisions.

Establishment Charges.	Repayment of Loans under Act 1 & 2 Vic., c. 56, s. 35.	Expenses of Valuing or Revising Valuations.	Collectors' Poundage or other Remuneration.	Amount expended on Emigration.	Amount of Emigration Loan Repaid, and Interest thereon.	Burial Expenses.	Elections, Law and other Expenses.	Total Expenditure for Relief to the Destitute Poor in the Half-year.	Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid.	Amount Repaid under Loans and Annuities Act, 13 Vic., cap. 14.	Expenses under Medical Charities Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68.	Debits consequent on change of Boundaries.	Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this Half-year.	Total.	Names of Unions.
£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
1,551 5 10½	–	30 0 0	127 18 5	2 10 0		6 14 4	27 0 7½	4,244 13 0¾	–	1,016 12 8	328 3 10½	–	–	21,787 19 5	Dingle.
396 17 9¼	–	–	1 2 6	2 0 0	–	2 4 0	11 8 10	848 11 4¼	–	–	111 9 2	–	81 18 0¼	1,871 10 4¾	Donaghmore.
261 8 4	–	–	3 3 2	–	–	4 7 4	1 17 7	506 7 6	22 11 10	694 14 9	331 9 5	–	–	6,298 4 7¾	Donegal.
456 7 0	–	–	52 7 0	–	–	5 2 0	33 15 7	1,311 19 7	–	–	369 17 9	–	1,091 19 11	2,773 17 3	Downpatrick.
560 3 0½	–	–	101 6 0	–	–	23 12 4	22 8 10	2,208 2 6	49 0 9	1,454 10 5	464 18 0	–	34 5 5	5,153 13 10	Drogheda.
471 13 5	–	–	59 19 1	–		5 1 8	21 18 7	909 2 5	–	225 17 0	200 19 0	–	105 5 7	1,612 15 11	Dromore, West.
2,321 15 5	–	–	55 3 1	13 10 0		17 18 0	44 5 1	9,574 5 2½	–	–	816 14 7	–	274 6 1¼	13,771 5 0¾	Dublin, North.
3,146 0 9	–	–	442 18 9	18 0 0	–	90 0 7	100 17 5	11,205 5 10	–	–	1,432 6 7	–	1,394 10 3¼	15,038 1 8¾	Dublin, South.
466 0 7	–	–	176 3 11	–	–	11 6 3	43 15 0	1,751 13 8¼	–	–	427 15 6	–	1,796 7 4	3,998 3 4	Dundalk.
147 2 6	–	–	17 7 1	–	–	1 10 3	14 0 1	264 13 1	–	73 12 5	118 17 4	–	263 17 4	772 19 8	Dunfanaghy.
464 15 6	–	–	95 4 1	–	–	3 16 0	4 4 1	842 2 0	–	214 12 6	336 11 7	–	78 5 6	1,530 3 10	Dungannon.
1,330 8 4	–	–	122 3 0	–	–	16 4 8	41 13 2	3,074 10 6¾	–	–	247 19 5	–	669 9 7¼	3,991 19 7	Dungarvan.
395 15 11½	–	7 10 0	20 19 6	–	–	2 13 4	7 18 0	1,021 2 10½	–	447 1 0	198 4 11	700 0 0	81 2 11¼	6,614 13 1½	Dunmanway.
544 6 8	–	–	22 7 1	1 5 0	–	12 10 10	15 8 9	1,575 0 6¼	–	–	317 16 11	–	380 2 3¼	2,272 19 8½	Dunshaughlin.
902 4 7½	–	30 0 0	88 12 0	676 9 2	–	12 16 8	10 6 3	3,129 11 10¼	–	–	550 19 2½	–	3 6 8¼	5,573 16 4½	Edenderry.
1,378 8 8¼	–	–	49 12 11	27 10 0	–	24 8 2	135 1 1½	4,325 6 11¼	–	390 1 2	282 0 1	–	–	7,162 10 4½	Ennis.
980 3 1	–	22 10 0	55 2 3	30 10 0	–	25 8 1	39 13 1	3,320 13 7	–	–	574 4 3	–	200 13 9	5,613 3 0	Enniscorthy.
392 0 3	–	–	42 10 0	–	–	4 10 9	5 8 3	1,196 10 6	–	156 17 6	310 18 10	–	–	5,732 3 0¼	Enniskillen.
2,506 15 11	–	26 0 0	122 9 5	15 10 0	–	21 7 0	39 5 5	4,989 5 2¼	–	–	262 11 7	–	–	12,794 16 8¼	Ennistymon.
1,106 2 0	–	–	203 2 9	–	–	6 10 0	19 16 8	2,727 0 8½	–	–	429 16 5	–	609 5 8	5,919 10 7¼	Fermoy.
2,096 13 1	–	30 0 0	109 13 4	0 10 0	–	17 2 0	70 12 7	4,914 0 6¼	–	181 16 5	878 19 5	–	–	16,811 17 11¼	Galway.
433 4 11	–	12 10 0	30 6 2	–	–	2 10 10¾	2 10 2	1,237 3 8	–	310 2 7	109 4 2½	–	–	2,891 12 0½	Glenmamaddy.
365 8 11	–	3 0 0	89 14 0	–	–	2 16 6	16 1 10	716 1 10	–	894 14 8	231 10 8	–	99 3 0	2,682 18 5½	Glenties.
1,706 2 6¼	–	–	56 12 9	–	–	6 6 0½	41 17 1	2,865 19 9	–	–	234 9 11	41 9 6	25 15 7¾	5,615 10 6	Glin.
748 15 11	–	15 0 0	31 15 6	6 9 11	–	6 12 6	54 9 0	2,415 15 8	–	–	219 12 2	–	–	5,836 9 6½	Gorey.
614 0 8	–	40 0 0	28 18 8	17 3 0	–	6 14 0	32 13 0	2,252 14 1½	–	196 11 2	280 19 6½	–	7 18 0¾	6,671 19 5½	Gort.
340 0 3	–	–	–	–	–	2 7 6	1 11 3	461 18 8	–	–	131 4 6	–	552 13 5	1,161 13 7	Gortin.
903 12 11¾	–	–	36 12 0	3 18 0	–	7 10 9	18 6 4	2,184 9 0¾	–	228 0 0	559 17 11	–	492 0 7	6,584 10 7¼	Granard.
334 8 9	–	–	9 16 4	–	–	6 10 0	3 12 11	574 14 6	–	98 9 10	485 2 3	–	206 7 8	1,720 2 3	Inishowen.
1,889 5 6	–	22 10 0	196 17 0	52 11 0	–	15 10 0	62 15 3½	4,628 6 5½	–	3 8 11	405 5 9	–	–	10,931 16 0½	Kanturk.
663 0 0	–	10 0 0	10 18 2½	2 6 2	–	8 13 9½	18 17 8	2,081 6 5¾	–	149 5 3	257 17 3	–	0 11 6½	2,649 17 1½	Kells.
1,317 9 10	–	10 0 0	188 15 8	8 0 0	–	12 4 6	80 2 4	3,794 18 1	–	142 10 8	320 16 5	–	–	16,671 0 5¾	Kenmare.
227 4 5	–	–	36 16 1	–	–	4 16 0	18 14 4	408 11 0¼	–	490 14 8	182 16 4	–	498 19 10	1,618 17 1¼	Kilkeel.
717 2 6	–	–	47 2 6	55 0 0	–	16 13 0	23 5 6	4,132 12 8¼	–	88 7 10	392 7 6	–	–	7,250 16 3	Kilkenny.
581 14 11¼	–	45 0 0	42 13 5	30 12 6	–	6 4 0	41 6 5	2,116 15 9½	–	563 6 10	100 7 7	–	–	8,513 1 1	Killadysert.
871 9 9	–	30 0 0	52 1 6	–	–	3 16 0	30 16 11	1,735 2 1½	–	374 0 0	250 9 11	–	–	3,636 17 1	Killala.
1,116 15 4	–	–	76 1 11	21 0 0	–	16 0 0	97 13 8	3,977 9 0	–	1,021 5 8	462 15 6	–	–	10,270 12 1¼	Killarney.
662 16 6½	–	–	34 14 4	–	–	10 2 4	15 11 2	1,452 0 5	–	–	178 15 0	1,348 13 6	1,283 1 9½	5,636 14 3½	Kilmacthomas.
2,222 18 0	–	–	205 10 4	75 6 8	–	17 3 8	24 14 7	5,976 14 2½	–	1,023 12 5	533 18 6	–	356 14 8½	9,074 1 3	Kilmallock.
1,090 2 7	–	10 0 0	54 18 5	49 3 0	–	21 7 5	33 15 5	4,237 5 10¾	–	819 18 8	218 5 4	–	–	20,711 10 11½	Kilrush.
454 14 8½	–	6 5 0	49 10 10	–	–	8 5 4	12 9 10	1,469 5 9½	–	1 12 7	225 14 6	–	491 6 11¼	4,162 14 9	Kinsale.
343 0 0	–	–	13 13 7	–	–	3 6 6	14 3 4	849 11 11	–	–	216 7 5	–	1,059 7 4	2,125 6 8	Larne.
261 16 2	–	–	59 9 6	24 5 0	–	1 12 0	11 11 4	541 0 9	–	68 12 7	279 16 6	–	155 12 11	1,075 16 5	Letterkenny.
2,557 1 5½	–	15 0 0	196 4 11	85 10 0	–	55 16 6	84 9 7	11,462 14 4	40 5 11	1,410 15 9	584 9 9½	3,164 3 9	287 14 0¼	35,119 7 5¾	Limerick.
290 0 9	–	21 18 6	–	–	–	7 0 11	26 12 10	838 17 11	–	–	384 4 6	–	1,007 11 5	2,230 13 10	Lisburn.
929 7 6	–	–	132 1 6	5 0 0	–	29 14 4	33 15 5	2,696 18 5½	–	2 12 5	335 3 2	–	60 2 6	3,859 7 6½	Lismore.
285 19 5	–	–	46 18 4	15 0 0	–	2 12 1	3 1 11	659 10 1	–	637 18 0	230 15 4	–	75 2 2	1,728 15 4	Lisnaskea.
1,144 19 3	–	–	153 16 7	–	–	24 11 10	19 5 7	3,748 19 1	–	615 5 8	256 4 6	–	212 11 8	11,679 10 8	Listowel.
636 7 3	–	–	98 15 3	–	–	11 14 6	23 5 1	1,614 12 4	–	–	694 10 7	–	837 11 0	3,146 13 11	Londonderry.
1,455 18 7	–	–	147 8 0	11 0 0	–	5 15 0	58 12 10	2,652 12 2	–	948 6 0	410 5 6	–	1,255 10 0	5,491 5 7	Longford.
529 1 0	–	25 0 0	29 12 3	1 15 0	–	1 16 0	16 1 6½	1,774 17 8¾	–	107 16 9	244 9 9	–	7 19 10¼	8,063 14 8¼	Loughrea.
226 0 0	–	–	–	–	–	1 8 1	10 9 10	397 17 11	–	427 4 11	166 3 7	–	51 5 1	2,387 15 10	Lowtherstown.
472 16 8	–	21 0 0	–	–	–	9 13 4	21 19 9	1,102 13 2	–	–	383 9 1	218 2 5	513 10 1	2,225 9 8	Lurgan.
783 16 7	–	–	28 18 10	–	–	5 16 9	16 10 6	2,513 1 8	–	160 1 10	239 6 8	337 4 1¼	326 15 9½	8,528 9 7¾	Macroom.
331 17 10	–	16 0 0	55 3 6	1 8 9	–	5 11 8	6 17 0	716 19 6	–	–	346 19 8	–	541 0 3	1,619 18 1	Magherafelt.

[*continued.*

No. IV.—Summaries of Tables Nos. II. and III., showing the Total Receipts, Expenditure, and Balances, for the Half-years ended 25th March and 29th September, 1853, respectively.

1.—Summary of Table No. II.:—Half-year ended 25th March, 1853:—163 Unions.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	*Cr.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	56,745 12 6	By balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	510,501 5 3½
„ Amount of poor-rate collected and lodged during the half-year ended 25th March, 1853,	668,569 16 4		„ In-maintenance and Clothing of Electoral Division Paupers during half-year ended 25th March, 1853,	195,911 10 0½	
„ Amount of repayment of relief by way of loan,	109 7 3½		„ Ditto, of Union Paupers,	32,092 2 0	
„ Amount raised by rate or borrowed for emigration purposes,	974 0 6		„ Out-door relief, maintenance of Electoral Division Paupers, during the above period,	2,236 11 1¾	
„ Amount of other receipts,	8,353 9 10	678,006 13 11½	„ Ditto, of Union Paupers,	97 9 4½	
„ Credits under final adjustment orders, consequent on change of Union boundaries,	—	17,297 17 10½	„ Relief by way of Loan,	0 1 6½	230,437 14 1½
			„ Establishment charges,	122,910 5 3	
			„ Repayment of loans under Act, 1 and 2 Vic., c. 56, s. 35,	2,206 0 5	
			„ Valuation expenses,	1,743 15 0	
			„ Amount of Collectors' poundage or other remuneration,	15,780 5 2	
			„ Emigration expenses,	2,125 9 11	
			„ Amount of Emigration Loan repaid, and interest thereon,	2,720 19 11	
			„ Burial expenses,	1,505 12 5½	
			„ Election, law, and other expenses,	6,069 17 0	155,062 5 1½
			„ Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid,	4,445 6 5	
			„ Amount repaid under Loans & Annuities' Act, 13 Vic., c. 14,	124,194 4 7	
			„ Expenses under Medical Charities' Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68,	46,074 19 3½	174,714 10 3¾
			„ Debits under final adjustment orders, consequent on change of Union boundaries,	—	971 3 8¾
„ Balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	421,042 9 0½	„ Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this half-year,	—	101,405 14 10
Total,	—	1,173,092 13 4½	Total,	—	1,173,692 13 4½

2.—Summary of Table No. III.:—Half-year ended 29th Sept., 1853:—163 Unions.

Dr.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	*Cr.*	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	101,405 14 10	By balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of previous half-year,	—	421,042 9 0½
„ Amount of poor-rate collected and lodged during the half-year ended 29th September, 1853,	331,742 13 2¾		„ In-maintenance and Clothing of Electoral Division Paupers during half-year ended 29th September, 1853,	188,070 7 3½	
„ Amount of repayment of relief by way of loan,	39 19 6		„ Ditto of Union Paupers,	29,956 3 11	
„ Amount raised by rate or borrowed for emigration purposes,	1,018 19 7		„ Out-door relief, maintenance of Electoral Division Paupers during the above period,	2,398 7 8½	
„ Amount of other receipts,	33,816 0 2	366,617 12 5¾	„ Ditto of Union Paupers,	87 7 5½	
„ Credits under final adjustment orders, consequent on change of Union boundaries,	—	39,972 11 1¾	„ Relief by way of Loan,	10 11 6	220,523 2 10
			„ Establishment charges,	140,750 7 10½	
			„ Repayment of loans under Act, 1 and 2 Vict., c. 56, s. 35,	332 16 6	
			„ Valuation expenses,	1,781 0 2	
			„ Amount of Collectors' poundage or other remuneration,	13,437 16 4¾	
			„ Emigration expenses,	10,739 9 2½	
			„ Amount of Emigration Loan repaid, and interest thereon,	643 15 4	
			„ Burial expenses,	1,712 18 1	
			„ Election, law, and other expenses,	6,106 1 3½	175,500 6 10
			„ Amount reserved on account of Rate-in-Aid,	223 0 2	
			„ Amount repaid under Loans & Annuities' Act, 13 Vic., c. 14,	55,635 3 8½	
			„ Expenses under Medical Charities' Act, 14 & 15 Vic., c. 68,	58,790 18 6½	114,664 2 4¾
			„ Debits under final adjustment orders, consequent on change of Union boundaries,	—	15,209 1 5½
„ Balances against Electoral Divisions at the close of this half-year,	—	452,462 0 2½	„ Balances in favour of Electoral Divisions at close of this half-year,	—	63,518 16 1½
Total,	—	1,010,457 18 7¾	Total,	—	1,010,457 18 7¾

No. V.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish-
Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	403	19	7½	84	3	5	30	4	11	5	1	6	45	19	6
Antrim,	334	19	6	34	11	0	14	18	3	14	5	0	56	15	6
Ardee,	304	9	6	52	8	3	22	17	1	20	0	0	35	11	2
Armagh,	330	3	8	75	19	10	12	19	2	21	15	10	35	0	3
Athlone,	528	14	2	103	12	3	82	5	0	14	8	4	16	8	0
Athy,	416	4	2	87	5	5	118	2	1	2	0	0	51	9	5
Bailieborough,	363	12	10	35	19	5	53	2	3	3	5	6	34	18	0
Ballina,	495	10	11	72	0	11	79	3	11½	6	5	0	25	7	4
Ballinasloe,	551	19	11¼	76	7	3¾	54	17	6¼	47	3	10¾	58	14	6¾
Ballinrobe,	470	10	9	71	16	5	22	8	3½		–		39	11	9½
Ballycastle,	223	9	7	17	16	2	9	2	4	6	2	5	24	10	5
Ballymahon,	340	8	5¼	133	4	7¼	90	7	11¾	17	1	4½	91	16	7
Ballymena,	346	6	4	84	0	10	90	4	11	21	6	7	40	19	7
Ballymoney,	260	10	1	175	18	4	7	2	11	13	10	0	14	11	3
Ballyshannon,	195	19	6	33	3	1	5	18	5	2	10	3	32	5	0
Ballyvaghan,	194	16	8½	9	14	1	1	0	8		–		2	17	10
Balrothery,	326	0	2	108	3	7	64	0	10	6	1	6	20	11	3
Baltinglass,	470	8	2¾	52	13	6	35	0	10	13	8	0¼	38	2	9
Banbridge,	290	4	8¼	26	11	9	12	7	2	10	17	0½	35	14	11
Bandon,	429	7	6½	83	1	5	14	5	3	5	3	5¼	33	12	11
Bantry,	320	13	0	163	15	0	38	14	10	14	0	2½	124	17	9
Bawnboy,	163	15	7	9	2	2	3	8	8	0	17	9	8	11	8
Belfast,	941	3	4	884	4	10	186	0	9	36	12	6	149	1	11
Belmullet,	157	4	5	42	5	4	22	19	11	4	11	3	35	5	3
Borrisokane,	270	6	4¼	38	10	9	14	17	6	13	7	11	70	0	6
Boyle,	415	18	0	103	17	11	42	2	1	2	9	1	53	6	1
Cahirciveen,	403	8	2	218	17	5	121	4	9	3	10	5	207	5	9
Callan,	386	5	2¾	56	13	8¼	34	13	3¾	8	9	3¼	50	14	2¾
Carlow,	762	11	4½	177	19	1	217	5	2	70	18	0	124	4	6
Carrickmacross,	279	13	9	60	10	6	16	2	4	21	5	1	22	11	5
Carrick-on-Shannon,	208	12	0	109	0	9	39	7	0	15	14	9	7	5	4
Carrick-on-Suir,	623	6	7	232	0	0	25	3	7	23	8	6½	118	15	0
Cashel,	784	19	1½	142	0	1	201	8	8	89	5	0½	203	19	0
Castlebar,	410	12	8	79	14	1	38	16	9	9	17	8	33	13	7
Castleblayney,	267	8	8	88	15	0	35	9	10	16	11	0	26	13	4
Castlecomer,	196	2	2	12	18	7½	12	19	0	4	9	1	16	1	5½
Castlederg,	164	19	5	2	0	11	2	3	7	3	4	2	12	0	1
Castlerea,	334	0	4½	5	14	7½	3	11	9	6	17	7½	47	9	3
Castletown,	231	8	9	47	1	2½	33	17	5	6	18	9	77	13	1
Castletowndelvin,	126	1	1	10	14	11	8	13	0	4	7	4	17	10	6
Cavan,	523	5	9	66	6	4	31	7	6	1	14	5	33	13	7
Celbridge,	271	12	0	61	13	9	55	19	8		–		27	5	8
Claremorris,	389	12	3¼	24	14	3	60	6	8½		–		60	12	8½
Clifden,	312	13	10	34	19	6	11	18	5	13	15	1	22	8	10
Clogheen,	584	7	5¼	142	19	9	56	10	0	30	6	8	61	3	7
Clogher,	250	16	10	69	0	10	11	9	0½	1	0	0	30	8	8
Clonakilty,	268	1	10	142	4	1¾	13	11	1	5	9	0½	16	6	3
Clones,	409	6	8	44	0	7	58	11	4	3	4	0	82	14	6
Clonmel,	760	5	6	442	3	1	138	16	1	43	2	10½	113	14	0
Coleraine,	260	15	7	40	9	6	19	1	4	19	0	6	36	17	1
Cookstown,	229	4	5	18	0	7	9	1	4	17	1	2	15	16	8
Cootehill,	279	0	4	111	9	7	10	4	10	23	16	8	24	17	6
Cork,	1,200	2	1	680	8	7	192	13	6	45	11	0	230	10	9
Corrofin,	239	4	1¼	72	5	3½	57	13	5	0	5	2	53	7	8
Croom,	548	6	1¼	160	1	11	15	12	9	5	15	6	69	13	9

ENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. II.) of the Audited Accounts of 5th MARCH, 1853.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent and Taxes.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
19	9	0	103	14	1½	8	4	3	5	18	0½	706	14	4½	64	1	5	642	12	11½
25	0	10	38	16	9	6	0	6	29	3	4	554	10	8	126	19	5	427	11	3
24	16	0	18	4	4		–		14	1	10	492	8	2	25	13	4	466	14	10
1	10	7		–			–		9	0	3	486	9	7	45	7	10	441	1	9
	–		9	15	5	8	0	0	7	3	9	770	6	11	62	12	11	707	14	0
39	11	8	29	7	10		–		19	19	2	763	19	9	119	10	10	644	8	11
3	12	11	42	19	9		–		5	7	4	542	18	0	0	10	9	542	7	3
	–		225	16	6		–		3	4	0	907	8	7½	31	8	6	876	0	1½
30	15	11	14	10	7¾	12	14	4	17	9	9¼	864	13	10¼	25	2	8	839	11	2¼
14	14	0	11	15	2	6	14	3	12	10	2	650	0	10	40	9	7¾	609	11	2¼
18	19	11	3	0	0		–		0	15	1	303	15	11	56	7	9	247	8	2
59	2	11	136	12	9½	4	19	2	15	7	1¾	889	1	0	8	4	11	880	16	1
17	7	10		–		6	0	0	1	11	11	607	18	0	69	13	2	538	4	10
14	17	5	2	0	0	7	10	0		–		496	0	0	6	10	5	489	9	7
	–		12	17	6		–		4	17	5	287	11	2	1	13	0	285	18	2
	–		13	1	0	2	9	0	9	19	0	233	18	3½		–		233	18	3½
40	16	8	33	3	5	5	12	6	5	2	9	609	12	8	62	12	5	547	0	3
24	0	10	36	0	3		–		17	17	5	687	11	10	20	6	9	667	5	1
16	14	9	10	6	8		–		3	1	2	405	18	1¾	98	18	1½	307	0	0¼
58	19	5	26	8	4	4	13	9	9	17	9	665	9	9¾	66	4	0	599	5	9¾
99	18	11	34	5	9		–		4	4	7½	800	10	1	48	8	2	752	1	11
6	0	7	0	2	4	0	14	1	10	5	0	202	17	10	16	2	8	186	15	2
259	19	9	28	16	3	5	10	0	87	1	2	2,578	10	6	178	8	11	2,400	1	7
29	5	10	47	7	3		–		4	16	0	343	15	3	12	9	0	331	6	3
24	0	9	122	10	11		–		2	19	6	556	14	2¼	15	15	5¾	540	18	8½
	–		21	8	6	9	18	9	34	16	10	686	17	3	30	6	0	656	11	3
155	11	10	43	3	9	1	6	3	24	16	0	1,179	4	4		–		1,179	4	4
26	4	11	58	0	0	1	12	2¼	1	7	3½	624	0	1	38	16	10	585	3	3
152	19	11	135	13	10	16	2	6	15	5	10	1,673	0	2½	85	17	0	1,587	3	2½
26	15	1	5	16	0	8	10	9	7	12	3	448	17	2	2	19	11	445	17	3
2	18	6	20	13	1		–		1	5	0	404	16	5	76	4	5	328	12	0
77	16	9	149	16	0	21	3	6	25	4	8	1,296	14	7½	26	1	9¾	1,270	12	9¾
82	4	7	451	18	10	3	13	6	72	18	6	2,032	7	4	249	9	11½	1,782	17	4½
3	10	2	268	0	0	11	14	3	6	9	3	862	8	5	5	13	0	856	15	5
21	5	11		–		8	3	0	9	15	2	474	1	11	33	17	5	440	4	6
8	8	11½	21	6	1	1	13	2	25	9	5	299	7	11½	7	1	10	292	6	1½
7	10	3	12	6	0	2	5	0	25	19	4	232	8	9	84	12	1	147	16	8
13	8	3	48	11	0¾	7	13	6	7	11	6¾	474	18	0	11	19	9½	462	18	2¾
44	18	6	4	10	0	8	19	6	0	16	11	456	4	1½	33	1	6	423	2	7½
4	3	1	3	14	6	0	10	1	2	9	9	178	4	3	4	5	7	173	18	8
77	2	6	1	15	2	1	9	7	107	17	0	844	11	10	88	12	2	755	19	8
10	6	10		–			–		7	18	4	434	16	3		–		434	16	3
	–		36	7	1	6	16	11	20	5	6	598	15	5¼		–		598	15	5¼
	–		11	7	8	2	12	11	1	16	3	411	12	6	4	16	8	406	15	10
22	0	6	83	9	7	1	16	0	101	12	1	1,084	5	7¼	99	15	2¾	984	10	5
6	19	9	2	12	6	5	9	3	17	9	10	395	6	8½	56	13	7	338	13	1½
7	16	10		–		4	15	0		–		458	4	2¼		–		458	4	2¼
	–		300	0	0	5	0	0	6	5	0	909	2	1	59	5	6	849	16	7
41	8	9	589	6	8	17	0	0	23	15	5	2,169	12	4½	24	0	6	2,145	11	10½
18	6	2	33	13	10		–		10	16	8	439	0	8	160	13	0	278	7	8
19	16	8	60	16	11	1	1	0	12	3	10	383	2	7	11	12	10	371	9	9
27	12	5	25	0	0		–		70	8	11	572	10	3	25	9	3	547	1	0
255	16	5	419	12	7	36	5	0	11	3	10	3,072	3	9	31	3	9	3,041	0	0
26	2	8	49	8	8	7	16	0	2	18	11	509	1	10¾	3	5	0	505	16	10¾
	–		179	7	0		–		26	9	5	1,005	6	5¼	17	10	11	987	15	6¼

[*continued.*

No. V.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish-
Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Dingle,	467	6	4	607	7	2	73	6	3½	18	1	1	203	2	4
Donaghmore,	126	3	9	20	7	3	13	5	4	11	18	2	21	6	8
Donegal,	188	15	7	27	7	6	5	17	9		–		5	4	4
Downpatrick,	314	6	10	43	7	8	32	2	0		–		43	18	8
Drogheda,	370	12	0	81	16	4	13	11	4	11	17	0	41	5	8
Dromore, West,	185	12	0	2	16	6	69	12	6	7	2	10	89	13	7
Dublin, North,	992	19	8	339	14	4	316	3	10	25	0	0	107	2	4
Dublin, South,	1,351	10	10	371	19	1	252	12	2	339	19	4	203	10	5
Dundalk,	329	15	9	135	16	8	19	15	1	13	6	2	56	4	5
Dunfanaghy,	123	8	6	8	8	4	9	18	0	7	7	0	3	17	3
Dungannon,	258	6	0	117	3	9	8	17	8	9	2	0	29	0	8
Dungarvan,	281	2	4	90	11	9½	223	8	11	7	9	0	59	11	4
Dunmanway,	335	8	9	13	16	2	24	17	4	12	9	8	27	4	4
Dunshaughlin,	400	14	3	95	8	8	13	1	5	22	15	5	24	12	2
Edenderry,	317	9	7¾	68	19	2	93	4	9	3	0	0	35	19	6
Ennis,	349	9	11	133	19	5	68	5	3¾	34	14	6¼	9	6	7
Enniscorthy,	574	10	6	212	9	4	97	3	10	7	12	6	92	15	6
Enniskillen,	326	17	3	59	16	10	11	8	0	14	14	11	43	11	10
Ennistymon,	800	14	0	1,301	0	8	280	3	3	3	17	7	208	16	9
Fermoy,	541	12	5	33	4	1	157	18	8	20	6	2¼	100	9	1
Galway,	680	9	7½	92	17	0	98	9	11	14	18	11	95	11	11
Glennamaddy,	181	11	8	2	4	3½	114	4	9	5	16	4	50	11	9½
Glenties,	156	6	9	8	5	7	13	14	7	2	14	0	22	4	2
Glin,	292	14	3¾	59	2	4	69	18	11	13	12	2½	51	19	4
Gorey,	470	16	8	69	11	3	34	7	8	25	0	4	69	14	5
Gort,	346	2	11	176	5	3	85	12	9	16	18	8	34	5	4
Gortin,	140	2	2	24	10	7	38	2	11	3	18	0	72	8	7
Granard,	460	6	9	37	9	4	5	4	0	4	0	0	105	9	0
Inishowen,	232	0	10	57	13	1	15	3	3	10	3	2	25	5	5
Kanturk,	543	4	0¾	552	11	5	74	8	2	39	7	0	122	18	7
Kells,	350	3	3	97	14	5	46	3	11	18	15	9	33	10	1
Kenmare,	587	2	11	175	0	9	83	7	11	16	2	11½	210	7	9
Kilkeel,	164	1	11	10	15	1	10	0	1	4	5	7	19	5	1
Kilkenny,	537	6	10½	81	13	2½	80	10	0	30	1	5	51	16	6½
Killadysert,	419	6	0	43	5	10	153	14	6	2	12	0	153	12	8
Killala,	187	15	7	75	14	4	8	18	9		–		14	2	2
Killarney,	541	4	0¼	237	11	1	239	1	4	20	1	9½	49	4	7
Kilmacthomas,	195	13	4	34	5	4	279	18	2	6	18	9	82	7	3
Kilmallock,	698	9	1¼	376	4	4	129	7	4	46	16	0	337	12	3
Kilrush,	577	18	7	113	6	9	133	2	3		–		60	6	6
Kinsale,	276	19	8½	41	8	8½	21	7	10	9	17	1½	14	10	3
Larne,	286	14	5	27	0	6	20	1	10	1	19	3	28	1	11
Letterkenny,	211	3	11	13	19	11	7	4	7	13	15	6	34	18	2
Limerick,	921	7	2¼	731	2	0	114	3	1	33	8	1	228	15	9
Lisburn,	256	4	6	20	5	5	5	4	1	16	1	7	56	16	6
Lismore,	646	14	10¾	180	8	7	110	16	2	13	9	1	49	5	3
Lisnaskea,	226	4	10	31	3	7	14	5	3	2	16	0	29	1	10
Listowel,	474	1	6	128	17	9	82	17	1	11	19	4	126	11	7
Londonderry,	331	17	7	74	10	1	27	7	8	12	19	4	37	18	5
Longford,	365	3	9¾	369	15	0	225	1	8¼	23	16	10½	181	14	6
Loughrea,	381	15	4	57	12	2	24	12	8		–		44	6	4
Lowtherstown,	164	2	10	12	19	10		–		18	11	0	15	2	2
Lurgan,	296	10	0	41	4	0	53	12	8	17	4	0	33	12	10
Macroom,	303	2	3½	31	0	7	20	12	4	7	0	2	7	9	4
Magherafelt,	266	13	6	13	6	8	29	17	11	21	10	5	30	6	9

IT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. II.) of the Audited Accounts of lh MARCH, 1853—*continued.*

rugs and edical or Surgical ppliances.			Rent and Taxes.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
8	17	8	299	13	7	9	1	3	45	4	4	1,922	0	0½	9	10	1	1,912	9	11½
2	6	7	10	0	0		–		2	8	4	207	16	1	9	4	8	198	11	5
	–			–			–		22	5	1½	249	10	3½	57	0	3	192	10	0½
3	12	4		–		11	11	6	1	14	11	470	13	11	78	19	0	391	14	11
3	18	7	16	7	3	6	18	0	9	10	0	585	16	2		–		585	16	2
6	10	8		–			–		3	1	8	404	9	9	0	18	6	403	11	3
0	11	10	167	7	4		–		55	9	8	2,154	9	0	67	17	6	2,086	11	6
2	6	1	174	10	2		–		21	18	8	2,888	6	9	37	2	10	2,851	3	11
1	8	4	3	0	0	0	4	6	18	12	8¼	598	3	7¾	8	6	4	589	17	3¼
0	10	9		–			–		1	8	9	154	18	7	18	6	2	136	12	5
9	4	5		–		0	7	6	10	4	3	442	6	3	8	1	8	434	4	7
7	18	11	72	5	10	1	18	3	47	19	0	842	5	4½	73	19	2	768	6	2½
	–			–		5	17	0	10	4	9	429	18	0		–		429	18	0
5	0	1		–		4	19	0	8	15	7	585	6	7	10	9	10	574	16	9
3	9	1½	3	10	0	6	5	0	107	10	2	679	7	4¼	70	16	4¼	608	11	0
5	13	1	84	14	1	9	18	0	56	18	6½	762	19	5½	154	9	9	608	9	8½
9	2	10	99	2	6	12	15	0	36	2	11	1,201	14	11	198	4	6	1,003	10	5
6	18	6		–		11	10	10	10	13	1	495	11	3	23	7	6	472	3	9
8	3	3	302	4	0	2	11	5	255	13	8	3,243	4	7	476	14	2	2,766	10	5
	–		45	6	10	11	13	0	28	8	7	938	18	10¼	43	8	0	895	10	10¼
1	1	4	105	0	0	20	0	0	14	16	5	1,163	5	1½	117	6	0½	1,045	19	1
2	19	7	72	3	8¾		–		9	12	11¼	489	5	0½	30	10	8	458	14	4½
9	10	11		–		3	8	10	4	8	7	220	13	5	16	10	0	204	3	5
0	13	3	238	1	8	4	10	0	17	18	9	748	10	9¼	1	5	2¾	747	5	6½
4	8	10	36	9	10	11	3	3	26	19	3	768	11	6	114	16	0	653	15	6
	–		66	18	7	21	5	0	21	6	7½	768	15	1½	50	1	11	718	13	2½
1	7	10	6	11	10		–		0	12	0	317	13	11	13	9	7	304	4	4
	–		21	4	4	8	12	6	9	13	6	651	19	5	25	0	1	626	19	4
	–		0	8	11		–		11	15	11	352	10	7	5	12	1	346	18	6
0	12	8	54	2	3	13	9	0	45	1	9	1,535	14	10¾	55	3	0	1,480	11	10¾
3	5	9	8	0	0		–		1	13	1	609	6	3	5	1	0	604	5	3
0	5	2	180	2	5½	0	12	0	1	19	0	1,355	0	11		–		1,355	0	11
1	7	0	2	11	4		–		24	15	7	237	1	8	93	10	0	143	11	8
5	0	3	86	11	0	11	3	9	71	10	7½	985	13	8	48	5	7	937	8	1
0	14	4	105	3	0	1	17	7	29	16	11½	990	2	10½	6	0	0	984	2	10½
	–		0	8	6	1	0	0	0	17	6	288	16	10	8	5	4	280	11	6
	–		76	15	0	12	4	0	25	2	3	1,201	4	0¾	8	18	0	1,192	6	0¾
4	17	10	23	14	10	5	19	6	15	16	8	659	11	8	40	11	3	619	0	5
4	7	2	47	13	5	10	19	0	270	19	11½	1,962	8	6¾	312	17	3	1,649	11	3¾
6	16	11	158	4	11	14	4	11	21	14	8	1,115	15	6	159	1	9	956	13	9
8	13	10	45	12	9	6	9	0	9	10	11	444	10	1½	13	12	2	430	17	11½
6	15	11	23	0	0	6	12	0	2	5	9	402	11	7	136	11	7	266	0	0
0	10	0		–			–		8	7	2	289	19	3	2	15	0	287	4	3
7	1	6	130	0	0	31	11	3	11	6	0	2,278	14	10¼	47	16	4	2,230	18	6¼
3	18	1		–		8	16	6	65	1	5	442	8	1	157	3	4	285	4	9
2	11	8	84	2	6	6	7	6	52	17	1	1,146	12	8¾	64	1	11½	1,082	10	9¼
	–		6	0	0	6	3	0	2	10	2	318	4	8	75	14	5	242	10	3
2	0	8	347	15	1	20	6	9	52	18	4	1,247	8	1	78	6	1	1,169	2	0
3	15	7		–			–		19	9	11	537	18	7	87	9	11	450	8	8
0	15	9	167	2	1½	6	11	3	14	15	2¼	1,504	16	2¼	21	16	3	1,482	19	11¼
2	4	4	92	8	1		–		5	0	8¼	607	19	7¼	40	17	10	567	1	9¼
	–		0	10	6	6	9	3	17	0	10	234	16	5	17	16	5	217	0	0
0	10	11	23	8	5		–		36	13	10	502	16	8	34	9	8	468	7	0
0	15	1½	16	3	4	6	17	6	1	8	10	394	9	6	1	2	0	393	7	6
	–		18	18	3	2	11	0	26	16	10	410	1	4	122	2	0	287	19	4

[*continued.*

No. V.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establish-
Unions, for the Half-year ended

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Mallow,	437	14	1½	76	11	11	22	2	8	8	17	6½	29	10	1
Manorhamilton,	254	1	8	35	0	0	21	15	9	17	10	0	13	5	3
Midleton,	1,128	1	10	150	14	2	81	18	8	14	0	0	109	4	2
Milford,	191	6	0	4	1	8	2	14	5	8	4	7	24	14	7
Millstreet,	292	15	3	71	8	1	6	19	6	8	16	3	4	16	9
Mitchelstown,	377	8	2¾	69	13	4½	19	4	3	21	17	2¾	19	15	0
Mohill,	301	19	0	10	11	6	4	16	11	3	0	0	32	8	7
Monaghan,	304	16	3	86	10	6	27	5	10	23	1	9	8	17	7
Mount Bellew,	315	3	10	19	9	0¾	89	5	10¼	0	0	7¾	35	11	10¼
Mountmelick,	554	2	6¼	376	13	11½	72	11	11½	6	0	0	74	1	9½
Mullingar,	541	16	1½	230	7	9	190	4	8	67	3	4	68	2	10
Naas,	354	1	2½	170	12	9	48	0	9	26	12	8	31	5	2
Navan,	320	2	5	490	12	1	66	18	1	7	7	0	16	19	0
Nenagh,	713	9	3¼	88	10	5	100	3	11	25	1	2	192	12	9
Newcastle,	673	16	3¼	243	18	0¼	36	5	5	28	8	4	82	6	7
Newport,	288	3	3	117	2	2	70	7	1	1	13	7	13	16	4
New Ross,	583	14	6¼	49	19	8½	71	9	6	16	6	7¾	152	0	9
Newry,	360	10	8	20	0	7	24	11	6	15	5	0	64	7	5
Newtownards,	305	11	9	34	7	1	8	12	3	10	0	0	27	0	11
Newtownlimavady,	265	1	9	24	8	8	3	12	3	10	14	6	20	9	9
Oldcastle,	331	9	0	41	7	10	57	17	6	5	10	0	32	7	6
Omagh,	287	0	2	36	1	2	48	7	3	22	1	8	31	15	1
Oughterard,	330	17	3	15	11	2	9	4	1	7	4	2	2	7	4
Parsonstown,	458	13	7	147	18	8	71	13	5	19	14	6½	59	9	4
Portumna,	225	3	10	22	2	1	36	11	2		–		14	14	8
Rathdown,	494	3	1	209	12	1	90	8	10	5	0	0	58	14	10
Rathdrum,	448	8	9	132	5	10	63	12	11	5	10	0	61	12	7
Rathkeale,	620	0	2	82	12	6½	34	18	6	31	8	4½	40	18	3
Roscommon,	415	5	0¾	77	19	3	63	13	2	2	15	6	55	8	3
Roscrea,	289	8	1	175	17	10	55	2	4	12	0	0	23	16	8
Scariff,	469	13	6	526	3	11	27	1	6	25	1	11	61	6	1
Shillelagh,	322	6	5¼	52	11	10	24	2	2	16	2	10¾	25	11	2
Skibbereen,	455	2	6	161	10	9	44	17	11	13	0	0	73	16	2
Skull,	219	6	6¾	160	4	7	63	2	3	4	7	2	14	1	2
Sligo,	412	0	7	135	1	9	124	8	5	14	8	0	85	0	2
Strabane,	293	0	1	70	14	8	36	7	1		–		14	17	10
Stranorlar,	199	6	1	16	0	0	6	19	11	4	5	0	13	8	5
Strokestown,	325	12	10½	37	6	4	53	12	7	4	0	0	34	10	6
Swineford,	266	4	4	12	14	0	20	16	8	11	8	7	99	13	4
Thomastown,	301	10	6½	29	16	0¾	298	14	3¼	16	11	0½	68	14	8¾
Thurles,	584	2	9	63	11	7	99	5	6	17	14	0¼	79	4	3
Tipperary,	643	11	8	201	2	1	90	14	11	34	0	3	98	7	3
Tobercurry,	133	17	0	12	1	2	24	2	5	5	17	5	20	15	3
Tralee,	878	0	8¾	411	7	3	279	12	9	57	15	2¼	291	1	8
Trim,	274	11	3	49	16	4	52	17	8	78	13	0	42	11	8
Tuam,	555	15	2½	79	6	7	10	4	0		–		49	4	3
Tulla,	434	13	10	315	14	11	198	9	0	21	12	11	85	9	4
Tullamore,	597	9	2	323	0	2	101	19	4		–		67	19	9
Urlingford,	349	13	6	74	1	6½	324	2	11	25	11	3	57	8	6½
Waterford,	773	15	10	285	7	8	119	15	6	33	1	7	141	7	8
Westport,	335	14	9	148	16	8	29	12	7	6	10	0	62	10	1
Wexford,	688	11	8	167	5	2	88	16	5	15	1	5¼	68	6	4
Youghal,	574	17	7	53	14	8	38	16	11	18	10	0	84	0	0
Total,	65,614	14	4¾	20,584	4	6¼	10,576	19	3¼	2,709	3	3¾	10,051	4	7

ENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. II.) of the Audited Accounts of 5th MARCH, 1853—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent and Taxes.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
29	13	1	41	5	0	11	7	3	20	12	7	677	14	3	21	3	0	656	11	3
	–			–		6	15	0	2	19	0	351	6	8	26	8	3	324	18	5
167	11	10	97	11	5		–		39	5	5	1,788	7	6	127	9	1	1,660	18	5
17	15	6		–		0	16	0	9	11	1	259	3	10	11	8	5	247	15	5
	–		103	5	0		–		95	11	7½	583	12	5½	27	17	8	555	14	9½
1	16	0	91	10	0	6	17	4	36	18	11½	645	0	4½	2	18	6	642	1	10½
	–			–			–		5	18	1	358	14	1	23	3	6	335	10	7
7	7	1	6	9	9	5	18	3		–		470	7	0	141	16	6	328	10	6
16	10	10	0	0	2¼	9	10	2	29	10	3¼	515	2	8½	3	10	4	511	12	4½
84	14	9	53	10	6	0	18	0	45	15	4	1,268	8	9½	4	19	6	1,263	9	3½
20	4	10	77	8	0	12	5	3	21	16	1	1,229	8	10½	32	3	10	1,197	5	0½
4	9	3	53	16	1	0	7	0	15	9	7	704	14	5½		–		704	14	5½
14	12	1	10	0	0	18	13	0	8	16	5	954	0	1	58	0	1	896	0	0
41	1	6	209	15	5		–		105	15	1½	1,476	9	6¾	148	5	1¾	1,328	4	5
45	7	3	41	4	0	13	15	9	73	3	3¼	1,238	4	10¾	122	17	4½	1,115	7	6
5	18	2	58	4	7		–		14	11	2	569	16	4		–		569	16	4
5	14	8½	213	5	4	7	3	1½	48	0	6	1,147	14	9½	50	12	8½	1,097	2	1
1	8	6	1	8	11	0	18	0	52	6	0	540	16	7	265	15	7	275	1	0
15	11	1	11	16	2		–		12	1	5	425	0	8	86	13	8	338	7	0
2	3	7	39	0	0	4	5	0	11	14	11	381	10	5	212	7	1	169	3	4
19	7	8	0	17	6		–		4	1	6	492	18	6	33	3	9	459	14	9
39	11	8	35	15	10	8	6	6	25	17	5	534	16	9	114	9	2	420	7	7
	–			–		5	15	6	44	6	10	415	6	4		–		415	6	4
22	19	1	15	5	0	9	8	9	38	8	3½	843	10	8	126	3	5½	717	7	2½
0	11	8	76	15	3	1	2	0	2	10	2	379	10	10	13	12	7	365	18	3
11	18	6	14	10	0	0	18	0	9	9	8	894	15	0	40	11	5	854	3	7
25	4	3	68	12	11		–		8	12	9	814	0	0		–		814	0	0
18	2	9	137	10	0	1	4	3	15	11	4	982	6	2	47	11	1¾	934	15	0¼
30	5	10	53	18	4		–		16	0	9½	715	6	2¼		–		715	6	2¼
6	19	9		–			–		13	19	7	577	4	3	29	14	5	547	9	10
56	5	10	226	11	10		–		65	11	8	1,457	16	3		–		1,457	16	3
11	19	1	28	10	5	1	10	3	2	1	6	484	15	9	74	10	5	410	5	4
0	7	7	146	6	8	0	3	0	4	18	6	900	3	1	39	6	10	860	16	3
32	3	4	9	4	8	5	18	0	3	8	7½	511	16	4¼	10	15	10	501	0	6¼
77	7	1	63	9	10	2	13	10	31	19	10	946	9	6	6	11	1	939	18	5
15	13	3		–		10	7	6	6	12	6	447	12	11	60	13	2	386	19	9
	–			–			–		12	13	6	252	12	11	20	15	10	231	17	1
29	14	7	117	10	0	8	4	0	59	10	3	670	1	1⅓	21	19	1	648	2	0⅓
	–		3	15	11	8	16	3	14	14	9	438	3	10	58	9	3	379	14	7
44	18	10	81	7	4	3	18	4½	22	2	1½	867	13	3½	27	15	7½	839	17	8
12	7	11	30	16	0	9	14	7	49	14	7¼	946	11	2½	223	3	3½	723	7	11
30	0	0	76	18	7	3	13	0	42	14	1	1,221	1	10	14	6	6	1,206	15	4
8	11	10	13	15	11	0	5	11	11	13	11	231	0	10	6	11	11	224	8	11
228	19	6½	618	10	2	34	4	0	120	8	3	2,919	19	6½	62	10	9	2,857	8	9½
	–		8	5	0	9	15	6	17	4	3	533	14	8	9	10	5	524	4	3
6	1	0	69	5	4	12	3	0	17	5	2¾	799	4	7¼	21	7	4	777	17	3¾
43	13	8	130	12	4	9	12	0	43	17	3¼	1,283	15	3¼	20	2	0	1,263	13	3¼
67	15	3	58	5	8	1	5	9	65	11	8	1,283	6	9	5	5	9	1,278	1	0
29	19	4½	12	10	1	8	7	1	23	8	10	905	3	1½	20	8	11	884	14	2½
59	3	9	111	19	10	2	3	9	9	4	1	1,535	19	8	30	4	6½	1,505	15	1½
18	7	10	79	17	8		–		17	16	0	699	5	7	6	0	0	693	5	7
35	11	4	193	2	9	3	5	0	16	13	8	1,276	13	9¼	72	9	9	1,204	4	0¼
1	14	7	193	15	10	5	0	0	78	15	5	1,049	5	0	27	7	9	1,021	17	3
5,331	14	10	11,350	3	6	884	8	11	4,258	7	8½	731,361	1	0½	8,450	15	9½	122,910	5	3

No. VI.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establishm
Unions, for the Half-year ende

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising, and Postage.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	441	15	3¼	72	14	7	38	6	3	20	9	2	53	11	0
Antrim,	324	18	7	15	15	7	2	5	5	14	10	0	27	9	6
Ardee,	307	8	10	34	3	2	25	16	11	20	0	0	37	0	7
Armagh,	336	5	6	192	17	3	14	8	5	19	15	7	49	1	0
Athlone,	526	16	6	562	19	6	53	9	2	16	4	0	351	2	0
Athy,	414	5	2	57	17	9	69	7	5	14	2	8	34	12	9
Bailieborough,	361	8	4	85	11	7	7	0	9	39	13	5	58	16	2
Ballina,	597	17	2¼	282	19	10	155	15	2	10	3	6	137	3	9
Ballinasloe,	408	5	10	41	9	2½	31	17	4½	123	17	9¾	61	16	8
Ballinrobe,	472	13	5¾	126	8	4½	43	0	3		–		42	14	11
Ballycastle,	209	1	6	92	5	9	13	1	4	1	14	3	30	0	2
Ballymahon,	263	10	6	148	9	2	308	17	5	4	1	7	57	17	2
Ballymena,	346	9	8	95	4	2	38	18	11	15	3	7	55	17	11
Ballymoney,	251	14	9	49	15	5	6	15	2	10	0	0	33	19	8
Ballyshannon,	195	15	7	31	19	8	14	18	11	1	5	0	57	8	8
Ballyvaghan,	360	4	9½	60	18	7	87	18	7		–		162	5	2
Balrothery,	319	7	11	111	15	9	51	7	7	5	5	11	32	13	2
Baltinglass,	498	1	11½	116	15	10	32	10	9	3	18	6	38	11	0
Banbridge,	291	3	11	124	16	10	22	3	8	9	10	10	19	13	1
Bandon,	413	6	3	33	18	7	12	7	1	6	7	10	54	6	1
Bantry,	437	15	2¼	27	6	10	10	16	2½	11	5	2	62	13	1
Bawnboy,	153	6	0	12	10	1	2	19	7	1	16	8	49	1	0
Belfast,	963	17	0	425	6	1	188	3	11	35	14	2	120	11	8
Belmullet,	429	18	7	39	17	10	7	8	6	2	6	4	87	4	6
Borrisokane,	354	13	10	13	3	0	18	12	9	15	9	1¼	89	6	8
Boyle,	396	16	4	54	3	9	24	5	9	2	2	11	57	15	1
Caherciveen,	592	16	2¼	142	3	9	39	8	11	3	15	0	139	19	3
Callan,	415	3	0	126	4	4½	102	9	11	7	19	8	85	14	0
Carlow,	820	12	2¾	127	11	7	75	10	10	16	19	2	190	9	10
Carrickmacross,	291	7	5	14	0	3	5	0	8	14	1	5	35	16	4
Carrick-on-Shannon,	397	13	8	243	2	1	41	6	5	14	16	6	94	15	2
Carrick-on-Suir,	607	11	8½	397	9	11	38	14	4	29	12	10½	116	2	11
Cashel,	1,159	0	1	183	2	2	239	3	5	68	6	2	212	0	5
Castlebar,	341	18	6	57	17	10	38	17	6	5	14	8	64	15	8
Castleblayney,	269	2	4	90	14	11	37	12	8	10	16	9	27	1	7
Castlecomer,	180	4	6¾	6	14	11	9	9	1	3	19	8	43	16	0
Castlederg,	168	15	5	11	19	10	7	1	0	2	4	7	5	4	3
Castlerea,	338	6	11½	26	3	5	1	13	0	9	3	0	80	16	6
Castletown,	346	5	7	41	3	11⅛	6	19	9	5	12	0¾	41	15	6
Castletowndelvin,	157	4	1½	4	16	8½	8	1	5	3	12	2¾	38	9	11
Cavan,	382	10	3	66	12	0	16	8	1	0	18	9	30	15	2
Celbridge,	244	6	0	117	13	2	46	10	11⅓	18	9	0	64	10	1
Claremorris,	290	4	7½	132	2	4	47	0	1	18	0	4	27	5	6¼
Clifden,	296	4	10	46	17	4	57	0	6	13	4	1	24	19	10
Clogheen,	574	9	8	121	9	9	26	2	9	22	18	9¾	44	0	6
Clogher,	243	3	3¾	30	1	7	26	9	8	1	0	0	33	14	6
Clonakilty,	252	13	5	228	17	8	65	14	3	7	11	6	31	4	1
Clones,	227	4	9	38	10	0	21	7	4	0	10	0	27	17	8
Clonmel,	786	2	7	65	0	2	56	15	6	42	15	2½	83	19	0
Coleraine,	266	12	6	70	10	1	11	1	9	14	13	5	53	18	9
Cookstown,	205	17	1	76	14	7	12	7	0	13	1	2	21	8	2
Cootehill,	285	11	10	111	0	8	35	5	5	22	8	9	71	7	11
Cork,	1,278	11	10	714	2	11	167	11	8	31	8	4	372	10	3
Corrofin,	308	8	9⅔	33	0	10	36	9	5½		–		63	1	3
Croom,	429	0	2	160	3	10	11	82	19	11	32	0	4	123	13	9

ENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. III.) of the Audited Accounts of 9th SEPTEMBER, 1853.

Drugs and Medical or Surgical Appliances.			Rent and Taxes.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s	d.	£	s.	d.
21	7	8	100	3	2		–		3	15	1	752	2	2¼	52	12	8	699	9	6¼
21	18	5	10	7	5		–		56	9	7	473	14	6	73	7	1	400	7	5
30	7	11	9	2	2	12	13	6	18	11	7	495	4	8	85	0	9	410	3	11
10	4	8		–		11	8	6	18	10	9	652	11	8	31	16	3	620	15	5
147	0	0	235	17	4	0	15	0	345	7	6	2,239	11	0	26	8	10	2,213	2	2
28	2	7	96	7	8	7	18	0	27	0	5	749	14	5	20	18	6	728	15	11
8	1	8	1	7	6	13	12	0	11	0	6	586	11	11	0	15	0	585	16	11
156	3	4	357	9	0	18	11	0	23	4	6	1,739	7	3½	31	16	3	1,707	11	0½
46	2	11½	14	10	7½	1	2	5¾	47	12	4	776	15	3¾	37	0	10	739	14	5¾
12	13	7½	11	15	2	13	15	6	15	17	0½	738	18	4¼	48	11	9¼	690	6	7
4	13	9	1	10	0	4	3	2	0	14	1	357	4	0	11	12	7	345	11	5
13	8	1	47	7	2	5	14	0	15	7	8	864	12	9	13	11	9	851	1	0
20	3	1	18	9	4	1	10	0	6	15	11	598	12	7	174	15	5	423	17	2
0	4	9	2	0	0	0	12	6	41	7	0	396	9	3	59	6	2	337	3	1
67	11	6	12	17	6	2	5	0	14	15	0	398	16	10		–		398	16	10
143	9	1	89	14	5		–		71	3	9¾	975	14	5¼	2	5	4	973	9	1¼
43	13	8	33	3	5		–		4	11	6	601	18	11	2	16	0	599	2	11
16	12	10	6	5	0	8	7	0	11	14	8	732	17	6½	10	15	6	722	2	0½
11	11	4	19	12	8	9	5	0	20	0	9¾	527	18	1¾	40	3	6	487	14	7¾
	–		26	8	4		–		10	19	10	557	14	0	26	15	6	530	18	6
19	9	0	17	4	0	10	8	9	5	17	8½	602	15	11¼	32	8	3	570	7	8¼
26	3	4	2	19	7	1	12	6	13	10	5	263	19	2	2	4	10	261	14	4
235	3	7		–		17	0	0	107	6	1	2,093	2	6	88	3	8	2,004	18	10
49	10	11	69	9	1	6	16	0	2	1	4	694	13	1	3	2	0	691	11	1
36	17	0	140	0	8	3	18	2	6	7	10	669	9	0¼	5	17	11¼	663	11	1
18	2	5	42	17	0		–		29	5	10	625	9	1	17	15	8	607	13	5
70	7	5	91	18	4	10	1	3	22	15	8	1,113	5	9½	7	7	7	1,105	18	2½
61	17	8½	16	8	2	8	18	0	14	14	8½	839	9	6¾	15	0	0	824	9	6¼
75	13	9	219	16	4	4	10	0	24	17	6	1,556	1	2¾	74	8	8	1,481	12	6¾
50	4	3	102	2	11		–		6	12	8	519	5	11	9	15	10¼	509	10	0¾
22	0	1	41	6	2	6	16	0	9	1	4	870	17	5	14	17	3	856	0	2
33	16	0	99	1	6		–		156	14	5	1,479	3	8	36	2	7	1,443	1	1
69	1	0	643	10	0	21	5	0	84	8	9	2,679	17	0	22	5	9	2,657	11	3
29	8	3	17	8	6		–		7	8	8	563	9	7	2	17	2	560	12	5
25	17	11	10	13	7	0	15	0	4	17	7	477	12	4	10	13	0¾	466	19	3¼
16	19	0	17	16	0	0	6	1	35	17	11	315	3	2¾	51	4	4	263	18	10¾
7	2	10	8	11	8	0	16	6	32	18	10	244	14	11	52	0	7	192	14	4
8	15	11	8	8	9		–		33	11	6	506	19	0½	7	12	4	499	6	8½
31	9	11		–			–		5	14	6	479	1	3	4	18	11½	474	2	3½
11	4	0¼	1	10	0	0	9	10	1	8	2	226	16	5	5	3	6	221	12	11
30	14	10	1	3	5	7	10	11	3	1	1	539	14	6	7	19	4	531	15	2
33	10	6	0	10	0	4	7	6	7	18	4	537	15	6½		–		537	15	6½
18	0	10	11	8	5	1	2	6	26	4	7½	571	9	3¼		–		571	9	3¼
2	5	0	6	1	8	7	17	2	6	18	10	461	9	3	8	11	10	452	17	5
25	1	2	42	19	7	10	0	0	36	13	10	903	16	0¾	205	13	7¾	698	2	5
13	7	11	13	3	7	0	10	0	16	1	10	377	12	4¾	21	6	1	356	6	3¾
8	6	9		–			–		4	8	2	598	15	10	153	10	0	445	5	10
16	19	0	103	7	7		–		5	10	6	441	6	10	99	0	7	342	6	3
59	9	1	387	5	6	6	17	9	70	18	10	1,559	3	7½	8	1	1½	1,551	2	6
16	9	10	11	7	0	5	6	3	17	1	10	467	1	5	49	9	2	417	12	3
	–			–		3	15	0	40	5	0	373	8	9	78	8	5	294	19	7
3	1	3		–		7	9	6	3	14	0	539	19	4	72	17	7	467	1	9
385	8	3	214	11	1		–		35	17	11	3,200	2	3	118	11	0	3,081	11	3
11	6	10½	31	13	0	9	10	1	19	13	1	516	3	4¾	3	2	5¾	513	0	11
70	19	11	73	9	7	13	5	6	65	13	6½	2,494	13	7½	12	4	10	2,482	8	9½

[*continued*..

No. VI.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establ
Unions, for the Half-year en

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printin Statione Advertis and Post		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	
Dingle,	580	16	11½	338	11	6½	152	11	5⅓	17	7	0	48	14	
Donaghmore,	142	0	9	7	19	11	168	11	0	6	1	9	68	2	
Donegal,	209	7	10	22	10	8	5	17	2		–		4	16	
Downpatrick,	310	4	2	118	6	5	13	10	3		–		49	18	
Drogheda,	370	9	0	33	3	4	47	10	3	14	11	3	53	19	
Dromore, West,	359	5	9	3	19	6	33	12	10	7	7	0	25	10	
Dublin, North,	1,346	15	11	280	19	9	305	13	0	30	18	0	123	14	
Dublin, South,	1,402	18	8	717	18	1	293	8	2	117	4	3	328	19	
Dundalk,	348	2	9	60	7	5	7	2	8	17	3	9	45	18	
Dunfanaghy,	120	13	4	1	16	0	5	2	10	7	18	3	6	17	
Dungannon,	261	9	10	126	2	10	22	8	9	9	2	0	22	16	
Dungarvan,	703	5	2	171	7	2	106	16	6	9	2	11	178	12	
Dunmanway,	253	18	11	15	12	8	20	9	2	9	12	1	33	1	
Dunshaughlin,	351	9	2	120	19	3	23	19	1	15	10	0	25	15	
Edenderry,	590	7	7¾	67	15	5	102	10	1		–		82	10	
Ennis,	723	13	0¾	116	19	11	122	6	6	26	14	6½	108	8	
Enniscorthy,	583	15	9	160	4	1	71	10	6	6	9	10	82	5	
Enniskillen,	318	10	7	37	3	8	19	5	0	5	3	4	20	9	
Ennistymon,	650	0	9	1,340	18	3	59	3	0	1	10	7	134	13	
Fermoy,	538	12	0	54	11	0½	187	11	10	28	3	0	58	15	
Galway,	1,062	6	4	222	6	0	256	5	11	13	12	2	315	3	
Glennamaddy,	217	14	8	71	4	4	60	1	10½	7	18	6	33	4	
Glenties,	307	19	9	26	0	3	8	12	8	2	10	10	23	7	
Glin,	561	12	3	663	8	7	86	19	7	10	0	4	76	8	
Gorey,	476	2	5	36	0	7	69	11	8	19	14	7	64	2	
Gort,	378	11	1	86	13	8	9	7	9½	15	14	10½	42	18	
Gortin,	265	10	0	14	18	10	9	11	4	4	9	2	25	13	
Granard,	637	4	5⅝	33	16	3	36	3	2	3	0	0	81	13	
Inishowen,	268	12	4	10	2	9	17	9	7	7	2	7	28	15	
Kanturk,	774	18	11	449	3	6½	42	2	8⅓	34	3	9½	198	13	
Kells,	393	0	5½	39	14	0½	39	7	8	10	3	6¼	57	15	
Kenmare,	695	3	10½	64	12	4½	68	10	2	12	12	6	98	13	
Kilkeel,	172	0	6	36	9	1	7	8	5	4	4	0	16	1	
Kilkenny,	623	2	6	59	10	7	62	18	11	35	3	1	66	6	
Killadysert,	265	1	10¼	156	9	0	155	13	5	2	14	0	63	18	
Killala,	412	2	9	30	16	7	9	4	9	16	18	0	157	13	
Killarney,	550	17	2	245	5	0	122	6	10½	18	17	6	88	3	
Kilmacthomas,	338	16	3½	14	19	8	143	10	7	26	4	8	73	4	
Kilmallock,	834	2	0	591	8	5	94	16	9	36	9	0	231	5	
Kilrush,	596	4	7	99	0	9	145	5	10		–		59	1	
Kinsale,	296	18	9¾	74	2	4	4	17	6	12	7	11¾	42	13	
Larne,	276	3	1	35	12	4	15	7	8	0	14	7	22	19	
Letterkenny,	188	11	0	6	7	1	4	14	9	10	16	5	24	11	
Limerick,	973	4	8	1,103	16	7½	67	18	0	26	0	0	159	7	
Lisburn,	273	17	0	17	6	0	28	9	5	16	5	1	37	7	
Lismore,	465	5	1¾	220	10	2½	116	11	2	15	4	5¾	66	13	
Lisnaskea,	222	11	9	38	1	0	11	0	9	0	12	0	17	10	
Listowel,	506	17	2	49	11	1	45	16	6	16	6	9	157	3	
Londonderry,	541	12	10	87	10	1	30	2	11	9	17	6	25	11	
Longford,	690	17	10	287	4	6	155	8	6	21	10	4	146	19	
Loughrea,	430	17	2¾	28	13	11	36	14	5½		–		27	4	
Lowtherstown,	170	14	0	6	0	11	2	3	3	14	15	4	10	12	
Lurgan,	291	2	6	34	9	1		–		11	10	2	100	8	
Macroom,	437	17	6	38	15	1	38	19	2	8	16	9	135	4	
Magherafelt,	289	16	7	13	0	4	7	17	0	15	9	8	31	1	

ENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. III.) of the Audited Accounts of 9th SEPTEMBER, 1853—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical and Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
91	4	10	266	0	3	6	5	0	49	14	7	1,551	5	10½	–			1,551	5	10½
7	5	4¼	10	4	5		–		3	3	0	413	8	7¼	16	10	10	396	17	9¼
14	4	4		–			–		31	8	11	288	5	4	26	17	0	261	8	4
37	17	3		–			–		1	9	8	531	5	9	74	18	9	456	7	0
30	13	8	16	7	3	0	15	0	8	0	9½	575	9	8½	15	6	8	560	3	0½
32	4	2		–		1	17	6	7	15	9	471	13	5		–		471	13	5
151	17	2	73	6	4	27	6	0	73	7	7	2,413	17	9	92	2	4	2,321	15	5
147	15	7	68	19	5	17	18	0	50	18	9	3,146	0	9		–		3,146	0	9
0	6	0	11	0	0	7	1	0	20	4	8	517	6	11	51	6	4	466	0	7
14	17	4	0	8	0	3	15	0	3	16	10	165	5	4	18	2	10	147	2	6
1	6	0		–		4	5	0	26	19	0	474	9	6	9	14	0	464	15	6
17	11	5	129	2	0	5	16	3	29	6	5	1,351	0	3	11	11	11	1,339	8	4
51	10	7		–		4	11	0	6	19	9½	395	15	11½		–		395	15	11½
10	0	0		–			–		11	12	6	559	5	4	14	18	8	544	6	8
86	19	2½	2	5	0		–		12	2	10	944	10	10¼	42	6	3	902	4	7¼
28	10	8½	343	7	3	5	16	3	40	3	3	1,515	19	6¾	137	10	10	1,378	8	8¾
61	17	2	46	15	8		–		40	18	6	1,053	16	10	73	13	9	980	3	1
12	10	10		–			–		11	7	9	424	11	1	32	10	10	392	0	3
73	19	10	256	10	0	14	15	7	10	6	3	2,541	18	1	35	2	2	2,506	15	11
146	4	6	82	16	4	1	17	0	23	12	10	1,122	4	0½	16	2	0½	1,106	2	0
141	7	5	210	0	0		–		3	0	0	2,224	1	5	127	8	4	2,096	13	1
17	15	9	30	16	8	3	11	3	10	16	0	453	3	5½	19	18	6½	433	4	11
9	12	10		–		0	7	6	9	17	6	388	8	5	22	19	6	365	8	11
55	16	4	234	12	9	2	1	0	15	3	9	1,706	2	7	0	0	0¾	1,706	2	6¼
23	1	10	36	9	10		–		32	15	6	757	18	11	9	3	0	748	15	11
41	11	1	56	14	7	0	7	9	20	13	7	652	12	8	38	12	0	614	0	8
18	16	4	2	5	3	3	16	0	15	5	1	360	5	0	20	4	9	340	0	3
50	10	3	15	0	0		–		78	13	3	936	0	10¾	32	7	11	903	12	11¾
4	19	5		–		4	5	0	1	12	6	342	19	4	8	10	7	334	8	9
217	4	10	167	5	9		–		57	8	9½	1,941	1	4	51	15	10	1,889	5	6
112	11	7¾	3	0	0	8	7	2	5	15	6	669	15	4	6	15	4	663	0	0
28	17	5	297	14	5	16	6	0	46	12	9	1,329	2	10	11	13	0	1,317	9	10
4	8	2	2	8	6	7	17	6	17	15	2	268	13	2	41	8	9	227	4	5
98	12	0	92	3	6		–		73	10	10	1,111	8	4	394	5	10	717	2	6
9	4	1	65	18	8	7	12	11	33	9	9	760	1	8¼	178	6	9	581	14	11¼
184	0	0	58	14	2	2	0	0		–		871	9	9		–		871	9	9
32	4	3	40	0	0	1	10	0	36	6	0	1,135	9	10	18	14	6	1,116	15	4
50	5	6	11	4	6	1	2	9	4	12	8	664	0	10½	1	4	4	662	16	6½
56	0	6½	99	2	10	10	19	0	400	4	0	2,354	7	11½	131	11	11½	2,222	16	0
62	14	11	169	13	7	1	1	0	28	17	9	1,162	0	1	71	17	6	1,090	2	7
13	19	10	21	1	7	6	9	0	16	7	2	488	17	2½	34	2	6	454	14	8½
16	14	8	9	19	11		–		5	0	0	382	11	11	39	11	11	343	0	0
19	1	11		–		4	15	0	17	10	9	276	7	11	14	11	9	261	16	2
67	8	7	136	14	0		–		38	16	7	2,573	5	5½	16	4	0	2,557	1	5½
22	18	7	17	10	0	0	15	0	20	19	3	425	7	10	145	7	1	290	0	9
52	5	1¼	47	0	0		–		38	13	9	1,022	3	2¼	92	15	8¼	929	7	6
1	1	0	6	0	0		–		0	6	1	297	2	10	11	3	5	285	19	5
51	15	7	295	4	9	3	0	0	98	7	2	1,224	2	5	79	3	2	1,144	19	3
1	16	7		–		11	2	7	19	1	11	726	16	4	90	9	1	636	7	3
23	0	7	272	2	11		–		18	7	5	1,615	11	2	159	12	7	1,455	18	7
31	7	1		–		14	6	3		–		569	3	2	40	2	2	529	1	0
13	10	6	0	11	6	0	6	0	13	9	8	232	3	2	6	3	2	226	0	0
40	10	0	1	11	9	11	12	4	33	3	9	524	8	5	51	11	9	472	16	8
52	17	4	68	16	8	2	10	0		–		783	16	7		–		783	16	7
	–		10	0	7	3	13	3	10	12	8	381	11	3	49	13	5	331	17	10

[*continued.*

No. VI.—Table showing the Particulars included under the head of Establis
Unions, for the Half-year end

Names of Unions.	Salaries and Rations of Officers.			Repairs, Improvements, and additional Buildings.			Furniture, Utensils, and Implements of Work.			Proportion of Fuel, &c., debited to Establishment.			Printing, Stationery, Advertising and Postag		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	
Mallow,	589	14	0	70	3	11½	34	17	0	10	17	0	96	14	1
Manorhamilton,	507	18	6	102	11	8	23	18	5	0	10	0	48	6	
Midleton,	627	2	5	118	11	0	38	0	9	16	4	4	236	17	
Milford,	193	2	6	6	12	4	5	18	7	6	14	0	16	3	
Millstreet,	373	13	4¼	265	18	9	98	18	9	12	0	3	137	3	1
Mitchelstown,	568	2	6¼	314	14	9½	230	4	6½	21	19	2½	92	5	
Mohill,	298	13	3	42	16	0	6	3	8		–		81	14	
Monaghan,	309	6	11	30	2	2	2	14	7	23	0	10	30	18	
Mount Bellew,	321	9	0½	56	4	8	72	9	6½	0	1	7¼	39	1	
Mountmelick,	544	12	11½	65	14	3	23	5	8		–		81	1	1
Mullingar,	579	8	9	58	18	7	102	2	10	41	0	5	63	0	
Naas,	365	11	4¼	93	0	0	20	19	6	16	12	8¼	49	13	
Navan,	333	6	8	110	4	7	75	7	9	6	2	6	59	2	1
Nenagh,	531	0	2	162	6	1	33	12	7⅓	34	15	5⅔	241	9	
Newcastle,	654	17	6¼	152	3	4½	50	17	11½	1	12	8½	94	12	1
Newport,	259	6	5	105	14	10½	25	7	10	2	9	4	12	12	
New Ross,	684	13	3¾	139	11	0	62	0	5	18	8	1	159	12	
Newry,	476	17	4	93	13	0	108	15	10	14	3	2	75	6	
Newtownards,	316	19	8	62	17	3	21	1	5	10	0	0	52	19	
Newtownlimavady,	258	19	11	5	6	8	9	19	1	11	19	9	26	17	
Oldcastle,	326	7	10	59	9	9	20	18	7	1	8	0	51	15	
Omagh,	292	17	0	67	2	6	23	13	2	23	17	0	35	8	
Oughterard,	477	17	2	129	16	9	25	18	4½	4	3	4	135	7	
Parsonstown,	547	4	5	34	7	7	79	16	3	18	14	4	163	4	
Portumna,	353	15	0	247	13	6½	271	2	10	4	15	1	153	18	1
Rathdown,	449	17	4	84	11	0	117	6	4	2	10	0	108	1	
Rathdrum,	487	0	6¾	61	4	5	44	12	6	1	15	0	32	1	
Rathkeale,	745	16	5	55	8	2	38	17	4	32	13	2	55	6	
Roscommon,	411	10	10	68	5	2	124	10	1	1	10	0	43	10	
Roscrea,	370	13	8	87	4	0	52	0	8	10	2	6	32	15	
Scariff,	639	10	4	225	8	2	22	3	9	27	13	5	172	6	1
Shillelagh,	327	19	11¼	6	8	2	40	12	10	14	12	4	30	18	1
Skibbereen,	620	15	7	261	10	4	53	6	2	7	0	0	84	17	
Skull,	312	13	7¾	42	11	0	41	14	9½	1	0	5	66	7	
Sligo,	737	9	6	72	17	11½	116	3	4	14	10	0	111	5	
Strabane,	299	6	0	44	4	1	17	3	7		–		36	0	
Stranorlar,	206	11	2	6	0	0	9	14	3	3	5	8	18	17	
Strokestown,	337	19	2	41	18	4	56	9	7	1	8	2	40	4	
Swineford,	460	13	5	27	6	9	23	4	10	12	15	7	91	7	
Thomastown,	434	4	0	476	6	4	179	19	10	18	18	2	65	12	11
Thurles,	735	5	7	135	10	1	140	8	4	11	7	4	95	12	1
Tipperary,	1,003	3	1	685	5	4	179	19	1	31	1	11½	318	19	4
Tobercurry,	232	11	0	1	17	10	139	6	4	8	6	3	64	2	
Tralee,	1,033	11	6	224	10	8	163	9	1	35	15	4½	266	8	1
Trim,	325	17	4	91	8	4	104	18	3	19	0	1	45	5	
Tuam,	529	6	11	94	13	4	36	6	2		–		155	17	1
Tulla,	438	5	6	314	2	0	32	1	7	20	5	6	42	0	
Tullamore,	711	15	9	327	5	2	26	11	6		–		155	3	
Urlingford,	309	12	2	7	19	10	102	9	5	12	15	2	45	8	
Waterford,	846	3	7	585	18	4	128	0	0	27	7	11½	236	6	
Westport,	286	4	8	98	12	8	20	2	11	3	7	6	58	15	
Wexford,	686	10	1	154	3	1	86	11	1	12	4	7¾	78	11	1
Youghal,	628	15	11	406	4	9	104	7	8	23	5	7	134	15	
Total (163 Unions),	73,689	13	10	23,915	12	0½	10,094	14	5¾	2,283	12	0¼	13,398	15	3

ENT CHARGES in the Summary (Table No. III.) of the Audited Accounts of 0th SEPTEMBER, 1853—*continued.*

Drugs and Medical and Surgical Appliances.			Rent.			Insurance.			Other Charges.			Amount debited to Establishment.			Credits Deducted.			Amount of Establishment Charges apportioned.		
£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
51	16	3	52	4	8			–	29	13	3	936	1	1	18	19	0	917	2	1
24	1	1			–			–	8	18	8	716	4	5	4	10	9	711	13	8
27	12	6	104	6	0	10	15	10	57	5	7	1,236	15	8	99	14	0	1,137	1	8
1	5	4	0	11	2	4	5	3	3	19	4	238	12	2	13	8	6	225	3	8
261	4	4	77	2	1	5	17	0	62	0	8	1,293	19	0¼	7	14	6	1,286	4	6½
42	10	1½	240	5	6	9	0	9	36	12	9	1,555	15	3¾	1	8	5	1,554	6	10¾
166	2	8	20	7	0	7	17	1	33	9	7	657	3	10	6	9	2	650	14	8
17	7	7	3	7	2			–	2	6	2	419	4	2	44	6	11	374	17	3
11	7	5			–			–	68	11	6	569	5	1	0	0	6	569	4	7
42	18	6	51	0	6	4	5	0	13	1	0½	825	19	10	17	4	0½	808	15	9½
10	9	9½	27	8	2			–	1	11	6	884	0	8½	59	7	11	824	12	9½
43	7	6	45	14	6½	6	5	11	5	12	10	646	17	8	0	1	0	646	16	8
72	7	9	10	0	0			–	19	16	7	686	8	9	97	18	3	588	10	6
64	15	9	305	8	7	25	12	0	16	13	1	1,415	13	5¾	92	2	1¾	1,323	11	4
37	14	7½	43	10	10	13	15	9	108	4	10½	1,137	10	6¾	375	14	8¾	781	15	10
3	10	5	50	0	0			–	3	15	8½	462	17	1	90	18	10	371	18	3
13	16	6	178	18	4	2	2	0	41	1	1	1,300	3	5¾	50	19	10	1,249	3	7¾
18	15	3			–	11	6	8	74	16	10	873	14	2	143	16	3	729	17	11
20	13	2	14	7	10	8	16	10	14	15	11	522	11	9	68	18	5	453	13	4
0	17	8	9	0	0	3	17	6	21	18	7	348	16	9	129	6	6	219	10	3
39	2	6			–	10	17	0	4	8	4	514	7	8	8	2	1	506	5	7
3	17	0	35	8	10	0	13	6	32	18	3	515	15	11	69	10	7	446	5	4
119	9	6½			–	4	19	0	64	5	8	961	17	2	7	11	7½	954	5	6½
33	8	2	35	1	6			–	32	0	1	943	16	6	33	11	6½	910	4	11½
13	9	9	9	6	10	5	14	6	19	2	9½	1,078	19	3	0	15	0	1,078	4	3
56	11	0	68	2	7	8	14	9	16	4	0	911	18	2	62	14	6½	849	3	7½
3	11	0			–	4	0	6	9	9	9	643	15	0¾	26	4	11	617	10	1¾
47	0	3	92	10	0	9	9	6	26	12	5	1,103	13	8	79	15	5¾	1,023	18	2¼
31	15	9	32	6	4	11	8	3	41	0	4	765	17	3			–	765	17	3
21	16	0¾	0	13	3½	7	5	0	9	1	11	591	12	7½	33	3	2	558	9	5¼
135	1	3	57	10	8	10	18	6	29	10	9	1,320	3	9	13	6	6	1,306	17	3
33	7	9	14	7	3	5	15	0	7	5	8	481	7	9½	39	2	6	442	5	3¼
35	18	10	34	3	3	8	0	0	11	16	9	1,117	8	8	12	6	3	1,105	2	5
9	0	5	65	14	5			–	0	17	6	539	19	11¾	15	8	4	524	11	7¾
54	9	0	51	4	4	14	10	0	42	19	6	1,215	8	7½	9	5	0	1,206	3	7½
27	13	8			–			–	4	11	3	428	19	0	42	6	7	386	12	5
15	3	3			–	5	0	0	24	17	11	289	9	8	49	1	10	240	7	10
49	0	2			–			–	57	6	8	584	6	3	7	9	7	576	16	8
62	16	11	12	5	1	0	15	0	18	14	7	709	19	3	14	14	9	695	4	6
24	13	1	25	9	6	10	15	6	25	8	9	1,261	8	1	36	2	4	1,225	5	9
20	11	9½	28	6	8	4	1	4	38	11	2	1,209	14	4½	101	19	7	1,107	14	9½
46	12	6	337	10	8	16	6	6	177	19	10	2,793	18	3½	35	2	10	2,761	15	5½
43	12	5	18	17	2			–	41	16	6	550	9	8			–	550	9	8
215	1	4	760	11	8	1	10	10	17	6	10	2,718	6	1¼	18	13	0	2,699	13	1¼
38	1	2	7	10	0			–	2	14	8	634	15	6	6	17	7	627	17	11
100	0	0	69	0	0			–	28	18	6	1,014	2	0	12	9	9	1,001	12	3
25	11	9	64	17	3	8	3	3	24	15	6	970	2	11	39	3	8	930	19	3
149	17	7	36	7	4	10	5	9	29	3	3	1,446	9	8	21	6	5	1,425	3	3
9	0	0½	1	13	4			–	25	0	10	513	18	11½	15	11	2	498	7	9½
102	8	11	102	14	4	14	5	0	33	15	5	2,077	0	0½	29	16	6	2,047	3	6½
9	5	7	13	2	1	12	10	0	7	6	6	509	7	7	213	2	9	293	4	10
40	7	1½	91	17	6	8	2	6	23	19	7	1,182	7	5¼	76	6	8½	1,105	0	8½
53	16	1	545	5	8	4	17	6	50	3	5	1,951	12	4	59	13	9	1,891	18	7
7,649	0	2	11,173	1	0½	827	6	11¾	5,021	19	0¾	148,093	14	11	7,253	7	0¼	140,750	7	10¾

No. VII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 25th March, 1853 (included in Table No. II.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Work-house.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
									Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.		s. d.		s. d.	
Abbeyleix, . .	859 11 0½	162 14 5½	120 5 4¼	1,142 10 10¼	1,081	115,457	107	652	1 3		0 1¾		1 4¾	
Antrim, . .	418 1 6	63 4 8	184 13 3	665 19 5	462	51,705	112	292	1 3¾		0 6		1 9¾	
Ardee, . .	757 7 3	137 18 2	104 19 1	1,000 4 6	1,443	100,755	70	569	1 3		0 1¾		1 4¾	
Armagh, . .	323 1 6½	75 18 0½	–	398 19 7	530	46,844	88	265	1 2¼		–		1 2¼	
Athlone, . .	1,456 3 3¾	214 12 3	451 10 10½	2,122 6 5¼	1,833	216,741	118	1,226	1 1		0 3½		1 4½	
Athy, . . .	1,016 3 10½	139 9 5	128 15 7	1,284 8 10½	1,286	123,628	96	699	1 3¾		0 1¾		1 5½	
Bailieborough, .	629 15 9	96 5 0	90 13 2	816 13 11	877	87,034	99	492	1 2		0 1¾		1 3¾	
Ballina, . .	805 0 1	113 18 2	170 1 3½	1,088 19 6½	910	108,842	119	615	1 2¼		0 2¾		1 5	
Ballinasloe, . .	1,018 14 4½	137 19 2½	140 1 6	1,296 15 1	1,137	134,472	118	760	1 2½		0 1¾		1 4¼	
Ballinrobe, . .	854 11 9½	102 15 1¾	155 5 10¼	1,112 12 9½	1,292	149,081	115	842	0 10¾		0 1¾		1 0½	
Ballycastle, . .	246 14 8	43 15 1	37 8 7	327 18 4	308	27,473	89	155	1 5¾		0 2¼		1 8	
Ballymahon, .	633 8 11½	81 18 4¼	111 5 10½	826 13 2¼	838	92,854	111	525	1 1		0 2		1 3	
Ballymena, . .	268 18 5	92 13 7	44 0 6	405 12 6	483	36,981	76	209	1 4½		0 2		1 6½	
Ballymoney, .	147 7 9	65 5 5	74 15 8	287 8 10	327	35,895	110	203	0 10		0 3½		1 1½	
Ballyshannon, .	334 15 9	85 13 1	55 9 2	475 18 0	507	53,237	105	301	1 1¼		0 1¾		1 3	
Ballyvaghan, .	738 1 10	66 15 8½	252 16 10½	1,057 14 5	823	121,354	147	683	0 11		0 3½		1 2½	
Balrothery, . .	812 3 10	103 3 2½	174 4 6½	1,089 11 7	1,192	83,629	70	473	1 6¼		0 3½		1 9¾	
Baltinglass, . .	697 6 2½	190 19 7	200 11 7½	1,088 17 5	1,092	96,279	89	544	1 3½		0 3½		1 7	
Banbridge, . .	365 0 4	106 8 0	47 12 9	519 1 1	542	45,735	84	258	1 5¼		0 1¾		1 7	
Bandon, . .	1,007 19 8¼	127 15 8	–	1,135 15 4¼	1,425	133,096	93	752	1 2¼		–		1 2¼	
Bantry, . .	897 14 10	92 13 7¾	132 12 9	1,123 1 2¾	1,446	127,332	88	719	1 1		0 1¾		1 2¾	

Bawnboy,	216	8	7	38	18	9	43	19	5	299	6	9	257	31,619	123	179	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$2\frac{1}{4}$	1	4		
Belfast,	3,010	8	10	624	9	7	1,332	12	10	4,967	11	3	4,982	319,834	64	1,807	1	7	0	7	2	2		
Belmullet,	384	10	5	53	9	7	32	8	8	470	8	8	538	62,281	116	352	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	1	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$		
Borrisokane,	773	7	$9\frac{1}{2}$	96	12	$0\frac{1}{2}$	65	3	8	935	3	6	950	109,507	115	616	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$		
Boyle,	638	7	1	132	12	5	54	0	6	825	0	0	696	74,126	107	419	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1	$6\frac{3}{4}$		
Caherciveen,	1,439	8	$2\frac{1}{4}$	31	11	$10\frac{1}{2}$	191	6	$6\frac{1}{4}$	1,662	6	7	2,258	183,673	81	1,038	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$		
Callan,	1,362	7	$1\frac{1}{4}$	166	13	8	181	18	$10\frac{1}{2}$	1,710	19	$7\frac{3}{4}$	2,268	174,666	77	987	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$		
Carlow,	2,020	3	1	245	10	0	246	8	5	2,512	1	6	2,697	236,564	88	1,337	1	4	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$		
Carrickmacross,	658	7	$0\frac{1}{2}$	109	12	$7\frac{1}{4}$	38	7	$8\frac{3}{4}$	806	7	$4\frac{1}{2}$	1,182	110,553	94	625	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	$0\frac{1}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$		
Carrick-on-Shan.,	413	0	4	72	1	4	193	9	0	678	10	8	666	61,904	93	350	1	1	0	$5\frac{1}{4}$	1	$6\frac{1}{4}$		
Carrick-on-Suir,	1,212	0	$4\frac{1}{4}$	194	15	$0\frac{1}{2}$	148	14	$8\frac{1}{4}$	1,555	10	1	2,423	142,785	59	807	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$6\frac{1}{4}$		
Cashel,	3,008	4	$4\frac{3}{4}$	421	16	$4\frac{1}{4}$	469	18	$10\frac{1}{2}$	3,899	19	$7\frac{1}{2}$	5,117	451,146	88	2,549	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$		
Castlebar,	630	16	2	79	3	10	114	8	0	824	8	0	924	97,317	105	550	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	2	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$		
Castleblayney,	649	0	6	128	16	$2\frac{3}{4}$	84	3	6	862	0	$2\frac{3}{4}$	832	80,810	97	457	1	4	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$		
Castlecomer,	298	5	$3\frac{1}{2}$	44	12	4	32	13	$6\frac{3}{4}$	375	11	$2\frac{1}{4}$	392	31,371	80	177	1	$6\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	8		
Castlederg,	100	17	11	23	18	8	6	14	6	131	11	1	169	17,559	104	99	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$		
Castlerea,	478	4	$8\frac{1}{2}$	59	4	$11\frac{1}{2}$	74	3	$10\frac{1}{2}$	611	13	$6\frac{1}{2}$	797	71,226	89	402	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$		
Castletown,	657	13	8	55	9	3	92	9	3	805	12	2	997	88,764	89	502	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$		
Castletowndelvin,	295	4	0		–		40	16	1	336	0	1	354	35,833	101	202	1	2	0	2	1	4		
Cavan,	828	8	0	150	13	0	269	12	5	1,248	13	5	1,450	129,418	89	731	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$		
Celbridge,	407	1	$9\frac{1}{2}$	135	10	11	108	19	1	651	11	$9\frac{1}{2}$	736	52,298	71	296	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$8\frac{3}{4}$		
Claremorris,	591	10	$8\frac{3}{4}$	46	4	$2\frac{1}{4}$	92	9	4	730	4	3	770	88,768	115	501	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$		
Clifden,	625	11	7	79	19	0	51	3	10	756	14	5	800	98,288	123	555	1	0	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$		
Clogheen,	1,446	16	3	146	15	4	433	13	5	2,027	5	0	2,614	208,162	80	1,176	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$		
Clogher,	316	2	$0\frac{1}{2}$	132	17	6	49	14	8	498	14	$2\frac{1}{2}$	425	42,981	101	243	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$	0	2	1	$7\frac{1}{2}$		
Clonakilty,	385	16	3	58	4	$7\frac{3}{4}$	65	16	$9\frac{1}{4}$	509	17	8	766	63,205	82	357	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$		
Clones,	355	6	7	78	18	5	50	15	$3\frac{1}{2}$	485	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	464	48,735	105	275	1	3	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$		
Clonmel,	3,388	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	243	13	$6\frac{1}{2}$	792	16	7	4,424	11	2	4,397	380,557	87	2,150	1	4	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$7\frac{1}{2}$		
Coleraine,	374	15	2	63	18	1	48	17	4	487	10	7	576	46,914	81	265	1	$3\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$		
Cookstown,	264	1	7	76	5	3	37	0	7	377	7	5	355	35,547	100	201	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	6		
Cootehill,	518	2	4	93	12	8	85	13	6	697	8	6	855	82,249	96	465	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$		
Cork,	6,135	14	8	500	4	1	1,619	4	$6\frac{1}{2}$	8,255	3	$3\frac{1}{2}$	13,603	777,229	57	4,391	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$		
Corrofin,	610	15	10	73	19	$3\frac{1}{2}$	113	10	$8\frac{1}{4}$	798	5	$9\frac{3}{4}$	855	108,993	127	616	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$		
Croom,	892	18	5	173	6	3	287	8	1	1,353	12	9	1,336	137,955	103	779	1	1	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$		
Dingle,	1,758	4	$3\frac{1}{4}$	145	16	$10\frac{1}{2}$	290	12	11	2,194	14	$0\frac{3}{4}$	3,254	279,020	86	1,576	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$		

[*continued.*

No. VII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 25th March, 1853 (included in Table No. II.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Donaghmore,	321	14	2	52	7	10	25	16	2	399	18	2	430	43,361	101	245	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Donegal,	280	13	1	43	7	11	1	10	7	325	11	7	409	39,200	96	221	1	2		–	1	2
Downpatrick,	584	10	4	120	10	$8\frac{1}{2}$	84	10	8	793	11	$8\frac{1}{2}$	980	80,119	82	453	1	3	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$
Drogheda,	1,145	19	$4\frac{3}{4}$	98	8	9	121	10	$9\frac{1}{4}$	1,365	18	11	1,695	116,677	69	659	1	6	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$7\frac{3}{4}$
Dromore, West,	242	14	7	45	13	4	33	14	8	322	2	7	248	32,384	130	183	1	3	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$
Dublin, North,	4,968	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$	453	6	$5\frac{1}{4}$	1,073	8	5	6,494	15	8	5,339	464,680	87	2,625	1	$7\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{3}{4}$	1	$11\frac{1}{4}$
Dublin, South,	5,966	11	1	595	19	11	594	8	$1\frac{1}{2}$	7,156	19	$1\frac{1}{2}$	6,412	570,630	89	3,224	1	$7\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	9
Dundalk,	762	15	7	96	17	5	58	18	10	918	11	10	1,015	99,024	97	559	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Dunfanaghy,	62	13	9	20	13	9	8	10	8	91	18	2	95	8,194	86	46	1	5	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$6\frac{3}{4}$
Dungannon,	198	15	3	67	1	6	35	3	$9\frac{1}{4}$	301	0	$6\frac{1}{2}$	399	33,783	87	191	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	3
Dungarvan,	1,400	1	$10\frac{1}{4}$	86	2	11	374	14	6	1,860	19	$3\frac{1}{4}$	2,329	179,868	77	1,016	1	2	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Dunmanway,	362	10	3	40	5	0	9	0	0	411	15	3	786	60,466	77	342	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$0\frac{1}{4}$	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$
Dunshaughlin,	816	17	0	157	6	8	200	18	$5\frac{1}{2}$	1,175	2	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1,074	93,443	90	545	1	5	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$8\frac{1}{2}$
Edenderry,	1,188	2	$8\frac{1}{2}$	115	19	$4\frac{1}{2}$	155	11	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1,459	13	$2\frac{1}{4}$	1,504	149,333	99	844	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Ennis,	2,471	9	10	400	15	$3\frac{3}{4}$		–		2,872	5	$1\frac{3}{4}$	3,010	378,161	126	2,137	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$		–	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$
Enniscorthy,	1,701	1	$11\frac{1}{4}$	94	18	$3\frac{1}{4}$	221	17	7	2,017	17	$9\frac{1}{2}$	2,306	207,246	90	1,171	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Enniskillen,	645	0	3	136	18	7	61	6	11	843	5	9	629	81,394	128	460	1	4	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$
Ennistymon,	2,047	0	3	239	11	3		–		2,286	11	6	2,473	340,602	138	1,924	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$		–	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$
Fermoy,	1,152	7	1	156	19	1		–		1,309	6	2	2,683	176,042	66	995	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$		–	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Galway,	2,189	1	$9\frac{1}{4}$	226	17	8	375	7	$7\frac{1}{2}$	2,791	7	$0\frac{3}{4}$	3,340	360,366	108	2,036	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	1
Glennamaddy,	312	2	$9\frac{1}{4}$	39	19	5	66	19	2	419	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$	428	44,168	103	249	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	4

Glenties,	165	7	3	34	6	8	35	9	10	235	3	9	322	29,141	90	165	0	11½	0	2	1	1½
Glin,	1,085	7	4¼	86	17	7	350	17	7½	1,523	2	6¾	1,582	168,423	107	951	0	11¾	0	3½	1	3¼
Gorey,	1,257	3	10	157	11	8	83	3	5	1,497	18	11	1,834	159,685	87	902	1	3	0	1	1	4
Gort,	1,386	16	3¾	121	7	2½	128	6	6	1,636	10	0¼	2,194	215,584	98	1,218	0	11¾	0	1	1	0¾
Gortin,	99	14	6	33	6	1	32	19	0	165	19	7	167	15,816	95	89	1	2	0	3½	1	5½
Granard,	1,186	0	8½	162	17	10		–		1,348	18	6½	1,667	183,407	110	1,036	1	0¼		–	1	0¼
Inishowen,	279	6	0	38	17	10	28	6	2	346	10	0	573	54,354	95	397	0	10	0	1	0	11
Kanturk,	2,224	3	6½	224	8	7		–		2,448	12	1½	3,646	337,065	92	1,904	1	0		–	1	0
Kells,	913	17	5½	201	13	0	143	1	1¾	1,258	11	7¼	1,451	137,355	95	776	1	1½	0	1¾	1	3¼
Kenmare,	1,602	18	3	65	1	9	244	7	11	1,912	7	11	2,497	234,620	94	1,326	1	0	0	1⅝	1	1¾
Kilkeel,	141	19	3½	25	0	2¾	19	13	0¼	186	12	6½	266	18,865	71	107	1	2¾	0	1⅝	1	4½
Kilkenny,	2,405	12	6½	371	8	8	284	10	0	3,061	11	2½	3,053	273,120	89	1,543	1	5	0	1¾	1	6¾
Killadysert,	1,097	11	2½	64	5	2½	193	4	1	1,355	0	6	1,774	185,479	105	1,048	0	10½	0	1¾	1	0¼
Killala,	597	14	8½	96	6	9½	180	17	7	874	19	1½	630	87,067	137	492	1	1¾	0	3½	1	4¾
Killarney,	2,227	13	9½	195	0	2	337	16	7	2,760	10	6¾	3,716	324,316	87	1,833	1	0¾	0	1¾	1	2½
Kilmacthomas,	433	8	11¾	23	2	9	107	4	2½	563	15	11½	709	51,461	73	291	1	2¾	0	3½	1	6¼
Kilmallock,	3,073	15	2	473	12	1		–		3,547	7	3	5,568	475,768	85	2,677	1	0½		–	1	0½
Kilrush,	3,089	13	9¾	224	14	0½		–		3,324	7	9¾	4,061	447,521	110	2,528	1	0½		–	1	0½
Kinsale,	753	15	4½	119	11	7½	123	19	4½	997	6	4½	2,310	119,010	51	672	1	0¼	0	1⅝	1	2
Larne,	369	10	10	86	9	2	99	13	0	555	13	0	453	47,831	106	270	1	4	0	3½	1	7½
Letterkenny,	157	19	9½	56	6	4	26	5	5	240	11	6½	241	25,221	105	143	1	2¼	0	1¾	1	4
Limerick,	5,975	11	1¾	864	4	10¼	869	0	4¾	7,768	16	4¾	10,237	834,259	81	4,713	1	1¾	0	1⅝	1	3½
Lisburn,	422	9	0	103	2	10	87	17	7	613	9	5	657	54,894	80	310	1	4	0	2¾	1	6¾
Lismore,	1,234	17	7¾	137	2	5¼		–		1,372	0	1	1,625	172,255	106	973	1	1½		–	1	1½
Lisnaskea,	260	9	5	70	1	5	27	17	3	358	8	1	479	46,809	98	265	1	0	0	1	1	1
Listowel,	2,073	6	8	113	5	3	171	10	9	2,358	2	8	3,176	329,349	104	1,861	0	11	0	1	1	0
Londonderry,	656	14	6	117	14	10	233	8	1	1,007	17	5	1,268	91,312	72	516	1	2¾	0	4¼	1	6½
Longford,	913	16	5	83	8	0	76	14	11	1,076	19	4	1,393	147,608	106	834	0	11¼	0	1	1	0½
Loughrea,	897	12	9½	80	4	5	72	10	10	960	8	0½	1,318	139,285	106	787	0	10½	0	1	0	11½
Lowtherstown,	167	6	4	31	2	7	17	11	1	216	0	0	248	25,920	104	146	1	0¼	0	1½	1	2
Lurgan,	445	3	4	133	19	3	106	4	9	685	7	4	1,041	50,994	49	288	1	7	0	3½	1	10½
Macroom,	1,312	12	11	166	8	8	65	9	6	1,544	11	1	2,297	202,185	89	1,159	1	0	0	0½	1	0½
Magherafelt,	225	2	1	69	5	1	18	2	3	312	9	5	349	34,782	100	197	1	2¼	0	0¾	1	3
Mallow,	1,186	3	5½	174	1	7½	49	18	2	1,410	3	3	2,838	167,695	59	947	1	1½	0	0¼	1	2
Manorhamilton,	286	6	3	67	15	6	265	3	9	619	3	6	425	50,915	120	288	0	11¾	0	8¾	1	8½

[*continued.*

No. VII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 25th March, 1853 (included in Table No. II.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Midleton,	2,021	3	2	162	14	11	166	10	4	2,350	8	5	3,871	279,752	72	1,580	1	1	0	1	1	2
Milford,	183	2	8	41	12	4	24	17	1	249	12	1	276	31,255	113	177	1	0	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Millstreet,	1,297	2	1	117	18	8	55	13	0	1,470	13	9	2,972	186,968	63	1,056	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$0\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$
Mitchelstown,	925	18	$5\frac{1}{4}$	159	3	$5\frac{3}{4}$	178	11	$3\frac{3}{4}$	1,263	13	$2\frac{3}{4}$	2,607	171,423	66	969	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$
Mohill,	420	14	0	70	2	4	63	17	$10\frac{1}{2}$	554	14	$2\frac{1}{2}$	476	61,817	130	349	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	3
Monaghan,	374	19	1	93	19	9	9	2	6	478	1	4	526	55,037	105	511	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$	0	$0\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Mount Bellew,	479	18	11	66	13	$1\frac{1}{2}$	39	8	$7\frac{1}{2}$	586	0	8	701	75,562	108	427	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1	1
Mountmelick,	1,240	4	1	246	6	$9\frac{1}{2}$	292	6	11	1,778	17	$9\frac{1}{2}$	2,107	170,123	81	961	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	3	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Mullingar,	1,418	5	$11\frac{1}{2}$	358	19	4	443	13	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2,220	18	6	1,958	212,956	109	1,203	1	2	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Naas,	1,315	9	$5\frac{1}{2}$	245	18	7	185	14	9	1,747	2	$9\frac{1}{2}$	1,807	178,308	99	1,007	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Navan,	1,304	8	$0\frac{1}{2}$	151	14	$5\frac{1}{2}$	284	4	7	1,740	7	1	1,618	136,430	84	771	1	6	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$9\frac{1}{2}$
Nenagh,	2,226	12	$11\frac{1}{4}$	349	11	$11\frac{3}{4}$	500	17	6	3,077	2	5	3,292	320,570	97	1,811	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	4
Newcastle,	2,127	9	$3\frac{1}{2}$	280	4	11	–			2,407	14	$2\frac{1}{2}$	4,468	347,152	78	1,961	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	–		0	$11\frac{3}{4}$
Newport,	377	1	$9\frac{1}{4}$	72	18	2	129	16	8	579	16	$7\frac{1}{2}$	518	62,320	120	352	1	0	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
New Ross,	2,649	9	9	142	7	$3\frac{1}{2}$	277	15	10	3,069	12	$10\frac{1}{2}$	3,007	266,680	89	1,507	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$7\frac{1}{4}$
Newry,	691	12	10	105	15	4	126	18	1	924	6	3	1,209	101,669	84	574	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	2	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Newtownards,	453	15	$6\frac{1}{2}$	124	7	$11\frac{1}{2}$	131	9	$6\frac{3}{4}$	709	13	$0\frac{1}{4}$	724	63,109	87	357	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	7
Newtownlimavady,	337	5	11	65	8	0	28	9	8	431	3	7	502	46,330	92	262	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$	0	1	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Oldcastle,	949	8	10	235	18	0	75	1	2	1,260	8	0	1,205	144,116	119	814	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	1	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$
Omagh,	586	1	5	122	11	1	111	17	0	820	9	6	780	77,782	100	440	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$
Oughterard,	652	16	$8\frac{1}{2}$	54	17	$4\frac{1}{2}$	90	2	6	797	16	7	1,034	108,390	105	612	0	11	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$

Parsonstown,	1,370	11	9	151	2	$2\frac{3}{4}$	171	5	8	1,692	19	$7\frac{3}{4}$	1,760	164,432	93	929	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$
Portumna,	521	6	$10\frac{3}{4}$	45	13	6	43	12	$5\frac{1}{4}$	610	12	10	809	83,754	103	473	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	1	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$
Rathdown,	1,084	11	$3\frac{1}{2}$	157	3	6	210	18	$5\frac{1}{2}$	1,452	13	3	2,531	101,243	40	572	1	$8\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	2	0
Rathdrum,	853	9	8	195	5	4	263	15	9	1,312	10	9	1,794	126,618	71	715	1	2	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Rathkeale,	1,208	19	$1\frac{1}{4}$	212	16	0	100	19	$10\frac{1}{4}$	1,522	14	$11\frac{1}{2}$	2,427	197,070	81	1,113	1	0	0	1	1	1
Roscommon,	1,003	4	2	121	0	5	189	14	3	1,313	18	10	1,395	151,771	109	858	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	2	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Roscrea,	902	1	6	148	14	6	72	10	5	1,123	6	5	1,370	121,834	89	688	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$
Scariff,	1,374	16	1	173	15	2	–			1,548	11	3	1,527	197,938	130	1,118	1	1	–		1	$2\frac{3}{4}$
Shillelagh,	725	6	$3\frac{3}{4}$	75	9	9	107	4	9	908	0	$9\frac{3}{4}$	956	102,948	108	582	1	1	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$
Skibbereen,	1,418	13	0	122	10	$7\frac{3}{4}$	–			1,541	3	$7\frac{3}{4}$	2,666	231,188	87	1,306	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	–		1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Skull,	368	9	$8\frac{3}{4}$	65	12	$3\frac{1}{4}$	56	12	3	490	14	3	623	54,348	87	307	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Sligo,	951	9	4	200	7	5	–			1,151	16	9	1,540	131,950	86	746	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$	–		1	6
Strabane,	458	7	0	69	16	10	100	0	0	628	3	10	619	58,285	94	329	1	3	0	3	1	0
Stranorlar,	181	5	10	40	9	7	–			221	15	5	377	30,464	81	172	1	$0\frac{1}{4}$	–		1	$0\frac{1}{4}$
Strokestown,	772	3	5	115	8	4	210	16	$4\frac{1}{2}$	1,098	8	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1,030	101,193	98	572	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$
Swineford,	394	3	1	42	10	7	38	3	$10\frac{1}{4}$	494	17	$6\frac{1}{4}$	537	65,177	121	368	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$
Thomastown,	1,025	16	$2\frac{3}{4}$	114	3	10	114	18	0	1,254	18	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1,291	110,304	85	623	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$7\frac{1}{4}$
Thurles,	1,633	6	8	198	8	2	–			1,831	14	10	3,105	246,630	79	1,393	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	–		1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Tipperary,	2,446	18	$7\frac{1}{4}$	288	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$	–			2,735	0	$0\frac{1}{2}$	4,015	360,753	90	2,038	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	–		1	$0\frac{3}{4}$
Tobercurry,	112	0	1	19	11	6	26	16	$9\frac{1}{2}$	158	8	$4\frac{1}{2}$	119	16,575	139	94	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$	0	$2\frac{3}{4}$	1	4
Tralee,	3,061	4	8	373	3	$5\frac{3}{4}$	1,080	10	$5\frac{1}{2}$	4,514	18	$7\frac{1}{4}$	4,560	518,651	114	2,930	0	11	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Trim,	730	10	$11\frac{1}{4}$	185	11	$9\frac{1}{4}$	103	9	6	1,019	12	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1,515	99,336	66	561	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$
Tuam,	1,248	8	$1\frac{1}{2}$	110	2	$8\frac{3}{4}$	196	13	$11\frac{1}{2}$	1,555	4	$9\frac{1}{4}$	1,691	188,830	112	1,067	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Tulla,	1,352	4	$4\frac{1}{2}$	129	19	$7\frac{1}{2}$	203	12	9	1,685	16	9	1,931	195,492	101	1,105	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Tullamore,	1,694	13	0	259	15	$9\frac{1}{2}$	220	15	5	2,175	4	$2\frac{1}{2}$	2,661	211,944	80	1,198	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$
Urlingford,	858	19	0	116	11	$7\frac{1}{2}$	221	6	$10\frac{1}{2}$	1,196	17	6	1,772	106,245	60	600	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	7
Waterford,	3,482	9	11	265	7	7	786	12	$3\frac{1}{2}$	4,534	9	$9\frac{1}{2}$	5,277	377,575	71	2,133	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$8\frac{1}{4}$
Westport,	567	1	5	118	12	11	98	12	$3\frac{1}{4}$	784	6	$7\frac{1}{4}$	1,018	94,667	93	535	1	0	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$
Wexford,	1,878	5	$1\frac{1}{2}$	240	10	$10\frac{1}{2}$	208	14	7	2,327	10	7	3,136	199,420	64	1,127	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$7\frac{1}{2}$
Youghal,	1,462	4	$9\frac{1}{4}$	166	9	0	227	15	5	1,856	9	$2\frac{1}{4}$	2,932	218,656	75	1,235	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Total,	177,950	13	$2\frac{1}{4}$	23,257	14	$9\frac{3}{4}$	26,795	4	$0\frac{1}{4}$	228,003	12	$0\frac{1}{4}$	277,874	24,415,903	88	137,943	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$

No. VIII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1853 (included in Table No. III.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Abbeyleix,	755	11	7¼	137	17	9¾	201	12	5	1,095	1	10	977	96,778	99	515	1	3½	0	3½	1	7
Antrim,	359	13	0	61	7	9	161	17	10	582	18	7	436	45,329	104	241	1	3¾	0	6	1	9¾
Ardee,	729	9	9	118	4	7	102	2	6	949	16	10	1,215	85,575	70	455	1	4¾	0	2	1	6¾
Armagh,	391	10	8	75	6	4	–			466	17	0	511	42,817	84	228	1	6¼	–		1	6¼
Athlone,	1,493	19	11	172	13	1	409	0	0	2,066	13	0	1,892	206,648	109	1,099	1	1½	0	3½	1	4¾
Athy,	1,018	14	10	116	6	9	40	0	0	1,175	1	7	1,247	117,202	94	623	1	4¼	0	0½	1	4¾
Bailieborough,	544	18	1	147	13	0	161	6	7	853	17	8	901	74,025	82	394	1	3¾	0	3¾	1	7½
Ballina,	759	0	11	93	18	11	235	5	0	1,088	4	10	832	101,217	122	538	1	2	0	4	1	6
Ballinasloe,	1,054	10	11	97	10	6½	64	3	5¼	1,216	4	10¾	1,026	123,018	120	654	1	3¾	0	1	1	4¾
Ballinrobe,	981	0	2½	79	10	8¾	236	2	5	1,296	13	4¼	1,429	157,019	110	835	0	11¼	0	2½	1	1¾
Ballycastle,	167	18	5	37	5	5	8	12	2	213	16	0	272	22,302	82	119	1	3½	0	0½	1	4
Ballymahon,	643	12	4¾	50	15	10	105	0	0½	799	8	3¼	1,212	78,302	65	416	1	3	0	2¼	1	5¼
Ballymena,	256	8	0	66	2	5	–			322	10	5	440	31,178	71	166	1	5¼	–		1	5¼
Ballymoney,	171	7	11	60	6	4	17	4	3	248	18	6	290	30,047	104	160	1	1	0	1	1	2
Ballyshannon,	289	11	1	53	4	7	48	14	4	391	10	0	417	46,769	112	249	1	0¼	0	1¾	1	2
Ballyvaghan,	688	6	1¼	73	1	2¾	98	7	7	859	14	11	828	106,911	129	569	1	0	0	1½	1	1½
Balrothery,	762	5	2	95	4	4	164	8	11½	1,021	18	5½	1,036	78,935	76	420	1	6¼	0	3½	1	9¾
Baltinglass,	725	0	11¾	150	7	6¾	112	19	2	988	7	8½	1,073	94,885	88	505	1	3½	0	2	1	5½
Banbridge,	360	10	8¾	84	1	2¼	42	15	8	487	7	7	515	41,084	80	219	1	6¼	0	1¾	1	8
Bandon,	825	18	5¾	113	0	2½	–			938	18	8¼	1,382	116,804	85	621	1	1½	–		1	1½
Bantry,	906	10	5	75	4	9	234	1	3	1,215	16	5	1,609	130,563	81	694	1	0¾	0	3	1	3¾

Bawnboy,	238	10	6	40	4	9	22	12	5	301	7	8	274	31,083	113	165	1	3	0	$1\frac{1}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Belfast,	2,441	17	8	424	19	10	1,499	18	4	4,366	15	10	4,270	239,987	56	1,277	1	$8\frac{1}{2}$	0	$10\frac{1}{2}$	2	$6\frac{3}{4}$
Belmullet,	404	1	0	35	19	0	53	3	10	473	3	10	560	63,727	127	339	0	$11\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Borrisokane,	706	14	$7\frac{1}{2}$	83	13	11		–		790	8	$6\frac{1}{2}$	815	90,334	111	480	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$		–	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$
Boyle,	607	10	6	93	5	0	141	3	$6\frac{1}{2}$	841	17	$0\frac{1}{2}$	673	65,843	98	350	1	$5\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{3}{4}$	1	$9\frac{1}{2}$
Caherciveen,	1,676	17	7	31	2	5	99	18	11	1,807	18	11	2,469	208,286	84	1,108	1	$1\frac{3}{4}$	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1	$2\frac{1}{2}$
Callan,	1,348	6	$8\frac{1}{2}$	165	3	$5\frac{1}{4}$		–		1,513	10	$1\frac{3}{4}$	2,370	172,483	73	917	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$		–	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$
Carlow,	2,246	2	$7\frac{3}{4}$	348	15	$3\frac{1}{2}$	359	12	1	2,954	10	$0\frac{1}{2}$	2,839	241,664	72	1,285	1	6	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	$8\frac{1}{2}$
Carrickmacross,	577	16	2	92	13	2		–		670	9	4	1,181	84,851	85	451	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$		–	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$
Carrick-on-Shan.	354	0	1	70	15	3	115	3	5	539	18	9	604	55,912	93	297	1	$0\frac{3}{4}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Carrick-on-Suir,	1,048	2	$2\frac{1}{2}$	154	19	$3\frac{1}{2}$		–		1,203	1	6	2,191	134,109	61	713	1	3		–	1	3
Cashel,	2,978	3	$4\frac{1}{4}$	406	11	$1\frac{3}{4}$		–		3,384	14	6	4,507	418,130	93	2,224	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$		–	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Castlebar,	626	4	0	56	5	0	179	9	4	861	18	4	822	87,123	106	463	1	1	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Castleblayney,	574	9	11	50	11	3	64	19	4	690	0	6	785	62,367	79	332	1	$4\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{3}{4}$	1	$6\frac{1}{2}$
Castlecomer,	278	10	$4\frac{1}{2}$	40	5	1	40	4	7	359	0	$0\frac{1}{2}$	373	27,615	74	147	1	$7\frac{1}{2}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	10
Castlederg,	55	6	1	19	19	11	4	0	2	79	6	2	136	13,138	97	70	0	$9\frac{1}{2}$	0	$0\frac{1}{2}$	0	10
Castlerea,	516	19	$8\frac{3}{4}$	63	1	11	35	2	3	614	14	$10\frac{1}{2}$	766	67,410	88	359	1	$2\frac{1}{4}$	0	1	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Castletown,	687	19	0	55	11	3		–		743	10	3	1,009	82,998	82	441	1	3		–	1	3
Castletownkelvin,	247	7	$2\frac{3}{4}$	44	14	$11\frac{1}{2}$	47	19	$2\frac{1}{4}$	340	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$	293	31,355	105	167	1	$3\frac{1}{4}$	0	$2\frac{1}{2}$	1	$6\frac{1}{4}$
Cavan,	885	2	11	115	11	1	140	13	4	1,141	7	4	1,395	111,004	80	590	1	3	0	$2\frac{1}{4}$	1	$5\frac{1}{4}$
Celbridge,	399	12	0	131	19	$9\frac{1}{2}$	94	13	2	626	4	$11\frac{1}{2}$	608	46,303	76	246	1	$7\frac{1}{2}$	0	$3\frac{1}{2}$	1	$10\frac{1}{4}$
Claremorris,	721	18	$6\frac{1}{4}$	43	7	$7\frac{1}{2}$	217	5	$11\frac{1}{4}$	982	12	1	868	95,089	110	506	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	4	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Clifden,	683	19	11	63	11	2		–		747	11	1	803	93,561	117	498	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$		–	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Clogheen,	1,406	7	$1\frac{3}{4}$	128	8	0		–		1,534	15	$1\frac{3}{4}$	2,580	199,616	77	1,062	1	1		–	1	1
Clogher,	280	11	6	96	4	$4\frac{1}{2}$	23	11	10	400	7	$8\frac{1}{2}$	375	36,141	96	192	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	1	$6\frac{1}{2}$
Clonakilty,	348	11	$0\frac{3}{4}$	38	3	$1\frac{1}{4}$	79	8	9	466	2	$11\frac{1}{2}$	883	58,333	66	369	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$2\frac{1}{4}$	1	$1\frac{1}{2}$
Clones,	311	0	4	36	5	7	35	10	6	382	16	5	420	37,998	90	202	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	5
Clonmel,	2,844	16	6	234	6	4	407	6	2	3,486	9	0	4,460	556,403	75	1,784	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	2	1	$5\frac{1}{2}$
Coleraine,	206	3	8	61	11	3	18	19	9	376	14	8	493	38,891	79	207	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	1	$4\frac{1}{4}$
Cookstown,	229	6	5	48	2	10	21	0	9	298	10	0	312	30,295	97	161	1	$3\frac{1}{2}$	0	1	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$
Cootehill,	506	0	11	85	9	2		–		591	10	1	766	70,884	93	377	1	2		–	1	2
Cork,	5,867	10	5	500	3	11		–		6,367	14	4	13,362	720,058	54	3,830	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$		–	1	$2\frac{3}{4}$
Corrofin,	537	14	$3\frac{1}{2}$	72	15	$11\frac{1}{2}$	70	0	0	680	10	3	786	91,931	117	489	0	$11\frac{1}{4}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$0\frac{1}{2}$
Croom,	1,135	17	$10\frac{1}{4}$	195	19	0	220	14	5	1,552	11	$3\frac{3}{4}$	1,354	137,968	101	734	1	$4\frac{1}{2}$	0	$2\frac{1}{4}$	1	7
Dingle,	2,039	0	11	157	4	4	302	18	$6\frac{3}{4}$	2,499	3	$9\frac{1}{4}$	3,263	315,289	97	1,677	0	$11\frac{3}{4}$	0	$1\frac{1}{2}$	1	$1\frac{1}{4}$

[*continued.*

No. VIII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1853 (included in Table No. III.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.	Cost of Necessaries consumed.	Cost of Clothing.	Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.	Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.		
									Provisions and Necessaries	Clothing.	Total.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.					s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Donaghmore, .	343 14 7	52 19 2	33 7 3	430 1 0	449	46,876	104	249	1 2	0 $1\frac{1}{4}$	1 $3\frac{1}{4}$
Donegal, . .	193 15 6	41 15 7	–	235 11 1	333	27,538	83	146	1 $2\frac{1}{4}$	–	1 $2\frac{1}{4}$
Downpatrick, .	543 16 5	130 3 8	71 5 11	745 6 0	802	61,888	77	329	1 $6\frac{1}{4}$	0 2	1 $8\frac{1}{4}$
Drogheda, . .	1,192 14 5	87 13 6	178 8 9	1,458 16 8	1,783	117,150	66	623	1 $6\frac{1}{2}$	0 $2\frac{1}{2}$	1 9
Dromore, West, .	229 11 7	17 4 9	103 13 4	350 9 8	260	27,350	105	145	1 3	0 $6\frac{1}{2}$	1 $9\frac{1}{2}$
Dublin, North, .	5,691 3 $6\frac{1}{4}$	485 8 $2\frac{1}{4}$	945 1 11	7,121 13 $7\frac{1}{2}$	5,638	474,769	86	2,525	1 10	0 $3\frac{1}{4}$	2 $1\frac{1}{4}$
Dublin, South, .	6,215 4 11	460 14 2	576 9 2	7,252 8 3	6,727	553,906	82	2,946	1 $8\frac{1}{4}$	0 $1\frac{3}{4}$	1 10
Dundalk, . .	869 1 $10\frac{1}{2}$	86 5 $2\frac{1}{2}$	97 7 $9\frac{3}{4}$	1,052 14 $10\frac{3}{4}$	997	93,493	94	497	1 $5\frac{1}{4}$	0 $1\frac{3}{4}$	1 7
Dunfanaghy, .	59 5 9	16 17 10	8 9 7	84 13 2	97	7,123	73	38	1 6	0 2	1 8
Dungannon, .	194 13 3	48 8 8	31 0 5	274 2 4	372	29,781	80	158	1 $1\frac{3}{4}$	0 $1\frac{3}{4}$	1 $3\frac{1}{2}$
Dungarvan, .	1,446 19 $6\frac{3}{4}$	108 1 10	–	1,555 1 $4\frac{3}{4}$	2,609	200,177	77	1,065	1 1	–	1 1
Dunmanway, .	487 1 $0\frac{1}{2}$	60 17 0	38 8 $0\frac{1}{2}$	586 6 1	937	64,515	69	343	1 $2\frac{1}{4}$	0 1	1 $3\frac{1}{4}$
Dunshaughlin, .	690 5 $3\frac{3}{4}$	119 12 11	41 10 8	851 8 $10\frac{3}{4}$	995	79,744	80	424	1 5	0 1	1 6
Edenderry, . .	1,165 15 $1\frac{1}{4}$	115 16 8	109 18 $0\frac{1}{4}$	1,391 9 $9\frac{1}{2}$	1,742	131,849	76	701	1 $4\frac{1}{4}$	0 $1\frac{1}{2}$	1 $5\frac{3}{4}$
Ennis, . .	2,367 6 3	342 13 1	–	2,709 19 4	2,930	345,165	118	1,836	1 1	–	1 1
Enniscorthy, .	1,855 0 $5\frac{1}{2}$	105 17 9	206 8 $10\frac{1}{2}$	2,167 7 1	2,313	198,187	86	1,054	1 $4\frac{1}{2}$	0 $1\frac{3}{4}$	1 $6\frac{1}{4}$
Enniskillen, .	621 19 2	100 15 6	29 6 7	752 1 3	668	72,198	108	384	1 $4\frac{3}{4}$	0 $0\frac{3}{4}$	1 $5\frac{1}{2}$
Ennistymon, .	1,779 9 9	166 19 $8\frac{1}{4}$	311 8 0	2,257 17 $5\frac{1}{4}$	2,277	294,233	129	1,575	0 11	0 $1\frac{3}{4}$	1 $0\frac{3}{4}$
Fermoy, . .	1,262 14 $7\frac{1}{2}$	128 14 8	–	1,391 9 $3\frac{1}{2}$	3,203	165,227	52	879	1 2	–	1 2
Galway, . .	2,187 9 2	192 8 2	207 12 $10\frac{1}{2}$	2,587 10 $2\frac{1}{2}$	3,287	349,785	106	1,861	0 $11\frac{1}{2}$	0 1	1 $0\frac{1}{2}$
Glennamaddy, .	407 7 $9\frac{3}{4}$	31 19 $9\frac{1}{4}$	312 14 10	752 2 5	522	48,847	94	260	1 $3\frac{1}{4}$	0 $10\frac{3}{4}$	2 2

Glenties,	173	9	4	39	11	5	25	19	10	239	0	7	301	28,600	95	152	1	0½	0	1½	1	2
Glin,	988	9	7½	66	11	8¾		–		1,055	1	4¼	1,450	158,196	109	841	0	11¼		–	0	11¼
Gorey,	1,234	4	3	154	12	9	157	7	8	1,546	4	8	1,742	151,086	87	804	1	3½	0	1¾	1	5¼
Gort,	1,302	3	9½	95	4	8	115	16	4	1,513	4	9½	2,046	194,550	95	1,035	1	0	0	1	1	1
Gortin,	73	12	10	19	6	10	25	0	0	117	19	8	135	9,641	71	51	1	4	0	4¼	1	8¼
Granard,	1,082	17	2	131	11	10		–		1,214	9	0	1,535	157,142	102	836	1	1		–	1	1
Inishowen,	182	15	6	29	0	5	8	10	0	220	5	11	415	32,638	79	174	0	10¾	0	0½	0	11¼
Kanturk,	2,184	12	10	204	4	10		–		2,388	17	8	3,406	303,047	89	1,612	1	1¼		–	1	1¼
Kells,	1,151	6	6	167	15	5½	46	9	0¾	1,365	11	0¼	1,436	136,531	95	726	1	4¼	0	0½	1	4¾
Kenmare,	1,587	18	8½	58	1	3½	532	5	9	2,178	5	9	2,332	215,513	92	1,146	1	1	0	4	1	5
Kilkeel,	101	4	0½	19	12	8		–		120	16	8¼	301	17,286	57	92	0	11¾		–	0	11¾
Kilkenny,	2,591	9	1½	384	18	11½	295	16	3	3,272	4	3½	3,118	283,980	91	1,511	1	5¾	0	1¾	1	7½
Killadysert,	1,115	12	0¾	65	13	8½	103	19	6	1,285	5	3¼	1,323	174,683	132	929	0	11¼	0	1	1	0¼
Killala,	565	18	5½	73	13	7	107	5	11	746	17	11½	583	83,960	144	447	1	0¾	0	2¼	1	3
Killarney,	2,165	4	0	176	6	1	308	8	0	2,649	18	1	3,284	296,064	90	1,575	1	1¼	0	1¾	1	3
Kilmacthomas,	658	16	8¾	59	3	11¾	10	15	4	728	16	0½	1,211	74,093	61	394	1	4¾	0	0¼	1	4½
Kilmallock,	3,034	13	2½	391	18	3		–		3,426	11	5½	4,170	415,000	100	2,207	1	2		–	1	2
Kilrush,	2,798	11	7¼	178	15	2½		–		2,977	6	9¾	3,659	422,412	143	2,247	1	0		–	1	0
Kinsale,	702	7	3½	110	6	9½	125	6	0	938	0	1	1,746	103,670	59	551	1	1	0	2	1	3
Larne,	332	9	1	67	10	11	75	8	6	475	8	6	455	42,238	93	225	1	4	0	3	1	7
Letterkenny,	115	2	11	49	10	8	17	13	2	182	6	9	198	16,952	86	90	1	4¼	0	1¾	1	6
Limerick,	6,092	7	9½	664	14	11	1,707	2	3	8,464	4	11½	10,038	819,414	82	4,359	1	1¾	0	3½	1	5¼
Lisburn,	338	11	8	83	5	1	71	3	2	492	19	11	598	44,661	75	237	1	3¾	0	2¾	1	6½
Lismore,	1,237	15	7½	139	2	10¾	190	1	2¾	1,566	19	8½	1,839	182,457	99	971	1	0¾	0	1¾	1	2½
Lisnaskea,	222	9	0	61	1	10	22	7	6	305	18	4	402	33,601	84	179	1	2¼	0	1	1	3¼
Listowel,	1,980	10	1	93	3	6	332	12	3	2,406	5	10	3,022	319,308	106	1,698	0	11	0	1¾	1	0¾
Londonderry,	662	11	1	103	1	10	78	17	4	844	10	3	1,171	80,994	69	431	1	3¾	0	1¾	1	5½
Longford,	875	0	9	98	17	0		–		973	17	9	1,269	123,015	97	654	1	1¼		–	1	1¼
Loughrea,	952	2	6½	78	1	7¼	141	7	9½	1,171	11	11¼	1,336	135,734	102	722	1	0¾	0	1¾	1	2½
Lowtherstown,	121	5	3	25	17	10	12	16	11	160	0	0	220	17,983	82	96	1	1¾	0	1¼	1	3
Lurgan,	403	8	6	106	6	1	67	8	10	577	3	5	829	45,565	55	242	1	6¾	0	2½	1	9¼
Macroom,	1,428	0	8	128	7	10	121	10	6	1,677	19	0	2,330	204,234	88	1,086	1	0¾	0	1	1	1¾
Magherafelt,	220	0	0	63	6	1	16	14	8	300	0	9	322	32,110	100	171	1	2¾	0	1	1	3¾
Mallow,	1,110	17	0½	130	4	11½	44	8	0½	1,285	10	0½	2,464	149,189	61	794	1	2	0	0½	1	2½
Manorhamilton,	265	8	0	57	13	5	30	14	3	353	15	8	400	45,972	115	245	1	0	0	1	1	1

[*continued.*

No. VIII.—Table showing the Expenditure for Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing of Workhouse Inmates, during the Half-year ended 29th September, 1853 (included in Table No. III.); also, the Number relieved in the Half-year, and the Average Weekly Cost per Head:—163 Unions—*continued*.

Names of Unions.	Cost of Provisions consumed.			Cost of Necessaries consumed.			Cost of Clothing.			Total Cost of Provisions, Necessaries, and Clothing.			Total Number of Paupers relieved.	Collective No. of Days for all Paupers relieved in the Half-year.	Average No. of Days of Relief to each Pauper.	Average Daily No. of Paupers in Workhouse.	Average Weekly Cost per head.					
																	Provisions and Necessaries		Clothing.		Total.	
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.					s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Midleton,	1,931	0	8	165	18	5½	163	1	1	2,320	0	2½	4,799	273,908	57	1,457	1	1¼	0	1	1	2¼
Milford,	143	16	7	26	10	6	27	4	11	197	12	0	285	26,052	91	139	0	11	0	1¾	1	0¾
Millstreet,	1,183	14	1	81	9	7	136	17	10	1,402	1	6	2,885	168,605	58	897	1	0½	0	1½	1	2
Mitchelstown,	946	7	10½	160	10	3		–		1,106	18	1½	2,903	152,014	52	809	1	0¼		–	1	0¼
Mohill,	389	5	2	38	19	10	19	0	7	447	5	7	419	50,601	121	269	1	2¼	0	0½	1	2¾
Monaghan,	369	2	5	61	13	0	11	8	5	442	3	10	485	50,280	104	267	1	2¼	0	0½	1	2¾
Mount Bellew,	511	4	1½	73	15	5½	76	6	10	661	6	5½	634	73,382	116	390	1	1½	0	1½	1	3
Mountmellick,	1,267	6	0	158	5	9	169	3	0	1,594	14	9	2,145	162,379	76	864	1	2¾	0	1¾	1	4½
Mullingar,	1,394	9	6	308	18	10	256	1	0	1,959	9	4	1,817	194,468	107	1,034	1	2¾	0	2¼	1	5
Naas,	1,302	5	0½	222	9	5	106	2	8	1,630	17	1½	1,727	156,797	91	834	1	4¼	0	1¼	1	5½
Navan,	1,158	13	3½	109	13	6	210	0	0	1,478	6	9½	1,566	117,294	75	624	1	6¼	0	3	1	9¼
Nenagh,	2,484	14	8½	318	5	1½	362	17	7¼	3,165	17	5¼	3,211	307,044	96	1,633	1	3¼	0	2	1	5¼
Newcastle,	2,268	3	0½	177	10	6½	174	10	10¼	2,620	4	5¼	3,915	318,256	81	1,693	1	0¾	0	1	1	1¾
Newport,	396	18	11½	43	14	6	86	7	10½	527	1	4	417	55,613	134	296	1	1¼	0	2¾	1	4
New Ross,	2,853	3	2	147	6	11⅓	269	11	7½	3,270	1	9¼	3,298	282,159	87	1,501	1	5¾	0	1¾	1	7½
Newry,	695	4	2	106	10	8	44	7	2	846	2	0	1,084	91,757	85	488	1	2¾	0	0¾	1	3½
Newtownards,	483	14	2	62	16	2	58	6	4	604	16	8	638	58,768	92	313	1	3¾	0	1¾	1	5¼
Newtownlimavady,	287	6	8	76	1	10	30	2	8	393	11	2	379	37,387	99	199	1	4¾	0	1¾	1	5¾
Oldcastle,	1,014	12	0	216	10	11	68	2	2	1,299	5	1	1,140	130,766	115	696	1	3¾	0	1	1	4¾
Omagh,	415	2	0	68	10	9	14	4	10	497	17	7	630	55,717	89	296	1	2½	0	0½	1	3
Oughterard,	701	9	0	50	19	7		–		752	8	7	1,000	115,322	115	614	0	11		–	0	11

Parsonstown,	1,181	8	9	116	11	3	168	6	10	1,466	6	10	1,680	164,007	98	872	1	1¼	0	1¾	1	3
Portumna,	720	14	0¾	69	8	10¼	99	16	5	889	19	4	1,110	95,827	86	510	1	2	0	1¾	1	3¾
Rathdown,	1,221	1	9½	149	10	11	191	8	6½	1,562	1	3	1,833	91,885	50	489	2	1	0	3½	2	4½
Rathdrum,	932	6	6½	180	6	1	195	9	2	1,308	1	9½	1,767	125,094	71	665	1	3	0	2½	1	5½
Rathkeale,	1,249	1	6½	194	1	2½	60	2	8	1,503	5	4½	2,491	191,674	77	1,020	1	0¾	0	0½	1	1½
Roscommon,	1,045	2	1¾	132	12	9¾	101	13	1	1,279	8	0	1,275	143,896	113	765	1	1¾	0	1¼	1	3
Rosrea,	825	7	2	124	16	3	74	15	3	1,024	18	8	1,363	111,359	82	592	1	2½	0	1	1	3½
Scarif,	1,359	19	3¾	145	15	4		–		1,505	14	7¾	1,532	194,873	62	1,037	1	1		–	1	1
Shillelagh,	700	8	2¾	68	1	5	48	0	0	816	9	7¾	911	96,082	105	511	1	1½	0	0¾	1	2¼
Skibbereen,	1,452	2	10¾	130	7	7¾	448	15	7	2,031	6	1½	2,715	215,414	79	1,146	1	0¼	0	3½	1	3¼
Skull,	372	2	9¼	78	11	10¾		–		450	14	8	602	49,175	82	263	1	3¼		–	1	3¼
Sligo,	1,148	7	5	216	10	1		–		1,364	17	6	1,478	128,556	88	684	1	6		–	1	6
Strabane,	412	3	0	87	3	3	80	0	0	579	6	3	633	51,854	82	276	1	4	0	2¾	1	6¾
Stranorlar,	127	1	5	25	16	10	12	14	4	165	12	7	279	21,387	77	114	1	0	0	1	1	1
Strokestown,	787	18	10½	82	17	6	79	7	5	950	3	9½	961	95,245	99	507	1	3¼	0	1½	1	4¾
Swineford,	379	16	1	37	1	8	69	18	10	486	16	7	510	58,753	115	313	1	0	0	2	1	2
Thomastown,	1,109	3	7½	144	17	7	126	8	6¼	1,380	9	8¾	2,126	122,135	57	650	1	5½	0	1¾	1	7
Tinrles,	1,673	0	6½	150	19	5½		–		1,824	0	0	3,157	226,267	72	1,204	1	1½		–	1	1½
Tipperary,	2,086	7	4½	259	4	0½		–		2,345	11	5	3,826	314,713	82	1,674	1	0½		–	1	0½
Tobercurry,	133	17	4¾	18	2	4¾	39	7	0	191	6	9½	151	16,480	109	88	1	3½	0	4	1	7½
Tralee,	3,071	13	1¾	252	7	0¾	1,047	3	1	4,371	3	3¼	4,417	502,634	114	2,663	0	11¼	0	3½	1	2¾
Trim,	649	3	8¾	162	6	3½	86	7	8¾	897	17	8¾	1,206	82,930	69	441	1	4½	0	1¾	1	6¼
Tuam,	1,243	15	7¾	83	13	10½	267	13	2	1,595	2	8¼	1,764	185,008	105	984	1	0	0	2½	1	2½
Tulla,	1,182	0	11½	99	10	8½	29	18	11	1,311	10	7	1,443	172,789	119	919	1	0½	0	0¾	1	0¾
Tullamore,	1,588	12	9	180	1	4	201	14	0	1,970	8	1	2,511	193,631	77	1,030	1	3¼	0	1¾	1	5
Urlingford,	859	13	5	56	12	5	125	5	3	1,041	11	1	1,286	103,611	81	551	1	3	0	2	1	5
Waterford,	3,065	14	6½	291	15	1¾	346	15	11¼	3,704	5	7½	5,441	333,883	61	1,776	1	5	0	1¾	1	6¾
Westport,	555	9	4½	73	5	5	85	6	1	714	0	10½	909	81,892	90	436	1	1	0	1¾	1	2¾
Wexford,	1,929	13	10½	220	8	10	225	16	4	2,375	19	0¾	3,178	203,105	64	1,080	1	5¾	0	1¾	1	7½
Youghal,	1,388	8	11½	128	10	5		–		1,516	19	4½	3,259	193,420	59	1,029	1	1¼		–	1	1¼
Total,	176,561	11	4	20,163	1	0¾	21,362	5	9¾	218,026	16	2½	270,381	22,811,728	84	121,339	1	2½	0	1½	1	4

No. IX.—Classification of Persons relieved in the Union Workhouses in Ireland, during the Year ended 29th Sept., 1853.

Classes of Persons Relieved in the Workhouses.				No. in the Half-year ended 25th March, 1853.	No. in the Half-year ended 29th September, 1853.
ABLE-BODIED AND THEIR CHILDREN.					
Adults,	Married Couples,	Males,	1	2,629	2,114
		Females,	2	2,629	2,114
	Other Males,		3	41,657	39,615
	Other Females,		4	84,436	79,838
Children under 15, of Able-bodied Inmates,		Illegitimate,	5	7,439	8,015
		Other Children,	6	48,435	45,480
NOT ABLE-BODIED.					
Adults,	Married Couples,	Males,	7	488	478
		Females,	8	488	478
	Other Males,		9	11,449	12,109
	Other Females,		10	13,650	14,845
Children under 15,	Of Parents not able-bodied being Inmates	Illegitimate,	11	335	360
		Other Children,	12	2,724	2,671
	Orphans, or other Children, relieved without Parents,		13	59,936	60,607
LUNATICS, INSANE PERSONS, AND IDIOTS.					
Adult Males,			14	654	701
Adult Females,			15	791	821
Children under 15,			16	134	135
Total number of Males,			17	56,877	55,017
Do. Females,			18	101,994	98,096
Do. Children under 15,			19	119,003	117,268
Grand Total,			20	277,874	270,381

No. X.—Classification of Persons relieved out of the Workhouses in Unions in Ireland, during the Year ended 29th September, 1853.

Classes of Persons Relieved.		Number in the Half-year ended 25 March, 1853.	Number in the Half-year ended 29 Sept., 1853.
RELIEVED UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, SEC. 1.			
Adult Males permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,	1	553	442
Families of Adult Males under heading 1, Wives,	2	199	186
Families of Adult Males under heading 1, Children under 15,	3	248	222
Adult Males relieved in cases of their own sickness or accident,	4	1,228	934
Families of Adult Males under heading 4, Wives,	5	593	368
Families of Adult Males under heading 4, Children under 15,	6	1,438	963
Adult Women permanently disabled by old age or infirmity,	7	1,430	1,271
Children under 15, of women under heading 7, Legitimate,	8	195	128
Children under 15, of women under heading 7, Illegitimate,	9	5	11
Adult Women relieved in cases of sickness or accident,	10	1,076	1,006
Children under 15, of women under heading 10, Legitimate,	11	739	592
Children under 15, of women under heading 10, Illegitimate,	12	55	42
Able-bodied Widows, having two or more legitimate children dependent on them,	13	333	329
Children under 15, dependent on Widows under heading 13,	14	914	869
Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots, Males,	15	18	13
Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots, Females,	16	10	10
Lunatics, Insane Persons, and Idiots, Children under 15,	17	8	9
Total,		9,042	7,395
PERSONS RELIEVED UNDER 10 VIC., C. 31, NOT RELIEVABLE UNDER SEC. 1.*			
Adult Males, married or single, relieved on account of want of work,	18	–	–
Families of Adult Males under heading 18, Wives,	19	–	–
Families of Adult Males under heading 18, Children under 15,	20	–	–
Able-bodied Women, Unmarried,	21	–	–
Able-bodied Women, Widows not relievable under sec. 1,	22	–	–
Children of Women under headings 21 and 22, Legitimate,	23	–	–
Children of Women under headings 21 and 22, Illegitimate,	24	–	–
Families relieved without Husband or Father.			
Husband or Father in Gaol, Wives,	25	–	–
Husband or Father in Gaol, Children under 15,	26	–	–
Husband or Father on service in Army or Navy, Wives,	27	1	–
Husband or Father on service in Army or Navy, Children under 15,	28	–	–
Deserted by Husband or Father, Wives,	29	–	2
Deserted by Husband or Father, Children under 15,	30	2	7
Orphans and children relieved without either parent,	31	44	26
Total,		47	35

* There being no Order in operation under Section 2, these were cases provisionally relieved by the Relieving Officers.

No. XI.—Statement (in pursuance of sec. 20 of 12 & 13 Vic., c. 104) relative to the Audit of Union Accounts:—(in continuation of Statement in Sixth Annual Report, 1853, Appendix B., No. XI.)

1. Date up to which the Accounts of Unions have been audited.

The Accounts of all the Unions have been audited to 29th September, 1853, and the Audit of Accounts for the Half-year ended 25th March, 1854, is in progress.

2. Sums Disallowed or found Due on Audit of the Accounts of Unions in Ireland, up to 29th September, 1853, and whether Recovered or in course of Recovery from the Parties Debited.

Unions.	Half-year ended.	Date of Audit.	Amount Disallowed or found Due. £ s. d.	Whether Paid or in course of Recovery.	Observations:—Nature of Sums Disallowed, &c.
Athlone, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	13 June, 1853,	25 13 6	Paid, . . .	Interest illegally charged by Treasurer.
Ballina, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	28 May, 1853,	7 0 1	Paid, . . .	Cash & Meal unaccounted for by Relieving Officers.
Ballinrobe, .	25 Mar., 1853,	25 April, 1853,	2 0 2	Paid, . . .	Value of Meal unaccounted for by Relieving Officers.
Bandon, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	30 April, 1853,	0 10 6	Paid, . . .	Payment of 10s. for Engrossing of Petition to House of Commons, and 6d. overcharge in Clerk's Petty Cash Account.
Bantry, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	31 May, 1853,	0 7 2	Paid, . . .	An overcharge on Relief List; charged to Workhouse Master.
Belmullet, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	27 May, 1853,	3 2 0	Paid, . . .	Interest illegally charged by Treasurer.
Cahirciveen, .	25 Mar., 1853,	12 July, 1853,	0 7 1	Paid, . . .	Overcharge in Clerk's Petty Cash account.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	18 Jan., 1854,	10 0 0	Paid, . . .	£7 10s. overpaid to Contractor, and £2 10s. overcharge in Clerk's Petty Cash account.
Callan, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	4 July, 1853,	15 0 0	Paid, . . .	Payment to Clerk of Union for making out Rate Books.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	21 Dec., 1853,	4 13 0	Paid, . . .	Charged without proper authority; refunded by Clerk.
Castlebar, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	14 Sep., 1853,	22 16 0	In course of recovery,	Value of Canvas unaccounted for by late Master.
Castlerea, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	2 June, 1853,	10 1 11	Paid, . . .	Interest illegally charged by Treasurer.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	25 Nov., 1853,	1 2 7	. . . . .	Interest illegally charged by Treasurer; Treasurer's account debited therewith.

Celbridge, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	6 Dec., 1853,	0 4 8	Paid, . . .	Illegal charge upon Maintenance Account; disallowed against the Master.
Claremorris, .	29 Sep., 1853,	28 Feb., 1854,	2 7 6	In course of recovery,	Cost of Out-door Relief illegally issued by Guardians.
Clifden, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	10 May, 1853,	8 3 0	Paid, . . .	Value of Meal issued to Relieving Officers and unaccounted for.
Clogher, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	23 Dec., 1853,	1 5 3	Paid, . . .	15*s.* 3*d.* an overpayment—10*s.* Cheque drawn in excess; both charged to Clerk of Union.
Clones, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	30 Jan., 1854,	4 0 0	Paid, . . .	Charged for preparation of Rate Books; debited to Guardians who signed cheque.
Clonmel, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	4 May, 1853,	1 19 11	Paid, . . .	Deficiency in Clothing Stock; charged to Master of Auxiliary Workhouse.
Coleraine, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	1 June, 1853,	7 10 0	Paid, . . .	Paid Clerk of Union for preparation of Rate Books, contrary to 38th Article of Poor Law Commissioners' General Order.
Cork, . .	25 Mar., 1853,	21 May, 1853,	3 14 4	Paid, . . .	£2 16*s.* 10*d.* overpaid to Contractor—charged to Clerk of Union; and 17*s.* 6*d.*, value of Wine unaccounted for, charged to Workhouse Master.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	10 Feb., 1854,	36 12 9	Paid, . . .	Overpaid to Contractor; charged to Clerk of Union.
Croom, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	17 Jan., 1854,	4 0 0	Paid, . . .	Expenses of Deputation of Board of Guardians to Public Meetings; charged to the Clerk.
Dingle, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	24 Jan., 1854,	2 6 8	Paid, . . .	£2 6*s.* Election Expenses not sanctioned, and 8*d.* for carriage of Pauper to the Workhouse; charged to the Clerk of the Union.
Dungarvan, .	25 Mar., 1853,	25 May, 1853,	8 15 3	Paid, . . .	£5 13*s.* 6*d.* cost of Tea and Sugar given to Pauper Nurse; charged to Master. £2 17*s.* 9*d.* amount of deficiency in Provisions; charged to Storekeeper. And 4*s.* paid for conveyance of Paupers to Waterford and Kilmacthomas; charged to Clerk of Union.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	30 Mar., 1854,	12 16 0	Paid, . . .	£10 Travelling Expenses of Guardians to Dublin, and £2 16*s.* paid for preparing Rate Books; charged to Clerk of Union.
Dunmanway, .	29 Sep., 1853,	31 Mar., 1854,	16 17 0	Part Paid, . . .	£14 16*s.* received for Bran, and £2 1*s.* overpaid to Contractor. A sum of £12 has been repaid by Clerk, who will also pay the balance.
Ennistymon, .	25 Mar., 1853,	14 Oct., 1853,	60 1 5	Not Paid, . . .	Deficiency in the accounts of late Master, who having left the country cannot be proceeded against.

[*continued.*

No. XI.—Statement (in pursuance of sec. 20 of 12 & 13 Vic., c. 104) relative to the Audit of Union Accounts:—(in continuation of Statement in Sixth Annual Report, 1853, Appendix B, No. XI.)—*continued.*

Unions.	Half-year ended.	Date of Audit.	Amount Disallowed or found Due. £ s. d.	Whether Paid or in course of Recovery.	Observations:—Nature of Sums Disallowed, &c.
Galway, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	25 Feb., 1854,	1 0 0	Paid, . . .	Illegal charge made by Rate Collector for expenses in attending Petty Sessions.
Gorey, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	18 July, 1853,	7 16 7	Paid, . . .	Provisional Relief illegally afforded; debited to Relieving Officer.
Gort, . . .	29 Sep., 1853,	9 Feb., 1854,	20 0 0	In course of recovery,	Amount of Forged Cheque; disallowed against the Treasurer.
Granard, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	8 Mar., 1854,	6 7 0	Paid, . . .	10*s.* and 17*s.*, Paid for Emigration purposes without the sanction of Poor Law Commissioners, and £5 for preparation of Rate Books. The first charged to Master, the second to Guardians who signed the Cheque, and the third to Clerk of Union.
Kanturk, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	25 Feb., 1854,	3 0 0	Repaid, . . .	Travelling Expenses of a Guardian to Dublin; charged to Guardians who signed the Cheque.
Kenmare, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	26 July, 1853,	11 18 0	Paid, . . .	Price of Clothing sold and unaccounted for; charged to Workhouse Master.
Killadysert, .	29 Sep., 1853,	28 Jan., 1854,	20 7 5	Not Paid, . . .	Deficiency in accounts of late Master, who, having left the country, could not be proceeded against.
Lismore, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	11 Mar.,1854,	0 13 11	Paid, . . .	Cheque overdrawn on Treasurer; charged to Clerk of Union.
Lisnaskea, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	24 June, 1853,	5 0 6	In course of recovery,	Expended for Emigration purposes without consent of Poor Law Commissioners.
Listowel, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	25 Jan., 1854,	6 12 8	Paid, . .	£4 16*s.* 8*d.* Deficiency in late Master's Provision Account. £1 16*s.*, Overpayment of Salary to R. C. Chaplain; charged against Clerk.
Magherafelt, .	29 Sep., 1853.	17 Dec., 1853.	2 19 0	Paid	

Midleton, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	2 July, 1853,	266 19 5	. . . . .	Interest illegally charged by [illegible] surer's Account debited therewith.
Milford, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	11 June, 1853,	0 10 0	Paid, . . .	Illegally paid to Poor Rate Collector for attendance at Sessions under Parliamentary Voters' Act.
Millstreet, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	5 Jan., 1854,	15 8 10	Paid, . . .	Overpaid to Milk Contractor; charged to Workhouse Master.
Mitchelstown, .	29 Sep., 1853,	22 Oct., 1853,	3 10 0	Paid, . . .	£2 10*s.*, Price of Manure sold, and £1 Travelling expenses of Nurse; charged to Clerk of the Union.
Monaghan, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	24 Dec., 1853,	6 0 0	Paid, . . .	Payment to Clerk of Union for preparation of Rate Book.
New Ross, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	13 July, 1853,	12 19 6½	Paid, . . .	2*s.*, Out-door Relief illegally given by Relieving Officer. £12 17*s.* 6½*d.* Deficiency in Stock of Provisions; charged against late Master.
Rathdrum, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	29 July, 1853,	0 10 2	Paid, . . .	Provisional relief illegally administered by Relieving Officer.
Skibbereen, .	25 Mar.,1853,	4 June, 1853,	1 11 3	Paid, . . .	Salary overpaid to Matron; charged to Clerk.
Sligo, . . .	25 Mar.,1853,	20 July, 1853,	0 4 6	Paid, . . .	Expense of a Coffin for a person who at the time of death was not a recipient of Poor Law Relief.
Swineford, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	31 May, 1853,	14 14 9	Paid, . . .	Interest illegally charged by Treasurer.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	17 Dec., 1853,	3 10 4	. . . . .	Do. do. do. Treasurer's Account debited therewith.
Tuam, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	11 June, 1853,	4 14 8	Paid, . . .	Interest illegally charged by Treasurer.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	29 Nov., 1853,	17 6 0	. . . . .	Do. do. do. Treasurer's Account debited therewith.
,, . .	,,	,,	8 11 0	In course of recovery,	Cost of Out-door Relief illegally issued; Guardians who authorized the issue debited therewith.
Westport, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	13 May, 1853,	10 15 0	In course of recovery,	Payment made to one of the Creditors of the late Master, from balance of Salary due, no administration having been taken out; Guardians who signed the Cheque debited with the amount.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	6 Dec., 1853,	4 10 0	Paid, . . .	Amount of Deficiency in Accounts of Master and Matron.
Youghal, . .	25 Mar.,1853,	27 May, 1853,	1 1 0	Paid, . . .	15*s.*, Cost of Rations supplied without authority, charged to Master; and 6*s.* Postage Stamps unaccounted for; charged to Relieving Officer.
,, . .	29 Sep., 1853,	14 Feb., 1854,	2 8 0	Paid, . . .	Overpaid to Milk Contractor; charged to Workhouse Master.

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland, arranged in Provinces, from the 30th April, 1853, to the 22nd April, 1854, both inclusive; distinguishing the several Classes, the number of Sick and Deaths in each Week, and the Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000; also the Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head.

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.										Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.				No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.	Total Number in Workhouses.		
1853.												s. d.		
30th April,	Ulster, .	612	1,854	2,466	6,136	389	2,353	2,742	833	1,206	2,039	13,383 1 3	75	5·6
	Munster, .	7,178	18,502	25,680	32,994	1,766	11,346	13,112	1,683	3,428	5,111	76,807 1 1¼	284	3·7
	Leinster, .	2,604	7,416	10,020	14,803	1,142	7,260	8,402	1,195	2,361	4,057	37,282 1 4¼	147	4·0
	Connaught,	1,182	3,597	4,779	8,502	270	3,011	3,281	242	536	778	17,340 1 1¾	58	3·3
	Total, .	11,576	31,369	42,945	62,345	3,567	23,970	27,537	4,254	7,731	11,985	144,812 1 2½	564	3·9
7th May,	Ulster, .	610	1,728	2,338	5,953	351	2,351	2,702	826	1,164	1,990	12,983 1 2¾	67	5·2
	Munster, .	7,190	18,318	25,508	32,593	1,691	11,338	13,029	1,648	3,385	5,033	76,163 1 1	306	4·0
	Leinster, .	2,558	7,445	10.003	14,668	1,121	7,234	8,355	1,493	2,521	4,014	37,040 1 4¼	134	3·6
	Connaught,	1,192	3,658	4,850	8,548	272	2,886	3,158	248	534	782	17,338 1 1¼	52	3·0
	Total, .	11,550	31,149	42,699	61,762	3,435	23,809	27,244	4,215	7,604	11,819	143,524 1 2¼	559	3·9
14th May,	Ulster, .	605	1,684	2,289	5,817	340	2,342	2,682	802	1,154	1,956	12,744 1 2¾	74	5·8
	Munster, .	7,036	17,727	24,763	32,430	1,749	11,425	13,174	1,631	3,247	4,978	75,345 1 1	293	3·9
	Leinster, .	2,465	7,115	9,580	14,537	1,094	7,181	8,275	1,560	2,469	4,029	36,421 1 4¼	154	4·2
	Connaught,	1,232	3,699	4,931	8,539	277	2,874	3,151	238	531	769	17,390 1 1¼	45	2·6
	Total, .	11,338	30,225	41,563	61,323	3,460	23,822	27,282	4,231	7,401	11,632	141,900 1 2¼	566	3·9

21st May,	Ulster, .	587	1,597	2,184	5,693	323	2,246	2,569	802	1,140	1,942	12,535	1	2¼		
	Munster, .	6,959	17,536	24,505	31,978	1,729	11,196	12,925	1,634	3,384	4,968	74,371	1	1	279	3·8
	Leinster, .	2,448	6,930	9,378	14,573	1,057	7,012	8,069	1,541	2,512	4,053	36,073	1	4¼	150	4·2
	Connaught,	1,248	3,733	4,981	8,580	282	2,830	3,112	244	525	769	17,442	1	1¼	41	2·4
	Total, .	11,252	29,796	41,048	60,819	3,391	23,284	26,675	4,221	7,511	11,732	140,274	1	2¼	543	3·9
28th May,	Ulster, .	577	1,526	2,103	5,521	334	2,294	2,538	785	1,122	1,907	12,069	1	3	51	4·2
	Munster, .	6,692	16,963	23,655	31,335	1,718	10,969	12,687	1,646	3,285	4,931	72,608	1	0¾	244	3·4
	Leinster, .	2,420	6,914	9,334	14,238	1,083	6,930	8,013	1,524	2,439	3,963	35,548	1	4	122	3·3
	Connaught,	1,224	3,726	4,950	8,616	305	2,826	3,131	237	518	755	17,452	1	1¼	50	2·9
	Total, .	10,913	29,129	40,042	59,710	3,440	22,929	26,369	4,192	7,364	11,556	137,677	1	2¼	467	3·4
4th June,	Ulster, .	556	1,447	2,003	5,358	322	2,182	2,504	759	1,091	1,850	11,715	1	2¾	67	5·7
	Munster, .	6,460	16,456	22,916	30,804	1,653	10,725	12,378	1,617	3,286	4,903	71,001	1	1	281	4·0
	Leinster, .	2,341	6,681	9,022	14,186	1,120	6,727	7,847	1,516	2,477	3,993	35,048	1	4¼	118	3·4
	Connaught,	1,199	3,686	4,885	8,688	277	2,740	3,017	257	535	792	17,382	1	1¼	39	2·2
	Total, .	10,556	28,270	38,826	59,036	3,372	22,374	25,746	4,149	7,389	11,538	135,146	1	2¼	505	3·7
11th June,	Ulster, .	529	1,400	1,929	5,322	316	2,098	2,414	762	1,115	1,877	11,542	1	2¾	50	4·3
	Munster, .	6,374	16,077	22,451	30,627	1,552	10,474	12,026	1,663	3,213	4,816	69,920	1	0¾	209	3·0
	Leinster, .	2,329	6,646	8,975	14,139	1,116	6,624	7,740	1,561	2,381	3,942	34,796	1	4	131	4·0
	Connaught,	1,192	3,648	4,840	8,569	259	2,752	3,011	257	524	781	17,201	1	1¼	54	3·1
	Total, .	10,424	27,771	38,195	58,657	3,243	21,948	25,191	4,183	7,233	11,416	133,459	1	2¼	444	3·3
18th June,	Ulster, .	528	1,362	1,890	5,226	297	2,101	2,398	740	1,098	1,838	11,352	1	2¾	46	4·0
	Munster, .	6,266	15,343	21,609	30,159	1,513	10,225	11,738	1,557	3,210	4,767	68,273	1	0¼	213	3·1
	Leinster, .	2,192	6,455	8,647	13,874	1,034	6,638	7,672	1,514	2,372	3,886	34,059	1	4	121	3·6
	Connaught,	1,168	3,384	4,752	8,459	269	2,727	2,996	255	526	791	16,998	1	1¾	45	2·6
	Total, .	10,154	26,744	36,898	57,718	3,113	21,691	24,804	4,076	7,186	11,282	130,682	1	2¼	425	3·3

[continued.

No. XII.—SUMMARY of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.										Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.			
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.			No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
													s. *d.*		
1853.															
	Ulster, .	522	1,293	1,815	5,143	284	2,096	2,380	714	1,073	1,787	11,125	1 2¾	52	4·7
	Munster, .	6,131	14,879	21,010	29,765	1,424	10,081	11,505	1,564	3,112	4,676	66,956	1 0¾	197	2·9
	Leinster, .	2,092	6,274	8,366	13,819	978	6,485	7,464	1,507	2,452	3,959	33,608	1 4	106	3·2
25th June,	Connaught,	1,143	3,542	4,685	8,441	289	2,601	2,890	259	531	790	16,806	1 1¼	41	2·4
	Total, .	9,888	25,988	35,876	57,168	2,975	21,264	24,239	4,044	7,168	11,212	128,495	1 2¼	396	3·1
	Ulster, .	529	1,260	1,789	5,037	306	2,025	2,331	702	1,031	1,733	10,890	1 2¾	41	3·8
	Munster, .	6,043	14,516	20,559	29,594	1,400	9,729	11,129	1,538	3,165	4,703	65,985	1 0¾	137	2·1
	Leinster, .	2,063	6,077	8,140	13,775	883	6,333	7,216	1,496	2,483	3,979	33,110	1 4½	121	3·7
2nd July,	Connaught,	1,127	3,511	4,638	8,391	261	2,581	2,842	263	522	785	16,656	1 1¼	35	2·1
	Total, .	9,762	25,364	35,126	56,797	2,850	20,668	23,518	3,999	7,201	11,200	126,641	1 2¼	334	2·6
	Ulster, .	522	1,245	1,767	4,942	269	2,068	2,337	674	1,020	1,694	10,740	1 2¾	54	5·0
	Munster, .	5,836	14,030	19,866	29,201	1,365	9,370	10,735	1,518	3,162	4,680	64,482	1 0¾	194	3·0
	Leinster, .	1,997	5,911	7,908	13,468	868	6,218	7,086	1,455	2,421	3,876	32,338	1 4¼	92	2·8
9th July,	Connaught,	1,115	3,453	4,568	8,346	251	2,484	2,735	257	605	862	16,511	1 1¼	31	1·9
	Total, .	9,470	24,639	34,109	55,957	2,753	20,140	22,893	3,904	7,208	11,112	124,071	1 2¼	371	3·0

	Munster, .	5,573	13,415	18,988	28,625	1,280	9,194	10,474	1,480	3,050	2,550	62,017	1	0¾	107	1·8
	Leinster, .	1,851	5,669	7,520	13,359	817	6,135	6,952	1,465	2,414	3,879	31,710	1	4½	88	2·8
16th July,	Connaught,	1,088	3,326	4,414	8,236	266	2,565	2,831	254	525	779	16,260	1	1½	26	1·6
	Total, .	9,032	23,612	32,644	54,986	2,651	19,926	22,577	3,842	7,028	10,870	121,077	1	2¼	313	2·6
	Ulster, .	536	1,168	1,704	4,568	284	2,020	2,304	621	999	1,620	10,196	1	3	48	4·7
	Munster, .	5,221	12,657	17,878	27,915	1,253	8,915	10,168	1,428	2,912	4,340	60,301	1	0¾	180	3·0
	Leinster, .	1,719	5,282	7,001	13,110	794	6,079	6,873	1,409	2,401	3,810	30,794	1	4	106	3·4
23rd July,	Connaught.	1,049	3,205	4,254	8,122	255	2,571	2,826	259	521	780	15,982	1	1½	37	2·3
	Total, .	8,525	22,312	30,837	53,715	2,586	19,585	22,171	3,717	6,833	10,550	117,273	1	2¼	371	3·2
	Ulster, .	547	1,133	1,680	4,452	227	1,971	2,198	600	978	1,578	9,908	1	3	40	4·0
	Munster, .	4,922	11,778	16,700	27,139	1,169	8,521	9,690	1,354	2,863	4,217	57,746	1	0¾	121	2·1
	Leinster, .	1,616	5,060	6,676	12,644	784	6,015	6,799	1,419	2,346	3,765	29,884	1	4	76	2·5
30th July,	Connaught,	987	3,077	4,064	7,956	240	2,526	2,766	251	524	775	15,561	1	1½	35	2·2
	Total, .	8,072	21,048	29,120	52,191	2,420	19,033	21,453	3,624	6,711	10,335	113,099	1	2¼	272	2·4
	Ulster, .	521	1,038	1,559	4,236	218	1,906	2,124	562	921	1,483	9,402	1	3	40	4·3
	Munster, .	4,412	10,564	14,976	25,665	1,071	8,265	9,336	1,261	2,747	4,008	53,985	1	0¾	148	2·7
	Leinster, .	1,457	4,550	6,007	12,200	763	5,697	6,460	1,400	2,431	3,831	28,498	1	4⅝	86	3·0
6th Aug.,	Connaught,	936	2,826	3,762	7,594	246	2,484	2,730	244	503	747	14,833	1	1½	41	2·8
	Total, .	7,326	18,978	26,304	49,695	2,298	18,352	20,650	3,467	6,602	10,069	106,718	1	2½	315	3·0
	Ulster, .	475	943	1,418	4,045	204	1,825	2,029	537	879	1,416	8,908	1	3½	42	4·7
	Munster, .	3,843	9,099	12,942	23,723	1,019	7,859	8,878	1,160	2,630	3,790	49,333	1	0¾	128	2·6
	Leinster. .	1,295	3,982	5,277	11,659	698	5,486	6,184	1,365	2,285	3,650	26,770	1	5	73	2·7
13th Aug.,	Connaught,	851	2,430	3,281	7,135	248	2,402	2,650	220	491	711	13,777	1	1¾	25	1·8
	Total, .	6,464	16,454	22,918	46,562	2,169	17,572	19,741	3,282	6,285	9,567	98,788	1	2¾	268	2·7

[continued.

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.										Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
1853.												s. d.		
	Ulster, .	450	912	1,362	3,875	176	1,756	1,932	527	856	1,383	8,552	1 3½	38	4·4
	Munster, .	3,358	7,758	11,116	22,235	954	7,434	8,388	1,196	2,549	3,745	45,484	1 1	118	2·6
	Leinster, .	1,052	3,363	4,415	10,830	651	5,395	6,046	1,289	2,278	3,567	24,858	1 5	77	3·1
20th Aug.,	Connaught,	789	2,173	2,962	6,744	238	2,257	2,495	222	487	709	12,910	1 1¾	28	2·2
	Total, .	5,649	14,206	19,855	43,684	2,019	16,842	18,861	3,234	6,170	9,404	91,804	1 2¾	261	2·8
	Ulster, .	436	866	1,302	3,736	191	1,717	1,908	490	831	1,321	8,267	1 3½	37	4·5
	Munster, .	3,096	7,059	10,155	21,284	850	7,177	8,027	1,050	2,473	3,523	42,989	1 1	135	3·1
	Leinster, .	998	3,058	4,056	10,480	628	5,123	5,751	1,212	2,255	3,467	23,754	1 5¼	72	3·0
27th Aug.,	Connaught,	719	1,913	2,632	6,389	195	2,181	2,376	219	471	690	12,078	1 1¾	29	2·4
	Total, .	5,249	12,896	18,145	41,880	1,864	16,198	18,062	2,971	6,030	9,001	87,088	1 3	273	3·1
	Ulster, .	412	823	1,235	3,619	192	1,720	1,912	453	831	1,284	8,050	1 3½	34	4·2
	Munster, .	2,971	6,599	9,570	20,369	835	7,040	7,875	1,058	2,408	3,466	41,480	1 1	113	2·7
	Leinster, .	960	2,693	3,653	10,279	762	4,916	5,678	1,248	2,434	3,682	23,292	1 4¼	64	2.7
3rd Sept.,	Connaught,	653	1,758	2,411	6,118	179	2,085	2,264	211	474	685	11,478	1 1¾	21	1·8
	Total, .	4,996	11,873	16,869	40,585	1,968	15,761	17,729	2,970	6,147	9,117	84,300	1 2¾	232	2·8

	Munster, .	2,825	6,204												
	Leinster, .	966	2,648	3,614	10,087	652	4,872	5,524	1,212	2,524	3,536	22,761	1 4½	84	3·7
10th Sept.,	Connaught,	577	1,623	2,200	5,908	155	2,003	2,158	197	412	609	10,875	1 2	28	2·6
	Total, .	4,771	11,272	16,043	39,267	1,807	15,427	17,234	2,844	5,828	8,672	81,316	1 3	250	3·1
	Ulster, .	406	797	1,203	3,414	202	1,681	1,883	425	802	1,227	7,727	1 4¼	28	3·6
	Munster, .	2,785	6,109	8,894	19,342	817	6,791	7,608	1,014	2,251	3,265	39,109	1 1¼	86	2·2
	Leinster, .	972	2,661	3,633	10,047	676	4,759	5,435	1,187	2,310	3,497	22,612	1 5½	70	3·1
17th Sept.,	Connaught,	567	1,582	2,149	5,717	133	1,972	2,105	192	407	599	10,570	1 2	25	2·4
	Total, .	4,730	11,149	15,879	38,520	1,828	15,203	17,031	2,818	5,770	8,588	80,018	1 3¼	209	2·6
	Ulster, .	400	796	1,196	3,408	194	1,680	1,874	436	792	1,228	7,706	1 4¼	28	3·6
	Munster, .	2,712	6,682	8,794	19,141	771	6,738	7,509	1,060	2,266	3,266	38,710	1 1½	80	2·1
	Leinster, .	1,015	2,763	3,778	9,869	661	4,878	5,539	1,154	2,302	3,456	22,642	1 4¾	67	3·0
24th Sept.,	Connaught,	528	1,579	2,107	5,563	146	1,977	2,123	184	375	559	10,352	1 2¼	27	2·6
	Total, .	4,655	11,220	15,875	37,981	1,772	15,273	17,045	2,774	5,735	8,509	79,410	1 3¼	202	2·5
	Ulster, .	421	850	1,271	3,386	206	1,707	1,913	449	773	1,222	7,792	1 4¼	33	4·2
	Munster, .	2,854	6,292	9,146	18,785	757	6,729	7,486	1,017	2,118	3,135	38,552	1 1¾	105	2·7
	Leinster, .	1,133	3,231	4,364	9,839	649	4,954	5,603	1,158	2,125	3,283	23,089	1 4¾	71	3·1
1st Oct.,	Connaught,	534	1,569	2,103	5,444	129	1,952	2,081	177	376	553	10,181	1 2¼	16	1·6
	Total, .	4,942	11,942	16,884	37,454	1,741	15,342	17,083	2,801	5,392	8,193	79,614	1 3¼	225	2·8
	Ulster, .	434	858	1,292	3,428	207	1,720	1,927	451	786	1,237	7,884	1 5¼	32	4·1
	Munster, .	2,689	6,410	9,299	18,900	772	6,764	7,536	1,042	2,125	3,167	38,902	1 2½	101	2·6
	Leinster, .	1,219	3,384	4,603	9,980	583	5,008	5,591	1,174	2,128	3,302	23,476	1 5¾	61	2·6
8th Oct.,	Connaught,	538	1,526	2,064	5,419	123	1,919	2,042	183	375	558	10,083	1 3½	17	1·7
	Total, .	5,080	12,178	17,258	37,727	1,685	15,411	17,096	2,850	5,414	8,264	80,345	1 4¼	211	2·6

continued.

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.										Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing.)	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.				No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.	Total Number in Workhouses.		
												s. d.		
1853.														
15th Oct.,	Ulster, .	455	886	1,341	3,469	191	1,717	1,908	482	774	1,256	7,974	1 6¼	38	4·8
	Munster, .	2,947	6,553	9,500	18,765	803	6,672	7,475	1,048	2,226	3,274	39,014	1 3½	114	2·9
	Leinster, .	1,265	3,547	4,812	10,103	554	5,177	5,731	1,139	2,018	3,157	23,803	1 6¼	68	2·9
	Connaught,	526	1,545	2,071	5,352	113	1,912	2,025	181	379	560	10,008	1 4¼	22	2·2
	Total, .	5,193	12,531	17,724	37,689	1,661	15,478	17,139	2,850	5,397	8,247	80,799	1 5	242	3·0
22nd Oct.,	Ulster, .	466	930	1,396	3,517	201	1,677	1,878	491	777	1,268	8,059	1 6	29	3·6
	Munster, .	3,066	6,743	9,809	18,816	771	6,867	7,638	1,051	2,218	3,269	30,532	1 4¼	89	2·3
	Leinster, .	1,299	3,666	4,965	10,163	569	5,312	5,881	1,108	2,008	3,116	24,125	1 7¼	72	3·0
	Connaught,	529	1,563	2,092	5,320	114	1,934	2,048	183	374	557	10,017	1 4¾	17	1·7
	Total, .	5,360	12,902	18,262	37,816	1,655	15,790	17,445	2,833	5,377	8,210	81,733	1 5½	207	2·5
29th Oct.,	Ulster, .	456	953	1,409	3,507	195	1,681	1,876	479	796	1,275	8,067	1 6¾	40	5·0
	Munster, .	3,191	7,030	10,221	19,091	742	6,910	7,652	1,079	2,218	3,297	40,261	1 4	96	2·4
	Leinster, .	1,379	3,835	5,214	10,159	550	5,302	5,852	1,134	2,098	3,232	24,457	1 7¼	56	2·3
	Connaught,	555	1,573	2,128	5,296	119	1,930	2,049	184	375	559	10,032	1 5	17	1·7
	Total, .	5,581	13,391	18,972	38,053	1,606	15,823	17,429	2,876	5,487	8,363	82,817	1 5¾	209	2·5

5th Nov.,	Ulster, .	478	1,016	1,494	3,526	180	1,706	1,886	509	817	1,326	8,232	1 7½	26	3·2
	Munster, .	3,356	7,383	10,739	19,306	775	6,927	7,702	1,109	2,249	3,358	41,105	1 4¼	95	2·3
	Leinster, .	1,481	4,059	5,540	10,323	568	5,445	6,013	1,143	2,094	3,237	25,113	1 7½	71	2·8
	Connaught,	586	1,573	2,159	5,270	118	1,975	2,093	191	380	571	10,093	1 5½	20	2·0
	Total, .	5,901	14,031	19,932	38,425	1,641	16,053	17,694	2,952	5,540	8,492	84,543	1 6	212	2·5
12th Nov.,	Ulster, .	487	1,095	1,582	3,666	169	1,812	1,981	512	849	1,361	8,590	1 7½	31	3·6
	Munster, .	3,440	7,600	11,040	19,386	750	6,976	7,726	1,126	2,272	3,398	41,550	1 4½	79	1·9
	Leinster, .	1,573	4,318	5,891	10,499	578	5,498	6,076	1,151	2,136	3,287	25,753	1 8	65	2·5
	Connaught,	615	1,615	2,230	5,250	142	1,957	2,099	192	377	569	10,148	1 6	19	1·9
	Total, .	6,115	14,628	20,743	38,801	1,639	16,243	17,882	2,981	5,634	8,615	86,041	1 6½	194	2·3
19th Nov.,	Ulster, .	509	1,195	1,704	3,750	183	1,861	2,044	529	847	1,376	8,874	1 7¾	37	4·2
	Munster, .	3,508	7,853	11,361	19,531	736	7,238	7,974	1,124	2,323	3,447	42,313	1 4¾	107	2·5
	Leinster, .	1,640	4,505	6,145	10,658	655	5,619	6,274	1,228	2,138	3,366	26,443	1 8	84	3·2
	Connaught,	638	1,649	2,287	5,267	144	1,951	2,095	190	390	580	10,229	1 6	22	2·2
	Total, .	6,295	15,202	21,497	39,206	1,718	16,669	18,387	3,071	5,698	8,769	87,859	1 6½	250	2·8
26th Nov.,	Ulster, .	543	1,315	1,858	3,885	191	1,889	2,080	533	882	1,415	9,238	1 8¼	27	2·9
	Munster, .	3,539	8,254	11,793	19,717	747	7,408	8,155	1,124	2.356	3,480	43,145	1 5	91	2·1
	Leinster, .	1,778	4,811	6,589	10,836	705	5,720	6,425	1,214	2,204	3,418	27,268	1 8	101	3·7
	Connaught,	663	1,664	2,327	5,250	155	1,991	2,146	196	385	581	10,304	1 5¾	26	2·5
	Total, .	6,523	16,044	22,567	39,688	1,798	17,008	18,806	3,067	5,827	8,894	89,955	1 6¾	245	2·7
3rd Dec.,	Ulster, .	584	1,376	1,960	4,037	193	1,921	2,114	557	886	1,443	9,554	1 8¾	33	3·5
	Munster, .	3,753	8,530	12,283	19,843	765	7,483	8,248	1,146	2,370	3,516	43,890	1 5	77	1·8
	Leinster, .	1,864	5,120	6,984	11,000	700	5,831	6,531	1,279	2,192	3,471	27,986	1 8¼	82	2·9
	Connaught,	692	1,692	2,384	5,222	149	2,050	2,199	199	389	588	10,393	1 6	24	2·3
	Total, .	6,893	16,718	23,611	40,102	1,807	17,285	19,092	3,181	5,837	9,018	91,823	1 6¾	216	2·4

[continued.

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.				
													s. d.		
1853.															
10th Dec.,	Ulster, .	618	1,416	2,034	4,116	213	1,994	2,207	556	913	1,469	9,826	1 8½	38	3·9
	Munster, .	3,889	8,727	12,616	20,017	801	7,599	8,400	1,185	2,371	3,556	44,589	1 5	102	2·3
	Leinster, .	2,014	5,378	7,392	11,110	659	6,000	6,659	1,256	2,213	3,469	28,630	1 8¾	91	3·2
	Connaught,	707	1,729	2,436	5,184	151	2,069	2,220	203	388	591	10,431	1 6	23	2·2
	Total, .	7,228	17,250	24,478	40,427	1,824	17,662	19,486	3,200	5,885	9,085	93,476	1 7	254	2·7
17th Dec.	Ulster, .	648	1,486	2,134	4,155	218	2,048	2,266	586	913	1,499	10,054	1 8½	43	4·3
	Munster, .	4,058	8,980	13,038	20,104	838	7,698	8,536	1,172	2,358	3,530	45,208	1 5	125	2·8
	Leinster, .	2,146	5,642	7,788	11,224	630	6,161	6,791	1,255	2,203	3,458	29,261	1 8½	95	3·3
	Connaught,	712	1,746	2,458	5,164	138	2,119	2,257	194	376	570	10,449	1 6	24	2·3
	Total, .	7,564	17,854	25,418	40,647	1,824	18,026	19,850	3,207	5,850	9,057	94,972	1 7	287	3·0
24th Dec.,	Ulster, .	638	1,512	2,150	4,172	224	2,065	2,289	574	892	1,466	10,077	1 8½	39	3·9
	Munster, .	4,111	9,073	13,184	20,017	857	7,419	8,276	1,179	2,293	3,472	44,949	1 5¼	109	2·4
	Leinster, .	2,194	5,624	7,818	11,475	629	5,926	6,555	1,260	2,207	3,467	29,315	1 8½	113	3·9
	Connaught,	710	1,787	2,497	5,223	129	2,015	2,144	179	353	532	10,396	1 6½	26	2·5
	Total, .	7,653	17,996	25,649	40,887	1,839	17,425	19,264	3,192	5,745	8,937	94,737	1 7¼	287	3·0

1853.	Ulster, .	701	1,625	2,326	4,239	234	2,186	2,420	602	927	1,529	10,514	1 9¼	47	4·5
	Munster, .	4,368	9,657	14,025	20,495	886	7,761	8,647	1,202	2,402	3,604	46,771	1 7⅝	150	3·2
	Leinster, .	2,479	6,055	8,534	11,654	672	6,321	6,993	1,266	2,254	3,520	30,701	1 10	111	3·6
31st Dec.,	Connaught,	752	1,808	2,560	5,210	136	2,084	2,220	194	364	558	10,548	1 8	21	2·0
	Total, .	8,200	19,145	27,445	41,598	1,928	18,352	20,280	3,264	5,947	9,211	98,534	1 8¾	329	3·3
1854.	Ulster, .	799	1,807	2,606	4,449	264	2,360	2,624	648	966	1,614	11,293	1 9¼	66	5·8
	Munster, .	4,743	10,827	15,570	21,940	936	8,257	9,193	1,281	2,507	3,788	49,891	1 6	153	3·1
	Leinster, .	2,841	6,672	9,513	11,706	739	7,720	8,459	1,061	1,718	2,779	32,457	1 9½	140	4·3
7th Jan.,	Connaught,	846	1,928	2,774	5,297	143	2,180	2,323	195	374	569	10,963	1 6¼	26	2·4
	Total, .	9,229	21,234	30,463	42,792	2,082	20,517	22,599	3,185	5,565	8,750	104,604	1 7¾	385	3·7
	Ulster, .	794	1,864	2,658	4,535	275	2,357	2,632	648	965	1,613	11,438	1 8⅞	62	5·4
	Munster, .	5,042	12,016	17,058	22,365	1,022	8,468	9,490	1,305	2,641	3,946	52,859	1 6¼	139	2·6
	Leinster, .	2,930	6,992	9,982	11,723	766	7,940	8,706	1,102	1,761	2,863	33,274	1 8⅝	155	4·7
14th Jan.,	Connaught,	884	2,046	2,930	5,299	174	2,260	2,434	206	377	583	11,246	1 6¾	22	2·0
	Total, .	9,710	22,918	32,628	43,922	2,237	21,025	23,262	3,261	5,744	9,005	108,817	1 7½	378	3·5
	Ulster, .	788	1,840	2,628	4,610	284	2,340	2,624	644	987	1,631	11,493	1 8⅝	57	5·0
	Munster, .	5,413	13,043	18,456	23,177	1,139	8,706	9,845	1,373	2,743	4,116	55,594	1 6¼	132	2·4
	Leinster, .	3,000	7,176	10,176	11,868	802	8,148	8,950	1,109	1,780	2,889	33,883	1 9	145	4·3
21st Jan.,	Connaught,	893	2,148	3,041	5,367	128	2,323	2,451	202	376	578	11,437	1 6¾	31	2·7
	Total, .	10,094	24,207	34,301	45,022	2,353	21,517	23,870	3,328	5,886	9,214	112,407	1 7¾	365	3·2
	Ulster, .	771	1,863	2,634	4,579	304	2,321	2,625	677	998	1,675	11,513	1 8⅝	57	5·0
	Munster, .	5,591	13,793	19,384	23,631	1,156	8,804	9,960	1,438	2,856	4,294	57,269	1 6¼	148	2·6
	Leinster, .	3,014	7,195	10,209	11,997	823	8,278	9,101	1,104	1,940	3,044	34,351	1 9¼	136	4·0
28th Jan.,	Connaught,	921	2,246	3,167	5,379	143	2,345	2,488	215	381	596	11,630	1 7	25	2·1
	Total, .	10,297	25,097	35,394	45,586	2,426	21,748	24,174	3,434	6,175	9,609	114,763	1 7¾	366	3·2

[continued.

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.											Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).		Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.			Total Number in Workhouses.			No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.		s.	d.		
1854.																
	Ulster, .	760	1,885	2,645	4,639	251	2,249	2,500	694	982	1,676	11,460	1	8¾	58	5·1
	Munster, .	5,700	14,120	19,820	23,812	1,174	9,011	10,185	1,418	2,938	4,356	58,173	1	6¼	157	2·7
	Leinster, .	2,989	7,350	10,339	12,061	829	8,307	9,136	1,109	1,995	3,104	34,640	1	9¼	118	3·4
4th Feb.,	Connaught,	899	2,289	3,188	5,403	143	2,348	2,491	220	385	605	11,687	1	7	27	2·3
	Total, .	10,348	25,644	35,992	45,915	2,397	21,915	24,312	3,441	6,300	9,741	115,960	1	7¾	360	3·1
	Ulster, .	766	1,873	2,639	4,600	273	2,253	2,526	686	994	1,680	11,445	1	8¾	58	5·1
	Munster, .	5,664	14,490	20,154	23,793	1,175	9,119	10,294	1,339	2,586	3,925	58,166	1	6½	141	2·4
	Leinster, .	2,970	7,275	10,245	12,122	843	8,326	9,169	1,108	2,034	3,142	34,678	1	9¼	149	4·3
11th Feb.,	Connaught,	915	2,283	3,198	5,421	143	2,377	2,520	222	383	605	11,744	1	7	33	2·8
	Total, .	10,315	25,921	36,236	45,936	2,434	22,075	24,509	3,355	5,997	9,352	116,033	1	8	381	3·3
	Ulster, .	754	1,879	2,633	4,585	279	2,260	2,539	673	990	1,663	11,420	1	9	63	5·5
	Munster, .	5,544	14,266	19,810	23,810	1,234	9,012	10,246	1,327	2,547	3,874	57,740	1	6½	174	3·0
	Leinster, .	2,880	7,362	10,242	12,041	854	8,412	9,266	1,069	1,909	2,978	34,527	1	9¼	151	4·3
18th Feb.,	Connaught,	841	2,277	3,118	5,427	134	2,414	2,548	222	384	606	11,699	1	7	24	2·1
	Total, .	10,019	25,784	35,803	45,863	2,501	22,098	24,599	3,291	5,830	9,121	115,386	1	8	412	3·6

25th Feb.,	Ulster, .	748	1,889	2,637	4,596	301	2,307	2,608	660	992	1,652	11,493	1 9	73	6·4
	Munster, .	5,484	14,017	19,501	23,578	1,286	9,185	10,471	1,320	2,536	3,856	57,406	1 6$\frac{3}{4}$	169	2·9
	Leinster, .	2,710	7,203	9,913	11,934	863	8,504	9,367	1,027	1,958	2,985	34,199	1 9$\frac{1}{4}$	156	4·6
	Connaught,	834	2,206	3,040	5,376	166	2,437	2,603	224	379	603	11,622	1 7$\frac{1}{4}$	27	2·3
	Total, .	9,776	25,315	35,091	45,484	2,616	22,433	25,049	3,231	5,865	9,096	114,720	1 8	425	3·7
4th Mar.,	Ulster, .	700	1,793	2,493	4,559	313	2,301	2,614	648	973	1,621	11,287	1 9	61	5·4
	Munster, .	5,349	13,908	19,257	23,361	1,184	9,344	10,528	1,288	2,523	3,811	56,957	1 6$\frac{3}{4}$	179	3·1
	Leinster, .	2,641	6,996	9,637	11,863	882	8,345	9,227	1,038	1,951	2,989	33,716	1 9$\frac{1}{2}$	158	4·7
	Connaught,	816	2,187	3,003	5,355	175	2,421	2,596	230	384	614	11,568	1 7$\frac{1}{4}$	33	2·9
	Total, .	9,506	24,884	34,390	45,138	2,554	22,411	24,965	3,204	5,831	9,035	113,528	1 8	431	3·8
11th Mar.,	Ulster, .	652	1,757	2,409	4,508	294	2,223	2,517	628	968	1,596	11,030	1 9	46	4·2
	Munster, .	5,196	13,614	18,810	23,142	1,296	9,309	10,605	1,282	2,593	3,875	56,432	1 6$\frac{3}{4}$	207	3·7
	Leinster, .	2,462	6,847	9,309	11,648	871	8,366	9,237	1,106	1,906	3,012	33,206	1 9$\frac{1}{2}$	131	3·9
	Connaught,	800	2,159	2,959	5,311	195	2,373	2,568	228	367	595	11,433	1 7$\frac{1}{2}$	41	3·6
	Total, .	9,110	24,377	33,487	44,609	2,656	22,271	24,927	3,244	5,834	9,078	112,101	1 8$\frac{1}{4}$	425	3·8
18th Mar.,	Ulster, .	638	1,735	2,373	4,475	320	2,240	2,560	630	933	1,563	10,971	1 9$\frac{1}{2}$	53	4·8
	Munster, .	5,207	13,555	18,762	23,084	1,328	9,213	10,541	1,328	2,628	3,956	56,343	1 6$\frac{3}{4}$	188	3·3
	Leinster, .	2,336	6,670	9,006	11,448	778	8,331	9,109	1,309	1,978	3,287	32,850	1 9$\frac{1}{2}$	134	4·1
	Connaught,	777	2,125	2,902	5,284	205	2,354	2,559	219	368	587	11,332	1 7$\frac{1}{4}$	25	2·2
	Total, .	8,958	24,085	33,043	44,291	2,631	22,138	24,769	3,486	5,907	9,393	111,496	1 8$\frac{1}{4}$	400	3·6
25th Mar.,	Ulster, .	637	1,691	2,328	4,446	336	2,240	2,576	628	920	1,548	10,898	1 9	50	4·6
	Munster, .	5,118	13,566	18,684	22,859	1,286	9,697	10,983	1,249	2,560	3,809	56,335	1 7	190	3·4
	Leinster, .	2,246	6,613	8,859	11,459	774	8,273	9,047	1,280	1,996	3,276	32,641	1 9$\frac{1}{4}$	135	4·1
	Connaught,	733	2,109	2,842	5,214	194	2,426	2,620	221	367	588	11,264	1 7$\frac{1}{4}$	32	2·8
	Total, .	8,734	23,979	32,713	43,978	2,590	22,636	25,226	3,378	5,843	9,221	111,138	1 8$\frac{1}{4}$	407	3·7

[continued.

No. XII.—Summary of Weekly Returns of Inmates in Union Workhouses in Ireland—*continued.*

Week ended Saturday.	Provinces.	Number of Paupers in Workhouses.										Average Weekly Cost of Maintenance per head (exclusive of Clothing).	Deaths.	
		Able-bodied.			Children under 15 years of age.	Sick in Workhouse Hospitals.			All other Classes.		Total Number in Workhouses.		No. in the present week of present year.	Weekly Rate of Mortality per 1,000.
		Males.	Females.	Total.		Fever Patients.	Other Cases.	Total.	Males aged 15 and upwards.	Females aged 15 and upwards.	Total.			
												s. d.		
1854.														
1st April,	Ulster, .	600	1,649	2,249	4,350	322	2,253	2,575	617	918	1,535	10,709	1 9¼	63	5·9
	Munster, .	4,948	13,330	18,278	22,630	1,340	9,516	10,856	1,317	2,621	3,938	55,702	1 7¼	194	3·5
	Leinster, .	2,132	6,394	8,526	11,260	892	8,320	9,122	1,174	2,007	3,181	32,089	1 9½	153	4·8
	Connaught,	668	2,084	2,752	5,150	174	2,453	2,627	225	362	587	11,116	1 7½	35	3·1
	Total, .	8,348	23,457	31,805	43,390	2,688	22,542	25,180	3,333	5,908	9,241	109,616	1 8¼	445	4·1
8th April,	Ulster, .	576	1,578	2,154	4,272	326	2,231	2,557	585	883	1,468	10,451	1 9	63	6·0
	Munster, .	4,803	13,046	17,854	22,330	1,283	9,392	10,675	1,295	2,618	3,913	54,772	1 7	183	3·3
	Leinster, .	2,085	6,257	8,342	11,134	836	8,137	8,973	1,178	1,922	3,130	31,579	1 9¼	139	4·4
	Connaught,	631	2,052	2,683	5,087	178	2,385	2,563	205	369	574	10,907	1 8	43	3·9
	Total, .	8,100	22,933	31,033	42,823	2,623	22,145	24,768	3,263	5,822	9,085	107,709	1 8½	428	3·9
15th April,	Ulster, .	568	1,496	2,064	4,201	300	2,159	2,459	562	833	1,395	10,119	1 9½	56	5·5
	Munster, .	4,645	12,487	17,132	22,044	1,246	9,009	10,255	1,307	2,564	3,871	53,302	1 7	181	3·4
	Leinster, .	1,971	6,018	7,989	10,982	841	7,883	8,744	1,211	1,968	3,179	30,894	1 9¾	125	4·0
	Connaught,	597	2,007	2,604	5,070	160	2,264	2,424	205	361	566	10,664	1 8	27	2·5
	Total, .	7,781	22,008	29,789	42,297	2,567	21,315	23,882	3,285	5,726	9,011	104,979	1 8½	389	3·7
22nd April,	Ulster, .	564	1,483	2,047	4,152	304	2,122	2,426	570	841	1,411	10,036	1 9½	55	5·5
	Munster, .	4,656	12,303	16,959	21,973	1,268	9,016	10,284	1,311	2,632	3,943	53,159	1 7½	199	3·6
	Leinster, .	1,996	5,831	7,827	10,838	885	7,672	8,557	1,209	1,970	3,179	30,401	1 11¼	128	4·2
	Connaught,	588	1,981	2,569	4,985	165	2,193	2,358	212	369	581	10,493	1 8½	23	2·2
	Total, .	7,804	21,598	29,402	41,948	2,622	21,003	23,625	3,302	5,812	9,114	104,089	1 9	396	3·8

No. XIII.—Emigration.—Abstract of Returns from Clerks of Unions of the Number of Emigrants sent out, or assisted to Emigrate, by Boards of Guardians in Ireland, in pursuance of the Provisions of the Irish Poor Relief Acts; from 1st April, 1853, to the end of March, 1854.

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent, being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.
	Males.	Females.			
Abbeyleix,	–	4	6	10	United States.
	–	12	24	36	New York.
Athlone,	2	4	3	9	Quebec.
	–	–	1	1	Boston.
	–	1	2	3	Sydney.
Athy,	–	–	3	3	America.
	1	1	1	3	Australia.
	–	–	2	2	New York.
	1	–	–	1	New York.
Ballinasloe,	–	1	–	1	New York.
	–	–	3	3	New York.
Ballycastle,	–	1	2	3	America.
	–	56	–	56	Quebec.
Ballymahon,	–	–	2	2	Pennsylvania.
	–	2	2	4	New York.
Ballymoney,	–	–	2	2	New York.
	3	9	11	23	New York.
	1	–	4	5	Philadelphia.
Balrothery,	1	3	–	4	Sydney.
	–	10	–	10	Quebec.
	1	2	–	3	New York.
Baltinglass,	–	1	2	3	Ohio.
	2	1	2	5	Australia.
Borrisokane,	1	–	–	1	America.
	–	1	2	3	New York.
	1	–	1	2	Halifax.
	4	7	3	14	Quebec.
Callan,	1	–	–	1	New York.
	–	1	3	4	New York.
	–	1	3	4	New York.
	1	–	1	2	Australia.
Carlow,	9	62	19	90	America.
	2	6	11	19	New York.
	1	29	1	31	Quebec.
Carrickmacross,	–	1	3	4	New Orleans.
	1	1	4	6	Australia.
	1	2	5	8	America.
	1	–	1	2	Australia.
Carrick-on-Shan.,	–	1	3	4	Scotland.
	2	2	9	13	England.
Carrick-on-Suir,	–	1	4	5	Boston.
	–	4	14	18	New York.
	–	2	1	3	Boston.
	–	1	2	3	Wisconsin.
	–	–	3	3	United States.
	–	–	2	2	Virginia.
Cashel,	–	2	4	6	Cincinnati.

[*continued.*

No. XIII.—Emigration: Abstract of Returns—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent, being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.
	Males.	Females.			
	1	–	3	4	Upper Canada.
	–	1	–	1	New Brunswick.
	–	–	1	1	New Orleans.
	–	1	–	1	Sydney.
Castleblayney, .	3	3	14	20	New York.
Castlecomer, .	1	–	–	1	New York.
Castlederg, .	–	–	3	3	New York.
Castletowndelvin,	–	1	3	4	Sydney.
	–	–	2	2	Boston.
	–	3	–	3	Philadelphia.
Cavan, . .	–	3	9	12	New York.
	–	1	–	1	New Orleans.
	–	1	–	1	Baltimore.
Celbridge, . .	–	1	–	1	New York.
Claremorris, .	1	8	17	26	United States.
Clogher, . .	1	2	–	3	America.
Clonakilty, . .	–	2	2	4	Virginia.
Cootehill, . .	–	1	4	5	New York.
Cork, . . .	133	7	7	147	America.
	–	1	8	9	United States.
	2	3	12	17	New York.
Croom, . .	1	1	–	2	Boston.
	–	–	1	1	State of Ohio.
	1	–	3	4	Kingston.
Dingle, . .	–	1	–	1	New York.
	1	–	–	1	Quebec.
Donaghmore, .	–	–	2	2	New York.
Donegal, . .	–	–	4	4	America.
Dublin, North, .	–	1	3	4	Canada, West.
	1	3	12	16	New York.
Dublin, South, .	3	3	4	10	Canada.
Dundalk, . .	–	–	3	3	New Orleans.
	–	1	5	6	New York.
Dunshaughlin, .	–	1	–	1	New York.
	–	1	–	1	Melbourne.
Edenderry, . .	4	74	24	102	Quebec.
Ennis, . .	–	1	–	1	Australia.
	–	1	3	4	New York.
Enniscorthy, .	3	5	10	18	Upper Canada.
	1	–	–	1	Australia.
Ennistymon, .	–	1	2	3	Quebec.
	2	4	14	20	New York.
Galway, . .	1	–	–	1	England.
	2	–	–	2	America.
	–	–	2	2	Toronto.
Gorey, . .	1	–	1	2	New York.
	–	2	1	3	Savannah.
	–	1	5	6	Cincinnati.
	–	2	4	6	Boston.
Gort, . . .	1	1	7	9	New York.
	1	–	1	2	Philadelphia.
Granard, . .	1	2	9	12	New York.
Kanturk, . .	5	15	6	26	America.
Kells, . . .	–	1	8	9	New York.

[*continued.*

No. XIII.—Emigration: Abstract of Returns—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent, being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.
	Males.	Females.			
Kenmare,	1	–	4	5	Boston,
	2	2	2	6	New York.
	–	2	5	7	Philadelphia.
	–	–	1	1	Sydney.
Kilkenny,	4	8	11	23	America.
	–	12	–	12	Australia.
Killadysert,	2	2	4	8	Quebec.
	–	3	10	13	New York.
Killarney,	3	18	26	47	United States.
	–	4	4	8	British America.
Kilmallock,	1	1	2	4	Australia.
	1	4	7	12	Boston.
	7	20	40	67	New York.
	–	–	1	1	Quebec.
	1	1	–	2	Sydney.
	1	1	3	5	Melbourne.
Kilrush,	–	4	8	12	New York.
	3	2	6	11	Quebec.
	1	1	–	2	Boston.
	–	–	3	3	New Orleans.
Letterkenny,	2	4	6	12	United States.
	–	2	–	2	Australia.
Limerick,	9	15	13	37	United States.
	1	2	–	3	Australia.
Lismore,	–	1	1	2	Boston.
	–	7	–	7	Adelaide, Sth. Australia.
Lisnaskea,	–	2	4	6	New York.
	–	1	5	6	Philadelphia.
Listowel,	–	1	–	1	Australia.
Longford,	2	4	4	10	America.
	2	–	–	2	Australia.
Loughrea,	–	1	–	1	New York.
	–	1	–	1	New York.
Magherafelt,	–	1	2	3	New York.
	–	–	1	1	Philadelphia.
	–	3	1	4	Philadelphia.
Mallow,	–	1	–	1	New York.
	–	1	–	1	Cincinnati.
	–	1	–	1	Boston.
Midleton,	3	–	–	3	United States.
Milford,	–	–	9	9	Philadelphia.
	–	1	4	5	Sanduskey City.
Mitchelstown,	1	–	–	1	New Orleans.
	1	1	4	6	New York.
	–	1	3	4	New York.
Mount Bellew,	–	52	–	52	Quebec.
	–	1	–	1	Baltimore.
	–	–	2	2	New Orleans.
Mountmelick,	–	1	4	5	Van Diemen's Land.
	–	100	–	100	Quebec.
Mullingar,	–	1	4	5	NewSouthWales
	2	3	–	5	United States.
	1	–	–	1	New Orleans.

[*continued.*

No. XIII.—Emigration: Abstract of Returns—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent, being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.
	Males.	Females.			
Naas,	15	131	30	176	Quebec.
	–	3	3	6	New Orleans.
	–	1	–	1	Philadelphia.
	–	3	3	6	America.
Navan,	–	3	2	5	New York.
Nenagh,	5	14	23	42	America.
	–	4	2	6	Australia.
	5	7	6	18	England.
Newcastle,	1	–	4	5	New York.
	–	3	3	6	Quebec.
	–	–	5	5	America.
	–	–	4	4	United States.
	–	–	3	3	Pennsylvania.
	–	–	3	3	Canada.
New Ross,	69	165	130	364	America.
Oldcastle,	1	3	10	14	America.
	–	1	–	1	Australia.
Parsonstown,	–	1	3	4	America.
Rathdrum,	–	2	–	2	Philadelphia.
	–	2	7	9	Melbourne.
Scariff,	3	4	4	11	New York.
	1	3	5	9	Quebec.
	–	1	–	1	Baltimore.
	1	1	–	2	Australia.
Sligo,	6	10	4	20	United States.
	1	3	8	12	Canada.
	1	2	–	3	Australia.
	–	–	1	1	America.
Strabane,	2	1	7	10	Quebec.
	–	–	3	3	Philadelphia.
Stranorlar,	–	–	2	2	Philadelphia.
Strokestown,	1	5	8	14	United States.
Thomastown,	–	5	–	5	Quebec.
Thurles,	–	–	4	4	New York.
	–	1	–	1	Australia.
Tipperary,	1	2	1	4	Boston.
	–	3	7	10	New York.
	–	2	1	3	North America.
	–	–	1	1	Upper Canada.
	–	–	2	2	United States.
	1	2	1	4	Australia.
Tralee,	–	1	–	1	Australia.
	1	6	4	11	Boston.
	1	2	5	8	New Orleans.
	14	39	36	89	New York.
	–	–	3	3	Savannah.
	1	2	2	5	St. Louis.
	2	2	7	11	Quebec.
Trim,	1	3	8	12	America.
	–	1	–	1	Australia.
Tuam,	–	–	4	4	New York.

[*continued.*

No. XIII.—Emigration: Abstract of Returns—*continued.*

Names of Unions.	Numbers sent, being 15 years of age and upwards.		Children under 15 years of age.	Total.	Places of destination of the Emigrants.
	Males.	Females.			
Tulla,	3	8	5	16	United States.
	–	1	–	1	Australia.
	–	3	1	4	Van Diemen's Land.
	2	–	–	2	New Zealand.
Tullamore,	2	53	17	72	America.
	–	1	–	1	Australia.
	–	2	–	2	New York.
Waterford,	–	1	5	6	Quebec.
	2	–	–	2	Upper Canada.
Wexford,	–	1	2	3	St. John's.
Youghal,	1	1	3	5	Quebec.
Total (90 Unions),	403	1,202	996	2,601	

No. XIV.—Summary of Returns of the Number of Cases of Ophthalmia or other Inflammatory Diseases of the Eye, which were treated in Workhouses in Ireland during the Years 1852 and 1853.

1. Table showing the Number of Cases which occurred during each Month of the Years 1852 and 1853.

Year.	January.*	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
1852,	2,251	1,963	2,298	2,498	3,161	3,300	4,778	3,515	2,166	1,526	996	888	31,870†
1853,	1,565	996	1,276	1,818	1,782	2,168	1,935	1,472	911	756	623	488	16,013†

* The month of January includes cases which occurred in the previous year, and were still under treatment in January.

† These numbers include cases which are not classified in the preceding columns, of which there are 2,503 in Return for 1852, and 223 in Return for 1853.

[No. XIV.—*continued.*

No. XIV.—Summary of Returns of the Number of Cases of Ophthalmia, &c.—*continued.*

2.—Table showing the Number of Adults or Children affected by Disease of the Eye, the Number of Cases arising in the Workhouse, the Number labouring under the Disease when admitted, the average Duration of the Disease, and the Result of the Treatment adopted by the Medical Officers.

Year.	Persons above 15 years of age.		Children under 15 years of age.		Total.	Number of cases arising in Workhouse or Auxiliary Workhouse.	Number of cases labouring under the disease when admitted.	Duration of Disease.		RESULT.									Total.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.				Average duration of disease.	Average period in Hospital.	Cured.	Sight partially injured.	One eye lost.	Both eyes lost.	Died from effects of disease.	Died from other causes while labouring under disease of the eyes.	Discharged from Workhouse while labouring under disease of the eyes.	Under treatment.	No record of result.	
								Days.	Days.										
1852,	3,242	5,804	10,160	10,899	31,876*	28,765†	1,360†	36	33	29,605	476	298	137	1	50	154	1,001	154	31,876
1853,	1,594	3,660	4,614	6,009	16,013*	14,555†	1,291†	32	31	14,487	402	93	61	–	58	211	652	49	16,013

* These numbers include 1,771 cases for the year 1852, and 136 cases for the year 1853, which are not classified in the preceding columns.

† The registry of cases in several Unions does not distinguish whether the disease first arose in or out of the Workhouse; the numbers in these columns do not therefore agree with the numbers in the previous column, showing the total number of cases.

Note on the column headed "Both eyes lost."—The Return for the year 1852 includes 37 persons who had lost both eyes previous to admission.—The Return for the year 1853, includes 20 such cases.

Of the cases of "One eye lost," the Return for 1852 includes 136 cases in which the eye was lost previous to admission; the Return for 1853 includes 29 such cases.

No. XV.—Return of the Number of Inquests in which the Verdict alleges Death from Want, as reported by Constabulary Officers, and transmitted to the Poor Law Commissioners from the Office of the Chief Secretary for Ireland, and also those reported by Poor Law Inspectors, in the period from 1st May, 1853, to 30th April, 1854, inclusive.

Unions.	May, 1853.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October	November.	December.	Jan., 1854.	February.	March.	April.	Total.
Athy,	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Cashel,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1
Castlerea,	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Clogheen,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
Cork,	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	1	–	3
Dromore, West,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
Dunfanaghy,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
Edenderry,	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	–	–	1
Ennis,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	–	1
Galway,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
Kilmallock,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1
Rathdrum,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	–	1
Tipperary,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	1	–	–	2
Waterford,	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	1	–	–	1
Total,	1	–	1	–	1	1	–	2	2	5	4	–	17